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M1455m.3

A. B. White

Peking 1907.

— A —

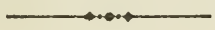
MANDARIN—ROMANIZED

DICTIONARY OF CHINESE

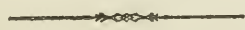
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REV. D. MACGILLIVRAY, M.A., B.D.,

Of the Canadian Presbyterian Mission and of the Society for the Diffusion of
Christian and General Knowledge among the Chinese, Shanghai.



(On the same principle as G. C. Stent's Vocabulary.)

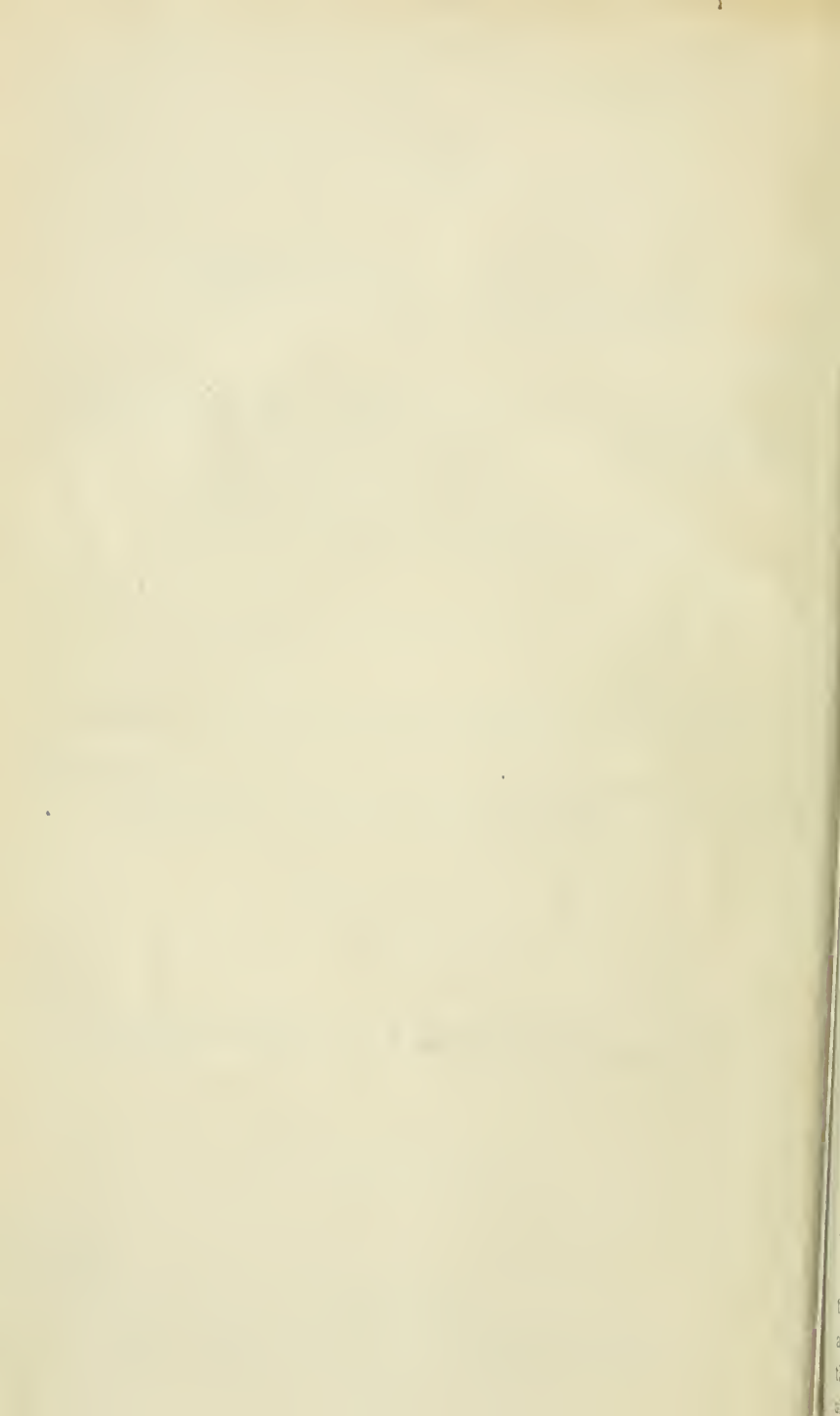


SHANGHAI:

PRINTED AT THE PRESBYTERIAN MISSION PRESS.

1905.

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13.4.43



TO THE USER OF THIS DICTIONARY.



Plan.—This is practically a phrase-book in which *Mandarin* so largely predominates as to justify the name “Romanized-Mandarin Dictionary.” In the first column is found the pronunciation, according to the most widely accepted system of Romanization (Wade’s), of some 4,500 Chinese characters, ninety-five per cent. of which are followed by a group of characters, which when affixed to the introductory character, constitute a phrase, either *Mandarin*, or more rarely *Wên-li*. The order of letters in the English alphabet determines the order in which the syllables are printed, not only for the initials but also for all the phrases arranged under each character. (In this edition the old order of hs— ssŭ, ts— at end is changed to natural order and u precedes ü instead of following, in harmony with other recent authorities.) The most numerous group under a tone comes first in order, with the single character, requiring infrequent reference at the end. Next to the Romanized stands the radical and any other ways of writing the character.

In the second column, opposite the corresponding sound, are found the appropriate Chinese character or characters. The first character of a group is followed by a figure, a letter, a second figure and a letter. The first figure refers the reader, if he cares, to the page of Giles’ Chinese-English Dictionary, on which the character is found, while the letters a, b, c will enable him to locate the column which contains it. The second figure and letters show the place in Williams’ Dictionary in the same way. Thus users of Giles or Williams may at once refer to them for fuller information without the labor of searching in their radical indexes.

Thirdly, opposite the Chinese is found a necessarily brief definition. In some cases references to other sources of information are appended, either to the four authorities named below or to notes at the end of the volume. To economise space (tzŭ) 子 is printed after each single character which may have that enclitic without

perceptible difference in meaning. The word "same" means that the meaning is the same as the previous entry.

Fourthly, after many of the definitions are found in brackets romanized words and phrases, cognate or parallel to those definitions. These which even the beginner can readily turn up, will conduct to fresh fields and enlarged knowledge.

The Romanization.—The system followed is that known as Wade's, which practically holds the field in Chinese dictionaries. A comparative table of systems in use is prefixed.

The Tones.—These are corrected according to Goodrich and Giles. An attempt, only partially successful, has been made to show the tones as modified by meaning.

Contents of Dictionary.—While *Kuan-hua* preponderates, a number of *Wên-li* phrases are also allowed a place, especially if common in the speech of scholars. As to which are *Kuan-hua* and which *Wên-li* the student must ask his teacher, or better trust his own ears. There are about seven thousand more phrases now inserted than in the first revision.

Use of Dictionary.—Its chief use is held to be to aid the learner in acquiring the SPOKEN language (both sound and written form). He is cautioned, however, that not every phrase here should be indiscriminately learned and used. As ARTHUR H. SMITH says: "Let him test his acquisitions like bank notes to see if they will pass!" Speaking generally each person must use his own judgment as to what phrases he shall finally incorporate into his own *working* vocabulary. By careful listening and questioning teachers and others, he can usually decide correctly as to what to use and what to lay aside.

The learner having heard a word, or better a phrase, will find this Dictionary come to his aid even in the absence of a teacher: 1st, that he may understand what he has heard; 2nd, that he may ascertain its written form without laborious searching in Radical Indexes and huge dictionaries; and 3rd, that he may at the same time find a group of phrases more or less related to the one he has just heard.

To suppose a case: the learner has *heard* the expression 安居樂業. If he can, from hearing, judge that the first sound is *An'*, he turns at once to *An'*, and under it he finds the phrase in question together with its relatives, and at the same time a ready road to larger dictionaries. To suppose another case: in *reading* he finds the character 安. If he knows its sound, he may at once find it and its group as in the preceding case. But if he does not recognise it, a reference to the Radical Index at the back will at once show where the character and its group are to be found.

NOTE. The labor expended on this work, and the vast differences from the original "Stent," practically make it a new book. The old name has therefore been dropped and a life of Geo. Carter Stent will preserve his fame and memory.

Contractions.

M. = Mateer's Lessons (1st edition).

R. = Mayers' Chinese Reader's Manual.

G. = ,, Chinese Government.

W. = Williams' Middle Kingdom.

MEMOIR
— OF —
GEORGE CARTER STENT.

While belonging to the British Legation Escort in Peking in 1869, Mr. Stent first discovered a taste for the study of Chinese, chiefly in its colloquial form, and his aptitude and perseverance received their first encouragement from Mr. (afterwards Sir Thomas) Wade, British Minister to Peking, himself famous for his 自邇集 or Colloquial Lessons and other works on Chinese. Mr. Stent then joined the Foreign Customs Service, serving successively at Chefoo, Shanghai, Wenchow, and Swatow. Early in 1882 he was appointed to Takow, Formosa, and in May, 1883, he became assistant-in-charge of the Customs at that port, which post he continued to hold till 1st September, 1884, the day of his death.

His chief literary work was his "Chinese and English Vocabulary in the Pekingese Dialect." He early showed a taste for colloquial novels, and began making a collection of phrases on the plan now so well-known, and followed in all subsequent editions. The first edition came out in 1871 and the second in 1877. Its popularity was evident from the beginning. In 1874 he also published a "Chinese and English Pocket Dictionary."

He was a member of the China Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, to whose Journal he contributed three papers (see Vol. VII and XI). In "Scraps from my Sabretache" he described some of his early experiences as a soldier in India. His "Jade Chaplet", "Fanning the Grave", etc., show that he had considerable skill as a versifier and translator. Mr. Stent's career in China and his literary achievements furnish a good example of what can be accomplished—with perseverance, enthusiasm, and good sense—even by one who has failed to enjoy the advantage of a liberal education.

[Condensed from *Journal of China Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society* for the year 1885.]

COMPARATIVE ROMANIZATIONS.

<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>	<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>
A	A	O	A, Nga	Ch'ua	Ch'ih		Ch'wa
Ai	Ai	Ai; ngai	Ai, Ngai	Chuai	"		Chwai
An	An	An; ngan	An, Ngan	Ch'uai	"	Chwai	Ch'wai
Ang	"	"	Ang	Chuan	"	Chwen	Chwan
Ao	Ao	Ngao	Ao	Ch'uan	"	Ch'wen	Ch'wan
Cha	Chah	Cha	Cha	Chuang	"	Chwang	Chwang
Ch'a	Ch'ah	Ch'a	Ch'a	Ch'uang	"	Ch'wang	Ch'wang
Chai	"	"	Chai	Chui	"	"	Chwei
Ch'ai	"	"	Ch'ao	Ch'ui	"	"	Ch'wei
Chan	"	Chan; chen	Chan	Chun	Chuen	Chun	Chun
Ch'an	"	Ch'an; ch'en	Ch'an	Ch'un	Ch'uen	Ch'un	Ch'un
Chang	"	"	Chang	Chung	Chong	Chung	Chung
Ch'ang	"	"	Ch'ang	Ch'ung	Ch'ong	Ch'ung	Ch'ang
Chao	"	"	Chao	Chü	Chüh	Küh	Chü
Ch'ao	"	"	Ch'ao	Ch'ü	Ch'üh	K'üh	Ch'ü
Chê	Chae	Chê	Chei, Chê	Chüan	Chüen	Küan; tsüen	Chüen
Ch'ê	Ch'ae	Ch'ae	Ch'ê	Ch'üan	Ch'üen	Kü'en; tsü'en	Ch'üen
Chèi				Chüeh	"	Küeh; tsüeh	Chüe
Chên	Chen	Chăn; ch'eng	Chên	Ch'üeh	"	K'üeh; ts'üeh	Ch'üe
Ch'ên	Ch'en	Ch'ăn	Ch'ên	Chün	Chüin	Kiün	Chün
Chêng	Cheng	Ching	Chêng	Ch'ün	Ch'üin	K'üin; ts'üin	Ch'ün
Ch'êng	Ch'eng	Ch'ing	Ch'êng	Ë	Eh	Ngoh	E, Oă
Chi	Chih	Kih; tsih	Chi	Ën	En	Ngăn	Ën
Ch'i	Ch'ih	K'ih; ts'ih	Ch'i	Ëng			Ëng
Chia	Chiah	Kiah	Chia	Ër			Ër
Ch'ia	"	K'ia	Ch'ia	Fa	Fah	Fa	Fa
Ch'iai	K'iai	Ch'iai	Ch'iai	Fan	"		Fan
Chiang	"	Kiang; tsiang	Chiang	Fang	"		Fang
Ch'iang	"	K'iang; ts'iang	Ch'iang	Fei	"	Féi	Fei
Chiao	"	Kiao; tsiao	Chiao	Fên	Fen	Făn	Fên
Ch'iao	"	K'iao; ts'iao	Ch'iao	Fêng	Feng	Fung	Fêng
Chieh	{ Chie; Chieh	Tsié; tsieh	Chie	Fo	Feo	Feu	Foă
Ch'ieh	"	Ts'ieh; k'ieh	Ch'ie	Fou	Fu	Fu	Fou
Chien	"	Tsien; kien	Chien	Ha	"		Ha
Ch'ien	"	Ts'ien; k'ien	Ch'ien	Hai	"	Hai	Hai
Chih	Chih	Chih	Chī	Han	"	"	Han
Ch'ih	Ch'ih	Ch'ih	Ch'ī	Hang	"	"	Hang
Chin	"	Tsin; kin	Chin	Hao	"	"	Hao
Ch'in	"	Ts'in; k'in	Ch'in	Hê	"	"	Hê, hei
Ching	"	Tsing; king	Ching	Hei	Heh	Hoh	Hei
Ch'ing	"	Ts'ing; k'ing	Ch'ing	Hên	Hen	Hăn	Hên
Chiu	"	Kiu	Chiu	Hêng	Heng	Hăng	Hêng
Ch'iu	"	K'iu	Ch'iu	Hou	Heo	Heu	Hou
Chiung	Chiung	Kiüng	Chiung	Hsi	"	Hi; si	Hsi
Ch'iuung	Ch'iuung	K'iüung	Ch'iuung	Hsia	"	Hia	Hsia
Cho	Choh	Cho	Choă	Hsiang	"	Hiang; siang	Hsiang
Ch'o	Ch'oh	Ch'o	Ch'oă	Hsiao	"	Hiao; siao	Hsiao
Chou	Cheo	Cheu	Chou	Hsieh	"	Hieh; sieh	Hsie
Ch'ou	Ch'eo	Ch'eu	Ch'ou	Hsien	"	Hien; sien	Hsien
Chu	Chuh	Chu	Chu	Hsin	"	Hin; sin	Hsin
Ch'u	Ch'uh	Ch'u	Ch'u	Hsing	"	Hing; sing	Hsing
Chua	"	Chwa	Chwa	Hsiu	"	Hiu; siu	Hsiu

<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>	<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>
Hsiung	Hsiung	Hiung	Hsiung	K'uang	Kuah	K'wang	K'wang
Hsü	Hsiuh	Hsü	Hsü	Kuei	"	K'wéi	K'wei
Hsüan	Hsiuen	Hüen ; süen	Hsüen	K'uei	"	K'wéi	K'wei
Hsüeh	Hsiue	Hüe	Hsüe	Kun	Kuen	Kwun	Kun
Hsün	Hsuin	Hiun ; süin	Hsün	K'un	K'uen	Kw'un	K'un
Hu	"		Hu	Kung	Kong	Kung	Kung
Hua	Hua	Hwah	Hwa	K'ung	K'ong	K'ung	K'ung
Huai	"	Hwai	Hwai	Kuo	Kueh	Kwoh	Kwoă
Huan	"	Hwan	Hwan	K'uo	K'ueh	K'woh	K'woă
Huang	"	Hwang	Hwang	La	La	La	La
Hui	Huei	Hwui	Hwei	Lai	"	"	Lai
Hun	Huen	Hwun	Hun	Lan	"	"	Lan
Hung	Hong	Hung	Hung	Lang	"	"	Lang
Huo	Huh	Huh ; hwuh hwoh	Hwoă	Lao	"	"	Lao
I	Ih	Yih	I	Lê	Leh	Lê	Lê
Jan	Ran	Jan	Jan	Lei	Lui	Léi	Lei
Jang	Rang	Jang	Jang	Lêng	Leng	Lăng	Lêng
Jao	Rao	Jao	Jao	Li	Li	Li	Li
Jê or Jô	Reh	Jeh	Jê, Joă	Lia	"	"	Lia
Jên	Ren	Jăn	Jên	Liang	"	"	Liang
Jêng	Reng	Jăng	Jêng	Liao	"	"	Liao
Jih	Rih	'Rh	Ji	Lieh	"	Lieh ; lüeh	Lie
Jou	Reo	Jeu	Jou	Lien	"	"	Lien
Ju	Ruh	Juh	Ju	Lin	"	"	Lin
Juan	Ruan	Jwan	Juan	Ling	"	"	Ling
Jui	Rui	Jui	Jwei	Liu	"	"	Liu
Jun	Ruen	'Jun	Jun	Lo	Loh	Lo	Loă
Jung	Rong	Jung	Jung	Lou	Leo	Leu	Lou
Ka	"	"	Ka	Lu	Lu	Lu	Lu
Kai	"	"	Kai	Luan	"	Luan	Lwan
K'ai	"	"	K'ai	Lun	Luen	Lun	Lun
Kan	"	"	Kan	(or lün)	"	"	"
K'an	"	"	K'an	Lung	Long	Lung	Lung
Kang	"	"	Kang	Lü	Lüh	Lu	Lü
K'ang	"	"	K'ang	Lüan	Luan	Lwan ; lüen	Lüen
Kao	"	"	Kao	Lüeh	"	Lueh	Lioă
K'ao	"	"	Kao	Lün	"	"	Lün
Kê	"	Koh	K'ao	Ma	Ma	Ma	Ma
K'ê	"	K'oh	K'ê	Mai	"	"	Mai
Kei	"	"	K'ê	Man	"	"	Man
Kên	Ken	Kăn	Kei	Mang	"	"	Mang
K'ên	K'en	K'ăn	Kên	Mao	"	"	Mao
Kêng	Keng	Kăng	K'ên	Mei	"	Méi	Mei
K'eng	K'eng	K'ăng	Kêng	Mên	Men	Măn	Mên
Kou	Keo	Keu	K'êng	Mêng	Meng	Măng ; mung	Mêng
K'ou	K'eo	K'eu	Kou	Mi	Mi	Mieh ; mé	Mi
Ku	Kuh	Ku	K'ou	Miao	"	"	Miao
K'u	K'uh	K'u	Ku	Mieh	"	"	Mie
Kua	Kuah	Kwah.	K'u	Mien	"	"	Miên
K'ua	"	K'wa	Kwa	Min	"	"	Min
Kuai	"	Kwai	K'wa	Ming	"	"	Ming
K'uai	"	K'wai	Kwai	Miu	"	"	Miu
Kuan	"	Kwan	K'wai	Mo	Mo	Mo	Moă
K'uan	"	K'wan	Kwan	Mou	"	Meu	Mou
Kuang	"	Kwang	K'wan	Mu	Muh	Mu	Mu
			Kwang	Na	Nah	Nah ; noh	Na

<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Matecr.</i>	<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Matecr.</i>
Nai	Nah	Nah ; noh	Nai	P'ou	P'eo	P'eu	P'ou
Nan	"	"	Nan	Pu	"	"	Pu
Nang	"	"	Nang	P'u	"	"	P'u
Nao	"	"	Nao	Sa	Sah	Sa	Sa
Nê	"	"		Sai	"	"	Sai
				San	"	"	San
Nei	Nui	Nei	Nei	Sang	"	"	Sang
Nên			Nên	Sao	"	"	Sao
Nêng	Neng	Năng	Nêng	Sê	Sel	Sê	Sê
Ni	Ni	Ni	Ni	Sên	"	"	Sên
Niang	"	"	Niang	Sêng	"	Săng	Sêng
Niao	"	"	Niao	Sha	"	Sha	Sha
Nieh	"	"	Nie	Shai	"	"	Shai
Nien	"	"	Nien	Shan	"	"	Shan
Nin	"	"	Nin	Shang	"	"	Shang
Ning	"	"	Ning	Shao	"	"	Shao
Niu	"	"	Niu	Shê	Sheh	Shê	Shê
No	"	"	Noă	Shên	"	Shăn	Shên
Nou	"	Neu	Nou	Shêng	"	Shăng;shing	Shêng
Nu	"	"	Nu	Shih	Shi	Shi ; sh'	Shi
Nuan	"	Nwan	Nun	Shou	Sheo	Sheu	Shou
Nun	Nuen	Nün		Shu	"	Shu	Shu
Nung	Nong	Nung	Nung	Shuai	"	Shwai	Shwai
Nü	"	"	Nü	Shuan	"	Shwan	Shwan
Nüeh	"	"	Nüe	Shuang	"	Shwang	Shwang
Ou	Eo	Ngeu	Ou	Shui	"	"	Shwei
Pa	Pa	Pa	Pa	Shun	Shuen	Shun	Shwn
P'a	"	"	P'a	Shuo	Shoh	Shoh;shwoh	Shwoă
Pai	"	"	Pai	So	"	"	Soă
P'ai	"	"	P'ai	Sou	"	"	Sou
Pan	"	"	Pan	Su	"	"	Su
P'an	"	"	P'an	Suan	"	"	Swan
Pang	"	"	Pang	Sui	"	"	Swei
P'ang	"	"	P'ang	Sun	Suen	"	Sun
Pao	"	"	Pao	Sung	Song	"	Sung
P'ao	"	"	P'ao	Szû	Si	"	Si
Pei	"	P'ei	Péi	Ta	Tah	"	Ta
P'ei	"	P'ei	P'ei	T'a	T'ah	"	T'a
Pên	"	Păn	Pên	Tai	"	"	Tai
P'ên	"	P'ăn	P'ên	T'ai	"	"	T'ai
Pêng	"	Pang	Peng	Tan	"	"	Tan
P'êng	"	P'ăng	P'eng	T'an	"	"	T'an
Pi	"	Pi	Pi	Tang	"	"	Tang
P'i	"	P'i	P'i	T'ang	"	"	T'ang
Piao	"	"	Piao	Tao	"	"	Tao
P'iao	"	"	P'iao	T'ao	"	"	T'ao
Pieh	"	"	Pie	Tê	Teh	Tê	Tê
P'ieh	"	"	P'ie	T'é	T'eh	Tê'h	T'é
Pien	"	"	Pien	Tei	"	"	
P'ien	"	"	P'ien	T'ei	"	"	
Pin	"	"	Pin	Têng	Teng	Tăng	Têng
P'in	"	"	P'in	T'êng	T'eng	T'ăng	T'êng
Ping	"	"	Ping	Ti	"	Ti	Ti
P'ing	"	"	P'ing	T'i	T'i	T'i	T'i
Po	"	"	Poă	Tiao	"	"	Tiao
P'o	"	"	P'oă	T'iao	"	"	T'iao

<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>	<i>Stent.</i>	<i>Baller.</i>	<i>Williams.</i>	<i>Mateer.</i>
Tieh	Tie	Tié	Tie	Tsun	Tsuen	Tsun	Tsun
T'ieh	"	"	T'ie	Ts'un	Ts'uen	Ts'un	Ts'un
Tien	"	"	Tien	Tsung	Tsong	Tsung	Tsung
T'ien	"	"	T'ien	Ts'ung	Ts'ong	Ts'ung	Ts'ung
Ting	"	"	Ting	Tu	Tuh	Tu	Tu
T'ing	T'ing	T'ing	T'ing	T'u	T'uh	T'u	T'u
Tiu	Tiu	Tiu	Tiu	Tuan	"	Twan	Twan
To	Toh	To	Toă	T'uan	"	T'wan	T'wan
T'o	T'oh	T'o	T'oă	Tui	"	"	Twei
Tou	"	"	Tou	T'ui	"	"	T'wei
T'ou	"	"	T'ou	Tun	Tuen	Tun	Tun
Tsa	Tsah	Tsa	Tsa	Tung	Tong	Tung	Tung
Ts'a	Ts'ah	Ts'ah	Ts'a	T'ung	T'ong	T'ung	T'ung
Tsai	"	"	Tsai	Tzũ	Tsi	Tsz'	Tsi
Ts'ai	"	"	Ts'ai	T'zũ	Ts'i	Ts'z	Ts'i
Tsan	"	"	Tsan	Wa	Uah	Wah	Wa
Ts'an	"	"	Ts'an	Wai	Uai	Wai	Wai
Tsang	"	"	Tsang	Wan	Uan	Wan	Wan
Ts'ang	"	"	Ts'ang	Wang	Uang	Wang	Wang
Tsao	"	"	Tsao	Wei	Uei	Wéi ; wi	Wei
Ts'ao	"	"	Ts'ao	Wên	Uen	Wăn	Wên
Tsê	Tseh	Tsê	Tsê	Wêng	O	Ngo	Wêng
T'sê	Ts'eh	Ts'ê	Ts'ê	Wo		O	Wo
Tsei			Tsei	Wu	U	Wu	Wu
Tsên	Tsen	Tsăn	Tsên	Ya	Ia	Ya	Ya
Ts'ên	Ts'en	Tsan	Ts'ên	Yai	Iai	Yai	Yai
Tsêng	Tseng	Tsăng ; chăng	Tsêng	Yang	Iang	Yang	Yang
Ts'êng	Ts'eng	Ts'ăng ; ch'ăng	Ts'ên	Yao	Iao	Yao	Yao
Tso	Tsoh	Tso	Tsoă	Yie	Ieh	Yeh	Yeh
Ts'o	Ts'oh	"	Ts'oă	Yien	Ien	Yen	Yen
Tsou	Tseo	"	Tsou	Yin	Iu	Yin	Yin
T'sou	Ts'eo	"	Ts'ou	Ying	Ing	Ying	Ying
Tsu	Tsuh	Tsu	Tsu	Yin	In	Yin	Yu
Ts'u	Ts'uh	Ts'u	Ts'u	Yang	Iong	Yung	Yung
Tsuan	"	Tswan	Tswan	Yi	Iuh	Yuh	Yü
Ts'uan	"	Ts'wan	Ts'wan	Yüen	Uen	Yuen	Yüan
Tsui	"	"	Tswei	Yüe	Üeh	Yueh	Yüeh
T'sui	"	"	Ts'wei	Yün	Üin	Yun	Yün



A VOCABULARY

— OF —

CHINESE AND ENGLISH.

A¹

AI¹

A ¹ (o ¹)	阜 阿 ^{1a643a}	affirmative particle (2, 3, 4)	[G. 11.
a ¹ .ko ¹	阿哥	sons of the emperor; elder brothers (Manchoo).	
a ¹ .kung ¹ .tzu ³	阿公子	the eldest son of a nobleman.	
a ¹ .lo ² .han ⁴	阿羅漢	an arhat or Lo Han.	
a ¹ .ma ¹	阿媽	a nurse; father.	
a ¹ .t'i ⁴	阿嚏	to sneeze (ta ³ t'i ⁴ fên ¹).	
a ¹ .wei ⁴	阿魏	asafetida.	
a ³	阿 ^{11643a}	exclamation of doubt.	
a ² .shên ² .mo ¹	阿甚麼	ha! what! what are you hawing at?	
a ⁴ .mi ² .t'o ² .fo ²	阿彌陀佛	Amida Buddha.	
a ¹ (o ¹)	口 啊 ^{2a644a}	final particle, generally interrogative.	
a ¹ .ji ⁴	啊熱	oppressively hot.	
a ¹	肉 腌 ^{2a1082c}	dirty.	
a ¹ .tsu ¹	腌髒	dirty. See <i>ang¹ tsang¹</i> (wu ¹ hui ⁴).	
AI ¹	口 哀 ^{21619a}	compassion, pity, grief, love.	
ai ¹ .chung ⁴	杖	staff carried in funeral processions.	
ai ¹ .chuo ⁴	哀召	edict announcing the death of an emperor.	
ai ¹ .chi ²	哀極	extreme grief.	
ai ¹ .ch'i ⁴	哀泣	to lament, to weep.	
ai ¹ .ch'iu ²	哀求	to entreat piteously, to implore.	
ai ¹ .êrh ² .pu ⁴ .shang ¹	哀而不傷	mournful yet not distressing (music).	
ai ¹ .hao ²	哀號	loud lamentation.	
ai ¹ .kao ⁴	哀告	to make a piteous report; to entreat.	
ai ¹ .k'ên ³	哀懇	to earnestly entreat.	
ai ¹ .k'u ¹	哀哭	to weep, to lament.	
ai ¹ .lê ⁴	哀樂	grief and joy.	
ai ¹ .lien ²	哀憐	to pity, to commiserate (k'o ³ lien ²).	
ai ¹ .shên ⁴	哀甚	extreme grief.	
ai ¹ .shêng ¹	哀聲	the sound of grief or pity.	
ai ¹ .tsai ¹	哀哉	alas!	
ai ¹ .ts'an ³	哀慘	pitiful, affecting (k'o ³ lien ²).	

ai ¹ -t'ung ⁴		哀慟	extreme grief.
ai ¹ -t'ung ⁴ .p'o ⁴ -ch'ieh ⁴		哀慟迫切	extreme grief.
ai ¹ -tzŭ ³		哀子	an orphan boy, a motherless child (ku ¹). [(1,3,4).
ai ¹	口	噯 ^{3b620a}	an exclamation of pleasure, surprise, pain or anger
ai ¹ -ya ¹		噯呀	alas ! oh dear ! oh ! dear me !
ai ¹	口 歎	唉 ^{2a619}	an interjection, a sound of reply ; to sigh (also 3).
ai ¹ -k'o ³ -hsi ¹		唉可惜	alas !
ai ¹ -t'an ⁴		唉歎	a sigh, to sigh (t'an ⁴ hsi ²).
ai ¹ -ti ¹ -i ¹ -shêng ¹		唉的一聲	heaved a sigh (t'an ⁴ liao ³ i ¹ shêng ¹).
ai ¹ -tsên ³ -mo ¹ -yung ⁴		唉怎麼樣	oh dear ! how's that ?
ai ¹ -ying ¹ -shêng ¹		唉應聲	a sound of assent.
ai ¹		噯 ^{13c1b}	exclamation.
ai ¹ -yu ¹		噯嘞	an exclamation, alas !

AI ²	手	挨 ^{2b1a}	to receive, to suffer ; side by side. M. 204 (also 1).
ai ² -ch'ŭ ³		挨擠	to press, to crowd (yung ³ chi ³).
ai ² -ch'ŭ ³ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴		挨擠不動	unable to press through crowd.
ai ² -ch'ŭ ⁴ -kuo ²		挨及國	Egypt (伊 及).
ai ² -chiên ¹		挨肩	shoulder to shoulder.
ai ² -chin ¹ -ssŭ ⁴ -chin ¹		挨金似金	next to gold like gold (fig.).
ai ² -cho ² -p'ai ² -ti ¹		挨着排的	side by side in regular order.
ai ² -cho ² -tz'ŭ ⁴ -hsü ⁴		挨着次序	in regular order.
ai ² -k'ao ⁴		挨靠	to rely upon.
ai ² -lêng ³ -shou ⁴ -tung ⁴		挨冷受凍	to suffer great cold.
ai ² -ma ⁴		挨罵	to receive abuse (shou ⁴ ju ⁴).
ai ² -mên ² -ch'a ²		挨門查	a house to house search (sou ¹).
ai ² -ming ² -pu ³ -yung ⁴		挨名補用	to fill vacancies in order of names.
ai ² -o ⁴		挨餓	to be hungry, to come to want (jên ³ chi ¹). [pao ³].
ai ² -pao ³		挨保	to be surety for candidates at examinations (lin ³
ai ² -ta ³		挨打	to receive a beating.
ai ² -t'a ¹ -tso ¹ -shên ⁴		挨他作甚	who do you press close to him ?
ai ² -ts'un ¹		挨村	neighboring villages ; to receive abuse.
ai ² -tz'ŭ ⁴		挨次	in order.
ai ² -tz'ŭ ⁴ -lun ² -liu ²		挨次輪流	in regular rotation.
ai ² -tz'ŭ ⁴ -tien ³ -ming ²		挨次點名	to check off names in order.
ai ²	土	埃 ^{2a619a}	dust (t'u ³).
ai ² -ch'ên ²		埃塵	dnst, dirt (ch'ên ² t'u ³).
ai ² -kou ⁴		埃垢	same.

AI ³	矢 矮	矮 ^{2c2a}	a dwarf, low, short (shên ¹ liang ⁴ , kao ¹ ai ³).
ai ³ -fang ³		矮房	a low house or room.
ai ³ -hsiao ³		矮小	low, short, stunted.
ai ³ -t'ai ²		矮臺	a low stage, terrace, or gallery.

- ai³-tun¹-tun¹-ti¹ 矮墩墩的
ai³-tzi³ 矮子 too low, dumpy.
a dwarf (ts'o² tzi³, hsi⁴ kao¹ t'iao³).
- AI⁴ 石 (碍 4b620b to obstruct, to hinder, to interfere with.
ai⁴ 礙 same (pu⁴ ai⁴ ti¹, fang¹ ai⁴).
ai⁴-cho²-ch'ing²-mien⁴ 礙着情面 to interfere with friendly feelings.
ai⁴-cho²-feng¹-su² 礙着風俗 to interfere with usage or custom.
ai⁴-ho²-fang¹ 礙何妨 of what consequence? what harm? [say.
ai⁴-kou³ 礙口 unbecoming language, something unpleasant to
i⁴-ni²-ho²-kan¹ 礙你何干 how does it concern you?
ai⁴-pu⁴-cho² 礙不着 cannot matter to (pu⁴ ai⁴ shih⁴).
ai⁴-shih⁴ 礙事 to obstruct an affair, to be an obstacle,
ai⁴-shou³ 礙手 interferes with my hand.
ai⁴-wo³-ti¹-shih⁴ 礙我的事 it interferes with my affairs.
ai⁴-yen³ 礙眼 unpleasant to the eye (ch'ou³ lou⁴). [(ch'in¹ ai⁴).
ai⁴ 心 愛 3.619c to like, to love; to be wont, to be subject to. M. 145.
ai⁴-hsi² 愛惜 to love, to pity; to be sparing of; love.
ai⁴-hsi²-kuang¹-yin¹ 愛惜光陰 to economise time.
ai⁴-hsi²-p'i²-jou⁴ 愛惜皮肉 to care for the health.
ai⁴-hsiao³-p'ien⁴-i² 愛小便宜 fond of petty gains.
ai⁴-i⁴ 愛意 willing, inclined (yüan⁴ i⁴).
ai⁴-jen²-ju²-chi³ 愛人如己 to love your neighbor as yourself.
ai⁴-min²-ju²-tzü³ 愛民如子 to love the people as sons (an official).
ai⁴-mu⁴ 愛慕 fond of, e. g., persons, doctrine, etc.
ai⁴-ping⁴ 愛病 subject to illness.
ai⁴-tai⁴-kao¹-mao⁴ 愛戴高帽 fond of praise (fig.).
ai⁴-t'ai²-kang⁴ 愛擡槓 fond of argument, or contradiction.
ai⁴-ts'ai² 愛財 to covet wealth, miserly (t'an¹ ts'ai²).
ai⁴-wu⁴ 愛物 to be careful of an article.
ai⁴ (yeh⁴) 言 請 1281b1080a to visit; a guest.
ai⁴-miao⁴ 請廟 to visit the temples (an official act).
ai⁴ 艸 艾 3c620a mugwort, artemisia.
ai⁴ 草 隘 1266b2b a defile, also yai⁴.
- AN¹ 安 4c620a quiet, repose; where, how (lūan⁴).
an¹-chai² 安宅 a peaceful house.
an¹-chia¹ 安家 to suitably provide for your family, such an [allowance.
an¹-ch'iang¹-hsi⁴ 安腔戲 Anhui music.
an¹-chih⁴ 安置 to place in a quiet state,
an¹-chih⁴-hao³-liao³ 安置好了 to arrange satisfactorily.
an¹-ch'in³ 安寢 to sleep comfortably, tranquil sleep.
an¹-ching⁴ 安靖 peace and quiet (p'ing² an¹).
an¹-chu¹-lč⁴-yeh⁴ 安居樂業 to live tranquilly and prosperously.

an ¹ -chung ⁴	安重	calmly, steadily.
an ¹ -fang ⁴	安放	to put in a safe place or position.
an ¹ -fang ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴	安放不下	cannot put in a safe place.
an ¹ -fên ⁴	安分	to be satisfied in one's own sphere.
an ¹ -fên ⁴ -shou ⁴ -chi ³	安分守己	live peaceably doing one's duty.
an ¹ -fu ²	安扶	to protect, to support.
an ¹ -fu ⁴ -tsun ¹ -jung ²	安富尊榮	wealthy and honored.
an ¹ -hsi ²	安息	to rest peacefully.
an ¹ -hsi ² -hsiang ¹	安息香	Gum Benjamin.
an ¹ -hsi ² -jih ⁴	安息日	a day of rest, the Christian sabbath [jih ⁴]. (li ³ pai ³)
an ¹ -hsi ² -yu ²	安息油	oil of Gum Benjamin.
an ¹ -hsia ⁴	安下	prepared, ready.
an ¹ -hsiang ²	安祥	calmly, steadily.
an ¹ -hsiang ³ -t'ai ⁴ -p'ing ²	安享太平	to enjoy tranquillity, <i>e. g.</i> , the Empire [t'ai ⁴ min ³ an ¹]. (kuo ³)
an ¹ -hsieh ¹	安歇	to rest from labour, to repose, to sleep.
an ¹ -hsien ²	安閒	repose and leisure (k'ung ¹ êrh ³).
an ¹ -hsin ¹	安心	to compose one's mind.
an ¹ -hsin ¹ -k'êng ¹ -hai ⁴	安心坑害	intentionally injuring others.
an ¹ -hsin ¹ -pu ⁴ -cho ²	安心不者	cannot be at ease.
an ¹ -hsin ¹ -pu ⁴ -shan ⁴	安心不善	intentionally doing evil.
an ¹ -hui ¹	安徽	name of a province in China. W. I, 108.
an ¹ -jan ²	安然	in a state of repose, tranquilly.
an ¹ -jan ² -t'ü ⁴ -tsai ⁴	安然自在	at ease.
an ¹ -k'ang ¹	安康	hearty, robust (chuang ⁴ shih ²).
an ¹ -k'ên ³	安肯	very willing; are you willing to?
an ¹ -kuei ⁴	安桂	Cochin Chinese cinnamon (jou ⁴ kuei ⁴).
an ¹ -lê ⁴	安樂	ease and pleasure (yen ⁴ lê ⁴).
an ¹ -mên ²	安門	a peaceful gate (i. e., house).
an ¹ -mien ²	安眠	to sleep peaceably.
an ¹ -min ²	安民	to tranquillize the people.
an ¹ -ming ⁴	安命	contented with one's lot.
an ¹ -nan ² -kuo ²	安南	Cochin China.
an ¹ -nêng ² -ju ² -t'ü ³	安能如此	how can it be thus?
an ¹ -ning ²	安寧	tranquil, in a state of repose.
an ¹ -p'ai ²	安排	to arrange, to set in order.
an ¹ -p'ai ² -t'ô ³ -tang ¹	安排妥當	to arrange satisfactorily.
an ¹ -pên ³	安本	Amban, Chinese Resident in Thibet.
an ¹ -p'in ²	安貧	contented in poverty.
an ¹ -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴	安不上	cannot place upon.
an ¹ -shên ¹	安身	in good health.
an ¹ -shên ²	安神	to dedicate a new idol, to enshrine.
an ¹ -shên ² -chen ³ -p'ai ²	安神主牌	to set up ancestral tablet, and dot it.
an ¹ -shêng ¹	安生	comfort, orderly, quiet (of children).

<i>an¹-ting¹-hsia⁴-lu⁴</i>	安丁下戶	to take up residence.
<i>an¹-ting⁴</i>	安定	at rest, tranquil, settled.
<i>an¹-t'ò³</i>	安妥	composed, steady, secure, safe.
<i>an¹-tsang⁴</i>	安葬	to set down safely, to arrange.
<i>an¹-tso⁴</i>	安坐	to sit comfortably.
<i>an¹-tun⁴</i>	安頓	to bury (mai ² tsang ⁴).
<i>an¹-t'ung²</i>	安童	servant boys (shih ³ huan ⁴ jên ³).
<i>an¹-wei⁴</i>	安慰	to soothe, to console, to comfort.
<i>an¹-wên³</i>	安穩	steady, firm, stable, sound.
<i>an¹-wên³-chiao⁴</i>	安穩覺	sound sleep.
<i>an¹-ying²</i>	安營	to encamp.
<i>an¹-ying²-hsia⁴-chai⁴</i>	安營下寨	to encamp.
<i>an¹-yü²</i>	安寓	to lodge.
<i>an¹ (tzǔ)</i>	革鞍	a saddle.
<i>an¹-ch'an⁴</i>	鞍轡	saddle-flaps.
<i>an¹-ch'iao²</i>	鞍橋	pommel and hind-spoon of a saddle.
<i>an¹-ch'ien²-ma³-hou⁴</i>	鞍前馬後	bustling, busy, officious.
<i>an¹-hsin¹-tzǔ³</i>	鞍心子	the seat of a saddle.
<i>an¹-t'i⁴</i>	鞍屉	the pad under a saddle.
<i>an¹</i>	庵菴	a cottage; a Buddhist nunnery or convent (u ² [ku ¹ an ¹]).
<i>an¹-chu³</i>	庵主	the principal of a Buddhist nunnery.
<i>an¹-t'ang²</i>	庵堂	a convent; central hall for idols.
<i>an¹</i>	人俺	I myself (colloquial) (also with 們).
<i>an¹-ch'un²</i>	鳥鵪	quail. (i ¹ chih ¹).
<i>an¹-ch'un²-tou⁴</i>	鵪鬥	quails fight.
<i>an¹</i>	口俺	gobble up. Also nan.
AN⁴ (or <i>ên</i>)	手按	to press with the hand; to examine; according to.
<i>an⁴-ch'a²</i>	按察	to examine.
<i>an⁴-ch'a²-shih³</i>	按察使 (司)	a provincial judge. G. 267. (nieh ⁴ t'ai ²).
<i>an⁴-cho²</i>	按著	according to (chao ⁴ cho ²).
<i>an⁴-cho²-li³-hsing²</i>	按著禮行	to act according to propriety.
<i>an⁴-cho²-li³-shuo¹</i>	按著理說	to speak according to reason.
<i>an⁴-fa³</i>	按法	according to law.
<i>an⁴-hsia⁴</i>	按下	to press down (read <i>ên</i>).
<i>an⁴-li⁴</i>	按例	according to law.
<i>an⁴-mo²</i>	按摩	to shampoo.
<i>an⁴-pan³-yen³</i>	按板眼	keeping proper time in music.
<i>an⁴-pên³-fên⁴</i>	按本分	according to one's duty.
<i>an⁴-ping¹</i>	按兵	to stop the advance of troops.
<i>an⁴-ping¹-pu⁴-tung⁴</i>	按兵不動	to station troops permanently.
<i>an⁴-ping¹-pu⁴-fa¹</i>	按兵不發	to locate troops without moving.
<i>an⁴-pu⁴-chiu³-fan¹</i>	按部就班	to follow the prescribed order.

an ⁴ -yüan ⁴		按院	the yamèn of a provincial judge (nieh ⁴ t'ai ²).
an ⁴	木	案 ^{5c622b}	an official table; a case in law (kao ³ an ⁴).
an ⁴ -chieh ²		案結	the completion of a case (liao ³ an ⁴).
an ⁴ -chien ⁴		案件	a law case, an affair brought before a magistrate.
an ⁴ -chien ⁴ -wei ⁴ -ch'ing ¹		案件未清	the cases are not yet settled.
an ⁴ -ch'ing ²		案情	the circumstances of a case.
an ⁴ -cho ¹		案桌	a long narrow table.
an ⁴ -chüan ⁴		案卷	records of a case.
an ⁴ -hsüan ²		案懸	to remand a case.
an ⁴ -k'ao ³		案考	to examine.
an ⁴ -pan ³		案板	a chopping board.
an ⁴ -shou ³		案首	first on list of 童生 (under-graduates).
an ⁴ -yu ²		案由	the circumstances of a case (shih ⁴ ch'ing ²).
an ⁴ -yüan ²		案元	head of the list.
an ⁴	日	暗 ^{6b622a}	gloomy, dark, secretly, mentally.
an ⁴ -an ⁴ -ti ¹		暗暗的	stealthily, secretly (ming ² ming ² ti ¹).
an ⁴ -chien ⁴ -nan ² -fang ²		暗箭難防	the secret arrow cannot be guarded against.
an ⁴ -chien ⁴ -shang ¹ -jên ²		暗箭傷人	to secretly injure a person.
an ⁴ -chung ¹		暗中	in secret, by stealth.
an ⁴ -fang ³		暗訪	an underhand or secret enquiry (ssü ¹ fang ³).
an ⁴ -hai ⁴		暗害	to secretly injure one.
an ⁴ -hao ⁴		暗號	a private or secret signal.
an ⁴ -hsiang ³		暗想	to contemplate, to meditate (mo ⁴ hsiang ³).
an ⁴ -hsiao ⁴		暗笑	to laugh inwardly.
an ⁴ -li ³ -ts'an ² -tao ¹		暗裡藏刀	to secrete a knife.
an ⁴ -ma ²		暗碼	cipher, <i>e. g.</i> , for telegrams.
an ⁴ -mei ⁴		暗昧	gloomy, dark.
an ⁴ -mei ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ming ²		暗昧不明	obscure.
an ⁴ -shih ⁴		暗室	a dark room.
an ⁴ -suan ⁴		暗算	to plot (mou ²).
an ⁴ -tao ³		暗道	secret sects.
an ⁴ -ti ⁴		暗地	a dark place; underhand, clandestinely.
an ⁴	言	諳 ^{6c621b}	skilled in, fully acquainted with.
an ⁴ -lien ⁴		諳練	experienced, Imperial tutors.
an ⁴	山	岸 ^{7a622c}	a beach, a bank, a shore (hai ³ yen ²).
an ⁴ -tou ²		岸陡	the bank is steep.
ANG ¹	骨	骯 ^{2a1082c}	dirty (wu ¹ hui ⁴).
ang ¹ -tsang ¹		骯髒	dirty (a ¹ tsa ¹).
ANG ²	日	昂 ^{7c2a}	to raise, to elevate, to increase.
ang ² -ang ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴ -hsiang ⁴		昂昂氣像	a pompous manner (ta ⁴ mu ² ta ⁴ yang ⁴).
ang ² -kuei ⁴		昂貴	rising in price, high in price (chia ⁴ ch'ien ³).

AO ² (Giles ¹)	火 熬	Sb624a	to boil, to decoct, to distil, awake through the became a river (gradually). [night (chu ³ , p'ao ⁴).
ao ² -ch'êng ² -ho ²	熬成	河	to simmer till it becomes thick, e. g., opium.
ao ² -ch'êng ² -kao ⁴	熬成	膏	to simmer down to a mother-in-law.
ao ² -ch'êng ² -p'ô ²	熬成	婆	"boil and fry," to decoct, to harass, to worry.
ao ² -chien ¹	熬煎		to distil spirits.
ao ² -chiu ²	熬酒		to make congee.
ao ² -chou ¹	熬粥		relieved from anxiety or worry.
ao ² -h'u ¹ -lai ²	熬出來		to give it a boil.
ao ² -i ¹ -ao ¹	熬一熬		to work diligently a long time.
ao ² -jih ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	熬日月		boiled to rags, cooked thoroughly.
ao ² -lan ⁴ -liao ³	熬爛了		to make glue.
ao ² -p'i ² -chiao ¹	熬皮膠		unable to endure (ch'ih ¹ pu ⁴ chu ⁴).
ao ² -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴	熬不過		cannot boil to rags.
ao ² -pu ⁴ -lan ²	熬不爛		to prepare opium for smoking.
ao ² -tu ⁴ -yen ¹	熬大煙		to boil soup.
ao ² -t'ang ¹	熬湯		to work at night (ta ³ yeh ⁴ , ta ³ ao ³).
ao ² -yeh ⁴	熬夜		granary (ts'ang ¹).
ao ²	广 廩	Sb624c	to ramble.
ao ²	走 遛	3c624a	a big seafish.
ao ²	魚 鰲	9a624c	proud, haughty, uncivil.
ao ²	支 敖	8a623c	
AO ³ (tzü ²)	衣 襖	9c624c	a quilted coat (p'i ² ao ³). <i>ihur coat</i>
AO ⁴	人 傲	8a625a	proud (chiao ¹ ao ⁴).
ao ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	傲氣		a proud, haughty temper.
ao ⁴ -hsing ⁴	傲性		a proud, haughty disposition.
ao ⁴ -jung ²	傲容		a haughty carriage or appearance.
ao ⁴ -man ⁴	傲慢		to treat with scorn or haughtiness; uncivil.
ao ⁴ -nio ⁴	傲虐		proud and tyrannical (pao ⁴ nio ⁴).
ao ⁴	大 奧	9b625b	mysterious, abstruse.
ao ⁴ -miao ⁴	奧妙		mysterious.
ao ⁴ -miao ⁴ -fu ³ -tzü ³	奧妙法子		a mysterious plan.
ao ⁴ -miao ⁴ -wu ² -ch'iu ²	奧妙無窮		infinite mystery.
ao ⁴	心 懊	9c625a	to repent, to regret (hou ⁴ hui ³).
ao ⁴ -hui ³	懊悔		same (t'ung ⁴ hui ³).
ao ⁴	水 澳	9c625b	a high bank or shore, a bay.
ao ⁴ -mên ²	澳門		Macao. W. I. 170.
ao ⁴	邑 鄂	840c628a	Hupei. (or o).
CHA ¹	手 扎	10a7b	to thrust; to pluck up; to tie (and 2).
cha ¹ -chên ¹	扎鍼		acupuncture in Chinese surgery.
cha ² -chéng ¹ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	扎掙不住		cannot make the effort, cannot endure (the pain).

cha ¹ -chu ¹	扎猪	to stick a pig.
cha ¹ -êrh ³ .to ³	扎耳朶	to pierce the ear.
cha ¹ -fa ² -tzü ³	扎筏子	to make a raft.
cha ¹ -hua	扎花	to make artificial flowers (chih ³ cha ¹).
cha ¹ -lan ⁴ -liao ³	扎爛了	pricked to pieces.
cha ¹ -mêng ³ -tzü ³	扎猛子	to dive.
cha ¹ -pang ³	扎綁	to bind together.
cha ¹ -p'ô ⁴	扎破	to prick a hole in.
cha ¹ -shang ¹	扎傷	to stab.
cha ¹ -shih ²	扎實	strong, robust.
cha ¹ -t'ou ⁴ -liao ³	扎透了	pricked through.
cha ¹ (tsa)	系紮 ^{10c7a}	tie up, wind, bind; also tsa ¹ .
cha ¹ -chiao ³	紮脚	to bind the feet of girls.
cha ¹ -chin ¹	紮市	to tie up, a turbau.
cha ¹ -ts'ai ³ -lou ²	紮絲樓	to erect hangings like a tower.
cha ¹ -ts'ai ³ -shêng ²	紮絲繩	the cord used in decorative hangings.
cha ¹ -ying ² -p'an ²	紮營盤	troops lying in quarters.
cha ¹	水渣 ^{11a3a}	grounds, dregs.
cha ¹ -ts'ao ³	渣草	river weeds, etc.
cha ¹ -tzü ³	渣滓	grounds, dregs.
cha ¹	口噎 ^{11a3a}	to chirrup; to reply; yes, sir.
cha ¹	足躓 ^{11a4a}	to walk through (e. g., mud).
cha ¹	木楂 ^{12c3a}	a sour red fruit, a species of haw (shau ¹ cha ¹).
cha ¹	手拈 ^{13b3c}	to expand, open out.
cha ¹ -sha ¹ -shou ³	拈抄手	[straits. (chih sha) to hold up the hands in despair or in
CHA ²	門	
cha ² -ho ³	閘 ^{11b5b}	a gate, a pass, a canal lock.
cha ² -k'ou ³	閘河	the lock river, e. g., Grand Canal.
cha ² -kuan ¹	閘口	the entrance to a pass or canal lock.
cha ² -lan ²	閘官	officer in charge of a pass or lock.
cha ² -mên ²	閘欄	street barriers.
cha ² -pan ³	閘門	a canal gate, a lock.
cha ² -shung ¹ -shui ³	閘板	a lock, big gate sill-board.
cha ²	火炸	to dam water.
cha ² -chiao -liu ³	炸煤 ^{13c5c}	to fry in oil, lard, etc., (chien ¹ , ch'ao ³).
cha ² -kao ¹	炸焦了	fried crisp.
cha ² -ti ¹ -pu ⁴ -ts'ui ¹	炸糕	a kind of cake fried in oil.
cha ²	煤的不脆	not fried crisp enough.
cha ²	木札 ^{10b7a}	a despatch from a superior (wên ² shu ¹).
cha ² (t-ü)	竹劄 ^{11b7c}	samc (shu ¹ cha ²).
cha ² -fu ⁴	劄復	a reply to the petition of an inferior officer.
cha ² -wên ²	劄文	a despatch from a superior.
cha ²	片牘 ^{15c5b}	shutters of shop (p'ai ² ch'a ¹).

ha ² -pan ³	插板	same.
cha ³	金 鏽 14a8c	knife for cutting fodder.
cha ² -tao ¹	鏽刀	same.
cha ² -ts'ao ³	鏽草	to cut fodder with such a knife.
CHA ³	手 拈 12a40a	a span (i ¹ t'ou ³). Goodrich = 拈 ³ .
cha ² -(t'ü)	火 炸 13c8b	coal, nut coal or coal in bits (3, 4.) (mei ² , t'an ⁴).
cha ³ -p'ou ⁴	炸破	burst to pieces.
cha ³	目 眨 12b8c	to wink, to blink.
cha ³ -pa ¹ -yen ³	眨巴眼	same (i ¹ chan ³ yen ³).
cha ³ -yen ³	眨眼	same (chi ³ yen ³).
cha ³	虫 蚱 12a959a	name of a fish; an insect; fly-blown.
cha ³ -mêng ³	蚱蜢	a sort of locust, or grasshopper (ma ³ chu ³).
CHA ⁴	乍 11e4a	suddenly, unexpectedly, hastily.
cha ⁴ -chien ⁴	乍見	to see unexpectedly, or for the first time.
cha ⁴ -chin ⁴	乍進	to enter hastily.
cha ⁴ -chin ⁴ -ch'êng ²	乍進城	when you first enter the city.
cha ⁴ -fu ⁴	乍富	sudden wealth, upstart riches.
cha ⁴ -han ² -cha ⁴ -lêng ³	乍寒乍冷	sudden cold spells, e. g., in disease.
cha ⁴ -hui ⁴	乍會	to meet unexpectedly or for the first time.
cha ⁴ -i ¹ -k'ai ¹ -k'ou ³	乍一開口	on first opening one's mouth.
cha ⁴ -lêng ³ -cha ⁴ -jê ⁴	乍冷乍熱	sudden alternations of heat and cold.
cha ⁴ -li ² -k'ai ¹	乍離開	suddenly leave.
cha ⁴ -mêng ³ -ti ¹	乍猛的	suddenly.
cha ⁴ -shêng ¹ -chien ⁴ -mien ⁴	乍生見面	on first meeting a stranger.
cha ⁴ -shêng ¹ -pu ⁴ -shu ²	乍生不熟	a new acquaintance.
cha ⁴ -tao ⁴	乍到	to arrive unexpectedly.
cha ⁴ -tao ⁴ -ching ¹ -chung ¹	乍到京中	when you first come to Peking.
cha ⁴ -t'ui ⁴	乍退	to retire hastily.
cha ⁴ -wên ²	乍聞	to hear for the first time, or suddenly.
cha ⁴	言 詐 12a4b	false, deceitful, fraudulent.
cha ⁴ -ch'êng ¹	詐稱	fraud, to obtain fraudulently (o ³ cha ⁴).
cha ⁴ -tz'ü ⁴	詐次	to deceive or startle by lies.
cha ⁴ -wei ¹	詐僞	false, deceitful (kuei ³ cha ⁴).
cha ⁴	木 柵 11c42c	a railing, a barrier.
cha ⁴ -lan ²	柵欄	same.
cha ⁴	木 榨 12b4c	an oil press (chiu ³ cha ⁴).
CH'AI ¹	工 差 15a5a	difference, mistake, error. See ch'ai ¹ .
ch'ai ¹ -chiao ³	差脚	an outsider, a straggler.
ch'ai ¹ -chih ¹ -hao ² -li ²	差之毫釐	a trifling difference, —
ch'ai ¹ -ch'ih ³	差池	a mistake, an error.

ch'a ¹ .i ¹ -tien ³ -êrh ²	差一點兒	a slight difference.
ch'a ¹ .i ⁴	差異	strange, out of the common.
ch'a ¹ .pu ⁴ .to ¹	差不多	nearly the same, almost. M, 138.
ch'a ¹ -tê ² -yüan ³	差得遠	very different, very far short.
ch'a ¹ .to ¹	差多	a great difference or mistake.
ch'a ¹ .ts'o ¹	差錯	mistaken, erroneous.
ch'a -tzü ⁴	差字	a wrong character (ts'o ⁴ tzü ⁴).
ch'a ¹ -yu ³ .hsien ⁴	差有限	a little difference.
ch'a ¹	手插 ^{15c9b}	to stick into, to pierce.
ch'a ¹ -ch'i ² -tzü ³	插旗子	to stick up a flag.
ch'a ¹ -ch'ih ⁴	插翅	to fix on wings, to fly.
ch'a ¹ .ch'o ² -shou ³	插著手	arms akimbo.
ch'a ¹ .hsiek ³ .ting ¹ -mêng ³	插血訂盟	to seal a treaty with blood.
ch'a ¹ .hua ⁴	插話	to put in one's word, to intermeddle.
ch'a -kuan ¹	插關	a bolt, a door-bar ; to bolt (mên ² shuan ¹).
ch'a ¹ .shang ³ .ts'ao ³ -piao ¹	插上草標	to fix up a straw sign.
ch'a ¹ .shê ²	插舌	to put in one's word, to intermeddle.
ch'a ¹ -shui ³	插水	to wade in water.
ch'a ¹ -tsui ³	插嘴	to put in one's word, to intermeddle.
ch'a ¹	言話 ^{16a8b}	to be verbose.
ch'a ¹	叉 ^{14a5a}	to clasp the hands ; a fork.
ch'a ¹ -shou ³	叉手	to clasp the hands.
ch'a ¹	叉 ^{14a5a}	to pick up with fork or fingers.
ch'a ¹ -cho ² -yao ¹	叉著腰	with arms akimbo.
CH'A ²	艸 茶 ^{16b5c}	tea (p'ao ⁴ , ch'i ³ , k'ai ¹ , tao ⁴).
ch'a ² .chi ¹	茶几	a tea-poy.
ch'a ² .chiao ³	茶脚	the bottom of the tea-pot (the best).
ch'a ² .chien ¹	茶尖	to drink tea ; refreshment.
ch'a ² -ch'ien ²	茶錢	cumshaws to bearers of presents.
ch'a ² .ch'ih ³	茶匙	a tea-spoon.
ch'a ² .ching	茶鏡	dark-colored spectacles.
ch'a ² -ch'ing ¹	茶青	olive, or bronze colour.
ch'a ² .chin ³	茶酒	tea and wine.
ch'a ² .chuan ¹	茶磚	tea in form of compressed bricks.
ch'a ² -ch'uan ²	茶船	a metal saucer for tea-pot.
ch'a ² .fang ²	茶房	attendants in yamên for making tea for guests.
ch'a ² .hu ²	茶壺	a tea-pot.
ch'a ² .hu ² .t'ao ⁴	茶壺套	a tea-cosy.
ch'a ² .hu ² .tsui ³	茶壺嘴	the spout of a tea-pot.
ch'a ² .hua ¹	茶花	the camellia.
ch'a ² .kang ¹ -t'ü ³	茶缸子	a tea-cup.
ch'a ² .kao ¹	茶膏	a sort of opium cure used by the sect (Tsai Li)

ch'a ² -kuan ³		茶館	a tea shop.
ch'a ² -mo ⁴		茶末	broken tea-leaf, tea-dust.
ch'a ² -p'an ³		茶盤	a tea-saucer, or tray.
ch'a ² -pei ¹		茶杯	a tea-cup (ch'a ² wan ³).
ch'a ² -p'ing ³		茶瓶	a tea-bottle or canister.
ch'a ² -shih ¹		茶師	a tea-inspector, a tea-taster.
ch'a ² -shui ³		茶水	tea, tea infused.
ch'a ² -tich ²		茶碟	a tea-saucer.
ch'a ² -t'ing ²		茶亭	a tea-house.
ch'a ² -t'o ²		茶托	small metal salver or saucer for tea-cups.
ch'a ² -tsang ⁴		茶臟	the cylindrical piece inside the tea-pot.
ch'a ² -wan ³		茶碗	a tea-cup.
ch'a ² -yeh ⁴		茶葉	tea (in leaf). [as following].
ch'a ²	木	查	to examine, to search, to investigate (this same
ch'a ² -ch'a ²		查察	to examine into details, as a magistrate.
ch'a ²	→	察	to examine, <i>e. g.</i> , judicially; to discover.
ch'a ² -chao ³		察找	to make search for.
ch'a ² -chih ¹		察知	to detect; detectives.
ch'a ² -ch'u ¹		察出	to discover.
ch'a ² -fung ³		察訪	to search out (hsün ³ fang ⁴).
ch'a ² -ho ²		察合	to examine and tally.
ch'a ² -k'an ⁴		察看	to look into closely.
ch'a ² -k'uo ³		考察	to examine (k'ao ³ ch'a ²).
ch'a ² -ming ²		察明	to ascertain.
ch'a ² -shou ¹		察收	examined and receipted.
ch'a ² -to ²		察奪	to examine and decide.
ch'a ² -wên ⁴		察問	to investigate.
ch'a ² -yüan ⁴		察院	a court of justice at Peking.
ch'a ²	手	搽	to smear (also 擦, ts'a ¹ , ch'a ²). [ts'a ¹].
ch'a ² -fên ²		搽粉	to smear pigment, to powder, to paint. (See
ch'a ² -kan ¹ -ching ⁴		搽乾	to wipe clean.
ch'a ² -pu ⁴ -tiao ⁴		搽不	cannot rub out, <i>e. g.</i> , inkstain.
ch'a ²	缶	掉	flaws (ch'i ² ko ⁴ ch'a ²).
CH'A ⁴	山	岔	to branch off; to miss.
ch'a ⁴ -liao ³ -ch'i ⁴ -liao ³		岔了氣	to have a stitch (pain) in the side (here ch'a ²).
ch'a ⁴ -lu ⁴		岔路	to lose one's way, diverging paths.
ch'a ⁴	木	杈	a forked branch, a stump.
ch'a ⁴ -chih ¹		杈枝	a forked branch, a stump.
ch'a ⁴ -cho ² -mên ²		杈着門	the door barred.
ch'a ⁴ -tzi ³		杈子	a <i>cheval-de-frisc</i> .
ch'a ⁴	衣	衩	skirt of a robe.
ch'a ⁴ -k'u ⁴		衩褲	outside half-pants (t'ao ¹ k'u ⁴).

ch'a⁴ 言 詫 17c6e
 ch'a⁴.i⁴ 詫 異
 ch'a⁴.i⁴.tê².hên³ 詫 異 得 很
 ch'a⁴ 刹 17b9a

to talk big, to brag.
 to be amazed (hsi¹ ch'i²).
 greatly amazed.
 Buddhist monastery.

CHAI 齋 齋 18b10a
 ch'ai¹-chich⁴ 齋 戒
 ch'ai¹-chich⁴-mu⁴-yü⁴ 齋 戒 沐 浴
 ch'ai¹-fan⁴ 齋 飯
 ch'ai¹-kung¹ 齋 公
 ch'ai¹-kung¹ 齋 工
 ch'ai¹-séng¹-pai⁴.fo² 齋 僧 拜 佛
 ch'ai¹-séng¹-tao⁴ 齋 僧 道
 ch'ai¹-su¹-so³ 齋 宿 所
 ch'ai¹-t'ang² 齋 堂
 ch'ai¹ 手 摘 18a959a
 ch'ai¹-an¹-tzü³ 摘 鞍 子
 ch'ai¹-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴.pa⁴ 摘 下 去 罷
 ch'ai¹-kuo³-tzü³ 摘 菓 子
 ch'ai¹-mao⁴-tzü³ 摘 帽 子
 ch'ai¹-ting³ 摘 頂
 ch'ai¹-t'o¹ 摘 脫
 ch'ai¹-t'ou² 摘 頭
 ch'ai¹-ya² 摘 牙
 ch'ai¹-yin⁴ 摘 印
 ch'ai¹ 人 側 1154a957a
 ch'ai¹-êrh³-êrh²-t'ing¹ 側 耳 而 聽
 ch'ai¹-fan¹ 側 房
 ch'ai¹-lên² 側 稜
 ch'ai¹-lien³ 側 臉
 ch'ai¹-low⁴ 側 陋
 ch'ai¹-shou³ 側 首
 ch'ai¹-wai¹-t'ang²-cho² 側 歪 躺 着
 ch'ai¹-wo⁴ 側 臥

fasting; a study, a shop.
 to fast, to guard against; an amulet.
 to fast and purify one's self (Meneius).
 to fast, vegetable diet (ch'ih¹ ch'ai¹).
 attendants in temples, women pilgrims.
 same.
 to support the Buddhist faith.
 to give meals to Buddhist and Taoist priests.
 name of a room for fasting in Confucian temple.
 the refectory in a Buddhist temple.
 to pluck, to pull off. See tsé².
 to unsaddle.
 take it down !
 to gather fruit,
 to take off the eap (mien³ kuan¹). [meanor].
 to take away a mandarin's button for misde-
 to withdraw, to abscond.
 to take off the head-gear.
 to pull a tooth (hao² fa³).
 to deprive of office (ko² chih²).
 oblique, to lean or lie on one side; mean. (Seets'ê⁴).
 to incline the ear and listen.
 a side room, a concubine.
 inclined, uneven (p'ien¹ hsieh²).
 a side face, a profile.
 of low rank, mean, vile.
 to half turn the head.
 to lie on one's side.
 same.

CHAI² (tzü) 宅 19a959c
 ch'ai²-chuo⁴ 宅 兆
 ch'ai²-fung² 宅 房
 ch'ai²-shê⁴ 宅 舍
 ch'ai²-ti⁴ 宅 第
 ch'ai²-yüan² 宅 園
 ch'ai² 手 擇 1152a958b
 ch'ai²-ch'u¹-lai² 擇 出 來

house, a family, a home, a grave; to fix, to settle.
 to divine respecting a grave and the day of burial.
 a family mansion,
 a house, a cottage (kuan¹ ch'ai²).
 a mansion, a house, an apartment.
 courtyard of a house (or 院).
 choose. Also=tsé². See 摘, ch'ai¹ or tsé⁴.
 to pick out.

ch'ai²-jih⁴-tzü³ 擇日子
 ch'ai²-kan¹-chang⁴-liao³ 擇乾淨了
 ch'ai²-ko⁴-k'ung⁴-êrh³ 擇個空兒
 ch'ai²-liao³-ch'ü⁴-pa⁴ 擇了去罷
 ch'ai²-pu⁴-k'ai¹-k'ung⁴ 擇不開空

to choose (a lucky) day.

all picked.

to choose a time of leisure.

pick it out!

cannot get leisure (ch'on¹ k'ung⁴ rh).

CHAI³ 穴 窄 19b959a

ch'ai³-chün³ 窄緊
 ch'ai³-hsia² 窄狹
 ch'ai³-hsiao³ 窄小
 ch'ai³-lin¹-lin¹-ti¹ 窄溜溜的
 ch'ai³-pa¹ 窄巴道
 ch'ai³-tao⁴ 窄道

narrow, compressed, straitened.

narrow and tight, compressed (k'uan³ ch'ó⁴), confined, narrow.

narrow (liang⁴ sao⁴).

quite narrow, contracted.

narrow, contracted.

a narrow road.

ch'ai³ 人 仄 1153a959b

ch'ai³-shêng¹ 仄聲

oblique tone—also tsê⁴, chê⁴.

the oblique tones.

CHAI⁴ 人 債 18b10b

ch'ai⁴-chü³ 債主
 ch'ai⁴-jên² 債人
 ch'ai⁴-lei³ 債累
 ch'ai⁴-to¹-pu⁴-ch'on² 債多不愁
 ch'ai⁴ (tzü) 寨 19c10b
 ch'ai⁴-cha⁴ 寨柵
 ch'ai⁴-chü³ 寨主
 ch'ai⁴-mên² 寨門

to owe, to be in debt (ch'ien⁴).

a creditor (yao⁴ chang⁴).

a debtor (huan⁴ ch'ai⁴).

involved in debt.

[them.

when your debts are many you do not grieve over an enclosure, a fort (Honan = walled village).

a stockade.

a head or chief of bandits.

the gate of a stockade.

CH'AI¹ 工 差 15a5a

ch'ai¹-ch'ien³ 差遣
 ch'ai¹-ch'ih² 差池
 ch'ai¹-i⁴ 差役
 ch'ai¹-jên² 差人
 ch'ai¹-kuan¹ 差官
 ch'ai¹-p'ai⁴ 差派
 ch'ai¹-shang⁴ 差上
 ch'ai¹-shih³ 差使
 ch'ai¹-shih³-ti¹-jên² 差使的人
 ch'ai¹-wei³ 差委
 ch'ai¹-wu⁴ 差務
 ch'ai¹ 手 拆 20a960b
 ch'ai¹-fuy²-tzü³ 拆房子
 ch'ai¹-hsi³ 拆洗
 ch'ai¹-hsin⁴ 拆信
 ch'ai¹-huai⁴ 拆壞

to send, the messenger sent. See ch'ai¹, tz'ü¹.

to send, to depute.

mistake, error (ts'ó⁴).

official servants; runners.

a messenger (t'ing¹ ch'ai¹).

[gate.

an official on service—special, an official dele.

to send on service (tang¹ ch'ai¹).

a messenger, a yamên runner.

any kind of employment.

a person despatched on any business.

to depute, to send (wei³ yüan²).

public business or employment.

to break open, to pull down, to demolish.

to pull down a house.

to take off and wash.

to break open a letter.

to break to pieces.

ch'ai ¹ .hui ³	拆毀	to pull down, to demolish.
ch'ai ¹ .i ¹ -shang ¹	拆衣裳	to unrip clothes.
ch'ai ¹ .k'ai ¹	拆開	to break or tear open.
ch'ai ¹ .san ⁴	拆散	to scatter, to disperse.
ch'ai ¹ .she ³	拆折	to break, to destroy.
ch'ai ¹ .tuan ⁴	拆斷	to break asunder.
ch'ai ¹ .tzi ⁴	拆字	fortune telling by dissection of characters.
ch'ai ¹	金 釵	a large pin, a bodkin.
ch'ai ¹ .ch'uan ⁴	釵釧	hair pins and armlets, ornaments.
ch'ai ¹ .ch'ün ²	釵裙	the female sex.
ch'ai ¹ .huan ²	釵環	hair pins and earrings, ornaments.
ch'ai ¹ .tsan ¹	釵簪	head ornaments for women.

CH'AI²

木

柴^{20b11a}fuel firewood (p'ei¹ ch'ai²).ch'ai².huo³ 柴火 | same. |
ch'ai².huo³.to³ 柴火朶 | stack of fuel. |
ch'ai².i¹.pa¹ 柴一把 | a bundle of fuel. |
ch'ai².i¹.tan⁴ 柴一擔 | same. |
ch'ai².mi³ 柴米 | "fuel and rice," means of living. |
ch'ai².mi³.fu¹.ch'i¹ 柴米夫妻 | marriage of convenience. |
ch'ai².t'an⁴ 柴炭 | wood and charcoal, fuel. |
ch'ai².ts'uo³ 柴草 | fuel. |
ch'ai² 豸 豺 | the wolf. |
ch'ai².lang² 豺狼 | wolf, truculent. |
ch'ai².lanj².tang¹.tao⁴ 豺狼當道 | fig. of bad officials. |
ch'ai² 3 4
 冂 册 | register, record. Also ts'ê⁴. |
CH'AI³

足

蹠^{1122b1034b}tread on. Also ts'ai³, tz'ü³.ch'ai³.huai⁴.liao³ 蹠壞了 | ruined by trampling. |
ch'ai³.pien³.la¹ 蹠匾喇 | trampled flat. |
CHAN¹

卜

占^{21a43a} 估
 to divine, to cast lots; to encroach; to wait. |
chan¹.hsien¹ 占先 | to assume the precedence. |
chan¹.k'oa⁴ 占課 | to tell fortunes (chao⁴). |
chan¹.kua⁴ 占卦 | to divine, to cast lots (k'oa⁴ kua⁴). |
chan¹.kua⁴.suan¹.ming⁴ 占卦算命 | to cast lots and calculate fortunes. |
chan¹.pu³ 占卜 | to divine, to cast lots (suan⁴ ming⁴). |
chan¹.pu⁴.ling² 占不靈 | failure of a divination. |
chan¹.suan⁴ 占算 | to divine, to cast lots. |
chan¹.ti⁴.pu⁴ 占地步 | to take advantage of (ch'ên⁴ chi¹ hui⁴). |
chan¹.yen⁴ 占驗 | the verification of prognostics. |
chan¹ 水 沾 | to moisten, to be affected by. |
chan¹.ch'ao² 沾潮 | damp, moist. |
[See chan¹.

chan¹-chih²
 chan¹-ên¹
 chan¹-jan³
 chan¹-jun⁴
 chan¹-kuang¹
 chan¹-ni²
 chan¹-shih¹
 chan¹-shou³
 chan¹-shou⁴-hung²-ên¹
 chan¹-yi³
 chan¹
 chan¹-kao⁴-shih⁴
 chan¹-lien²
 chan¹-t'ieh¹
 chan¹
 chan¹ (tzü³)
 chan¹-mao⁴-tzü³
 chan¹-t'an³
 chan¹-wa⁴-tzü³
 chan¹
 chan¹-wang⁴ [yang³
 chan¹-yang³-chan¹-

沾執
 沾恩
 沾染
 沾潤
 沾光
 沾泥
 沾濕
 沾手
 沾受皇恩
 沾雨
 米 粘 830a634b
 粘告示
 粘連
 粘貼
 毛 毡 22c43b
 氈
 氈帽子
 氈毯
 氈襪子
 目 瞻 22b44b
 瞻望
 瞻仰 瞻仰

obstinate, narrow-minded (kua² tao¹ jou⁴).
 to receive favours.
 steeped in, saturated, infected, contaminated,
 imbued, bedewed.
 [tag.
 with your kind permission, to gain some advan-
 soiled with mud (chien ni²).
 damp, moist.
 to dip in, get a share.
 to receive Imperial favor.
 moistened by rain.
 paste, to paste, adhesive; a supplement. See *nien*².
 to paste up a proclamation.
 to attach to, supplementary.
 to paste up or on.
 felt.
 same (ti⁴ chan¹).
 felt caps or hats.
 druggets and carpets.
 felt stockings.
 look up to, respect.
 look up to, respect.
 to look for, respect (polite).

CHAN³

尸 展 23b44c
 展翅
 展轉
 展限
 展開
 展開地步
 展看
 展眉
 展布
 展誦
 展才
 草 斬 24b12a
 斬絞
 斬絞凌遲
 斬去首級
 斬決
 斬殺
 斬首
 斬首示衆
 斬碎

to open, to spread out, to expand.
 to spread the wings.
 repeatedly, again and again; to revolve.
 to extend the limit (k'uan¹ hsien⁴).
 to open out.
 to extend the space.
 to open and look, to inspect, to examine,
 "to expand the eyebrows," to look cheerful.
 to open or spread out.
 to open and read.
 to open one's powers.
 to behead, to cut asunder, to cut up (ko¹ shou³),
 beheading and strangling.
 decapitation, strangling, death by inches.
 to decapitate a rebel.
 to behead immediately (jé⁴ chüeh²).
 to kill by beheading.
 to behead (k'an³ nao³ tai⁴).
 to decapitate *in terrorem*.
 to cut up, to mince.

chan³-ch'ih⁴
 chan³-chuan³
 chan³-hsien⁴
 chan³-k'ai¹
 chan³-k'ai¹-ti⁴-pi⁴
 chan³-k'an⁴
 chan³-mei²
 chan³-pu⁴
 chan³-sun⁴
 chan³-ts'ai²
 chan³
 chan³-chiao³ [ch'ih²
 chan³-chiao³-ling²
 chan³-ch'ü⁴-shou³-chi²
 chan³-chüeh²
 chan³-sha¹
 chan³-shou³ [chung⁴
 chan³-shou²-shih⁴-
 chan³-sui⁴

<i>chan³-t'ou²</i>	斬頭	to behead (wu ³ hsing ²).
<i>chan³-ts'ao³-ch'u²-kên¹</i>	斬草除根	cut off the grass and remove the root,
<i>chan³-tsui³</i>	斬罪	a capital crime.
<i>chan³-tuan⁴</i>	斬斷	to cut asunder.
<i>chan³-yao¹-ch'u²-hsieh²</i>	斬妖除邪	exorcising.
<i>chan³</i>	手 撮	to bind up, to wipe away.
<i>chan³-pu⁴</i>	撮布	dish-cloth.
<i>chan³</i>	車 輾	to turn as a wheel, to turn half round. See <i>nien³</i> .
<i>chan³-chuan³-pu⁴-k'ai¹</i>	輾轉不開	cannot be done.
<i>chan³-chuan³-t'êng²-no²</i>	輾轉騰挪	turning and moving in all directions.
<i>chan³</i>	皿 盞	a cup, numerative of lamps, etc.
CHAN⁴	立 站	to stand up, standing still, to stop.
<i>chan⁴-ch'ü³-lai²</i>	站起來	to stand up, stand up.
<i>chan⁴-chia⁴</i>	站枷	a standing cangue.
<i>chan⁴-chiao³</i>	站腳	a foothold.
<i>chan⁴-chu⁴</i>	站住	to stop (t'ing ² chu ⁴).
<i>chan⁴-chuan¹</i>	站磚	[brick, to punish (women) by standing heel and toe on
<i>chan⁴-fang³</i>	站房	to occupy house or room.
<i>chan⁴-li⁴</i>	站立	to stand up, to stand well.
<i>chan⁴-lung²</i>	站籠	the cage punishment.
<i>chan⁴-pan¹</i>	站班	the standing attendants.
<i>chan⁴-pu¹-ch'ü³-lai²</i>	站不起來	cannot stand up.
<i>chan⁴-pu¹-chu⁴</i>	站不住	cannot remain standing.
<i>chan⁴-pu¹-lao³</i>	站不牢	not strong enough to stand.
<i>chan⁴-tao⁴</i>	站道	a stage of a journey.
<i>chan⁴-t'ou²</i>	站頭	same (p'ou ⁴ chan ⁴ tsou ³).
<i>chan⁴-tu²-fang²</i>	站獨房	to be sole occupant of a room (in inn).
<i>chan⁴-wên³-liao³</i>	站穩了	standing, firmly.
<i>chan⁴</i>	日 暫	a short time, temporary, the time being.
<i>chan⁴-chieh⁴</i>	暫借	a temporary loan.
<i>chan⁴-ch'ieh³</i>	暫且	temporarily, for a short time.
<i>chan⁴-chu⁴</i>	暫住	to stop for a time (ehi ⁴ chu ⁴).
<i>chan⁴-hon⁴</i>	暫候	to wait for a short time.
<i>chan⁴-hsieh¹</i>	暫歇	to rest for a short time.
<i>chan⁴-liu¹</i>	暫留	to leave for a time.
<i>chan⁴-pieh²</i>	暫別	to separate from a friend for a short time.
<i>chan⁴-shih²</i>	暫時	a short time, a little while (ch'üung ³ k'ou ⁴).
<i>chan⁴-têng³</i>	暫等	to wait a while (têng ³ i ¹ têng ³).
<i>chan⁴</i>	戈 戰	to fight; a battle; to dread, to tremble.
<i>chan⁴-ch'ang²</i>	戰場	the field of battle.
<i>chan⁴-ch'ê¹</i>	戰車	a war chariot.
<i>chan⁴-chên⁴</i>	戰陣	in battle array.

han⁴-ching¹-ching¹-ti³ 戰 兢兢的
 han⁴-ch'uan² 戰 船
 han⁴-chü⁴ 戰 懼
 han⁴-ku² 戰 鼓
 han⁴-li⁴ 戰 慄
 han⁴-ma³ 戰 馬
 han⁴-pai⁴ 戰 敗
 han⁴-piao³ 戰 表
 han⁴-shêng⁴ 戰 勝
 chan⁴-shu¹ 戰 書
 chan⁴-tou³-tou³-ti¹ 戰 抖 抖 的
 chan⁴-tou⁴ 戰 鬥
 chan⁴-ts'ê⁴ 戰 策
 chan⁴ 糸 紵^{24c12c}
 chan⁴-hsien⁴ 紵 線
 chan⁴-hua¹ 紵 花
 chan⁴-liao³-hsüeh¹-ti³ 紵 了 靴 底
 chan⁴-lieh⁴ 紵 裂
 chan⁴ 木 棧^{23c12b}
 chan⁴-fang² 棧 房
 chan⁴-huo⁴ 棧 貨
 chan⁴ 水 湛^{25a12c}
 chan⁴-ên¹ 湛 恩
 chan⁴-hsin¹ 湛 新
 chan⁴-lu⁴ 湛 露
 chan⁴ 人 佔^{21b45b}
 chan⁴-jên²-ch'î¹-nü³ 佔 人 妻 女
 chan⁴-jên²-t'ien²-ti⁴ 佔 人 田 地
 chan⁴-p'ien⁴-i² 佔 便 宜
 chan⁴-shang⁴-fêng¹ 佔 上 風
 chan⁴ 廿 蘸^{25b12c}
 chan⁴-shou³ 蘸 手
 chan⁴-tsai⁴-shui³-li³ 蘸 在 水 裡

tremblingly.
 a war junk (t'ieh³ chia³ ch'uan²),
 alarmed, to tremble with fear.
 a battle drum.
 trembling with fear.
 a war-horse.
 to be defeated in battle.
 a written challenge to fight.
 to gain the victory (sai³ chan⁴ pai³ shêng⁴).
 a written challenge to fight.
 tremblingly (ta³ lêng³ chan⁴).
 fighting and quarreling.
 strategy in war.
 a hole, a slit, a rent, a seam opened, to open.
 frayed, unravelled, to fray.
 an opening flower.
 an opening at the sole of the boot.
 to tear a garment, to rip open a seam.
 a warehouse, storehouse or godown. *warehouse*
 same.
 to store goods.
 clear, soak in.
 to receive grace.
 new, brand-new (ts'u⁴ hsin¹).
 dew.
 to grasp at, to encroach on, to covet, to usurp.
 to take one's wife by force.
 to usurp one's land.
 to take advantage of anything.
 to get the advantage of.
 to dip into (baptism by immersion according to [some]).
 to dip the hand in.
 to dip into the water.

CH·AN¹ 手 攪^{25c13a}
 ch'an¹-ch'î³ 攪 起
 ch'an¹-ch'iang³-hsing¹ 攪 搶 星
 ch'un¹-f'u² 攪 扶
 ch'an¹-ho² 攪 合
 ch'an¹.ho² 攪 和
 ch'an¹-hsiao³-ch'ien² 攪 小 錢
 ch'an¹-k'ang¹-shih²- 攪 糠 使 水
 ch'an¹-liac³-chia³[shui³ 攪 了 假

to mix up, to mingle; to support.
 to lift up, to support (fu² ch'î³).
 a comet (sao⁴ chou³ hsing¹).
 to support, to assist (pang¹ chu⁴).
 to mix together (chiao³ ho²).
 to mix, mixed; cordial, friendly, social.
 mix bogus cash with good.
 mix chaff and water (a dilution).
 mixed false (with true).

ch'an¹-shang³.ch'ü⁴
ch'an¹-tsa²

擡上去
擡雜

to raise up by the arm.
to mix up, to blend.

CH'AN²

ch'an²-ch'ung²

食饞 26b14a

greedy, gluttonous, gormandize.

ch'an²-lan³

饞虫

"a ravenous insect," a glutton.

ch'an²-tsui³.jên²

饞懶

gluttonous and lazy.

ch'an²-tsui³-lao³.p'ao²

饞嘴人

a glutton (hao⁴ ch'ih¹ lan³ tso¹).

ch'an²

饞嘴老婆

a gluttonous wife.

ch'an²-chu⁴

糸纏 26b46b

to wind round; to bind to, to tie, to wrap up.

ch'an²-jao²

纏住

to wind round.

ch'an²-mien²

纏繞

same.

ch'an²-shang⁴

纏綿

to warp round, to intertwine.

ch'an²-shên¹

纏上

to wind up or round.

ch'an²-shou³

纏身

bound by obligations or ties; ties,
much involved.

ch'an²-t'ou³

纏手

a turban, turbaned.

ch'an²-tsu²

纏頭

[kuo³ chiao³].

ch'an²

示禪 27a751b

to bind the feet (women) (or 脚) (pao¹ chiao³).

ch'an²-ching¹

禪經

meditation, contemplation, abstraction.

ch'an²-fang²

禪房

Buddhist books (fo² ching¹).

ch'an²-hsin¹

禪房

Buddhist rooms.

ch'an²-lin²

禪心

a contemplative mind.

ch'an²-t'ang²

禪林

a Buddhist temple.

ch'an²-yii³

禪堂

a hall for Buddhist worship.

ch'an² (ts'an)

禪語

the Buddhist prayers.

ch'an²-pang⁴

言言 26a13c

traduce, slander.

ch'an²-yen²

言言 26a13c

to slander.

ch'an²

虫蟾 26c751a

slanderous words. Sec ts'an².

ch'an²-kung¹-chê²-kuei⁴

蟾宮折桂

striped toad.

ch'an²-su¹

蟾酥

fig. to get M A.
sort of venereal medicine from toad's head.

ch'an²

虫蟬 27b751c

a cicada.

ch'an²-pu¹-chih¹-hsüeh³

蟬不知雪

fig. a booby.

CH'AN³

ch'an³.ch'ü¹

言詔 27c47a

to flatter, to servilely praise, flattery, adulation.

ch'an³.mei⁴

詔屈

to fawn, to cringe.

ch'an³

生詔媚

[ch'ëng²].
flattery, flattering, to cajole (pa¹ chich², fëng⁴).

ch'an³-fu³

生產 28a14a

to produce, to bear; an estate, property.

ch'an³-hu⁴

產婦

a lying-in woman.

ch'an³.shêng¹

產戶

the passage from the womb at child-birth.

ch'an³.yeh⁴

產生

to give birth to a child (t ai¹).

ch'an³ (tzü)

金產 28b14b

an estate, property, a living.

金鏟

a shovel, to cut into.

CH'AN ⁴	心	懺 ^{28c14c}	to repent of (hui ³ kai ³).
ch'an ⁴ -tsui ⁴		懺罪	to repent of, to atone for sin.
ch'an ⁴	頁	顛 ^{23a45a}	to tremble, unsteady.
ch'an ⁴	革	鞞 ^{27a47c}	saddle flaps (an ¹ ch'an ⁴).
CHANG ¹	弓	張 ^{31c22a}	[name. a leaf or sheet, to stretch, to spread out; a sur-
chang ¹ -cho ² -tsui ³		張著嘴	to open the mouth.
chang ¹ -k'ou ³		張口	to open the mouth.
chang ¹ -k'ou ³ -chieh ² -shé ²		張口結舌	nothing to say.
chang ¹ -k'ou ³ -ch'iu ² -jên ²		張口求人	to open the mouth and beg a favor.
chang ¹ -k'uang ²		張狂	boastful, arrogant (k'ua ¹ k'ou ³).
chang ¹ -kung ¹ -shé ¹ -chien ¹		張弓射箭	archery.
chang ¹ -lo ² -chang ¹ -lo ²		張羅張羅	to help, to publish, to collect money.
chang ¹ -pu ⁴ -k'ai ¹ -tsui ³		張不開嘴	cannot open the mouth. [Robinson.
chang ¹ -sun ¹ -li ³ -ssü ⁴		張三李四	somebody (name unknown); Brown, Jones, and
chang ¹ -san ³		張傘	to open an umbrella.
chang ¹ -tsui ³ -shang ¹ -jên ²		張嘴傷人	as soon as he opens his mouth, he injures another.
chang ¹ -wang ² -li ² -chao ⁴		張王李趙	the four commonest Chinese names.
chang ¹ -yang ²		張揚	to spread abroad, to make a display.
chang ¹	立	章 ^{29b22c}	rules, regulations, laws; section, a chapter.
chang ¹ -ch'êng ³		章程	regulations, laws (t'iao ³ kuei ¹).
chang ¹ -chieh ³		章節	chapters and verses (of a book).
chang ¹ -chih ³		章旨	the leading idea of the chapter.
chang ¹ -chü ⁴		章句	chapters and verses.
chang ¹ -fa ³		章法	phrases, method of composition.
chang ¹	≡	彰 ^{30a23b}	elegant composition; to manifest.
chang ¹ -ming ³		彰明	to show, to manifest.
chang ¹ -shan ⁴ [(shan ⁴)]		彰善	to exhibit goodness.
chang ¹ -shun ⁴ -ch'an ³ -o ⁴		彰善癉惡	to proclaim the good and publish the evil.
chang ¹ -yang ³		彰揚	to make manifest.
chang ¹	木	樟 ^{30a23b}	camphor (ch'ao ² nao ³).
chang ¹ -mu ⁴		樟木	camphor wood.
chang ¹ -nao ³		樟腦	camphor.
chang ¹ (tzu)	鹿	麝 ^{30c23c}	the musk deer (shé ⁴ lu ⁴).
CHANG ³	長	長 ^{36b27b}	to grow, to extend. See ch'ang ² .
chang ³ -chien ⁴ -shih ²		長見識	to increase knowledge, especially by experience.
chang ³ -chin ⁴		長勁	to increase in strength.
chang ³ -hin ⁴		長進	to make progress.
chang ³ -ch'uang ¹		長瘡	to have a sore.
chang ³ -fang ²		長房	the eldest son.
chang ³ -mao ²		長毛	to become mouldy or mildewed.
hang ³ -pan ¹		長班	followers, servants (kên ¹ pan ¹ ti ¹).

chang³-pei⁴ 長輩
 chang³-pu² 長醜
 chang³-ta⁴ 長大
 chang³-tê²-hao³-k'an⁴ 長得好
 chang³-tê²-ku³-kuai⁴ 長得古怪
 chang³-têng¹ 長燈
 chang³-tzŭ³ 長子
 chang³-yu⁴ 長幼
 chang³ 手 掌^{32c23c}
 chang⁵-ch'êng⁴ 掌秤
 chang²-chia¹ 掌家
 chang³-chiao⁴ 掌教
 chang³-ch'ih³ 掌尺
 chang³-ch'üan² 掌權
 chang³-hsing²-ti¹ 掌刑的
 chang³-kuan³ 掌管
 chang³-kuan³-chia¹-wu⁴ 掌管家務
 chang³-kuei¹-ti¹ 掌櫃的
 chang³-li³ 掌理
 chang³-pan¹ 掌班
 chang³-pien¹-ti¹ 掌鞭的
 chang³-pu⁴-kuan³ [chu] 掌簿官
 chang³-shang⁴-ming² 掌上明珠
 chang³-tso⁴-ti 掌作的
 chang³-wo⁴-ping¹-ch'üan² 掌握兵權
 chang³-yao⁴-shih² 掌鑰匙
 chang³-yin¹ 掌印
 chang³-yin¹-fu¹-jên² 掌印夫人
 chang³-yüan⁴-hsüeh²-shih⁴ 掌院學士
 chang³ 革 鞣^{32b24a}

seniors, superiors.
 to have a white scum, or mother, e. g., on vinegar.
 to grow up.
 is good looking (mei³).
 grotesque looking.
 to light the lamp (tien³ têng³).
 the eldest son (ta⁴ êrh²).
 elder and younger.
 the palm of the hand, to superintend, to control.
 to superintend weighing.
 to rule the family.
 the principal of a college, head of church.
 head-workman.
 one with full powers.
 torturers, beaters, etc., in yaméns.
 to control, to manage, to preside.
 to look after family affairs.
 manager of a shop, a shopman.
 to manage, to control.
 general manager of a troupe.
 a carter (kan³ ch'ê¹ ti¹).
 the recording angel in Chinese Hades.
 a pearl in the palm, i. e., a son.
 head-workman, boss (chang³ ch'ih³),
 to have control over the army.
 keeper of the keys; a warder.
 to keep the seal.
 the mandarin's wife who keeps the seal.
 Chancellor of the Hanlin. G. 202.
 a horse-shoe (ting⁴ chang³).

CHANG⁴ 貝 賬^{31b24b}
 chang¹-ch'ing¹-liao³ 賬清了
 chang¹-chu³-êrh² 賬主兒
 chang⁴-fan² 賬房
 chang⁴-mu⁴ 賬目
 chang⁴-mu⁴-pu⁴-ch'ing¹ 賬目不清
 chang⁴-pên³ 賬本
 chang⁴-pu⁴ 賬簿
 chang⁴-tan¹ 賬單
 chang⁴-wei³ 賬尾
 chang⁴ 一 丈^{33a25b}
 chang⁴-ch'ih³ 丈尺

an account, a bill.
 the account is settled.
 a creditor (t'ao³ chang⁴).
 comradore's office.
 bills, debts, accounts.
 accounts not clear.
 an account book.
 same (liu² shui³ chang⁴).
 a bill, an account (suan⁴ chang⁴).
 the balance of an account.
 [Eng].
 a measure (10 Chinese feet=11 feet, 9 inches
 measurement.

chang⁴.fu¹ 丈夫
 chang⁴.jén² 丈人
 chang⁴.liang² 丈量
 chang⁴.mu³ 丈母
 chang⁴.mu³.niang² 丈母娘
 chang⁴ 肉 瘰 脹^{31b24c}
 chang⁴.pao³ 脹飽
 chang⁴.ti¹.huang¹ 脹的荒
 chang⁴.tu⁴ 脹肚
 chang⁴ 人 仗^{33b25b}
 chang⁴.cho².pén³.shih⁴ 仗着本事
 chang⁴.cho².yu³.ch'ien² 仗着有錢
 chang⁴.i⁴.su¹.ts'ai² 仗義疎財
 chang⁴.shih⁴ 仗勢
 chang⁴.shih⁴.ch'i².jén² 仗勢欺人
 chang⁴ (tzü) 帳
 chang⁴.fang² 帳房
 chang⁴.kou¹ 帳鉤
 chang⁴.man⁴ 帳幔
 chang⁴.ting³ 帳頂
 chang⁴ 水 漲^{32b24c}
 chang⁴.ch'ao² 漲潮
 chang⁴.ch'i³ 漲起
 chang⁴.chia⁴ 漲價
 chang⁴.fa¹ 漲發
 chang⁴.man³ 漲滿
 chang⁴.ta⁴.shui³ 漲大水
 chang⁴ 木 杖^{33b25c}
 chang⁴.chia¹ 杖枷
 chang⁴.pa¹.shih² 杖八十
 chang⁴.ta³ 杖打
 chang⁴.tsé² 杖責
 chang⁴ 阜 障^{30c25a}
 chang⁴.yen³.fa² 障眼法

an eminent or good person, a husband (ta⁴ chang⁴ a wife's father, term of respect for an old [fu⁴]. to measure, as land, etc. [person].
 a wife's mother.
 same.
 swelling of the stomach.
 the stomach swelled through eating.
 very much swollen in the stomach.
 swelling of the stomach.
 to depend on; to fight.
 to depend on one's ability.
 to rely on one's wealth.
 relies on right and despises wealth.
 to depend on influence or power.
 using influence to oppress another.
 curtains (lien² tzü³, wei² mau⁴).
 a tent.
 a curtain hook.
 bed-curtains.
 a bed curtain top, a tester.
 the rising of water, to overflow, flood tide (lao⁴ ch'ao²).
 rising of water.
 rise in price (ang² kuei⁴).
 overflow of water.
 rising and filling up with water.
 river in high flood.
 a staff; to beat with the bamboo.
 to beat and put in the wooden collar. [chang⁴].
 to inflict eighty blows with heavy bamboo (ch'ih² to beat with the bamboo.
 the punishment of the bamboo.
 to separate; a barricade.
 legerdemain (or 障身法).

CH'ANG¹ 女 娼^{34c26a}
 ch'ang¹.chi⁴ 娼妓
 ch'ang¹.mén² 娼門
 ch'ang¹.yu¹.li⁴.tsu² 娼優隸卒
 ch'ang¹ 犬 猖^{34c26a}
 ch'ang¹.k'uang² 猖狂
 ch'ang¹ 日 昌^{34a26a}
 ch'ang¹.ming² 昌明

a prostitute.
 same (piao³ tzü³).
 family or descendants of prostitutes.
 prostitutes, actors, runners and jailors (disqualified classes),
 fierce, wild, frightened.
 wild, crazy behaviour (tien¹ k'uang²).
 abundant, affluent, increasing in strength.
 splendid.

ch'ang ¹ -shêng ⁴	唱盛	prosperous, thriving.
ch'ang ¹	廿 菖	a water-plant, used for making paper, a rush.
ch'ang ¹ -p'u ²	菖蒲	the calamus or sweet flag.
CH'ANG ²	巾 常	35a740b
ch'ang ² -ch'ang ²	常常	constantly, frequently, usual, common.
ch'ang ² -chien ⁴	常見	constantly, commonly.
ch'ang ² -chiu ³	常見	constantly seeing.
ch'ang ² -fan ⁴	常飯	great length of time, in perpetuity.
ch'ang ² -fu ²	常服	common fare, pot-luck.
ch'ang ² -hsing ² -li ³	常行禮	common clothes (pien ⁴ i ¹).
ch'ang ² -hsing ⁴	常性	common courtesy.
ch'ang ² -jên ²	常人	perseverance (hêng ² hsin ¹).
ch'ang ² -jên ³ -chiu ³ -nai ⁴	常忍久耐	common person-(p'ing ² ch'ang ²).
ch'ang ² -kuei ¹	常規	long suffering.
ch'ang ² -kung ¹ [wang ³	常工	common custom.
ch'ang ² -lai ² -ch'ang ² -	常來常往	long-term laborers.
ch'ang ² -pu ⁴ -ch'ang ²	常不常	constant intercourse.
ch'ang ² -shih ²	常時	again and again.
ch'ang ² -shih ⁴	常事	commonly.
ch'ang ² -sui ²	常隨	every-day affairs.
ch'ang ² -tsé ²	常則	an attendant; to constantly accompany.
ch'ang ² -yn ³	常有	the standard, the common rule.
ch'ang ²	長 長	there are frequently, of frequent occurrence.
ch'ang ² -ch'êng ²	長城	long, length, excelling. See <i>chang</i> ³ .
ch'ang ² -chiang ¹	長江	the great wall of China.
ch'ang ² -ch'iang ¹	長槍	"the long river," the Yang-tzü-chiang.
ch'ang ² -chieh ⁴ -ch'ai ¹	長解差	long-handle spear.
ch'ang ² -chiu ³	長久	strict escort of prisoner.
ch'ang ² -chü ³ -ku ⁴	長主顧	great length of time, in perpetuity.
ch'ang ² -ch'u ³	長處	an old customer.
ch'ang ² -ch'ung ²	長虫	good qualities (tuan ³ ch'u ³).
ch'ang ² -fa ³ -tsei ² [t'an ⁴	長髮賊	snakes (shê ²).
ch'ang ² -hsi ¹ -tuan ³ -	長吁短嘆	the long haired rebels, e. g., the T'ai-p'ings.
ch'ang ² -kêng ¹	長庚	to sigh, to lament.
ch'ang ² -kung ¹	長工	name of evening star (ch'i ³ ming ² hsing ¹).
ch'ang ² -mao ³	長毛	constant work, work by the year (jih ⁴ kung ¹).
ch'ang ² -ming ⁴ -pai ³	長命百歲	long hair; the T'ai-p'ing rebels.
ch'ang ² -ping ¹	長兵	longevity.
ch'ang ² -shan ¹ -shan ¹ -ti ¹	長山山的	long weapons, e. g., spears.
ch'ang ² -shê ²	長舌	extremely long.
ch'ang ² -shêng ¹	長生	talkative (la ³ la ³ pu ⁴ hsiu ¹).
ch'ang ² -shêng ¹ -kuo ³	長生菓	long life.
		ground-nuts, pea-nuts (lo ⁴ hua ¹ shêng ¹).

ch'ang ² -shéng ¹ -pu ⁴ -lao ³	長生不老	immortality of Taoism.
ch'ang ² -shou ⁴	長壽	old age (kao ¹ shou ⁴).
ch'ang ² -shou ¹ -chü ²	長壽菊	the marigold.
ch'ang ² -luan ³	長短	long and short, length, merits and defects.
ch'ang ² -yeh ⁴	長夜	death, the grave.
ch'ang ²	人償	to repay, to recompense, to revenge.
ch'ang ² -chai ⁴	償債	to pay a debt (huan ⁴ chai ⁴).
ch'ang ² -ch'ien ²	償債	to repay money.
ch'ang ² -huan ²	償還	to make up or pay a debt.
ch'ang ² -ming ⁴	償命	to answer with one's life, life for life, (ti ³ ch'ang ²).
ch'ang ² (tzü)	肉腸	the intestines, the bowels (liu ⁴ fu ² , wu ³ tsang ⁴).
ch'ang ² -chih ⁴	腸痔	inner piles.
ch'ang ² -luan ⁴	腸斷	the heart to break, heartbroken.
ch'ang ²	土場	an enclosure, an arena, a place for exercising, etc.
ch'ang ² -chung ¹	場中	in the arena (chan ⁴ ch'ang ²).
ch'ang ² -mien ⁴	場面	a stage; in public, publicly (fa ³ ch'ang ²).
ch'ang ² -shih ⁴	場試	examinations.
ch'ang ² -yüan ⁴	場院	a court-yard, a parade-ground; a farm-yard.
ch'ang ²	口嘗	to taste, prove, past.
ch'ang ²	口嗜	same.
ch'ang ² -i ¹ -lien ³ -rh ²	嗜一點兒	taste a little.

CH'ANG ³	支	做	35c28a	high level land; open; to display.
ch'ang ³ -hsüung ¹ lou ⁴		做胸露懷		to disclose one's feelings.
ch'ang ³ -k'ui ¹ -mên ²		做開門		open the door wide.
ch'ang ³ (tzü)	广	廠	35c28a	an open shed, a yard (as a bricklayer's, etc.).
ch'ang ³ -hsin ¹		廠心		to expose the breast.
ch'ang ³ -huai ²		廠懷		same.
ch'ang ³ -liang ⁴		廠亮		bright, open, cheerful.
ch'ang ³ -ti ⁴		廠地		a yard (as a carpenter's, etc.).

CH'ANG ⁴	巾	暢	38b29a	to grow; to increase; joy, contentment.
ch'ang ⁴ -k'uai ⁴		暢快		pleasure, happiness (hsi ³ lê ⁴).
ch'ang ⁴ -mao ⁴		暢茂		to grow; luxuriantly.
ch'ang ⁴	口	唱	34b28b	to sing; to carol, give the word.
ch'ang ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -tiao ⁴		唱出調		to sing out a tune.
ch'ang ⁴ -ch'ü ¹		唱曲		to sing songs (pang ¹ tzü ³ ch'iang ¹).
ch'ang ⁴ -êrh ⁴ -huang ²		唱二黃		to sing slowly (theatricals).
ch'ang ⁴ -ho ²		唱和		to sing and to respond, a duet.
ch'ang ⁴ -hsi ⁴		唱戲		singing and playing; theatricals.
ch'ang ⁴ -hsi ⁴ -ti ¹ -t'ui ³		唱戲的腿		in an actor legs count.
ch'ang ⁴ -ko ¹		唱歌		to sing songs.
ch'ang ⁴ -ou ¹ -ou ¹ -ti ¹		唱謳謳的		singing in a low voice, humming.

ch'ang⁴-pang¹-tzi³ 唱椰子
 ch'ang⁴-pên³ 唱本
 ch'ang⁴-shih¹ 唱詩
 ch'ang⁴-tan⁴-ti¹ 唱旦的
 ch'ang⁴ 人 倡
 ch'ang⁴-chüan¹ 倡捐
 ch'ang⁴-luan⁴ 倡亂
 ch'ang⁴-shuai⁴ 倡率
 ch'ang⁴-sui² 倡隨

to sing rapidly
 a song book.
 to sing hymns (ko¹ shih¹)
 personator of female parts in plays.
 to guide, to lead; a leader.
 leader of the government subscriptions.
 a ringleader of any disturbance.
 to lead, a leader.
 a follower; to follow the leader.

CHAO¹ 手 招^{39a31b}
 chao¹-ch'êng³ 招承
 chao¹-chia⁴ 招架
 chao¹-ch'in¹ 招親*
 chao¹-chün¹-mai³-ma³ 招軍買馬
 chao¹-fang² 招房
 chao¹-fêng¹ 招風
 chao¹-hu¹ 招呼
 chao¹-hun² 招魂†
 chao¹-huo⁴ 招禍
 chao¹-jê³ 招惹
 chao¹-jên⁴ 招認
 chao¹-k'ao³ 招考
 chao¹-mu⁴ 招募
 chao¹-nü³-hsü⁴ 招女婿
 chao¹-p'ai² 招牌
 chao¹-p'ei² 招賠
 chao¹-ping¹ 招兵
 chao¹-ping¹-chü⁴-chiang⁴ 招兵聚將
 chao¹-shang¹-chü³ 招商局
 chao¹-shou³ 招手
 chao¹-t'ieh¹ 招帖
 chao¹-tsai¹ 招災
 chao¹-ts'ai²-t'ung²-tzi³ 招財童子
 chao¹-tsu¹ 招租
 chao¹-tsui⁴ 招罪
 chao¹-yao² 招搖
 chao¹-yao²-chuang⁴ 招搖撞騙
 chao¹-yin³ 招引
 chao¹-yung³ 招勇
 chao¹ 口 召^{3Sc35b}
 chao¹-ch'ên² 召臣
 chao¹-chien⁴ 召見

to invite, to beckon, to call; a hand-bill.
 to confess, to acknowledge.
 to fence off, to ward off an opponent.
 to invite a person to marry one's daughter.
 to raise troops and buy horses,
 office for writing of evidence in yamên.
 to make a breeze, extravagant. [(Peking).
 to beckon and call, to call to, to hail, look after
 to call the spirit of a deceased relative.
 to bring on trouble, etc. (ch'uang³ huo⁴).
 to provoke, to aggravate.
 to acknowledge, to confess.
 to invite entries for the examinations.
 to enlist soldiers.
 See 招親.
 a sign-board (huang³ tzi³).
 to confess and make amends.
 to recruit, to raise troops (mu⁴ ping¹).
 to prepare for war.
 China Merchants' S. S. Co. G. 327.
 to beckon; to sell stock-in-trade and good-will.
 a hand-bill, an advertisement.
 to invite disaster.
 the little good of wealth (of shopkeepers).
 "to let" (as this house "to let") (or 召).
 to acknowledge an offence (p'ei² pu⁴ shih⁴).
 to cause a disturbance, to swagger.
 to raise a row and rob.
 to introduce.
 enlist militia (chao¹ mu⁴). [(or fourth tone).
 an imperial summons, to call upon, to summon
 to summon a minister.
 to summon, to cite to appear (yin³ chien⁴).

* Note 1.

† Note 2.

chao ¹ -t'a ¹ -lai ²	召他來	summon him to come.
chao ¹	日 昭 ^{39c31a}	bright, luminous, manifested.
chao ¹ -chang ¹	昭彰	a manifest display.
chao ¹ -ming ²	昭明	bright, luminous, manifested.
chao ¹ -yang ² -ju ² -jih ⁴	昭陽如日	bright as the sun.
chao ¹ -yang ² -kung ¹	昭陽宮	palace of the Empress.
chao ¹	月 朝 ^{41a32b}	the morning. See ch'ao ² .
chao ¹ -hsi ¹	朝夕	morning and evening (tsao ³ wan ³).
chao ¹ -huo ² -mu ⁴ -ssi ²	朝活暮死	ephemeral insects.
CHAO ²	廿 著 ^{265a90b}	to become, to manifest, to cause. See cho ² .
chao ² -chi ²	著急	eager, over-eager, anxious, urgent.
chao ² -ching ¹	著驚	alarmed, startled (ch'ih ¹ ching ¹).
chao ² -êrh ²	著兒	move in chess (hsia ⁴ ch'i ²).
chao ² -êrh ² -pu ⁴ -ts'o ⁴	著兒不錯	that is quite correct.
chao ² -ling ⁴	著令	to set forth an order.
chao ² -mang ²	著忙	to be in haste.
chao ² -shang ⁴	著上	to put on, e. g., salt on food.
chao ²	火 焙 ^{41c81a}	to kindle, to apply fire to. <i>also written 17b</i>
chao ² -pu ⁴ -chao ²	焙不著	will not kindle, e. g., wet wood.
CHAO ³	手 找 ^{42b34a}	to seek, to supply what is deficient.
chao ³ -ch'a ² -êrh ²	找鑿兒	to look for flaws.
chao ³ -ch'ien ²	找錢	to change money, to give change.
chao ³ -cho ² -liao ³	找着了	found.
chao ³ -ch'u ¹ -lai ²	找出來	found out.
chao ³ -hsün ²	找尋	to seek (hsün ² chao ²).
chao ³ -huan ²	找還	to repay.
chao ³ -hui ² -lai ² -liao ³	找回來了	found and returned.
chao ³ -jên ² -ti ¹ -ts'o ⁴	找人的錯	to peck at people (ch'ui ¹ mao ² ch'iu ² tz'ü ²).
chao ³ -mên ² -lu ⁴	找門路	to seek for means of livelihood.
chao ³ -p'iao ⁴ -tzü ³	找票子	to change a note.
chao ³ -pien ⁴ -liao ³	找遍了	to search everywhere.
chao ³ -pu ³	找補	to patch, to supply deficiency.
chao ³ -pu ⁴ -cho ²	找不着	can't find.
chao ³ -shang ⁴ -mên ² -lai ²	找上門來	to come in search of.
chao ³ -shih ⁴	找事	to raise a row, to look for work.
chao ³ -t'a ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	找他去	to go and find him.
chao ³ -to ¹ -shao ³	找多少	how much do I owe you?
chao ³ -t'ou ² -hsiang ⁴	找頭向	to look for a job.
chao ³ -ts'o ⁴ -fêng ⁴	找錯縫	to look out for others' faults.
chao ³	爪 爪 ^{42a34a}	nails of the fingers or toes, claws, talons (chua ³).
chao ³ -ya ²	爪牙	claws and teeth, "tooth and nail."

CHAO ⁴	火	照 ^{40a35c}	to illumine, to reflect light; according to,
chao ⁴ -ch'ang ²		照常	as usual (p'ing ² ch'ang ²).
chao ⁴ -ching ¹ -tzu ³		照鏡子	to look in a glass.
chao ⁴ -chiu ⁴		照舊	as of old, as before. M. 263.
chao ⁴ -cho ²		照着	according to (an ⁴ cho ²).
chao ⁴ -hsiang ⁴		照相	to photograph, photography.
chao ⁴ -hui ⁴		照會	a despatch; to write officially (equal rank).
chao ⁴ -i ¹ -chao ⁴		照一照	to look (as in a glass).
chao ⁴ -jih ⁴ -k'uei ²		照日葵	the sunflower (hsiang ⁴ jih ⁴ k'nei ²).
chao ⁴ -k'an ⁴		照看	to take care of, to look after or at.
chao ⁴ -ku ⁴		照顧	to take care of, to look after, to patronise.
chao ⁴ -kuan ³		照管	same.
chao ⁴ -li ⁴		照例	to oversee, to superintend.
chao ⁴ -liao ⁴		照料	to superintend the management of.
chao ⁴ -liao ⁴ -pan ⁴ -li ³		照料辦理	according to law.
chao ⁴ -liang ⁴ -êrh ²		照亮兒	to throw a light on.
chao ⁴ -lien ³		照臉	to look at one's self in a glass.
chao ⁴ -mien ⁴		照面	to see face to face, e. g., parties before marriage.
chao ⁴ -mo ²		照磨	{ keeper of the seal. G. 296, or secretary in high { provincial yamèn.
chao ⁴ -pi ⁴		照壁	a wall before a door, serving as a screen (ying ⁴
chao ⁴ -shên ¹ -ching ⁴		照身鏡	a cheval-glass. [pi ⁴].
chao ⁴ -tê ²		照得	whereas, etc.; opening phrase in despatches, etc.
chao ⁴ -yang ⁴ -tso ⁴		照樣作	do it according to the pattern.
chao ⁴ -yao ⁴		照耀	the rays or beams of the sun.
chao ⁴ -ying ⁴		照應	to take care of, to look after (chao ¹ hu ¹).
chao ⁴	儿	兆 ^{42c34c}	a presage, an omen; a million (chi ² hsiung ¹).
chao ⁴ -min ²		兆民	the mass of the people.
chao ⁴ -t'ou ²		兆頭	an omen (yü ⁴ chao ⁴).
chao ⁴	言	詔 ^{39c35b}	to declare, to proclaim; a proclamation.
chao ⁴ -chih ³		詔旨	an imperial decree (shêng ⁴ chih ³).
chao ⁴ (tzu)	网	罩 ^{43a34c}	a cover, to cover, a shade, to shade, lamp-shade.
chao ⁴ -kuan ¹		罩棺	a pall.
chao ⁴	竹	筴 ^{42b34c}	ladle.
chao ⁴ -li ²		筴籬	a skimmer.
chao ⁴	木	櫂 ^{43a34b}	to row, an oar (yao ² lu ³).
chao ⁴		棹	same. See tiao ⁴ .
CH'AO ¹	走	超 ^{43c36a}	to stop over, to excel, to surpass, to precede.
ch'ao ¹ -ch'ün ³		超羣	to excel all.
ch'ao ¹ -hu ¹ -ch'ü ² -lei ⁴		超乎其類	surpassing all of its kind (pa ² ts'ui ⁴).
ch'ao ¹ -pa ²		超拔	to excel, to rise over the heads of others.
ch'ao ¹ -shêng ¹		超陞	to be promoted rapidly over others.

ch'ao ¹ -t'ei ⁴ -i ¹	超特一	first class, best of all.
ch'ao ¹ -t'êng ³	超等	first class in the honors' list.
ch'ao ¹ -tu ⁴	超度	to pray for souls of dead (Buddhist).
ch'ao ¹ -tu ⁴ -wang ² -jên ²	超度亡人	to pray for the dead.
ch'ao ¹ -yüeh ⁴	超越	to excel or surpass others.
ch'ao ¹	手抄 ^{44a36b}	to copy; to confiscate, to seize; to search.
ch'ao ¹ -ch'i ³ -lai ²	抄起來	to raise up.
ch'ao ¹ -chia ¹	抄家	to confiscate house and property (mieh ⁴ tsu ²).
ch'ao ¹ -chia ¹ -mieh ⁴ -mên ²	抄家滅門	confiscation and extermination, e. g., for treason.
ch'ao ¹ -chi ³ h ³	抄紙	to make paper.
ch'ao ¹ -ch'ih ²	抄持	to get, to rake up for.
ch'ao ¹ -cho ² -chin ⁴ -tsou ³	抄着近走	to go the near way.
ch'ao ¹ -chuan ¹	抄莊	wholesale house.
ch'ao ¹ -hsieh ³	抄寫	to copy (t'êng ²).
ch'ao ¹ -shu ¹	抄書	to copy a book.
ch'ao ¹ -t'êng ²	抄謄	to copy.
ch'ao ¹	口吵 ^{44a37c}	to wrangle.
ch'ao ¹ -jang ¹	吵嚷	noise of loud voices.
ch'ao ¹ -nao ⁴	吵鬧	to wrangle, to brawl (ta ³ ch'ao ¹).
CH'AO ²	月 晷 朝 ^{41a32b}	the court, the sovereign, a dynasty. See <i>chao</i> ¹ .
ch'ao ² -ch'ên ²	朝臣	court-officers.
ch'ao ² -chêng ⁴	朝政	politics (kuo ² chêng ⁴).
ch'ao ² -ch'ien ²	朝前	to go forward, facing forward.
ch'ao ² -chu ¹	朝珠	court-necklace of pearls.
ch'ao ² -fu ²	朝服	court-dress.
ch'ao ² -ho ⁴	朝賀	[casion. to congratulate the Emperor on any festive oc-
ch'ao ² -ho ⁴ -chün ¹ -wang ²	朝賀君王	to congratulate the sovereign.
ch'ao ² -hou ⁴	朝後	to go back, facing backwards.
ch'ao ² -hsien ¹ -kuo ²	朝鮮國	Corea (kao ¹ li ⁴ kuo ²).
ch'ao ² -hui ⁴	朝會	court levée.
ch'ao ² -i ¹ -ch'ao ² -kuan ¹	朝衣朝冠	court cap and robes.
ch'ao ² -kang ¹	朝綱	the court, the palace. [G. 473.
ch'ao ² -k'ao ³	朝考	an examination at the Court for the Hanlin.
ch'ao ² -shan ¹ -pai ⁴ -ting ³	朝山拜頂	to worship the deity on the top of the mountain.
ch'ao ² -tai ⁴	朝代	a dynasty.
ch'ao ² -t'ien ¹	朝天	to worship heaven; to have an audience.
ch'ao ² -t'ing ²	朝廷	the court (kung ¹ ting ²).
ch'ao ² -tou ³	朝斗	to worship the northern star.
ch'ao ² -ts'an ¹	朝參	to have an audience with the emperor.
ch'ao ² -tung ¹	朝東	to face the east (and so, west, north, south).
ch'ao ² -yang ²	朝陽	facing the south.
ch'ao ²	水 潮 ^{45a37b}	the tide, damp, moist.

ch'ao ² -chang ³	潮長	the tide rising.
ch'ao ² -chang ⁴	潮漲	high tide.
ch'ao ² -ch'ei ⁴	潮氣	damp air, damp (shih ¹ ch'ei ⁴).
ch'ao ² -chou ¹	潮州	the <i>fu</i> of which <i>Swatow</i> is the port.
ch'ao ² -kan	潮乾	damp and dry.
ch'ao ² -luo ¹ -liao ³	潮落了	the tide is falling.
ch'ao ² -nao ³	潮騰	camphor (chang ¹ nao ¹) (from Ch'ao Chou).
ch'ao ² -p'ing ²	潮平	high water.
ch'ao ² -shih ¹	潮濕	damp.
ch'ao ² -shui ³	潮水	the tide.
ch'ao ² -t'ui ⁴	潮退	low water.
ch'ao ²	窠	[etc. a bird's nest, a nest of robbers, a den of thieves,
ch'ao ² -hsüeh ⁴	窠穴	a den of thieves, etc.
ch'ao ² -wo ⁴	窠窩	a bird's nest (ch'ao, on tree; wo, on ground).

CH'AO ³	火	炒	44b37b	to fry or roast in a pan with constant stirring.
ch'ao ³ -chi ¹ -tan ¹		炒鷄蛋		to scramble eggs.
ch'ao ³ -chiao ¹ -liao ³		炒焦了		roasted crisp.
ch'ao ³ -hu ¹		炒糊		burnt, as in frying.
ch'ao ³ -hua -shêng ¹		炒花生		to roast pea-nuts.
ch'ao ³ -i ¹ -p'an ² -jou ⁴		炒一盤肉		to fry a dish of meat,
ch'ao ³ -jou ⁴		炒肉		to fry meat (chien ¹ cha ²).
ch'ao ³ -kuo ¹ -tzü ⁴		炒瓜子		to roast melon seeds.
ch'ao ³ -kuo ¹		炒鍋		a frying pan.
ch'ao ³ -mi ³		炒米		to roast rice.
ch'ao ³ -mien ⁴		炒麵		to roast flour.
ch'ao ³ -shao ²		炒杓		a small frying pan.
ch'ao ³ -tou ¹ -tzü ³		炒豆子		to roast beans.
ch'ao ³ -ts'ai ⁴		炒菜		to roast vegetables.

CH'AO ⁴	金	鈔	44c37c	government money orders or notes.
ch'ao ⁴ -ch'ien ²		鈔錢		paper money, notes.
ch'ao ⁴ -p'iao ⁴		鈔票		government notes.

CHÊ ¹	遮	遮	46a38a	to cover over, to screen, to conceal, stop.
chê -chia ⁴		遮架		to parry, to ward off.
chê ¹ -ch'ou ³		遮醜		to conceal one's shame.
chê ¹ -chu ⁴		遮住		shaded.
chê ¹ -hsiu ¹ -êrh ²		遮羞兒		to hide one's shame.
chê ¹ -kai ⁴		遮蓋		to cover over.
chê ¹ -kai ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴		遮蓋不住		cannot cover up.
chê ¹ -kuo ¹ -lien ³ -ch'ü ⁴		遮過臉去		(he) covered his face over.
chê ¹ -lan ²		遮攔		to stop, to hinder, to intercept.

chê ¹ -man ²	遮瞞	to hide, to conceal, to screen.
chê ¹ -pi ⁴	遮蔽	to hide, to conceal.
chê ¹ -shên ¹ -fa ¹	遮身法	the trick of becoming invisible.
chê ¹ -tung ³	遮擋	to impede, to oppose.
chê ¹ -yen ³	遮掩	to screen, to conceal. <i>To make eyes</i>
chê ¹ -yen ²	遮簷	protecting eaves.
chê ¹	虫螫	to sting (shih ⁴).
chê ¹	蔗	sugar cane (kan ¹ chêt ¹).
CHÊ ²	手才	to break off, to deduct, to diminish. See shê ² .
chê ² -chên ^g ⁴	折證	to act as umpire or referee.
chê ² -fu ²	折福	to lessen blessings, to discount happiness.
chê ² -hua ¹	折花	to pluck a flower (ts'ai ³ hua ¹).
chê ² -i ¹ -pan ⁴	折一半	to break off one-half.
chê ² -kan ¹	折乾	to substitute a sum of money for presents.
chê ² -k'ou ⁴	折扣	to discount (k'ou ⁴ suan ⁴ , k'o ⁴ k'ou ⁴)
chê ² -mo ²	折磨	to ill-treat, ill-treatment; worry, anxiety.
chê ² -shou ⁴	折壽	to injure one's chances of long life.
chê ² -suan ⁴	折算	to average, to aggregate.
chê ² -sun ³	折損	to injure.
chê ² -t'ên ^g ²	折騰	to spoil, to ruin; to squander (t'i ⁴ têng ⁴).
chê ² -tsui ⁴	折罪	to lessen guilt by counterbalancing merits.
chê ² -tuan ⁴	折斷	to break off or asunder.
chê ² -tui ³	折兌	retail, barter, for sale.
chê ²	手才	to fold up, paper folded up, a despatch; a pleat.
chê ² -ch'ai ¹	摺差	a courier (p'ao ³ hsin ⁴).
chê ² -chih ³	摺紙	to fold up paper (t'ieh ²).
chê ² -tsou ⁴	摺奏	a memorial addressed to the emperor.
chê ² -tzü ³	摺子	an official document sent to the emperor; native
chê ²	車	a track, a wheel-rut, a foot-print. [receipt book,
chê ² -wo ¹	轍	a track, a wheel-rut.
chê ² -yen ³ -r'h ²	轍窩兒	same.
CHÊ ⁴	是 這	this (person or thing) (chei ⁴).
chê ⁴ -chien ⁴ -shih ⁴	這件事	this affair or business.
chê ⁴ -chien ⁴ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	這東西	this thing.
chê ⁴ -chü ⁴ -hua ⁴	這句話	this word or expression.
chê ⁴ -chung ³	這種	this kind.
chê ⁴ -êrh ²	這兒	here.
chê ⁴ -hsieh ¹	這些	these.
chê ⁴ -hsieh ⁴ -ko ⁴	這些個	same.
chê ⁴ -hui ⁴ -êrh ²	這會兒	this time.
chê ⁴ -i ¹ -hsiang ⁴	這一向	this long while.

ché⁴-i¹-t'ou²-êrh² 這一頭兒
 ché⁴-ko⁴ 這個
 ché⁴-ko⁴-jên² 這個人
 ché⁴-ko⁴-tang¹-êrh² 這個當兒面
 ché⁴-ko⁴-ti⁴-mien⁴ 這個地面
 ché⁴-k'uai¹-êrh² 這塊兒
 ché⁴-li³ 這裏
 ché⁴-mo¹ 這麼
 ché⁴-mo¹-cho² 這麼着
 ché⁴-mo¹-i¹-lai² 這麼一來
 ché⁴-mo¹-pan⁴-pa⁴ 這麼辦罷
 ché⁴-mo¹-yang⁴ 這麼樣
 ché⁴-pên³-shu¹ 這本書
 ché⁴-pien¹ 這邊
 ché⁴-téng³ 這等
 ché⁴-tsuo³-wan³ 這早晚
 ché⁴-tsung¹ 這宗樣
 ché⁴-yang⁴ 這
 ché⁴ 水 彡 浙^{47c41a}
 ché⁴-chiang¹ 浙江

this end.
 this.
 this man.
 at this juncture.
 under these circumstances.
 here.
 same.
 thus.
 same.
 in these circumstances.
 let us do it this way !
 thus, in this way.
 this book.
 here, on this side.
 this sort.
 at present, just now.
 this kind or class.
 this sort, thus.
 name of a river.
 province of Chekiang. W. I. 114.

CH Ê (tzŭ) 車 車^{49b39a}
 ch'ê¹-chang¹-jên² 車仗人
 ch'ê¹-chang¹-tzŭ³ 車帳子
 ch'ê¹-ch'ang³ 車廠
 ch'ê¹-chê² 車轍
 ch'ê¹-chia⁴ 車駕
 ch'ê¹-chiao⁴ 車轎
 ch'ê¹-chou² 車軸
 ch'ê¹-ch'uung² 車牀
 ch'ê¹-fan¹ 車翻
 ch'ê¹-fei¹-yên² 車飛檐
 ch'ê¹-fu¹ 車夫
 ch'ê¹-fu⁴-t'iao² 車輻條
 ch'ê¹-hang² 車行
 ch'ê¹-hu⁴ 車戶
 ch'ê¹-hsia² 車轄
 ch'ê¹-hsiang¹-tzŭ³ 車箱子
 ch'ê¹-i³ 車尾
 ch'ê¹-kung¹ 車弓
 ch'ê¹-liang⁴ 車輻
 ch'ê¹-lun² 車輪
 ch'ê¹-mén² 車門

a carriage, cart, or wheel-barrow (i¹ liang⁴ ch'ê¹)
 carters (chang³ pien¹ ti⁴).
 sun awning of a cart.
 a cart, factory.
 a wheel-rut.
 a carriage, a cart.
 carts and sedans.
 an axletree.
 lathe (or 架).
 the cart upsets.
 side awnings to cart.
 a carter (kan³ ch'ê¹ ti⁴).
 spokes of wheel.
 office for hiring carts and animals.
 a carter.
 lynch-pin, catches beneath to fix box to axle.
 the inside of a cart.
 projection behind a cart for baggage, etc.
 the arched top to a cart.
 carts (hua² ch'ê¹, fêng¹ ch'ê¹).
 cart wheels (ku¹ lun², ku¹ lu⁴).
 cart gate.

ch'ê¹-pa⁴-shih⁴ 車把勢
 ch'ê¹-p'an²-tzü³ 車盤子
 ch'ê¹-p'an³-tzü³ 車轆子
 ch'ê¹-p'êng² 車棚
 ch'ê¹-wang³ 車輞
 ch'ê¹-wei² 車帷
 ch'ê¹-wei³-tzü³ 車圍子
 ch'ê¹-yüan² 車轆
 ch'ê¹ 礮^{50a40b}

good driver-ship.
 the front seat of a cart for driver.
 shoulder straps on barrow.
 awning in front of cart.
 fellowe.
 curtains of a cart (or 車幔).
 cloth covering on carts.
 thills or shafts. (Also 沿子, yen² tzü³).
 button of sixth-grade (opaque white).

CH'Ê³ 手才 拈^{50c40b}
 ch'ê³-ch'i³-lai² 拈起來
 ch'ê³-ch'i³-ta⁴-ch'i³ 拈起大旗
 ch'ê³-h'ai⁴-liao³ 拈壞了
 ch'ê³-huang³ 拈說
 ch'ê³-la¹ 拈拉
 ch'ê³-p'êng²-la¹-ch'ien⁴ 拈篷拉纜
 ch'ê³-pu⁴-tung⁴ 拈不動
 ch'ê³-shang⁴ 拈上
 ch'ê³-shê²-t'ou² 拈舌頭
 ch'ê³-shou³ 拈手
 ch'ê³-sui⁴ 拈碎

to pull, to drag, to tear (ssü¹ lan⁴).
 same.
 haul up the big flag.
 torn to pieces.
 to tell lies (sa¹ huan³).
 same (tung¹ ch'ê³ hsi¹ la¹). [rope."
 to assist, "pull the sail, and drag the towing
 cannot tear.
 to hoist up.
 tattling.
 reins; to pull by the hand,
 to tear to pieces.

CH'Ê⁴ 彳
 ch'ê⁴-ti³-kên¹-chiu¹ 徹底根究
 ch'ê⁴-t'ien¹ 徹天
 ch'ê⁴-yeh⁴-pu⁴-shui⁴ 徹夜不睡
 ch'ê⁴ 手才 撤^{50b42a}
 ch'ê⁴-ch'ü⁴ 撤去
 ch'ê⁴-hui² 撤回
 ch'ê⁴-huo³ 撤火
 ch'ê⁴-k'ai¹ 撤開
 ch'ê⁴-liao³-fan⁴-pa⁴ 撤了飯罷
 ch'ê⁴-ping¹-ch'üan³ 撤兵權
 ch'ê⁴-shui³-na²-yü² 撤水擎魚
 ch'ê⁴ 製^{51a66b}
 ch'ê⁴-ch'ien¹ 製簽
 ch'ê⁴-chou³ 製肘
 ch'ê⁴ 水 洩^{50c42b}
 ch'ê⁴-ti³ (t'êng⁴-ch'ing¹ 澈底澄清
 {ch'ên²

pervious, to penetrate, penetration; intelligent.
 to thoroughly investigate.
 to rise to heaven (t'ou⁴ ch'ê¹).
 all night long sleepless.
 to remove, to put aside, to reject, to send away.
 to put away, to remove, to exclude, supersede (an
 to recall; to put back. [officer].
 to remove the fire.
 to reject, to put away from, to exclude.
 remove the dinner!
 to take away his control of the soldiers. [fish.
 to remove the water from a pond and catch the
 to drag, to pull; to draw lots.
 to draw lots (nien¹ chiu¹, ch'ou¹ ch'ien¹).
 "pull elbow," to impede, to hinder, to embarrass.
 clear, pure, to search.
 to sift to the bottom.

CHÊN¹ 目真 眞^{51b15a}
 chên¹-chéng⁴ 眞正

true, sincere, real.
 real, genuine, exactly.

chên ¹ -chêng ⁴ -hao ³ -jên ²	真正好人	a bona fide good man.
chên ¹ -chia ³	真假	true and false, the truth of anything.
chên ¹ -chia ³ -nan ² -pien ⁴	真假難辨	it is hard to distinguish true and false.
chên ¹ -ch'ieh ⁴	真切	true, sincere.
chên ¹ -êrh ² -yu ⁴ -chên	真而又真	absolutely true.
chên ¹ -hao ³	真好	really good.
chên ¹ -hsin ¹ -shih ² -i ⁴	真心實意	great sincerity.
chên ¹ -hua ⁴	真話	the truth.
chên ¹ -jên ²	真人	a phantom of a man (Taoist term).
chên ¹ -jung ² -mao ⁴	真容貌	a correct likeness.
chên ¹ -ko ² -ti ¹	真各的	true ! right !
chên ¹ -kuo ³	真果	really, truly.
chên ¹ -li ³	真理	true doctrine.
chên ¹ -shên ²	真神	true god.
chên ¹ -shih ²	真實	true, sincere.
chên ¹ -shih ⁴ -hao ³ -yu ³	真是好友	verily a good friend.
chên ¹ -tao ⁴	真道	true doctrine.
chên ¹ -tsai ³	真宰	first cause, God.
chên ¹ -ts'ai ²	真材	one possessing useful qualities.
chên ¹ -ts'ao ³ -li ⁴ -chuang ¹	真草隸篆	round, running, <i>li</i> , seal (4 kinds of writing). W. I.
chên ¹ -yu ³ -jé ⁴ -hsin ¹	真有心	truly zealous.
chên ¹	金針	a needle (ch'uan ¹ chên ¹ , jên ⁴ chên ¹).
chên ¹	鍼	same.
chên ¹ -chiao ³ -hsi ²	鍼脚稀	stitches far apart (fêng ² mi ⁴ hang ²).
chên ¹ -chien ¹	鍼尖	the point of a needle, a swindler, a cheat.
chên ¹ -chien ¹ -hsiao ¹ -t'ieh ³	針尖削鉄	parsimonious (fig.).
chên ¹ -chih ⁴	針灸	acupuncture and cauterisation.
chên ¹ -hsien ⁴	鍼線	needles and thread, to sew, needle work.
chên ¹ -hsien ⁴ -huo ²	針線活	needle-work.
chên ¹ -hsiu ⁴	鍼繡	to embroider, embroidery.
chên ¹ -pi ² -êrh ²	鍼鼻兒	the eye of a needle.
chên ¹ -tien ⁴ -tzi ³	鍼墊子	pin or needle cushion.
chên ¹ -t'ou ² -hsien ⁴ -nao ³	鍼頭線腦	odds and ends of sewing.
chên ¹ -yen ³	鍼眼	the eye of a needle ; a boil on the eye.
chên ¹ (chêng) 具	貞	virtuous, chaste, pure, uncorrupted. [(kua ³ fu ⁴
chên ¹ -chieh ²	貞節	a chaste widow, a widow who does not marry again
chên ¹ -chieh ² -p'ai ² -fang ¹	貞節牌坊	arches to chaste widows.
chên ¹ -chieh ²	貞潔	pure, virgin purity (t'ung ³ nü ³).
chên ¹ -lieh ⁴	貞烈	inflexibly upright or virtuous.
chên ¹ -nü ³	貞女	a virtuous woman ; a virgin.
chên ¹	玉珠	precious, valuable, important.
chên ¹ -chu ¹	珍珠	pearls, real pearls.
chên ¹ -chu ¹ -han ⁴ -shan ¹	珍珠汗衫	a sort of shirt.

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round, running, *li*, seal (4 kinds of writing). W. I.

hên ¹ -chu ¹ -mao ²	珍珠毛	unborn lamb skin.
hên ¹ -chu ¹ -mi ³	珍珠米	maize.
hên ¹ -chu ¹ -tien ³	珍珠點	"pearl drops," the <i>fleur-de-lis</i> .
hên ¹ -chung ⁴	珍重	to value; take care of yourself.
hên ¹ -hsiū ¹ -mei ³ -wei ⁴	珍饈美味	dainties, delicacies (shan ¹ chên ¹ hai ³ wei ⁴).
hên ¹ -pao ³	珍寶	precious, valuable.
chên ¹	言 診 53a17b	[pulse, to examine, to look at, to verify; to feel the to cure.
chên ¹ -chi ⁴	診治	to feel the pulse (p'ing ² mo ⁴ , hao ⁴ mo ⁴).
chên ¹ -mo ⁴	診脈	to pour out; to deliberate and adjust.
chên ¹	斗 斟 54c16a.	to pour out wine.
chên ¹ -chiu ³	斟酒	to deliberate, to consult (shang ¹ i ⁴ , cho ² i ⁴).
chên ¹ -cho ²	斟酌	the hazel.
chên ¹	木 榛 53c16b	the kernel of the hazel nut.
chên ¹ -jang ²	榛窠	same.
chên ¹ -jên ²	榛仁	the hazel nut.
chên ¹ -tzū ³	榛子	a probe, to probe; custom, rule.
chên ¹	竹 箴 54a16a	warning words; the book of Proverbs.
chên ¹ -yen ²	箴言	a favourable prognostic.
chên ¹	示 禛 53c73c	same (chi ² chao ⁴).
chên ¹ -hsiang ²	禛祥	an anvil.
chên ¹ (tzū)	石 礎 砧 55a16b	
CHÊN ³	木 枕 55a16c	a pillow (ch'ü ³).
chên ¹ -ku ³	枕骨	the occiput.
chên ³ -t'ao ⁴	枕套	a pillow-case.
chên ³ -t'ou ²	枕頭	a pillow (mên ² chên ³).
chên ³ (tzū)	疹 疹 53a17b	a skin disease, a kind of rash, pock.
CHÊN ⁴	金 鎮 52a17c	to keep down, to repress, to rule; a market town.
chên ⁴ -chiang ¹	鎮江	Chinking, treaty port on Yang-tzū.
chên ⁴ -shih ⁴	鎮市	a market, a bazaar.
chên ⁴ -shou ³	鐵守	to guard.
chên ⁴ -shou ³ -ti ⁴ -fang ¹	鎮守地方	to guard, e. g., a pass.
chên ⁴ -t'ai ²	鎮台	brigade general. G. 441 (hsieh ² t'ai ²).
chên ⁴ -tien ⁴	鎮店	a market, a market town.
chên ⁴ -wu ⁴	鎮物	[on roofs. counteractors (of evil influences, etc.), e. g., placed
chên ⁴ -ya ¹	鎮壓	to keep down, to suppress.
chên ⁴	阜 陣 56c19b	to arrange, to form in ranks; the army; a gust.
chên ⁴ -chên ⁴ -ti ¹	陣陣的	time after time, repeatedly.
chên ⁴ -ch'ien ² -tui ⁴ -ti ²	陣前對敵	to fight in the front rank.
chên ⁴ -ping ¹	陣兵	to quarter troops.
chên ⁴ -shang ⁴	陣上	in battle (chan ⁴).
chên ⁴ -shih ⁴	陣勢	position of troops, etc.

chên ¹ -t'u ²		陣圖		plan of a battle.
chên ⁴ -wang ³		陣亡		to be killed in battle.
chên ⁴	雨	震	56b18b	to shake, to agitate; a shock.
chên ⁴ -ching ¹		震驚		to strike with alarm.
chên ⁴ -êrh ³		震耳		startling sound.
chên ⁴ -lei ²		震雷		a clap of thunder (p'i ¹ lei ²).
chên ⁴ -nu ⁴		震怒		thundering anger.
chên ⁴ -ssü ³		震死		death by sudden shock.
chên ⁴ -tan ⁴		震旦		a Buddhist name for China.
chên ⁴ -ti ⁴		震地		to shake the earth; an earthquake. [chên ⁴]
chên ⁴ -tung ⁴		震動		shock caused by earthquake or thunder (ti ⁴)
chên ⁴ -ya ¹		震壓		to keep down by fear.
chên ⁴	手 才	振	56a18b	to move, to agitate, to raise, to stimulate, to save
chên ⁴ -chiu ⁴		振救		to save, to rescue.
chên ⁴ -hsing ¹		振興		to cause, to prosper.
chên ⁴ -shua ¹ -ching ¹ -shên ²		振刷精神		to rouse one's spirit (tou ³ sou ³ ching ¹ shên ²).
chên ⁴ -tso ⁴		振作		to excite, to stimulate, to arouse.
chên ⁴ -tung ⁴		振動		to excite, to agitate (chi ¹ fa ¹).
chên ⁴	貝	賑	56b18c	to relieve, to give, to bestow in charity.
chên ⁴ -chi ¹		賑饑		to relieve the famishing (fang ⁴ chên ⁴).
chên ⁴ -chi ⁴		賑濟		to bestow in charity (chou ¹ chi ⁴).
chên ⁴ -hsü ⁴		賑恤		to relieve and compassionate.
chên ⁴	月	朕	55c18a	I, We (of royalty, used by the emperor alone)
chên ⁴ -chih ¹		朕知		{ We know (originally a common word, but appropriated by Chin Shih Huang).
chên ⁴	女 娣	娠	56a736c	to be pregnant (also shên ¹).
chên ⁴	鳥	鳩	53b18a	poisonous, deadly.
chên ⁴	酉	醜		same.
CH'ËN ¹	口	噴	56c19a	to speak angrily, to scold.
ch'ên ¹ -hsien ²		噴嫌		anger and dislike.
ch'ên ¹ -kuai ⁴		噴怪		to sternly rebuke, to censure gravely.
ch'ên ¹	目	瞋	57a19a	to stare with anger or dislike.
ch'ên ¹ -nu ⁴		瞋怒		to stare with anger.
CH'ËN ² (t'ü)	臣	臣	57a20a	a minister, a statesman, a public servant.
ch'ên ² -huan ⁴		臣宦		officers of government generally (chung ¹ ch'ên ²)
ch'ên ² -liao ²		臣僚		same (chün ¹ ch'ên ²).
ch'ên ² -pu ⁴ -ch'ên ²		臣不臣		when the minister is false to his duty.
ch'ên ² -tsai ³		臣宰		a minister of state.
ch'ên ²	土	塵	59a20a	dust; dissipation, pleasure; carnal, worldly.
ch'ên ² -ai ²		塵埃		dust (hung ² ch'ên ²).
ch'ên ² -fun ²		塵凡		mortals.

ch'ên ² -hui ¹	塵	dust, ashes.
ch'ên ² -sha ¹	沙	dust, sand.
ch'ên ² -t'ou ²	頭	dusty (pao ⁴ tu ³).
ch'ên ² -t'u ²	塗	"dust and mud," the age, the world.
ch'ên ² -t'u ³	土	dust (ai ¹ ch'ên ²).
ch'ên ² -wei ³	尾	a duster, a fly-beater
ch'ên ² -wu ¹	污	to soil with dust.
ch'ên ²	水 彡 沈	to sink, to cause to sink; weighty.
ch'ên ² -an ⁴	沉	to put off a case with a view to dropping it.
ch'ên ² -chung ⁴	重	weighty, sedate.
ch'ên ² -hsü ¹	西	(sun) sinks in the West.
ch'ên ² -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	下去	to sink (lao ⁴ hsia ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
ch'ên ² -hsiang ¹	香	garroo wood, lign aloes (sink in water).
ch'ên ² -lun ²	淪	to perish in hades.
ch'ên ² -mi ² -pu ⁴ -fan ³	迷不返	irrevocably sunk, e. g., in vice.
ch'ên ² -mou ⁴	沒	sunk, perished.
ch'ên ² -shui ⁴	睡	fast or deep sleep (shui ⁴ shu ² liao ³).
ch'ên ² -ssü ¹	思	to think deeply.
ch'ên ² -tan ² -su ⁴ -chiang ⁴	檀速降	four sorts of incense.
ch'ên ² -ti ³	底	to sink to the bottom.
ch'ên ² -tien ¹ -tien ¹ -ti ¹	顛顛的	very heavy, bending carrying pole.
ch'ên ² -tsui ⁴	醉	very drunk (ho ¹ tsui ⁴).
ch'ên ² -yin ²	吟	bass singing; to bethink.
ch'ên ² -yin ² -pu ⁴ -yü ³	吟不語	muttering to one's self (tzü ⁴ yen ² tzü ⁴ yü ³).
ch'ên ²	阜 陣 陣	to state to; a long time; old, stale (chiu ⁴); old grain.
ch'ên ² -liang ²	陳 糧	old grain, e. g., in granaries.
ch'ên ² -liang ² .ch'ên ² .	陳 糧 陳 米	arrange, set forth in detail.
ch'ên ² -lieh ⁴	陳 列	to state clearly (ming ² yen ²).
ch'ên ² -ming ²	陳 明	dried to orange peel.
ch'ên ² -p'i ²	陳 皮	curios (imperial).
ch'ên ² -shé ⁴	陳 設	to set forth in detail.
ch'ên ² -shuo ¹	陳 說	to state clearly.
ch'ên ² -su ⁴	陳 訴	old (chiu ⁴ ti ¹).
ch'ên ² -ti ¹	陳 的	fine old vinegar,
ch'ên ² -ts'u ⁴	陳 醋	a small kind of orange (chü ³ tzü ³), properly 橙子 [71c31.
ch'ên ² -tzü ³	陳 子	a period of time, the Chinese hour 7 to 9 A. M.
ch'ên ²	辰 辰	7 to 9 o'clock A. M. (hsing ¹ ch'ên ²).
ch'ên ² -shih ²	辰 時	the third month. See note 32.
ch'ên ² -yüeh ⁴	辰 月	the imperial apartments.
ch'ên ²	宸 宸	the retired imperial palace.
ch'ên ² -kung ¹	宸 宮	the morning; bright, clear (tsao ³ ch'ên ²).
ch'ên ²	日 晨	the morning star (chi ¹ ssü ch'ên ²).
ch'ên ² -hsing ¹	晨 星	

ch'ên²-hun¹

晨昏

morning and evening.

CH'ËN³

石

礫^{59c21b}sand mixed with things, gritty.
extremely gritty (han² ch'ên³).ch'ên³-ti¹-huang³

礫的慌

CH'ËN⁴

走趁

趁^{59b21b}[of.]
to embrace (an opportunity) to avail one's self
to take advantage of an opportunity.ch'ên⁴-ch'ì¹-hui⁴

趁機會

to avail one's self of the wind. [to advantage.

ch'ên⁴-fêng¹

趁風

to cut prices, to watch the market and buy or sell
to do anything when in the mood for it.ch'ên⁴-hang²

趁行

to avail one's self of leisure.

ch'ên⁴-hsin¹

趁心

avail of the water to mix mud.

ch'ên⁴-kung⁴-êrh²

趁空兒

to take time by the forelock.

ch'ên⁴-shui³-ho²-ni²

趁水和泥

to avail one's self of his willingness. *To serve me right*ch'ên⁴-tsao³-êrh²

趁早兒

inner garments; to lie beneath.

ch'ên⁴-yüan⁴

趁愿

inner garments (p'ei² ch'ên³).ch'ên⁴

衣襯

fly-leaf, or sheet to prevent ink from soaking

ch'ên⁴-i¹

襯衣

fitting, suitable. See ch'êng¹.ch'ên⁴-chih³

襯紙

ch'ên⁴

禾

稱^{56c76a}CH'ËNG¹

彳

征^{62a74a}to go; to subjugate, to put down; to levy taxes.
to fight a battle.ch'êng¹-chan⁴

征戰

to levy duties; to capture.

ch'êng¹-c'ü³

征取

to subjugate; to attack.

ch'êng¹-fa²

征伐

to conquer.

ch'êng¹-fu²

征服

a clerk of the taxes in a magistrate's yamèn.

ch'êng¹-pi³

征比

troops sent to subjugate a place.

ch'êng¹-ping¹

征兵

to collect duties.

ch'êng¹-shou¹

征收

to claim, to demand. [M. 415.

ch'êng¹-t'ao³

征討

to wrangle, to quarrel, to contest, to litigate.

ch'êng¹

爪爭

爭^{63b29a}

to contend in battle.

ch'êng¹-chan⁴

爭戰

to wrangle (ta³ ch'ao).ch'êng¹-ch'ao¹

爭吵

energy.

ch'êng¹-ch'ü⁴

爭氣

to wrangle (fên¹ ch'êng⁴).ch'êng¹-ching⁴

爭競

rolling fat. M. 415 (p'ang⁴).ch'êng¹-fei²

爭肥

nearly (ch'a¹ pu⁴ to¹).ch'êng¹-hsieh¹

爭些

to wrangle about words (k'ou³ chiao¹).ch'êng¹-k'ou³-ch'ü⁴

爭口氣

very bright.

ch'êng¹-kuang¹

爭光

to strive for merit.

ch'êng¹-kung¹

爭功

exceedingly bright.

ch'êng¹-liang⁴

爭亮

to argue, to dispute.

ch'êng¹-lun¹

爭論

to bid against one another (p'ai¹ mai⁴).ch'êng¹-mai³-ch'êng¹-mai¹

爭買爭賣

striving for fame and gain.

ch'êng¹-ming²-to²-li⁴

爭名奪利

to begin wrangling and fighting.

ch'êng¹-nao⁴-ch'ü³-lai²

爭鬧起來

chêng ¹ -sung ⁴	爭訟	a lawsuit (kuan ¹ ssü ¹).
chêng ¹ -to ²	爭奪	to seize.
chêng ¹ -tou ⁴	爭鬪	quarrelling and fighting.
chêng ¹ -tsui ³	爭嘴	to take part in a squabble, etc.
chêng ¹	脚 蒸 64c74b	hot vapour, steam; to boil.
chêng ¹ - chêng ¹ - jih ⁴	蒸蒸日上	daily rising higher and higher.
chêng ¹ -jê ⁴	[shang ⁴] 蒸熱	steaming hot.
chêng ¹ -jou ⁴	蒸肉	to boil or steam meat.
chêng ¹ -lung ²	蒸籠	a steamer (for steaming food).
chêng ¹ -man ³ -t'ou ²	蒸饅頭	to steam, i. e., cook native bread.
chêng ¹ -mo ²	蒸饅	same (liu ⁴ mo ²).
chêng ¹	彳 徵 64c74c	evidence, to witness, to prove, to substantiate.
chêng ¹ -chao ¹	徵召	to summon.
chêng ¹ -shou ¹ -fu ⁴ -shui ⁴	徵收賦稅	to collect duties (k'ai ¹ chêng ¹).
chêng ¹ -yen ⁴	徵驗	proved; accomplished.
chêng ¹	目 睜 64a29b	to open the eyes wide, to stare.
chêng ¹ -pu ⁴ -k'ai ¹ -yen ³	睜不開眼	cannot open one's eyes.
chêng ¹ -yen ³	睜眼	to stare (k'ai ¹ yen ³ , têng ⁴ yen ³ , fa ¹ tai ¹).
chêng ¹	竹 箏 64a29b	a kite; a musical instrument (fêng ¹ chêng ¹).

CHĒNG ⁵	支 整 63a75a	whole, complete, entire; to repair, to adorn.
chêng ³ -ch'i ²	整齊	to put in order, to arrange things.
chêng ³ -chih ⁴	整治	to repair, to put in order (hsiu ¹ li ³).
chêng ³ -chuang ⁴	整壯	regular, whole.
chêng ³ -i ¹	整衣	to arrange one's dress.
chêng ³ -i ¹ -t'ien ¹	整天	an entire day (ch'êng ² t'ien ¹ chia ¹).
chêng ³ -jung ²	整容	to put in order the appearance.
chêng ³ -li ³	整理	to repair, to manage.
chêng ³ -li ³ -chia ¹ -wu ⁴	整理家務	to manage the household affairs.
chêng ³ -nien ² - chêng ³ -	整年整月	a completed year and month.
chêng ³ -t'ao ⁴	[yüeh ⁴] 整套	the whole, complete.
chêng ³ -ti ¹ -p'o ⁴ -ti ¹	整的破的	the whole and the broken (hu ¹ lun ²).
chêng ³ -t'ien ¹ -chia ¹	整天家	the whole day long; continually.
chêng ³	手 拯 64b75b	to raise, rescue. Also ch'êng ³ .
chêng ³ -chiu ⁴ -wan ⁴ -min ²	拯救萬民	to save all men.

CHĒNG ⁴	止 正 60c75b	correct, straight, regular; the first, the principal
chêng ⁴ -chi ³	正己	to rectify one's self.
chêng ⁴ -chüo ⁴	正教	the orthodox religion (among Mahomedans).
chêng ⁴ -chien ¹	正間	the middle room facing the south.
chêng ⁴ -chih ³	正直	correct, regular, straight (chên ¹ chêng ⁴).
chêng ⁴ -ch'in ³	正寢	a man's sleeping apartment.
chêng ⁴ -ching ⁴	止經	kind, honest (tuan ² chêng ⁴).

[[chên¹].

chêng ⁴ -chung ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -huai ³	正中下懷	to just suit one's ideas.
chêng ⁴ -fa ³	正法	capital punishment.
chêng ⁴ -fan ³	正反	right side, and wrong side.
chêng ⁴ -fang ²	正房	a principal room ; a lawful wife (or 室).
chêng ⁴ -fu ³	正副	the principal, and the second. †
chêng ⁴ -hao ³	正好	apropos, just time.
chêng ⁴ -hao ⁴	正號	literary appellation.
chêng ⁴ -ho ² -shih ⁴	正合式	exactly suitable.
chêng ⁴ -hsi ¹	正西	straight west (so E. N. S.).
chêng ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	正項	regular or legal amount of money.
chêng ⁴ -hsieh ²	正邪	straight and crooked ; moral and depraved.
chêng ⁴ -hsin ¹ -hsiu ¹ -shên ¹	正心修身	to rectify the heart and regulate the body.
chêng ⁴ -k'ô ¹	正料	the regular examinations for graduates.
chêng ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -lai ²	正過來	to set straight (tao ³ kuo ⁴ lai ²).
chêng ⁴ -li ³	正理	right principle or reason.
chêng ⁴ -lu ⁴	正路	the right, or straight road or way.
chêng ⁴ -mao ³	正卯	6 o'clock A. M.
chêng ⁴ -mên ²	正門	the central gate.
chêng ⁴ -mien ⁴	正面	the right side of a thing.
chêng ⁴ -p'ai ⁴	正派	respectable, exemplary.
chêng ⁴ -sé ³	正色	the standard color, a grave countenance.
chêng ⁴ -shih ³	正使	chief envoy, messenger, servant, etc.
chêng ⁴ -shih ⁴	正事	regular public business (kung' shih ⁴).
chêng ⁴ -shih ⁴ -chêng ⁴	正事正辦	proper things should be properly done.
chêng ⁴ -shih ³ -shih ² -hou ⁴	正是時候	just at the right time (ch'ia ⁴ tang ¹).
chêng ⁴ -shuo ¹	正說	just as he was speaking.
chêng ⁴ -ta ³	正大	important, weighty.
chêng ⁴ -ta ⁴ -kuang ¹ -ming ²	正大光明	important and illustrious, e. g., a religion.
chêng ⁴ -t'ai ³ -t'ai ⁴	正太太	principal wife (official).
chêng ⁴ -tang ¹	正當	exact.
chêng ⁴ -tang ¹ -chung ¹	正當中	in the exact middle.
chêng ⁴ -tang ¹ -nien ²	正當年	in one's prime, young.
chêng ⁴ -t'ang ²	正堂	the principal officer of a district ; a principal [room.
chêng ⁴ -tao ¹ -tsou ³	正道走	to go the direct road.
chêng ⁴ -tsai ⁴	正在	just as, just at.
chêng ⁴ -tsung ¹	正宗	straight-forward, correct.
chêng ⁴ -tui ⁴	正對	just opposite ; to exactly agree.
chêng ⁴ -wai ¹	正歪	straight and aslant.
chêng ⁴ -wei ⁴	正位	the principal station or seat.
chêng ⁴ -wu ³	正午	exactly noon (shang ³ wu ³).
chêng ⁴ -wu ³ -liang ³ -k'ô ⁴	正午兩刻	half-past twelve P. M.
chêng ⁴ -yao ⁴	正要	just about to.
chêng ⁴ -yen ² -li ⁴ -sé ⁴	正顏厲色	gravely.

hêng ⁴ -yin ⁴ -kuan ¹	正印官	the regular territorial mandarins with square seals.
hêng ¹ -yüeh ⁴	正月	the first month in the Chinese year (正 1st tone).
hêng ⁴	支政	to regulate, to rule, by government.
hêng ⁴ -chiao ⁴	政教	official admonitions to the people.
hêng ⁴ -chih ⁴	政治	the art of government.
hêng ⁴ -fu ³	政府	the government.
hêng ⁴ -ling ⁴	政令	the orders of government (kuo ² chêng ⁴).
hêng ⁴ -shih ⁴	政事	national affairs, politics.
hêng ⁴	手才 掙	to make an effort, to try, to struggle; to earn.
hêng ⁴ -ch'ien ²	掙錢	to earn money.
hêng ⁴ -k'ai ¹	掙開	to get rid of or free from.
hêng ⁴ -lai ²	掙來	to earn, to win.
hêng ⁴ -luan ⁴	掙斷	got free from, as horse from halter.
hêng ⁴	言 { 証	to bear witness to, to prove, to verify.
hêng ⁴	{ 證	same.
hêng ⁴ -chien ⁴	證見	to witness; a witness.
hêng ⁴ -chih ²	證質	cross-examination (tui ⁴ chih ²).
hêng ⁴ -chü ¹	證據	proof (p'ing ² chü ⁴).
hêng ⁴ -ming ²	證明	to prove clearly.
hêng ⁴ -shih ²	證實	to affirm.
hêng ⁴ -yen ⁴	證驗	proof, verification.
hêng ⁴	疰 症	illness, sickness, disease.
hêng ⁴ -hou ⁴	症候	same (ping ⁴ chêng ⁴).
CH'ENG ¹	手才 撐	to push with a pole, to scull or row, prop.
ch'êng ¹ -ch'ü ² -lai ²	撐起來	to set upright, to prop up.
ch'êng ¹ -ch'uan ²	撐船	to pole or row a boat (yao ² lu ³).
ch'êng ¹ -tu ⁴	撐渡	to pole across a river; to intrigue. [ch'ên ⁴ .
ch'êng ¹	禾 稱	to weigh; to designate; to compliment. See
ch'êng ¹ -chiang ³	稱獎	to praise (k'ua ¹ chang ³ , tsan ⁴ mei ³).
ch'êng ¹ -hsien ⁴	稱羨	to designate, to style.
ch'êng ¹ -hu ¹	稱呼	to praise, to admire.
ch'êng ¹ -sung ⁴	稱頌	to praise, to extol.
ch'êng ¹ -tê ² -ch'ü ³	稱得起	is fit to bear the name.
ch'êng ¹ -tsan ³	稱讚	to praise, to commend.
ch'êng ¹ -yang ²	稱揚	to praise, to admire.
ch'êng ¹	食 饜	to eat much (ch'an ² tsui ³).
ch'êng ¹ -huai ⁴ -liao ³	饜壞了	the stomach overloaded and hence disordered.
ch'êng ¹ (tzu)	木 撐	to prop, a shore; rung of a chair.

CH'ENG ² (tzu)	口 呈	a statement, a petition; to present, to state to.
ch'êng ² -ch'ing ³ -k'ai ¹	呈請開缺	to ask to be allowed to resign.
ch'êng ² -chuang ⁴ [ch'üeh ¹	呈狀	to hand in an indictment.

ch'êng ² -lou ⁴	呈露	to disclose, to make a discovery of.
ch'êng ² -mîng ²	呈明	to state clearly, to explain.
ch'êng ² -pao ⁴	呈報	to give in a report.
ch'êng ² -pîng ³	呈稟	to present a petition.
ch'êng ² -shang ⁴	呈上	to present to superiors.
ch'êng ² -shang ⁴ -lai ²	呈上來	hand it here (ti ⁴ chi ⁴).
ch'êng ² -sung ⁴	呈訟	to state the particulars in a case, to report.
ch'êng ² -sung ⁴	呈送	to present to.
ch'êng ² -t-ü ²	呈詞	same, a petition, a statement to government.
ch'êng ² -yüeh ⁴	呈閱	to hand in for inspection.
~ ch'êng ²	手才	to help; to receive from; to entrust to; to obey.
ch'êng ² -ch'ai ¹	承差	to receive an appointment, etc.
ch'êng ² -ch'i ⁴	承繼	to adopt (kuo ⁴ chi ⁴).
ch'êng ² -chieh ¹ [ch'uan ¹	承接	to undertake, contract for.
ch'êng ² -ch'ih ¹ -ch'êng ²	承喫承穿	to think only of food and dress.
ch'êng ² -ch'ing ²	承情	to receive kindness, to be under obligation to.
ch'êng ² -hui ⁴	承惠	to receive kindness (mêng ² ên ¹).
ch'êng ² -hsi ²	承襲	to inherit.
ch'êng ² -jên ⁴	承認	to acknowledge, to confess.
ch'êng ² -jên ⁴	承任	to fill an office.
ch'êng ² -lan ³	承攬	to undertake the responsibility (pao ¹ lan ³).
ch'êng ² -mêng ²	承蒙	to receive kindness.
ch'êng ² -shou ⁴ [ch'uan ³	承受	to receive, to inherit.
ch'êng ² -shou ⁴ -ts'ai ²	承受財產	to receive property, e. g., by a will.
ch'êng ² -s-sü ⁴	承嗣	to adopt a son (kuo ⁴ chi ⁴).
ch'êng ² -tang ¹	承當	to make one's self responsible for (an ¹ shih ⁴).
ch'êng ² -tang ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'i ³	承當不起	can't afford to be responsible for.
ch'êng ² -wên ⁴	承問	I am obliged to you for your enquiries.
ch'êng ² -ying ¹	承應	to assent, to promise (ying ¹ hsi ³).
ch'êng ²	戈	to make, to complete, to become, to effect. M. [275]
ch'êng ² -an ⁴	成案	a law precedent.
ch'êng ² -chang ¹	成章	to complete a composition.
ch'êng ² -chao ¹	成招	to confess (k'ou ³ kung ¹).
ch'êng ² -ch'i ³ -ch'êng ²	成己成人	profitable to others as well as self.
ch'êng ² -ch'i ⁴	成器	fit for some useful purpose; made into an utensil.
ch'êng ² -chia ¹	成家	to marry (of males. See chia ⁴ ch'ü ³).
ch'êng ² -chia ¹ -li ⁴ -yeh ⁴	成家立業	to successfully carry on the family fortunes.
ch'êng ² -ch'in ¹	成親	to marry (ch'ü ³ chia ⁴).
ch'êng ² -chin ⁵	成久	for the most part, ordinarily, with negative, [rarely]
ch'êng ² -chin ⁴	成就	completed; to fulfil.
ch'êng ² -ch'üan ²	成全	complete, to complete.
ch'êng ² -ch'ün ² -ta ¹ -huo ³	成羣搭夥	gangs of evil associates.
ch'êng ² -ch'ün ² -chieh ²	成羣結黨	mobs collected for unlawful ends.
	[tang ³	

ch'êng ² -fa ³	成法	the regular method.
ch'êng ² -fo ²	成佛	to become a Buddha.
ch'êng ² -ho ² -shih ⁴ .t'i ³	成何事體	what sort of conduct is that!
ch'êng ² -hsien ²	成仙	to become an immortal (Taoist).
ch'êng ² -hun ¹	成婚	to marry, consummation of marriage. [fêng ²].
ch'êng ² -i ¹	成衣	"to make clothes," a tailor or clothier (ts'ai ²
ch'êng ² -jên ²	成人	to be or become a man (fa ¹ shên ¹).
ch'êng ² kung ¹	成功	to perfect a good work, to complete one's merit.
ch'êng ² -lien ⁴	成殮	to complete all funeral ceremonies (pin ⁴ tsaug ⁴ ,
ch'êng ² -ming ⁴	成名	to gain a name, to become famous. [chuang ¹ lao ²].
ch'êng ² -pao ¹	成包	by the package; wholesale.
ch'êng ² -p'i ³	成疋	a whole piece of cloth.
ch'êng ² -sê ⁴	成色	[dice, purity of color, e. g., in silver; to win in throwing
ch'êng ² -shên ²	成神	to become a god.
ch'êng ² -shih ⁴	成事	to complete an affair.
ch'êng ² -shih ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tsu ²	成事不足	cannot accomplish.
ch'êng ² -shih ⁴ -tsai ¹ -t'ien ¹	成事在天	the disposing of events is of Heaven.
ch'êng ² -t'ien ¹ -chia ¹	成天家	continually.
ch'êng ² -t'ing ¹	成丁	to complete the age of sixteen; an adult.
ch'êng ² -wên ²	成文	to finish a composition.
ch'êng ² -wên ² -ti ¹ -ch'ien ²	成文的錢	a lot of cash (jo ⁴ kan ¹).
ch'êng ² -yang ⁴	成樣	in good taste.
ch'êng ²	土城 ^{70a77c}	a city wall, a walled town or city (i ¹ tso ⁴ ch'êng ²).
ch'êng ² -ch'iang ²	城牆	the wall of a city ('u ³ ch'êng ²).
ch'êng ² -chiao ³	城腳	the foot of a city wall (or 根).
ch'êng ² -ch'ih ²	城池	moat or ditch round a city.
ch'êng ² hao ²	城濠	same.
ch'êng ² -hsiang ¹	城廂	city and suburbs.
ch'êng ² -huang ²	城隍	tutelary god of a city. M. 198.
ch'êng ² -li ³ -kuan ¹ -wai ¹	城裏關外	city and suburbs.
ch'êng ² -lou ²	城樓	the tower above the gate of a walled city.
ch'êng ² -mên ²	城門	the gate of a city.
ch'êng ² -shou ³ -ying ²	城守營	a garrison, a commandant.
ch'êng ² -to ² -k'ou ³	城垛口	embrasures on top of wall.
ch'êng ² -wêng ⁴	城甕	the enceinte of a city gate.
ch'êng ²	言誠 ^{70c78a}	pure, honest, sincere, truth, sincerity.
ch'êng ² -hsin ¹	說心	sincerity (ch'ih ⁴ hsin ¹).
ch'êng ² -i ¹	說意	one's real intentions, purposely.
ch'êng ² -jan ² -pu ⁴ -ts'ou ⁴	誠然不錯	undoubtedly so.
ch'êng ² -k'ung ³	誠恐	really afraid.
ch'êng ² -p'ia ⁴	誠怕	same.
ch'êng ² -shih ²	誠實	sincere and honest; truly; real.
ch'êng ² -shih ² -tai ⁴ -jên ²	誠實待人	to treat men sincerely.

ch'êng²-té² 誠得
 ch'êng²-tsei²-ling² 誠則靈
 ch'êng² 皿 盛^{971b772c}
 ch'êng²-fan⁴ 盛飯
 ch'êng²-man³ 盛滿
 ch'êng²-pu³-chu⁴-hua⁴ 盛不住話
 ch'êng²-pu¹-hsia⁴ 盛不下
 ch'êng²-shui³-pu⁴-lou⁴ 盛水不漏
 ch'êng² 丿 乘^{71a772a}
 ch'êng²-ch'ao² 乘潮
 ch'êng²-ch'é¹ 乘車
 ch'êng²-chi¹-êrh²-ju¹ 乘機而入
 ch'êng²-chi¹-hui⁴ 乘機會
 ch'êng²-chiao¹ 乘轎
 ch'êng²-fa³ 乘法
 ch'êng²-fêng¹ 乘風
 ch'êng²-hsü¹ 乘虛
 ch'êng²-liang² 乘涼
 ch'êng²-ma³ 乘馬
 ch'êng² 禾 程^{67c79a}
 ch'êng²-t'u² 程途
 ch'êng²-tzū³ 程子
 ch'êng² 一 丞^{68b78c}
 ch'êng²-hsiang⁴ 丞相

CH·ÈNG³ 心 懲 懲^{72a79c}
 ch'êng³-chih⁴ 懲治
 ch'êng³-o⁴ 懲惡
 ch'êng³-pan⁴ 懲辦
 ch'êng³ 辵 逞^{68a80a}
 ch'êng³-ch'iang² 逞強
 ch'êng³-cho²-chiu³-hsing 逞着酒興
 ch'êng³-hsiung¹ 逞兇
 ch'êng³-nêng² 逞能
 ch'êng³ 手 拈 拯^{64b75b}
 ch'êng³-chiu⁴ 拯救

CH·ÈNG⁴ (tzū) 禾 秤^{72b80c}
 ch'êng⁴-hsing¹ 秤星
 ch'êng⁴-kan¹ 秤杆
 ch'êng⁴-kou-tzū³ [man³] 秤勾子
 ch'êng⁴-p'ing²-tou³ 秤平斗滿
 ch'êng⁴-t o⁴ 秤砣

very, exceedingly. M. 37.
 efficacious if you are sincere (e. g., the gods).
 to put into ; to contain, to receive. See shêng⁴.
 to hold food.
 to fill up.
 cannot keep a secret.
 cannot contain all.
 no leak, all profit and no loss.
 to ascend ; to avail one's self of, num. of sedans
 to take advantage of the tide.
 to get into cart (shêng¹ chū¹).
 to seize the chance and go in. [(ch'ên⁴ chi¹ hui⁴)]
 to embrace an opportunity, as to circumstances
 to get into a sedan.
 multiplication.
 to take advantage of a fair wind.
 to take advantage of deficiency, etc.
 to take an airing.
 to mount a horse. [measure
 to travel ; a road, a stage, a limit ; a pattern ;
 a stage in a journey (i¹ chan⁴ lu⁴).
 several days, a long time.
 to second, to assist ; an assistant (hsien⁴ ch'êng²)
 a minister of state, a prime minister (tsai
 [hsiang⁴)]

to repress, to curb, to caution, to correct.
 same.
 to admonish the evil.
 to punish crime, punishment of crime.
 presumptuous, forward, precipitate. [extremes
 forward, presumptuous ; brave, heroic ; to push to
 a drunken brawl.
 to act outrageously. [might
 forward, overweening ability ; to try with all the
 to lift up ; to save. See chêng³.
 to save (ta¹ chiu⁴).

steelyard (to weigh = 1st tone) (t'ien¹ p'ing²).
 marks on the weighing-stick.
 a weighing-stick.
 hook at the end of weighing-stick.
 strict honesty in business.
 the weight used for the steelyard.

h'êng ¹ -yen ²	秤鹽	to buy salt (retail).
HI ¹ (tzü ³) 木机	機 ^{73a333b}	a machine, a loom, to revolve, springs, motives.
hi ¹ -ch'i ⁴	機器	a machine.
hi ¹ -ch'i ⁴ -chü ²	機器局	an arsenal or machine-shop.
hi ¹ -ch'iao ³ -ling ² -li ⁴	機巧伶俐	very clever.
hi ¹ -ch'u ⁴ -tzü ³	機杼子	shuttle of loom (杼 also = shu).
hi ¹ -fang ²	機房	a weaver's shop.
hi ¹ -hsin ¹ -tso ¹ -o ⁴	機心作惡	intentional wickedness.
hi ¹ -hui ⁴	機會	opportunity.
hi ² -kuan ¹	機關	springs in machinery ; an opinion. [(pi ⁴ mi ⁴).
hi ¹ -mi ⁴	機密	secret, close, secretly ; a secret spring or cause
hi ¹ -mou ²	機謀	an artifice.
hi ¹ -pien ⁴	機變	clearness in speech (bad sense), plausible, crafty.
hi ¹ -pu ¹	機布	foreign cloth.
hi ¹	言 譏 ^{73c334b}	to ridicule, to satirize, to slander.
hi ¹ -ch'iao ⁴	譏諷	to ridicule (hsiao ⁴ hua ⁴).
hi ¹ -fêng ³	譏諷	to flatter, to cajole.
hi ¹ -tz'ü ⁴	譏刺	to ridicule.
hi ¹	食 飢 饑 ^{73c334b}	scarcity, dearth, famine, want, hunger.
hi ¹ -chin ³	饑饉	famine (chien ⁴ nicn ²).
hi ¹ -cho ² -kan ¹ -shih ²	饑者甘食	when you are hungry, everything is good to eat.
hi ¹ -han ²	饑寒	hungry and cold.
hi ¹ -huang ¹	饑荒	famine.
hi ¹ -k'o ³	饑渴	hungry and thirsty.
hi ¹ -o ⁴	饑餓	hungry, famished.
hi ¹	佳 鳥 雞 ^{74c334c}	chicken, fowl, gallinaceous birds (i ¹ chih ¹).
hi ¹	雞	same.
hi ¹ -chao ³ -fêng ¹	雞爪瘋	species of paralysis.
hi ¹ -chao ³ -lan ²	雞爪蘭	name of a flower.
hi ¹ -chao ³ -tzü ³	雞爪子	a fowl's claw.
hi ¹ -chiao ⁴	雞叫	cock-crow, clucking of hens.
hi ¹ -chiao ⁴ -i ¹ -pien ⁴	雞叫一遍	the cock crows once, i. e., for the first time.
hi ¹ -chien ¹	雞姦	unnatural crime, sodomy.
hi ¹ -ch'uan ³ -pu ⁴ -ching ¹	雞犬不驚	a feeling of absolute security.
hi ¹ -ch'uan ³ -pu ⁴ -liu ²	雞犬不留	utter extermination (in war).
hi ¹ -kuan ¹ -hua ¹	雞冠花	the cockscomb flower.
hi ¹ -kuan ¹ -tzü ³	雞冠子	the comb of a cock.
hi ¹ -luan ³	雞卵	hens' eggs.
hi ¹ -mao ³	雞毛	hens' feathers.
hi ¹ -mao ² -pao ⁴	雞毛報	an urgent despatch.
hi ¹ -ming ²	雞鳴	crowing of a cock.
hi ¹ -p'ien ⁴	雞片	sliced chicken.

chì ¹ -ssü ¹ -ch'ên ²	鷄司晨	the cock heralds the dawn.
chì ¹ -su ⁴ -tzu ³	鷄嗉子	the crop of a fowl.
chì ¹ -tan ⁴	鷄蛋	hens' eggs (chì ¹ tzu ³).
chì ¹ -tan ⁴ -ch'ing ¹	鷄蛋青	white of an egg.
chì ¹ -tan ⁴ huang ²	鷄蛋黃	yolk of an egg.
chì ¹ -tan ⁴ -kao ¹	鷄蛋餅	sponge cake.
chì ¹ -tan ⁴ -k'o ¹ -rh	鷄蛋壳兒	shell of an egg.
chì ¹ -tan ⁴ -p'êng ¹ -shan ¹	鷄蛋碰山	fig. a certain smash.
chì ¹ -tzu ³	鷄子	hens' eggs (tan ⁴).
chì ¹ -yen ³	鷄眼	"fowls' eyes," warts, corns (yü ² yen ²).
chì ¹	糸 績 77b986c	to wind silk; meritorious deeds; business, affairs.
chì ¹ fang ³	績紡	to spin, to wind.
chì ¹ -kung ¹	績功	merit (kung ¹ lao ⁴).
chì ¹ lao ² -ch'êng ² -chì ²	績勞成疾	to become ill through toil.
chì ¹ -shih ⁴	績事	an affair.
chì ¹	手 才 擊 81c395b	to strike, to beat; to rush against.
chì ¹ -chang ³	擊掌	to strike with the hand.
chì ¹ -ku ³	擊鼓	to beat a drum (lei ² ku ³).
chì ¹ kung ¹	擊攻	to attack an enemy.
chì ¹ -p'o ⁴	擊破	to attack and defeat.
chì ¹ -ta ³	擊打	to beat.
chì ¹ -yüan ¹	*擊窺	[wrongs (han ³ yüan ¹).
chì ¹	禾 稽 83b335b	to strike the drum to call attention to one's
chì ¹ -ch'a ²	稽察	to examine into, to beat; to compare; to bow.
chì ¹ -sung ²	稽顙	to examine, to inspect. [notices].
chì ¹ -shou ³	稽首	to prostrate while in mourning (on funeral
chì ¹	水 澗 83c395a	same.
chì ¹ -ch'êng ² -shih ⁴ -tuan ¹	激成事端	water rushing past rocks; gratitude; to rouse.
chì ¹ -fô ¹	激發	to stir up trouble.
chì ¹ -li ⁴	激勵	to egg on, to stimulate (kan ² chì ¹ pu ⁴ chin ⁴).
chì ¹ -lich ⁴	激烈	to stimulate, to excite.
chì ¹ -pien ⁴ -jên ² -hsin ¹	激變人心	to rouse the feelings.
chì ¹	禾 積 77a986c	to force people into rebellion. [(chu ⁴ shou ¹).
chì ¹ -chiu ³	積久	to accumulate, to collect together, to hoard
chì ¹ -ch'u ³	積儲	hoarded up for a long time.
chì ¹ -chü ⁴	積聚	to gather together, an obstruction in the bowels.
chì ¹ -fu ² -chì ¹ shou ⁴	積福積壽	to accumulate, to gather together (shon ¹ ts'ang ²).
chì ¹ hsi ⁴	積善	to lay up happiness and longevity.
chì ¹ -kung ¹ -té ²	積功積德	to pile up, to accumulate.
chì ¹ -shan ⁴	積善	to store up merit.
chì ¹ -shao ⁴ -ch'êng ² -to ¹	積少成多	to accumulate virtue (Buddhist).
chì ¹ -shu ¹	積書	small savings make large gains.
chì ¹ -tê ²	積德	a collection of books (ts'ang ² shu ¹).
		to store up virtue (Buddhist).

chí ¹ -ts'ai ²	積財	to accumulate wealth.
chí ¹ -tsan ³	積贊	to hoard up.
chí ¹ -ts'uo ³ ts'un ² -liang ²	積草存糧	to provide fodder for war.
chí ¹ -ya ¹	積壓	to pile up.
chí ¹ yin ¹ -kung ¹	積陰功	to store up secret merits.
chí ¹	土基	a foundation, to found; a patrimony; a possession.
chí ¹ -kên ¹	根基	a foundation; a good constitution.
chí ¹ tu ¹	基督	Christ
chí ¹ -wei ²	基圍	banks to prevent a river overflowing.
chí ¹ -yeh ⁴	基業	patrimony, possessions (ch'an ³ yeh ⁴).
chí ¹	肉肌	the human flesh, the body.
chí ¹ -fu ⁴	肌膚	the body, the skin.
chí ¹ -pa ¹	肌巴	the male organ of generation.
chí ¹ -shou ¹ -mien ⁴ -huang ²	肌瘦面黃	the body thin, and the face pallid; emaciated.
chí ¹	水汲	to draw water out of a well, to draw forth.
chí ¹ -shui ³	汲水	to draw water (ta ³ shui ³).
chí ¹	竹箕	a sieve or winnowing basket; name of a star
chí ¹ -hsing ¹	箕星	the star Sagittarius.
chí ¹	几几	a small table (cho ¹ tzü ³).
chí ¹ -an ⁴	几案	a bench or table.
chí ¹	角觶	horns, antlers.
chí ¹ -chiao ¹	觶角	horns, reentering corner.
chí ¹	足跡	a footprint, a track, a trace.
chí ¹	足迹	same.
chí ¹ -tsung ¹	迹蹤	a trace (tsung ¹ chí ¹).
chí ¹	乙乩	to divine by means of sand (fu ² luan ²).
chí ¹ -pu ³	* 乩卜	same.
chí ¹	口唧	the noise of many voices.
chí ¹ -chí ¹ -ku ¹ -ku ¹	唧唧咕咕	clamour, noise.
chí ¹	石磯	stone steps, any steps; an impediment.
CHI ²	吉	auspicious, fortunate, lucky, good (chên ¹).
chí ² -chao ⁴	吉兆	a favourable omen (hsiang ⁴ chao ⁴).
chí ² -ch'ing ⁴	吉慶	happiness and joy.
chí ² -hsiang ³	吉祥	happiness and bliss, auspicious, lucky.
chí ² -hsing ¹	吉星	a lucky star.
chí ² hsing ¹ -kao ¹ -chao ⁴	吉星高照	may a lucky star shine on you from aloft.
chí ² -hsiang ¹	吉凶	auspicious and inauspicious, good and evil.
chí ² -jên ² -t'ien ¹ -hsiang ⁴	吉人天相	Heaven aids the good man.
chí ² -jih ⁴	吉日	a lucky day (hsüan ³ tsé ² chí ² jih ⁴).
chí ² -li ⁴	吉利	auspicious (words).
chí ² -shih ⁴	吉事	a fortunate affair.
chí ² -ti ⁴	吉地	Imperial tombs.

<i>chi</i> ²	卽	卽 ^{82b984a}	now, immediately, then, near; urgent; if, M. even if, even in case [475, 482.]
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>huo</i> ⁴		卽或	this day, this very day.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>jih</i> ⁴		卽日	immediately, at once (li ⁴ k'o ⁴).
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>k'o</i> ⁴		卽刻	even if, even in case.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>pien</i> ⁴		卽便	immediately.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>shih</i> ³		卽時	supposing it to be for a moment.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>shih</i> ² - <i>chien</i> ¹		卽時間	that is, just so, the same as,
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>shih</i> ⁴		卽是	with speed, urgently, instantly.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>su</i> ²		卽速	early, in good season, beforehand.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>tsao</i> ³		卽早	just this, only this.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>tz'u</i> ³		卽此	near or just noon.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>wu</i> ³		卽午	to use immediately. [(tsui ⁴ , hên ³ , chi ²).
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>yung</i> ⁴		卽用	the utmost, the farthest point, extreme. M. 396.
<i>chi</i> ²	木	極 ^{80b393a}	very clear.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>ch'ing</i> ¹ - <i>ch'u</i> ³		極清楚	the acme, the extreme of.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>ch'u</i> ³		極處	extremely good, excellent (shên ⁴ hao ³).
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>hao</i> ³		極好	very good-looking.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>hao</i> ³ - <i>k'an</i> ⁴		極好看	extremely delighted.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>lé</i> ⁴		極樂	most excellent or beautiful.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>mei</i> ³		極美	most admirable
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>miao</i> ⁴		極妙	exceedingly difficult.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>nan</i> ²		極難	the greatest (t'ai ⁴ chi ²).
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>ta</i> ⁴		極大	extremely safe, extremely satisfactory.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>t'o</i> ³ - <i>tang</i> ¹		極妥當	extremely sad.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>yu</i> ¹ - <i>ch'ou</i> ²		極憂愁	hurried, anxious, hasty, pressed, embarrassed.
<i>chi</i> ²	心	急 ^{84b393c}	an acute disease.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>ch'eng</i> ⁴		急症	breathless emotion.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>hou</i> ¹ - <i>hou</i> ¹ - <i>ti</i> ¹		急齁齁的	impatient disposition.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>hsing</i> ⁴		急性	hasty, anxious (chao ² chi ²).
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>huang</i> ³		急慌	hasty (su ²).
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>mang</i> ²		急忙	a strait, an emergency.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>nan</i> ¹		急難	bursting with rage (ch'i ⁴ ti ¹ lüan ⁴ pêng ⁴).
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>p'eng</i> ¹ - <i>p'eng</i> ¹ - <i>ti</i> ¹		急綑綑的	pressed, urged.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>p'o</i> ⁴		急迫	hurried to death.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>ssü</i> ³		急死	perturbed, excited.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>tsao</i> ⁴		急噪	hurried.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>ts'u</i> ⁴		急促	a pressing need.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>yung</i> ⁴		急用	sudden illness, any sickness; quick; a trouble.
<i>chi</i> ²	疒	疾 ^{87a983b}	grieved, troubled.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>huan</i> ⁴		疾患	in bad health, illness (ping ⁴ chêng ⁴).
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>p'ing</i> ⁴		疾病	hasty, rapid.
<i>chi</i> ² - <i>su</i> ²		疾速	arriving at, up to; and, at, to; to connect with.
<i>chi</i> ²	又	及 ^{78b394a}	

hi ² chih ⁴	及至	when. M. 421.
hi ² .i ¹ .nien ²	及一年	as long as a year.
hi ² .ti ⁴	反第	the highest grade in an examination.
hi ²	二 亟	80b393a haste, prompt ; urgently.
hi ² .su ²	亟速	hastily, speedily, urgently, in a hurry.
hi ²	系 級	79a394c series, steps, or degrees ; a grade ; classed, sorted.
hi ² -chieh ¹	級階	a step, steps (t'ai ² chieh ¹).
hi ²	佳 集	85c985a to collect, to assemble ; a market.
hi ² -chung ⁴	集衆	a multitude
hi ² -hui ¹	集會	to assemble together, to congregate (kan ³ chi ²).
hi ²	竹 籍	85a985c a list ; a book ; the place one's ancestors belonged
hi ² -kuan ⁴	籍貫	a person's birth place (shu ¹ chi ²). [to.
hi ² -kuan ⁴ .pu ⁴ .ch'ing ¹	籍貫不清	uncertain origin (of a person).
hi ²	艸 蒺	87a984a gorse (ko ² chèn ¹).
hi ² -li ²	蒺藜	gorse, caltrop.
hi ² (tzǎ)	禾 稷	85b987b panicked millet.
CHI ³	么 幾	72b333a some, several, a few ; how many ? about, nearly.
hi ³ .chi ³ .hu ¹	幾乎	almost, nearly, about. M. 138. (ch'a ¹ pu ⁴ to ¹).
hi ³ ch'u ⁴	幾處	how many places ? (or a few p.).
hi ³ chü ⁴ -hua ⁴	幾句話	a few sentences.
hi ³ -érh ²	幾而	when ? whenever.
hi ³ -fèn ⁴	幾分	several parts, some, a portion.
hi ³ -fèn ⁴ .pu ⁴ .hsin ⁴	幾分不信	to believe only a part.
hi ³ -hsia ⁴ -chung ¹	幾下鐘	what o'clock ?
hi ³ -hu ¹	幾乎	almost (shu ¹ chi ²).
hi ³ -hui ²	幾回	several times ; how often ?
hi ³ -huo ³	幾夥	how many ?
hi ³ -jih ⁴	幾日	how many days ? several days.
hi ³ -ko ⁴	幾個	how many ? several, some. M. 114. [hardly ever.
hi ³ -kung ¹	幾工	how many days' work ? with a negat. rarely,
hi ³ -ming ²	幾名	several persons ; how many persons ?
hi ³ -nien ²	幾年	how many years ? several years.
hi ³ -shih ²	幾十	several tens,
hi ³ -shih ²	幾時	when ? what time ? M. 231.
hi ³ -shih ² -lai ² -ti ¹	幾時來的	when did you come ? (to ¹ tsan ¹ lai ² ti ¹).
hi ³ -sui ⁴	幾歲	how old are you ? (to a child) (kao ¹ shou ⁴).
hi ³ -tien ³ .chung ¹	幾點鐘	what is the time ? (by the clock).
hi ³ .t'ien ¹	幾天	several days ; how many days ?
hi ³ -to ¹	幾多	how many ? (to ¹ shao ³).
hi ³ -tsan ¹	幾階	when ? (to ¹ tsan ¹).
hi ³ -tz'ü ⁴	幾次	several times ; how many times ?
hi ³ -yang ⁴	幾樣	how many kinds (or a few k.).

chī³ 手 擠 75c964b
 chī³.chū¹-lā¹ 擠住喇
 chī³.chū¹-shou³.liāo³ 擠住手了
 chī³-ku³ 擠鼓
 chī³-nāi³ 擠奶
 chī³ p'ō⁴.lā¹ 擠破喇
 chī³.pu tung⁴ 擠不動
 chī³-shui³ 擠水
 chī³-ssū³ liāo³ 擠死了
 chī³.tē²-huang³ 擠出慌
 chī³ yēn³ 擠眼
 chī³ yung³ 擠擁
 chī³.yung³-pu⁴-t'ou⁴ 擠擁不透
 chī³ 己 己 87b337a
 chī³.ch'in¹ 己親
 chī³-shēn¹ 己身
 chī³ 肉 春 84c986a
 chī³-liang² 春梁
 chī³-liang².ku³ 春梁骨
 chī³-pei⁴ 春背
 chī³ 戈 戟 89a392b
 chī³ 魚 鯽 83b984c
 chī³ 网 罾 76b964b
 chī³-ch'u¹-chih¹-lai² 罾出汁來
 chī³ (tzi) 虫 蟻 73b337c
 chī³ 糸 給 88c393c

to push, to press upon, to crowd.
 pressed tightly.
 hand closed tight; "hard up."
 to wink (chia¹ ku³).
 to milk. e. g., a cow (lo³ niu² nai³).
 bruised by pressing.
 can't budge (for the crowd).
 to force up water, as with pump.
 crushed to death (in a crowd).
 extremely crowded.
 to wink the eye (chia¹ ku³, cha² yen³).
 to press upon, to crowd.
 impassably crowded (yung³ chi³ pu⁴ t'ou⁴).
 one's self. private, selfish.
 one's self; one's relatives.
 one's own body or person. [of root
 the spine, a ridge, the back of anything, to press ridge
 the spine, the back (also niang').
 same.
 the back.
 a lance, a spear, a trident.
 name of a small fish; the bream.
 to squeeze out with the hand.
 to press the juice out.
 a nit.
 give—See kei³.

CHI⁴ 言 記 87c340b
 chī⁴-chang⁴ 記賬
 chī⁴.ch'ing¹ 記清
 chī⁴-ch'ou² 記仇
 chī⁴ chu⁴ 記住
 chī⁴-hao⁴-êrh² 記號兒
 chī⁴ hsin⁴ 記心
 chī⁴-hsing⁴ 記性
 chī⁴.lu⁴ 記錄
 chī⁴-mìng² 記名
 chī⁴.nien¹ 記念
 chī⁴.pu⁴-ch'ing¹ 記不清
 chī⁴ pu⁴.kuo¹-lai² 記不過來
 chī⁴-shih¹ pu⁴ 記事簿
 chī⁴-tē² 記得
 chī⁴-tsai⁴ 記載

to remember, to recollect, to know, to record
 to put down to one's account.
 a distinct recollection, to remember clearly.
 to hold a grudge.
 to hold in memory.
 to mark a mark or sign; a mark or sign.
 memory.
 memory, recollection.
 to record.
 to record name of, to make a list of persons.
 to remember, think of (wang⁴ chi⁴).
 cannot clearly recall.
 cannot remember it.
 a log-book or diary.
 to remember.
 to put or record in history, essay, etc.

chí ⁴ -ts'ó ⁴	言	記錯	incorrectly remembered.
chí ⁴		計 ^{90b338a}	to reckon, to calculate, to plan; a stratagem.
chí ⁴ -chiao ⁴		計較	to consult, to argue; to compare.
chí ⁴ -chung ⁴		計重	the amounts.
chí ⁴ -k'ai ⁴ -chang ⁴ -mu ⁴		計開賬目	reckon up the accounts.
chí ⁴ -mou ²		計謀	to scheme, to plot (kuei ³ chí ⁴ to ¹ tuan ¹).
chí ⁴ -pu ⁴		計簿	an account book.
chí ⁴ -suan ⁴		計算	to reckon, to calculate, to count.
chí ⁴ -tien ³		計點	to reckon, to count.
chí ⁴ -ts'é ⁴		計策	any plan; strategy, contrivance.
chí ⁴	→	寄 ^{74b339a}	temporarily, to entrust with, to send by, to lodge.
chí ⁴ -chiao ¹		寄交	to transmit, to send by post. [indulge.]
chí ⁴ -ch'ing ²		寄情	to addict one's self to, to take delight in, to
chí ⁴ -chü ¹		寄居	to dwell temporarily in a place (chan ⁴ chü ¹).
chí ⁴ -chü-t'a ¹ -kuo ²		寄居他國	to stop in another state.
chí ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴		寄去	to send to.
chí ⁴ -fang ⁴ -ch'ü ³ -lai ²		寄放起來	to deposit with anyone.
chí ⁴ -hsin ⁴		寄信	to send a letter by a person (shao ¹ hsin ⁴).
chí ⁴ -i		寄意	to send one's wishes by a person.
chí ⁴ -mai ⁴		寄賣	to commission a person to sell,
chí ⁴ -shêng ¹		寄生	a parasite; a flatterer.
chí ⁴ -shêng ¹ -ts'ao ³		寄生草	parasitic plants,
chí ⁴ -sung ⁴		寄送	to send.
chí ⁴ -t'ó ¹		寄託	to entrust with, to commission,
chí ⁴ -ts'un ² -yin ² -liang ³		寄存銀兩	to deposit silver.
chí ⁴ -yü ⁴		寄寓	to lodge temporarily.
chí ⁴	示	祭 ^{89b965b}	to sacrifice the gods; to worship.
chí ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴		祭器	sacrificial utensils or vessels.
chí ⁴ -chü ³		祭酒	a Libationer of the Imperial Academy.
chí ⁴ -chü ³		祭主	the director in offering sacrifices.
chí ⁴ -ju ² -tsai ⁴		祭如在	to sacrifice as if present.
chí ⁴ -lü ⁴ -k'ou ³		祭路口	sacrifice at cross-roads (e. g., in epidemic).
chí ⁴ -sao ³		祭掃	to sacrifice at the tombs of relatives.
chí ⁴ -shên ²		祭神	to sacrifice to the gods.
chí ⁴ -ssü ¹		祭司	an overseer of sacrifices, a priest.
chí ⁴ -ssü ⁴		祭祀	to sacrifice and worship.
chí ⁴ -tao ³		祭禱	to sacrifice and pray.
chí ⁴ -tien ⁴		祭奠	to pour out wine in sacrifice.
chí ⁴ -tien ⁴ -wang ² -ling ²		祭奠亡靈	sacrifices to the soul of the departed.
chí ⁴ -t'ien ¹		祭天	to sacrifice to Heaven. [yeh ²].
chí ⁴ -tsao ⁴		祭竈	to make offerings to the kitchen God (tsao ⁴
chí ⁴ -tsu ³		祭祖	to sacrifice to ancestors (tsu ³ tsung ¹).
chí ⁴ -wên ²		祭文	a written prayer read at a sacrifice.

- chi⁴ → 寂^{89b985b}
 chi⁴-chi⁴-wu²-shêng¹ 寂寂無聲
 chi⁴-ching⁴ 寂靜
 chi⁴-jan²-pu⁴-tung⁴ 寂然不動
 chi⁴-mo⁴ 寂寞
 chi⁴ 手才 技^{108a347c}
 chi⁴-ch⁴'iao³ 技巧
 chi⁴-nêng² 技能
 chi⁴ 糸 緝^{107a988a}
 chi⁴-huo⁴ 緝獲
 chi⁴-pu³ 緝捕
 chi⁴-tao³ 緝盜
 chi⁴ 繼^{93a338b}
 chi⁴-fu⁴ 繼父
 chi⁴-hsien² 繼妾
 chi⁴-hsü⁴ 繼續
 chi⁴-mu³ 繼母
 chi⁴-p⁴'ei⁴ 繼配
 chi⁴-shih³ 繼室
 chi⁴-ssü⁴ 繼嗣
 chi⁴ 无 既^{91b339b}
 chi⁴-jan² 既然
 chi⁴-jan²-ju²-tz⁴'ü³ 既然如此
 chi⁴-shih⁴ 既是
 chi⁴-tsai⁴ 既在
 chi⁴-wang³-pu⁴-chiu⁴ 既往不咎
 chi⁴ 木 棘^{92b392c}
 chi⁴-ch⁴'iang² 棘牆
 chi⁴-jên² 棘人
 chi⁴-li³ 棘刺
 chi⁴-shou³ 棘手
 chi⁴ 糸 繫^{421a181a}
 chi⁴-chieh¹-shih⁴ 繫結實
 chi⁴-chin³-liao³ 繫繫了
 chi⁴-huo²-k⁴'ou⁴ 繫活扣
 chi⁴-tui³ 繫帶
 chi⁴ 心 忌^{88b340c}
 chi⁴-ch⁴'ên² 忌辰
 chi⁴-hên⁴ 忌恨
 chi⁴-hui⁴ 忌諱
 chi⁴-jih⁴ 忌日
 chi⁴-k⁴'ou³ 忌口
 chi⁴-shih²-shêng¹-lêng³ 忌食生冷
 silent, still, quiet, repose.
 very quiet.
 perfect stillness.
 in a state of inactivity.
 solitary.
 expert in arms, skillful; talent, ability.
 artful, clever, ingenious.
 ability, talent.
 to pursue closely, to seize, to bind.
 to pursue and seize.
 to apprehend.
 to capture thief (pu³ pan¹).
 a line of succession, successively, hereditary
 a step-father (kuo⁴ chi⁴).
 second wife.
 a widower marrying again.
 a step-mother.
 second wife (hou⁴ hun¹).
 second wife.
 to adopt a son.
 finished, ended; since, having. M. 309.
 since, as it is, or, if it be already so.
 namely. *since*
 same.
 let bygones be bygones.
 a thorny bush used for making fences, to fence
 a thorny fence (ching¹ chi⁴).
 'the mourner' on funeral cards.
 thorns, burrs (ching¹ chi⁴).
 to meddle, to get into a scrape; difficult.
 to connect, to tie, to bind; related to. See *hsi*
 tied firmly.
 tied tightly.
 to tie a slip-knot.
 to tie a sash.
 to dislike, to envy, to fear, to shun, to avoid.
 a sacrifice on the anniversary of any one's death
 to hate.
 superstitious avoiding of things, words, etc.
 the day of a Emperor's or Empress's death, also
 to abstain from food, to fast (chin⁴ shih²). [friend¹]
 to avoid eating and grow cold.

hi ⁴ -tu ³		忌賭	
hi ⁴ -yen ¹		忌烟	
hi ⁴	禾	紀	87b337a
hi ⁴ -lu ¹		紀錄	
hi ⁴ -shih ⁴		紀事	
hi ⁴	水 彳	濟	76a964c
hi ⁴ -k'u ³ -nan ⁴		濟苦難	
hi ⁴ -p'in ²		濟貧	
hi ³ -shih ⁴ -an ¹ -min ²		濟世安民	
hi ⁴	女	妓	81a341b
hi ⁴ -chia ¹		妓家	
hi ⁴ -nü ³		妓女	
hi ⁴	女	嫉	87a984a
hi ⁴ -tu ⁴		嫉妬	
hi ⁴	子	季	91a339c
hi ⁴ -ch'ün ¹		季春	
hi ⁴ -nien ²		季年	
hi ⁴	刀 刂	劑	75c964c
hi ⁴	足 跡 迹	蹟	77c985b
hi ⁴	尸 屐	屐	81b392c
hi ⁴	髻 髻	髻	86c338c
hi ⁴ -huan ²		髻鬢	
hi ⁴	卓	際	90a965c

CHI ¹	一 柒	七	101b987b
ch'i ¹ -ch'ang ² -pa ¹ -tuan ³		七長八短	
ch'i ¹ -ch'eh ² -pa ¹ -k'ou ⁴		七折八扣	
ch'i ¹ -ch'ên ⁴		七政	
ch'i ¹ -ch'i ¹		七七	
ch'i ¹ -ch'iao ³ -t'u ²		七巧圖	
ch'i ¹ -ch'iao ⁴		七竅	
ch'i ¹ -ch'iao ⁴ -lou ¹ -k'ung ¹		七竅露空	
ch'i ¹ -ch'ing ²		七情	
ch'i ¹ -ch'u ¹		七出	
ch'i ¹ -chua ¹ -pa ¹ -na ²		七抓八拏	
ch'i ¹ -hsi ¹		七夕	
ch'i ¹ -hsien ²		七弦	
ch'i ¹ -hsing ¹		七星	
ch'i ¹ -hsing ¹ -pao ³ -chien ⁴		七星寶劍	
ch'i ¹ -hsiung ²		七雄	
ch'i ¹ -jih ⁴ -lai ² -fu ⁴		七日來復	
ch'i ¹ -ku ³ -pa ¹ -ch'a ⁴		七股八杈	
ch'i ¹ -ling ² -pa ¹ -lo ⁴		七零八落	

to quit gambling.
to break off opium habit.
to record, to arrange and number ; age.
to place on record.
to make a memorandum.
to assist, to be beneficial to.
to aid the distressed (chou¹ chi⁴).
to assist the poor.
to help the age and pacify the people.
singing girls, prostitutes.
prostitutes (ch'ang¹ chi⁴).
same.
jealousy, envy, aversion, hatred.
envy, envious, jealous ; to envy (tu⁴ chi⁴).
the seasons, the last month of each quarter.
the end of spring.
the end of the year.
to adjust, a dose (of medicine).
to bequeath ; traces, footprints. See tsung¹ chi⁴.
wooden pattens for muddy weather (ni² chi⁴).
dressed hair of Chinese women.
same.
time, period, juncture, crisis, opportunity.

seven (1 before 1, 2, 3 ; 2 before 4) written = 柒.
long and short, scandal (shih⁴ fei¹). [yamên.
seven or eight parts in ten, e. g., squeezes in
"the seven rulers"—sun, moon, and five planets,
a puzzle, consisting of seven pieces of paste board.
"the seven holes"—eyes, ears, nostrils and mouth.
"seven sevens" of mourning. [Confucius.
the seven openings with upward turn, e. g.,
"the seven passions." R. 332. [cianism. R. 330.
seven reasons for divorce according to Confu-
snatch and grab, meddle with.
the 7th evening of the 7th month. See Note 6.
a sort of banjo.
"the seven stars," Charles's wain.
two-edged sword, ornamented with copper rivets.
seven nobles of the Contending Kingdoms.
recurrence of the 7th day (Sabbath?).
at loose ends, tangled (luan⁴ ch'i¹ pa¹ tsao⁴).
scattered about in all directions.

ch'i ¹ -pa ¹ -ch'êng ² -êrh ²	七八成兒	seven or eight chances out of ten in favor,
ch'i ¹ -shih ²	七十	seventy.
ch'i ¹ -shou ³ -pa ¹ -chiao ³	七手八腳	too many cooks spoil the broth.
ch'i ¹ -ta ¹ -pa ¹ -hsiao ³	七大八小	different sizes.
ch'i ¹ -tsui ³ -pa ¹ -shê ³	七嘴八舌	conflicting opinions, a tattler's gossip.
ch'i ¹ -tung ¹ -pa ¹ -hsi ¹	七東八西	in disorder (luan ⁴ ch'i ¹ pa ¹ tsao ¹).
ch'i ¹ -yen ² -pa ¹ -yii ³	七言八語	conflicting opinions.
ch'i ¹ -wai ³ -pa ¹ -niu ³	七歪八扭	crooked, bent out of shape.
ch'i ¹ -yüeh ⁴ -ch'i ¹	*七月七	the 7th day of the 7th month, a Chinese holiday.
ch'i ¹	女妻 ^{93c966a}	a wife.
ch'i ¹ -ch'ieh ⁴	妻妾	wives and concubines.
ch'i ¹ -êrh ² -lao ³ -hsiao ³	妻兒老小	the entire family.
ch'i ¹ -fang ²	妻房	"wife's house," a wife (chia ¹ chüan ⁴).
ch'i ¹ -nü ³	妻女	a wife and daughter.
ch'i ¹ -ti ⁴	妻弟	a brother-in-law.
ch'i ¹ -tzu ³	妻子	wives and children; a wife (chia ¹ li ²).
ch'i ¹	水漆 ^{97b987c}	varnish, lacquer (yu ² ch'i ¹ chiang ⁴).
ch'i ¹ -ch'í ⁴	漆器	lacquer ware.
ch'i ¹ -hei ¹	漆黑	jet black (read ch'ü ¹ hei ¹).
ch'i ¹ -huo ⁴	漆貨	lacquered goods.
ch'i ¹ -lu ⁴	漆綠	green paint.
ch'i ¹ -shu ⁴	漆樹	the varnish tree.
ch'i ¹ -yao ³ -jên ²	漆咬人	varnish poisons (some) people.
ch'i ¹	月期 ^{98b344a}	a fixed period, a set time, a time agreed on.
ch'i ¹ -fu ²	期服	one year's mourning (for uncles or elder brothers).
ch'i ¹ -man ³	期滿	expiration of a time.
ch'i ¹ -wang ⁴	期望	to expect.
ch'i ¹ -yüeh ⁴	期月	the space of a month.
ch'i ¹	欠欺 ^{100b342a}	to deceive, to impose on, to insult.
ch'i ¹ -chiün ¹	欺君	to deceive one's sovereign.
ch'i ¹ -fu ⁴	欺負	to insult.
ch'i ¹ -hung ³	欺哄	to deceive by falsehood.
ch'i ¹ -juan ³ -p'a ⁴ -ying ⁴	欺軟怕硬	insulting the weak but fearing the strong.
ch'i ¹ -ku ¹ -mich ⁴ -kua ³	欺孤滅寡	cruelty towards widows and orphans.
ch'i ¹ -p'ien ⁴	欺騙	to cheat.
ch'i ¹ -shan ⁴ -p'a ⁴ -o ⁴	欺善怕惡	insulting the good and afraid of the bad. [k'ô ⁴
ch'i ¹ -shên ¹	欺生	to insult, or impose on strangers (tso ⁴ chia ¹ ch'i ¹
ch'i ¹ -t'ien ¹ -ta ⁴ -tsui ⁴	欺天大罪	the great sin of insulting Heaven.
ch'i ¹ -wu ³	欺侮	to deceive, to impose on, to insult.
ch'i ¹ -ya ¹	欺壓	to impose on, to oppress (hung ³ p'ien ⁴).
ch'i ¹	凄 ^{94b966a}	intense cold; grief.
ch'i ¹ -ch'i ¹	凄凄	intense cold; lonely (ling ² ting ¹).
ch'i ¹ -lêng ³	凄冷	cold; lonely (lêng ³ ch'ing ¹).

* Note 6.

h'i ¹ -liang ²		淒涼	cold ; solitary.
h'i ¹	心	悽 ^{94b966a}	pain, sorrow, grief, commiseration.
ch'i ¹ -kan ²		悽感	to commiserate.
ch'i ¹ -pei ¹		悽悲	to compassionate (tz'ü ² pei ¹).
ch'i ¹ -ts'a ¹		悽慘	sorrowful, melancholy. [(also hsi ¹).
h'i ¹	木 栖	棲 ^{94b788c}	a roost, to roost or perch ; a dwelling place
h'i ¹ -chih ³		棲止	to rest.
h'i ¹ -liu ² -so ³		棲流所	a refuge for vagrants.
h'i ¹ -shên ¹		棲身	a place of abode.
h'i ¹	水	沏 ^{102a977c}	to pour boiling water on tea, to <i>make</i> tea.
ch'i ¹ -ch'a ²		沏茶	to make tea (p'ao ⁴ , k'ai ¹ , tao ¹).
ch'i ¹ -ch'a ² -lai ²		沏茶來	make the tea and fetch it.
h'i ¹ (tsu ¹)	口	噓 ^{1169a1014c}	whispers
ch'i ¹ -ch'i ¹ -cha ¹ -cha ¹		噓噓嗒嗒	whispering and chattering.
h'i ¹	艸	葺 ^{107a988c}	to repair, put in order.
ch'i ¹ -li ³		葺理	to repair, to cultivate (hsi ¹ li ³).
h'i ¹	山	崎 ^{95a342a}	steep, abrupt (ton ³).
ch'i ¹ -ch'ü ¹		崎嶇	rough and irregular as a mountain path.
CH·I ²	齊 齊	齊 ^{105a966b}	even, regular, correct, complete ; to adjust.
h'i ² -chang ⁴		齊賬	to collect all accounts.
h'i ² -chéng ³		齊整	orderly, even, neat, complete. [tion.
h'i ² -chi ²		齊集	assembled together, <i>e. g.</i> , students for examina-
h'i ² -chia ¹		齊家	to regulate a family (li ³ chin ¹).
h'i ² -chin ¹ -chih ⁴ -kuo ²		齊家治國	to govern the family and rule the State.
h'i ² -chieh ²		齊截	even, regular, all ready.
h'i ² -ch'üan ²		齊全	complete, regular.
h'i ² -chung ¹		齊中	the middle.
h'i ² -hang ² -pa ¹ -shih ⁴		齊行霸市	to unite to keep up prices, to "corner."
h'i ² -hsin ¹ -ho ² -i ⁴		齊心合意	of one heart and one mind.
h'i ² -hsin ¹ -nu ³ -li ¹		齊心努力	unanimous use of strength.
h'i ² -ko ⁴ -ch'a ¹		齊各(個)齧	snapped off square in two. [time.
h'i ² -kuo ²		齊國	the modern Shantung, so called in Confucius'
h'i ² -mei ² -kun ⁴		齊眉棍	a fencing staff.
h'i ² -pei ⁴ -liao ³		齊備了	completed, prepared, ready.
h'i ² -shéng ⁴	[ti ¹	齊盛	correct, exact, regular.
h'i ² -shuang ¹ -shuang ¹		齊雙雙的	one after another, in close succession.
h'i ²	大 奇	奇 ^{94c344c}	extraordinary, strange, surprising, wonderful.
h'i ² -chi ⁴		奇計	surprising stratagems.
h'i ² -ch'iao ³		奇巧	strange, clever, ingenious (hsi ¹ ch'i ²).
h'i ² -ch'u ¹ -i ⁴ -wai ⁴		奇出意外	most surprising.
h'i ² -hsieh ²		奇邪	strange, out of the way, singular.
h'i ² -hsing ² -kuai ⁴ -chuang ⁴		奇形怪狀	singular looking, outlandish.

ch'í ² -huo ⁴	奇貨	rare commodities,
ch'í ² -í ⁴	奇異	singular looking (ch'ú ¹ ch'í ²).
ch'í ² -kuai ⁴	奇怪	strange, odd, surprising, curious, ; how strange
ch'í ² -nan ² -tzü ³	奇男子	a clever lad.
ch'í ² -shih ⁴	奇事	a strange affair, a miracle.
ch'í ² -shu ¹	奇書	a curious book.
ch'í ² -shu ⁴	奇數	odd numbers (ou ³ shu ⁴).
ch'í ² -ssü ¹ -miao ⁴ -hsiang ³	奇思妙想	wonderful thoughts or ideas.
ch'í ² -ts'ai ²	奇才	remarkable talents.
ch'í ²	馬 騎	to ride any animal astride (k'ua ⁴ ma ³).
ch'í ² -ch'ing ¹ -niu ²	騎青牛	i. e., Lao Chun who so rode to the West.
ch'í ² -fêng ⁴ -yin ⁴	騎縫印	stamp on the joining of two identical documents
ch'í ² -hu ² -nan ⁴ -hsia ⁴	騎虎難下	fig. an awkward predicament.
ch'í ² -lo ⁴ -t'o ²	騎駱駝	riding a camel.
ch'í ² -ma ³ -chao ³ -ma ³	騎馬找馬	ride a horse to seek a horse (ridiculous).
ch'í ² -mu ⁴ -lü ²	騎木驢	terrible punishment of a woman in yaméns.
ch'í ² -shé ⁴	騎射	mounted archery.
ch'í ² -shêng ¹ -k'ou ³	騎牲口	to ride an animal.
ch'í ²	入 其	he, she, it, its, the, that, they, M. 427.
ch'í ² -chung ¹	其中	in the midst of.
ch'í ² -jên ²	其人	that man, the man.
ch'í ² -nei ⁴ -chung ¹	其中	among, in the midst of.
ch'í ² -shih ²	其實	the fact, truly ; but.
ch'í ² -tí ⁴	其地	this place.
ch'í ² -tz'í ⁴	其次	the next.
ch'í ² -yü ²	其餘	the remainder, the rest (shêng ³ hsia ⁴ tí ¹).
ch'í ²	木 棋	the game of chess (hsiang ⁴ ch'í ²).
ch'í ²	棋	same.
ch'í ² -chü ²	棋局	a chess-board arranged for playing. [match]
ch'í ² -fêng ¹ -tui ⁴ -shou ³	棋逢對手	the chess-player meeting his match ; w
ch'í ² -p'an ²	棋盤	a chess-board.
ch'í ² -p'an ² -ling ³	棋盤頭	collar worn by women.
ch'í ² -shih ⁴	棋勢	a chess-board arranged for playing.
ch'í ² -tzü ³	棋子	a chess-man.
ch'í ² (tzü)	方旗	a flag, banner, or standard ; a tribe, a clan.
ch'í ² -chuang ¹ -han ⁴	旗粧漢粧	Tartar or Chinese? large or small feet?
ch'í ² -hao ⁴ [chuang ¹]	旗號	a signal flag.
ch'í ² -jên ³	旗人	banner-men. G. 379.
ch'í ² -kan ¹	旗杆	a flag-staff.
ch'í ² -kan ¹ -tou ³	旗杆斗	the peck measure halfway up flag-staffs.
ch'í ² -p'ai ² -kuan ¹	旗牌官	an ensign ; a messenger.
ch'í ²	示 祈	to pray, to supplicate, to call upon, to invoke
ch'í ² -ch'iu ²	祈求	to entreat, to supplicate.

h'i ² -fu ²	祈福	to pray for blessings.
h'i ² -tao ³	祈禱	to pray (tao ³ kao ⁴).
h'i ² -tz'ü ³	祈賜	to beg for a gift.
h'i ² -tz'ü ⁴ -hui ² -yin ¹	祈賜回音	please favor me with a reply.
h'i ² -wang ⁴	祈望	to hope, to trust that.
h'i ² -yü ³	祈雨	to pray for rain (ch'iu ² yü ³).
h'i ²	山岐	a celebrated hill; to diverge, to branch off.
h'i ² -fêng ¹	岐峰	peaks of a mountain.
h'i ² -lu ⁴	岐路	diverging roads (ch'a ⁴ lu ⁴).
h'i ²	膾月	the navel.
h'i ² -tai ⁴ -tzü ³	膾帶子	the navel string.
h'i ² (tzü)	田畦	small beds or plots of ground.
h'i ²	示祇	respect, awe, veneration.
h'i ²	鹿麒麟	one of four fabulous animals (unicorn?).
h'i ² -lin ³	麒麟	same.
CH'I ³	走起	to get up; to commence. M. 70, 360.
h'i ³ -ch'êng ³	起程	to start on a journey.
h'i ³ -ch'êng ³ -chuan ¹ -ho ²	起承轉合	4 steps in writing an examination essay. M. 600.
h'i ³ -chia ⁴	起價	to raise the price (ang ² kuei ²).
h'i ³ -chiao ² -ao ⁴	起驕傲	to begin proud thoughts.
h'i ³ -ch'ien ²	起前	at first, from the first.
h'i ³ -ch'ien ²	起錢	to draw money, <i>e. g.</i> , from a bank (chih ¹ ch'ien ²).
h'i ³ -chien ⁴	起見	for the sake of, object to view.
h'i ³ -ch'u ¹	起初	in the beginning, at first (mo ⁴ hou ⁴).
h'i ³ -chü ¹	起居	means of living.
h'i ³ -fêng ¹	起風	the wind rises.
h'i ³ -han ⁴	起旱	start on land journey, to come by land (han ⁴ lu ⁴).
h'i ³ -hsi ²	起席	concluding the banquet.
h'i ³ -hsien ¹	起先	in the beginning.
h'i ³ -hsin ⁴	起釁	[trouble. to start strife; 'origin of quarrel, occasion of
h'i ³ -hsing ²	起行	to start on a journey (chien ⁴ hsing ²).
h'i ³ -huo ³ -p'ao ⁴	起火砲	rockets.
h'i ³ -huo ⁴	起貨	to discharge cargo.
h'i ³ -huo ⁴ -tan ¹	起貨單	a discharge permit, a bill of lading.
h'i ³ -i ⁴	起意	to harbor a thought.
h'i ³ -kên ¹	起根	from the first, primarily.
h'i ³ -kung ¹	起工	to begin work (tung ⁴ kung ¹).
h'i ³ -lai ²	起來	to get up.
h'i ³ -ma ³	起馬	[M. 163. to start off (officials), <i>e. g.</i> , Grand Examiner.
h'i ³ -ming ²	起名	to name, to designate.
h'i ³ -na ³ -li ³ -lai ³	起那裏來	where do you come from? (ta ³ na ³ li ³ lai ³). [p'ao ⁴].
h'i ³ -p'ao ⁴	起泡	to raise blisters, bubbles, etc. (liao ³ chiang ⁴

ch⁴i³-ping¹ 起兵
 ch⁴i³-po² 起駁
 ch⁴i³-shên¹ 起身
 ch⁴i³-shih⁴ 起誓
 ch⁴i³-shou³ 起首
 ch⁴i³-shou³ 起手
 ch⁴i³-t'ou² 起頭
 ch⁴i³-tsang¹ 起賊
 ch⁴i³-tsao³-shui⁴-wan³ 起早睡
 ch⁴i³-tso⁴ 起坐
 ch⁴i³-yen³ 起眼
 ch⁴i³ 豈 豈 106a346c
 ch⁴i³-kan³ 豈敢
 ch⁴i³-k'ên³ 豈肯
 ch⁴i³-nêng²-ju²-tz'ü³ 豈能如此
 ch⁴i³-pu⁴-chih¹ 豈不知
 ch⁴i³-yu³-pu⁴-k'ô³ 豈有不可
 ch⁴i³-yu³-tz'ü³-li³ 豈有此理
 ch⁴i³ 啟 啟 10Sc347c
 ch⁴i³-ché³ 啟者
 ch⁴i³-chih¹ 啟知
 ch⁴i³-ch'ih³ 啟齒
 ch⁴i³-mêng² 啟蒙
 ch⁴i³-ming²-hsing¹ 啟明星
 ch⁴i³ 言 訖 82a392b
 ch⁴i³-chieh¹-wan²-an⁴ 訖結完案
 ch⁴i³-yen⁴ 訖驗
 ch⁴i³ 乙 乞 102a395a
 ch⁴i³-fu² 乞伏
 ch⁴i³-kai⁴ 乞丐
 ch⁴i³ 走 迄 425c204c
 ch⁴i³-chin¹ 迄今

to raise troops, to put troops in motion.
 to transfer a cargo from one boat to another.
 to start on a journey, to move off.
 to take an oath (tu³ chou⁴).
 the beginning.
 pick pocket (pai² na² shou³).
 the beginning.
 to recover stolen goods.
 rising early, and going late to bed; hard toil.
 conduct, behaviour (tung⁴ ching⁴).
 considerable, worthy of notice.
 how? M. 444 (yen¹).
 how dare I? (polite) (pu⁴ kan³ tang¹).
 how can one be willing?
 how can it be so?
 why don't you know? how not know?
 certainly, there is no reason why.
 out of the question (polite).
 to open, to explain, to inform, to instruct.
 this is to begin—at beginning of letters.
 to inform.
 to open the mouth (and begin a subject).
 to instruct, to teach the young or ignorant.
 the morning star (ch'ang² kêng¹).
 to finish, finished, ended, done.
 to settle a case, the case is settled;
 an examination finished.
 to beg, to entreat; to give.
 to beg, prostrate.
 to beg, beggars (yao⁴ fan⁴ ti¹).
 to reach or extend to; finally, at last. See hs
 till now (ju² chin¹).

CH⁴I⁴ 气 气 氣 102b348b
 ch⁴i⁴-chi¹ 氣機
 ch⁴i⁴-chih² 氣質
 ch⁴i⁴-ch'iu² 氣球
 ch⁴i⁴-chuang⁴ 氣壯
 ch⁴i⁴-ching⁴-shên²-t'ien² 氣靜神恬
 ch⁴i⁴-chüeh² 氣絕
 ch⁴i⁴-ch'ung¹-tou³-niu² 氣冲斗牛
 ch⁴i⁴-fên⁴-fên⁴-ti¹ 氣忿忿的
 ch⁴i⁴-hên⁴ 氣恨

air, breath, vapor; temper, anger.
 steam engine (chi¹ ch'ü⁴).
 temper, disposition.
 a balloon.
 firm, undaunted, boldness, fortitude.
 a calm and generous disposition.
 exhausted, without life.
 great anger, rage (see below).
 very angry (see below).
 animosity, rage, anger; to hate.

'i⁴-hêng⁴-hêng⁴-tí¹ 氣諱諱的
 'i⁴-hou⁴ 氣候
 'i⁴-hsi² 氣息
 'i⁴-hsiang⁴ 氣像
 'i⁴-hsin¹-fêng¹ 氣心瘋
 'i⁴-hsing⁴ 氣性
 'i⁴-hsüeh⁴ 氣血
 'i⁴-ên² 氣人
 'i⁴-lei³-po² 氣癡悖
 'i⁴-li⁴ 氣力
 'i⁴-mi²-hsin¹ 氣迷心
 'i⁴-mo⁴ 氣脈
 'i⁴-p'ui⁴ 氣派
 'i⁴-pu¹-fên⁴ 氣不忿
 'i⁴-sê¹ 氣色
 'i⁴-sê⁴-pu¹-chêng⁴ 氣色不正
 'i⁴-ssü³ 氣死
 'i⁴-ssü³-jen² 氣死人
 'i⁴-tên¹ 氣燈
 'i⁴-ti¹-ch'êng²-ping⁴ 氣的成病
 'i⁴-ti¹-luan⁴-p'êng⁴ 氣的亂降
 'i⁴-tiao⁴ 氣調
 'i⁴-tuan³ 氣短
 'i⁴-wei³-r'ê² 氣味兒
 'i⁴-yiên⁴ 氣運
 'i⁴ 口 { 器 110a349a
 'i⁴ 器
 'i⁴-ch'ü⁴ 器具
 'i⁴-hsieh⁴ 器械
 'i⁴-liang² 器量
 'i⁴-min³ 器皿
 'i⁴-ts'ai² 器材
 'i⁴-wu⁴ 器物
 'i⁴-yung⁴ 器用
 'i⁴ 木 棄 109b349a
 'i⁴-an⁴-ch'ü⁴-kuang¹ 棄暗就光
 'i⁴-ch'ü⁴-kuei¹-chên¹ 棄假歸真
 'i⁴-ch'ü⁴-huan⁴-hsin¹ 棄舊換新
 'i⁴-ch'üel² 棄絕
 'i⁴-ch'üeh⁴ 棄却
 'i⁴-fei⁴ 棄廢
 'i⁴-hsiêh²-kuei¹-chêng⁴ 棄邪歸正
 'i⁴-hsien⁴ 棄嫌

bursting with rage.
 a division of fifteen days. See Note 21.
 "the breath stopped," to expire.
 appearance.
 anger producing insanity.
 temper, disposition (p'í² ch'í⁴).
 "breath and blood," the constitution.
 to enrage a person.
 crazy, cranky.
 strength, speed (as of a steamer).
 goitre.
 constitution.
 style, pomp, pretension.
 unable to restrain one's anger (see below).
 complexion.
 complexion not proper color.
 to die of anger.
 to anger one to death.
 a gas light or lamp.
 got ill from anger.
 hopping mad.
 rhythm, time.
 shortness of breath.
 flavour, taste, relish.
 luck, used of the state's prosperity (y'ien⁴ ch'í⁴).
 any utensil or instrument; ability.
 same (pn⁴ ch'êng² ch'í⁴).
 utensils, furniture (chia¹ ch'ü⁴).
 military weapons, arms (chün¹ ch'í⁴).
 generous.
 a vessel, utensil or instrument.
 materials (ts'ai² liao⁴).
 materials.
 any kind of utensil, or instrument.
 to break off; to throw away, to abandon.
 to come out of darkness into light.
 to abandon the false and revert to the true.
 to reject the old and adopt the new.
 to cast off, to reject.
 to cast off.
 to throw away, to waste.
 to reject the heretical and become orthodox.
 to leave, to abandon, to reject with disdain.

<i>ch' i⁴-kuan¹</i>		官		to give up office (hsieh ⁴ jên ⁴).
<i>ch' i⁴-shé³</i>		棄		to abandon, to discard.
<i>ch' i⁴-shih⁴</i>		棄	世	"to reject the world," to die.
<i>ch' i⁴</i>	大	契	100c349a	a bond, a deed, a cheque; friends.
<i>ch' i⁴-chiao¹</i>		契	交	intimate friendship.
<i>ch' i⁴-ch'üan⁴</i>		契	券	a deed or bond, proof, written evidence.
<i>ch' i⁴-fu⁴</i>		契	父	a bond or adopted father.
<i>ch' i⁴-nan²</i>		契	男	an adopted male or son.
<i>ch' i⁴-wei³</i>		契	尾	a stamped appendix to a title deed, shewing
<i>ch' i⁴-yo¹</i>		契	約	a deed or bond.
<i>ch' i⁴-yu³</i>		契	友	intimate friends.
<i>ch' i⁴</i>	水	泣	109c396b	to shed tears, to weep silently (k'ü ¹).
<i>ch' i¹-hsüeh⁴</i>		泣	血	{ "to weep blood," to weep bitterly (cor ventiodal phrase on mourning cards).
<i>ch' i¹-hsueh⁴-chi⁴-sung³</i>		泣	血 稽 顙	bitter grief (funeral notice).
<i>ch' i⁴-k'ü¹</i>		泣	哭	to weep, to cry (t' i ⁴ k'ü ¹ lien ² lien ²).
<i>ch' i⁴</i>	戈	戚	97a987a	mournful, sorry; angry; related to, relations
<i>ch' i⁴-i²</i>		戚	誼	relatives (ch'in ¹ ch' i ⁴).
<i>ch' i⁴-shu³</i>		戚	屬	relatives.
<i>ch' i⁴</i>	石	砌	102a967b	to raise in layers (as a wall).
<i>ch' i⁴-ch'üang²</i>		砌	牆	to build a wall (lei ³ ch'üang ²).
<i>ch' i⁴-yen¹-t'ung³</i>		砌	烟 筒	to build up a chimney.
<i>ch' i⁴-yung³-lu⁴</i>		砌	埭 路	to make a raised path.
<i>ch' i⁴</i>	人	企	109a349b	to stand erect, anxious.
CHIA¹	宀	家	111c351c	a house, family or home; a sect.
<i>chia¹-chai²-pu⁴-an¹</i>		家	宅 不 安	the home is unquiet.
<i>chia¹-ch'an³</i>		家	產	family property or estates, patrimony.
<i>chia¹-ch'an³-chin⁴-chiüeh²</i>		家	產 盡 絕	the family property all exhausted.
<i>chia¹-chang³</i>		家	長	the head of a family (tung ¹ chia ¹).
<i>chia¹-ch'ang²-fan⁴</i>		家	常 飯	every-day fare, pot-luck (pien ⁴ fan ⁴).
<i>chia¹-ch'ang²-hua⁴</i>		家	常 話	common conversation.
<i>chia¹-ch'ang²-li³-tuan³</i>		家	長 里 短	gossip (shih ⁴ fei ¹).
<i>chia¹-chi¹-pu⁴</i>		家	機 布	home woven cloth.
<i>chia¹-chia¹-hu⁴-hu⁴</i>		家	家 戶 戶	every family.
<i>chia¹-chiang⁴</i>		家	將	family retainers.
<i>chia¹-chiao¹-pu⁴-yen²</i>		家	教 不 嚴	family government lax.
<i>chia¹-ch'iao³</i>		家	雀	a sparrow.
<i>chia¹-chieh³</i>		家	姐	my eldest sister.
<i>chia¹-chu³</i>		家	主	master of a family.
<i>chia¹-ch'ü⁴</i>		家	去	to go home.
<i>chia¹-chüan⁴</i>		家	眷	family wife and children.
<i>chia¹-chün¹</i>		家	君	master or father of a family.

hia ¹ -chung ¹	家中	in the family.
hia ¹ -fa ³	家法	the regulations of the house.
hia ¹ -fan ¹ -chai ² -lián ⁴	家翻宅亂	house topsy-turvy.
hia ¹ -fu ⁴	家父	my father.
hia ¹ -hsia ⁴	家下	wife; wife and children.
hia ¹ -hsiang ¹	家鄉	one's native place.
hia ¹ -hsiao ³	家小	wife; wife and children.
hia ¹ -hsin ⁴	家信	a family letter, a home letter.
hia ¹ -hsiung ¹	家兄	my elder brother (ko ¹ ko ¹).
hia ¹ -jên ²	家人	a domestic.
hia ¹ -jên ² -fu ⁴ -tzü ³	家人婦子	all the persons of a family, wife and children.
hia ¹ -k'ou ³	家口	the people of a house; a wife.
hia ¹ -li ³	家裏	at home, in the family; a wife (ch'i ¹ tzü ³).
hia ¹ -miao ⁴	家廟	ancestral temple.
hia ¹ -nu ³	家奴	one's slaves.
hia ¹ -pang ¹	家邦	one's country, etc.
hia ¹ -p'in ²	家貧	in poverty (the whole family).
hia ¹ -p'o ⁴ -jên ² -wang ²	家破人亡	ruined in person and estate.
hia ¹ -p'u ²	家僕	domestics.
hia ¹ -p'u ³	家譜	family tree.
hia ¹ -shih ⁴	家世	worldly concerns of a family.
hia ¹ -shih ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hao ³	家世不好	worldly concerns of a family unprosperous.
hia ¹ -shu ¹	家書	a family letter.
hia ¹ -ssü ¹	家私	family property or estates.
hia ¹ -tang ¹	家當	wealth (ts'ai ² pai ²).
hia ¹ -t'ang ²	家堂	the family hall, or gods.
hia ¹ -tao ⁴	家道	style of living, rate of expenditure.
hia ¹ -tao ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ho ²	家道不和	family discord.
hia ¹ -ting ¹	家丁	a domestic, a slave (chia ¹ p'u ²).
hia ¹ -t'ing ²	家庭	a family, a home.
hia ¹ -tsei ² -nan ² -fang ²	家賊難防	a thief in the family is hard to guard against.
hia ¹ -tz'ü ²	家慈	my mother.
hia ¹ -wu ⁴	家務	household affairs.
hia ¹ -yeh ⁴	家業	family property or estates.
hia ¹ -yen ³	家嚴	my father.
hia ¹ -yüan ¹	家冤	family grievance.
hia ¹	力加 ^{113a350a}	to add to, additional, more, to increase.
hia ¹ -chi ²	加級	to promote in rank.
hia ¹ -chien ³	加減	to add and to diminish (ch'êng ² fa ³ , ch'u ² fa ³).
chin ¹ -chien ³ -ch'êng ²	加減乘除	add, subtract, multiply, and divide.
chia ¹ -ch'ien ³	加錢	additional money, to give more money.
chia ¹ -chin ³ -pan ⁴ -li ³	加緊辦理	to manage with extra care.
chia ¹ -ên ¹	加恩	to confer favour, to exercise kindness to.

<i>chia¹-fa³</i>	加法	method of adding, addition in mathematics,
<i>chia¹-hsien²</i>	加銜	nominal rank, titular dignity.
<i>chia¹-hsing²</i>	加刑	to inflict punishment.
<i>chia¹-i¹-pei⁴</i>	加一倍	to double the number or quantity.
<i>chia¹-k'o¹</i>	加科	extra duty.
<i>chia¹-kuan¹</i>	加官	to promote in office (<i>shêng¹ kao¹ kuan¹</i>).
<i>chia¹-kuan¹-chin⁴-chüeh²</i>	加官進爵	may your rank be increased.
<i>chia¹-kuan¹</i>	加冠	to add the cap at marriage, foreign coronation
<i>chia¹-kung¹</i>	加工	extra work.
<i>chia¹-li⁴</i>	加利	additional interest (<i>li⁴ hsi²</i>).
<i>chia¹-mien³</i>	加勉	increasingly energetic,
<i>chia¹-pei⁴</i>	加倍	to double.
<i>chia¹-pei⁴-p'ei²-huan²</i>	加倍賠還	to repay double.
<i>chia¹-san¹-chi²</i>	加三級	to promote three steps (official).
<i>chia¹-shih²-pei⁴</i>	加十倍	ten times more.
<i>chia¹-t'ien¹</i>	加添	to add, to increase.
<i>chia¹-to¹-hsieh¹</i>	加多些	give a little more.
<i>chia¹-to¹-shao³</i>	加多少	how much more will you give?
<i>chia¹-tsêng¹</i>	加增	to increase, to enhance (<i>tsêng¹ t'ien¹</i>).
<i>chia¹</i>	大夾 ^{110c356a}	double; to nip, nippers; near to.
<i>chia¹-ao²</i>	夾襖	a lined coat.
<i>chia¹-chên³</i>	夾疹	a rash, small pox; flea bites.
<i>chia¹-chien³</i>	夾剪	nippers, snuffers, shears.
<i>chia¹-ch'ik²</i>	夾持	to support on each side by holding.
<i>chia¹-ku³</i>	夾鼓	to wink (<i>chi³ yen³</i>).
<i>chia¹-kun⁴</i>	夾棍	an instrument of torture for the ankles.
<i>chia¹-kung¹</i>	夾攻	to attack on both sides.
<i>chia¹-la⁴-hua¹</i>	夾蠟花	to snuff a candle.
<i>chia¹-pan³</i>	夾板	hames (part of harness).
<i>chia¹-pan³-ch'uan²</i>	夾板船	sailing vessels.
<i>chia¹-pan³-tzü³</i>	夾板子	an instrument of torture; castanets.
<i>chia¹-pang⁴</i>	夾棒	an instrument of torture.
<i>chia¹-tai⁴</i>	夾帶	to carry secretly about one, to smuggle.
<i>chia¹-tao⁴-êrh³</i>	夾道兒	a ravine, a pass, a passage.
<i>chia¹-ti¹-tan¹-ti¹</i>	夾的單的	double and single (<i>e. g.</i> , clothing). See <i>chia</i>
<i>chia¹-tsa²</i>	夾雜	to mix, to blend, mixed, confused.
<i>chia¹-tsai⁴-li²-mien⁴</i>	夾在裏面	to place between two, <i>e. g.</i> , leaves of book.
<i>chia¹-tsai⁴-shu¹-li³</i>	夾在書裡	to put within the leaves of a book.
<i>chia¹</i>	佳 ^{117b351b}	good, excellent, fine, beautiful.
<i>chia¹-ch'êng²</i>	佳城	ancestral tombs.
<i>chia¹-ch'i¹</i>	佳期	an auspicious time.
<i>chia¹-chieh²</i>	佳節	festival or holiday times.
<i>chia¹-ching³</i>	佳景	a fine landscape, a beautiful prospect.

<i>hia¹-hua¹</i>	佳話	good or fine language.
<i>hia¹-i⁴</i>	佳意	a good idea.
<i>hia¹-jèn²</i>	佳人	a beautiful woman.
<i>hia¹-li⁴</i>	佳麗	handsome, beautiful, fine, elegant.
<i>hia¹-mei³</i>	佳美	handsome, beautiful.
<i>hia¹-miao⁴</i>	佳妙	excellent, admirable.
<i>hia¹-pi³</i>	佳筆	excellent handwriting.
<i>hia¹-tso⁴</i>	佳作	good workmanship, good compositions.
<i>hia¹-yin²</i>	佳音	a good voice; good news.
<i>hia¹</i>	嘉	good, excellent; to commend, to praise.
<i>hia¹-ch'ing⁴</i>	嘉慶	Emperor Chia Ch'ing (1796-1821 A. D.).
<i>hia¹-pin¹</i>	嘉賓	respected guests.
<i>hia¹-p'ing²-yüeh⁴</i>	嘉平月	the 12th moon (la ⁴ yüeh ⁴).
<i>hia¹-wei⁴</i>	嘉味	fine flavor (tzü ¹ wei ⁴).
<i>hia¹-yao²</i>	嘉餚	excellent cuisine.
<i>hia¹</i>	傢	household furniture, utensils.
<i>hia¹-ch'i⁴</i>	傢器	same.
<i>hia¹-chü⁴</i>	傢具	household effects.
<i>hia¹-huo³</i>	傢伙	same.
<i>hia¹-shih²</i>	傢什	utensils (ch'i ⁴ chü ⁴).
<i>hia¹-shih³</i>	傢使	same.
<i>hia¹</i>	木 枷	the wooden collar worn by Chinese criminals.
<i>hia¹-hao⁴</i>	枷號	to be put in the "collar."
<i>hia¹-hao⁴-shih⁴-chung⁴</i>	枷號示衆	to cangue as a warning to all. [free.
<i>hia¹-man³-chai²-fang⁴</i>	枷滿責放	when the time of cangue is up, whip and set
<i>hia¹-shih⁴</i>	枷示	to cangue as a warning to others.
<i>hia¹-ta³</i>	枷打	to beat and put in the "collar."
<i>hia¹</i>	手 挾	to carry under the arm, to conceal.
<i>hia¹-cho²-shu¹-pao¹</i>	挾着書包	clasping a bundle of books under the arm.
<i>hia¹-chih⁴</i>	挾制	oppress, coerce.
<i>hia¹-tai⁴</i>	挾帶	to carry under the arm.
<i>hia¹</i>	禾 稼	to sow, to plant.
<i>hia¹-sé⁴</i>	稼穡	to sow and to reap.
<i>hia¹</i>	衣 袈	surplice of Buddhist priest.
<i>hia¹-sha¹</i>	袈裟	same.
CHIA²	頁 頰	the jaws (sai ¹ lien ³).
<i>hia²-hsü¹</i>	頰鬚	the whiskers (hu ² tzü ³).
<i>hia²</i>	衣 袷	double, lined (garment) (mien ² , tan ¹).
<i>hia²-i¹-fu²</i>	袷衣服	lined clothing.
<i>hia²-k'u⁴</i>	袷褲	a lined pants.
<i>hia²-p'ao²-hia²-kua⁴</i>	袷袍袷褂	lined gown and lined coat.
<i>hia²-pei⁴</i>	袷被	a lined quilt.

CHIA³

人

假 115c352c

chia³-chieh⁴

假借

false; leave of absence (4th tone); to borrow.

chia³-chuang¹

假粧

to falsely borrow; evasion; to borrow or lend

chia³-ch'ung¹

假充

to pretend (jên⁴ chên¹).*chia³-hua⁴*

假話

to falsely represent, etc.

chia³-i⁴

假意

falsehood, lies (hsia⁴ hua⁴).*chia³-jên²-chia³-i⁴*

假仁假義

designedly misleading.

chia³-ju²

假如

hypocritical (see below).

chia³-kung¹-chi³-ssü¹

假公濟私

if, suppose that it be (or 若) (shê⁴ ju³, t'ang³ ju³).*chia³-mao⁴-wei²-shan⁴*

假冒爲善

helping one's self under pretence of public spirit

chia³-nieh¹

假捏

hypocrite.

chia³-shih³

假使

to fabricate (nieh¹ tsao⁴).*chia³-ssü¹-wen²*

假斯文

suppose for example (t'ang³ ju²).*chia³-tso⁴*

假做

a make-believe scholar.

chia³

田

甲 116c355a

to feign, to pretend.

chia³-chang³

甲長

to begin, the first; armour, scales; finger nails

chia³-chow⁴

甲冑

headman of a tithing; village elder (hsiang

chia³-ping¹

甲兵

a suit of armour (k'ai³ chia⁴). [chang³]*chia³-tzu⁵*

甲子

mailed soldiers.

one of the diagrams (kuei⁴ chia³ tzü³).CHIA⁴

女

嫁 111c354b

chia⁴-ch'ü³

嫁娶

to marry (applied to the woman) (ch'ü³, ch'êng*chia⁴ chuang¹*

嫁粧

marriage generally (yin¹ yüan²).*chia⁴ huo⁴*

嫁禍

a marriage portion, bridal presents (p'in⁴ li³).*chia⁴-lien²*

嫁奩

to lay blame on another person.

chia⁴-nü³

嫁女

a marriage portion, wedding presents.

chia⁴-tzu⁴

嫁資

to give a daughter in marriage.

chia⁴

人

價 118a353a

dowry, bridal presents.

chia⁴-chang³-liao³

價長了

value, the price of anything.

chia⁴-ch'ien²

價錢

the price has risen.

chia⁴-ch'ien²-ang²

價錢昂

value, price, cost.

chia⁴-ch'ien²-chien⁴

價錢賤

a high price, dear.

chia⁴-ch'ien²-chung⁴

價錢重

a low price, cheap.

chia⁴-ch'ien²-kuei⁴

價錢貴

a high price, dear.

chia⁴-ch'ien²-p'ien²-i²

價錢便宜

same (yen² pu⁴ êrh⁴ chia⁴).*chia⁴-ch'ien²-p'ing³*

價錢平

a reasonable price.

chia⁴-ch'ien²-ti¹

價錢低

an even price.

chia⁴-ch'ien²-to¹-shao³

價錢多少

a low price (p'ien⁴ i²).*chia⁴-chih²*

價值

what is the price?

chia⁴-kao¹

價高

the price, the value of.

chia⁴-lien²

價廉

a high price, dear.

chia⁴-nên⁴

價嫻

a moderate price

chia⁴-shih³

價實

the price tender (easy).

a fair price, true prices.

hia ⁴ -yin ²	價銀	the price of.
hia ⁴ -ying ⁴	價硬	the price is firm.
hia ⁴	木架 115a353c	a stand (as a book or flower stand, etc.).
hia ⁴ -chih ¹ -t'ao ²	架枝桃	the oleander.
hia ⁴ -hua ¹	架花	to prop or support flowers.
hia ⁴ -nung ⁴	架弄	to put on airs, to bounce; affected style.
hia ⁴ pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	架不住	cannot support (a weight).
hia ⁴ -shih ⁴	架式	configuration or style of things (ch'i ⁴ p'ai ⁴).
hia ⁴ -so ¹	架唆	to egg on (t'iao ¹ so ¹).
hia ⁴ -tzū ³ -ta ⁴	架子大	giving one's self airs (ta ⁴ mu ² ta ⁴ yang ⁴).
hia ⁴	馬駕 114b353b	a carriage, a cart; a term of respect; the emperor.
hia ⁴ -ch'ê ¹	駕車	a cart or carriage (iao ² chia ⁴).
hia ⁴ -ch'ien ²	駕前	in presence of the emperor.
hia ⁴ -hsia ⁴	駕下	palace officials (kung ¹ chin ⁴).
hia ⁴ -lin ²	駕臨	your arrival (tang ³ chia ⁴).
hia ⁴ -ma ³	駕馬	riding (ch'i ² ma ³).
hia ⁴ -pêng ¹	駕崩	the death of an emperor.
hia ⁴ -sung ⁴	駕訟	embark on legal proceedings (t'iao ¹ tz'ü ⁴).
hia ⁴ -yün ²	駕雲	to ride on the clouds.
hia ⁴	艸 111b356c	Pods of leguminous plants.
hiu ⁴ -ming ²	莢	a kind of medicine.
CH'IA ¹	手招 118c358a	to nip between the finger and thumb.
ch'ia ¹ -chien ¹ -tzū ³	招尖子	to browbeat, to share illicit gains.
ch'i ¹ -chien ¹ -ch'u ¹ -sé ⁴	招尖出色	excelling others.
ch'ia ¹ -chih ³	招指	to reckon on the fingers (ch'ü ¹ chih ³ chi ⁴).
ch'ia ¹ -chu ⁴ -sang ³ -tzū ³	招住嗓子	to seize by the throat.
ch'ia ¹ -ch'ü ⁴ -t'ou ² -wei ³	招去頭尾	seizing head and tail.
ch'ia ¹ -chüeh ² -nien ⁴	招訣念咒	to use incantations.
ch'ia ¹ -hua ¹ [chou ⁴	招花	to pluck a flower (ts'ai ³ hua ¹).
ch'ia ¹ -i ¹ -to ³ -hua ¹	招一朵花	to pluck a flower.
ch'ia ¹ -p'o ⁴ -liao ³	招破了	pinched till the blood comes.
ch'ia ¹ -pu ¹ -ch'i ³	招不齊	unequal, uneven, not fitted evenly.
ch'ia ¹ -ssü ³ -liao ³	招死了	choked to death with the fingers.
ch'ia ¹ -suan ⁴ -ch'ia ¹ -suan ⁴	招算招算	to reckon on the fingers.
ch'ia ¹ -ts'ao ³ -mao ¹ -tzū ³	招草帽子	to pleat strawbraid for hats.
ch'ia ¹ (tzū)	卜卡 118b940b	a pass, a barrier; clasp of belt. See k'a ¹ .
ch'ia ¹ -chu ⁴ -liao ³	卡住了	held fast between two objects.
ch'ia ¹ -fang ²	卡房	a kind of guard-house (p'u ⁴).
ch'ia ¹ -lu ⁴	卡路	an important pass, a guard-house.
CH'IA ⁴	心恰 119a357a	fortunately, opportunely, at the exact moment.
ch'ia ⁴ -ch'iao ³	恰巧	in the nick of time, in exact coincidence.

ch'ia⁴-hao³
 ch'ia⁴-sai⁴
 ch'ia⁴-ssü⁴
 ch'ia⁴-tang¹
 ch'ia⁴-tui⁴
 ch'ia⁴-yao⁴
 ch'ia⁴-yü¹

恰好
 恰賽
 恰似
 恰當
 恰對
 恰要
 恰遇

fortunately, opportunely.
 to rival, to compare favourably, even better.
 like, resembling, the same as, as if (hsiang¹ ssü⁴)
 in nick of time, apposite.
 to exactly agree.
 just about to, etc.
 to meet opportunely.

CHIANG¹ 水 江 119c362a

chiang¹-hoi³
 chiang¹-ho²
 chiang¹-hsi¹
 chiang¹-hsi¹-la²
 chiang¹-hsin¹
 chiang¹-hu²
 chiang¹-hu²-k'o⁴
 chiang¹-m²
 chiang¹-nan²
 chiang¹-nan²-chü²
 chiang¹-ning²
 chiang¹-shan¹
 chiang¹-su¹

江海
 江河
 江西
 江西刺
 江心
 江湖客
 江米
 江南
 江南菊
 江寧
 江山
 江蘇

a river, especially the Yang-tze (ho²).
 rivers and seas, the waters, marine.
 rivers in general.
 the province of Kiang-si. W. I., 111.
 the China-aster.
 in the centre of a river.
 rivers and lakes; far traveled (p'ao³ chiang¹ hu)
 a tramp, vagrant.
 a glutinous rice. [hui
 the province of Kiang-nan (Kiang-su and A
 the China-aster.
 Nanking. W. I., 100.
 the empire (to² chiang¹ shan¹).
 the province of Kiang-su. W. I., 99. [M. 68, 13

chiang¹ 寸 將 狀 將 120c967a

chiang¹-chi⁴-chi⁴-chi⁴
 chiang¹-ch'ü³-lai²
 chiang¹-chiang¹-ti¹
 chiang⁴-chih²
 chiang¹-chin⁴
 chiang¹-chü⁴
 chiang⁴-chün¹
 chiang¹-hsi¹
 chiang⁴-hsiang⁴
 chiang¹ jên² ta³-ssü³
 chiang¹-kou⁴ [tsui⁴
 chiang¹-kung¹-chê²-
 chiang¹-kung¹-pu³-kuo⁴
 chiang¹-lai²
 chiang¹-ling⁴
 chiang⁴-shuai⁴
 chiang¹ ts'ai²
 chiang¹-wan³
 chiang¹-wu²-tso⁴-yü³
 chiang¹-yao⁴-ch'ü⁴

將計就計
 將起來
 將將的
 將指
 將近
 將就
 將軍
 將息
 將相
 將人打死
 將殼
 將功折罪
 將功補過
 將來
 將令
 將帥
 將纔
 將晚
 將無作有
 將要

to take, to receive, to accommodate; to order
 to meet plot with plot.
 auxiliary of progressive idea.
 just, just as.
 the thumb (ta⁴ mu³ chih²).
 near, close by. [chiu¹
 to accommodate, to put up (chin⁴ fu³, cf. chian¹)
 a general (in this sense 4th tone).
 about to stop.
 generals and ministers of state (tsai³ hsiang⁴)
 to kill a man (or 把 for 將).
 just enough.
 to make amends for sin by merit.
 to make amends for sin by merit.
 hereafter, in future.
 an order from a general. [shuai¹
 a Tartar general, a commander-in-chief (yü¹)
 immediately, at once, just now.
 towards evening (pan⁴ wan³).
 to fabricate out of nothing (nieh¹ tso⁴).
 about to go.

hiang¹-yao⁴.pu⁴-lao³ 將要不好
 hiang¹-yeh² 將爺
 hiang¹-ying²-k'o⁴ 將迎客
 hiang¹ 水 漿 120b968a
 hiang¹-fên³ 漿粉
 hiang¹-hsi³-i¹-shang¹ 漿洗衣裳
 hiang¹-shui³ 漿水
 hiang¹ 艸 { 姜 122c363b
 hiang¹ 薑
 hiang¹-chih¹ 薑汁
 hiang¹-huang² 薑黃
 hiang¹ shui³ 薑水
 hiang¹ ya² 薑芽
 hiang¹ 田 疆 123a363a
 hiang¹-chieh⁴ 疆界
 hiang¹-t'u³ 疆土
 hiang¹ 糸 韁 221b363a
 hiang¹-shêng² 韁繩
 hiang¹ 豆 豇 119c363c
 hiang¹-tou⁴ 豇豆
 hiang¹-tou⁴-chiao³-ér¹ 豇豆角兒
 hiang¹ 女 姜 123a362b
 hiang¹ shang⁴-fu⁴ 姜尙父
 hiang¹-t'ai⁴-kung¹ 姜太公
 hiang¹-tzu³-ya² 姜子牙
 hiang¹ 人 僵 122b362c
 hiang¹-shih¹ 僵屍

the affair is on the point of becoming ugly,
 a general, a commander-in-chief (4).
 an elderly woman of the groom's friends. M. 172.
 syrup, any thick fluid, pus, starch; to starch.
 starch in powder form.
 to wash and starch clothes (note order of 漿洗).
 starch (liquid).
 ginger.
 same,
 ginger syrup (t'ang³ chiang¹).
 turmeric (huang² chiang¹ fên³).
 ginger water, ginger tea.
 ginger shoots.
 a boundary, frontier or limit.
 same (hsin¹ chiang¹).
 same.
 a bridle.
 bridle reins, end of a halter, etc.
 beans, pulse.
 a kind of long bean.
 a kidney-bean pod.
 name.
 father of Chinese gods. M. 292. Chiang¹ T'ai⁴
 same.
 same.
 to lie down, stretched out, prostrate.
 a stiffened corpse (shih¹ shou³).

CHIANG³ 言 講 123c363c
 chiang³-chia⁴-ch'ien² 講價錢
 chiang³-chieh³ 講解
 chiang³-ching¹-shuo¹-fa² 講經說法
 chiang³ ch'ing² 講情
 chiang³-chiu¹ 講究
 chiang³-chiu¹-t'ou² 講究頭
 chiang³-fu³ 講法
 chiang³-ho² 講和
 chiang³-hua⁴ 講話
 chiang³-kuan¹-hua⁴ 講官話
 chiang³-li³ 講理
 chiang³-lun⁴ 講論
 chiang³ lun⁴-ping¹-fa² 講論兵法
 chiang³-ming² 講明

[(lun⁴).
 to speak, to discourse, to explain; explanation
 to discuss the price with the seller (huan² chia⁴).
 to explain, as a commentary. [Buddhist).
 to expound the Canon and declare the Law
 to intercede for another.
 particular, fastidious (cr. chiang¹ chiu⁴).
 worth talking about.
 mode of explanation; definition.
 to mediate, to negotiate, to pacify (shuo¹ ho²).
 to talk, to discuss, discourse (shuo¹ hua⁴).
 to talk mandarin.
 to discuss reason, to argue a question.
 to talk of, to discourse about.
 to explain military science.
 to declare, to speak plainly.

Chiang³-ming²-shuo¹ 講明說開
 Chiang³-pu¹-t'ou⁴ [k'ui¹] 講不透
 Chiang³-shu¹ 講書
 Chiang³-shu¹-t'ang² 講書堂
 Chiang³-shuo¹ 講說
 Chiang³-ta³ 講打
 Chiang³-t'an² 講談
 Chiang³-tê²-ch'ü⁴ 講得去
 Chiang³-tê²-lai² 講得來
 Chiang³-ting¹-liu³-chia⁴ 講定了價
 Chiang³-tung¹-chiang³ 講東講西
 Chiang³ 大 [hsi¹] 獎 121c968a
 Chiang³-ch'üan⁴ 獎勸
 Chiang³-li⁴ 獎勵
 Chiang³-shang³ 獎賞
 Chiang³ 水 港 124a364b
 Chiang³-k'ou³ 港口
 Chiang³ 木 漿 122a968b
 Chiang³ (tzü) 肉 脛 123b364a
 Chiang³ 未 耩 123c364a
 Chiang³-ti⁴ 耩地

to state clearly and unequivocally.
 to expound superficially only.
 to explain books.
 a preaching chapel.
 to speak, to discourse.
 to abuse and beat.
 to chat, to converse.
 it may be said.
 able to say or express.
 the price is fixed.
 to talk in an irrelevant way.
 to assist; to encourage, to commend, to praise.
 to encourage by praise (k'ua¹ Chiang³).
 to stimulate by praise (kuo¹ Chiang³).
 to encourage by rewards (shang³ ssü⁴). [harbour
 drain, a passage for water, an arm of the sea, a
 a port or harbour, the mouth of a passage (hai
 an oar (lu³). [k'ou²)]
 callosities on the feet.
 to plow and sow.
 to plough land (kêng¹ ti⁴).

CHIANG⁴ 阜 降 124c364c
 Chiang⁴-chi² 降級
 Chiang⁴-chih³ 降旨
 Chiang⁴-fan² 降凡
 Chiang⁴-fu² 降福
 Chiang⁴-fü² 降服
 Chiang⁴-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴ 降下去
 Chiang⁴-hsia⁴-lai² 降下來
 Chiang⁴-hsiang¹ 降香
 Chiang⁴-hsin¹-hsiang¹ 降心相從
 Chiang⁴-huo⁴ [ts'ung²] 降禍
 Chiang⁴-ko² 降革
 Chiang⁴-lin² 降臨
 Chiang⁴-pai³-hsiang² 降百祥
 Chiang⁴-san¹-chi² 降三級
 Chiang⁴-shêng¹ 降生
 Chiang⁴-shêng¹ 降升
 Chiang⁴-shih⁴ 降世
 Chiang⁴-shuang¹ 降霜
 Chiang⁴-tsai¹ 降災
 Chiang⁴-yü³ 降雨

to descend, to condescend. See hsiang².
 to degrade in rank (liu² jên⁴).
 to issue an imperial decree (shêng⁴ chih³).
 an incarnation, deity coming to place of mortal
 happiness sent by Heaven. [(lin² fan²)]
 one year's mourning, mourning for one's super
 to go down; to give to inferiors. [rior]
 to descend, to come down; to receive from
 laka wood; to burn incense. [superior]
 to condescend.
 calamity sent by Heaven (t'ien¹ tsai¹).
 to degrade, to deprive of rank.
 to condescend, to descend (lin² fan²).
 happiness sent by Heaven.
 to degrade three steps (official).
 to give birth to, given by Heaven, to be born into th
 descending and ascending. [world from another
 incarnation.
 falling of dew (shuang² Chiang⁴).
 to send down calamities.
 to rain (hsia⁴ yü³).

hiang ⁴	西	醬	122a968b	a kind of pickle made from pulse, etc.; soy.
hiang ⁴ -chiang ¹		醬薑		ginger preserved in soy.
hiang ⁴ -fang ¹		醬坊		an oilman's shop.
hiang ⁴ -kua ¹ -tzu ³		醬瓜子		pickled melons.
hiang ⁴ -pai ¹ -ts'ai ⁴		醬白菜		pickled cabbage.
hiang ⁴ -tou ⁴ -fu ³		醬豆腐		pickled bean-curd.
hiang ⁴ -ts'ai ¹		醬菜		pickled vegetables.
hiang ⁴ -yu ²		醬油		soy, bean sauce.
hiang ⁴ -yuan ²		醬園		an oilman's shop.
hiang ⁴	工	匠	124b968c	a mechanic, an artificer, a maker of, a worker in.
hiang ⁴ -hsin ¹		匠心		a person with an inventive genius. [bourer,
hiang ⁴ -i ¹		匠役		workman attached to public offices, etc.; a la-
hiang ⁴ -jên ²		匠人		a workman, an artificer, a mechanic.
hiang ⁴	糸	絳	124b364c	deep red, crimson.
hiang ⁴ -sha ¹		絳紗		crimson gauze.
hiang ⁴ -tzu ³		絳紫		dark crimson.
hiang ⁴ (tzu)	米	糲	124c365c	flour and water, paste (hu ² piao ³).
hiang ⁴ -ch'ou ² -ma ³ -tzu ³		鏡稠麻子		a person thickly pock-marked.
hiang ⁴ -hu ²		鏡糊		paste, starch.
hiang ⁴	人	倅	124b364b	obstreperous.
hiang ⁴ -hai ³ -tzu ³		倅孩子		unruly, contumacious child (sa ¹ p'oi ¹).
hiang ⁴ -han ⁴		倅漢		pigheaded man.
hiang ⁴ -hua ⁴		倅話		obstinate words.
hiang ⁴ -tsui ³		倅嘴		contumacious in speech.
CH'ANG ¹	木	槍	125c968a	a lance or spear of wood.
ch'iang ¹ -chien ¹		槍尖		point of a spear, etc.
ch'iang ¹ -kan ³		槍桿		handle of a spear.
ch'iang ¹ -shou ³		槍手		a hired substitute at examinations.
ch'iang ¹ -tao ¹ -ju ⁴ -ku ⁴		槍刀入庫		(fig.) a time of peace.
ch'iang ¹ -t'i ¹		槍替		a hired substitute at examinations.
ch'iang ¹ -tsuan ¹		槍鑽		the butt-end of a spear, etc.
ch'iang ¹	金	鎗	125c968b	a musket, firearms in general; a lance or spear.
ch'iang ¹ -chi ¹ -tzu ³		鎗機子		the lock of a gun (yang ² ch'iang ¹).
ch'iang ¹ -chia ⁴ -tzu ³		鎗架子		an arm-rack.
ch'iang ¹ -p'ao ⁴		鎗礮		small arms and artillery.
ch'iang ¹ -t'an ⁴ -tzu ³		鎗探子		a ramrod.
ch'iang ¹ -tao ¹ -chien ⁴		鎗刀劍戟		"guns, knives, swords, and spears," arms.
ch'iang ¹ -tzu ³ -rh ² [chi ³]		鎗子兒		shot, bullets.
ch'iang ¹ -yao ⁴		鎗藥		gunpowder (huo ³ yao ⁴).
ch'iang ¹	虫	螻	126b365b	a kind of beetle, a cockroach, the dung-beetle.
ch'iang ¹ -lang ²		螻螂		same (shih ³ k'oi ¹ lang ²). [tunes, accent.
ch'iang ¹	肉	腔	126b365c	puffed up with wind, vain, conceited, empty;

ch'iang¹-k'ou²-hao³ 腔口好
 ch'iang¹-tiao⁴ 腔調
 ch'iang¹-tzu³ 腔子
 ch'iang¹ 羊 羴 126b366a
 ch'iang¹ 足 踰 125c969a

his voice is well modulated.
 in tune, harmonizing; tunes, airs.
 a vain, conceited person; headless.
 sheep skeleton.
 quick, to step quickly; to fence, fencing.

CH·IANG² 牆 127b69a

ch'iang²-chi² 牆基

ch'iang²-chiao³ 牆腳

ch'iang²-ch'u² 牆厨

ch'iang²-kên¹-ti³-hsia⁴ 牆根底下

ch'iang²-ku³ 牆鼓

ch'iang²-pi⁴ 牆壁

ch'iang²-tao³-ch'i²-t'ui¹ 牆倒齊推

ch'iang²-to³-tzü³ 牆垛子

ch'iang²-yüan² 牆垣

ch'iang² 弓 彊 強 127c366b

ch'iang²-cha²-chêng¹- 強扎掙着

c h'iang²-chan¹ [cho² 強戰

ch'iang²-chêng¹ 強爭

ch'iang²-chien¹ 強姦

ch'iang²-chien¹-pu⁴-ts'ung² 強姦不從

ch'iang²-chih⁴ 強治

ch'iang²-ch'iu² 強求

ch'iang²-chuan⁴ 強壯

ch'iang²-jên² 強人

ch'iang²-jên³ 強忍

ch'iang²-jo⁴ 強弱

ch'iang²-ju² 強如

ch'iang²-kuan³ 強管

ch'iang²-liang² 強良

ch'iang²-liu² 強留

ch'iang²-pa⁴ 強霸

ch'iang²-p'ai⁴ 強派

ch'iang²-pan⁴ 強辦

ch'iang²-pi⁴ 強逼

ch'iang²-ping¹ 強兵

ch'iang²-shêng⁴ 強盛

ch'iang²-shui³ 強水

ch'iang²-ssü³ 強似

ch'iang²-ta³-ching¹-shên² 強打精神

ch'iang²-tao⁴ 強盜

ch'iang²-t'au³ 強討

a wall (ying³ pi⁴, ch'êng² ch'iang²),
 the foundation of a wall.

same.

a cupboard in wall.

the foot of a wall.

the wall bulges out.

walls generally (inner).

everyone has a shove at a falling wall (meta-
 a buttress.

walls generally (outer) (shan¹ ch'iang²).

strong, overbearing, good. (Also 3.) M. 142.

rousing one's self to energy (tou³ sou³ ching;
 to fight fiercely, able to fight. [shên²])

to take by force.

a rape; to commit a rape.

a rape against the will.

to repress by violence.

to covet, to desire.

strong (chuan⁴ shih² shih² ti¹).

a violent person; a clever person.

to force one's self, to endure.

strong and weak.

better than (ch'iang² ssü⁴).

to settle a matter by force.

to bully, to bluster.

to detain by force.

to take by force, to usurp.

to force, to compel.

to forcibly carry out.

to force, to compel.

to secure an efficient soldiery.

flourishing, prosperous, puissant, e. g. , a kingdom.
 acids.

better than, to surpass.

to rouse with an effort.

robbers, banditti (hsiang³ na³).

to demand.

'iang²-tsei²
 'iang³-tsui³
 'iang³-yao⁴
 'iang² 艸 薔
 'iang²-wei² 薔 薇

robbers, banditti.
 unmannerly, asseverate.
 to demand, to insist on having.
 a red rose (mei² kuei⁴).
 climbing rose.

H·IANG³ 手 搶 125b969c
 'iang³-chich² 搶 劫
 'iang³-cho²-mai³ 搶 着 買
 'iang³-ch'ü⁴ 搶 去
 'iang³-hsien¹ [jeng¹ 搶 先
 'iang²-liao³-shang³ 搶 了 上 風
 'iang³-lio⁴ 搶 掠
 'iang³-ning² 搶 擰
 'iang³-tao⁴ 搶 盜
 'iang²-to² 搶 奪
 'iang³-tsui³ 搶 嘴

[snatch,
 to rob by violence; to stand opposed to; to
 to rob, to plunder, highway robbery.
 to buy at auction.
 to snatch away (to³ ch'ü⁴).
 to struggle for precedence, unmannerly,
 stole the advantage (fig.).
 to plunder, burglary.
 to seize, to wrench.
 robbery, brigandage (hsiang³ ma³).
 to rob, to plunder (t'ou⁴ tao⁴).
 unmannerly, forward to talk.

H·IANG⁴ 戈 戩 125b970c
 'iang⁴-mu⁴ 戩 木
 'iang⁴ 口 嗆 125b970a
 'iang⁴-ch'ü¹-hsieh³ 嗆 出 血 來
 [lai²

a prop, to prop (as a house, wall, etc.).
 a prop, a support, scaffolding.
 to cough, to irritate the throat, to smoke out,
 coughed up blood.

HIAO¹ 亠 交 128c367a
 hiao¹-chan⁴ 交 戰
 hiao¹-chia⁴ 交 價
 hiao¹-chieh¹ 交 接
 hiao¹-chieh³ p'eng²-yu³ 交 結 朋 友
 hiao¹-chieh³ 交 節
 hiao¹-chieh⁴ 交 界
 hiao¹-chieh⁴-pei¹ 交 界 碑
 hiao¹-ch'ih³ 交 齒
 hiao¹-ch'ing² 交 情
 hiao¹-ch'ing²-chung⁴ 交 情 重
 hiao¹-ch'ü¹ 交 出
 hiao¹-fu⁴ 交 付
 hiao¹-hao³ 交 好
 hiao¹-ho² 交 和
 hiao¹-ho² 交 合
 hiao¹-hu⁴ 交 互
 hiao¹-huan² 交 還
 hiao¹-hui² 交 回
 hiao¹-hui⁴ 交 會

interchange, intercourse, to blend; to give to,
 conflict, meet in battle.
 to pay the price of an article.
 intercourse, receive and entertain.
 to form friendship; to become intimate with,
 the establishment of spring (li⁴ ch'un¹).
 adjoining boundaries.
 a boundary tablet.
 dovetailed, interlocking.
 mutual affection or friendship.
 the friendship is weighty.
 to deliver up.
 to transfer, to pass over, to hand to.
 to form friendship; friends.
 mutual friendship. [merce,
 two armies opposed to each other, sexual com-
 mutually connected or blended together.
 to return, to hand back.
 to deliver back.
 to meet, to join, conjunction.

chiao¹-i⁴
 chiao¹-kei³
 chiao¹-p'an²
 chiao¹-pei¹-chan³
 chiao¹-p'êng²-yu³
 chiao¹-ping¹
 chiao¹-shou³
 chiao¹-so³
 chiao¹-tai⁴
 chiao¹-t'i⁴
 chiao¹-t'o¹
 chiao¹-tsa²
 chiao¹-tsu²-liao³
 chiao¹-wang³
 chiao¹-wu³
 chiao¹-yin⁴
 chiao¹-yu³
 chiao¹-yu³-tai⁴-k'o⁴
 chiao¹-yü²-shui²
 chiao¹
 chiao¹-ch'í²
 chiao¹-êrh²
 chiao¹-hsing⁴
 chiao¹-k'o⁴
 chiao¹-mei³
 chiao¹-mei⁴
 chiao¹-nên⁴
 chiao¹-nü³
 chiao¹-shêng¹ [yang³
 chiao¹-shêng¹-kuan⁴-
 chiao¹-t'ai⁴
 chiao¹-tzü¹
 chiao¹-yang³
 chiao¹
 chiao¹-cha²-kao¹
 chiao¹-huang³
 chiao¹-jê⁴
 chiao¹-kan¹
 chiao¹-suan¹
 chiao¹-tsao⁴
 chiao¹-ts'ui⁴
 chiao¹
 chiao¹-shan⁴

交易

交交

交盤

交盃

交朋友

交兵

交手

交鎖

交代

交替

交託

交雜

交足了

交往

交午

交印

交友

交友

交於誰

女嬌

嬌妻

嬌兒

嬌性

嬌客

嬌美

嬌媚

嬌嫩

嬌女生

嬌生

嬌態

嬌姿

嬌養

火焦

焦燻

焦黃

焦熱

焦乾

焦酸

焦燥

焦脆

艸蕉

蕉扇

trade, commerce, barter.

to hand or give to.

to hand over to another person.

the bridal cup.

a friend, friendly intercourse.

to go to war, battle.

to fight, scaffolding.

to lock together.

to hand over to a successor in office (or 帶).

to hand over to the care of another.

to entrust to.

to mix, to blend; thick, close, tangled (ts'an¹ho³

the full sum has been paid over.

intercourse of friendship; dealings (chiao¹

11 o'clock A.M.; near noon.

to deliver over the seal to a successor.

friends, the intercourse of friends.

intercourse with friends and receiving guests.

deliver to whom?

delicate, tender, to bring up delicately; beautiful

a beautiful wife.

a fine boy.

brought up delicately.

a term of respect to a daughter's husband.

delicate and beautiful.

elegant, fascinating, bewitching.

delicate, tender, handsome.

a fine or delicate girl.

delicately born.

delicately brought up and humored.

graceful, elegant.

delicate and handsome.

to rear tenderly or delicately.

scorched, seared; vexation, anxiety, distress.

a sort of fried cake.

bright yellow, golden, auburn.

stifling hot (mên⁴ jê⁴). parching dry (kan¹ pa¹ pa¹ ti¹).

intensely sour.

anxious, worried, annoyed (hsin¹ chiao²).

very crisp, e. g., peanuts.

the palm, the plantain.

palm-leaf fans.

<i>iao¹-yeh⁴</i>		蕉葉		palm leaves.
<i>iao¹</i>	木	椒 ^{135a970c}		pepper (hu ² chiao ¹ , ch'in ² chiao ¹).
<i>iao¹-fĕn³</i>		椒粉		ground pepper.
<i>iao¹-mien⁴</i>		椒麵		same.
<i>iao¹</i>	水	澆 ^{133a368c}		to sprinkle (as in watering flowers, etc.).
<i>iao¹-ch'uan²</i>		澆船		to water the boat's timbers.
<i>iao¹-hua¹</i>		澆花		to water flowers.
<i>iao¹-kuan⁴</i>		澆灌		to sprinkle, to water.
<i>iao¹-lu⁴-lu²</i>		澆輓轆		to work a windlass for drawing water.
<i>iao¹-p'iao²</i>		澆瓢		a ladle for washing decks.
<i>iao¹-shui³</i>		澆水		to sprinkle water.
<i>iao¹-ti⁴</i>		澆地		to water fields.
<i>hiao¹</i>	肉	膠 ^{134c368c}		glue, to glue; adherence to (shui ³ chiao ¹).
<i>hiao¹-chan¹-ti¹</i>		膠粘的		to stick with glue. [tive] (ju ² chiao ¹ ssü ⁴ ch'ĭ ¹).
<i>hiao¹-ch'ĭ¹-hs'ang¹-t'ou²</i>		膠漆相投		sticking together like glue and varnish (figura-
<i>hiao¹</i>	馬	驕 ^{134a368b}		proud, haughty, arrogant, ungovernable.
<i>hiao¹-ao⁴</i>		驕傲		same (ch'ĭ ³ chiao ² ao ⁴).
<i>hiao¹-k'uang²</i>		驕狂		proud and violent.
<i>hiao¹-tsung¹</i>		驕縱		overbearing.
<i>hiao¹</i>	邑	郊 ^{131b367c}		waste land outside a city, the country.
<i>hiao¹-shĕ⁴</i>		郊社		a country altar.
<i>hiao¹-wai¹</i>		郊外		in the country.
<i>hiao¹</i>	虫	蛟 ^{131a367b}		a scaly dragon, the crocodile.
<i>hiao¹-lung²</i>		蛟龍		a kind of dragon; crocodiles and dragons.
<i>hiao¹-shu³</i>		蛟屬		of the crocodile species.
<i>hiao¹</i>	魚	鮫 ^{131c368a}		a kind of dog-fish or shark.
<i>hiao¹</i>	足	跂 ○ ○		the bones of the leg, to stumble, to trip (shuai ³) [chiao ¹].
<i>hiao¹</i>	艸	苳 ^{131a367b}		a kind of grass; dried grass.
<i>hiao¹</i>	口	噍 ○ ○		to eat, to chew, to bite.
<i>chiao¹-ya²</i>		噍牙		disputatious, querulous.
<i>chiao¹</i>	石	礁 ^{132b970c}		half-tide rocks, shoal rocks.
<i>chiao¹-shih²</i>		礁石		shoals, hidden rocks.
CHIAO² (<i>tzü</i>)	口	嚼 ^{233b997a}		to bite, to chew; a bit or bridle (ch'üeh ²).
<i>chiao²-kuo⁴</i>		嚼過		outlay, living.
<i>chiao²-pu¹-lan⁴</i>		嚼不爛		cannot masticate it.
<i>chiao²-pu¹-tung⁴</i>		嚼不動		the teeth make no impression by chewing.
<i>chiao²-shĕ²-t'ou²</i>		嚼舌頭		to chew the tongue.
<i>chiao²-yung⁴</i>		嚼用		living, expenditure.
CHIAO³	肉月	脚 ^{136c410a}		the foot, the bottom.
<i>chiao³</i>		脚		same (pao ¹ chiao ³).
<i>chiao³-chang³</i>		脚掌		the sole of the foot.

<i>chiao³-ch'ê¹</i>	腳車	treadles or wheels worked by foot.
<i>chiao³-ch'î¹-yen³</i>	腳鷄眼	corns on the feet.
<i>chiao³-chia⁴</i>	腳價	coolie hire, freightage.
<i>chiao³-chien¹</i>	腳尖	point of the foot.
<i>chiao³-ch'ien²</i>	腳錢	hire of men or animals.
<i>chiao³-ch'ih²-t'ou²</i>	腳指頭	tocs.
<i>chiao³-hsia⁴</i>	腳下	now, this spot.
<i>chiao³-hsin¹</i>	腳心	the hollow of the foot.
<i>chiao³-kên¹</i>	腳跟	the heel, the sole of the foot.
<i>chiao³-ch'êng²</i>	腳程	to journey on foot.
<i>chiao³-li⁴-tu⁴</i>	腳力大	his influence is great.
<i>chiao³-liao³</i>	腳镣	feet-irons, fetters (<i>shou³ k'ao³</i>).
<i>chiao³-lu²</i>	腳爐	a foot-stove.
<i>chiao³-lü²</i>	腳馱	a donkey for riding.
<i>chiao³-mien⁴</i>	腳面	the instep.
<i>chiao³-pei¹</i>	腳背	same.
<i>chiao³-po²-tzü³</i>	腳脖子	the ankle.
<i>chiao³-sê⁴</i>	腳色	occupation, or rôle.
<i>chiao³-shou³</i>	腳手	scaffolding; disposition; shoes and stockings.
<i>chiao³-ta²-tzü³</i>	腳搭子	a foot-stool (<i>tz'ü³ têng⁴</i>).
<i>chiao³-t'a¹-rh ê¹</i>	腳踏車	a bicycle.
<i>chiao³-têng⁴</i>	腳凳	a foot stool (<i>tsu² chi¹</i>).
<i>chiao³-ti²-hsia⁴</i>	腳底下	under foot.
<i>chiao³-tu³</i>	腳肚	the calf of the leg.
<i>chiao³-tz'ü⁴ (ts'ai)</i>	腳趾	the floor (<i>ti⁴ pan³</i>).
<i>chiao³-yen²</i>	腳眼	ankles (<i>huai² tzü³ ku³</i>).
<i>chiao³</i>	手攪	13Sa371a to stir up, to excite, to disturb, to annoy.
<i>chiao³-ho²</i>	攪和	to mix, to stir (<i>ch'an¹ ho²</i>).
<i>chiao³-hun⁴</i>	攪混	to excite confusion,
<i>chiao³-i¹-t'ien¹</i>	攪一天	on a <i>spree</i> for the day.
<i>chiao³-jao³</i>	攪擾	to disturb, to perplex (<i>hsin¹ chiao¹</i>).
<i>chiao³-kang¹</i>	攪缸	trial by water, the water-test; to stir up (water in the <i>kanj</i>).
<i>chiao³-lian⁴</i>	攪亂	to derange, to cause confusion or disorder.
<i>chiao³-lian⁴-jên²-hsin¹</i>	攪亂人心	to disturb people's hearts.
<i>chiao³-nao⁴</i>	攪鬧	to delight in bustle, life, gaiety, etc.
<i>chiao³-shih¹-chiao³-fei¹</i>	攪是攪非	argumentative; to sow dissension (<i>t'iao² so¹</i>).
<i>chiao³-tung⁴</i>	攪動	to disturb (<i>ta³ chiao³</i>).
<i>chiao³-yün²</i>	攪勻	to mix evenly.
<i>chiao³</i>	角	[See <i>chü</i> a horn; a quarter, a ten-cent piece; a corn]
<i>chiao³-hsing¹</i>	角星	a Chinese constellation.
<i>chiao³-k'ou³</i>	角口	to wrangle with (<i>k'ou³ chiao³</i>).
<i>chiao³-shu¹</i>	角梳	a horn comb (<i>mu⁴ shu¹</i>).

<i>hiao³</i>	犬	狡	130b369c	artful, crafty, cunning, perverse, disorderly.
<i>hiao³-hua²</i>		狡		artful, cunning.
<i>hiao³-lai⁴</i>		狡		prevaricate, shifty.
<i>hiao³-t'u¹-san¹-hsueh⁴*</i>		狡兔三穴		an artful person, prepared with means of escape.
<i>hiao³</i>	糸	絞	130c369b	to wrap round and twist, to strangle.
<i>hiao³-chien¹-hou⁴</i>		絞監候		one in prison awaiting death by strangulation.
<i>hiao³-chin³-hsieh³</i>		絞緊些		bind it a little tighter (pang ³ chieh ² shih ²).
<i>hiao³-chu⁴</i>		絞住		to twist, twisted.
<i>hiao³-chuang¹</i>		絞椿		[windlass on canal lock. stake, bound to which criminals are strangled,
<i>hiao³-ssü³</i>		絞死		death by strangulation (lê ⁴ ssü ³).
<i>hiao³-tsui⁴</i>		絞罪		the punishment of strangulation.
<i>hiao³</i>	刀	期	136b971a	to cut off, to destroy, to exterminate; to fatigue.
<i>hiao³-lao²</i>		勦勞		to weary, to fatigue.
<i>hiao³-mien⁴</i>		勦滅		to exterminate, to totally destroy. [mèn ²].
<i>hiao³-tsei²</i>		勦賊		to destroy rebels or banditti (ch'ao ¹ chia ¹ mieh ⁴
<i>hiao³</i>	糸	繳	137c370a	to return to, to pay to, hand in, to deliver up.
<i>hiao³-hsiao¹</i>		繳銷		to cancel.
<i>hiao³-hui²</i>		繳回		to return, to hand back to.
<i>hiao³</i>	白	皎	130c369b	bright white; pure.
<i>hiao³-huang²</i>		皎黃		bright yellow.
<i>hiao³-lan²</i>		皎藍		bright blue (êrh ² lan ²).
<i>hiao³-pai²</i>		皎白		very white.
<i>hiao³</i>	矢	矯	133c370b	to feign; to force.
<i>hiao³-ch'iang²</i>		矯強		to make false pretences, unreasonable.
<i>hiao³</i>	人	僥	137a368b	lucky (yün ⁴ ch'í ⁴).
<i>hiao³-hsing⁴</i>		僥倖		happy chance, luck.
<i>hiao³</i>	疒	疴	138b371a	a colic with gripes.
<i>hiao³-ch'ang²-sha¹</i>		疴腸痧		cholera (huo ⁴ lian ⁴ chêng ⁴).
<i>hiao³</i>	金	鉸	131c372c	a spade, shovel or hoe; a hinge; scissors.
<i>hiao³-chih³-hua¹</i>		鉸紙花		to cut out paper flowers.
<i>hiao³-i¹-shang¹</i>		鉸衣裳		to cut out clothes.
<i>hiao³ (tzu)</i>	食	餃	131c372c	pastry containing minced meat, a mince pie.
<i>hiao³</i>	金	鐵	137c370a	to cut with shears.
CHIAO ⁴	支	教	135b372a	to teach, to command; a doctrine, a sect. M. 179
<i>hiao⁴-ch'ang²</i>		教場		a drill-ground (or 較).
<i>hiao⁴-chung¹-jén²</i>		教中人		a member of the church.
<i>hiao⁴-hsi²</i>		教習		a teacher, a professor.
<i>hiao⁴-hsiao²</i>		教學		to teach, instruction.
<i>hiao⁴-hsun³</i>		教訓		to teach, to instruct.
<i>hiao⁴-hua⁴</i>		教化		to instruct, to convert, instruction, conversion.
<i>hiao⁴-hui¹</i>		教會		a church.
<i>hiao⁴-i¹-ching²-pai³</i>		教一做百		teaching one warns a hundred.

[(also 1)].

<i>chiao¹-kai³</i>	教給	to teach, instruct,
<i>chiao¹-kuan¹</i>	教官	government teachers.
<i>chiao¹-kuan³</i>	教館	a school house, to teach a school,
<i>chiao⁴-lien⁴</i>	教練	to drill, as troops (ts'ao ¹ lien ⁴).
<i>chiao⁴-mên²</i>	教門	a sect ; disciples,
<i>chiao⁴-shih¹</i>	教師	teacher of a religion (or 士).
<i>chiao¹-shou⁴</i>	教授	director of studies in a <i>fu</i> (山長).
<i>chiao¹-shu¹</i>	教書	to teach.
<i>chiao¹-shu¹-ti¹</i>	教書的	a schoolmaster.
<i>chiao⁴-so¹</i>	教唆	to instigate, to sow discord.
<i>chiao⁴-tang²</i>	教堂	a church (building).
<i>chiao¹-tsun¹</i>	教遵	to advise ; advice.
<i>chiao¹-tiao⁴</i>	教調	to correct, to admonish.
<i>chiao¹-tu²</i>	教讀	to teach, to instruct.
<i>chiao¹-t'u²-ti¹</i>	教徒的	to teach pupils.
<i>chiao⁴-wai⁴-jên²</i>	教外人	not a member of the church,
<i>chiao¹-wo³-k'an⁴</i>	教我	in my opinion (tsai ⁴ wo ³ k'an ⁴).
<i>chiao⁴-yü⁴</i>	教諭	official director of studies in a <i>hsien</i> , G. 472,
<i>chiao⁴-yu³</i>	教友	a church member (fêng ⁴ chiao ¹).
<i>chiao⁴</i>	叫	to call, to bid, to order ; to cause ; to name.
<i>chiao⁴-chang¹-êrh²</i>	叫張兒	to give the hint in card-playing,
<i>chiao⁴-chuan⁴-liao³</i>	叫轉了	mispronounced ; to call back.
<i>chiao⁴-han³</i>	叫喊	to call out loudly, to bawl (han ¹ chiao ⁴).
<i>chiao⁴-hang²</i>	叫行	to call out the market price,
<i>chiao⁴-hao³-êrh²</i>	叫好兒	to give a cheer, to applaud.
<i>chiao⁴-hsing³</i>	叫醒	to awaken.
<i>chiao⁴-hu¹</i>	叫呼	to call to or for.
<i>chiao⁴-hua¹-tzü³</i>	叫化子	a beggar (ch'í ³ kai ⁴).
<i>chiao¹-huan⁴</i>	叫喚	to call out ; cry of animals.
<i>chiao⁴-huan⁴-sl-ên²-mo¹</i>	叫喚甚麼	what is he calling about ? (derisive).
<i>chiao⁴-hun²</i>	*叫魂	to call the spirit of a sick child.
<i>chiao⁴-kou³-yao³-liao³</i>	叫狗咬了	the dog bit him (passive use of <i>chiao⁴</i>). M. 128.
<i>chiao⁴-lü²</i>	叫驢	a jack-ass (ts'ao ³ lü ²).
<i>chiao⁴-mên⁴</i>	叫門	to call or knock at a door (p'ai ¹ mên ²).
<i>chiao⁴-pai²</i>	叫白	to call colloquially, <i>i. e.</i> , mispronounce.
<i>chiao⁴-p'o⁴-sang³-tzü³</i>	叫破嗓子	to shout one's self hoarse.
<i>chiao⁴-pu⁴-ying¹-t'ai¹</i>	叫不應他	I call him but can get no response.
<i>chiao⁴-shên²-mo¹</i>	叫甚麼	what is it called ?
<i>chiao⁴-shih⁴-chia⁴</i>	叫市價	to call out the market price.
<i>chiao⁴-t'ai¹-lai²</i>	叫他來	call him, tell him to come (ch'ing ³ t'ai ¹ lai ²).
<i>chiao⁴-tso⁴</i>	叫做	called, designated (ming ² chiao ⁴).
<i>chiao⁴-wo³</i>	叫我	call me ; cause me to—.
<i>chiao⁴ (tzü)</i>	車轎	sedan-chair (i ¹ ting ³ , i ¹ ch'êng ² , i ¹ tso ⁴).

iao ⁴ -ch'ê ¹		轎車	sedans and carts ; a covered cart (North China)•
iao ⁴ -fu ¹		轎夫	sedan-bearers.
iao ⁴ -i ¹ -tzu ³		轎衣子	lining of a sedan.
iao ⁴ -kan ¹		轎杆	sedan poles.
iao ⁴ -lien ²		轎簾	chair screen.
iao ⁴ -pan ¹		轎班	sedan-bearers (t'ai ² chiao ⁴ ti ¹).
iao ⁴ -tan ³		轎担	short pole for rest (chair).
iao ⁴ -ting ³		轎頂	the top of a sedan, the knob on top of sedan.
iao ⁴ -wei ²		轎圍	curtains of a sedan.
iao ⁴		較 ^{131a372c}	to compare, to wrangle, to argue.
iao ⁴ -chuan ³		較轉	to equivocate.
iao ⁴ -chun ³		較准	to equalize, to adjust.
iao ⁴ -liang ⁴		較量	to compare.
iao ⁴ -pi ³		較比	to compare (pi ³ chia ⁴).
iao ⁴ -to ¹		較多	comparatively more.
iao ⁴ -tui ⁴		較對	to compare.
iao ⁴	木	校 ^{130ca373a}	to examine, to compare ; a rank. See hsiao ⁴ .
iao ⁴ -chêng ⁴		校正	to revise, to correct.
iao ⁴ -chêng ⁴ -wu ² -o ²		校正無訛	I have compared them and find no error.
iao ⁴ -tao ¹ -shou ³		校刀手	foot-swordsmen.
iao ⁴ -ting ⁴		校訂	to revise, to correct.
iao ⁴ -yü ⁴		校尉	a military rank, master controller ; chair-bearers.
iao ⁴	酉	醮 ^{132c971b}	{ to burn incense, to pray ; a widow marry- (ing again.
iao ⁴ (tzu ³)	穴	窞 ^{138c372a}	a pit, a hole, a cavern, a cellar (ti ⁴ yin ⁴ tzu ³).
iao ⁴	見	覺 ^{232c410c}	to awaken, to attend, to perceive. See chüeh ² .
iao ⁴ (tzu ³)	酉	酵 ^{136a372c}	bicarbonate of soda ; yeast (mien ⁴ chiao ⁴).
H'IAO ¹	支	敲 ^{139b373c}	to strike, to beat, to knock (as at a door).
h'iao ¹ -ch'iao ¹ -ta ³ -ta ³		敲敲打打	repeatedly rapping.
h'iao ¹ -ch'ing ⁴		敲磬	[musical stone). to beat the inverted bell in temples (lit.,
h'iao ¹ -ku ³		敲鼓	to beat a drum (lei ⁴ ku ³).
h'iao ¹ -lo ²		敲鑼	to beat a gong (shai ¹ lo ²).
h'iao ¹ -mu ⁴ -yü ²		敲木魚	to beat the wooden fish (priests begging).
h'iao ¹ -mên ²		敲門	to knock at a door (p'ai ¹ mên ²).
h'iao ¹ -pang ¹		敲梆	to beat the watchman's rattle.
h'iao ¹ -shan ¹ -chên ⁴ -hu ³		敲山震虎	fig. to seek to frighten.
h'iao ¹ -sui ⁴		敲碎	to break in pieces.
h'iao ¹ -ta ³		敲打	to knock, to beat.
h'iao ¹ -t'ung ² -p'ai ²		敲銅牌	to beat a brass tablet.
h'iao ¹	足	蹠 ^{149c373a}	to raise the feet, to nurse the leg.
h'iao ¹ -cho ² -chiao ³ -rh ²		蹠著脚兒	to cross the legs.
h'iao ¹	金	鍤 ^{142a971a}	a shovel, spade or hoe.

ch'iao¹-chüeh³ 鍬
 ch'iao¹ 巾 幫^{142a971b}
 ch'iao¹-pien¹ 幫邊
 ch'iao¹ 足 躑^{149c373a}

CH'IAO² 目 瞧 瞧^{141a972a}
 ch'iao²-chien⁴ 瞧見
 ch'iao²-cho²-tso²-pa⁴ 瞧着作罷
 ch'iao²-hsiang¹-ti¹ 瞧香的
 ch'iao²-k'an⁴ 瞧看
 ch'iao²-k'o⁴ 瞧客
 ch'iao²-ping⁴ 瞧病
 ch'iao²-p'o³-liao³ 瞧破了
 ch'iao²-pu⁴-ch'i³ 瞧不起
 ch'iao²-pu⁴-chien⁴ 瞧不見
 ch'iao²-pu⁴-shang⁴ 瞧不上
 ch'iao²-pu⁴-t'ou⁴ 瞧不透
 ch'iao²-tê²-chien⁴ 瞧得見
 ch'iao²-t'ou⁴ 瞧透
 ch'iao² 木 橋 橋^{140b374a}
 ch'iao²-ku³ 橋凸
 ch'iao²-k'un⁴ 橋空
 ch'iao²-lan²-kan¹ 橋欄杆
 ch'iao²-liang² 橋梁
 ch'iao²-ting³ 橋頂
 ch'iao²-tung⁴ 橋洞
 ch'iao²-yen³ 橋眼
 ch'iao² 口 喬 喬^{140a374a}
 ch'iao²-ch'i⁴-hsi¹ 喬氣息
 ch'iao²-pai² 喬白
 ch'iao² 艸 蕎 蕎^{140c374b}
 ch'iao²-mai⁴ 蕎麥
 ch'iao² (tzü) 木 樵 樵^{141a971c}
 ch'iao²-fu¹ 樵夫

a hoe (ch'u² t'ou²).
 to hem (na⁴ ti³ tzü³).
 to hem the edge. [sho
 to elevate the feet, a high-heeled shoe, a fal
 to look, to see (ch'ou³).
 to look, to see.
 act according to circumstances.
 women exorcists, etc.
 to look, to see.
 to pay a visit (k'an⁴ wang⁴). [(k'an⁴ ping⁴
 to treat diseases, to have one's disease treat
 seen through, detected.
 to slight a person, to despise, to hold one cheap
 unable to see.
 not to think much of, to hold cheap.
 unable to see through or detect.
 able to see.
 to see through, to detect.
 a bridge (tiao⁴ ch'iao²).
 warped, bulged.
 arches of a bridge.
 rails of a bridge.
 "bridge beams," a bridge.
 the top of a bridge.
 arches of a bridge.
 same (hsiu¹ ch'iao² pu³ lu⁴).
 high, aspiring.
 very rauk, nauseating.
 very white.
 buckwheat (yu⁴ mai⁴).
 same.
 a woodcutter.
 same.

CH'IAO³ 工 巧 巧^{141b374c}
 ch'iao³-chi¹ 巧機
 ch'iao³-chi¹-hui⁴ 巧機會
 ch'iao³ chi⁴ 巧計
 ch'iao³-chiang⁴ 巧匠
 ch'iao³-chih³-shi¹ 巧指使
 ch'iao³-liao³ 巧
 ch'iao³-miao⁴ 巧妙

clever, artful, cunning ; a genius.
 an ingenious machine.
 a capital opportunity (ch'ia⁴ ch'iao³).
 an artful scheme, etc.
 a skilful workman,
 to speak with guile ; to use ingeniously.
 luckily, perchance, mayhap (ch'ia⁴ ch'iao³).
 ingenious, clever, admirable.

h'iao³-nü³-chieh³-chieh³ 巧女姐姐
 h'iao³-tsui³-pa²-ko¹ 巧嘴八哥
 h'iao³-yen²-hua¹-yii³ 巧言花語
 h'iao³-yen²-ling²-se⁴ 巧言令色
 h'iao³-yüeh⁴ 巧月
 h'iao³ 雀 雀 雀 雀
 h'iao³-lung² 雀籠
 h'iao³-niao³ 雀鳥
 h'iao³ 鳥 鳥 鳥
 h'iao³-ch'uo² 鳥 鳥 巢
 h'iao³ 火 火 火

weaveress goddess, believed to be clever in a clever talking parrot. [needle-work].
 specious or pompous style of speech, fine words and captivating countenance.
 the seventh moon. See Note 38.
 a sparrow, any small birds (ch'üeh⁴).
 a bird-cage.
 small birds.
 the magpie (ch'üeh³).
 the magpie's nest.
 to smoke, to soil,

CH'IAO⁴ 心 心 悄 悄
 h'iao⁴-ch'iao⁴-rh²-ti¹ 悄悄兒的
 h'iao⁴-k'uei² 悄悄窺
 h'iao⁴-pu⁴-shêng¹-rh² 悄不聲兒
 h'iao⁴ 人 俏 俏
 h'iao⁴-chêng¹ 俏爭
 h'iao⁴-chia¹-jên² 俏佳人
 h'iao⁴-ching¹ 俏精
 h'iao⁴-p'i² 俏皮
 h'iao⁴-p'i²-hua⁴ [ti] 俏皮話
 h'iao⁴-shêng¹-shêng¹ 俏生生的
 h'iao⁴ 手 才 擡 擡
 h'iao⁴-k'ai¹ 擡開
 h'iao⁴-k'ai¹-mên² 擡開門
 h'iao⁴ 穴 竅 竅
 h'iao⁴-yen³ 竅眼
 h'iao⁴ (tzü) 革 鞘 鞞
 h'iao⁴ 言 諤 諤
 h'iao⁴ 人 倣 倣

quietly, secretly, privately; anxious. same.
 to peep stealthily, [chiao³].
 stealthily without [noise (nieh¹ shou³ nieh¹ handsome, pretty, elegant).
 same.
 a handsome woman.
 experienced. [twit].
 nice-looking, tasty, well dressed; to tease, to witty words, twitting, sarcastic.
 brisk, graceful.
 to raise, to prize or use leverage, to force open.
 to force or prize open.
 to force open a door.
 a hole, an aperture, an opening, mind, an aperture. [ure].
 a sheath, a scabbard; wooden logs to carry to ridicule = 諤.
 silly, ill.

CHIEH¹ 手 才 接 接
 chieh¹-ch'ai¹-shih³ 接差使
 chieh¹-chia⁴ 接駕
 chieh¹-ch'iang¹ 接腔
 chieh¹-chiu⁴ 接就
 chieh¹-fêng¹ 接風
 chieh¹-fêng¹-chiu³ 接風酒
 chieh¹-hsi⁴ 接續
 chieh¹-ku³-chiang⁴ 接骨匠
 chieh¹-lien² 接連
 chieh¹-lien²-pu⁴-luan⁴ 接連不斷

[sion].
 to take, to receive, to catch; to come in the duty of receiving official.
 to meet the Emperor.
 to join in a chorus.
 to accommodate, to agree.
 to welcome back.
 feast of welcome.
 to connect, in connection with, supplementary. "bone catchers," surgeons.
 to unite, to connect, united, joined.
 uninterrupted succession.

<i>chieh¹-pan¹</i>	接班	to take one's turn on duty.
<i>chieh¹-shêng¹</i>	接生	a midwife, to attend as a midwife.
<i>chieh¹-shêng¹-p'ò²</i>	接生婆	a midwife (shou ¹ shêng ¹).
<i>chieh¹-shou³</i>	接手	an accomplice, a receiver.
<i>chieh¹-shou⁴</i>	接受	to accept, to receive.
<i>chieh¹-sung⁴</i>	接送	to meet and to escort back.
<i>chieh¹-ta⁴-jê^u²</i>	接大人	to meet a high official.
<i>chieh¹-tai¹</i>	接待	to receive, to entertain.
<i>chieh¹-yin³</i>	接引	to lead, to conduct, to guide.
<i>chieh¹-yin⁴</i>	接印	to receive the seal of office, to take over the [seal]
<i>chieh¹-ying⁴</i>	接應	to support; a support, a reserve.
<i>chieh¹</i>	行街	a street.
<i>chieh¹-cha²</i>	街閘	a street barrier.
<i>chieh¹-ch'ien³</i>	街前	in the street.
<i>chieh¹-fang¹</i>	街坊	a neighborhood; neighbors (lin ² chü ¹).
<i>chieh¹-shang⁴</i>	街上	in, on, or up the street.
<i>chieh¹-shih⁴</i>	街市	a market street.
<i>chieh¹-tao⁴</i>	街道	public roads or ways.
<i>chieh¹-tao⁴-t'ing¹</i>	街道廳	an inspector of roads, &c.
<i>chieh¹</i>	白皆	all, the whole of (tu ¹).
<i>chieh¹-ch'üan³</i>	皆全	same.
<i>chieh¹-jan³</i>	皆然	all the same.
<i>chieh¹-shih⁴</i>	皆是	all are (chü ¹ shih ⁴ , tu ¹ shih ⁴).
<i>chieh¹-t'ung³</i>	皆同	all alike, altogether.
<i>chieh¹</i>	手揭	to raise up, to be answerable; to state to; to [take off]
<i>chieh¹-ch'ü³-lai²</i>	揭起來	to raise up.
<i>chieh¹-fêng¹</i>	揭封	to strip the paper from a door officially sealed.
<i>chieh¹-kao⁴</i>	揭告	to reveal and accuse, to prosecute.
<i>chieh¹-k'ai¹</i>	揭開	to strip off, drop it! put it down!
<i>chieh¹-pang³</i>	揭榜	to publish the list (t'ai ² pang ³).
<i>chieh¹-t'ieh³</i>	揭帖	an accusation; a placard (mu ⁴ t'ou ² t'ieh ³).
<i>chieh¹-tuan³</i>	揭短	to shew up one's shortcomings.
<i>chieh¹-wa³-fang²-wu¹</i>	揭瓦房屋	to remove the tiles from a roof.
<i>chieh¹</i>	阜土	stairs, steps, a step, a degree in rank.
<i>chieh¹</i>	階	same (t'ai ² chieh ¹).
<i>chieh¹-ch'ü³</i>	階級	a step, a grade.
<i>chieh¹</i>	禾	stalks; to husk grain (mai ⁴ chieh ¹).
<i>chieh¹ (tzü)</i>	疔	a sore, an ulcer, a tumour.
CHIEH²	糸	[bind (also 1, 3)]
<i>chieh²-an⁴</i>	結案	to tie; a knot; fixed, formed; to contract, to
<i>chieh²-chang⁴</i>	結賬	to close a law case (liao ³ chieh ²).
<i>chieh²-chiao¹</i>	結交	to finish an account,
		to become intimate friends (chiao ¹ ch'ing ²).

ieh²-chieh²-shé² 結結舌
 ieh²-ch'in¹ 結結親
 ieh²-ch'ou² 結結仇
 ieh²-chü² 結結局
 ieh²-kuo³ 結結果
 ieh²-kuo³-tzu³ 結菓子
 ieh²-lei³ 結結累
 ieh²-liao³ 結結了
 ieh²-mên² 結結盟
 ieh²-pa¹ 結結吧
 ieh²-shên²-chi⁴-shih⁴ 結繩記事
 ieh²-shih² 結結實
 ieh²-shu⁴ 結結束
 ieh²-tang³ 結結黨
 ieh²-ts'ai³ 結結彩
 ieh²-tzu³ 結結子
 ieh²-yüan¹ 結結冤
 ieh²-yüan⁴ 結結怨
 竹 節 147c974a
 ieh²-ch'i¹ 節氣
 ieh²-chih⁴ 節制
 ieh²-fu⁴ 節婦
 ieh²-hou⁴ 節候
 ieh²-hsiao⁴ 節孝
 ieh²-i² 節儀
 ieh²-liao⁴ 節略
 ieh²-lieh⁴ 節烈
 ieh²-ling¹ 節令
 ieh²-mu⁴ 節目
 ieh²-tu⁴ 節度
 戈 截 151a975b
 ieh²-chu⁴ 截住
 ieh²-chu⁴-ch'ü⁴-lu⁴ 截住去路
 ieh²-hsia⁴-t'i² 截下題
 ieh²-k'ai¹ 截開
 ieh²-lu⁴ 截路
 ieh²-lan² 截攔
 ieh²-pu⁴ 截布
 ieh²-sha¹ 截殺
 ieh²-shang³-t'i² 截上題
 ieh²-luan⁴ 截斷
 手 捷 149b976a
 ieh²-kang¹ 捷網

a stammerer (chieh² pa¹).
 [riage. to become related, to form relationship by marriage.]
 to contract enmity or hatred (hsieh² ch'ou²).
 the finish off, the conclusion.
 the outcome, the finish.
 to bear fruit.
 to become entangled in, joined for ever,
 there's an end of it.
 to swear, to vow, to take an oath (ch'i³ shih⁴).
 to stutter (k'ou³ ch'ih⁴).
 to knot a cord (ancient method of record).
 the forming of fruit after the blossom; firm, strong.
 to tie up.
 to form a party or cabal (fên¹ mên²).
 cloth or paper hangings ornament,
 to produce seed.
 to make an enemy.
 to contract enmity (hsieh² ch'ou²).
 a joint, a limit, a period, a feast day; chaste.
 the twenty-four seasons or terms, a term. See
 temperance (see below). [Note 21.]
 a chaste wife (shou³ chieh²).
 period of the twenty-four terms.
 chaste and faithful widowhood.
 rites and ceremonies.
 an abridgment, a précis.
 chaste, inflexible virtue (lieh⁴ nü³).
 a period of fifteen days. See Note 21.
 divisions, classifications, outline (mu⁴ lu⁴).
 temperance.
 to cut asunder, to cut off, to cut to pieces.
 to stop, to intercept.
 to stop or intercept in one's journey.
 a theme with the end cut off.
 to cut off, to separate.
 cut off communications, e. g., as robbers do.
 to intercept (tuan⁴ lu⁴).
 to buy cloth (ts'ai² chien³).
 to cut off and slaughter.
 a theme with the beginning omitted.
 a partition; to cut off.
 to overcome; prompt, quick, rapid in action,
 a rapid outline or sketch, etc.

<i>chieh²-mu⁴</i>	捷目	a rapid outline or sketch, etc. (mu ⁴ lu ⁴).
<i>chieh²-pao⁴</i>	捷報	an express announcing a victory, etc.
<i>chieh²-pien⁴</i>	捷便	convenient, brief, labor-saving (fang ¹ pien ⁴).
<i>chieh²-tsu²-hsien¹-têng¹</i>	捷足先登	the most active will win (complimentary).
<i>chieh²</i>	水 聚 潔	149c377b pure, chaste, clear, clean (kan ¹ ching ⁴).
<i>chieh²-ching⁴</i>	潔淨	pure and clean.
<i>chieh²-hsin¹</i>	潔心	a pure heart (ch'ing ¹ hsin ¹).
<i>chieh²-pai²</i>	[chia ¹ 潔白	pure white (chiao ³).
<i>chieh²-pai²-ch'uan²</i>	潔白傳家	a clean family line.
<i>chieh²-shou³</i>	潔手	to go to the W. C. (also 解手).
<i>chieh²</i>	刀 劫 劫	150c377a to carry off by force, to assail, to attack.
<i>chieh²-fa³-ch'ang²</i>	劫法場	a "rescue" from the execution ground.
<i>chieh²-huang²-kang⁴</i>	劫皇楨	to intercept things destined for imperial use,
<i>chieh²-shu⁴</i>	劫數	fatal calamity.
<i>chieh²-tao⁴</i>	劫盜	robbers, banditti (ch'iang ³ tao ⁴).
<i>chieh²-to²</i>	劫奪	to rob, to plunder.
<i>chieh²</i>	立 竭	145b378b to try to the utmost, the highest degree, extrem
<i>chieh²-chin⁴</i>	竭盡	extremely, to the utmost.
<i>chieh²-li⁴</i>	竭力	the utmost exertion of strength.
<i>chieh²</i>	石 礪	145b387b a stone tablet (shih ² pei ¹).
<i>chieh²-p'ai²</i>	礪牌	same.
<i>chieh²-shih²</i>	礪石	a sort of granite.
<i>chieh²</i>	人 傑	150b377c virtue, talent; a hero or heroine; proud.
<i>chieh²-hsing⁴</i>	傑性	an heroic disposition (hao ² chieh ²).
<i>chieh²</i>	羊 羈	145c378a a ram, deer's skin.
<i>chieh²</i>	言 訐	151b379 accuse, divulge.
<i>chieh²-tuan³</i>	訐短	expose shortcomings.
<i>chieh²</i>	手 拮	146a376c pressed, straits—also <i>chi</i> .
<i>chieh²-chü¹</i>	拮据	embarrassed, perplexed.
CHIEH³	角 解	151c359b to extricate, to unloose, to liberate, to open.
<i>chieh³</i>	解	same.
<i>chieh³-ch'ai¹</i>	解差	guards, policemen, constables; escort.
<i>chieh³-ch'üan⁴</i>	解勸	to explain and admonish.
<i>chieh³-fa²</i>	解法	meaning, explanation.
<i>chieh³-fa²</i>	解乏	to rest one's self.
<i>chieh³-fêng¹</i>	解風	complimentary feast to returned traveller (also [chieh ¹ fêng ¹])
<i>chieh³-hên⁴</i>	解恨	to make up, to mediate, to appease hatred.
<i>chieh³-ho²</i>	解和	to settle amicably.
<i>chieh³-hsia⁴</i>	解下	to untie.
<i>chieh³-i¹</i>	解衣	to untie or unloose clothing.
<i>chieh³-i²-huo⁴</i>	解疑	to resolve doubts.
<i>chieh³-k'ai¹</i>	解開	to untie, to explain.

ieh ³ -k'ou ³	解渴	to quench thirst.	[(san ⁴ mên ⁴).
ieh ³ -n.ên ⁴	解悶	to drive away care, melancholy, or loneliness	
ieh ³ -mêng ⁴	解夢	to interpret a dream.	
ieh ³ -niú ³ -tzu ³	解鈕子	to unbutton.	
ieh ³ -p'ei ⁴	解配	to escort (prisoners) (chieh ⁴ sung ⁴).	
ieh ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	解不出	unable to explain, etc.	
ieh ³ -pu ⁴ -k'ui ⁴	解不開	same.	
ieh ³ -pu ⁴ -t'ou ⁴ (hsieh)	解不透	cannot explain fully.	
ieh ³ -san ⁴	解散	to untie, to unloose.	
ieh ⁴ -shêng ³	解省	to send to the provincial capital as prisoners.	
ieh ³ -shih ⁴ -yü ⁴ -ch'ou ⁴	解釋冤仇	to abolish enmity.	
ieh ³ -shou ³	解手	to ease one's self; to urinate.	
ieh ³ -shuo ⁴	解說	to explain; explanation, meaning.	
ieh ⁴ -sung ⁴	解送	to send (under a guard).	
ieh ³ -tai ⁴ -tzu ³	解帶子	to unloose the sash.	
ieh ³ -tsu ⁴	解罪	to atone for error by apology.	
ieh ³ -tu ²	解毒	an antidote.	
ieh ⁴ -tzu ³	解子	escort, guard.	
ieh ⁴ -yü ⁴	解元	chief of the <i>chü-jên</i> ; 2nd <i>han-lin</i> rank. G. 472.	
ieh ³	女 (姊)	an elder sister (properly tzu ³).	
ieh ³	(姐) 143b973a	same (hsiao ³ chieh ³)	
ieh ³ -chang ⁴	姐夫	a brother-in-law, an elder sister's husband.	
ieh ³ -chieh ³	姐姐	an elder sister, a general term for women.	
ieh ³ -fu ⁴	姐夫	a brother-in-law, an elder sister's husband.	
ieh ³ -mei ⁴	姐妹	sisters (mei ⁴ mei ⁴).	
HIEH ⁴	人 借 154c973b	to borrow, or lend; to pretend, fictitious.	
ieh ⁴ -ch'ien ²	借錢	to borrow or lend money (fang ⁴ chang ⁴).	
ieh ⁴ -chü ³	借主	a debtor.	
ieh ⁴ -chü ³ -chang ⁴ -chü ³	借主 賬主	debtor and creditor.	
ieh ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	借去	to lend (ch'ien ⁴ chang ⁴).	
ieh ⁴ -i ⁴	借意	metaphor, comparison.	
ieh ⁴ -ju ³	借如	suppose for example, for instance (chia ³ ju ²).	
ieh ⁴ -kei ³	借給	to lend.	
ieh ⁴ -k'ou ³ -chêng ³ -tuan ¹	借口 爭端	to cause another to defend you.	[me.
ieh ⁴ -kuang ¹	借光	"to borrow light," by your leave, please, allow	
ieh ⁴ -lai ²	借來	to borrow.	
ieh ⁴ -ming ²	借名	to pretend, to make a pretence of.	
ieh ⁴ -shih ⁴ -wei ² -o ⁴	借勢 爲惡	to rely on influence to work evil. [parent's life.	
ieh ⁴ -shou ⁴	借壽	to borrow old age, as a filial son seeks to prolong	
ieh ⁴ -shui ³ -hsing ² -chou ¹	借水行舟	to borrow water to float the boat, i. e., money.	
ieh ⁴ -tai ⁴	借貸	to borrow; a loan.	
ieh ⁴ -tai ⁴ -pu ⁴ -sui ⁴	借貸 不遂	cannot succeed in borrowing.	

chieh⁴-tao¹-shu¹-jên² *借刀殺人
chieh⁴-tung¹-hsi¹ 借東西
chieh⁴-t-zū⁴ 借字
chieh⁴-wên⁴ 借問
chieh⁴-yung⁴ 借用
chieh⁴ 戈 戒 154a360a
chieh⁴-chih³ 戒指
chieh⁴-ch'ih³ 戒尺
chieh⁴-fung¹ 戒方
chieh⁴-chiu³ 戒酒
chieh⁴-ho²-shang⁴ 戒和 尙
chieh⁴-k'ou³ 戒口
chiēh⁴-sé⁴ 戒色
chieh⁴-sha¹ 戒殺
chieh⁴-tu³ 戒賭
chieh⁴-yen¹ 戒烟
chieh⁴ 言 誠 154c360b
chieh⁴-ch'üan⁴ 誠勸
chieh⁴-ming⁴ 誠命
chieh⁴ 阜 隔 622a427c
chieh⁴-êrh⁴-p'ien⁴-san³ 隔二 騙三
chieh⁴-lin² 隔鄰
chieh⁴-pi³-rh² 隔壁 兒
chieh⁴-san¹-t'iuo⁴-êrh⁴ 隔三 跳二
chieh⁴-tuan⁴ 隔斷
chieh⁴ 人 介 152c360b
chieh⁴-i⁴ 介意
chieh⁴-pao³ 介保
chieh⁴ 卍 芥 153b360c
chieh⁴-fên⁴ 芥粉
chieh⁴-miên⁴ 芥麪
chieh⁴-mo⁴ 芥末
chieh⁴-ts'ai⁴ 芥菜
chieh⁴-t-zū³ 芥子
chieh⁴ 疒 疥 153b361a
chieh⁴-ch'uang¹ 疥瘡
chieh⁴-hsüan³ 疥癬
chieh⁴-nêng² 疥膿
chieh⁴-tu² 疥毒
chieh⁴ 田 界 153a361a
chieh⁴-hsien⁴ 界限
chieh⁴-shang⁴ 界上
chieh⁴-shih² 界石

to induce others to do for fear of consequences to
 to borrow or lend things. [one's self]
 a bond, an I. O. U.
 to enquire civilly.
 to borrow for use.
 avoid, to be cautious (negative injunctions).
 "watch finger," finger-rings (pan⁴ chih³).
 a ferule, a ruler.
 same.
 to discontinue wine (tuan⁴ chiu³).
 a regularly ordained priest.
 to fast (ch'ih¹ chai¹).
 to leave off debauchery.
 to abstain from taking life.
 to give up gambling.
 to break off opium (tuan⁴ yin³). [See 戒
 orders, injunctions; to enjoin, to command
 advice, admonition. [junctions]
 commandments, e. g., the Ten C. (positive in-
 junctions)
 to separate, separated, apart from. See ko².
 by fits and starts, by spells.
 neighbours.
 next-door neighbours (lin² chü¹).
 by fits and starts, by spells.
 a partition; to partition, to separate.
 a guest; respectable, independent; stage business
 to be careful, attentive or diligent (pu⁴ tsu
 an agricultural officer's assistant. [chieh⁴ i⁴)
 mustard.
 same.
 same.
 mustard (with food).
 the mustard plant, mustard.
 mustard seed.
 the itch (chang³ chieh⁴).
 itch sores.
 the ringworm.
 pus from itch sores.
 itch infection.
 a boundary, a frontier, a ridge, a limit; to limit.
 limit, limitation (shih⁴ chieh²).
 on the frontiers, etc. (ta¹ chieh¹).
 a boundary stone.

ieh ⁴	尸 届	届	155c361c	a set time; the extreme limit,
ieh ⁴	艸 卮	藉	155a973c	avail one's self of (also chi ^{2 4}).
ieh ⁴ -tuan ⁴ -shêng ¹		藉端生事		to seize a chance to make a row.
ieh ⁴ (t-ü)	衣	褓	156a973c	a baby's napkin.
H'IEH ¹	走 踮	起	305b1009a	slanting, sloping (ta ³ lieh ⁴ ch'ieh ¹).
H'IEH ² (t-ü)	艸	茄	157c376b	the brinjal, the egg-plant.
H'IEH ³	一	且	157a974a	but, and, moreover. M. 400 (êh ² ch'ieh ³).
ieh ³ -chü ⁴		且住		stop a bit! stop! stay! (ping ¹ ch'ieh ³ , k'uang ⁴
ieh ³ -ku ⁴ -yen ³ -ch'ien ²		且顧眼前		regardless only of the present and visible.
ieh ³ -man ⁴		且慢		by and by, leisurely, do not hurry.
ieh ³ -shuo ¹		且說		he said moreover.
H'IEH ⁴	刀	切	156b976a	cager, urgent, important; to cut, to mince
ieh ⁴ -ai ⁴		切愛		ardent love (ni ⁴ ai ⁴).
ieh ⁴ -chi ³		切己		cordial, intimate (chih ¹ chi ³).
ieh ⁴ -ch'ieh ⁴	[shih ²	切切		above all things, of the greatest importance.
ieh ⁴ -ch'ieh ⁴ -shih ²		切切實實		the utmost truth and sincerity.
ieh ⁴ -ch'ih ³		切齒		gnashing of teeth.
ieh ⁴ -hsia ⁴		切洽		intimate, cordial, ardent.
ieh ⁴ -huo ⁴		切貨		stupid! dolt! booby!
ieh ⁴ -jou ⁴		切肉		to slice meat, minced meat, sausage.
ieh ⁴ -k'ai ¹		切開		to cut into separate parts.
ieh ⁴ -mien ⁴		切麵		to cut up flour strings.
ieh ⁴ -pu ⁴ -k'o ³		切不可		not on any account (wan ⁴ pu ⁴ k'o ³).
ieh ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴		切不可動		cannot be carved.
ieh ⁴ -sui ⁴		切碎		to cut into small pieces, to mince.
ieh ⁴ -tang ¹		切當		true (shih ² tsai ¹).
ieh ⁴ -ts'o ¹ -cho ² -mo ²		切磋琢磨		to cut and polish, e. g., gems, or compositions.
ieh ⁴ -tuan ⁴		切斷		to cut asunder.
ieh ⁴ -wên ⁴		切問		to investigate minutely.
ieh ⁴ -yao ⁴		切要		extremely important, urgently wanted.
ieh ⁴ -yin ¹		切音		pronunciation (fan ³ ch'ieh ⁴).
ieh ⁴ -yün ⁴		切韻		mode of pronunciation or spelling.
ieh ⁴	心 忪	怯	158a379a	weak, timid, cowardly.
ieh ⁴ -ch'ang ²		怯場		embarrassed, afraid (tan ³ ch'ieh ⁴).
ieh ⁴ -hsin ¹		怯心		same (fa ¹ ch'ieh ⁴).
ieh ⁴ -kuan ¹		怯官		a timid official.
ieh ⁴ -t'ou ² -ch'ieh ⁴ -nao ²		怯頭怯腦		faint hearted, fidgety; dull, rustic.
ieh ⁴	穴 竊	竊	156c977a	clandestine, private; to steal; to investigate.
ieh ⁴ -ch'ü ³		竊取		to take by stealth (t'ou ¹ ch'ieh ⁴).

[[1st t.).

ch'ieh ⁴ -liao ³ -lai ² -ti ¹	竊了來的	got by stealing
ch'ieh ⁴ -tao ⁴	竊盜	to steal; a petty thief.
ch'ieh ⁴	女 妾 158b977b	a concubine (ch'í ¹ tzú ³ , p'ien ¹ fang ²).
ch'ieh ⁴ -fei ¹	妾妃	same (fei ¹ p'in ¹).
ch'ieh ⁴ -hsiao ³	妾小	same (inferior).
CHIEN¹	女 奸 164b381a	deceitful, villainous, traitorous, selfish.
chien ¹ -cha ¹	奸詐	false, deceitful, treacherous, disloyal.
chien ¹ -ch'ên ²	奸臣	a traitorous minister or official (chung ¹ ch'ên ²).
chien ¹ -chi ⁴	奸計	a villainous plot or scheme (chi ¹ mou ²).
ch'ien ¹ -chiao ³	奸狡	villainous, cunning, wily
chien ¹ -ch'iao ³	奸巧	crafty, cunning, malicious.
chien ¹ -hsi ⁴	奸細	an enemy's spy (tso ⁴ hsjen ⁴ , t'an ⁴ tzú ³).
chien ¹ -hsiang ⁴	奸相	a traitorous minister.
chien ¹ -hsieh ²	奸邪	corrupt, wicked
chien ¹ -hsien ³	奸險	villainous, malevolent.
chien ¹ -hsien ³	奸險	a traitor with the outward semblance of a good [mar]
chien ¹ -hsien ³	奸險	villainous, cunning, wily.
chien ¹ -hua ²	奸猾	to deceive and kidnap,
chien ¹ -kuai ³	奸拐	crafty, specious, plausible, malicious.
chien ¹ -ning ⁴	奸佞	villainous, villainy.
chien ¹ -o ⁴	奸惡	a treasonable cabal.
chien ¹ -tang ³	奸黨	robbers and prostitutes.
chien ¹ -tao ⁴ -hsieh ² -yin ²	奸盜邪淫	a villain.
chien ¹ -tsei ²	奸賊	to inspect; a prison; revise (also 4).
chien ¹	III 監 166a387a	to examine, to inspect.
chien ¹ -ch'a ²	監察	to put in prison.
chien ¹ -hün ⁴	監禁	a prisoner (ch'in ² fan ⁴).
chien ¹ -fan ⁴	監犯	awaiting in jail for the punishment of strangula [tion]
chien ¹ -hou ⁴ -chiao ⁴	監候絞	a prison (nan ² lao ²).
chien ¹ -lao ²	監牢	same.
chien ¹ -lao ² -yü ⁴	監牢獄	to die in prison.
chien ¹ -pi ⁴	監斃	G. 274 a purchased B. A. (i ² shōng ¹ , hsiu ⁴ ts'ai ²).
chien ¹ -shēng ¹	監生	a superintendent or overseer; to look after.
chien ¹ -shou ³	監守	set to watch, but stealing yourself.
chien ¹ -shou ³ -tzü ³ -tao ⁴	監守自盜	gaoler (chin ⁴ tsu ²).
chien ¹ -tsu ²	監卒	to superintend; a bishop (one of the terms for)
chien ¹ -tu ¹	監督	to keep in custody.
chien ¹ -ya ¹	監押	a prison.
chien ¹ -yü ⁴	監獄	fornication, adultery, seduction; to intrigue.
chien ¹	女 姦 167a381a	fornication, adultery.
chien ¹ -ch'ing ²	姦情	an adulterer or fornicator.
chien ¹ -fu ¹	姦夫	an adulteress.
chien ¹ -tu ¹	姦婦	

hien ¹ -hsieh ²	姦邪	obscene, impure, intriguing and unprincipled.
hien ¹ -kuei ³	姦宄	traitorons plots; villains.
hien ¹ -yin ²	姦淫	adultery, fornication (yin ² lian ⁴).
hien ¹	士堅 ^{163b380a}	solid, firm, hard, stont, robust, determined.
hien ¹ -chuang ⁴	壯	strong, robust, hale, hearty.
hien ¹ -hsin ¹	堅心	a firm or stont heart.
hien ¹ -hsiu ⁴	堅信	firm belief; to confirm. (Episcopal.)
hien ¹ -i ⁴	堅意	a firm intention (t'ieh ³ chu ³ i ⁴).
hien ¹ -ku ⁴	堅固	strong, firm, durable, firmly (chuang ⁴ shih ²).
hien ¹ -lao ²	堅牢	strong, firm, lasting, durable (cha ¹ shih ²).
hien ¹ -li ⁴	堅立	to establish firmly.
hien ¹ -shih ²	堅實	hard, solid, strong; correct, proper.
hien ¹ -shou ³	堅守	to guard safely (k'an ¹ shou ³).
hien ¹ -ting ⁴ -pu ⁴ -i ³	堅定不移	firmly fixed.
hien ¹ -ying ¹	堅硬	firm, unbending (ying ⁴ pang ³ pang ³ ti ¹).
hien ¹	火煎 ^{162c977a}	to fry, to decoct; vexation, annoyance.
hien ¹ -cha ²	煎炒	to fry.
hien ¹ ch'ao ²	煎炒	same.
hien ¹ -hsin ¹	煎心	vexed in mind, anxious, worried (hsin ¹ chiao ¹).
hien ¹ -ping ³	煎餅	to fry cakes.
hien ¹ -t'ang ¹	煎湯	to prepare a drink, e. g., for the sick.
hien ¹ -yao ⁴	煎藥	to decoct medicine (p'ei ⁴ yao ⁴).
hien ¹ -yii ³	煎魚	to bny fish.
hien ¹	肉肩 ^{164a380c}	the shoulders; to sustain.
hien ¹ -pang ² -tzü ³	肩膀子	the shoulders.
hien ¹ -pei ⁴	肩背	the back of the shoulders.
hien ¹ -pei ⁴ -hsing ² -li ³	肩背行李	baggage light enough to be carried on back.
hien ¹ -pei ⁴	肩臂	the arms (ko ² po ²).
hien ¹ -t'iao ¹	肩挑	carried on shoulders (k'ang ²).
hien ¹ -t'ou ²	肩頭	shoulders.
hien ¹	小尖 ^{164b977b}	tapering, pointed; a point, a tip or end; sharp.
hien ¹ -fêng ¹ -shan ¹	尖峯山	a sharp-peaked mountain (fêng ¹).
hien ¹ -li ⁴	尖利	sharp point. clever.
hien ¹ -liu ¹ -liu ¹ -ti ¹	尖溜溜的	quite sharp, very penetrating.
hien ¹ -tao ¹	尖刀	a sharp-pointed knife (li ⁴ tao ¹).
hien ¹	艱 ^{165c382a}	difficult, distressing, dangerous.
hien ¹ -hsien ³	艱險	difficult and dangerous (wei ² hsien ³).
hien ¹ -hsin ¹	艱辛	miserable (k'un ⁴ k'u ³ liu ² li ²).
hien ¹ -k'u ³	艱苦	same.
hien ¹ -k'u ³ -pei ⁴ -ch'ang ²	艱苦備嘗	I have had experience of troubles.
hien ¹ -k'un ⁴	艱困	distressing, extreme distress.
hien ¹ -nun ²	艱難	difficulty, distress (tso ⁴ nan ⁴).
hien ¹ -wei ²	艱危	danger, risk (wei ² hsien ³).

chien¹ 門 間 160c381b
chien¹-huo⁴ 間 或
chien¹-liang⁴·rh²-ta⁴ 間 量 兒 大
chien¹-pi⁴ 間 壁
chien¹-pi⁴-ti¹ 間 壁 的
chien¹-tuan⁴ 間 斷
chien¹ 入 兼 165a382b
chien¹-ai⁴ 兼 愛
chien¹-hsia² 兼 轄
chien¹-kuan³ 兼 管
chien¹-li³ 兼 理
chien¹-ping⁴ 兼 并
chien¹ 竹 { 箋 159a978a
chien¹ 片 { 牋 159a978a
chien¹-chu¹ 牋 扎
chien¹-chih³ 牋 紙
chien¹ 金 鎬 鐮 167a1012a
chien¹-k'o⁴·t'u²-chang¹ 鐮 刻 圖 章
chien¹ 牛 犍 160b382b

a space between ; to separate (4th tone).
 occasionally, in case. M. 478.
 a great interval or space (applied to rooms).
 a partition wall (ko² pi⁴).
 neighbours, separated only by a partition.
 breaks, intervals, intermission.
 together, both.
 universal love (of the philosophers).
 to have control over more than one post.
 to have control over more than one office or pos-
 same.
 to connect together, to monopolise.
 ornamental note paper,
 same.
 a letter (hsin⁴ yin¹).
 note paper,
 to engrave, to carve ; a style or chisel.
 to cut out a stamp.
 a bull (mang² niu²).

CHIEN³ 減 城 162b383b
chien³-chia⁴ 減 價
chien³-ch'ing¹ 減 輕
chien³-ch'ü¹-i¹-pan⁴ 減 去 一 半
chien³-fa³ 減 法
chien³-li⁴ 減 利
chien³-mien³ 減 免
chien³-pan⁴ 減 半
chien³-pi³-hsieh³ 減 筆 寫
chien³-shao³ 減 少
chien³-suu³ 減 損
chien³-têng³ 減 等
chien³-têng³-ting⁴-tsu¹ 減 等 定 罪
chien³-(tzü) 刀 剪 163b978b
chien³-chiao³ 剪 鈔
chien³-jung² 剪 絨
chien³-k'ai¹ 剪 開
chien³-la⁴-hua¹ 剪 蠟 花
chien³-tao¹ 剪 刀
chien³-t'ou²-fa³ 剪 頭 髮
chien³-ts'ai² 剪 裁
chien³-yang²-mao² 剪 羊 毛
chien³ 入 儉 167c387c

to break off, to lessen, to lighten.
 to reduce or lower the price.
 to reduce in size, weight, etc.
 to diminish one-half.
 subtraction in arithmetic.
 to lower the interest.
 to reduce, e. g., a tax (chüan¹ mien³).
 reduce by a half.
 to write in abbreviated form.
 to lessen, to diminish.
 to infringe on another's rights, to prejudice.
 to lower degrees as punishment.
 degrade and fix a penalty.
 scissors ; to cut with scissors (i¹ pa³).
 cut by scissors.
 velvet (hni² hni² jung²).
 to cut with scissors.
 to snuff a candle.
 scissors.
 to cut the hair (t'i⁴ t'on²).
 to cut out, to arrange, to plan, to manage.
 to shear wool,
 moderate, sparing, economical, saving, niggard

hién ³ -chieh ²	儉	節	economical, to economize.
hién ³ -lin ⁴	儉	吝	parsimonious, stingy (lin ⁴ sê ⁴).
hién ³ -pao ²	儉	薄	same.
hién ³ -shao ³	儉	少	economical, sparing, frugal (tzu ³ hsi ³).
hién ³ -shêng ³	儉	省	economy, thrift, saving (tso ⁴ chia ⁴).
hién ³ -yung ⁴	儉	用	economical, frugal (shao ³ ch'ih ¹ chien ³ yung ⁴).
hién ³	手	才	檢 168a385b
hién ³ -ch'á ²	檢	察	to inspect, to examine.
hién ³ -ch'ái ²	檢	柴	to collect firewood.
hién ³ -ch'ang ³ -tí ¹	檢	場的	stage-waiters; gleaucrs.
hién ³ -ch'í ³ -lai ²	檢	起來的	to pick up.
hién ³ -ch'üung ² -tí ¹	檢	窮的	rag-pickers, etc.
hién ³ -shên ⁴ -mo ²	檢	什麼	what have you found?
hién ³ -shu ⁴	檢	束	to bind (paug ³).
hién ³ -yen ³ -shih ¹ -shou ³	檢	驗屍首	to view the body (post mortem).
hién ³	竹	筒	161c384a
hién ³ -chih ²	筒	直	to bridge, to diminish, to retrench; to survey.
hién ³ chieh ²	[chüeh ²	筒	plainly, distinctly.
hién ³ -chien ³ -chüeh ² -	筒	捷	short, concise.
hién ³ -ch'üeh ¹	筒	筒	glibly (yu ² tsui ³ hua ³ shé ²).
hién ³ -kong ¹ -chieh ² -tuan ¹	筒	缺	a quiet post (official).
hién ³ -lien ⁴	筒	綱	a succinct summary.
hién ³ -man ⁴	筒	捷	to try by experiment (shih ⁴ yen ³).
hién ³ -pien ¹	筒	端	disrespectful (man ⁴ tai ⁴).
hién ³ -pien ³	筒	編	to arrange materials, and compose a book.
chien ³	手	便	more convenient, less troublesome; clean, plain.
chien ³ -ching ⁴	手	揀	169a383c
chien ³ -hsüan ³	揀	淨	pure, selected, clarified.
chien ³ -p'ái ⁴	揀	選	to choose, to select.
chien ³ -tsz ³	揀	派	to select and send (officials).
chien ³	鹼	城	to choose, to select.
chien ³ -tí ⁴	鹼	地	a kind of salt, soda.
chien ³ -t'u ³	鹼	土	salt soil.
chien ³	金	鏤	same.
chien ³ -chin ¹	金	鏤	to gild, to wash with gold, etc. (tu ⁴ chin ¹ yin ³).
chien ³ -yin ³	鏤	銀	to gild, to wash with gold.
chien ³	艸	拮	ware washed with silver.
chien ³ -ch'on ²	繭	紬	the cocoon of the silk-worm (ts'an ²).
chien ³	木	檢	coarse silk serge.
chien ³ -tien ³	手	拮	to look over.
chien ³	拮	點	to look over, oversee.
chien ³ -ch'u ²	拮	除	to cut, to divide asunder; sharp-pointed.
chien ³ -ts'ao ³ ch'u ² -kên ¹	拮	草除根	to ent, to deduct.
			to exterminate, to cut up root and branch.

chien³ 木 東 168c384a
 chien³-shu¹ 東 書
 chien³-t'ieh³ 東 帖

visiting card ; to select,
 notes, letters.
 visiting cards ; a note.

CHIEN⁴ 見 見 169b385b
 chien⁴-chang³ 見 長
 chien⁴-chêng⁴ 見 証
 chien⁴-chêng⁴-wo³-shih⁴ 見 証 我 是
 chien⁴-chiao⁴ 見 教
 chien⁴-chien⁴ 見 見
 chien⁴-chien⁴-hsieh³ 見 見 血
 chien⁴-ching³-shêng¹- 見 景 生 情
 chien⁴-ch'ing¹[ch'ing² 見 輕
 chien⁴-ch'uan¹ 見 穿
 chien⁴-fêng¹ 見 風
 chien⁴-fêng¹-liu²-lei¹ 見 風 流 淚
 chien⁴-hao³ 見 好
 chien⁴-hsi³ 見 喜
 chien⁴-hsiao³ 見 小
 chien⁴-hsiao⁴ 見 笑
 chien⁴-hsiao⁴ 見 效
 chien⁴-hsieh³-chi²-hui² 見 血 即 回
 chien⁴-huo³ 見 火
 chien⁴-ko⁴-kao¹-ti¹ 見 個 高 低
 chien⁴-kuai¹ 見 怪
 chien⁴-kung¹ 見 功
 chien⁴-li³ 見 禮
 chien⁴-liang⁴ 見 諒
 chien⁴-mien⁴ 見 面
 chien⁴-mien⁴-chih¹-ch'ing² 見 面 之 情
 chien⁴-pu⁴-cho²-t'ai¹ 見 不 著 他
 chien⁴-pu⁴-tê²-jen² 見 不 得 人
 chien⁴-pu⁴-tê²-shui² 見 不 得 水
 chien⁴-sha¹ 見 殺
 chien⁴-shang¹ 見 傷
 chien⁴-shao¹ 見 燒
 chien⁴-shên²-chien⁴-kue³ 見 神 見 鬼
 chien⁴-shih⁴ 見 識
 chien⁴-shih⁴-mien⁴ 見 世 面
 chien⁴-t'ien¹ 見 天
 chien⁴-tso¹ 見 做
 chien⁴-tuan³ 見 短
 chien⁴-wang⁴ 見 旺

[M. 347. 27
 to see, to perceive, to notice, to be impressed b
 to make progress (chang³ chin⁴).
 a witness, proof (k'ou³ kung¹).
 proof that I—.
 to tell, inform ; information.
 to introduce ; to visit (yin³ chien⁴).
 to carry through to the bitter end.
 to adapt one's self to circumstances. [kung
 to be or seem better (of illness) (see chie
 stands wear (shou⁴ ch'uan¹).
 to venture out in the wind.
 a wind in the face causes water in the eyes.
 to be or seem better (of illness).
 to be pleased.
 of a niggardly mind (lin⁴ sé⁴).
 laughable, to be laughed at (k'ou³ hsiao⁴).
 (the medicine) is effective.
 very easy to get rid of.
 to be touched by fire.
 to see who is the better man.
 to think it strange.
 to be better (illness).
 to be polite (kung¹ ching⁴).
 excuse me (yu³ tsui¹ yn³ tsui⁴).
 to have interview with, a *tê¹ a tê¹* (hui⁴ mien
 a calling acquaintance.
 cannot see him (wang⁴ pu⁴ chien⁴).
 not fit to be seen (ch'ou³ lou¹ pu⁴ k'an¹).
 is injured if exposed to water.
 to be killed.
 to be wounded.
 lasts well (firewood or fuel).
 sick deliriums, very uncertain.
 knowledge, experience (chung¹ lien⁴). [kuang
 to have seen the world ; experience (ching¹ lie
 every day, daily (t'ien¹ t'ien¹).
 a tedious job (of work).
 to treat lightly (ch'ing¹ k'an⁴).
 to be prosperous (hsing¹ wang¹, hsing¹ lung¹)

ien ⁴ -wên ²	見	聞	observation.
ien ⁴ -ying ³	見	影	to see a trace or indication of.
ien ⁴ -yüan ⁴	見	怨	to be hated.
ien ⁴	艸 卅	荐	to introduce, to recommend.
ien ⁴		薦	same.
ien ⁴ -chü ³		薦主	one who recommends.
ien ⁴ -chü ³		薦舉	to recommend (pao ³ chü ³ , chü ³ chien ⁴).
ien ⁴ -chüan ⁴		薦卷	a letter of introduction.
ien ⁴ -hsien ¹ -shêng ¹		薦先生	to recommend a teacher.
ien ⁴ -hsin ⁴		薦信	a letter of recommendation.
ien ⁴ -lai ²		薦來	to come recommended.
ien ⁴ -shu ¹		薦書	a letter of introduction.
ien ⁴	貝	賤	mean, low, cheap (pei ¹ chien ⁴).
ien ⁴ -chia ⁴		賤	cheap (chia ⁴ ch'ien ² ti ¹ , p'ien ² i ²).
ien ⁴ -hsing ⁴		賤姓	my humble name is—(polite) (kuei ⁴ hsing ⁴).
ien ⁴ -huo ⁴		賤貨	cheap goods.
ien ⁴ -jên ²		賤人	a mean person (hsia ⁴ tso ⁴ jên ² têng ³).
ien ⁴ -ku ³ -t'ou ³		賤骨頭	effeminate, foppish; you fop!
ien ⁴ -mai ⁴ pu ⁴ -shê ²		賤賣不賒	sell cheap for cash.
ien ⁴ -nei ⁴		賤內	my wife (depreciatory) (cho ¹ ching ¹).
ien ⁴	竹	箭	an arrow, stem of a plant.
ien ⁴ -chien ¹		箭	the point of an arrow.
ien ⁴ -chü ¹		箭猪	the hedge-hog (tzü ¹ wei ⁴).
ien ⁴ -hu ²		箭壺	a case for bow and arrows.
ien ⁴ -kan ¹		箭杆	the shaft of an arrow.
ien ⁴ -ling ² -tzü ³		箭翎子	the feather of an arrow.
ien ⁴ -pa ³ -tzü ³		箭靶子	target for archers.
ien ⁴ -tai ⁴		箭袋	a quiver.
ien ⁴ -tang ³ -tzü ³		箭靶子	a target.
ien ⁴ -t'ing ² -tzü ³		箭亭子	a watch-house.
ien ⁴ -to ²		箭揀	a target.
ien ⁴ -yen ³		箭眼	sore pimples, syphilitic sores.
ien ⁴	水	漸	gradually, by slow degrees, by little and little.
ien ⁴ -chien ⁴		漸	same.
ien ⁴ -chien ⁴ -chang ³ -ta ⁴		漸漸長大	to grow gradually.
ien ⁴ -chin ⁴		漸漸進	advance.
ien ⁴	金	鑒	a mirror, to reflect light; a precept.
ien ⁴		鑑	same.
ien ⁴ -ch'a ²		鑑察	to reflect, to consider, accuser.
ien ⁴ -chao ¹		鑑照	to reflect.
ien ⁴ -shu ¹		鑑書	historical books (t'ung ¹ chien ⁴).
ien ⁴	言	諫	to remonstrate, to reprove, to censure.
ien ⁴ -ch'ên ²		* 諫	an official reprover, ancient title of censor (yü ⁴ [shih ²]) G. 184-9.

chien ⁴ -chün ¹	諫君	to censure a sovereign,
chien ⁴ -hsing ² yen ² -t'ing ¹	諫行言聽	to reprove conduct and be heard,
chien ⁴ -i ¹ -t'ai ¹ -f'u ¹	諫議大夫	the public reprove,
chien ⁴ -shuo ¹	諫說	to reprove, to remonstrate (tsê ² pei ⁴)
chien ⁴	建 160a386b	to establish, to build, to found (kai ³ tsao ⁴).
chien ⁴ -hsiu ¹	建修	to repair (hsiu ¹ li ³ , chêng ³ chih ¹ , shou ¹ shi ¹)
chien ⁴ -kung ¹	建功	to establish one's merit (li ¹ kung ¹). [shih ² t'ê ¹]
chien ⁴ -kung ¹ -li ⁴ -yeh ⁴	建功立業	to found (as an empire, family, etc., ch'ua ¹)
chien ⁴ -kuo ²	建國	to establish a kingdom. [ch'êng ² shih ¹ yeh ¹]
chien ⁴ -li ¹	建立	to found, to establish (ch'uang ⁴ tsao ⁴).
chien ⁴ -tsao ⁴	建造	to build, to found, to invent.
chien ⁴ -tu ¹	建都	to build a capital.
chien ⁴ -yen ¹	建烟	Foochow tobacco.
chien ⁴	人 健 160b386b	strong, robust, indefatigable.
chien ⁴ -chuang ⁴	健壯	same (cha ¹ shih ² , chieh ² shih ² , chien ¹ ku ⁴) [shih ¹]
chien ⁴ -tsu ²	健卒	an able-bodied soldier; a stout fellow (chiu ¹)
chien ⁴	人 僭 170c980b	to overstep; to assume, erroneous.
chien ⁴ -fèn ⁴	僭分	to usurp, unwarrantable (yüeh ⁴ li ²).
chien ⁴ -kuo ⁴	僭過	to overstep, to surpass.
chien ⁴ -tsun ¹	僭尊	usurpation of honors; to encroach.
chien ⁴ -wang ⁴	僭妄	blasphemy, presumption (hsieh ⁴ tu ⁴).
chien ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	僭越	to overstep, to surpass (chan ⁴ jên ² t'ien ² ti ⁴)
chien ⁴	水 濺 159c979c	to splash; to spatter.
chien ⁴ -i ¹ -shên ¹ -ni ²	濺一身泥	splashed all over with mud.
chien ⁴ ni ²	濺泥	to splash with mud.
chien ⁴ -shui ³	濺水	to splash with water.
chien ⁴	食 餞 159b979c	to salt rice; a farewell meal; to present.
chien ⁴ -hsing ³	餞行	a farewell meal, or entertainment.
chien ⁴ -kua ¹	餞瓜	preserved melon.
chien ⁴ -kuo ³	餞菓	preserved fruit.
chien ⁴ -li ³	餞禮	to make a farewell present.
chien ⁴ -pieh ²	餞別	farewell banquet.
chien ⁴	足 踐 159b979b	to tread or trample upon.
chien ⁴ -huai ⁴	踐壞	to destroy, or corrupt.
chien ⁴ -t'á ⁴	踐踏	to tread down (chia ³ tz'ü ¹).
chien ⁴	人 件 170c386a	an individual article, topic or affair; one, a, [M.]
chien ⁴ -chien ¹ -tu ¹ -ni ² ng ²	件件都能	expert in everything.
chien ⁴	水 澗 161b387a	a mountain stream, a rivulet.
chien ⁴ -kou ¹	澗溝	same.
chien ⁴ (tzü)	金 鎗 162a387a	a kind of mace, the iron of an axle-tree.
chien ⁴ (tzü)	毛 毳	shuttlecock (t'i ⁴ chien ⁴ 'rh).
chien ⁴	毳 160b ○	same.
chien ⁴	欠 歉 165b388c	famine.

n ⁴ nien ²	歉年	a famine year (chi ¹ huang ¹).
n ⁴	刀劍 劍 168a355a	a straight double-edged sword (pao ³ chien ⁴).
IEN ¹	十仟 千 174c980a	a thousand, earnestly.
en ¹ -ch'i ² -pai ¹ -kuai ¹	千奇百怪	very strange.
en ¹ -chin ¹	千金	"a thousand pieces of gold," your daughter.
en ¹ -chin ¹ -cha ²	千斤開	a portcullis.
en ¹ -ch'iu ¹	千秋	"a thousand autumns," your birthday.
en ¹ -chün ¹ -wan ⁴ -ma ³	千軍萬馬	countless armies.
en ¹ -ên ¹ -wan ⁴ -hsieh ⁴	千恩萬謝	a thousand thanks.
en ¹ -fang ¹	千方	versatile, versatility.
en ¹ fang ¹ -pai ³ -chi ⁴	千方百計	by hook or by crook (kuei ³ chi ⁴ to ¹ tuan ¹).
en ¹ -hsin ¹ -wan ⁴ -k'u ³	千辛萬苦	extreme hardship.
en ¹ ku ³	千古	ancient times, all antiquity, forever.
en ¹ li ³ -ching ⁴	千里鏡	a telescope.
en ¹ -li ³ -ma ³	千里馬	a fleet horse.
en ¹ -li ³ -yen ³	千里眼	a telescope.
en ¹ -min ² -wan ⁴ -hu ⁴	千民萬戶	the people, everybody.
en ¹ -mu ⁴ -tao ¹	千木明	wood pecker.
en ¹ nien ²	千年	a thousand years.
en ¹ -nien ² -hung ²	千年紅	the bachelor's button.
en ¹ -pai ³	千百	one thousand one hundred, above a thousand.
en ¹ -pien ¹ -wan ⁴ -hua ⁴	千變萬化	changeable, kaleidoscopic.
en ¹ -p'ien ⁴ -shih ²	千片石	talc.
en ¹ -shan ¹ -wan ⁴ -shu ³	千山萬水	far and wide.
en ¹ -shu ⁴ -ti ⁴	千數地	about 1,000 li.
en ¹ -ssü ¹ -pai ⁴ -hsiang ³	千思百想	full of thoughts (shui ⁴ ssü ¹ mêng ⁴ hsiang ³).
en ¹ -sui ⁴	千歲	"thousand years," a title of kings and princes.
en ¹ -tao ¹ -wan ⁴ -kua ¹	千刀萬剮	punishment by hacking process (ling ² ch'ih ²).
en ¹ -t'iao ² -miao ⁴ -chi ⁴	千條妙計	a splendid plan.
en ¹ -t'o ³ -wan ⁴ -tang ¹	千妥萬當	very secure, perfectly satisfactory.
en ¹ -tsung ³	千總	a lieutenant (pai ³ fu ¹ chang ³). [book,
en ¹ -tzu ¹ -wên ²	千字文	the "Thousand Character Classic," name of a
en ¹ -wan ⁴	千萬	ten millions, by all means.
en ¹ -wan ¹ -pu ⁴	千萬不	don't on any account (tuan ¹ hu ¹ pu ⁴ k'o ³).
en ¹	言 謙 174b389b	respectful, yielding, humble, quiet, humility.
en ¹ -ho ³	謙和	humble and agreeable.
en ¹ -hsi ¹	謙虛	humble, obsequious, cringing, sycophantic.
en ¹ -hsün ¹	謙遜	humble (tzu ¹ ch'ien ¹).
en ¹ -jang ⁴	謙讓	to respectfully decline anything, yielding, polite.
en ¹ -kung ¹	謙恭	humble and modest.
en ¹ -pei ¹	謙卑	humble and meek, lowly.
en ¹ -shou ⁴ -i ³	謙受益	the humble shall be benefited.

ch'ien¹-t ui¹ 謙退
 ch'ien¹-tz'ü² 謙詞
 ch'ien 遷 迂 摘 173c980c
 ch'ien¹-chiu¹ 遷 樞
 ch'ien¹-chiu¹ 遷 就
 ch'ien¹-chü¹ 遷 居
 ch'ien¹-hsi³ 遷 徙
 ch'ien¹-i² 遷 移
 ch'ien¹-min² 遷 民
 ch'ien¹-nu¹-yü²-jên² 遷 怒 於 人
 ch'ien¹-tsang⁴ 遷 葬
 ch'ien¹-tu¹ 遷 都
 ch'ien¹-ying² 遷 營
 ch'ien¹ 金 鉛 175b1136b
 ch'ien¹-fên¹ 鉛 粉
 ch'ien¹-hsi² 鉛 錫
 ch'ien¹-hu² 鉛 壺
 ch'ien¹-k'uai¹ 鉛 塊
 ch'ien¹-kung³ 鉛 礦
 ch'ien¹-pan³ 鉛 板
 ch'ien¹-pi³ 鉛 筆
 ch'ien¹ p'ien⁴ 鉛 片
 ch'ien¹-sha¹-tzü² 鉛 沙 子
 ch'ien¹-shui³-tzü³ 鉛 骰 子
 ch'ien¹-tzü³ 鉛 子
 ch'ien¹-tzü⁴ 鉛 字
 ch'ien¹-wan³-tzü³ 鉛 丸 子
 ch'ien¹ * 竹 {
 ch'ien¹ 籤 172a981b
 ch'ien¹-p'iao⁴ 籤 票
 ch'ien¹-tung³ 籤 筒
 ch'ien¹-tzü³ 籤 子
 ch'ien¹ yü² 簽 押
 ch'ien¹-yü²-fäng² 簽 押 房
 ch'ien¹-yü² 籤 語
 ch'ien¹ 牛 牽 172c388a
 ch'ien¹ fei² niu² 牽 肥 牛
 ch'ien¹ kua⁴ 牽 挂
 ch'ien¹-lien² 牽 連
 ch'ien¹-niu²-hsing¹ 牽 牛 星
 ch'ien¹-shê⁴ 牽 涉
 ch'ien¹-t'ou²-lao³ p'o² 牽 頭 老 婆
 ch'ien¹-wu³-kua⁴-ssü⁴ 牽 五 掛 四

retiring, modest, polite.
 an expression of humility. [alter
 to ascend, to move to, to remove, to shift, to
 to remove a coffin.
 to accommodate (chiang¹ chin⁴).
 to remove to another dwelling.
 to remove.
 same.
 to remove the people from one region to another
 transfer your anger to another.
 to move a grave.
 to remove the court or capital.
 to remove a camp.
 lead, black lead (kuan¹ ch'ien¹),
 white lead (pai² ch'ien¹).
 lead and tin, inferior pewter.
 a leaden pot.
 lead in pigs.
 a lead mine.
 lead type, stereotype.
 a lead pencil.
 sheet lead.
 buck-shot.
 loaded dice.
 bullets, shot.
 lead type.
 bullets, shot.
 slips of wood, used for drawing lots, &c.
 same (ch'ou¹ ch'ien¹, nien² chin¹).
 a warrant (hsin⁴ p'iao⁴).
 the case used when drawing lots.
 slips of wood used for drawing lots, labels.
 to affix a signature. [ment
 an office in yamèn for countersigning all doc
 the answer to those who draw lots in temple [et
 to pull, to drag, to lead (la¹) see 牽⁴.
 to seize for ransom (fig.).
 to hold in suspense.
 to connect, in connection with, to involve.
 a constellation in Aquila.
 to be implicated in.
 an old procuress.
 catching house after house—of fires.

* Note 11.

'ien¹ 心 愆 174a389a
'ien¹.rh'i² 愆 期
'ien¹.fa² 愆 罰
'ien¹.kno⁴ 愆 過
'ien¹.yu² 愆 尤
手 扞 摠 173b980b
'ien¹.tzū³ shou³ 摠 子 手
'ien¹ 革 鞣 173a981a
'ien¹.ch'iu¹ 鞣 鞣
'ien¹ (tzū) 巾 幟 172a981c

failure, fault, crime, excess
failure to the time appointed.
to punish a crime.
a crime, a fault (tsui⁴ ch'ien¹).
error, transgression.
to graft; to stick into.
tidewaiters (Foreign Customs).
a swing.
same (ch'iu¹ ch'ien¹).
label (t'ieh¹).

H' IEN² 金 斤 錢 176a982b
'ien².ch'ao⁴ 錢 鈔
'ien².cho¹-tzū³ 錢 桌 子
'ien².chū² 錢 局
'ien².chū²-tzū³ 錢 局 子
'ien².ch'uau⁴ [liao³ 錢 串
'ien².ch'uau⁴-tuau⁴ 錢 串 斷 了
'ien².chuang¹ 錢 莊
'ien².hang² 錢 行
'ien².ku³ 錢 穀
'ien².kuei⁴ 錢 櫃
'ien².liang² 錢 糧
'ien².lun² [shên² 錢 龍
'ien².néng².t'ung¹ 錢 能 通 神
'ien².pan³ 錢 板
'ien².p'iao⁴.tzū³ 錢 票 子
'ien².p'u⁴ 錢 舖
'ien².tu¹.tzū³ 錢 塔 子
'ien².ti⁴.liang³.ch'ing¹ 錢 地 兩 清
'ien².ts'ai² 錢 財
'ien².t'ung³ 錢 筒
'ien².yen³ 錢 眼
'ien² 刀 前 176c981c
'ien².ch'ang² 前 場
'ien².ch'ao² 前 朝
'ien².ch'êng² 前 階
'ien².ch'i¹.ssü⁴.t'ien¹ 前 期 四 天
'ien².chieh¹ 前 街
'ien².chin⁴ 前 進
'ien².ch'ou² 前 仇
'ien².ch'ü⁴ 前 去
'ien².êrh² 前 兒

copper coin, money, tenth of a tael, a mace.
bank-notes (luan⁴ ch'ien²).
a money table, a bank.
a mint, a bank.
same.
cash strings; a centipede (i¹ ch'uau ch'ien²).
the cash string is broken.
a money-changer's; a bank.
market price of cash; a bank.
treasury accountant (shih¹ yeh²).
a cash box (yin³ k'u⁴).
taxes, revenue (wan² liang²).
a centipede (mao² ch'ung², pai³ tsu²).
money can move the gods.
grooved board for counting cash.
bank notes (huan⁴ p'iao⁴).
a bank.
purse, bag for holding cash, etc. [handed over.
the money has all been paid, and the land all
money, wealth (ts'ai² li⁴).
a long bamboo tube for keeping cash in.
the hole in a cash. [M. 64.
in front of, before, in time or place; to advance.
a stage (hsi⁴ t'ai²).
the last dynasty, a former dynasty. [ch'êng²).
advancement, promotion, rank (t¹ pu⁴ ch'ien²
four days before the time.
the street on south side (hou⁴ chieh¹).
to enter before, advancement.
a former enmity.
to go before.
day before yesterday (tso² t'ien¹).

ch'ien ² -hou ⁴	前後	before and behind ; nearly, about. M. 64.
ch'ien ² -hsi ¹ -h ¹ jih ⁴ -tzū ⁴	前些日子	some days ago.
ch'ien ² -jên ²	前人	a predecessor.
ch'ien ² -jih ⁴	前日	the day before yesterday.
ch'ien ² -ko ² -pu ⁴ -t'ang ²	前閣部堂	imperial grand secretariat or chancelerie.
ch'ien ² -lai ²	前來	to come before or into the presence of,
ch'ien ² -mien ⁴	前面	before the face,
ch'ien ² -nien ²	前年	the year before last.
ch'ien ² -pau ⁴ -t'ien ¹	前半天	forenoon (shang ⁴ wu ³).
ch'ien ² -pei ¹	前輩	having the precedence ; former generations.
ch'ien ² -sun ¹ -hou ⁴ -ssū ⁴	前三後四	first this and then that.
ch'ien ² -shih ⁴	前世	the former life ; living, life.
ch'ien ² -ssū ¹ -hou ⁴ -hsiang ³	前思後想	to turn over in one's mind ; to desire.
ch'ien ² -wu ³ -nien ²	前五年	five years ago.
ch'ien ² -yang ³ -hou ⁴ -ho ²	前仰後合	lurching back and forth, e. g., drunk.
ch'ien ² yin ³	前引	a guide.
ch'ien ² -yüeh ⁴	前月	the month before last, in former months.
ch'ien ²	乙 乾	^{598e311c} male ; heaven ; the northwest. See kan ⁴ .
ch'ien ² -ch'ing ¹ -kung ¹	乾清宮	one of the Palaces, Peking.
ch'ien ² -ch'ing ¹ -mên ²	乾清門	one of the Palace gates.
ch'ien ² -fu ¹ k'un ¹ -mu ³	乾父坤母	heaven is father, earth is mother. [female.
ch'ien ² -k'un ¹	乾坤	sun and moon ; heaven and earth ; male and
ch'ien ² -lung ²	乾隆	fourth Emperor of present dynasty (1736-96
ch'ien ² wei ² -nan ²	乾爲男	ch'ien is male. [A D].
ch'ien ² -wei ² -t'ien ¹	乾爲天	ch'ien is heaven.
ch'ien ²	虔 虔	firm, determined, sincere, respectful, devout.
ch'ien ² -ch'êng ²	虔誠	reverential, respectful, devout (ch'êng ³ shih ⁴).
ch'ien ² -hsin ¹	虔心	a stout heart ; devout.
ch'ien ²	才手 拈	to nip, to seize (ch'ia ¹).
ch'ien ² -chu ¹	拈住	seized firmly, as with forceps,
ch'ien ² -k'ou ³	拈口	to hold one's tongue.
ch'ien ² -kuo ⁴ -lai ²	拈過	to take with nippers.
ch'ien ² -ting ¹ -tzī ³	拈釘子	to pull out a nail (hao ² fa ³).
ch'ien ²	水 潛	to ford, to enter deeply, to cross ; to abscond.
ch'ien ² -chu ⁴	潛住	to live secluded.
ch'ien ² -t'ao ²	潛逃	to slink off, to abscond.
ch'ien ² (tzū)	金 鉗	nippers, pincers (nieh ⁴ tzū ³).
CH' IEN ³	水 淺	shallow, superficial, slightly.
ch'ien ³ -chien ⁴	淺見	slight experience (chien ⁴ shih ⁴).
ch'ien ³ -chih ¹	淺知	superficial knowledge of anything.
ch'ien ³ -chin ¹	淺近	plain and easy, slight knowledge.
ch'ien ³ -êrh ² -i ⁴ -chien ⁴	淺而易見	easy to understand.

h'ien ³ -hsiao ²	淺學	a slight degree of learning,
h'ien ³ -i ⁴ -ssü ¹	淺意思	superficial meaning.
h'ien ³ -liao ³ -ch'uan ²	淺了船	in shallow water, aground.
h'ien ³ -pao ²	淺薄	mean.
h'ien ³ -sha ¹ -t'an ¹	淺沙灘	a shoal, a bar at river's mouth.
h'ien ³ -shén ¹	淺深	shallow and deep; how deep? is it deep?
h'ien ³ -shui ³	淺水	shallow water.
h'ien ³ -yen ² -sé ¹	淺顏色	a slight or faint colour.
h'ien ³	遣 <small>178b390c</small>	to send, to commission.
h'ien ³ -p'ai ⁴	遣派	to send, as servants, etc.
h'ien ³ -san ⁴	遣散	to discharge, to dismiss.
h'ien ³ -shih ³	遣使	to send a person; a messenger, an envoy. [iers.]
h'ien ³ -shu ⁴	遣戍	to banish, to exile, to send troops to the front-
h'ien ³ -sung ⁴	遣送	to send (p'ai ⁴ ch'ai ¹).
H·IEN⁴		
h'ien ⁴ -an ¹	欠 <small>178c391b</small>	to owe; deficient, wanting.
h'ien ⁴ -chai ⁴	欠安	uncomfortable, unwell (pu ⁴ shu ¹ fu ³).
h'ien ⁴ -chai ⁴ - huan ² -	欠債 <small>[ch'ien²]</small>	to owe, to be in debt, debts.
h'ien ⁴ -chang ⁴	欠賬	let one who owes pay the money.
h'ien ⁴ -chiao ¹	欠教	to owe, indebted.
h'ien ⁴ -ch'ien ³	欠錢	ill-bred (-shao ³ chiao ⁴ hsün ⁴).
h'ien ⁴ -ch'ien ² -tai ¹ -wang ²	欠錢大王	to owe money (chieh ⁴ ch'ien ³).
h'ien ⁴ -chu ² -rh ²	欠主兒	a princely debtor.
h'ien ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	欠項	a debtor. -
h'ien ⁴ -hsiao ³ -hsi ³	欠學習	a debt.
h'ien ⁴ -huo ³	欠火	deficient in learning and practice.
h'ien ⁴ -kung ¹	欠功	too little of the fire (cooking).
h'ien ⁴ -shao ³	欠少	wanting in diligence.
h'ien ⁴ -shén ¹	欠身	deficient.
h'ien ⁴ -t'ai ¹ -ti ³ -chai ⁴	欠他的債	to rise and bow.
h'ien ⁴ -tan ¹	欠單	to owe him.
h'ien ⁴ -t'ieh ¹	欠帖	a bill, an account, a promissory note.
h'ien ⁴ -yü ³	欠雨	promissory note.
h'ien ⁴	牽 <small>173a388b</small>	to lack rain.
h'ien ⁴ -fu ¹	牽夫	to unravel; a tow-rope; to pull, to drag, to lead.
h'ien ⁴ -ma ³	牽馬	trackers, boat-towers
h'ien ⁴ -pan ³	牽板	to lead a horse.
h'ien ⁴ -shou ³	牽手	yoke at end of tracker's line.
h'ien ⁴	牽手 <small>172c</small>	a mediator, a negotiator, an arbitrator; trackers,
h'ien ⁴ -kuo ¹ -lai ²	牽過來	to lead, to pull, to drag, to tow.
h'ien ⁴ -ma ³	牽馬	to pull over.
h'ien ⁴ -shou ³	牽手	to lead a horse,
		hand in hand, to lead.

ch'ien⁴ 山 嵌 173b389c
 ch'ien⁴-hsiang¹ 嵌 鑲
 ch'ien⁴-pao³-shih² 嵌 寶石
 ch'ien⁴-yin²-chiung³ 嵌 銀匠
 ch'ien⁴- 艸 芥 179c983a
 ch'ien⁴-ts'ao³ 芥 草

to inlay.
 same.
 to inlay precious stones.
 a workman who inlays silver, etc.
 name of a plant used for dyeing red.
 same.

CHIH¹ 矢 知 180c53a
 chih¹-chi³ 知 己
 chih¹-chi³-p'eng¹-yu³ 知 己 朋友
 chih¹-chi³-chih²-pi² 知 己 知 彼
 chih¹-ch'iao³ 知 巧
 chih¹-ch'ih³ 知 恥
 chih¹-chin⁴-chih¹-t'ui³ 知 進 知 退
 chih¹-chou² 知 州
 chih¹-ch'ü⁴ 知 趣
 chih¹-chüeh² 知 覺
 chih¹-ch'üeh⁴ 知 確
 chih¹-fa³-fan¹-fa³ 知 法 犯 法
 chih¹-fu³ 知 府
 chih¹-hsiao³ 知 曉
 chih¹-hsien⁴ 知 縣
 chih¹-hsin¹ 知 心
 chih¹-hsiu¹ 知 羞
 chih¹-hui¹ 知 會
 chih¹-hui¹ 知 慧
 chih¹-kuo⁴-pi²-kai³ 知 過 必 改
 chih¹-pu¹-tuo⁴ 知 不 道
 chih¹-shih² 知 識
 chih¹-shih²-wei¹-k'ai¹ 知 識 未 開
 chih¹-tao¹ 知 道
 chih¹-tao⁴-liao³ * 知 道 了
 chih¹-ts'o⁴ 知 錯
 chih¹-tsu² 知 足
 chi¹-yin¹-p'eng¹-yu³ 知 音 朋友
 chih¹ 支 192c54a
 chih¹-ch'eng¹ 支 撐
 chih¹-ch'ien² 支 錢
 chih¹-chih¹-tung⁴-tung⁴ 支 支 動 動
 chih¹-ch'ih² 支 持
 chih¹ ch'ih²-pu⁴-chu⁴ 支 持 不 住
 chih¹-chu⁴ 支 柱
 chih¹ ch'ü⁴ 支 去

to know, to perceive; to cause to know, to tell
 an intimate friend (hsiang¹ hao³).
 an intimate or bosom friend.
 mutual, intimate (hsin¹ fu³ p'eng² yu³).
 clever, ingenious.
 to feel ashamed.
 initiated, experienced, shrewd, no novice.
 a district magistrate. G. 284. [things
 to know the flavor, a sense of the fitness of
 to perceive, to observe.
 positive, precisely.
 intentional transgression. (pên³ fu⁴)
 a magistrate, prefect of department. G. 281
 to know, to understand.
 a district magistrate. G. 289, (pên³ hsien⁴).
 congenial, likeminded.
 to feel ashamed.
 a despatch; to inform, to communicate.
 wisdom (ts'ung¹ ming²).
 known faults must be amended.
 don't know (pu⁴ chih¹ tao⁴).
 knowledge, experience.
 understanding not yet opened.
 to know (hsiao³ t'ê²). [creas
 it is known, I know it; "noted" at end of de
 to know or acknowledge one's faults.
 to be content, to satisfy.
 an intimate friend.
 a branch, to branch off, to send; to use; to pay
 to prop up.
 to pay money in advance, to draw money.
 requiring constant looking after.
 to make excuses; to withstand, to bear up against
 unable to hold one's own.
 a support, a pillar.
 to send.

. Note 12.

ih¹-fŭng⁴
 ih¹-hui⁴
 ih¹-kei³
 ih¹-ko⁴-jih⁴-tzŭ³
 ih¹-lai²
 ih¹-li²
 ih¹-p'ai⁴
 ih¹-shih³
 ih¹-tzŭ³
 ih¹-wu²
 ih¹-ying⁴
 ih¹-yung⁴
 ih¹
 ih¹-chi¹
 ih¹-fang³
 ih¹-hsi²
 ih¹-nü³
 ih¹-pu¹
 ih¹-tê²-ching¹-chih⁴
 ih¹
 ih¹-ch'í³-lai²
 ih¹-ch'uang¹-hu⁴
 ih¹-mu⁴-mao¹
 i¹
 ih¹-chu¹
 ih¹-chu¹-ch'uang¹
 ih¹-chu¹-wang³
 ih¹ (tzŭ)
 ih¹-tzŭ³-hua¹
 ih¹
 ih¹-fŭn³
 ih¹-sé⁴
 ih¹-yu²
 ih¹
 ih¹-hu¹-ché²-yeh³
 i¹-tzŭ³
 ih¹
 ih¹-lan²
 ih¹-ma²
 ih¹-ma²-yu¹
 ih¹-ts'ao³
 ih¹ (tzŭ)
 ih¹-shao¹

支俸
 支會
 支給
 支個日子
 支來
 支離
 支派
 支使子
 支子
 支吾
 支應用
 支織 185c70a
 支織機
 支織紡
 支織蓆
 支織女
 支織布
 支織得精緻
 手才 184c55c
 指起來
 指窗戶
 指木貓
 虫 蜘蛛 182a53b
 蜘蛛
 蜘蛛瘡
 蜘蛛網
 木 梔子花 191b55c
 梔子花
 肉 脂 184b55b
 脂粉
 脂色
 脂油
 之 182a53b
 之乎者也
 之子
 之 183a53c
 艸 廿
 芝
 芝蘭
 芝麻
 芝麻油
 芝草
 木 枝 193c55a
 枝稍

to pay a salary in advance.
 a branch church.
 to give, to pay to.
 enough to keep me for a day.
 to bring.
 evasive.
 branch of a family ; to send.
 to use, to employ, to defray ; to send.
 a branch of a family.
 to make excuses (t'ui¹ tz'ü²).
 to wait on (tz'ü³ hou⁴).
 to use, to employ ; expenditure.
 to weave.
 a loom ; to weave.
 to reel or spin silk or cotton.
 to weave or make mats.
 the star *vega* in *Lyra* ; the goddess of weaving.
 to weave cloth,
 beautifully woven.
 to prop up, to support, to uphold.
 to prop up.
 to prop up a window.
 to set a rat-trap.
 the spider.
 same.
 a kind of ringworn.
 a spider's web.
 a fruit used for dyeing saffron colour.
 name of a white flower.
 grease, fat, lard, cosmetic.
 cosmetics in general.
 rouge.
 lard, pork fat.
 sign of the possessive.
 empty particles, fig., e. g., pedantry.
 a bride.
 a sort of grass.
 name of a flower.
 sesamum seed.
 sesamum oil.
 a sort of grass.
 [etc.
 the branches of a tree. Numerative of flowers,
 twigs, the end of a branch.

He she, it,
 This, that, these
 to
 Chih' justwards
 here
 Chih'
 here

chih¹-yeh⁴
 chih¹ 肉 肢
 chih¹-t³
 chih¹ 隹 只 隻
 chih¹-shên¹-tu²-i¹
 chih¹-ying³-ku¹-hung²
 chih¹ 口 吱 ○ 55c
 chih¹-chih¹
 chih¹-chih¹-ti¹-hsiang³
 chih¹ (tzü) 水 汁 183b67b
 chih¹-chiung¹
 chih¹-shui³
 chih¹ 己 卮 191b55b

branches and leaves.
 the limbs (ssü⁴ chih¹ pai³ t'ü³).
 the limbs and body. [M. 8]
 single, alone, one of a pair. Num. of ships, etc.
 a single solitary individual.
 fig. a solitary great man.
 sound, noise.
 a panting noise.
 noise of panting.
 gravy, juice, sap; rich, luscious, juicy.
 gravy.
 juice, e. g., of a melon.
 a siphon; a wine vessel.

CHIH² (tzü) 女 侄 姪 186c68b
 chih²-fü⁴
 chih²-hsü⁴
 chih²-nü³
 chih²-sun¹
 chih²-tzü³
 chih² 土 執 執 184c67a
 chih²-chang³
 chih²-chao⁴
 chih²-chêng⁴
 chih²-ch'ih²
 chih²-ch'ou²
 chih²-chiü¹
 chih²-fü²
 chih²-i⁴
 chih²-li³
 chih²-mi²-pu¹-wu⁴
 chih²-nü⁴
 chih²-shih⁴
 chih²-shou³
 chih²-shou³
 chih² shou³-t'ung²-hsing² 執 手 同行
 chih²-t'ieh¹
 chih²-ying¹
 chih²-yu³
 chih² 耳 職 職 186a70a
 chih²-fên⁴
 chih²-hsien²
 chih²-kung⁴

a nephew or niece.
 a nephew's wife.
 a niece's husband.
 a niece.
 a nephew's children.
 a nephew.
 to grasp, to seize, to apprehend, to retain
 to superintend; a superintendent.
 a passport (hu⁴ chao⁴).
 impartial, even.
 to hold on to.
 to draw lots; a lottery keeper (nien¹ chiu⁴).
 obstinate, perverse, a wrangling manner.
 a strict adherence to the law.
 firm purpose, full intention.
 to manage affairs; a manager.
 incorrigible infatuation (chan⁴ chih²).
 obstinate, self-willed, stubborn (wan² kêng²).
 to manage affairs; paraphernalia of officials
 to guard, to maintain.
 to grasp one's hand; to salute.
 to walk hand in hand together.
 card bearer in Yaméns.
 to look after, to wait upon.
 a father's friend, a comrade.
 to direct, to control, to manage; office; an office.
 official rank; duties of one's office.
 brevet rank.
 duties, tribute, presents (kung⁴).

h ² -mìng ²	職名	a kind of visiting card (p'ien ⁴ tzü ³).
h ² -shih ⁴	職事	an office, an employment.
h ² -shou ³	職守	to hold office under government.
h ⁴ yüan ²	職員	an official (generally of low rank) (kuan ¹ yüan ²).
h ²	目直	straight, direct, upright, correct, proper.
h ² -chêng ⁴	直	189c70c
h ² -chêng ⁴ -wu ² -ssü ²	直正	exact and straight.
h ² -chih ³	直正無私	perfectly upright, perfect integrity.
h ² -chüeh ³	直直	directly, entirely (kêng ³ chih ²).
h ² -hua ⁴	直絕	direct, point blank, entirely.
h ² -k'uai ⁴	直話	straightforward talk (kêng ³ chih ²).
h ² li ¹	直快	straightforward, frank.
h ² -li ¹ -chih ¹ -chou ¹	直隸	the province of Chih-li. W. I. 60.
h ² -li ⁴ -t'ung ² -chih ¹	直隸知州	prefect of independent department. G. 284.
h ² -nien ³ -nien ³ -ti ¹	直隸同知	independent sub-prefect.
h ² pa ¹ -pa ¹ -ti ¹	直碾的	very straight.
h ² -pu ⁴ -ch'i ³ -lai ³	直巴巴的	straightforward, frank.
h ² -shih ⁴	直不起來	unable to stand upright, crooked.
h ² shu ¹ -shu ⁴ -ti ¹	直事	upright in business.
h ² shuai ⁴	直豎	upright, studded with upright points, serried.
h ² shuang ³	直率	straightforward, open-hearted,
h ² ta ³ -chih ³	直爽	straightforward, candid.
h ² tao ⁴	直打直	straightforward without turning.
h ² -ting ³ -tao ⁴	直道	a straight road; correct doctrine.
h ² -t'ing ¹ -t'ing ¹ -ti ¹	直頂倒	right up to (i ¹ chi ²).
h ² -yen ²	直挺挺的	stiff and straight, e. g., a corpse.
h ² -yen ³	直言	straightforward talk.
h ²	直眼	to stare, look blank, dismayed (têng ⁴ cho ² yen ³).
h ²	人值	the price, worth, cost, or value of; to manage.
h ² -ch'ien ²	值錢	it is worth money.
h ² -hsiung ¹ -huo ¹	值凶禍	to meet with severe misfortune.
h ² -jih ⁴	值日	one's day for duty.
h ² -to ¹ -shao ³ -ch'ien ³	值多少錢	what is it worth?
h ² -pan ¹	值班	to take one's turn on duty.
h ² -pu ³ -chih ³	值不值	frequently; is it worth the money?
h ² -shih ⁴	值事	the president of a society.
h ² -tê ²	值得	to cost, it is worth while.
h ²	貝質	original; to substantiate; a pledge; to examine.
h ² -ch'êng ²	質成	to complete, to perfect.
h ² -mìng ²	質明	correct and clear.
h ² -shih ²	質實	plain and sincere (p'u ² shih ²).
h ² -tang ¹	質當	a licensed pawnshop (tang ¹ p'u ⁴).
h ² -tui ⁴	質對	comparison, to compare.
h ²	木	to plant

chih² 馬 隴 鷲 191b68b

CHIH³ 手 才 指 183b57c

chih²-chi¹-ma⁴-kou³ 指 雞 罵 狗

chih²-chia² 指 甲

chih²-chia³-t'ao⁴ 指 甲 套

chih²-chia³-ts'ao³ 指 甲 草

chih²-chiao⁴ 指 教

chih²-ch'ao¹ 指 截

chih²-ch'u¹ 指 出

chih²-hui¹ 指 揮

chih²-jih⁴-kao¹-shêng¹ 指 日 高 陞

chih²-ming² 指 名

chih²-ming² 指 明

chih²-nan²-ch'ê¹ 指 南 車

chih²-nan²-chên¹ 指 南 針

chih²-po² 指 駁

chih²-sang¹-ma⁴-hua² 指 桑 罵 槐

chih²-shih² 指 實

chih²-shih² 指 使

c hih²-shuo¹ 指 說

chih²-tien³ 指 點

chih²-t'ou² 指 頭

chih²-chieh²-chieh² 指 頭 節

chih²-t'ou²-chien¹ 指 頭 尖

chih²-t'ou²-i¹-mei² 指 頭 一 枚

chih²-t'ou²-ting¹ 指 頭 疔

chih²-t'ou²-tu³ 指 頭 肚

chih²-tung¹-shuo¹-hsi¹ 指 東 說 西

chih²-wang⁴ 指 望

chih²-wu¹-shuo¹-chia⁴ 指 物 說 價

chih²-yin³ 指 引

chih² 糸 帛 紙 194c56c

chih²-cha¹ 紙 扎

chih²-chang¹ 紙 張

chih²-ché¹ 紙 遮

chih²-ch'ien² 紙 錢

chih²-ch'ih¹-mo⁴ 紙 吃 墨

chih²-chin¹ 紙 筋

chih²-hua¹ 紙 花

chih²-jên²-chih²-ma³ 紙 人 紙 馬

chih²-k'ao⁴ (ch'üeh⁴) tzü³ 紙 殼 子

chih²-k'ao⁴ 紙 錄

to attain, to succeed.

the finger², the toe²; to point³, to refer to³.
 to revile one over the shoulders of another (see [below]).
 finger nails.
 finger-nail cases.
 the China balsam.
 to point out, to correct, to reprove, to teach
 to make signs, gestures.
 to point out.
 to point out; police magistrate. G. 343.
 may you rapidly rise (to official).
 to nominate.
 to define, to report.
 a legendary cart which was to act as a compass
 needle of a compass; a compass.
 to correct, to reprove, to direct. [person
 "point at mulberry, abuse ash," to talk at
 proof; to affirm.
 to point out, to direct.
 to denote.
 to point out, to direct.
 fingers or toes.
 finger joint.
 tip of finger.
 one finger.
 whitlow.
 face of finger.
 to make insinuations.
 to desire, to hope (p'an⁴ wang⁴). [article
 name a price according to the quality of the
 to direct, to lead, to guide.
 paper.
 all kinds of things burnt in honor of the dead.
 stationery.
 kittysols, paper umbrellas.
 paper money.
 the ink "runs" on the paper.
 paper pulp used for strengthening mortar.
 artificial flowers.
 paper men and horses.
 paste-board (pei⁴ tzü³).
 paper ingots (for worship).

ih ³ .na ⁴ .hsiang ¹ .k'o ⁴	紙碼香鏢	paper, incense, etc., used in religious ceremonies.
ih ³ .mei ² .tzū ³	紙煤子	a pipe-light of paper.
ih ³ .nien ³	紙撚	a twisted paper cord, a lamp lighter, allumette.
ih ³ .p'ai ²	紙牌	playing cards.
ih ³ .pei ⁴ .tzū ³	紙稽子	paste-board.
ih ³ .pi ³	紙筆	paper and pens.
ih ³ .pi ⁴ .mo ⁴ .yen ⁴	紙筆墨硯	writing materials.
ih ³ .p'i ² .tzū ³	紙皮子	paper covers for books, etc.
ih ³ .po ⁴	紙鉛	sheets of tin-foil for burning at graves and in
ih ³ .shan ⁴	紙扇	paper fans.
ih ³	口 只 191c67c	only, merely, but, just, then. M. 117, 488
ih ³ .chien ⁴	只 見	only see, only saw, just look.
ih ³ .chih ⁴	只 知	I only know.
ih ³ .hao ³ .ju ² .tz'ü ³	只 好 如此	only good like this.
ih ³ .k'an ⁴	只 看	only look, just observe.
ih ³ .k'o ³	只 可	it will just do.
ih ³ .ku ⁴	只 顧	mind, nothing bnt.
ih ³ .kuan ³	只 管	just try, only think of, only attend to.
ih ³ .p'a ⁴	只 怕	but, lest, I only fear, probably.
ih ³ .shih ⁴	只 是	just is, it is only.
ih ³ .s'ih ⁴ .i ¹ .ch'ien ⁴	只 是 一件	but it must be borne in mind.
ih ³ .tang ¹	只 當	I supposed, but.
ih ³ .tē ²	只 得	obliged to, having no alternative.
ih ³ .tsai ¹ .yèn ³ .ch'ien ²	只 在 眼前	merely, before one's eyes.
ih ³ .tz'ü ³ .i ¹ .ch'ia ¹	只 在 此 一家	there is only this one family.
ih ³ .yao ⁴	只 要	only (even if).
ih ³ .yu ³	只 有	only wish.
ih ³ .yüan ⁴	只 願	there is merely, only have.
ih ³	止 188b56a	to stop, to desist, to be still, to rest.
ih ³ .hu ⁴	止 住	to cease, to stop.
ih ³ .chu ⁴ .chiao ³ .pu ⁴	止 住 脚步	came to a halt.
ih ³ .hsi ²	止 息	to cease, to stop.
ih ³ .k'o ³	止 渴	to quench thirst.
ih ³ .lu ²	止 留	to detain.
ih ³ .pu ⁴ .chu ⁴ .lei ⁴	止 不 住 淚	cannot restrain the tears.
ih ³ .t'eng ³ .yao ⁴	止 疼 藥	painkiller (medicine).
ih ³	木 枳 192a57b	bramble.
ih ³ .chi ⁴	枳 棘	thorns (ching ¹ chi ⁴).
ih ³ .ch'üeh ⁴	枳 殼	kind of medicine (skin of foregoing).
ih ³ .shih ³	枳 實	kind of medicine (dried seeds of foregoing).
ih ³	日 旨 183b57c	the meaning; imperial will, orders (shê ⁴ ng ⁴ chih ³),
ih ³ .i ⁴	旨 意	imperial will; purport.
ih ³	繡 195a58b	to embroider (chên ¹ hsin ⁴).

CHIH⁴ 水 治 189a59b
chih⁴-chang³ 治 掌
chih⁴-chia¹ 治 家
chih⁴-hao³ 治 好
chih⁴-hsin¹ 治 心
chih⁴-kuo² 治 國
chih⁴-kuo²-an¹-pang¹ 治 國 安 邦
chih⁴-li³ 治 理
chih⁴-liao³ 治 療
chih⁴-luan⁴ 治 亂
chih⁴-ping⁴ 治 病
chih⁴-pu⁴-hao³ 治 不 好
chih⁴-ssü³ 治 死
chih⁴-tsu⁴ 治 罪
chih⁴-yü⁴ 治 獄
至 至 186b60c
chih⁴-ch'i⁴ 至 契
chih⁴-chih³ 至 直
chih⁴-chün⁴ 至 近
chih⁴-h'in¹ 至 親
chih⁴-chung¹ 至 終
chih⁴-hao³ 至 好
chih⁴-hon⁴ 至 厚
chih⁴-hsia⁴ 至 下
chih⁴-hsiao³ 至 小
chih⁴-hsiang¹-hao³ 至 相 好
chih⁴-hsiang¹-hon⁴ 至 相 厚
chih⁴-kung¹-su²-ssü¹ 至 公 無 私
chih⁴-kung¹-t'ang² 至 公 堂
chih⁴-pien⁴ 至 便
chih⁴-pu⁴-chi⁴ 至 不 濟
chih⁴-pu⁴-hao³ 至 不 好
chih⁴-shang⁴ 至 上
chih⁴-shao³ 至 少
chih⁴-shên⁴-t'ang² 至 慎 堂
chih⁴-shêng⁴ 至 聖
chih⁴-ssü³-pu⁴-pien⁴ 至 死 不 變
chih⁴-ta⁴ 至 大
chih⁴-to¹ 至 多
chih⁴-yü² 至 於
chih⁴ 至 致 187c58c
chih⁴-chi² 至 致 極
chih⁴-chih¹ 至 致 知

to heal, to cure, to put in order, to direct.
 to govern, to keep in order.
 to manage a family.
 to cure (ch'üan² yü⁴).
 to regulate one's mind.
 to govern a country.
 to govern the nation successfully.
 to regulate, to keep order, to restore order.
 to cure. [rebellion
 order and disorder, to restore order, to put down
 to cure a disease (liao¹ ping⁴).
 cannot cure. [with
 to treat a patient so that he dies; to make away
 to punish (hsing² fa²).
 to try those committed to prison.
 to arrive at, to, till; as to, respecting. M. 3.
 very intimate (chih¹ chi³).
 most true (shih³ shih² tsai⁴ tsai⁴).
 very near, the nearest.
 nearly related.
 at the last, after all (mo⁴ mo⁴ liao³ êrh).
 the best (ting³ hao³).
 intimate friend.
 the lowest.
 the smallest.
 intimate friends.
 same.
 perfectly just, e. g., God.
 Hall of Grand Examiner.
 most convenient.
 at the very least; very bad; the worst.
 the worst.
 the highest.
 at the least.
 the hall behind the Grand Examiner.
 perfectly holy.
 firm until death.
 the greatest.
 at the most
 as to, respecting; to come to, arrive at. M. 42
 to go to; to come to; to tend to; the cause,
 to carry out to the utmost,
 to extend knowledge to underlying principles

ih ⁴ -i ⁴	致意	to inform (kao ¹ su ⁴).
ih ⁴ -lê ⁴	致樂	to take delight in.
ih ⁴ -li ⁴	致力	to exert strength (shih ⁵ chin ⁴ 'rh).
ih ⁴ -ming ⁴	致命	to devote one's life in a cause, fatal.
ih ⁴ -shih ⁴	致仕	to resign office.
ih ⁴ -yüan ³	致遠	to go to; or come from a distance.
ih ⁴	日智 181c58b	wise; wisdom, knowledge, skill, talent, ability.
ih ⁴ -cho ²	智者	a wise person.
ih ⁴ -hui ⁴	智慧	perfect wisdom (ts'ung ¹ ming ²).
ih ⁴ -liao ⁴	智畧	cleverness, shrewdness.
ih ⁴ -ming ³	智明	knowledge, wisdom.
ih ⁴ -mou ²	智謀	shrewdness, cleverness.
ih ⁴ -yung ³	智勇	talented and brave.
ih ⁴	刀制 196c59a	to regulate, to direct, to rule; to make, invent.
ih ⁴ -chün ¹	制軍	to regulate troops; your excellency (to Governor-General. G. 273).
ih ⁴ -fa ²	制法	rules, laws, regulations (fa ⁴ tu ⁴).
ih ⁴ -fu ²	制服	three years' mourning; to reduce to obedience.
ih ⁴ -fu ²	制伏	to subdue.
ih ⁴ -ling ⁴	制令	rules, laws, regulate (uing ⁴ ling ⁴).
ih ⁴ -shu ¹	制書	an imperial command.
ih ⁴ -t'á ¹ -ti ¹ -ch'êng ⁴	制他的秤	to test his scales.
ih ⁴ -t'ai ²	制臺	[(fu ³ t'ai ²), a governor general; your excellency. G. 273]
ih ⁴ -tu ⁴	制度	to form rules; rules, laws, management, direction.
ih ⁴ -tsai ⁴	制宰	to rule, to direct.
ih ⁴ -tsao ⁴	制造	to create, to form, to invent
ih ⁴ -tso ⁴	制作	to invent, to make, to do (ch'uang ⁴ tsao ⁴).
ih ⁴	心志 197b61b	inclination, will, resolution, determination.
ih ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	志氣	resolution, determination (li ³ chih ² ch'i ⁴ chuang ⁴).
ih ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	志向	ambition; direction of one's will, inclination.
ih ⁴ -i ⁴	志意	the will, purpose.
ih ⁴ -jo ⁴	志弱	weak-minded.
ih ⁴ -liang ²	志量	ambition, ambitious.
ih ⁴ -shu ¹	志書	a local history or topography.
ih ⁴	置 190c60a	to purchase; to place; to appoint.
ih ⁴ -chia ¹ -huo ³	置傢伙	to buy furniture.
ih ⁴ -chih ¹ -pu ⁴ -wén ⁴	置之不問	to disregard.
ih ⁴ -i ¹ -fu ²	置衣服	to buy clothes.
ih ⁴ -mai ³	置買	to purchase (ti ² liang ²).
ih ⁴ -pan ⁴	置辦	to arrange, to buy.
ih ⁴ -t'ien ² .mai ³ .ti ⁴	置田買地	to buy land, to add field to field.
ih ⁴	手才 191b71c	to throw, to throw away. Sec jêng ¹ .
ih ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	擲去	to throw away.

chih ⁴ -hsia ⁴	擲下	to throw down ; to give to.
chih ⁴ -huan ²	擲還	to return, to give back.
chih ⁴ -hui ²	擲回	to throw back, to reject a petition.
chih ⁴ -shai ³ -tzu ³	擲骰子	to throw dice.
chih ⁴ -shang ¹	擲傷	to wound by throwing at.
chih ⁴	水 滯	to obstruct ; stoppage.
chih ⁴ -chu ⁴	滯住	impeded (lan ² tsu ³).
chih ⁴ -liu ²	滯流	to impede the course of a river, etc.
chih ⁴ -ko ²	滯隔	to obstruct, to hinder.
chih ⁴ -ping ⁴	滯病	costive.
chih ⁴	言 誌	to remember, to record ; historical records.
chih ⁴ -ming ³	誌銘	to record on a grave-stone.
chih ⁴ -shih ³	誌石 (制石)	stone used in military examinations. M. 330
chih ⁴ -wên ²	誌文	a record.
chih ⁴	疔 痔	hemorrhoids, piles.
chih ⁴ -ch'uang ¹	痔瘡	same (lou ⁴ ch'uang ¹).
chih ⁴ -lou ⁴	痔漏	same (bleeding).
chih ⁴	火 炙	to broil, to warm, to heat.
chih ⁴ -ch'ao ³	炙炒	to broil.
chih ⁴ -fa ³	炙法	cautery.
chih ⁴ -huo ³	炙火	to warm at a fire.
chih ⁴	衣 製	to make, to form ; to decide, to regulate.
chih ⁴ -tsao ⁴	製造	to make, to form, to invent.
chih ⁴ -tsao ⁴ -chü ³	製造局	a factory or arsenal.
chih ⁴	穴 窒	to impede, to hamper, to embarrass.
chih ⁴ -ai ⁴	窒礙	to obstruct, to hinder (fang ¹ ai ⁴).
chih ⁴	糸 緻	fine, delicate, soft, elegant, effeminate.
chih ⁴ -mi ⁴	緻密	secret, close ; minute, fine.
chih ⁴	疔 痣	a mole, a spot.
chih ⁴ -chi ⁴	痣記	the mark of a mole.
chih ⁴	貝 贄	to make a present (tsêng ⁴ , k'uei ⁴).
chih ⁴ -chien ⁴ -li ³	贄見禮	present of homage, or fee to a teacher.
chih ⁴	隹 雉	a pheasant.
chih ⁴ -chi ¹	雉雞	same.
chih ⁴ -chi ¹ -wei ³	雉雞尾	the longtail-feathers of the pheasant.
CH'IH ¹	口 吃	to eat, to drink, to bear ; to stammer.
ch'ih ¹	喫	same.
ch'ih ¹ -ch'a ²	喫茶	to drink tea (ho ¹ ch'a ²).
ch'ih ¹ -chai ¹	喫齋	to fast, to refrain from animal food (pa ¹ chai ¹).
ch'ih ¹ -chin ³	喫緊	{ urgent, highly important, very necessary { (yao ⁴ chin ³).
ch'ih ¹ -chin ⁴	喫勁	[strain come to tell, to be of service ; the point where the

'ih ¹ -ching ¹	喫驚	to be startled (hsia ⁴ wo ³ i ¹ t'iao ⁴).
'ih ¹ -chiu ³	喫酒	to drink wine.
'ih ¹ .ch'uan ¹ -êrh ⁴ -tzū ⁴	喫穿二字	food and raiment.
'ih ¹ -chu'an ¹ .tu ⁴ -yung ⁴	喫穿度用	food and raiment for daily use.
'ih ¹ -fan ⁴	喫飯	to eat rice, to take any meal.
'ih ¹ -fêng ⁴ -lu ⁴	喫俸祿	to draw salary (hsiu ¹ chin ¹).
'ih ¹ -ho ¹	喫喝	to eat and drink.
'ih ¹ -ho ¹ p'iao ² -tu ³	喫喝嫖賭	gluttony, debauchery and gambling.
'ih ¹ -ho ¹ -yen ⁴ .lé ⁴	喫喝宴樂	gluttony, etc.
'ih ¹ -hun ¹	喫葷	to eat meat, onions, etc., viz., ch'ih ¹ chai ¹ above.
'ih ¹ -k'ü ³	喫苦	to suffer distress.
'ih ¹ .k'uei ¹	喫虧	to suffer loss; to bear an injury.
'ih ¹ -li ⁴	喫力	stands the strain.
'ih ¹ -liang ³	喫糧	soldiers.
'ih ¹ -mi ³ -ta ⁴ -ch'ung ³	喫米大蟲	sc. a Buddhist priest.
'ih ¹ -mo ⁴	喫墨	(the paper) absorbs ink.
'ih ¹ -p'ü ⁴ -liao ³	喫怕了	eaten to disgust.
'ih ¹ -pao ³ -liao ³	喫飽了	satiated with food (ho ¹ tsu ³ la).
'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'i ³	喫不起	cannot afford to eat (such food).
'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	喫不住	cannot endure it.
'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -fu ²	喫不服	(that food) don't agree with me.
'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	喫不下去	cannot get the food down.
'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -lai ²	喫不來	cannot eat.
'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -kuan ⁴	喫不慣	not used to eating (such and such a dish).
'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -k'o ¹ -hua ⁴	喫不剗化	failure to digest after eating.
'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -liao ³	喫不了	unable to eat the whole.
'ih ¹ -pu ⁴ -té ²	喫不得	not eatable; unable to eat.
'ih ¹ -shih ³	喫食	viands, fare, victuals (k'ou ³ liang ³).
'ih ¹ -su ⁴	喫蔬	to eat vegetables, as Buddhist priests do.
'ih ¹ -to ¹ -shao ³ -shui ³	喫多少水	how much water does (the boat) draw?
'ih ¹ -ts'ü ⁴	喫醋	to be jealous (chi ⁴ tu ⁴).
'ih ¹ -tu ² -mo ³	喫獨饜	the gain is mine alone.
'ih ¹ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	喫東西	to eat (anything).
'ih ¹ -ya ³ -pa ¹ -k'uei ¹	喫啞吧虧	to suffer loss, and be quiet about it.
'ih ¹ -ya ³ -p'ien ⁴ -yen ¹	喫鴉片烟	to smoke opium (hsi ¹ yen ¹).
'ih ¹ -yao ⁴	喫藥	to take medicine.
'ih ¹ -yen ¹	喫烟	to smoke opium, or tobacco (ch'ui ¹ ta ⁴ yen ¹).
'ih ¹ -yen ³ -ch'ien ² -k'uei ¹	喫眼前虧	suffer patent loss.
'ih ¹	目	
'ih ¹ -mu ³ -hu ³	目膠	198c63c blear-eyed, sore eyes.
'ih ¹	目	
'ih ¹ -mu ³ -hu ³	目膠	eyes blurred and dim.
'ih ¹	口	
'ih ¹ -ti ¹ -i ¹ -shêng ¹	口	to intimidate, to frighten.
'ih ¹	口	
'ih ¹ -ti ¹ -i ¹ -shêng ¹	口	to shout out.
'ih ¹	鳥	
'ih ¹	鳥	202b63c owl (yeh ⁴ mao ¹ tzü ³).

ch'ih¹-hsiao¹

鴟鵂

owl (yeh⁴ mao¹ tzü³).

CH·IH²

手才

持^{202c64c}

to grasp, to seize, to hold fast.

ch'ih²-chu⁴

持住

to hold fast.

ch'ih²-i⁴

持意

to hold one's opinion.

ch'ih²-mên¹

持捫

to grasp, to seize, to hold to one's opinion.

ch'ih²-p'ing²

持平

to be impartial (kung¹ p'ing²).

ch'ih²-shou³

持守

to keep fast hold of, to maintain.

ch'ih²-tao²

持刀

to grasp a knife (pa⁴ tao¹).

ch'ih²

痴

痴^{198b62a}

foolish, simple, idiotic.

eh'ih²

癡

same (tai¹).

ch'ih²-ch'an²

癡纏

infatuation, a foolish hankering after. [(hsü¹ tu

ch'ih²-chung³

癡長

I have grown up a fool (so many years, ans. to ag

ch'ih²-ch'ing³

癡情

infatuation, a foolish hankering after.

ch'ih²-ch'ing²-tzü³

癡情子

a foolish lover, a debauchee.

ch'ih²-hsin¹-wang⁴-hsiang²

癡心妄想

to pine after the unattainable.

ch'ih²-sha³

癡傻

silly, idiotic, stupid (han¹).

ch'ih²-tai¹

癡蠢

silly, idiotic, stupid; an idiot.

ch'ih²-tzü³

癡子

an idiot, a simpleton (pan⁴ tiao⁴ tzü³).

ch'ih²

遲

遲^{203c64b}

to delay, slow, dilatory, late.

ch'ih²-huan³

遲緩

slow (man⁴).

ch'ih²-liang²-t'ien¹

遲兩天

two days later.

ch'ih²-liu²

遲留

to put off; to procrastinate, to postpone.

ch'ih²-man⁴

遲慢

dilatory, dawdling; to postpone (lai² te² en¹

ch'ih²-tun⁴

遲鈍

slow in thought or action.

ch'ih²-wu⁴

遲悞

to ruin or fail through unpunctuality, to neglect

ch'ih²-yen³

遲延

to put off, to defer, to delay (tan¹ wu⁴, tan¹ k

ch'ih²

馬

馳^{203b64a}

to gallop, to ride on horseback; rapid.

ch'ih²-ch'ü¹

馳驅

to gallop (p'ao³, tien¹).

ch'ih²-hsing²

馳行

to walk or gallop fast; to do quickly.

ch'ih²-i⁴

馳驛

mounted couriers, express.

ch'ih²-ma³

馳馬

a running horse,

ch'ih²

竹

筴^{200c63b}

a bamboo stick; to beat, to chatise.

ch'ih²-chang⁴

筴杖

the light and the heavy bamboo (ta⁴ pan², hsi

ch'ih² (tzü)

水

池^{203a63c}

a pond, pool, tank or moat.

ch'ih²-t'ung²

池塘

a pond.

ch'ih² (tzü)

匙

匙^{979a760a}

a spoon, a key. See shih² (yao⁴ shih²).

CH·IH³

耳

耻^{205a65a}

shame, ashamed.

ch'ih³

耻

same (hsiu¹ ch'ih³, k'uei⁴, hai⁴ sao⁴). [hu

ch'ih³-hsiao⁴

耻笑

to ridicule, to put to shame (chi¹ ch'iao⁴, hsi

ch'ih³-sin¹

耻心

a feeling of shame.

ch'ih³-ju⁴

耻辱

disgrace, shame.

'ih ³	人	侈	198c65b	profuse, prodigal, extravagant.
'ih ³ -fei ⁴		侈費		same (k'uang ³ fei ⁴ , lang ⁴ fei ⁴).
'ih ³ -shê ¹		侈奢		same.
'ih ³ -ssü ⁴		侈肆		extravagant.
'ih ³	齒	齒	204a65c	the teeth ; one's age.
'ih ³ -pai ³ -ch'un ² -hung ⁴		齒白唇紅		"teeth white, lips red," beautiful.
'ih ³ -ya ²		齒牙		teeth (ya ³ ch'ih ³).
'ih ³	尺	尺	204b71a	the Chinese foot (14 $\frac{1}{16}$ inches English).
'ih ³ -chang ⁴		尺丈		the length of, measurement (ts'ai ³ ch'ih ³).
'ih ³ -ts'un ⁴		尺寸		feet and inches, the length of, measurement.
'ih ³ -tu ²		尺牘		a book containing forms for letters, etc.
'ih ³ -tu ⁴		尺度		a degree ; measurement.
'ih ³	口	嚙	200b63b	laugh heartily.
H'IH ⁴	赤	赤	201c72a	carnation, flesh color ; naked.
'ih ⁴ -chiao ³		赤脚		bare feet (kuang ¹ chiao ³).
'ih ⁴ -chin ¹		赤金		pure gold (Giles=copper)
'ih ⁴ -hsiao ³ -tou ⁴		赤小豆		a kind of red bean (ch'êng ² hsin ¹).
'ih ⁴ hsin ¹		赤心		sincere, earnest.
'ih ⁴ -hung ³		赤紅		blood red.
'ih ⁴ -hung ² -lien ³ -êrh ²		赤紅臉兒		a red face.
'ih ⁴ -mu ⁴		赤木		sapan wood for dyeing red.
'ih ⁴ -pai ² -li ⁴		赤白痢		dysentery, a flux, a discharge.
'ih ⁴ -shên ¹	[chia ¹	赤身		the naked body, naked (lou ⁴ t'i ³).
'ih ⁴ -shou ³ -ch'êng ²		赤手成家		a self-made rich man.
'ih ⁴ -shou ³ -k'ung ¹		赤手空拳		"naked hand, empty fist," empty-handed.
'ih ⁴ -tai ⁴	[ch'ün ³	赤帶		a red discharge peculiar to women.
'ih ⁴ -tan ³		赤胆		brave, heroic.
'ih ⁴ -tao ⁴		赤道		the equator.
'ih ⁴ -tang ³		赤糖		brown sugar (hung ² t'ang ³).
'ih ⁴ -t'i ³		赤體		the naked body, naked.
'ih ⁴ -t'iao ² -t'iao ² -ti ¹		赤條條的		stark-naked.
'ih ⁴ -tzü ³		赤子		an infant.
'ih ⁴	食	飭	199a73a	to enjoin, to adjust ; compact, firm.
'ih ⁴ -ch'a ³		飭察		to order an inspection.
'ih ⁴ -ch'ai ¹		飭差		to give orders to the runners.
'ih ⁴ -ling ⁴		飭令		a command.
'ih ⁴ -pu ³		飭補		to send an officer to fill a vacancy.
'ih ⁴ -shou ⁴		飭授		to bestow official rank.
'ih ⁴	力	勅	199b72c	imperial orders or decrees.
'ih ⁴ -fêng ¹		勅封		especially appointed by the emperor.
'ih ⁴ -ling ⁴		勅令		imperial orders.
'ih ⁴ -ming ⁴		勅命		same.

ch'ih⁴-shu¹ 勅書
 ch'ih⁴-tz'ü⁴ 勅賜
 ch'ih⁴ 斥 斤
 ch'ih⁴-chu² 斥逐
 ch'ih⁴-ko² 斥革
 ch'ih⁴-ma⁴ 斥罵
 ch'ih⁴-tsé⁴ 斥責
 ch'ih⁴ 羽 撥 翅
 ch'ih⁴-pang³-rh² 翅榜兒
 ch'ih⁴ 口 叱

written imperial order, letters patent, ^[tials] bestowed by the emperor.
 to expel, to drive away, to eject; to scold, to expel.
 to degrade, to discharge.
 to abuse, to scold.
 to rebuke.
 wings, fins.
 same.
 to hoot at, to scold.

CHIN¹ 金 金
 chin¹-an¹ 金安
 chin¹-ch'ai¹ 金釵
 chin¹-chan³-hua¹ 金盞花
 chin¹-chan³-tzü³ 金展子
 chin¹-ch'ao² 金朝
 chin¹-chén¹-ts'ai⁴ 金針菜
 chin¹-chi¹-na⁴ 金雞納
 chin¹-chi¹-na⁴-shuang¹ 金雞納霜
 chin¹-ch'ien² 金錢
 chin¹-ch'ien²-chü² 金錢菊
 chin¹-ch'ien²-pao⁴ 金錢豹
 chin¹-chih¹-yü⁴-yeh⁴ 金枝玉葉
 chin¹-ching³ 金井
 chin¹-ching³-yü¹-tsung⁴ 金井玉葬
 chin¹-ching⁴ 金鏡
 chin¹-chu¹ 金珠
 chin¹-ch'uang¹ 金瘡
 chin¹-chung¹-chao⁴ 金鐘罩
 chin¹-chung¹-yü¹-ch'ing⁴ 金鐘玉磬
 chin¹-chung¹-hua¹ 金盞花
 chin¹-hsien⁴ 金線
 chin¹-hsing¹ 金星
 chin¹-huang²-sé⁴ 金色
 chin¹-kang¹-ching¹ 金剛經
 chin¹-kang¹-shih² 金剛石
 chin¹-kang¹-tsuan⁴ 金剛鑽
 chin¹-kang¹-tz'ü⁴ 金剛刺
 chin¹-k'ou⁴-tzü³ 金鏢子
 chin¹-k'ou³-chüeh² 金口訣
 chin¹-k'ou³-yü⁴-yen² 金口言
 chin¹-ku¹-pang⁴ 金箍棒

gold, any metal, money.
 welfare, health.
 a gold hair-pin.
 the marigold.
 a kind of hawkweed.
 the Golden Dynasty (1115 to 1235 A.D.).
 dried lily flowers.
 cinchona.
 quinine.
 gold coin.
 name of yellow chrysanthemum,
 spotted leopard.
 the branches of the royal family.
 a grave (fèn² mu⁴).
 a grand burial.
 "golden mirror," the moon.
 gold and pearls.
 wounds made by edged weapons.
 a nimbus; a "glory."
 imperial gong.
 the common marigold.
 gold thread.
 "gold star," the star Venus.
 orange colour.
 a Buddhist Sutra called Diamond Classic.
 the diamond, adamant.
 a diamond-pointed drill.
 sarsaparilla.
 small pieces of gold.
 fortune telling by writing.
 Imperial utterances.
 a fabulous weapon (in Hsi-yu-chi).

hin ¹ -kuan ¹	金棺	a grand coffin.
hin ¹ -kung ³	金礦	gold mines
hin ¹ -lien ² -hua ¹	金蓮花	the golden water-lily.
hin ¹ -ling ²	金陵	ancient name of Nanking.
hin ¹ -luan ² -tien ⁴	金鑾殿	Emperor's Grand Audience Hall.
hin ¹ -p'ai ²	金牌	(ancient) Emperor's warrant on wood.
hin ¹ -pang ³ -t'i ² -ming ²	金榜題名	on the successful M. A. list.
hin ¹ -po ⁴	金箔	imitation gold paper for worship, tinsel.
hin ¹ -pu ⁴ -huan ⁴	金不換	not to be exchanged for gold, very precious.
lin ¹ -sha ¹	金沙	gold dust.
hin ¹ -sha ¹	金山	California (old), also Australia (new).
hin ¹ -shih ² -liang ² -yen ³	金石良言	good advice is like gold or medicine.
hin ¹ -ssü ¹ -ho ² -yeh ⁴	金絲荷葉	a kind of flower.
hin ¹ -tiao ¹	金貂	a kind of marten.
hin ¹ -ting ² -tzü ³	金頂子	a gilt button.
hin ¹ -t'ü ¹ -chao ¹ -p'ai ²	金字招牌	a shop sign in gilt characters.
hin ¹ -yeh ⁴	金葉	gold leaf.
hin ¹ -yin ²	金銀	gold and silver, money.
hin ¹ -yin ² -hua ¹	金銀花	the honey-suckle.
hin ¹ -yin ² -ts'ai ² -pao ³	金銀財寶	money and valuables.
hin ¹ -yin ² -t'ung ² -t'ieh ³	金銀銅鐵	gold, silver, brass and iron.
hin ¹ -yü ²	金魚	gold fish.
hin ¹ -yü ⁴	金玉	gold and jade.
in ¹	人今 ^{207a398a}	now, the present time (hsien ⁴ chin ¹ , ju ² chin ¹).
in ¹ -ch'ao ²	今朝	the present dynasty.
in ¹ -rh ²	今兒	to-day.
in ¹ -i ³ -hou ⁴	今以後	henceforth, from this time forward.
in ¹ -jih ⁴	今日	to-day.
in ¹ -ku ³	今古	modern and ancient (po ² ku ³ t'ung ² chin ¹).
in ¹ -ku ³ -ch'i ¹ -kuan ⁴	今古奇觀	書名 "strange sights, ancient and modern."
in ¹ -nien ²	今年	this year (pên ³ nien ²).
in ¹ -pu ⁴ -ju ² -ku ³	今不如古	modern times are inferior to ancient.
in ¹ -shêng ¹	今生	this life, the present life, this age.
in ¹ -shih ²	今時	the present time.
in ¹ -shih ⁴	今世	this age, the present age.
in ¹ -t'ien ¹	今天	to-day.
in ¹ -t'ien ¹ -hao ³ -jé ⁴	今天好熱	it is very hot to-day (fa ¹ tsao ⁴).
in ¹ -tsao ³	今早	this morning.
in ¹ -yeh ⁴	今夜	to-night.
in ¹	竹筋 ^{207a397c}	tendons, muscles; inclination.
in ¹ -ku ³	筋骨	muscle and bone; related to.
in ¹ -ku ³ -t'êng ³	筋骨痛	rheumatism.
in ¹ -li ⁴ -shuai ¹ -pai ⁴	筋力衰敗	strength wasted away.

<i>chin¹-p' i²-li⁴-chin⁴</i>		筋疲力盡	strength exhausted.
<i>chin¹-tou³</i>		筋斗	a somersault (ta ³ kên ¹ t'ou ³).
<i>chin¹</i>	水 冫	浸 ^{224b989c}	to soak, to saturate, to steep, to drench, to saturate.
<i>chin¹-jun⁴</i>		浸潤	baptism (according to Baptists) (hsi ³ li ³).
<i>chin¹-li³</i>		浸禮	the Baptist body.
<i>chin¹-li³-hui⁴</i>		浸禮會	wet, soaked.
<i>chin¹-shih¹</i>		浸濕	to soak thoroughly.
<i>chin¹-t'ou⁴</i>		浸透	a ford, a creek, a rivulet; to overflow (t'ou ⁴).
<i>chin¹ (ching¹)</i>		津 ^{224b988a}	I like it more and more.
<i>chin¹-chin¹-yu³-wei⁴</i>		津津有味	extra money-squeeze.
<i>chin¹-t'ieh¹</i>		津貼	saliva.
<i>chin¹-yeh⁴</i>		津液	a catty (1½ pds. avoir.).
<i>chin¹</i>	斤	斤 ^{206a397a}	catties and ounces, weight.
<i>chin¹-liang³</i>		斤兩	the Chinese pound or catty (1½ English pound).
<i>chin¹</i>	力	觔 ^{206a397a}	"catties and ounces," weight.
<i>chin¹-liang³</i>		觔兩	the overlap of a coat.
<i>chin¹</i>	衣 衿	襟 ^{209b398a}	a brother-in-law (chieh ⁴ fu ¹).
<i>chin¹-hsiung¹-ti¹</i>		襟兄弟	a napkin, a kerchief, a head-dress.
<i>chin¹</i>	巾	巾 ^{209c397a}	womenkind.
<i>chin¹-kuo⁴</i>		巾幗	a napkin, a kerchief, a head-dress (shou ³ chin ¹).
<i>chin¹-p' a⁴</i>		巾帕	only, hardly, barely, just about.
CHIN³	人	儻 ^{209c399c}	merely, simply, barely.
<i>chin³-chin³</i>		儻儻	barely sufficient for what is wanted.
<i>chin³-chin³-fu³-yung⁴</i>		儻儻敷用	scarcely, barely, it will just do.
<i>chin³-k' o³</i>		儻可	barely sufficient, just enough.
<i>chin³-kou⁴</i>		儻够	care and attention, respect, veneration, awe.
<i>chin³</i>	言	謹 ^{210b399b}	reverently remember.
<i>chin³-chi¹-tsai⁴-hsin¹</i>		謹記在心	respectfully present.
<i>chin³-chü⁴</i>		謹具	carefully guard against thieves.
<i>chin³-fung²-tao⁴-tsei²</i>		謹防盜賊	to select carefully.
<i>chin³-hsüan³</i>		謹選	cautious, careful, wary.
<i>chin³-shên⁴</i>		謹慎	to carefully guard, to carefully attend to one.
<i>chin³-shou³</i>		謹守	to respectfully obey.
<i>chin³-tsun¹</i>		謹遵	careful of words and acts.
<i>chin³-yen²-shên⁴-hsing²</i>		謹言慎行	extreme farthest, exhausted, all. M. 396.
<i>chin³</i>	人	儘 ^{211b989a}	continuously, indefinitely.
<i>chin³-chih¹</i>		儘之	the very first.
<i>chin³-hsien¹</i>		儘先	to carry to the uttermost, to exhaust.
<i>chin³-liang⁴</i>		儘量	at the extreme end of the street.
<i>chin³-liu⁴-t'ou²</i>		儘溜頭	at the very last.
<i>chin³-mo⁴-hou⁴-liao³</i>		儘末後了	at the very top.
<i>chin³-shang³-t'ou²</i>		儘上頭	

in ³ -ti ³ -hsia ⁴	儘底下	at the very bottom.
in ³ -tung ¹	儘東	extreme east.
in ³	緊 ^{211c399b}	tight, compressed; urgent, strict.
in ³ -ai ³ -cho ³	緊挨着	close to.
in ³ -ch'ên ⁴	緊趁	diligent, energetic (yin ¹ ch'ên ²).
in ³ -chi ³	緊急	urgent, pressing (ts'ui ¹ pi ¹).
in ³ -chi ² -kung ¹ -wên ²	緊急公文	most urgent public despatches.
in ³ -kên ¹ -cho ²	緊跟着	following hard behind (chui ¹ kan ³).
in ³ -mi ⁴	緊密	close. secret (yen ² mi ⁴).
in ³ -pang ³ -pang ³ -ti ¹	緊綁綁的	full and tight, pinching tight.
in ³ -ts'ui ¹	緊催	pressing hard.
in ³ -ts'ou ⁴	緊湊	collecting with might and main.
in ³ -yao ⁴	緊要	important, necessary (yao ⁴ chiu ³ , pu ⁴ ta ⁴ chin ³).
in ³	金錦 ^{212a399a}	figured or flowered silk. [hsiu ⁴].
in ³ -hsin ⁴	錦繡	embroidery, in gold, silk, etc. (chên ¹ hsien ⁴),
in ³ -shang ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -hua ¹	錦上添花	to improve, to beautify superfluously.
in ³ -yen ²	錦言	flowery or complimentary language.
in ³	食饑 ^{210c400b}	a scarcity of vegetables, a dearth (chien ¹ nien ³),
HIN ⁴	近 ^{206b401b}	near (time or place), recently.
in ⁴ -chieh ⁴ -pi ³ -êrh ³	近隔壁兒	near neighbors.
in ⁴ -ch'in ¹ -mi ⁴ -yu ³	近親密友	near relatives and intimate friends.
in ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	近處	a near place.
in ⁴ -hsieh ¹	近些	a little nearer (ch'ao ⁴ chin ⁴ tso ³).
in ⁴ -jih ⁴	近日	recently, lately (hsiang ⁴ lai ²).
in ⁴ -lai ³	近來	same.
in ⁴ -lin ³	近鄰	near neighbours, neighbouring.
in ⁴ -mi ⁴	近密	intimate, familiar.
in ⁴ -pien ¹ -ti ⁴ -fang ¹	近邊地方	near the borders (pien ¹ chieh ⁴).
in ⁴ -shih ³	近時	recently (kang ¹ ts'ai ³).
in ⁴ -shih ⁴ -yen ³	近視眼	near-sighted (yen ³ hua ¹ liao ³).
in ⁴ -tao ⁴	近到	recently arrived.
in ⁴ -yüeh ⁴ -yüan ³ -lai ³	近悅遠來	when those near are pleased, those distant come
in ⁴	進 ^{212c990b}	to enter, to ascend, to make progress. M 94,
in ⁴ -ch'ang ³	進場	to go in for examination (k'ao ³ ch'ang ²). [(ju ⁴).
in ⁴ -ch'ên ² -ch'ü ⁴	進城去	to go into the city.
in ⁴ -chiao ⁴	進教	to enter the church (ju ⁴ chiao ⁴).
in ⁴ -ching ¹	進京	to go to Peking (shang ¹ ching ¹).
in ⁴ -ching ¹ -yin ³ -chien ⁴	進京引見	to go to Peking for audience.
in ⁴ -h'ü ⁴	進去	to go in (ju ⁴ ch'ü ¹).
in ⁴ -fa ¹	進發	to despatch, to proceed.
in ⁴ -hsiang ³	進香	to offer incense.
in ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	進項	income, receipts (ju ⁴ ch'ien ³).

chin⁴-hsien⁴

chin⁴-hsüeh²

chin⁴-i²

chin⁴-k'ou³

chin⁴-kung⁴

chin⁴-lai²

chin⁴-piao²

chin⁴-pu⁴

chin⁴-shang⁴

chin⁴-shih⁴

chin⁴-t'ui⁴

chin⁴-t'ui⁴-liang³-nan²

chin⁴-yin³-shih²

chin⁴

皿 尽

chin⁴-chieh¹

chin⁴-ch'ing²

chin⁴-chüeh²

chin⁴-chung¹

chin⁴-hsiao⁴

chin⁴-hsin¹

chin⁴-hsin¹-chieh²-li⁴

chin⁴-jen²-shih¹

chin⁴-li⁴

chin⁴-mei³

chin⁴-pên³-fên⁴

chin⁴-shan⁴chin³-mei³

chin⁴

示

chin⁴-ch'êng²

chin⁴-chi⁴

chin⁴-chieh⁴

chin⁴-chih³

chin⁴-huo⁴

chin⁴-ling⁴

chin⁴-ping¹

chin⁴-pu⁴-chu⁴

chin⁴-pu⁴-chu⁴-hsiao⁴

chin⁴-shih²

chin⁴-ti¹

chin⁴-tsu²

chin⁴-t'u²

chin⁴-yo¹

chin⁴

力

進 獻

進 學

進 益

進 口

進 貢

進 來

進 表

進 步

進 上

進 士

進 退

進 退 兩 難

進 飲 食

盡 210c989a

盡 皆

盡 情

盡 絕

盡 忠

盡 孝

盡 心

盡 心 竭 力

盡 人 事

盡 力

盡 美

盡 本 分

盡 善 盡 美

禁 209a400b

禁 城

禁 忌

禁 戒

禁 止

禁 貨

禁 令

禁 兵

禁 不 住 笑

禁 不 住 笑

禁 食

禁 地

禁 卒

禁 屠

禁 約

力 勁 218a407b

{ to hand to, to present to (to a superior)
{ (ch'êng² shang⁴).

to attain B. A. degree. G. 469 (hsiu⁴ ts'ai²),
improvement, progress (chang³ chin⁴).

to enter a port, imports (ch'u¹ k'ou³ shui⁴).

to present tribute (ma⁴ kung⁴).

to come in ; come in,

a letter accompanying tribute.

to go ahead (mai⁴ pu⁴).

to go to the capital as tribute.

the 3rd literary degree. G. 473 (hui⁴ chin⁴ shih

“enter and retire,” to introduce and to put bac

difficult to advance or retire, a dilemma (tso³ y

to eat and drink. (liang³ nan

the extreme, to exhaust, to empty. M. 275, 46

all, the whole, every one.

with the utmost feeling.

ended, used up ; completely.

extremely loyal.

most dutiful.

with the whole heart.

with all the heart and strength. [ming

to do one's duty as a man (t'ing¹ t'ien¹ y

to exert all one's strength.

most excellent.

to fully perform one's duty.

most good, most excellent.

to forbid, to hinder, to ward off. M. 347.

the forbidden city in Peking (tzü³ chin¹ ch'êng

unlucky things which are forbidden.

to prohibit (fan⁴ chin⁴).

to forbid, to prohibit, to stop.

contraband goods (ssü¹ huo¹).

prohibitory orders, laws and prohibitions.

imperial body-guards (ch'in¹ ping¹).

cannot refrain from.

cannot refrain from laughter.

to fast, refrain from eating (ch'ih¹ chai¹).

forbidden ground, prohibited places (chung⁴ t

a jailer, a turnkey (chien¹ tsu²).

to forbid slaughter of animals in time of droug

a prohibitory notice.

strong, strength ; violent, overbearing.

n ⁴ -li ⁴	勁力	strength (li ⁴ liang ⁴).
n ⁴ -tao ³ -tao ³ -ti ¹	勁搗搗的	quite vigorous, buxom.
n ⁴	糸	red-colored silk; a sash, a girdle; to gird, gentry, literati (shên ¹ shih ⁴).
n ⁴ -shên ¹	緝紳	the civil service guide-book.
n ⁴ -shên ¹ -lu ⁴	緝紳錄	the remains, the snuff of a candle, ashes, entirely out (as a fire).
n ⁴	火	an overplus, a remainder.
n ⁴ -liao ³	燼了	ancient name of Shansi. <i>To grow, increase</i>
n ⁴ -yü ²	燼餘	the Chin dynasty (265 A. D.—420 A. D.).
n ⁴	日晉	to bestow posthumous honors upon, modern Shansi.
n ⁴ -ch'ao ¹	晉朝	modern Shansi.
n ⁴ -fêng ¹	晉封	a wife's sisters.
n ⁴ -kuo ³	晉國	difficult to speak.
n ⁴	女	lockjaw preventing eating.
n ⁴	口	(打冷噤 a cold shiver).
n ⁴ -k'ou ³ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴	噤口不食	
n ⁴	噤	
n ⁴	凜	
IN ¹	見	nearly related; affection; one's own.
in ¹ ai ⁴	親愛	to love dearly.
in ¹ -ch' i ⁴	親戚	relatives in general.
in ¹ -ch' i ⁴ -p' êng ¹ -yu ³	親戚朋友	relatives and friends.
in ¹ -chia ¹	親家	parents of a married couple.
in ¹ -chia ¹ -mu ³	親家母	the mother-in-law of the children.
in ¹ -chiao ¹	親交	affectionate, intimate, dear friends.
in ¹ -chin ⁴	親近	intimate, closely related to.
in ¹ -chüan ⁴	親眷	one's own family (chia ¹ chüan ⁴).
in ¹ -ch' üeh ⁴	親確	clear, distinct, well-defined.
in ¹ -jang ² -chia ⁴ -chih ⁴	親房近支	a near relative.
in ¹ -fu ⁴ -mu ³	親父母	one's own parents (shuang ¹ ch'in ¹).
in ¹ -hou ⁴	親厚	intimate (chih ¹ chi ³).
in ¹ -hsiung ¹ -ti ¹	親兄弟	brothers by the same parents (t'ung ² pao ¹ ti ¹ [hsiung ¹]).
in ¹ -jê ⁴	親熱	very intimate.
in ¹ -kung ¹	親供	one's own written statement.
in ¹ -mi ⁴	親密	intimate, familiar.
in ¹ -mu ⁴	親睦	kind, friendly (ho ² mu ⁴).
in ¹ -p' êng ¹	親朋	relatives and friends.
in ¹ p' êng ¹ -hou ⁴ -yu ³	親朋厚友	friends and relatives.
in ¹ -pi ³ -hsieh ³ -ti ¹	親筆寫的	written with one's own hand.
in ¹ -ping ¹	親兵	imperial troops, body-guard.
in ¹ -shên ¹	親身	one's self, one's own person.
in ¹ -shêng ¹ -ti ¹	親生的	one's own child.
in ¹ -shih ⁴	親事	a marriage alliance.
in ¹ -shou ³ -t'ü ⁴ -tsao ⁴	親手自造	made by ourselves (advertisement).

Chin¹ } To have a personal interview
 晉 } yeh⁴

ch'in¹-shu¹ 親疏
 ch'in¹-shu² 親叔
 ch'in¹-shu³ 親屬
 ch'in¹-tsu² 親族
 ch'in¹-tsu³ 親祖
 ch'in¹-tsui³ 親嘴
 ch'in¹-tsui³-rh²-shuo¹ 親嘴兒說
 ch'in¹-tzu⁴ 親自
 ch'in¹-wang² 親王
 ch'in¹-yang³ 親養
 ch'in¹-yu³ 親友
 ch'in¹ 欠 欽^{217c401a}
 ch'in¹-ch'ai¹ 欽差
 ch'in¹-ch'ai¹-ta¹-ch'en² 欽差大臣
 ch'in¹-chui¹ 欽加
 ch'in¹-ching¹ 欽敬
 ch'in¹-fui¹ 欽犯
 ch'in¹-fung¹ 欽奉
 ch'in¹-ming¹ 欽命
 ch'in¹-tien³ 欽點
 ch'in¹-t'ien¹-chien¹ 欽天監
 ch'in¹-ting⁴ 欽定
 ch'in¹-tz'ün³ *欽此
 ch'in¹-tz'ü⁴ 欽賜
 ch'in¹ 人 侵^{214c991b}
 ch'in¹-chan⁴ 侵佔
 ch'in¹-chin¹ 侵近
 ch'in¹-fu² 侵伐
 ch'in¹-fui¹ 侵犯
 ch'in¹-hai⁴ 侵害
 ch'in¹-p'an¹ 侵叛
 ch'in¹-to² 侵奪
 ch'in¹-t'un¹-ju⁴-chi³ 侵吞入己

near and far (friends).
 a paternal uncle (father's younger brother).
 relatives.
 kindred, clan, blood relations.
 a paternal grandfather.
 a kiss, to kiss (wên³ tsui³).
 to speak positively.
 one's self (tzü⁴ chi³ ko⁴ 'rh).
 prince of the blood.
 one's own child.
 relatives and friends.
 thoughtful; respect; grand, imperial
 an imperial envoy, a minister, an ambassador
 same (ch'üan² ch'üan² ta¹ ch'ên²).
 added by Imperial order.
 to honour, to respect, to venerate.
 a state prisoner.
 to receive with profound respect.
 an imperial decree (shêng⁴ chih³).
 one of the Han-lin (selected by the Emperor)
 Imperial astrologer.
 fixed by Imperial authority.
 respect this (at end of Imperial Decrees).
 granted by royal licence.
 to enter gradually, to invade secretly; to plunder
 to encroach (chan⁴).
 to encroach upon, to come near to.
 to invade.
 to encroach.
 to injure.
 rebellion, usurpation.
 to usurp, to seize upon, to invade and plunder
 to appropriate another's property to one's own

CH'IN² 心
 ch'in² 力
 ch'in²-chien³ 勤
 ch'in²-chin³ 勤
 ch'in²-hung² 勤
 ch'in²-hsiao² 勤
 ch'in²-k u³ 勤
 ch'in²-kung¹ 勤
 ch'in²-leo² 勤

diligent, sedulous, laborious.
 same.
 diligent and economical.
 diligently attentive (yin¹ ch'in²).
 waiters, attendants, small tradesmen.
 to learn diligently.
 painstaking.
 to work diligently; a diligent workman.
 laborious.

* Note 14.

h'in ² -min ³	勤敏	diligent and active, smart.
h'in ² -nêng ² pu ³ -cho ¹	勤能補拙	diligence can make up for stupidity.
h'in ² -niang ² -tzŭ ³	勤娘子	an industrious woman; the convolvulus.
h'in ² -shên ⁴	勤慎	careful, diligent, attentive (hsiao ³ hsin ¹).
h'in ² -shih ⁴	勤士	a diligent scholar (kung ¹ fu ¹ ch'un ²).
h'in ² -tso ⁴	勤做	to do diligently.
h'in ² -wên ²	勤問	to ask diligently.
h'in ²	衣衾 ^{216c402a}	a coverlet, bedding; a shroud, a pall.
h'in ² -chên ³	衾枕	coverlet and pillows.
h'in ² -ju ⁴	衾褥	bedding.
h'in ² -pei ⁴	衾被	bedding (p'ü ⁴ kai').
h'in ² -tan ¹	衾單	a shroud, a pall (i ¹ ch'iu ² kuan ¹ kuo ³ chao ¹ kuan ¹).
h'in ²	玉琴 ^{217a402c}	a dulcimer, a lute, a harp (t'an ² ch'in ²).
h'in ² -ch'ü ² shu ¹ -hua ⁴	琴棋書畫	lute, chess, books, painting (fine arts). ;
h'in ² -se ⁴	琴瑟	"harps and lutes," harmony.
h'in ² -sü ⁴ -chung ¹ -ku ³	琴瑟鐘鼓	musical instruments,
h'in ² -yün ⁴	琴韻	the music of a harp.
h'in ² -yün ¹ -shu ² -shêng ¹	琴韻書聲	music and reading.
h'in ²	手才擒 ^{216b402a}	to take, to seize, to apprehend.
h'in ² -chu ¹ -liu ³	擒住了	seized, apprehended.
h'in ² -hu ³	擒虎	to catch a tiger. [huo ⁴].
h'in ² -huo ¹	擒獲	to apprehend, to arrest, to seize, to take (na ²
h'in ² -na ²	擒拿	same.
h'in ²	禾秦 ^{215b991c}	name of a feudal state and dynasty.
h'in ² -chiao ¹	秦椒	pepper (hu ² chiao ¹).
h'in ² -chin ³ -lien ² -mêng ³	秦晉聯盟	an alliance between the Ch'in and Chin States,
h'in ² -kuo ²	秦國	modern Shensi and Kansu.
h'in ² -shih ² -huang ²	秦始皇	first Emperor of united China R. 183.
h'in ² -ti ⁴	秦地	Shansi.
h'in ²	艸芹 ^{215b403a}	celery, parsley. [ful]: A's.
h'in ² -cho ²	芹酌	to invite one to drink, a feast given to success-
h'in ² -ts'ai ⁴	芹菜	celery, parsley.
h'in ² -yu ²	芹芽	celery sprouts.
h'in ²	內禽 ^{216b402a}	birds generally (niao ³ , fei ¹ ch'in ² tsou ³ shou ⁴).
h'in ² -shou ⁴	禽獸	birds and beasts, animals generally.
h'in ²	口噙 ^{216b402b}	to hold in the mouth (hsien ²).
h'in ² -k'ou ³ -li ³	噙口裡	to hold in the month.
h'in ² -k'ou ³ -ch'ien ²	噙口錢	the cash put in a dead man's mouth.
H-IN ³	寢 ^{215a991c}	to sleep, to rest; a bed chamber.
h'in ³ -hsi ²	寢息	to rest, to sleep (an ¹ mien ²).
h'in ³ -kung ¹	寢宮	sleeping apartments in the palace.
h'in ³ -miao ⁴	寢廟	ancestral temple.

ch'in³-pu⁴-ning³

寢不寧

no rest in sleep.

ch'in³-pu⁴-yü³

寢不語

not to talk in bed (Confucius' rule).

ch'in³-shih²

寢食

sleep and food.

ch'in³-shih⁴

寢室

a bed-chamber (wo⁴ fang²).CHIN⁴口 (叱)^{214b992b}to vomit (of animals only), to belch out (vile)
same (yüeh¹). [talk]ch'in⁴(唸)
(唸)

[tend]

CHING¹糸 經 經^{218b404b}ching¹-ch'ang²

經常

past; religious and classical books; to superin-
unchanging, constant (e.g., eternal principles)ching¹-ch'êng²

經承

a purveyor; a chief clerk.

ching¹-chi⁴

經紀

brokers; experience, detective skill.

ching¹-chih⁴

經治

to manage (pan¹ li³).ching¹-chuan⁴

經傳

Chinese classics and commentary.

ching¹-fei⁴

經費

allowances, current expenses.

ching¹-hsien⁴

經線

meridian lines.

ching¹-hsin¹

經心

to take care, to give heed.

ching¹-kuan³

經管

(my) business to look after. [ced]

ching¹-kuo⁴

經過

to pass by; that which is past; to have experien

ching¹-li⁴

經歷

to pass over; a secretary (see ching¹ t'ing¹).ching¹-lien⁴

經練

experience (chien¹ shih⁴).ching¹-lo⁴

經絡

the blood-vessels.

ching¹-lun³

經論

to classify, to arrange; a regular series.

ching¹-lun²

經綸

threads, principles.

ching¹-mo⁴

經脈

veins and arteries (ching² hsiel³ kuan³).ching¹-pi⁴

經閉

a stoppage of the menses.

ching¹-shang¹

經商

a trader, a merchant.

ching¹-shih³

經時

the time of the menses; past the time.

ching¹-shih³

經史

the ancient classics and history.

ching¹-shih³-tzi³-chi²

經史子集

canon, history, philosophy and miscellaneous.

ching¹-shou³

經手

to manage, to do one's self.

ching¹-shou³-ti¹

經手的

brokers, managers.

ching¹-shu¹

經書

classical books (wu³ ching¹).ching¹-shui³

經水

the menses (t'ien¹ kuei³).ching¹-ssü³

經死

suicide by hanging (shang³ tiao⁴).ching¹-tien³

經典

quotations from the classics.

ching¹-t'ing¹

經廳

a Commissary of Records. G. 295.

ching¹-to¹-chien¹-kuang³ 經多見廣

wide experience.

ching¹-tu⁴

經度

meridians of longitude or 綫.

ching¹-wei¹

經緯

warp and woof.

ching¹-wo³-ti¹-shou³

經我的手

to pass through my hands.

ching¹-yen²-chiang³-

經筵講官

an Imperial Expositor of the Classics.

ching¹-ying² [kuan¹]

經營

trade, hawking (ying² shêng¹).

hing ¹	米	精 ^{220a992a}	pure, fine, spiritual; clear, bright; essence, ether, breath, life, spirit. [semen. M. 411.]
hing ¹ -ch ¹ i ⁴		精氣	clever, skilful.
hing ¹ -ch ¹ -iao ³		精巧	beautiful, fine, elegant.
hing ¹ -chih ⁴		精緻	extremely light.
hing ¹ -ch ¹ -iung ¹		精輕	strong, powerful, athletic.
hing ¹ -chuang ⁴		精壯	loyal, patriotic.
hing ¹ -chung ¹		精忠	extremely fat (animals).
hing ¹ -fei ²		精肥	subtle, fine.
hing ¹ -hsi ⁴		精細	very turbid.
hing ¹ -hun ⁴		精混	refinement upon refinement.
hing ¹ -i ² -ch ¹ -iu ² -ching ²		精益求精	lean flesh, good meat.
hing ¹ -jou ⁴		精肉	money all spent, in a state of destitution.
hing ¹ -kuang ¹		精光	failure of strength and spirits.
hing ¹ -li ⁴ -shuai ¹		精力衰	fine, ethereal, spiritual; a spirit.
hing ¹ -ling ²		精靈	close, compact; minute.
hing ¹ -mi ⁴		精密	admirable.
hing ¹ -miao ⁴		精妙	clear, intelligent.
hing ¹ -ming ²	[kan ⁴	精明	clever, experienced in business.
hing ¹ -ming ² -ch ¹ -iang ² -		精明強幹	picked men, trained troops
hing ¹ -ping ¹		精兵	very thin.
hing ¹ -pao ²		精薄	animal spirits; healthy, hearty (ton ³ sou ⁴ ching ¹ [shén ³])
hing ¹ -shên ²		精神	(he) looks brighter than he really is.
hing ¹ shên ² -wai ¹ -lu ⁴		精神外露	very moist or damp.
hing ¹ -shih ⁴		精濕	to accustom, to habituate.
hing ¹ -shou ²		精熟	very poor, emaciated.
hing ¹ -shou ⁴		精瘦	brisk, lively, energetic.
hing ¹ -shuang ³		精爽	insipid, tasteless.
hing ¹ -tan ⁴ -ti ¹		精淡的	fine and coarse.
hing ¹ -ts ⁴ -u ¹		精粗	very short.
hing ¹ -tuan ³		精短	used to, practised in.
hing ¹ -tung ¹		精通	minute, small, abstruse.
hing ¹ -wei ²		精微	to startle, to alarm, to astonish; startled.
hing ¹	馬	驚 ^{222c403a}	a term (in the second month). See Note 21.
hing ¹ -chê ¹		驚蟄	to astonish.
hing ¹ -ch ¹ -i ²		驚奇	to frighten, frightened.
hing ¹ -chü ⁴		驚懼	alarm, affright, dismay.
hing ¹ -hnan ³		驚慌	to frighten, to startle (hsia ⁴ hu ¹).
hing ¹ -hsia ⁴		驚嚇	surprised, astonished.
hing ¹ -hsieh ²		驚駭	dangerous (wei ² hsien ³).
hing ¹ -hsien ³		驚險	taken by surprise.
hing ¹ -i ⁴		驚異	a kind of rattle.
hing ¹ -kuei ¹		驚閨	to frighten, to alarm, alarmed.
hing ¹ -k'ung ³		驚恐	

ching ¹ -p'α ⁴	驚怕	afraid, startled, frightened, affright.
ching ¹ -p'ō ⁴	驚迫	threaten.
ching ¹ -ssü ³	驚死	to frighten to death.
ching ¹ -t'ang ² -mu ⁴	驚堂木	clapper used by magistrates, readers, etc.
ching ¹ -t'ien ¹ -tung ⁴ -ti ¹	驚天動地	to surprise the world; bombast.
ching ¹ -tung ⁴	驚動	to disturb, to startle.
ching ¹ -wei ²	驚危	to alarm, to excite, to affright, to arouse.
ching ¹ -ye ⁴	驚訝	to startle, to astonish, startled.
ching ¹ -yen ³	驚恨	to stir up a craving for, to excite desire.
ching ¹	京 221a403c	the capital, city where the sovereign resides.
ching ¹ -chao ¹	京兆	the metropolis, place of the imperial residence.
ching ¹ -ch'êng ²	京城	the capital city, Peking (pei ³ ching ¹).
ching ¹ -ch'iang ¹	京腔	Peking twang or accent.
ching ¹ -ch'ien ²	京錢	one real cash counted as two.
ching ¹ -kuan ¹	京官	metropolitan officials.
ching ¹ -k'ung ⁴	京控	lawsuits carried to Peking, appeals.
ching ¹ -kuo ³	京菓	Peking fruits.
ching ¹ -li ³	京裏	in the capital.
ching ¹ -pao ⁴	京報	the <i>Peking Gazette</i> .
ching ¹ -shü ¹	京師	the residence of the imperial court.
ching ¹ -tu ¹	京都	same.
ching ¹ -yang ⁴	京樣	stylish (the capital setting the fashion) (-hü ¹) [hsing ¹]
ching ¹	方 旌 223a993b	a banner; to signalize; to illustrate.
ching ¹ -ch'i ³	旌旗	a flag or banner.
ching ¹ -ch'i ³ -liu ²	旌旗流	the waving of a banner.
ching ¹ -piao ³	旌表	a monument, mark of distinction.
ching ¹	艸 荆 223b403b	a kind of thorny bush.
ching ¹ -ch'ai ¹	荆釵	thorn hair-pins used by the poor.
ching ¹ -chên ⁴	荆榛	thorn trees (chih ³ chi ⁴).
ching ¹ -chi ¹	荆棘	thorns, brambles.
ching ¹ -chieh ⁴	荆芥	thorny plants.
ching ¹ -shu ¹	荆樹	thorn tree.
ching ¹ -t'iao ² -k'uang ¹	荆條筐子	a basket made of osiers.
ching ¹	矛 矜 224a405a	to compassionate, to regret.
ching ¹ -chang ¹	矜張	to boast (k'na ¹ k'ou ³).
ching ¹ -k'na ¹	矜誇	to boast, to brag.
ching ¹ -lien ²	矜憐	to compassionate, to pity, pitiful (lien ² min ²).
ching ¹ -shih ⁴	矜式	to reverence, to admire.
ching ¹	几 兢 225b405a	anxious, uneasy, cautious, watchful.
ching ¹ -ching ⁴ -yeh ¹ -yeh ¹	兢兢業業	very careful.
ching ¹ -chü ³	兢兢	trembling, anxious (chan ⁴ ching ¹ ching ¹ t. ¹).
ching ¹	日 更 615b321b	the night watches. See kên ³ .
ching ¹ -fang ²	更房	a watchman's house.

ing ¹ -fu ¹	更夫	a watchman (ta ³ ching ¹ ti ¹).
ing ¹ -ku ³	更鼓	a watchdrum.
ing ¹	耒 耩 耕 ^{617a322b}	to plow. See kêng ¹ .
ing ¹ -chung ³	耕種	plowing and sowing.
ing ¹ -niu ²	耕牛	the plowing ox.
ing ¹ -tu -ch'uan ² -chi ¹	耕讀傳家	farmer-scholars for generations.
ing ¹	魚 鯨 ^{231a408b}	whale (ch'ing ²).
ing ¹ -yü ²	鯨魚	whale. [kêng.
ing ¹ (tzŭ)	米 梗 粳 ^{616b322a}	rice produced on dry soil, common rice. Also same.
ing ¹ -mü ³	梗米	same.
ing ¹	虫 蜻 蜻 ^{220c993a}	dragon fly (ma ³ lang ²)
ing ¹ t'ing ¹	蜻蜓	same.
ing ¹	目 睛 ^{219c993a}	the pupil of the eye (yen ³ ching ¹ chu ¹).
ing ¹	水 津 ^{224b988a}	a ford, a creek, a rivulet. See chin ¹ .
ing ¹	日 晶 ^{222c993b}	bright, clear, crystal (shu ³ ching ¹).
ing ¹	艸 菁 ^{220c993a}	the flower of the leek.
HING ³	二 井 ^{223a993c}	a well ; 900 mu (Chinese acres) (一口井).
ing ³ ch'üan ²	井泉	wells and springs.
ing ³ k'ou ³	井口	the mouth of a well.
ing ³ -lu -lu ²	井 轆 轆 ^{221c405b}	a windlass for raising water.
ing ³ -pien -chi -shui ³	井 邊 汲 水	(fig.) easy.
ing ³ shên ⁴	井深	the well is deep.
ing ³ -shui ³	井水	well water.
ing ¹ -t'ai ² 'rh ²	井臺兒	the edge of a well.
ing ³ -ti ³ -hsia ¹	井底下	the bottom of a well.
ing ³ -t'ien ²	井田	600 mu (acres)
ing ³ -t'ung ³	井桶	lining of a well.
ing ³	日 景 ^{221c405b}	view, prospect, appearance, circumstances.
ing ¹ chiao ⁴	景教	Nestorian church (so called on the Hsi An tablet).
ing ¹ -chih ⁴	景緻	view, prospect, scenery (shan ¹ shui ³).
ing ³ -k'uang ⁴	景况	condition, circumstances (kuang ¹ ching ³).
ing ³ t'ai'-tan ²	景泰藍	cloisonné, enamel ware.
ing ³	人 警 儆 ^{222b405c}	to warn, to caution, to forbid, to guard against.
ing ³ -chiao ¹	儆教	to warn.
ing ³ -chieh ⁴	儆戒	to caution, to warn.
ing ³ -hsing ³	儆省	to awake to an understanding of. [wên ³].
ing ³ -shih ⁴ -wên ²	儆世文	words to warn the age—tracts (ch'üan ⁴ shih ⁴)
ing ³ tung ⁴	儆動	to startle, to alarm, to trouble a person.
ing ³	頁 頸 ^{219b406a}	neck. See kêng.
ing ³ -hsiang ⁴	頸項	neck.
HING ¹	支 敬 ^{222c406a}	sedate, respectful ; to respect, to venerate

[(kung¹ ching⁴).

- ching⁴-ai⁴ 敬愛
 ching⁴-chih²-hsi³-yen² 敬治喜筵
 ching⁴-chin³ 敬謹
 ching⁴-chiu³ 敬酒
 ching⁴-chung⁴ 敬重
 ching⁴-ch'ung² 敬崇
 ching⁴-feng⁴ 敬奉
 ching⁴-fu² 敬服
 ching⁴-fu³-mu³ 敬父母
 ching⁴-hsi¹ 敬惜
 ching⁴-hsi¹-tz⁷-chih³ 敬惜字紙
 ching⁴-i³ 敬意
 ching⁴-lao³ 敬老
 ching⁴-pai⁴ 敬拜
 ching⁴-shên² 敬神
 ching⁴-shu¹ 敬書
 ching⁴-sung¹ 敬送
 ching⁴-tsun¹ 敬遵
 ching⁴-wei⁴ 敬畏
 ching⁴ 水 淨 225c994c
 ching⁴-chieh¹-hu³ 淨街虎
 ching⁴-chieh² 淨潔
 ching⁴-chung¹ 淨重
 ching⁴-hsi³ 淨洗
 ching⁴-kan¹-kan¹-ti¹ 淨乾乾的
 ching⁴-li⁴-li⁴-ti¹ 淨立立的
 ching⁴-lo⁴-lo⁴-ti¹ 淨落落的
 ching⁴-shui³ 淨水
 ching⁴ 青 靜 226a994b
 ching⁴-ch'iao³-ch'iao³ 靜悄悄的
 ching⁴-ching¹-rh² [t¹] 靜靜兒
 ching⁴-hsi² 靜息
 ching⁴-hsien² 靜閒
 ching⁴-mi⁴ 靜密
 ching⁴-ssü¹ 靜思
 ching⁴-t'ing¹ 靜聽
 ching⁴ 土 境 224c405e
 ching⁴-chieh⁴ 境界
 ching⁴-nü⁴ 境遇
 ching⁴ (tzü) 金 鏡 225a406e
 ching⁴-chuang¹ 鏡粧
 ching⁴-hsia² 鏡匣
 ching⁴-lien² 鏡奩
 to venerate, to love.
 presents on joyful occasions.
 sedate, respectful.
 to hand a person wine (cho² chiu³).
 to honour, to respect.
 to pay great respect or veneration to.
 to worship.
 to respect or esteem.
 to reverence parents (hsiao⁴ ching⁴).
 to gather up carefully as paper with writing on [it].
 to carefully dispose of lettered paper.
 expression of respect, a present (pu⁴ ch'êng⁴ [ching⁴ i⁴]).
 to respect the aged.
 to reverence, to worship.
 to venerate the gods (pai⁴ shên⁴).
 to respect books.
 respectfully present.
 to respectfully obey.
 to venerate, to honour.
 to wash clean; clean, pure. M. 497.
 a bully who clears the street,
 clean (kau¹ ching⁴).
 net weight.
 to cleanse (hsi³ ching⁴).
 clear of, exempt from.
 clear of encumbrance.
 same.
 clear water (t'ien² shui³, k'u³ shui³).
 silence, stillness, calm, quiet, repose.
 very still.
 quiet, silent (tung⁴ ching⁴).
 to rest, to stop.
 rest, quiet, repose, leisure.
 still, silent, close, secret.
 to think quietly.
 to listen carefully.
 a boundary or border; one's lot, place or position
 a boundary or frontier (plen¹ chieh⁴).
 condition, circumstances.
 a looking glass, a mirror.
 a lady's dressing-case.
 a looking glass case (po¹ li² ching⁴).
 a dressing case used by females.

ing⁴ 立 竟^{224b406b}
 ing⁴-jan²-ju²-tz'ü³ 竟然如此
 ing⁴-kan³ 竟敢
 ing⁴-pu⁴-chih¹ 竟不知
 ing⁴-pu⁴-li³-t'a¹ 竟不理他
 ing⁴-pu⁴-shih⁴ 竟不是
 ing⁴-tzü⁴ 竟自
 ing⁴ 是 逕^{219b407a}
 ing⁴-ch'ing² 逕情
 ing⁴-ch'ü¹ 逕曲
 ing⁴-t'ing² 逕庭
 ing⁴ 清^{219b994a}
 ing⁴-ching⁴ 清靜
 ing⁴-liang² 清涼
 ing⁴ 立 諍^{223b407c}
 ing⁴-chang¹ 諍張
 ing⁴ 立 靖^{219c994c}
 ing⁴ 徑^{218a407a}

H-ING¹ 車 輕^{226b407c}
 h'ing¹-ch'iao³ 輕巧
 h'ing¹-ch'iao⁴ 輕俏
 h'ing¹-chien⁴ 輕賤
 h'ing¹-ch'ing¹-ti¹ 輕輕的
 h'ing¹-ch'iu² 輕裘
 h'ing¹-chü³-wang⁴-tung⁴ 輕舉妄動
 h'ing¹-chung⁴ 輕重
 h'ing¹-i⁴ 輕易
 h'ing¹-i⁴-pu⁴ 輕易不
 h'ing¹-jên²-hung⁴-chi³ 輕人重己
 h'ing¹-k'an⁴ 輕看
 h'ing¹-k'uang² 輕狂
 h'ing¹-man⁴ 輕慢
 h'ing¹-pao² 輕薄
 h'ing¹-shêng¹-shêng¹ 輕生^[ti]生的
 h'ing¹-shêng¹-tzü⁴-chin⁴ 輕生自盡
 h'ing¹-shêng³ 輕省
 h'ing¹-shih⁴ 輕視
 h'ing¹-tai⁴ 輕待
 h'ing¹-t'iao¹ 輕佻
 h'ing¹-yen²-luan⁴-yü³ 輕言亂語
 h'ing¹ 青^{226c995a}
 h'ing¹-chih¹-lü⁴-ye¹ 青枝綠葉

then, at last, finally; to the utmost. M. 364.
 it is thus after all.
 do you dare?
 finally I don't know.
 not pay least attention to.
 after all it is not so.
 actually, after all, nevertheless.
 to pass directly.
 a straight-forward disposition.
 straight and crooked.
 to go remotely apart, removed from each other.
 cold, intense cold.
 silent, solitary.
 cool, refreshing.
 to strive, to wrangle, quarrelsome.
 uproar, noisy, quarrelling. [ching⁴].
 to regulate; order, peace, tranquillity (an¹)
 a by-road, a footpath; direct; the diameter.

light; to esteem light, to treat lightly; levity.
 nimble, handy.
 low, light.
 light and worthless.
 lightly, gently.
 light fur clothing.
 a rash and reckless enterprise.
 "light and heavy," weight; baggage.
 easy to effect; lightly, thoughtlessly.
 rarely (hsi¹ han²).
 he despises others but exalts himself.
 to despise, to look down upon (chung⁴ k'an⁴).
 levity, dissipated, irregular conduct.
 to treat disrespectfully.
 light, levity; a prostitute.
 quite light, or tender.
 suicides.
 light, unburdened, flippant.
 to esteem lightly (miao³ shih⁴).
 to treat lightly or slightingly.
 frivolous, trifling.
 frivolous gabble.
 sky-coloured, azure, pale, wan, green; young.
 green branches and green leaves.

ch'ing ¹ -ch'un ¹	青春	young, youthful ; years of one's age.
ch'ing ¹ -fan ²	青礬	copperas, green alum.
ch'ing ¹ -fu ²	青帙	copper cash.
ch'ing ¹ -hsü ¹ -hsü ¹ -ti ¹	青須須的	somewhat dark, discolored.
ch'ing ¹ -luang ²	青黃	a greenish yellow, pallid
ch'ing ¹ -lung ² -tsao ⁴ -pai ²	青紅皂白	blue, red, black and white ; good and bad.
ch'ing ¹ -i ¹	青衣	dark clothing, the common blue of the masses
ch'ing ¹ -kuo ³	青菓	olives.
ch'ing ¹ -lien ² -sê ⁴	青蓮色	dark lilac or peach blossom colour.
ch'ing ¹ -lou ²	青樓	brothels (yao ² tzu ³).
ch'ing ¹ -lu ⁴	青綠	lapis lazuli.
ch'ing ¹ -lung ²	青龍	green dragon—geomantic term (pai ² hu ³).
ch'ing ¹ -mei ²	青梅	green plums.
ch'ing ¹ -miao ²	青苗	the growing crops.
ch'ing ¹ -nien ²	青年	young, in youth (uien ² ch'ing ¹).
ch'ing ¹ -p'i ²	青皮	a certain medicine.
ch'ing ¹ -shan ¹ -lü ⁴ -shui ³	青山綠水	green hills and blue water.
ch'ing ¹ -shan ¹ -tzu ³	青衫子	the heroine (in a tragedy, &c.).
ch'ing ¹ -shih ²	青石	granite (lei ³ shih ²).
ch'ing ¹ -ssü ¹ -ssü ¹ -ti ¹	青絲絲的	very green.
ch'ing ¹ -t'ai ¹	青苔	moss, mossy.
ch'ing ¹ -t'ien ¹	青天	a clear blue sky, heaven.
ch'ing ¹ -tou ⁴	青豆	green peas.
ch'ing ¹ -ts'ao ³	青草	green grass.
ch'ing ¹ -yen ²	青鹽	soda (chien ³).
ch'ing ¹ -yen ³ -k'an ⁴ -t'ai ¹	青眼看他	to regard with consideration or respect.
ch'ing ¹ -yün ² -tê ² -lu ⁴	青雲得路	to get a path on the green clouds.
ch'ing ¹	水清	pure, limpid, clear, transparent, cold.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'a ² -kung ¹ -hou ⁴	清茶恭候	(on invitation) I wait your coming, etc.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'ao ²	清朝	the pure dynasty (title of the present one, 1904)
ch'ing ¹ -ch'ên ²	清晨	break of day.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'ên ²	清塵	to cleanse from dust.
ch'ing ¹ -chi ²	清吉	perfect felicity.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'i ¹ -shêng ¹	清氣升天	clear air goes up to heaven.
ch'ing ¹ -chieh ²	清潔	pure, clean.
ch'ing ¹ -ching ⁴	清淨	clear, pure (kan ¹ ching ⁴).
ch'ing ¹ -ching ⁴	清靜	silent, solitary.
ch'ing ¹ -chiu ³	清酒	clear, <i>e. g.</i> , good wine.
ch'ing ¹ -cho ²	清濁	clear and muddy, plain and obscure.
ch'ing ¹ -cho ² -pu ⁴ -fên ¹	清濁不分	clear and muddy indistinguishable.
ch'ing ¹ -ch'u ³	清楚	clear, distinct ; settled (ming ² ming ²).
ch'ing ¹ -ch'üan ²	清泉	clear springs.
ch'ing ¹ -hün ⁴	清俊	delicately beautiful, graceful.

<i>h'ing¹-fêng¹</i>	清風	a cold wind (liang ² fêng ¹).
<i>h'ing¹-fêng¹-hsi'-yü³</i>	清風細雨	clear breezes and gentle rain.
<i>h'ing¹-ho²-yüeh⁴</i>	清和月	the fourth month. See Note 32.
<i>h'ing¹-hsiang¹</i>	清香	fragrant.
<i>h'ing¹-hsien²</i>	清閒	tranquil, undisturbed, leisure.
<i>h'ing¹-hsin¹</i>	清心	a pure heart.
<i>h'ing¹-hsin¹-kua³-yü⁴</i>	清心寡欲	to purify the heart and diminish the appetites.
<i>h'ing¹-hsiu¹</i>	清饒	savoury, tasty food.
<i>h'ing¹-hsiu¹</i>	清秀	graceful, elegant.
<i>h'ing¹-hua⁴</i>	清話	the Manchu language.
<i>h'ing¹-huo³-san³-tu²</i>	清火散毒	[perse poison. (medicine) can dissipate inflammation and dis-
<i>h'ing¹-kuan¹</i>	清官	an uncorrupted official (tsang ¹ kuan ¹).
<i>h'ing¹-kuan¹-pei¹</i>	清官碑	a stone in honor of a good official.
<i>h'ing¹-lêng³</i>	清冷	very cold; solitary.
<i>h'ing¹-liao³-chang⁴</i>	清了賬	all accounts settled.
<i>h'ing¹-liang²</i>	清涼	clear and cool.
<i>h'ing¹-liang⁴</i>	清亮	clear and bright.
<i>h'ing¹-lien²</i>	清廉	pure, uncorrupt
<i>h'ing¹-ming²</i>	清明	the feast of the tombs; a term. See Note 21.
<i>h'ing¹-pai²</i>	清白	plain, intelligible; pure and white.
<i>h'ing¹-shuang³</i>	清爽	pure and pleasing; perfect health; a good style.
<i>h'ing¹-shui³</i>	清水	clear water (ching ¹ shui ³ , hu ⁴ shui ³).
<i>h'ing¹-ssü¹-shui³</i>	清似水	as clear as water.
<i>h'ing¹-tan¹</i>	清單	memo of accounts, invoice.
<i>h'ing¹-tan⁴</i>	清淡	poor; pure.
<i>h'ing¹-wên²</i>	清文	the Manchu literature.
<i>h'ing¹-ya³</i>	清雅	beautiful, fine, elegant,
<i>h'ing¹-yu¹</i>	清幽	quiet, secluded, lonely.
<i>h'ing¹</i>	人傾	to subvert.
<i>h'ing¹-ch'êng²</i> [<i>mao⁴</i>]	傾城	the ruin of a city, as Helen of Troy.
<i>h'ing¹-ch'êng²-chih¹</i>	傾城之貌	beauty which can overthrow a city.
<i>h'ing¹-chia¹</i>	傾家	to lose everything, to ruin one's family.
<i>h'ing¹-chia¹-pai¹-ch'an¹</i>	傾家敗產	ruin one's family and property.
<i>h'ing¹-kuo²-ch'iang⁴</i>	傾國將軍	a general who ruins his country.
<i>h'ing¹</i> [<i>chiün¹</i>]	卿 ^{230b407a}	a president of one of the "Boards."
<i>h'ing¹-hsiang⁴</i>	卿相	ministers of state (tsai ³ hsiang ⁴).

CH'ING² 心 情^{227c996a}

<i>h'ing²-ai⁴</i>	情愛	the passions, the feelings, disposition, affection, love.
<i>h'ing²-ch'ang²</i>	情常	affection, attachment.
<i>h'ing²-ch'ang²</i>	情腸	affection, feeling.
<i>h'ing²-chi²</i>	情急	chagrin,
<i>h'ing²-chi²-tzü⁴-chin⁴</i>	情急自盡	committed suicide under excitement.

<i>ch'ing²-chi²-wei²-tao³</i>	情急爲禱	pray in extremity.
<i>ch'ing²-chieh²</i>	情節	particulars.
<i>ch'ing²-ch'ü¹</i>	情趣	taste, relish (<i>wei¹ tao⁴</i>).
<i>ch'ing²-chuang⁴</i>	情狀	appearance (<i>hsing² chuang⁴</i>).
<i>ch'ing²-fên⁴</i>	情分	affection, feelings.
<i>ch'ing² hou⁴</i>	情厚	a kind disposition.
<i>ch'ing²-i²</i>	情誼	favor, kindness; friendship.
<i>ch'ing²-i⁴</i>	情義	affection, disinterestedness, kindness.
<i>ch'ing²-i⁴</i>	情意	affectionate, kind.
<i>ch'ing²-hsing²</i>	情形	condition, circumstances.
<i>ch'ing²-hsing⁴</i>	情性	natural feeling.
<i>ch'ing²-jên²</i>	情人	an affectionate person, a lover.
<i>ch'ing²-lang²</i>	情郎	same.
<i>ch'ing²-li³</i>	情理	reason, sense; the whole aspect of a case.
<i>ch'ing²-li³-chih¹-wai⁴</i>	情理之外	unreasonable.
<i>ch'ing²-li³-pu¹-fu²</i>	情理不符	the circumstances and the reason do not agree.
<i>ch'ing²-mien¹</i>	情面	"face," influence.
<i>ch'ing²-mien¹-nan²-ch'üeh⁴</i>	情面難却	the circumstances make it hard to decline.
<i>ch'ing²-pi¹</i>	情弊	irregularity; mean, disgraceful.
<i>ch'ing²-pu⁴-tzü⁴-chin¹</i>	情不自禁	the feelings do not restrain themselves.
<i>ch'ing²-t'ou²-i¹-ho²</i>	情投意合	suiting to each other perfectly.
<i>ch'ing²-yu²</i>	情由	circumstances (<i>shih² ch'ing²</i>).
<i>ch'ing²-yu³-k'o³-yüan²</i>	情有可原	allowance may be made.
<i>ch'ing²-yü¹</i>	情慾	venereal desire, lust.
<i>ch'ing²-yüan⁴</i>	情願	to wish, to desire, to be willing (<i>k'ên³</i>).
<i>ch'ing²-yüan⁴-i⁴</i>	情願意	same (<i>kan¹ hsin¹</i>).
<i>ch'ing²</i>	日晴	a cloudless sky, clear, fine.
<i>ch'ing²-ho²</i>	日和	mild, pleasant, warm, genial.
<i>ch'ing²-jih⁴</i>	晴日	a clear day, fine weather.
<i>ch'ing²-liao³-t'ien¹</i>	晴了天	the day has become fine.
<i>ch'ing²</i>	手才擎	to raise with the hand, to lift high; to salute.
<i>ch'ing²-ch'üan²</i>	擎拳	to salute with folded hands.
<i>ch'ing²-t'ien¹-chü⁴</i>	擎天柱	a pillar of the sky—a statesman.
<i>ch'ing²-shou⁴</i>	擎受	to receive respectfully.
<i>ch'ing²</i>	具睛	to receive, to come into possession of.
<i>ch'ing²-chia¹-ch'an³</i>	睛家產	receive one's patrimony.
<i>ch'ing²</i>	魚鯨	whale. Also <i>ching²</i> .
CH'ING ³	言請	to request, to invite, to ask with courtesy.
<i>ch'ing³-an¹</i>	請安	to salute, to enquire a person's health, etc.
<i>ch'ing³-an¹-wên⁴-hao³</i>	請安問好	to enquire a person's health, etc.
<i>ch'ing³-ch'a²</i>	請茶	please take tea.
<i>ch'ing³-chiao⁴</i>	請教	to ask for information or advice; please tell me. [(ling ³ chiao ⁴)]

t'ing ³ .ch'ih ¹ -fan ⁴	請吃飯	please come to your meal !
t'ing ³ .chin ³	請酒	please take wine.
t'ing ³ .fa ¹ -ping ¹	請發兵	to beg for soldiers.
t'ing ³ .feng ¹ -chien ⁴	請風鑑	to invite a physiognomist.
t'ing ³ .feng ¹ -san ¹ -tai ¹	請封三代	[generations, beg (the Emperor) to ennoble ancestors for three to buy incense (and so with all things offered the to invoke genii or fairies. [gods).
t'ing ³ .hsiang ¹	請香	
t'ing ³ .hsien ¹	請仙	to invoke genii or fairies.
t'ing ³ .hsien ¹ -shêng ¹	請先生	to engage a teacher (ku ⁴ kung ² jên ²).
t'ing ³ .hsing ² -ming ²	請刑名	to employ a secretary of criminal law.
t'ing ³ .hsün ⁴	請訓	to ask for instructions.
t'ing ³ .hui ²	請回	please return, good day, good bye (kao ² tz'ü ²).
t'ing ³ .kuo ⁴	請告	to announce, please tell me.
t'ing ³ .ko ⁴	請客	to have a feast (pai ³ chiu ³ hsi ²).
t'ing ³ .liang ³ .pien ¹ -pu ⁴	請兩便罷	[leaving), don't let us stand on ceremony (by guest on please do not escort me farther.
t'ing ³ .liu ² -pu ⁴	請留步	beg that his life be spared for sake of his parents.
t'ing ³ .liu ² -yang ³	請留養	to request commands, to ask permission.
t'ing ³ .ming ⁴	請命	to call a midwife.
t'ing ³ .mu ³ -niang ²	請姥娘	invite you to bear the guest's company.
t'ing ³ .ni ³ -p'ei ² -ko ⁴	請你陪客	cannot get him to come,
t'ing ³ .pu ⁴ -tao ⁴	請不到	cannot move him by invitations.
t'ing ³ .pu ⁴ -tung ⁴	請不動	please go into your carriage !
t'ing ³ .shêng ¹ -chü ¹	請車	please take the upper seat.
t'ing ³ .shang ⁴ -tso ⁴	請上坐	to ask mandarin for instructions or orders.
t'ing ³ .shih ⁴	請示	to call a midwife.
t'ing ³ .shou ¹ -shêng ¹	請收生婆	request him to come (chiao ⁴ t'a ¹ lai ²).
t'ing ³ .t'a ¹ -lai ²	請他來	to call a doctor.
t'ing ³ .tai ⁴ -fu ²	請大夫	please come to my poor abode.
t'ing ³ .tao ⁴ .han ² -shê ³	請到寒舍	please come to the study.
t'ing ³ .tao ⁴ .shu ¹ -fang ²	請到書房	stop only after we get him here.
t'ing ³ .tao ⁴ .wei ² -chih ³	請到為止	invitation card.
t'ing ³ .t'ieh ¹	請帖	please listen to the play.
t'ing ³ .t'ing ¹ -hsi ⁴	請聽戲	pray be seated, please take a seat.
t'ing ³ .tso ⁴	請坐	to report to the emperor.
t'ing ³ .tsou ⁴	請奏	to confess a fault ; to ask for punishment.
t'ing ³ .tsui ⁴	請罪	to enquire, please tell me.
t'ing ³ .wên ⁴	請問	to call a professor of geomancy.
t'ing ³ .yin ¹ -yang ² -hsien ⁴	請陰陽先	a hundred mu ³ ; cautious, careful ; a moment.
t'ing ³	頁頃	a short time, temporarily (chan ⁴ shih ²).
t'ing ³ .ko ⁴	頃刻	will be here in a moment.
t'ing ³ .ko ⁴ -chiu ⁴ -tao ⁴	頃刻就到	land, soil, acres.
t'ing ³ .mu ³	頃畝	a hundred mu ³ .
t'ing ³ -t'ien ²	頃田	to glance at cursorily.
t'ing ³ -yüeh ⁴	頃閱	

ch'in³ 木 檉^{232a408c}
 ch'in³-ma² 檉 蔴

a tall hemp used for rope.
 same.

CH'ING⁴ 心 慶^{231c409c}
 ch'ing⁴-chia¹-chieh² 慶嘉節
 ch'ing⁴-ho¹ 慶賀
 ch'ing⁴-ho¹-yüan²-tan⁴ 慶賀元旦
 ch'ing⁴-hsi³ 慶喜
 ch'ing⁴-hsin¹-nien² 慶新年
 ch'ing⁴-kung¹ [ch'iu¹ 慶功
 ch'ing⁴-shang³-chung¹- 慶賞中秋
 ch'ing⁴-shang³-hua¹- 慶賞花燈
 ch'ing⁴-shou¹ [t'eng¹ 慶壽
 ch'in⁴-tiao⁴ 慶弔
 ch'ing⁴-t'z'ü¹ 慶賜
 ch'ing⁴ 石 磬^{231b409a}
 ch'ing⁴-yin¹ 磬音
 ch'ing⁴ 缶 罄^{231c408c}
 ch'ing⁴-chin⁴ 罄淨
 ch'ing⁴-ching⁴ 罄盡

excellent, beneficial, happy, blessed.
 festival congratulations.
 to congratulate (tao⁴ hsi³),
 new year's congratulations.
 to congratulate and rejoice, to felicitate.
 new year's congratulations.
 congratulations on being rewarded,
 congratulations on the 15th of the 8th moon
 illuminations on festivals.
 congratulations on an old person's birthday.
 congratulations and condolences (tiao⁴ san⁴)
 congratulations on being rewarded, etc. [temp
 a musical stone used as a bell; inverted bell
 the sound of the ch'ing⁴.
 an empty jar; exhausted.
 exhausted, used up, finished.
 all gone.

CHIU¹ 穴 究^{237b415b}
 chiu¹-ch'a² 究察
 chiu¹-ch'i²-shih² 究其實
 chiu¹-chiang³ 究講
 chiu¹-chih⁴ 究治
 chiu¹-ching⁴ 究竟
 chiu¹-ch'ing²-wên⁴-shih⁴ 究情問事
 chiu¹-chui¹ 究追
 chiu¹-pan⁴ 究辦
 chiu¹-shu²-pu⁴-ho⁴ 究屬不合
 chiu¹-wên⁴ 究問
 chiu¹ 口 咎^{241b415b}
 chiu¹-lei² 咎戾
 chiu¹-tsui⁴ 咎罪
 chiu¹ 手才 掣 揪^{235b998b}
 chiu¹-hsia⁴-i²-liu³ 揪下一綵
 chiu¹-hui²-lai² 揪回來
 chiu¹-pien⁴-t'z'ü³ 揪辮子
 chiu¹-t'a¹-lai² 揪他來
 chiu¹-t'ou²-ts'ai³-fa³ 揪頭採髮
 chiu¹ 糸 紮 糾^{238b414b}
 chiu¹-cheng⁴-sha⁴-jên² 糾衆殺人

to investigate, to scrutinize; finally, at last
 to examine, to investigate.
 in point of fact, after all.
 to examine, to investigate.
 to examine and punish.
 after all, at last, finally (tao⁴ ti³).
 to investigate an affair; inquisitive. [g
 recover stolen goods by prosecution; to inve
 to investigate and settle a case,
 after all it is not suitable.
 to investigate, to interrogate.
 error, fault, transgression, crime.
 same (chi⁴ wang³ pu⁴ chiu⁴).
 a crime, a criminal.
 to seize, to grasp, to gather, to pull up.
 to catch one strand.
 caught and brought back,
 to catch hold of the queue.
 grasp him and bring him here.
 to grapple with.
 twist, involve.
 to collect a mob and commit murder.

iu¹.ho⁴ 鳥 鳩 238a412a
 iu¹ 鳩 能 喚 雨
 iu¹.nêng².huan¹.yü² 木 樞 239b415c
 iu¹ 門 闔 241c412c
 iu¹ 闔
 iu¹ 闔

to bring (people) together. [pan¹ chiu¹].
 a pigeon, a dove; to assemble; to rest (ko¹ tzü³
 the pigeon can call rain.
 a corpse in a coffin (ling² chiu¹).
 a lottery, a ballot, a teetotum, a humming-top.
 same (nien¹ chiu¹).

HIU³ 酉 酒 236a999b
 iu³.cha¹.tzü³ 酒 渣
 iu³ chêng⁴ 酒 政
 iu³.ch'i⁴ 酒 氣
 iu³.ch'ien² 酒 錢
 iu³.chih¹ 酒 卮
 iu³.ch'ü² 酒 釀
 iu³.chung¹ 酒 盅
 iu³.fang¹ 酒 坊
 iu³.fêng¹ 酒 瘋
 iu³ fêng².chih¹.chi² 酒 逢 知己
 iu³.hon⁴.wu².té⁴ 酒 後 無 德
 iu³.hsi² 酒 席
 iu³.hsing¹ 酒 興
 iu³.hsing³ 酒 醒
 iu³.hu² 酒 壺
 iu³.jou⁴ 酒 肉
 iu³.jou⁴.p'êng¹.yu³ 酒 肉 朋友
 iu³.kang¹ 酒 缸
 iu³.kuan³ 酒 館
 iu³.k'uang² 酒 狂
 iu³.kuei³ 酒 鬼
 iu³.li⁴ 酒 力
 iu³.liang⁴ 酒 量
 iu³.lien² 酒 帘
 iu³.liu⁴.tzü³ 酒 溜 子
 iu³.lou² 酒 樓
 iu³.lou³ 酒 簍
 iu³.lou⁴.tzü³ 酒 漏 子
 iu³.nan².fan¹.tai⁴ 酒 囊 飯 袋
 iu³.nêng².ch'êng².shih¹ 酒 能 成 事
 iu³.pa³ 酒 保
 iu³.pei¹ 酒 杯
 iu³.ping³ 酒 餅
 iu³.p'ing² 酒 瓶
 iu³.p'u⁴ 酒 舖

any kind of fermented liquors (shao¹ chiu³).
 sediment of wine.
 a cup-bearer at court.
 (breath) smelling of wine.
 bonus to employée; a cumshaw (k'ao⁴ lao¹).
 a wine siphon, a wine vessel.
 a ferment for making spirits.
 a small wine cup.
 a distillery.
 delirium tremens (chiu³ k'uang², fa chiu³ fêng¹).
 wine given an intimate friend.
 after wine, no virtue.
 a dinner, a banquet.
 exhilarated with drink.
 to recover from the effects of drink.
 a wine pot.
 "wine and meat," a dinner.
 sunshine friends.
 a wine jar.
 an eating house, a wine shop, tavern.
 delirium tremens.
 a tippler, a sot.
 the strength of wine.
 a person's capacity for wine.
 a tavern sign (a flag).
 a funnel (chiu³ lou⁴ tzü³).
 a wine-shop; restaurant.
 a wine basket.
 a funnel (chiu³ lou⁴ tzü³).
 "wine bag, rice sack," a worthless person.
 wine can complete affairs.
 a tavern waiter.
 a wine cup or glass.
 a ferment for making spirits.
 a wine bottle.
 a wine shop (kuan³, lou², tien⁴).

<i>chiu³-sé⁴</i>	酒色	“ wine and women,” dissipation, debauchery.
<i>chiu³-sé⁴-chih¹-t' u²</i>	酒色之徒	a debauchee.
<i>chiu³-sé⁴-ts' ai²-ch' i⁴</i>	酒色財氣	wine, lust, avarice, passion.
<i>chiu³-ssü⁴</i>	酒肆	a wine shop.
<i>chiu³-t' an¹-tzü³</i>	酒罈子	a wine jar (wêng ⁴).
<i>chiu³-t' i²</i>	酒提	a kind of wine ladle.
<i>chiu³-tien⁴</i>	酒店	an inn, a public-house.
<i>chiu³-ts' ai⁴</i>	酒菜	“ wine and vegetables,” a dinner.
<i>chiu³-tsao¹-tzü³</i>	酒糟子	remains of malt.
<i>chiu³-tsêng⁴</i>	酒甑	a distiller's vat.
<i>chiu³-tsui⁴-fan⁴-pao³</i>	酒醉飯飽	to have eaten and drunk one's fill.
<i>chiu³-tsun⁴</i>	酒罇	a wine bottle.
<i>chiu³-t' u²</i>	酒徒	a sot, a tippler, a drunkard
<i>chiu³-wo¹</i>	酒窩	dimples in the cheeks.
<i>chiu³</i>	乙 九 ^{237a413a}	nine (written on bills, etc., 玖).
<i>chiu³-ch' êng³</i>	九城	a name of Peking.
<i>chiu³-chiang¹</i>	九江	Kiukiang (opened 1858).
<i>chiu³-ch'ing¹</i>	九卿	ministers, palace officials. R 342.
<i>chiu³-chiu³</i>	九九	{ numbering, arithmetic, eighty-one ; the eighty { one days of winter.
<i>chiu³-chiu³-ho²-shu⁴</i>	九九合數	a multiplication table, as far as 9 times.
<i>chiu³-chiu³-hsiao¹-han²</i>	九九消寒	very cold and quiet.
<i>chiu³-chiu³-kuei¹-i¹</i>	九九歸一	finally, at last (chiu ¹ ching ⁴ , chung ¹ chiu ³ , tao ³)
<i>chiu³-chou¹</i>	九州	the nine provinces, everywhere. R. 340.
<i>chiu³-chou¹-ssü⁴-hai³</i>	九州四海	i. e., China.
<i>chiu³-ch'üan²</i>	九泉	“ nine springs,” hell ; the grave (huang ² ch'üan ²)
<i>chiu³-ch'ung²</i>	九重	“ nine heavens ”—the throne hall.
<i>chiu³-ho²</i>	九合	universal (p' u ³ t'ien ¹ hsiu ⁴).
<i>chiu³-hsiao³-yün²-wai⁴</i>	九霄雲外	in the heavens beyond the clouds
<i>chiu³-hsing²</i>	* 九刑	the nine Chinese punishments,
<i>chiu³-ko⁴</i>	九個	nine.
<i>chiu³-liu²</i>	九流	the nine schools of philosophy.
<i>chiu³-mén²</i>	九門	a name of Peking.
<i>chiu³-pei⁴-tzü³</i>	九輩子	the nine generations. See Note 17.
<i>chiu³-p' in³</i>	† 九品	the nine ranks or grades. R. 344.
<i>chiu³-shih²</i>	九十九	ninety, nine or ten (shih ² ko ⁴ pa ¹ ko ⁴).
<i>chiu³-ssü³-i¹-shêng¹</i>	九死一生	a very narrow escape of one's life.
<i>chiu³-tai⁴</i>	† 九代	the nine generations.
<i>chiu³-t' ien¹</i>	九天	the nine divisions of Buddhist paradise.
<i>chiu³-tsu²</i>	九族	the nine generations.
<i>chiu³-yüel⁴-chiu³</i>	九月九	ch'ung ² yang ² festival (重陽節).
<i>chiu³</i>	久 ^{238c413c}	a long time, lasting.
<i>chiu³-ch' ang²</i>	久長	same (hao ³ chiu ³).

* Note 15.

† Note 16.

‡ Note 17.

hiu ³ -chia ⁴ -pu ⁴ -kuei ¹	久假不歸	a thing borrowed a long time is not returned.
hiu ³ -chiao ¹	久交	a long intercourse.
hiu ³ -chu ⁴	久住	to live long in one place.
hiu ³ -êrh ² -chui ³ -chih ¹	久而久之	as time went on.
hiu ³ -êrh ² -tzü ⁴ -ming ²	久而自明	time will make it plain.
hiu ³ -fan ² -chih ¹ -ti ⁴	久反之地	a place long noted for rebelliousness.
hiu ³ -han ⁴	久旱	a long drought.
hiu ³ -hou ⁴ -to ¹ -shih ²	久候多時	a long delay.
hiu ³ -hou ⁴	久後	afterwards.
hiu ³ -i ³	久已	long since, for a long time.
hiu ³ -kuan ⁴	久慣	long accustomed to.
hiu ³ -liu ²	久留	to keep a long time.
hiu ³ -mu ⁴	久慕	long thought on with regard.
hiu ³ -pieh ²	久別	long separated.
hiu ³ -pu ⁴ -lai ² -wang ³	久不來往	long without any intercourse. [(shao ³ chien ⁴).
hiu ³ -wei ³	久違	same, said by friends on meeting after separation
hiu ³ -wên ²	久聞	I have long heard of (complimentary).
hiu ³ -yang ³	久仰	I have long desired to meet you (complimentary).
hiu ³ -yüan ³	久遠	a long time, lasting, for ever.
hiu ³	艸廿	菲 ^{239b414a}
hiu ³	非	菲
hiu ³ -huang ²	菲黃	same (ts'ung ¹).
hiu ³ -ts'ui ⁴	菲菜	same.
hiu ³	玉九	玖 ^{239a413c}
		leeks, scallions.
		same (ts'ung ¹).
		leeks, scallions
		nine, a kind of jade.

CHIU ⁴	支	救 ^{239c415a}	to succor, to rescue, to save, to cure (chou ¹ chi ⁴).
chiu ⁴ -chi ²		救急	to remove embarrassment, to tide over difficulty.
chiu ⁴ -chi ² -hui ² -shêng ¹		救急回生	it quickly restores to life, e g., a medicine.
chiu ⁴ -chi ² -liang ² -fang ¹		救急良方	a good prescription for severe disease.
chiu ⁴ -chi ⁴		救濟	to relieve, to succor (ch'êng ³ chiu ⁴).
chiu ⁴ -chia ⁴		救駕	to rescue the emperor.
chiu ⁴ -chu ³		救主	the Saviour (Jesus Christ).
chin ⁴ -ch'ui ¹ -shui ³ -huo ³		救出水火	to save from fire and flood.
chiu ⁴ -hsing ¹		救星	a rescue.
chiu ⁴ -hu ⁴		救護	to rescue, to save, to succor.
chiu ⁴ -hu ⁴ -ch'uan ²		救護船	a life boat.
chiu ⁴ -huo ³		救火	to extinguish a fire, to save from fire.
chiu ⁴ -huo ³ -ti ¹		救火的	firemen (tsou ³ liao ³ shui ³ liao ³).
chiu ⁴ -jên ²		救人	to rescue a person
chiu ⁴ -jên ² -chih ¹ -chi ²		救人之急	to succor in extremity.
chiu ⁴ -k'u ³		救苦	to relieve from distress.
chiu ⁴ -ming ⁴		救命	to save life; save life! murder!
chiu ⁴ -ming ⁴ -chih ¹ -ên ¹		救命之恩	the favor of saving one's life.

chiu⁴-nan³ 救難
 chiu⁴-pa² 救拔
 chiu⁴-ping¹ 救兵
 chiu⁴-shêng¹-chü² 救生局
 chiu⁴-shêng¹-ch'uan² 救生船
 chiu⁴-shih⁴ 救世
 chiu⁴-ying⁴ 救應
 chiu⁴-yüan² 救援
 chiu⁴ 尤 就^{240a999c}
 chiu⁴-chü² 就急
 chiu⁴-chiao⁴-t'a¹-lai² 就叫他來
 chiu⁴-fu³ 就俯
 chiu⁴-lai² 就來
 chiu⁴-pien⁴ 就便
 chiu⁴-shih⁴ 就是
 chiu⁴-shou³ 就手
 chiu⁴-shou³-ch'ü⁴-tso⁴ 就手去做
 chiu⁴-ta¹ 就搭
 chiu⁴-ta³-cho² 就打著
 chiu⁴-tê²-liao³ 就得了
 chiu⁴-ti⁴-chêng⁴-fu³ 就地正法
 chiu⁴-tsoi⁴-chê⁴-rh² 就在這兒
 chiu⁴-t'zã³ 就此
 chiu⁴ 日 舊^{241a414c}
 chiu⁴-chang¹ 舊章
 chiu⁴-chiao¹ 舊交
 chiu⁴-chih⁴ 舊制
 chiu⁴-chün¹-shan¹ 舊金山
 chiu⁴-ch'ü⁴-hsin¹-lai² 舊去新來
 chiu⁴-hao³ 舊好
 chiu⁴-huo³-ch'ü⁴ 舊夥計
 chiu⁴-i¹ 舊衣
 chin⁴-jik¹ 舊日
 chiu⁴-li⁴ 舊例
 chiu⁴-liu² 舊留
 chiu⁴-nien² 舊年
 chiu⁴-ping⁴ 舊病
 chiu⁴-ping⁴-fu⁴-fa¹ 舊病復發
 chiu⁴-shih² 舊時
 chiu⁴-shih⁴ 舊事
 chiu⁴-wu⁴ 舊物
 chiu⁴-yang⁴ 舊樣
 chiu⁴-yo⁴ 舊約

to relieve from difficulty.
 to save, to rescue
 a rescuing army,
 a life-saving institution.
 a life-boat.
 to save the age or world.
 to help, to succor.
 to help. [M. 32. 104, 5]
 to approach, consequently, then; to comply
 to suit the emergency, to meet the case (chü⁴
 call him at once. [ching³ shêng¹ ch'ing¹]
 to accommodate to, to make the best of. (chian⁴
 I will come immediately (ma³ shang⁴). [chi⁴]
 then it will be convenient,
 consequently it is, it is just.
 along with, while one's hand is in.
 go and do it at your convenience,
 to make a thing answer,
 even if—even on the supposition.
 will do very well
 to execute summarily.
 it is here.
 now, then, instantly. [(ku³, ch'ên¹)]
 old (applied to time, persons, places or things)
 the ancient regulations.
 an old acquaintanceship.
 the ancient practice.
 California (hsin¹ chin¹ shan¹).
 the old goes, and then the new comes,
 former friendship, etc.
 old partners or comrades,
 old clothes (ku⁴ i¹ p'u⁴)
 in old or former times,
 an old precedent.
 to have kept a long time.
 last year (kuo⁴ nien², ch'ü⁴ nien²).
 an old complaint.
 the recurrence of an old complaint.
 in old or former times.
 an old matter.
 old things (ku³ tung³).
 old style.
 the Old Testament.

in ⁴ -yu ³		舊友		an old friend.
in ⁴	日	舅 ^{241a414b}		a maternal uncle (shu ²).
in ⁴ -chiu ⁴		舅舅		same (shu ² shu ²).
in ⁴ -fu ⁴		舅父		same.
in ⁴ -ku ¹		舅姑		a husband's father and mother.
in ⁴ -ma ¹		舅媽		a mother's brother's wife.
in ⁴ -mu ³		舅母		same.
in ⁴ -shêng ¹ -nü ³		舅甥女		uncle and niece.
in ⁴ (tǔ)	日	臼 ^{240c414c}		a mortar (ch'ü ³).
in ⁴	广	廐 ^{241b415c}		a stable (ma ³ hao ⁴).
H'IU ¹	禾	穰 ^{242a1000a}		autumn (ch'un ¹ ch'iu ¹ ssü ¹ chi ⁴).
'iu ¹ -chéng ¹ -kuun ¹		秋正官		officials of Board of Punishment.
'iu ¹ -chi ⁴		秋季		the autumn season.
'iu ¹ -ching ³		秋景		the autumn harvest.
'iu ¹ -fén ¹		秋分		the autumnal equinox; a term. See Note 21.
'iu ¹ -fêng ¹ -liang ²		秋風涼		autumn winds are cold.
'iu ¹ -hai ³ -t'ang ²		秋海棠		a sort of flower.
'iu ¹ -ho ²		秋禾		autumn crops.
'iu ¹ -hou ⁴		秋後		in the autumn, after <i>li⁴ ch'iu¹</i> , execution of
'iu ¹ -mao ⁴		秋帽		cloth hat worn in autumn.
'iu ¹ -shên ³		秋審		the autumnal assizes.
'iu ¹ -shou ¹		秋收		autumn harvest.
'iu ¹	革	鞞 ^{243a1001b}		crupper (chou ¹ kun ⁴).
'iu ¹ -ch'ien ¹		鞞韁		a swing (as used by children).
'iu ¹ -ch'ien ¹ -chia ⁴ -t'ü ³		鞞韁架子		the frame of a swing.
'iu ¹ -p'ei ⁴		鞞轡		reins (chiang ¹ shêng ²).
'iu ¹	一	坵 ^{243b416a}		a mound; a name of Confucius (邱) (read mou).
'iu ¹ -ling ²		丘陵		a mound, an eminence.
'iu ¹ -t'ü ³		丘子		a brick grave above ground.
'iu ¹ -tsui ¹ -ch'êng ² -hsia ⁴		坵在城下		the grave-mound is beneath the city-wall.
'iu ¹ -tsai ¹ -i ³ -ti ⁴	土	坵在義地		the grave-mound is in the cemetery.
'iu ¹		虫		earth-worm.
'iu ¹ -yü ³		蚯蚓		same.
'iu ¹	木	楸 ^{242c1001a}		catalpa tree, like walnut.
'iu ¹	魚	魷 ^{243a1001b}		a kind of eel (ü ³ ch'iu ¹).
H'IU ¹	水	求 ^{243c416b}		to supplicate, to entreat, to invite, to seek.
'iu ² -ch'ang ² -ming ⁴		求長命		to desire a long life.
'iu ² -chieh ⁴		求借		to beg, to borrow.
'iu ² -ch'ien ¹		求籤		to divine by drawing slips of wood. See Note 11.
'iu ² -ch'iu ¹ -kao ⁴ -yu ³		求親告友		to appeal to relatives and friends.
'iu ² -ch'ing ²		求情		to ask for a person's influence, to ask a favor.

ch'in ² -ch'ing ³	求請	to entreat (ai ¹ kao ¹).
ch'in ² -ch'iu ⁴	求救	to intercede for, to beg to be saved, etc.
ch'in ² -ch'in ⁴ -wu ² -mên ²	求救無門	unable to save one's self.
ch'iu ² -ch'üan ² -tsé ² -pei ⁴	求全責備	to find fault with because not perfection.
ch'in ² -ên ¹	求恩	to beg favour.
ch'in ² -fu ³	求福	to pray for happiness.
ch'in ² -fu ² -mien ² -huo ⁴	求福免禍	to pray for happiness, and escape misfortune
ch'in ² -hsien ¹ -chia ¹	求仙家	to invoke fairies, etc.
ch'in ² -hun ¹	求婚	to solicit an alliance.
ch'in ² -jao ³	求饒	to beg forgiveness.
ch'in ² -jên ²	求人	to entreat of a person.
ch'in ² -kao ⁴	求告	to pray (tao ³ kao ¹).
ch'in ² -ko ⁴ -jên ² -ch'ing ²	求個人情	to ask for a person's influence.
ch'in ² -kung ¹ -ming ²	求功名	to seek for distinction at examination.
ch'in ² -li ⁴	求利	to seek for profit.
ch'in ² -ming ²	求名	to seek fame or reputation.
ch'in ² -pang ¹	求幫	to beg for help.
ch'in ² -pu ⁴ -tê ²	求不得	to intercede in vain, entreaty of no avail.
ch'in ² -shang ³	求賞	to beg for a reward.
ch'in ² -shên ²	求神	to entreat the gods.
ch'in ² -ssü ⁴	求嗣	to use means, by prayer, etc., to obtain an heir.
ch'in ² -t'ien ¹	求天	to entreat Heaven.
ch'in ² -ts'ai ²	求財	to seek wealth.
ch'in ² -tsei ² -tê ² -cho ³	求則得着	ask and ye shall receive (from Mencius).
ch'in ² -tzü ³	求子	to pray for a son.
ch'in ² -yü ³	求雨	to pray for rain (ch'i ² yü ³).
ch'in ²	囚 ^{245b811b}	to imprison, to fetter; a prison, a criminal.
ch'in ² -ch'é ¹	囚車	a prison cart.
ch'in ² -chin ⁴	囚禁	to confine in a cage or prison.
ch'in ² -fan ⁴	囚犯	a prisoner, a criminal (chien ¹ fan ⁴)
ch'in ² -lung ³	囚籠	a cage for criminals.
ch'in ² -ti ¹ -huang ¹	囚的慌	"cabinéd, cribbed, confined."
ch'iu ²	走 ^{245a417b}	to join, to unite.
ch'in ³ -ho ³	速合	same
ch'in ²	玉球 ^{244e417a}	a globe, an orb, a sphere (ti ¹ ch'iu ²).
ch'in ² (tzü)	毛球 ^{244b417a}	a ball (such as children play with).
ch'in ²	衣裘 ^{244c416c}	fur clothing.
CH'IU ³	米糗 ^{245c418a}	cooked rice.
ch'in ³ -liung ³	糗糧	cured dry grain.
CHIUNG ³	穴窘 ^{246a419b}	straitened, embarrassed, pressed.
chiung ³ -chu ⁴ -liao ³	窘住了	very poor.

<i>hiung³-po⁴</i>	窘迫	very poor.
<i>hiung³</i>	迥迥	unlike, far apart.
<i>hiung³-pu⁴-hsiang⁴</i> [t'ung ²]	迥不相同	by no means alike.
H⁴IUNG²	穴窟	
<i>hiung²-chi²-liao³</i>	窮極了	to exhaust, extremity ; poor (p'in ³).
<i>hiung²-chia¹</i>	窮家	extremely poor (ming ¹ ch'iu ²) a poor family.
<i>hiung²-chia¹-fu¹-lu¹</i>	窮家富路	[money. at home poor, abroad you must have plenty of
<i>hiung²-chin¹</i>	窮究	to thoroughly investigate (chui ¹ chiu ¹).
<i>hiung²-êrh²-cha⁴-fu⁴</i>	窮兒乍富	upstart riches.
<i>hiung²-fa²</i>	窮乏	impoverished, extremely poor (p'in ³ han ³).
<i>hiung²-han⁴</i>	窮漢	a poor man.
<i>hiung²-han⁴-shih⁴</i>	窮漢市	poor man's market (cheapest goods).
<i>hiung²-hsiang¹</i>	窮相	poverty-stricken appearance.
<i>hiung²-huo⁴-t'an¹</i>	窮貨	variety stand.
<i>hiung²-jên²</i>	窮人	a poor person.
<i>hiung²-jih⁴-t'zũ³</i>	窮日子	poor living (kuo ⁴ ch'iu ² jih ⁴ t'zũ ³).
<i>hiung²-k'u³</i>	窮苦	wretched, miserable, squalid.
<i>hiung²-k'un⁴</i>	窮困	exhausted ; in straits.
<i>hiung²-pu⁴-kuo⁴-t'a¹</i>	窮不過他	can't be poorer than he.
<i>hiung²-pu⁴-liao³-ni³</i>	窮不了你	can't make you poor.
<i>hiung²-shih²-kuang¹</i>	窮時光	in poor circumstances.
<i>hiung²-suan¹</i>	窮酸	the poor man's garlic (i. e., cheap food).
<i>hiung²-tao⁴-ti³-la¹</i>	窮到底	extreme of poverty.
<i>hiung²</i>	穹	high ; heaven.
<i>hiung²-ts'ang¹</i>	穹蒼	the heavens (ts'ang ¹ t'ien ¹).
<i>hiung²</i>	玉	a beautiful kind of jade (yü ⁴ ch'í ⁴).
<i>hiung²-chow¹</i>	瓊州	Hai-nan, an island off Kuang-tung.
HO¹	木	
<i>ho¹</i>	卓	a table (pa ¹ hsien ¹ cho ¹ , k'ang ⁴ cho ¹ , i ³ cho ¹).
<i>ho¹-ch'ün²</i>	棹	same.
<i>ho¹-i¹-t'zũ³</i>	棹裙	hanging cloth in front of table, e.g., in yamêns
<i>ho¹-i³</i>	棹衣子	a table cover.
<i>ho¹-mien⁴</i>	棹椅	tables and chairs.
<i>ho¹-tan¹</i>	棹面	the top of a table.
<i>ho¹-têng¹</i>	棹單	a table cover.
<i>ho¹-têng¹-i¹-t'ui⁴</i>	棹燈一對	a pair of table lamps.
<i>ho¹-we²</i>	棹帷 (棹圍)	a table cover (Chinese).
<i>ho¹</i>	手拙	unskilful, unable to learn, stupid (ch'un ³).
<i>ho¹-chi⁴</i>	拙計	a stupid plan.
<i>ho¹-ch'iao³</i>	拙巧	stupid and clever.
<i>ho¹-chien⁴-shih²</i>	拙見識	stupid comprehension (modest).

cho¹-ching¹
 cho¹-pên¹
 cho¹-pi³
 cho¹-tsu³-pên⁴-sai¹
 cho¹ 才 捉^{250a82b}
 cho¹-chien¹
 cho¹-chu⁴-liao³
 cho¹-huo⁴
 cho¹-na²
 cho¹-nung⁴
 cho¹-shou³
 cho¹-tao¹
 cho¹-tsei²
 cho¹-yao¹
 cho¹ 水 涿^{250a82c}

拙荆
 拙笨
 拙筆
 拙嘴笨腮
 捉
 捉姦
 捉住了
 捉獲
 捉拿
 捉弄
 捉手
 捉刀
 捉賊
 捉妖
 涿

“a dull thorn,” my wife.
 stupid (yü¹ cho¹).
 [manship
 “an unskilful pen,” a bad writer, my poor pen
 a bungler in speech.
 to grasp, to seize, to lay hold of (chiu¹).
 to seize an adulterer.
 grasped.
 to arrest, to apprehend.
 to seize, to apprehend
 to meddle or busy one's self with.
 to grasp the hand,
 to grasp a knife or sword.
 to apprehend a thief or rebel.
 to seize evil spirits
 flowing down in drops, trickling.

CHO²
 cho²-ch'i⁴
 cho²-ch'i⁴-wei²-ti⁴
 cho²-chih⁴
 cho²-ch'ing¹
 cho²-shui³
 cho²-t'an²
 cho² 羊 着^{248c80a}
 cho² 卿 廿 著^{265a90b}
 cho²-chin³
 cho²-chun³-k'o³-chü¹
 cho²-i⁴
 cho²-jên³
 cho²-jên²-ch'ü⁴
 cho²-jên²-lai²
 cho²-lao⁴
 cho²-li⁴
 cho²-ling⁴
 cho²-shih²
 cho²-shih⁴
 cho²-shui³
 cho² 酉 酌^{250c81b}
 cho²-chiu³
 cho²-i⁴
 cho²-liang³
 cho²-to²
 cho² 玉 琢^{250a82c}

濁^{250b83a}
 濁氣
 濁氣爲地
 濁志
 濁清
 濁水
 濁痰
 着
 著
 著緊
 著準可據
 著意
 著人
 著人去
 著人來
 著落
 著力
 著令
 著實
 著事
 著水
 酌
 酌酒
 酌義
 酌量
 酌奪
 琢

thick, foul, muddy water ; obscure (hun⁴).
 blind with rage.
 the turbid elements make the earth.
 to commit suicide.
 muddy and clear.
 muddy water.
 mucus, phlegm.
 to order, to command ; it is so, yes. M. 50. Se
 same.
 diligent, energetic (yin¹ ch'iu²).
 undoubtedly
 intentionally (t'ei⁴ i⁴).
 (a disease) is infectious.
 to tell a person to go (chiao⁴ t'a¹ lai²).
 to tell a person to come.
 resting place, home ; dependence.
 to exert one's strength (shên¹ chin⁴, shih³ chin⁴)
 to set forth an order.
 really, truly (shih² tsai⁴).
 to get into trouble.
 to get wet (shih¹ tzü⁴ tzü⁴ ti¹)
 to pour out wine ; to consult, to deliberate,
 to pour out wine (ching⁴ chiu³).
 to think over, deliberate (shang¹ liang⁴).
 to consult, to deliberate (chên¹ cho²).
 same (shang¹ i⁴).
 to work precious stones, to cut, to carve. Se

[chao²

same.

[ts'o²

to work precious stones, to cut, to carve. Se

io ² -mo ³		琢磨		to work jewels, to rub, to polish.
io ² (tzu)	金	鐲 ^{250b83a}		bracelets (chui ⁴ tzu ³ , êrh ³ huan ²).
io ² -t'ou ³		鐲頭		same.
io ²	水	濯 ^{250c83b}		to wash, to cleanse, to purify (hsi ³).
io ² -shou ³		濯手		to wash the hands.
io ² -tsu ⁴		濯足		to wash the feet.
HO ⁴	十	卓 ^{248a82a}		lofty, eminent.
io ⁴ jan ² -tzu ⁴ -li ⁴		卓然自立		profound and self-established.
io ⁴ yüeh ⁴ -jên ² -ch'ün ²		卓超人羣		excelling the mass of men.
H ⁰ 1	戈	戳 ^{302a84c}		to stab, to pierce, to stamp.
h'io ¹ -chi ⁴		戳記		impression of a stamp, viséd; a chop.
io ¹ -pao ²		戳薄		to taunt, to tease.
h'io ¹ -tzu ³		戳子		a stamp, e.g., personal name.
h'io ¹ -yin ⁴		戳印		a stamp (small officials), to stamp (kuan ³ yin ⁴).
H ⁰ 2	手	搨 ^{302a84c}		to strike, to push, to jar, to harpoon.
h'io ² -li ^{io} ³ -shou ³		搨了手		to jar the hand.
h'io ² -p'êng ⁴		搨碰		to rush against; a collision.
h'io ² -sha ¹		搨紗		to embroider (hsiu ⁴).
H ⁰ 4	糸	綽 ^{252b84a}		slow; wide, roomy, extensive (k'uan ¹ ch'io ⁴),
h'io ⁴ -ch'io ⁴ -yü ³ -yü ²		綽綽有餘		abundant, full.
h'io ⁴ -hao ⁴		綽號		a nickname, a fancy name (wai ⁴ hao ⁴).
h'io ⁴ (ch'ü)	角	觸 ^{276a99b}		to gore, to thrust, to hit against; to excite.
h'io ⁴ -fan ⁴		觸犯		to offend purposely.
h'io ⁴ -mu ⁴ -ching ¹ -hsin ¹		觸目驚心		to strike the eye and rouse the mind, e.g., a book.
h'io ⁴ -nu ⁴		觸怒		to excite to anger.
h'io ⁴ -ta ⁴ -hung ¹ -hsiao ³		觸大哄小		angering adults and cheating children.
h'io ⁴ -tung ⁴		觸動		to stir up, quicken, provoke.
h'io ⁴ -tung ⁴ -hsin ¹ -chi ¹		觸動心機		to excite the heart.
HO ¹	口	周 ^{253b47a}		to go around, to surround; to complete.
hou ¹ -chang ²		周張		repeatedly, again and again; hastily.
hou ¹ -ch'ao ³		周朝		the 'hou dynasty (from B. C. 1122, to B. C. 255)
hou ¹ -chê ³		周折		an angle.
hou ¹ -chên ²		周正		to straighten; to complete; correct, complete.
hou ¹ -chi ⁴		周濟 (賙)		to assist, to bestow, to supply, to receive (fang ⁴
hou ¹ -ch'üan ²		周全		to complete, complete (ch'êng ² ch'üan ²). [chên ⁴].
hou ¹ -êrh ² -fu ⁴ -shih ³		周而復始		to begin again.
hou ¹ -hsüan ²		周旋		to circulate, to go round, to bring matters round.
hou ¹ -i ¹		周易		the I King of Chou Kung (Book of Changes).

hou chuan³ = adjectives...

chou¹-kung¹ 周 公
 chou¹-liu² 周 流
 chou¹-liu²-lieh⁴-kuo³ 周 流 列 國
 chou¹-liu²-shih⁴-chieh⁴ 周 流 世 界
 chou¹-mi⁴ 周 密
 chou¹-pei⁴ 周 備
 chou¹-pien⁴ 周 徧
 chou¹-shên¹ 周 身
 chou¹-tao⁴ 周 到
 chou¹-tao⁴ 周 道
 chou¹-wei³ 周 圍
 chou¹ 週 是 週 254a48a
 chou¹-chuan²-pu¹-k'ai² 週 轉 不 開
 chou¹-liu² 週 流
 chou¹-niên² 週 年
 chou¹-sui⁴ 週 歲
 chou¹-wei 週 圍
 chou¹ 川 州 252c1Sc
 chou¹-fu³ 州 府
 chou¹-hsien⁴-kuan¹ 州 縣 官
 chou¹-li³ 州 里
 chou¹-p'an⁴ 州 判
 chou¹-t'ung² 州 同
 chou¹ 舟 舟 253a4Sb
 chou¹-ch'ê¹ 舟 車
 chou¹-p'ên² 舟 篷
 chou¹-shan⁴ 舟 山
 chou¹ 米 粥 254b97b
 chou¹-ch'ang³ 粥 廠
 chou¹ 水 洲 252c4Sc
 chou¹-tao³ 洲 島
 chou¹ 言 謔 1165c961b
 chou¹-huang³ 謔 謊

4th son of Wên Wang, a sage. R. 20.
 to rove about, to wander (mo² yu²) [ci
 traversing various countries (usually of Co
 to roam over the world
 close, compact, crowded; secret (ch'ou² mi⁴
 fully prepared (ch'i² pei⁴).
 to extend to every place.
 all round the body (hün⁴ shên¹).
 everywhere; entire, complete; considerate.
 a royal road or way.
 all round; to surround, surrounding.
 to revolve, to circulate, to turn round.
 can't make ends meet.
 to revolve, to circulate.
 revolving years, anniversary.
 a full year.
 to surround, all round.
 a division, a department.
 departments and prefectures; a region.
 a district magistrate (chih¹ chou¹).
 a neighbourhood (lin² li³).
 second class assist. department magistrate.
 first class assist. department magistrate.
 a boat (ch'uan², fang¹ chou¹).
 boats and carts, land and water carriage.
 the mat covering of a boat.
 the island of Chusan off Chekiang province.
 rice water and gruel, congee (la⁴ pa¹ chou¹).
 { a shed in which congee is distributed
 { the poor.
 an island, a continent.
 islands (hai³ tao³).
 jest, rail; also tso¹.
 exaggerations and lies.

CHOU² 女 妯 254c96a
 chou¹-li³ 妯 娣
 chou²-(tzu) 車 軸 255a96a

brothers' wives (sao³).
 wives of the eldest and second son.
 an axle-tree, a roller. Numerative of pietu

CHOU³ (ch'ou) 竹 帚 225b49a
 chou³ 巾 帶
 chou³ (tzu) 肉 肘 255e49b
 chou³-yeh⁴ 肘 腋

a broom (t'iao² chou³, sao⁴ ehou³).
 same.
 the elbow (ko¹ pang³ chou³).
 under the armpit; the side (ko³ yeh⁴).

CHOU ⁴	糸	縐 ^{254c962b}	a kind of crape ; ruffled.
hou ⁴ -ch'ou ³		縐 ^{254c962b} 紬	crape silk.
hou ⁴ -sha ¹		縐 ^{254c962b} 紗	crape.
hou ⁴ -tzū ³		縐 ^{254c962b} 子	fold, wrinkles, etc.
hou ⁴ -wên ²		縐 ^{254c962b} 紋	the marks of folding.
hou ⁴	皮	皺 ^{254b962c}	wrinkles in anything, frowns.
hou ⁴ -ché ²		皺 ^{254b962c} 褶	wrinkles.
hou ⁴ -mei ²		皺 ^{254b962c} 眉	to frown, frowning, melancholy, dejected.
hou ⁴ -mien ⁴		皺 ^{254b962c} 面	a wrinkled face.
hou ⁴ -wên ²		皺 ^{254b962c} 紋	wrinkles.
hou ⁴	口 呪 詛	咒 ^{255c49c}	to curse, to imprecate, to recite spells, to pray.
hou ⁴ -ma ⁴		咒 ^{255c49c} 罵	to abuse, to curse, to revile, to rail.
hou ⁴ -sung ¹		咒 ^{255c49c} 誦	recitative ; to chaunt.
hou ⁴ -ssū ³ -t'á ¹		咒 ^{255c49c} 死他	curse him to death.
hou ⁴ -tsū ³		咒 ^{255c49c} 詛	to curse (tu ³ chou ⁴ , nien ⁴ chou ⁴).
hou ⁴ -yü ²		咒 ^{255c49c} 語	curse, spells.
hou ⁴	日	晝 ^{255c50b}	daylight, in the day time (pai ² chou ⁴).
hou ⁴ -ch'in ³		晝 ^{255c50b} 寢	to sleep in the day time (very lazy).
hou ⁴ -yeh ⁴		晝 ^{255c50b} 夜	day and night.
hou ⁴ -yeh ⁴ -chia ¹ -kung ¹		晝 ^{255c50b} 夜加工	extra work, night and day.
hou ⁴ -yeh ⁴ -pu ⁴ -an ¹		晝 ^{255c50b} 夜不安	no rest night or day.
hou ⁴ -yeh ⁴ -pu ⁴ -fên ¹		晝 ^{255c50b} 夜不分	night and day without distinction.
hou ⁴	革	鞣 ^{255b49c}	the crupper of a saddle.
hou ⁴ -kun ⁴		鞣 ^{255b49c} 棍	a wooden stick used as crupper.
hou ⁴	糸	紉 ^{255b49b}	name.
hou ⁴ -wang ³		紉 ^{255b49b} 王	[1122, R. 22. most infamous tyrant of Chinese history. B. C.
hou ⁴	肉 儻	胄 ^{255a49c}	a helmet ; descendants, posterity ; long after.
hou ⁴ -tzū ³		胄 ^{255a49c} 子	the eldest son (chang ³ tzū ³).
hou ⁴	→	宙 ^{255a49c}	the earth, the universe ; all ages (yü ³ chon ¹).
CH'OU ¹	手 才 撈	抽 ^{256b50a}	to pull out, to take from, to draw forth.
ch'ou ¹ -ch'á ²		抽 ^{256b50a} 查	to examine one article of a lot.
ch'ou ¹ -ch'í ⁴		抽 ^{256b50a} 氣	to gasp, to pant.
ch'ou ¹ -ch'ien ¹		抽 ^{256b50a} 籤	to draw lots (ch'á ⁴ ch'ien ¹ , nien ¹ chiu ¹).
ch'ou ¹ -chin ¹		抽 ^{256b50a} 筋	cramps, convulsions (ch'ou ¹ i ¹ chên ⁴ fêng ¹).
ch'ou ¹ -chin ¹ -pó ⁴ -p'í ²		抽 ^{256b50a} 筋剝皮	fig. extortion (lê ⁴ so ³).
ch'ou ¹ -ch'á ²		抽 ^{256b50a} 出	to select (pa ² ch'ü ³ jên ² ts'ai ²).
ch'ou ¹ -ch'á ²		抽 ^{256b50a} 除	to exclude.
ch'ou ¹ -ch'ü ³		抽 ^{256b50a} 取	to select one out of a lot.
ch'ou ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		抽 ^{256b50a} 趣	to help.
ch'ou ¹ -fên ⁴		抽 ^{256b50a} 分	to take percentage.
ch'ou ¹ -fêng ¹		抽 ^{256b50a} 瘋	to have a fit (hun ¹ kuo ⁴ ch'á ⁴).
ch'ou ¹ -fêng ¹		抽 ^{256b50a} 豐	to make a gift in order to get one.

ch'ou ¹ -hsi ²	抽息	to sob (ta ³ ch'ou ¹ ta ²).
ch'ou ¹ -hsien ²	抽閒	to get leisure.
ch'ou ¹ -hsien ⁴	抽線	to pull out threads.
ch'ou ¹ -i ¹ -chên ⁴ -fêng ¹	抽一陣瘋	to have a convulsion (chuan ³ chin ¹).
ch'ou ¹ -k'ung ¹ ·'rh ²	抽空兒	to find time.
ch'ou ¹ -lêng ³ -tzü ³	抽冷子	suddenly, unexpectedly (hu ¹ jan ²).
ch'ou ¹ -liang ² -huan ⁴ -chu ⁴	抽樑換柱	remove a beam and substitute a pillar.
ch'ou ¹ -liao ³	抽了	shrunk (of wood) (ch'iao ² ku ³).
ch'ou ¹ -pu ²	抽拔	to rescue, to deliver.
ch'ou ¹ -pao ¹	抽剝	to extort, exact with severity.
ch'ou ¹ -shên ¹	抽身	to retire, to take one's self off; to get up (t [shên ¹])
ch'ou ¹ -shui ⁴	抽稅	to levy a tax (wan ² shui ⁴).
ch'ou ¹ -ssü ¹	抽絲	to reel silk.
ch'ou ¹ -t'u ¹ -i ¹ -pien ¹	抽他一鞭	give him a lash.
ch'ou ¹ -t'i ⁴	抽屜	a drawer.
ch'ou ¹ -t'i ⁴ -cho ¹	抽屜桌	a table with a drawer.
ch'ou ¹ -t'ou ³	抽頭	a drawer; a "squeeze," commission.
ch'ou ¹ -tzü ³	[fêng ¹ 抽子	a watch-case, a purse or pouch.
ch'ou ¹ -yang ² -chiao ¹ -	抽羊角瘋	to have an epileptic fit.
ch'ou ¹ -yên ¹	抽烟	to smoke tobacco (hsi ¹ yen ¹ , ch'ih ¹ yen ¹).
ch'ou ¹	手予 擱	to grasp, crumple up.
ch'ou ¹ -ch'i ³ -lai ²	擱起來	to crumple up.
ch'ou ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'i ³ -lai ²	擱不起來	cannot crumple up.
ch'ou ¹	予 瘳	convalescent, well, cured.
ch'ou ¹ -yü ⁴	瘳愈	same (ch'üan ² yü ⁴).
CH'OU²	糸 { 紬 ^{256b51c}	woven silk.
ch'ou ²	{ 綢 ^{258a51c}	same. See <i>chou</i> ⁴ .
ch'ou ² -i ¹ -shang ¹	綢衣裳	silk clothes.
ch'ou ² -kua ⁴	綢褂	a silk coat.
ch'ou ² -mao ⁴	綢帽	silk caps.
ch'ou ² -sha ¹	綢紗	silk and gauze.
ch'ou ² -tuan ⁴	綢緞	silk and satin, silk stuffs.
ch'ou ²	心 愁 ^{257c963a}	melancholy, mournful, sorry.
ch'ou ² -ch'ang ²	愁腸	same (fa ¹ ch'ou ²).
ch'ou ² ch'üung ²	愁窮	to lament over one's poverty.
ch'ou ² -fan ²	愁煩	anxious, apprehensive (ssü ¹ lü ⁶).
ch'ou ² -jên ²	愁人	to be vexatious.
ch'ou ² -k'u ³	愁苦	distressed (hsin ¹ chiao ¹).
ch'ou ² -jung ³	愁容	a sorrowful countenance.
ch'ou ² -mei ² -pu ¹ -chan ³	愁眉不展	{ lowering eyebrows, a melancholy expression
ch'ou ² -mên ⁴	愁悶	{ (so ³ mei ² t'ou ² , mei ² t'ou ² pu ¹ chan ³).
		grieved, sorry, melancholy, sad.

'ou ² -ssŭ ¹ -wang ⁴	愁思妄想	moping fancies.
'ou ² -ssŭ ³	愁死	to die of grief.
'ou ² 酉 酌 酌	酬 258b51b	to return the compliment, to give an equivalent.
'ou ² -ên ¹	酬恩	to thank.
'ou ² -ên ¹ -chì ⁴	酬恩祭	the thank-offering (of the Jews).
'ou ² -hsieh ⁴	酬謝	to return thanks.
'ou ² -k'ó ⁴	酬客	to return an invitation, etc.
'ou ² -lao ³	酬勞	to reward for services performed.
'ou ² -pao ⁴	酬報	to repay, to requite.
'ou ² -ta ¹	酬答	to compensate, to recompense.
'ou ² -ying ⁴	酬應	same (ying ⁴ ch'ou ²).
'ou ² 人	仇 259a52a	to unite; a pair; hatred, animosity; proud enemies.
'ou ² -chia ¹	仇家	animosity, hatred (yŭan ¹ ch'ou ² , hsieh ² ch'ou ²).
'ou ² -hên ⁴	仇恨	an enemy.
'ou ² -jên ²	仇人	enmity as deep as the sea.
'ou ² -shên ¹ -ssŭ ⁴ -hai ³	仇深似海	an enemy, enemies.
'ou ² -ti ²	仇敵	to wrangle, to fight; to hate, hatred; an enemy.
'ou ² 言 讎	讎 259a52a	enmity ought to be laid aside.
'ou ² -i ⁴ -chieh ³	讎宜解	to withstand, to oppose.
'ou ² -tang ³	讎播	revenge, vengeance (pao ⁴ ch'ou ²).
'ou ² -ying ⁴	讎應	enmity, hatred.
'ou ² -yüan ⁴	讎怨	a company, a party, companion.
'ou ² 人	儔 257a50c	same class of companions.
'ou ² -lei ¹	儔類	companions (t'ung ² pan ⁴).
'ou ² -pan ⁴	儔伴	companions, to reckon, to plain; a tally; a to consider. <i>arrange</i>
'ou ² 竹	籌 257b51a	counters in games.
'ou ² -hua ⁴	籌畫	to plot, to scheme.
'ou ² -ma ³	籌碼	to oversee; an overseer.
'ou ² -mou ²	籌謀	to supply army estimates.
'ou ² -pan ¹	籌辦	to reckon, to count.
'ou ² -pei ¹ -ping ¹ -hsiang ³	籌備兵餉	a plan, a scheme (mou ²).
'ou ² -suan ⁴	籌算	irresolute, undecided, wavering.
'ou ² -ts'ê ⁴	籌策	same (ch'u ² ch'u ²).
'ou ² 足	躊 257c51b	irresolute, making no progress. [chien ¹].
'ou ² -ch'u ²	躊躇	in a quandary, undecided (liang ³ k'o ³ chih ³)
'ou ² -ch'u ² -pu ¹ -chin ¹	躊躇不進	disappointed; deceived.
'ou ² -ch'u ² -pu ¹ -ting ⁴	躊躇不定	undecided, vacillating.
'ou ² 心	惆 258a50c	thick, close, together (hsi ¹ la ¹ la ¹ ti ¹).
'ou ² -chang ⁴	惆悵	thick paste.
'ou ² 禾	稠 258a51c	thick porridge.
'ou ² -chiang ⁴ -tzŭ ³	稠鏡子	close, thick, dense.
'ou ² -chou ¹	稠粥	
'ou ² -mi ⁴	稠密	

CH'OU³ch'ou³-rh²ch'ou³-shih²ch'ou³-yüeh⁴ch'ou³ch'ou³-chün⁴ch'ou³-lou⁴ch'ou³-lou⁴-pu⁴-k'an¹ch'ou³-mei³ch'ou³-mìng²ch'ou³-nü³ch'ou³-o⁴ch'ou³-shih⁴ch'ou³-t'ai⁴ch'ou³ 目 矚 睇 矚ch'ou³-ch'u¹-p'ien⁴-i⁴ch'ou³-chun³-liao³ch'ou³-lêng¹-tzü³ch'ou³-pu⁴-chien⁴ch'ou³-t'ai⁴-i¹-yen³一 丑^{259b52b}

兒

丑時

丑月

酉 醜^{258c52e}

醜俊

醜陋

醜陋不堪

醜美

醜名

醜女

醜惡

醜事

醜態

矚^{257c963b}

矚出便宜

矚準了

矚凌子

矚不見

矚他一眼

horary character : 1 to 3 o'clock, A.M.

a comedian, a jester (hsiao³ ch'ou³).

1 to 3 o'clock A.M.

the 12th month. See Note 32.

ugly, deformed, hateful, offensive ; to detest.

ugly and handsome.

ugly, ill-favoured (ai⁴ yen³),

very ugly.

ugly and handsome.

a disgraceful reputation.

an ugly women.

very ugly.

a disgraceful affair.

an ugly thing.

to look, to see (ch'iao²).

saw a chance to make gain.

saw with certainty.

to look askance.

I cannot see it.

to take a look (scornful, etc.) (ti⁴ ko⁴ yen³ sé⁴)CH'OU⁴ch'ou⁴-ch'i³ch'ou⁴-ch'un¹-shu⁴ch'ou⁴-ch'ung²ch'ou⁴-hsing¹ch'ou⁴-hung¹-hung¹-ti¹ 臭 羶 羶 的ch'ou⁴-lan¹ch'ou⁴-mìng²ch'ou⁴-shan¹ch'ou⁴-tsui³ch'ou⁴-wei⁴自 臭^{259b52e}

臭氣

臭椿樹

臭虫

臭腥

臭羶羶的

臭爛

臭名

臭羶

臭嘴

臭味

scent, perfume, smell, stink, stinking.

stinking atmosphere, a bad smell.

ill smelling ailantus.

the bed-bug (ko⁴ tsao³).

rancid, tainted.

very rank, stinking, noisome.

rotten, decayed (hsiu² huai⁴).

bad reputation.

rank, frowsy, fetid.

vile language.

stink, effluvia.

CHU¹chu¹-hsi¹chu¹-hung²-sé⁴chu¹-i¹chu¹-i¹-shên²chu¹-sé⁴chu¹-t'ai²chu¹-tzü³-chia¹-hsün⁴chu¹-ying¹chu¹ (tzü)木 朱^{263a85a}

朱熹

朱紅色

朱衣

朱衣神

朱色

朱桃

朱子家訓

朱櫻

珠^{263a85b}vermilion, red (also *shu*).

[A.D. 1130-1200]

the standard commentator on the Classics. R. 25

bright red colour.

red clothes.

[ch'ang]

the attendant on the God of Literature (Wên

vermilion colour.

a very red kind of cherry.

"family instruction" by Chu Fu-tzū.

a sort of cherry.

a pearl, a bead. R. 24 (chên¹ chu¹).

hu ¹ -hua ¹	珠花	pearl flowers.
hu ¹ -i ¹ -ch'uan ⁴	珠一串	a string of pearls.
hu ¹ -i ¹ -k'o ¹	珠一顆	one pearl.
hu ¹ -kuan ¹	珠冠	female caps hanging with pearls (kuan ¹ miep ³).
hu ¹ -lan ²	珠蘭 (茶)	the Chloranthus; name of a tea.
hu ¹ -lien ²	珠簾	a screen.
hu ¹ -pao ³	珠寶	pearls and precious stones.
hu ¹ -pao ³ -shih ⁴	珠寶市	market for gems.
hu ¹ -pao ³ -yü ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	珠寶玉器	pearls and jewelry.
hu ¹	石 硃 ^{264a86a}	vermilion, Imperial (yin ³ chu ¹).
hu ¹ -chüan ⁴	硃卷	red essays, those of successful candidates.
hu ¹ -hung ² -sé ⁴	硃紅色	vermilion colour.
hu ¹ -hung ² -ting ³ -tai ⁴	硃紅頂戴	vermilion red button.
hu ¹ -pi ³	硃筆 (or 朱)	a vermilion pencil, the imperial pencil.
hu ¹ -p'i ¹	硃批	the imperial reply.
hu ¹ -sha ¹	硃砂	cinnabar.
hu ¹	犬 豬 ^{265b87b}	the pig, swine.
hu ¹ -ch'üan ⁴	豬圈	a pig-sty or pen.
hu ¹ -héng ¹	豬哼	a pig's grunt.
hu ¹ -i ¹ -chih ¹	豬一隻	one pig.
hu ¹ -jou ⁴	豬肉	pork (ta ⁴ jou ⁴).
hu ¹ -kou ³	豬狗	pigs and dogs.
hu ¹ -kung ³	豬貢	hog roots up (the earth).
hu ¹ -li ³ -chi ³	豬裡脊	pork tender-loin.
hu ¹ -mao ²	豬毛	pig's bristles.
hu ¹ -mao ² -ts'ai ⁴	豬毛菜	sort of plant.
hu ¹ -pa ² -chieh ⁴	豬八戒	laughable character in Hsi Yu Chi. M, 211.
hu ¹ -p'ai ² -ku ²	豬排骨	pork chops.
hu ¹ -tsü ³	豬子	a young pig.
hu ¹ -wo ¹	豬窩	a pig-sty.
hu ¹ -yang ²	豬羊	pigs and sheep.
hu ¹ -yu ²	豬油	lard.
hu ¹	言 諸 ^{265c86c}	many, all, the whole of, every (chung ⁴).
hu ¹ -ch'in ¹ -yu ³	諸親友	all relatives and friends.
hu ¹ -ch'u ⁴	諸處	every place, all places.
hu ¹ -fan ²	諸凡	all, everything.
hu ¹ -hou ²	諸侯	nobles or princes of feudal states.
hu ¹ -i ¹	諸醫	"all the doctors," the faculty.
hu ¹ -jên ²	諸人	all persons.
hu ¹ -ko ³ -liang ⁴	諸葛亮	famous general of antiquity. M. 211 (A. D. 181- [234].
hu ¹ -k'o ⁴	諸客	the whole of the guests.
hu ¹ -kung ¹	諸公	all the gentlemen.
hu ¹ -kuo ²	諸國	all kingdoms.

chu¹-pan¹ 諸般
chu¹-p in³-ming²-ch a³ 諸品名茶
chu¹-shih⁴ 諸事
chu¹-shih⁴-sui²-hsin¹ 諸事遂心
chu¹ ti⁴-tzŭ³ 諸弟子
chu¹-to¹-tsui⁴-o⁴ 諸多罪惡家
chu¹-tzŭ²-pai³-chua¹ 諸子百家
chu¹-wei⁴ 諸位
chu¹-wei¹-ch'in¹-p'êng¹ 諸位親朋
chu¹-yang⁴-hua¹-ts'ao³ 諸樣花草
chu¹ 言 誅 264bS6b
chu¹-lu⁴ 誅戮
chu¹-mieh⁴ 誅滅
chŭ¹ 虫 蠶 蛛 264bS6b
chu¹-chu¹-wang³ 蛛蛛網
chŭ¹ 木 株 263bS5b
chu -shou³ 株守

CHU² (*tzŭ*) 竹 269a95a
chu²-chŭ¹ 竹鷄
chu²-ch'ŭ⁴ 竹器
chu²-chieh² 竹節
chu²-chien³ 竹簡
chu²-chien⁴ 竹箭
chu²-chih³ 竹紙
chu²-ch'ing¹ 竹青
chu²-ch'uang² 竹牀
chu²-fu¹-jên² 竹夫人
chu²-huang² 竹黃
chu²-i³-tzŭ³ 竹子
chu²-kan¹ 竹竿
chu²-kan¹ 竹杆
chu²-kan¹-fa² 竹杆筏
chu²-kang⁴ 竹杠
chŭ²-lien²-tzŭ³ 竹簾子
chu²-lin² 竹林
chu²-mi¹-tzŭ³ 竹篾子
chu²-pan³ 竹板
chu²-p'ei¹ 竹披
chu²-pi⁴ 竹筵
chu²-pu⁴ 竹布
chu²-sun³ 竹笋
chu²-t'ung² 竹筒

every kind or sort.
 all sorts of famous teas.
 everything.
 may all go as you desire !
 all pupils or juniors.
 all sorts of crime.
 philosophers of the various schools.
 all the gentlemen,
 my friends !
 all sorts of flowers.
 to put to death, to destroy, to kill.
 to behead, execute.
 to utterly exterminate.
 the spider (*chih¹ chu¹*).
 a spider's web.
 the trunk of a tree. Numerative of trees.
 in obscurity, unable to come to the front.
 the bamboo (60 varieties).
 the snipe.
 bamboo ware.
 the joints of bamboo.
 bamboo slips (formerly used for books).
 bamboo arrows.
 bamboo-made paper.
 bamboo skin or bark (a medicine).
 bed made of bamboo.
 bed leg-rest in hot weather.
 the tabasheer drug.
 a bamboo chair.
 bamboo canes.
 a bamboo pole or stick.
 a bamboo raft.
 a bamboo pole (for carrying).
 a bamboo screen.
 a bamboo grove (name of an ancient club).
 thin flat slips of bamboo.
 bamboo sticks (split).
 split bamboo.
 a bamboo fence or wall.
 bamboo cloth-cotton texture.
 bamboo shoots.
 a bamboo tube (answers the purpose of a till)

u²-yeh⁴-ch'ing¹
 u²
 u²-h'eng²
 u²-fang³
 u²-t'a³
 u²-t'an²
 u²-t'an²-hsien⁴-chi⁴
 u²
 u²-chao⁴
 u²-chien³
 u²-hua¹
 u²-yen⁴
 u²-ying³
 u²
 u²-ch'ü¹
 u²-ch'u¹-kuei³

竹
 築^{266b96b}
 築城
 築房
 築塔
 築壇
 築壇獻祭
 燭^{266b97a}
 燭照
 燭剪
 燭花
 燭燄
 燭影
 逐^{267b97c}
 逐出
 逐出鬼

a kind of wine.
 to build walls or houses (kai⁴, hsiu¹, tsao⁴).
 to build a city wall.
 to build a house.
 to build a pagoda.
 to erect an altar.
 to erect an altar and sacrifice. [chu³].
 a candle; the light of candle; to illumine (la⁴
 to illumine.
 snuffers (la⁴ nieh⁴ tzu³).
 charred wick of candle.
 flame of candle. [candle.
 "light and shadow," the light thrown by a
 to expel, to drive away; to attend to each in
 to expel (nien³ ch'u¹ ch'ü⁴). [turn.
 to drive out devils.

HU³ (tzü)
 u³-chang¹
 u³-chi⁴
 u³-chia¹
 u³-chih⁴
 u³-ku⁴
 u³-hun¹
 u³-i⁴
 u³-jên³
 u³-jih⁴
 u³-k'ao³
 u³-ku⁴
 u³-kung¹
 u³-ling⁴
 u³-mou³
 u³-mu³
 u³-pi³
 u³-pin¹
 u³-pu⁴
 u³ pu⁴-tê³
 u³ p'u²
 u³ p'u²-êrh⁴-jên²
 u³-shih⁴
 u³-shou³
 u³-tsai³

主^{260a87c}
 主張
 主祭
 主家
 主治
 主戶
 主婚
 主意
 主人
 主日
 主考
 主顧
 主公
 主令
 主謀
 主母
 主筆
 主賓
 主簿
 主不得
 主僕
 主僕二人
 主事
 主守
 主宰

[cipal].
 a lord, master or sovereign; the chief, the prin-
 to manage, to direct; opinion, will.
 the leader in sacrificing.
 head of a family.
 to rule, to govern, to regulate.
 well-to-do farmer (fu⁴ hu⁴, ts'ai² chu³).
 promoter of a marriage (mei² jên²).
 decision, will, determination; a plan, a method.
 a host, a master (tung¹ chia¹, chang³ kuei⁴ ti¹).
 the Lord's day, Sabbath (an¹ hsi¹ jih⁴). [yüan⁴].
 imperial examiner of students. G. 479 (hsiao³
 a patron, a protector; a customer (chao⁴ ku⁴).
 a lord, a master, a prince; your highness.
 to order (fên¹ fu⁴).
 a scheme, a project.
 a mistress.
 an editor.
 host and guest. [istrate.
 a record keeper, an accountant; a small mag-
 I cannot take it on me to decide or manage.
 master and servant.
 the master and his servant (going together).
 (manager, a second-class Ass. Sec. in Board
 } (tang¹ chia¹).
 to keep, to guard, to protect; a keeper, etc.
 to rule, to control; the Supreme; a ruler.

chu³ 手才 拄^{261c88b}
chu³-chang⁴ 拄杖
chu³-kuai³ 拄拐
chu³-kun⁴ 拄棍
chu³ 口囑 囑^{266b96c}
chu³-fu⁴ 囑附
chu³-huang²-tao⁴-hei¹ 囑黃道黑
chu³-shu¹ 囑書
chu³-t'ou¹ 囑託
chu³ 火 煮^{264c88c}
chu³ 煮
chu³-fan⁴ 煮飯
chu³-jou⁴ 煮肉
chu³-lan¹-liao³ 煮爛了
chu³-shou²-liao³ 煮熟了
chu³-t'ou¹-liao³ 煮透了
chu³-t'u³ 煮土

to prop, to support ; a prop, a support.
 to walk with a stick for support ; a crutch.
 to walk with a stick ; a stick, a crutch (kuai³ same).
 to direct, to enjoin, to give orders or directions to.
 to order, to enjoin, to bid (fên¹ fu⁴).
 a tattler.
 a parent's will (left at death) (i² ming⁴).
 to tell or request to do.
 to boil, to decoct ; boiled, decocted (ao², p'ao¹).
 same (ch'ui¹).
 to boil rice.
 to boil meat (tun⁴ jou⁴).
 boiled too much.
 boiled properly or sufficiently.
 boiled thoroughly.
 to boil opium (ao² t'u³).

CHU⁴ 人 住^{261a89b}
chu⁴-chai² 住宅
chu⁴-ch'êng² 住城
chu⁴-chia¹ 住家
chu⁴-ch'ih³ 住持
chu⁴-ch'u¹ 住處
chu⁴-fang²-ti¹ 住房的
chu⁴-hsia⁴ 住下
chu⁴-hsiang¹ 住鄉
chu⁴-hsiu³ (hsü) 住宿
chu⁴-kung¹-mén² 住公門
chu⁴-liao³-chi¹-t'ien¹ 住了幾天
chu⁴-liao³-k'ou³ 住了口
chu⁴-miao⁴ 住廟
chu⁴-mu¹ 住目
chu⁴ pu¹.chu⁴ 住不住
chu⁴-pu⁴-k'ai¹ 住不鬧
chu⁴-shou³ 住手
chu⁴-t'ou² 住頭
chu⁴-tsai⁴-shui²-chia¹ 住在誰家
chu⁴-tsui³ 住嘴
chu⁴-tien⁴ 住店
chu⁴-ya²-mén² 住衙門
chu⁴ 力 助^{268a90b}
chu⁴-chên⁴ 助陣

to inhabit, to dwell ; to stop, to cease. M. 192.
 a residence (chai² tzü³).
 to live in a city.
 a private house.
 to manage ; to reside in (priests).
 a residence, one's dwelling place (hsia⁴ ch'u⁴).
 occupant of a room.
 to reside ; to stop, to cease.
 to live in a village.
 to stay a night.
 to live in a yamên.
 staid a few days.
 stopped the mouth, stop your mouth.
 to reside in a temple.
 to fix the eyes on.
 cannot stay.
 insufficient room to accommodate.
 to stop the hand, to cease working.
 staying time (tai⁴ t'ou²).
 with whom are you staying ?
 to stop eating.
 to stay at an inn.
 to be in public employ.
 to help ; aid, succor, help, assistance (pang¹).
 aid in battle.

<i>u⁴-ch'ien²</i>	助錢	to assist with money.
<i>u⁴-li⁴</i>	助力	to assist manually.
<i>u⁴-mang²</i>	助忙	to assist when one is busy (pang ¹ mang ²).
<i>u⁴-pei⁴</i>	助臂	to lend a hand.
<i>u⁴-shih⁴</i>	助事	a "helper."
<i>u⁴ (tzü) Ken¹</i>	木柱	a post or pillar; to support, to sustain.
<i>u⁴-chiao³</i>	柱腳	the foot of a pillar (ming ² chu ⁴).
<i>u⁴-ting² shih²</i>	柱頂石	stone base of a pillar.
<i>u⁴-tun¹</i>	柱墩	same.
<i>u⁴</i>	言註	to make notes, to explain; a commentary.
<i>u⁴-chang⁴</i>	註賬	to charge on an account (hsieh ³ chang ⁴).
<i>u⁴-chieh³</i>	註解	a commentary, an explanation (hsiao ³ chu ⁴).
<i>u⁴ ming²</i>	註明	to make clear.
<i>u⁴-shu⁴</i>	註書	to make notes on books.
<i>u⁴-ts'ê⁴</i>	註册	a commentary.
<i>u⁴-tzü²</i>	註子	a commentary, notes.
<i>u⁴</i>	水注	water flowing; to illustrate, to fix eyes on.
<i>u⁴-hsiang⁴</i>	注向	to tend towards.
<i>u⁴-i⁴</i>	注意	to pay attention to, to be attentive.
<i>u⁴-ming²</i>	注明	to comment upon.
<i>u⁴-mu⁴-wang⁴-t'ien¹</i>	注目望天	fixedly gazing up to heaven. [cantonments.
<i>u⁴</i>	馬駐	to halt and rest; an encampment, [ministers, etc.
<i>u⁴-chu²</i>	駐劄	to reside, to station at, e. g., garrisons, foreign
<i>u⁴-fang²</i>	駐防	bannermen quartered in the provinces. G. 417.
<i>u⁴-fang²-ch'êng²</i>	駐防城	a city in which bannermen are quartered.
<i>u⁴-tsu¹ (cha¹)</i>	駐紮	to be stationed at.
<i>u⁴</i>	示祝	praises, thanksgivings; to pray.
<i>u⁴-fú²</i>	祝福	to pray for a blessing upon.
<i>u⁴-hsieh⁴</i>	祝謝	to give thanks to God.
<i>u⁴-kao⁴</i>	祝告	to pray (tao ³ kao ⁴).
<i>u⁴-pan³</i>	祝版	the board on which prayers are inscribed.
<i>u⁴-shou⁴</i>	祝壽	birthday congratulations (ch'ing ³ shou ⁴).
<i>u⁴-tao³</i>	祝禱	to pray.
<i>u⁴-tsan¹</i>	祝讚	to praise, to offer thanksgivings (tsan ¹ mei ³).
<i>u⁴</i>	金鑄	to cast metal.
<i>u⁴-ch'ien²</i>	鑄錢	to cast money (kuan ¹ lu ²).
<i>u⁴-chia³-ting³</i>	鑄九鼎	the nine tripods made by King Yü.
<i>u⁴-chung¹</i>	鑄鐘	to cast a bell.
<i>u⁴-p'ao⁴</i>	鑄砲	to cast cannon.
<i>u⁴-t'ieh³ chü²</i>	鑄鐵局	metal-casting factory.
<i>u⁴-yin⁴-chü²</i>	鑄印局	the official seal foundry in Peking.
<i>u⁴ (tzü)</i>	竹箸	chopsticks (k'uai ⁴ tzü ³).
<i>u⁴</i>	筴	same.

chu ⁴ -ch'ih ²		筯匙	chopsticks and spoons.
chu ⁴ -lung ² -tzü ³		筯籠子	a chopstick case (k'uai ⁴ lung ² tzü ³).
chu ⁴	貝	貯 268b91a	to accumulate, to store up, to hoard; a hoard.
chu ⁴ -k'ü ⁴		貯庫	store in the treasury.
chu ⁴ -shou ¹		貯收	to store up (chi ¹ hsü).
chu ⁴ -ts'ang ²		貯藏	same.
chu ⁴ -ts'un ²		貯存	same.
chu ⁴	虫	蛀 262a89a	a kind of book worm.
chu ⁴ -lan ⁴ -liao ³		蛀爛了	eaten by worms or insects.
chu ⁴ -liao ³ -k'ü ¹ -lung ²		蛀了窟窿	eaten a hole through (worms).
chu ⁴ -mu ⁴ -ch'ung ²		蛀木蟲	a wood-boring insect.
chu ⁴	火	炷 262a89a	a lamp wick. Numerative of incense sticks (chu ⁴ hsiang ¹).
chu ⁴	艸 井	著 265a90b	clear, publish. See cho ² .
chu ⁴	竹	筮 269a95b	bamboo, 天竺 蘭, India.
chu ⁴	米	粥 254b97b	gruel, congee. See chou ¹ .

CH'U¹

ch'u ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	口	出 269c98a	to go forth or out; to produce, to beget. M. 94.
ch'u ¹ -ch'an ²		出 攷	contre-temps, accident.
ch'u ¹ -ch'ang ²		出 產	natural products (t'u ³ ch'an ²).
ch'u ¹ -ch'ên ²		出 場	to leave the examination hall.
ch'u ¹ -ch'êng ²		出 征	to go to war (ta ³ ch'ang ⁴ , ch'u ¹ shih ¹).
ch'u ¹ -ch'î ²		出 城	to go out of the city.
ch'u ¹ -ch'î ²		出 奇	extraordinary (hsi ¹ han ²).
ch'u ¹ -ch'î ²		出 氣	vent for anger, aspirated (character) (ch'î ⁴).
ch'u ¹ -chia ¹		出 家	to become a priest.
ch'u ¹ -chia ¹ -tî ¹		出 家 的	priests (ho ² shang ⁴).
ch'u ¹ -chia ⁴		出 嫁	to marry out a daughter.
ch'u ¹ -chia ⁴ -tî ¹		出 嫁 的	a wife (ch'î ¹ tzü ²).
ch'u ¹ -chiang ⁴		出 將	a general; the exit of stage directions.
ch'u ¹ -chiung ⁴ -ju ¹ -hsiang ⁴		出 將 入 相	exit and ingress (of stage).
ch'u ¹ -chiao ⁴		出 教	to put out of the church.
ch'u ¹ -ch'iao ⁴		出 鞘	out of the scabbard.
ch'u ¹ -chieh ³		出 街	to go in the street, to go from home.
ch'u ¹ -chieh ³		出 結	to arrange and draw up a settlement.
ch'u ¹ -ch'ien ²		出 錢	to expend money.
ch'u ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		出 去	to go out.
ch'u ¹ -ch'üeh ²		出 決	day of execution.
ch'u ¹ -ch'üeh ³		出 缺	to make a vacancy (pi ³ ch'üeh ³).
ch'u ¹ -ch'u ³ -î ¹		出 主 意	to put forth an idea or plan; to resolve.
ch'u ¹ -ch'ü ³		出 處	origin, factory.
ch'u ¹ -chung ⁴		出 衆	to rise superior to all others, great eminence.
ch'u ¹ -fan ²		出 凡	to rise above the generality.
ch'u ¹ -han ⁴		出 汗	to perspire (liu ² han ⁴).

ch'u ¹ -hsi ²	出息	to make profit ; interest, benefit (li ¹ hsi ²).
ch'u ¹ -hsiang ¹	出相	worthy of note, remarkable.
ch'u ¹ -hsiao ²	出學	to leave school ; to become an M. A.
ch'u ¹ -hsien ⁴	出現	to appear, to come forth.
ch'u ¹ -hsing ²	出行	to go on a journey (ch'u ¹ mên ²).
ch'u ¹ -i ¹ -chien ⁴ -shih ⁴	出一件事	something happened.
ch'u ¹ -jê ² -i ¹ -wai ¹	出人意外	unexpected.
ch'u ¹ -ju ⁴	出入	to go out and in.
ch'u ¹ -ju ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -chang ⁴	出入清賬	receipts and payments cleared off.
ch'u ¹ -ju ⁴ -kuun ¹ -mên ²	出入關門	in going out or in shut the door.
ch'u ¹ -ko ²	出格	to issue a notice ; out of rule.
ch'u ¹ -ko ²	出閣	to marry (of the woman) (ch'ieh ³ ch'in ¹).
ch'u ¹ -k'ou ³	出口	to leave a port (chin ⁴ k'ou ³).
ch'u ¹ -k'ou ³ -shui ⁴	出口稅	export duty.
ch'u ¹ -ku ⁴ -i ¹	出估衣	to sell second-hand clothing.
ch'u ¹ -kung ¹	出恭	to go to stool (la ¹ shih ³ , chieh ³ skou ³).
ch'u ¹ -lai ²	出來	to come out.
ch'u ¹ -lei ⁴ -pa ² -ts'ui ⁴	出類拔萃	to excel.
ch'u ¹ -li ³	出力	to exert strength, to serve the state.
ch'u ¹ -lia ³	出了	to happen, to occur.
ch'u ¹ -lin ⁴	出賃	to let (as a house, etc.) (chao ¹ tsu ¹).
ch'u ¹ -ma ³	出馬	to go to war ; a doctor's visit.
ch'u ¹ -mai ⁴	出賣	for sale, to sell (shou)
ch'u ¹ -mên ²	出門	to go abroad or out ; get married (woman).
ch'u ¹ -mên ² -chien ⁴ -hsi ³	出門見喜	as soon as you go out may you see joy.
ch'u ¹ -mên ² -pai ⁴ -k'o ¹	出門拜客	to go out and pay visits.
ch'u ¹ -ming ² -li ¹	出名的	famous, noted, celebrated.
ch'u ¹ -pan ³	出榜	to publish the list of successful men.
ch'u ¹ -p'iao ⁴	出票	to issue a summons, bill, etc.
ch'u ¹ -pin ⁴	出殯	a funeral, to carry to the grave (pin ⁴ lien ⁴).
ch'u ¹ -ping ¹	出兵	to go to war, to engage in battle.
ch'u ¹ -pu ⁴ -lai ²	出不來	cannot come out,
ch'u ¹ -sê ⁴	出色	above the average, proficient.
ch'u ¹ -shu ⁴	出廈	a verandah, or projecting roof. [shang ⁴].
ch'u ¹ -shung ⁴	出上	I will sacrifice or give up (for the sake of) (huo ³)
ch'u ¹ -s'ang ⁴ -ming ¹	出上命	I will risk my life for it.
ch'u ¹ -shên ⁴	出身	to spring from, to come from ; to enter on career.
ch'u ¹ -shên ⁴ -j ¹	出聲	to call out, to make a noise.
ch'u ¹ -s'ih ¹	出師	to go to war ; to finish an apprenticeship.
ch'u ¹ -sui ⁴	出仕	to leave home for public service.
ch'u ¹ -shih ⁴	出世	to be born ; to die.
ch'u ¹ -shih ⁴	出示	to issue a proclamation.
ch'u ¹ -shou ³ -jên ²	出首人	an informer (chien ¹ hsi ¹).

<i>ch'u¹-ssü⁴</i>	出嗣	to give a child to another.
<i>ch'u¹-t'an¹</i>	出攤	to arrange a stand.
<i>ch'u¹-tang⁴</i>	出當	to pawn out.
<i>ch'u¹-tê²-hsü²</i>	出得俗	to escape being ordinary (literary).
<i>ch'u¹-t'í²</i>	出題	to set a theme.
<i>ch'u¹-t'iao¹</i>	出糶	to sell grain (ti ² liang ² shih ²).
<i>ch'u¹-tien³</i>	出典	the person who mortgages his property, to mort- [gage].
<i>ch'u¹-tien¹-hua¹</i>	出天花	to have the small-pox (shêng ¹ hua ¹).
<i>ch'u¹-tou¹</i>	出痘	to have small-pox (出疹子).
<i>ch'u¹-t'ou²</i>	出頭	to put one's self forward, to bear the responsi- [bility].
<i>ch'u¹-t'ou³ lon⁴-mien⁴</i>	出頭露面	to appear in public (of women) (p'ao ¹ t'ou ² lon ⁴ [mien ⁴].
<i>ch'u¹-t'ou²-ti¹</i>	出頭的	an informer.
<i>ch'u¹-tui⁴</i>	出隊	to march out in order; to go to war.
<i>ch'u¹-wai⁴</i>	出外	to go abroad.
<i>ch'u¹-wai²-tso¹-kuan¹</i>	出外做官	to go abroad as an official.
<i>ch'u¹-ya²</i>	出芽	put forth buds (fa ¹ ya ²).
<i>ch'u¹-yang²</i>	出洋	to export to foreign countries.
<i>ch'u¹-yii²</i>	出於	to proceed from.
<i>ch'u¹-yii²-mien³ -h'iang²</i>	出於勉强	proceeding from restraint.
<i>ch'u¹-yii²-tzh⁴-jen²</i>	出於自然	spontaneous, natural.
<i>ch'u¹-yii²-we²-wei¹</i>	出於無奈	cannot be helped.
<i>ch'u¹-yüan³-mien²</i>	出遠門	to go on a distant journey.
<i>ch'u¹</i>	刀初 ²⁷ 1b91a	to begin, the commencement, at first.
<i>ch'u¹-chi³</i>	初幾	what day of the month is it? (in the first decade).
<i>ch'u¹-ch'í³</i>	初起	the beginning (ch'í ³ ch'u ³ , tang ¹ ch'u ¹). [ance.
<i>ch'u¹-chiao¹</i>	初交	commencement of friendship; or first acquaint-
<i>ch'u¹-chien⁴-mien⁴</i>	初見面	the first meeting of two persons.
<i>ch'u¹-ching¹ (or kêng¹)</i>	初更	the first watch (about 9 to 11 P.M.) (ting ¹ kêng ¹).
<i>ch'u¹-fu²</i>	初伏	the first term after midsummer.
<i>ch'u¹-hsiao²</i>	初學	to begin one's studies.
<i>ch'u¹-hsing⁴</i>	初性	original or natural disposition (pên ³ hsing ⁴).
<i>ch'u¹-hsün²</i>	初旬	the first decade of the month.
<i>ch'u¹-hui⁴</i>	初會	the first meeting (cha ⁴ chien ⁴).
<i>ch'u¹-hun¹</i>	初婚	a first marriage.
<i>ch'u¹-i¹</i>	初一	the first of the month.
<i>ch'u¹-k'ai¹</i>	初開	open for the first time.
<i>ch'u¹-lai²</i>	初來	just come, newly arrived.
<i>ch'u¹-mo⁴</i>	初末	beginning and end (pên ³ mo ⁴).
<i>ch'u¹-san²-jih⁴</i>	初三日	the third day of the moon.
<i>ch'u¹-shêng³</i>	初生	just born.
<i>ch'u¹-shih²</i>	初十	the tenth of the month.
<i>ch'u¹-shih²-chien¹</i>	初時	at first, in the beginning.
<i>ch'u¹-t'zū⁴</i>	初次	the first time.

'u ¹ .tʰ'ü ⁴ .chien ⁴ .mien ⁴	初次見面	the first time of meeting.	[See <i>shu</i> ¹ .
'u ¹ (shu) 木 樞	1002a92a	a hinge; central, indispensable, fundamental.	
H U ² 卓 卩	除	272c92c	to exclude, to deduct, to subtract.
'u ² .c'ih ¹	除支		to deduct payment.
'u ² .chih ¹	除治		to set to rights.
'u ² .ch'ü ⁴	除去		to annul, to remove.
'u ² .ch'üeh ⁴	除却		to annul.
'u ² .f ²	除法		division (arithmetic) (chia ¹ , chien ³ , ch'êng ²).
'u ² .fei ¹	除非		except, to except.
'u ² .fu ²	除服		to lay aside mourning (man ³ fu ²).
'u ² .hai ⁴	除害		to exclude what is hurtful or injurious,
'u ² .hsi ¹	除夕		New Year's Eve.
'u ² .hsiao ¹	除銷		to abrogate, to cancel.
'u ² .jih ⁴	除日		the last day of the year.
'u ² .k'ai ¹	除開		to open out, to remove.
'u ² .kên ¹	除根		to eradicate (wa ¹ miao ² tuan ⁴ kên ¹).
'u ² .liu ³ .t a ¹	除了他		exclude him, leave him out (ch'ü ² fei ¹).
'u ² .mieh ⁴	除滅		to utterly destroy.
'u ² .mien ³	除免		to dispense with; to excuse, to forgive.
'u ² .ming ²	除名		to cut off a name.
'u ² .na ⁴ .ko ¹ .wai ⁴	除那個外		excepting that.
'u ² .pa ²	除拔		to cut off; to pull up; to select,
'u ² .pao ⁴ .an ¹ .liung ²	除暴安良		{ to root out the law-breakers, that good citizens may have peace. [p'i ²].
'u ² .p i ²	除皮		to deduct the tare and find net weight (p'ao ³
'u ² .shu ³	除暑		to pass from the heated term.
'u ² .ti ⁴	除掉		to dispense with.
'u ² .tʰ'ü ³ .j ³ .wai ⁴	除此以外		not including this.
'u ² .yu ³	除莠		to exclude the worthless.
'u ²	耨	272a93c	to cultivate; agriculture, husbandry; to assist,
'u ² .k'êng ¹	耨耕		to till, to cultivate.
'u ² .lien ²	耨鎌		a kind of scythe.
'u ²	金鋤	272a93b	a hoe (ch'üeh ³).
'u ² .pan ³	鋤板		the head of a hoe.
'u ² .ti ⁴	鋤地		to hoe the ground (p'ang ² ti ⁴).
'u ² .t'ou ²	鋤頭		hoe.
'u ²	广厨	272c93a	a kitchen, cook-house, a slaughter-house,
'u ² .fung ²	厨房		same.
'u ² .tsuo ¹	厨灶		a cooking stove, a furnace (lu ³ tzü ³).
'u ² .tzü ³	厨子		a cook (ta ⁴ shih ¹ fr ⁴).
'u ²	足踏	272c93b	undecided, irresolute, embarrassed.
'u ² .ch'ou ²	躊躇		uncertain, irresolute, making no progress.

ch'u ² -ch'u ²		踟躕	
ch'u ² -ch'u ² -pu ⁴ -ting ¹		踟躕不定	
ch'u ²	木	櫥 ○ ○	
ch'u ² -kuei ⁴		櫥櫃	
ch'u ²	艸	芻 273b91c	
ch'u ² -ni ³		芻尼	
ch'u ² -ts'ao ³		芻草	
ch'u ²	隹	雛 273c93b	
ch'u ² -chi ¹		雛鷄	
ch'u ²	齒	齶 271c459b	
ch'u ²	足	躑 273c93b	

CH'U ³	人	儲 274a93a	
ch'u ³ -chi ⁴		儲濟	
ch'u ³ -chün ¹		儲君	
ch'u ³ -shou ¹		儲收	
ch'u ³	木	楚 275b94a	
ch'u ³ -chih ³		楚紙	
ch'u ³ -kuo ²		楚國	
ch'u ³ -shênj ³		楚省	
ch'u ³	木	楮 273c93c	
ch'u ³ -chih ³		楮紙	
ch'u ³ -sang ¹		楮桑	
ch'u ³	木	杵 274b93c	

CH'U ⁴	處	處 274b94c	
ch'u ⁴ -chih ⁴		處制	
ch'u ⁴ -chih ⁴		處治	
ch'u ⁴ -ch'u ⁴		處處	
ch'u ⁴ -fên ⁴		處分	
ch'u ⁴ -hsin ¹		處心	
ch'u ⁴ -huan ³		處館	
ch'u ⁴ -nü ³		處女	
ch'u ⁴ -p'in ² -ch'iu ²		處貧窮	
ch'u ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴		處不下去	
ch'u ⁴ -shu ³		處暑	
ch'u ⁴ -so ³		處所	
ch'u ⁴	田	畜 275c98c	
ch'u ⁴ -lei ⁴		畜類	
ch'u ⁴ -shing ¹		畜生	
ch'u ⁴	目	蠹 276a93c	
ch'u ⁴ -têng ¹		蠹燈	
ch'u ⁴	心	忪 276a99b	

undecided, irresolute, embarrassed (êrh⁴ êrh⁴ [hu² hu²]).

a cupboard, press, cabinet or wardrobe.

same (li⁴ kuei⁴, wo⁴ kuei⁴).

the young of any birds; grass, hay.

a name of the magpie (hsi³ ch'iao³).

grass, weeds.

the young of any birds; a greenhorn.

a young chicken.

[for mance]

a piece, a section. Num. of theatrical per-

undecided, irresolute (ch'ou² ch'u² pu¹ ting⁴).

to collect, to accumulate, to hoard.

stored up in readiness to relieve distress.

the heir apparent (t'ai¹ tzü³).

to collect, to hoard (chi¹ hsü⁴).

plain, distinct, clear, sharp, defined.

a fine kind of white paper.

ancient kingdom of Ch'u, modern Hukuang.

Hupei.

mulberry (sang¹ shu⁴).

paper made of mulberry.

species of mulberry.

a pestle, a beater (chiu⁴).

a place, a circumstance; to stop, to rest. M. 265

to regulate.

to set to rights, punish, e.g., official.

every place (tao⁴ ch'u⁴).

the punishment of official delinquency.

intentionally, of purpose (t'ei¹ i¹).

to fill the position of a teacher or clerk.

a maiden (kuei⁴ nü³).

to occupy the station of a poor man.

cannot be arranged.

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"stopping of heat," one of the terms. See Not

a place, occasion (so³ tsai⁴).

any domesticated animals. See hsü¹.

the domestic kind of animals (tsou³ shou⁴).

domestic animals, a brute; you brute!

upright, straight; to raise, eminent.

to raise a lamp.

timorous, shrinking.

u ⁴ -shih ⁴	怙事	apprehensive of trouble.
u ⁴ -t'i ⁴	怙惕	apprehensive.
UA ¹	手才 抓 ^{276c32a}	to scratch, to seize, to grab.
ua ¹ -chiao ²	抓角	tufts of hair left on child's head.
ua ¹ -chiu ¹	抓鬮	to draw lots (mien ¹ chin ¹ , ch'ou ¹ ch'ien ¹).
ua ¹ -chu ⁴	抓住	to grab, to grasp, to claw.
ua ¹ -chu ⁴ -li ³ .la ¹	抓住理喇	grasped the doctrine firmly.
ua ¹ -êrh ³ .nao ² .sai ¹	抓耳撓腮	scratching one's ears and cheeks (fig.).
ua ¹ -i ¹ -pa ⁴	抓一把	to grab a handful.
ua ¹ .i ¹ -pa ⁴ -ni ²	抓一把泥	took up a handful of earth.
ua ¹ -jên ²	抓人	to arrest a man.
ua ¹ -liao ³ .lien ³	抓了臉	to scratch one's face.
ua ¹ -p'o ⁴	抓破	to tear with the hand, e. g., scratching.
ua ¹ -tsei ³	抓賊	to capture thieves (pu ³ i ¹).
ua ¹ -tu ³	抓賭	to capture gamblers
ua ¹ -yung ³	抓癢	to scratch one's self.
ua ¹ -yao ⁴ .ts'ai ²	抓藥材	to buy medicines. (hsin ² yao ⁴)
ua ¹	髮髻	mode of braiding a girl's hair.
ua ¹ -chi ⁴	髮髻	mode of dressing a girl's hair. [of.
ua ¹	手才 搗 ^{276b111a}	to beat; to avail one's self of, to take advantage
ua ¹ -ku ³	搗鼓	to beat a drum (lei ² ku ³).
UA ¹ (hu)	欠 欬 ^{507b233c}	sudden, abrupt, startled; to sniff, to growl.
ua ¹ -hsi ¹	欬吸	to sniff.
ua ¹ -t'i ¹ -shêng ¹	欬的一聲	a roaring sound.
UAI ³	足 踉○	to limp, to waddle.
ai ³	車 輓○	to bump or jolt (as a cart on an uneven road).
UAI ⁴	手才 曳 拽 ^{563b2S2c}	to draw, to pull, to drag; throw away. See [yeh ⁴ . to draw, to pull, to drag.
ua ⁴ -la ¹	拽拉	
UAI ¹	手才 搥 ^{277c112a}	to thump; to put into the bosom.
uai ¹ -ch'i ³ -lai ²	搥起來	put it in your pocket (chuang ¹ yao ¹ li ³).
uai ¹ -cho ² -shou ³	搥着手	to put hands in sleeves (hsiu ⁴ shou ²).
uai ¹ -huai ² -li ³	搥懷裏	to put in your bosom.
uai ¹ -mien ⁴	搥麵	to knead dough (kan ³ mien ⁴).
UAI ³	手才 揣 ^{277b112b}	to feel, to grope, to try; to measure.
uai ³ .mo ²	揣摩	to feel for; to estimate, to guess, to conjecture.
uai ³ .mo ¹	揣摸	same (s'ü ¹ so ¹).
uai ³ .mo ² -t'ü ² .cho ²	揣摸得着	to succeed in feeling after (mentally).

ch'uai³-tu⁴

揣度

to estimate.

CH'UAI¹足 踹^{277b11c}ch'uai¹-juan³-so³

踹 軟索

to beat or stamp with the foot; the heel.

ch'uai¹-liao³ i²-chiao³

踹 了一脚

to walk the slack rope.

ch'uai¹-ssü³

踹 死

stamped the foot (to⁴ chiao³).to stamp to death (ts'ai³ ssü³ liao³).CHUAN¹寸 專^{278a116a}chuan¹ ai⁴-shuo¹-huan²

專 愛說謊

singly, solely, specially, in particular.

chuan¹-ch'êng²

專 誠

specially fond of lying.

chuan¹-ch'êng²-pai⁴

專 誠拜謁

devoted sincerity; singleness of purpose.

chuan¹-chih⁴

專 志

specially for visiting purposes (on cards).

chuan¹-ch'üan²

專 權

with full determination (chü¹ hsin¹).chuan¹-hsin¹

專 心

sole control.

chuan¹-hsin¹-chih⁴-chih⁴

專 心致志

enthusiastic, with the whole heart.

chuan¹-hui⁴-ch'ih⁴-tsui³

專 會吃嘴

singleness and fixedness of purpose (Mencius

chuan¹-hui⁴-hung¹-p'ien

專 會哄騙

a specialty for free meals.

chuan¹-i¹

專 一

special talent for deceiving.

chuan¹-i⁴

專 意

to apply the mind to one thing.

chuan¹-k'ao¹-tzu¹-chi³

專 靠自己

close application or attention.

chuan¹-l⁴

專 力

sole trust in one's self.

chuan¹-mén²

專 門

a special application of strength.

chuan¹-shuo¹

專 說

a specialist, an expert.

chuan¹-têng³

專 等

to speak of specially.

chuan¹-wei²

專 爲

waiting for specially; particular sorts.

chuan¹-wu⁴

專 務

on purpose (t'ei⁴ i⁴).chuan¹石 磚^{278c117a}

close application to business.

chuan¹

瓦 甃

bricks, tiles, or flags.

chuan¹-ti⁴

甃 地

same (p'i¹ k'uai⁴).chuan¹-t'ou²

甃 頭

a brick floor.

chuan¹-wa³

甃 瓦

bricks.

chuan¹-yao²

甃 窑

bricks and tiles.

chuan¹而 崙^{279c116a}

a brick-kiln.

the origin or source; singly, solely, special.

CHUAN³車 轉^{278c117b}chuan³-chin¹

轉 筋

to turn round or about, to transport; (also

chuan³-ch'in²

轉 求

spasms, convulsions, cramps (ch'ou¹ i¹ chéchuan³-hsiang⁴

轉 向

to intercede for.

chuan³-hui²

轉 回

to lose one's bearings, to become confused.

chuan³-hui²-chia¹-hsiang¹

轉 回家鄉

to turn round.

chuan³-hui²-lai²

轉 回來

returned home.

chuan³-huo⁴-u ei²-fu²

轉 禍爲福

to turn back.

chuan³-kuo⁴-lai²

轉 過來

to turn misfortune into happiness.

to turn around.

uan³-liao³-ko⁴-ch'uan¹ 轉了個圈
 an³-lien³ 轉臉
 an³-lu⁴-tsou³ 轉路走
 an³-mai⁴ 轉賣
 an³-nien² 轉年
 an³-pei⁴ 轉背
 an³-pên³-yü⁴-shih³ 轉本御史
 an³-ping³-t'ieh¹ 轉稟帖
 an³-shên¹ 轉身
 an⁴-shêng¹ 轉生
 an³-sung⁴ 轉送
 an⁴-ti⁴ 轉遞
 an⁴-tung⁴ 轉動
 an⁴-wan¹ 轉彎
 an⁴-wan¹-mo⁴-chiao¹ 轉彎抹角
 an³-yen³ 轉眼
 an³-yün⁴ 轉運
 an³-yün⁴-chü² 轉運局

to make a circuit. [(yüan² shang⁴ lien³).
 to get out of a difficulty without loss of face
 to go by a round about way.
 to resell.
 next year (ning² nien²).
 to turn round, to turn back.
 a censor who forwards memorials for others.
 to transmit a petition.
 to send on, to pass on.
 transmigration (t'o¹ shêng¹).
 to turn the body (fan³ shên¹).
 to transfer, to forward on.
 to revolve, to turn over.
 to wind about, to go round a corner.
 a road with many turnings (wan¹ ch'ü¹).
 to turn the eyes.
 change in luck; retransport goods.
 an office for retransport of goods.

UAN⁴ 貝賺賺 賺280a13b
 an⁴-ch'ien³ 賺錢
 an⁴-jên³ 賺人
 an⁴-t'a¹-ti¹ 賺他的
 an⁴-t'ou³ 賺頭
 an⁴ 竹 筭280b118a
 an⁴-shu¹ 筭書
 an⁴-tzü⁴ 筭字
 an⁴ 手才 撰280a118b
 an⁴-chih⁴ 撰制
 an⁴-tzü⁴ 撰字
 an⁴-wên³ 撰文
 an⁴ 食饗 饗280a118b
 an⁴ 人傳 傳282a119c

to earn money by trade, etc., to undersell.
 to earn money (cr. Ch'uan¹ ch'ien²).
 to cheat a person.
 to make money out of him.
 something gained, profit.
 the seal character; a seal.
 books or documents in the seal character.
 the seal character.
 to arrange, to prepare; to make, to compose.
 to compose.
 same.
 to compose literature, etc.
 food, provisions, victuals (yung⁴ chuan⁴).
 See ch'uan².

CH'UAN¹ 穴 穿281b119a
 h'uan¹-cha¹ 穿紫
 h'uan¹-ch'ao²-fu⁴ 穿朝服
 h'uan¹-chên² 穿針
 h'uan¹-ching³ 穿井
 h'uan¹-chü¹ 穿裙
 h'uan¹-ch'u¹-mên²-tzü³ 穿出門子
 h'uan¹-êrh³ 穿耳
 h'uan¹-fang²-ju⁴-hu⁴ 穿房入戶

to put on, to dress; to bore, to enter, to insert.
 to dress up, to trick out.
 to wear court robes.
 to thread a needle (jên⁴ chên¹).
 to dig or bore a well (wa¹ ching³).
 to wear a skirt.
 to frequent bawdy houses (kuang⁴ yao² tzü³).
 to bore the ears (cha¹ êrh³ to³).
 to have the run of a house.

ch'uan ¹ -hsiao ⁴	穿孝	to wear mourning (chü ¹ sang ¹),
ch'uan ¹ -hsieh ²	穿鞋	to put on shoes.
ch'uan ¹ -hsin ¹ -ching ⁴	穿心鏡	a large mirror ; a dressing glass.
ch'uan ¹ -hsing ² -tien ⁴	穿行店	an inn with gates at both sides.
ch'uan ¹ -hsüeh ¹ -tzü ³	穿靴子	to put on boots.
ch'uan ¹ -hsüeh ⁴ -êrh ² -ju ⁴	穿穴而入	to go through a hole and enter.
ch'uan ¹ -huan ⁴	穿換	intimate (friends or business) (lai ² wang ³),
ch'uan ¹ -hung ² -kua ⁴ -lü ¹	穿紅掛綠	gaily dressed (women).
ch'uan ¹ -i ¹ -ching ⁴	穿衣鏡	a dressing glass.
ch'uan ¹ -i ¹ -fu ²	穿衣服	to put on clothes (shou ⁴ ch'uan ¹),
ch'uan ¹ -i ¹ -shang ¹	穿衣裳	same.
ch'uan ¹ -k'ai ³ -chia ³	穿鎧甲	to wear a suit of armor.
ch'uan ¹ -k'u ¹ -t-zü ³	穿褲子	to put on trousers (t'un ⁴ k'u ¹).
ch'uan ¹ -kuan ⁴	穿貫	to string, to connect.
ch'uan ¹ -kuny ¹ -nei ⁴ -shih ⁴	穿宮內侍	(卽太監) a eunuch.
ch'uan ¹ -lang ²	穿廊	a hall, a passage (kuo ¹ t'ing ¹).
ch'uan ¹ -mang ³ -p'ao ²	穿蟒袍	to wear court robes.
ch'uan ¹ -pi ² -t-zü ³	穿鼻子	to bore a hole in the nose.
ch'uan ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'i ³	穿不起	cannot afford to wear.
ch'uan ¹ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	穿不住	unable to put on.
ch'uan ¹ -shan ¹ -chia ³	穿山甲	a species of ant-eater (a medicine).
ch'uan ¹ -shang ⁴	穿上	to put on (clothes).
ch'uan ¹ -su ⁴ -fu ⁴	穿素服	to wear ordinary clothes (pien ⁴ i ¹).
ch'uan ¹ -tai ¹	穿戴	"wear on the body and head," apparel.
ch'uan ¹ -t'ang ³ -ta ¹ -sha ⁴	穿堂大廈	large open halls.
ch'uan ¹ -t'ieh ² -tang ¹	穿迭當	to put on properly (dress).
ch'uan ¹ -t'on ⁴	穿透	to penetrate.
ch'uan ¹ -wa ⁴ -t-zü ³	穿襪子	to put on stockings.
ch'uan ¹ -wang ³	穿往	to come and go, intimate.
ch'uan ¹ 川 川 [ts'ai ²	川	280c119a a channel for water, mountain streams.
ch'uan ¹ -kuang ³ -yao ¹ -	川廣藥材	drugs from Szechuan and Canton.
ch'uan ¹ -lien ² -chih ³	川連紙	a good quality of note paper.
ch'uan ¹ -liu ² -pu ⁴ -hsi ³	川流不息	a constant stream, constantly.

CH'UAN ²	舟 船	282c120a	a boat, or vessel of any kind (p'ai ² ch'uan ²).
ch'uan ² -ao ⁴	船澳		a dock (ch'uan ² wu ³).
ch'uan ² -ch'ang ³	船廠		a ship-yard, a navy-yard.
ch'uan ² -ch'ao ⁴	船鈔		tonnage dues.
ch'uan ² -ch'ao ⁴ -yin ²	船鈔銀		same.
ch'uan ² -ch'ên ² -liao ³	船沉了		the ship sank.
ch'uan ² -chia ¹	船家		the crew of a vessel.
ch'uan ² -fan ¹ -liao ³	船翻了		the ship was upset.
ch'uan ² -chih ¹	船隻		vessels, ships (pai ³ tu ⁴).

'uan ² -chu ³	[liao ³	船主	the captain or owner of a vessel (kuan ³ ch'uan ³
'uan ² -chuan ¹ -ch'i ²		船裝齊了	the vessel has finished loading. [ti ¹).
'uan ² -hang ²		船行	a shipping office.
'uan ² -hu ⁴		船戶	a super-cargo or agent, crew.
'uan ² -huo ⁴		船貨	the cargo of vessel.
'uan ² -i ¹ -chih ¹		船一隻	one ship.
'uan ² -k'ao ¹ -ma ³ -t'ou ²		船靠碼頭	the ship moors at the jetty.
'uan ² -mao ²		船錨	the ship's anchor.
'uan ² -mien ⁴		船面	the deck of a ship.
'uan ² -p'êng ²		船篷	sails of a vessel.
'uan ² -pu ¹ -t'ou ²		船埠頭	the port.
'uan ² -shang ³ -fu ² -to ⁴		船上扶舵	to hold the rudder.
'uan ² -shang ³ -ti ¹ -k'o ¹		船上的客	a vessel's passengers.
'uan ² -shên ¹		船身	the hull.
'uan ² -t'iao ⁴ -pan ³		船跳板	the gang-plank.
'uan ² -to ⁴		船舵	a vessel's rudder (pa ⁴ to ⁴).
'uan ² -t'ai ⁴		船載	cargo.
'uan ² -ts'ang ¹		船艙	a vessel's hold, or cabins.
'uan ² -wei ³		船桅	a mast.
'uan ² -wei ³		船尾	the stern.
'uan ² -wu ³		船塢	a dry dock.
'uan ²	人傳	傳 ^{2S2a119c}	[chuan ⁴ . to transmit, to hand down, to propagate. See
'uan ² -chi ² -ni ³		傳給你	to tell you.
'uan ² -ch'i ² -hou ⁴ -shên ³		傳齊候審	to summon all the parties and wait trial.
'uan ² -chia ¹ -pao ³		傳家寶	to hand down family heir-looms; name of a book.
'uan ² -chiao ⁴		傳教	to propagate religion (ch'üan ⁴ jên ²).
'uan ² -chiao ⁴ -t'i ¹		傳教的	one who propagates religion.
'uan ² -chih ³		傳旨	to publish imperial decrees.
'uan ² -fa ³		傳法	to teach methods, etc.
'uan ² -hsia ⁴		傳下	to hand down (i ² liu ² , tsu ³ ch'uan ²).
'uan ² -hsin ⁴		傳信	to proclaim news (on warrants).
'uan ² -hsün ⁴		傳訊	to send for and interrogate.
'uan ² -hua ⁴		傳話	to interpret, to deliver a message, etc. [shih ⁴].
'uan ² -i ⁴		傳驛	a mounted courier, an express. (t'ung ¹
'uan ² -jan ³ -chêng ⁴		傳染症	a contagious or infectious disease.
'uan ² -jên ²		傳人	to order a person to come.
'uan ² -k'ai ¹ -yao ² -yen ²		傳開謠言	to spread false reports (pu ⁴ san ⁴ yao ² yen ²).
'uan ² -kung ¹		傳供	interpreter of <i>patois</i> of witnesses or criminals.
'uan ² -ling ⁴		傳令	to issue orders.
'uan ² -liu ² -hou ⁴ -tai ¹		傳流後代	handed down to posterity.
'uan ² -ming ²		傳名	to spread abroad your fame.
'uan ² -ming ⁴		傳命	to publish a decree or order.
'uan ² -pao ⁴		傳報	to announce.

<i>ch'uan²-pien⁴-t'ien¹-hsia⁴</i>	傳遍天下	universally preached or made known,
<i>ch'uan²-shih⁴-jên²</i>	傳事人	a go-between, a manager for others (<i>chung¹ jên²</i>).
<i>ch'uan²-shou⁴</i>	傳授	to deliver or communicate to; to teach.
<i>ch'uan²-shu¹</i>	傳書	to transmit by books.
<i>ch'uan²-shu⁴</i>	傳述	to narrate.
<i>ch'uan²-shuo¹</i>	傳說	to hand down or transmit by tradition.
<i>ch'uan²-sung⁴</i>	傳送	to send to, to transmit.
<i>ch'uan²-tao⁴</i>	傳道	to promulge good doctrines or principles.
<i>ch'uan²-ti⁴</i>	傳遞	to pass from one to the other, to transmit.
<i>ch'uan²-tien⁴-pao⁴</i>	傳電報	to send a telegram.
<i>ch'uan²-wei⁴</i>	傳位	to transmit the throne to (<i>fu⁴ ch'uan² tzü³</i>).
<i>ch'uan²-wên²</i> [<i>ming²</i>]	傳聞	to declare to, to tell.
<i>ch'uan²-yang²-mei³</i>	傳揚美名	to spread abroad your fair fame.
<i>ch'uan² (tzü³)</i> 木	椽	beams, rafters.

CH'UAN³	舛	舛 ^{283c120c}	error, erroneous; to contradict.
<i>ch'uan³-o²</i>	舛訛		deceived.
<i>ch'uan³-po³</i>	舛駁		contradictory, e. g., evidence (<i>tui⁴ chih², k'ou¹</i>)
<i>ch'uan³-ts'o⁴</i>	舛錯		erroneous, mistaken, error.
<i>ch'uan³-wu³</i>	舛忤		obstinate, perverse, opposing.
<i>ch'uan³</i>	喘	喘 ^{281a120c}	to pant, to breathe short and thick.
<i>ch'uan³-ch'i⁴</i>	喘氣		panting, to pant (<i>k'o² sou⁴, fa¹ ch'uan³</i>).
<i>ch'uan³-ch'uan³</i>	喘喘		same.
<i>ch'uan³-ho²-ho¹-ti¹</i>	喘呵呵的		breathing hard, out of breath.
<i>ch'uan³-hsi²</i>	喘息		panting, to pant.
<i>ch'uan³-hsü¹-hsü¹-ti¹</i>	喘噓噓的		breathless, breathing hard.
<i>ch'uan³-pu⁴-shang⁴-ch'i²</i>	喘不上氣		cannot get one's breath.
<i>ch'uan³-tê¹-kuang¹</i>	喘的慌		same.

CH'UAN⁴	丨	串 ^{283c121b}	to connect, to string together; strung.
<i>ch'uan⁴-ch'ang²</i> [<i>yao⁴</i>]	串腸		to pass through the bowels or mind.
<i>ch'uan⁴-ch'ang²-tu²</i>	串腸毒藥		fatal poison.
<i>ch'uan⁴-ch'ien²</i>	串錢		to string cash (<i>i¹ ch'uan⁴ ch'ien²</i>).
<i>ch'uan⁴-chu¹</i>	串珠		a reference book, marginal reference.
<i>ch'uan⁴-kuan⁴</i>	串貫		to string.
<i>ch'uan⁴-kung¹</i>	串供		evidence leagued together.
<i>ch'uan⁴-ling²</i>	串鈴		a bell in the shape of a ring.
<i>ch'uan⁴-mên²-tzü³</i>	串門子		to visit, to gad about.
<i>ch'uan⁴-mou²</i>	串謀		to intrigue.
<i>ch'uan⁴-p'ao⁴</i>	串炮		a string of crackers (<i>huo³ pien¹, pien¹ p'ao⁴, pao</i>)
<i>ch'uan⁴-t'ung¹</i>	串通		to pass through; to secretly inform.
<i>ch'uan⁴-t'ung²</i>	串同		to connect together.
<i>ch'uan⁴</i>	金	釧 ^{281a121a}	an armband, a bracelet (<i>cho²</i>).

uan⁴-ch'ai¹
uan⁴-tsan¹

釧釵
釧簪

armlets and hair-pins.
same.

UANG¹

衣裝^{285a113b}

to put into, to pack, to contain,

uang¹-ch'é¹

裝車

to put into or load a cart.

uang¹-ch'v²-liao³

裝齊了

all loaded on.

uang¹-ch'iang¹

裝槍

to load a gun.

uang¹-ch'uan²

裝船

to load a vessel.

uang¹-hsiang¹

裝箱

to pack a box.

uang¹-huo⁴

裝貨

to pack goods.

uang¹-k'ou³-tai⁴

裝口袋

to fill a bag.

uang¹-kuei⁴

裝櫃

to sort and count the day's sales.

uang¹-kuo³

裝裹

to dress a corpse.

[ch'êng² lien⁴].

uang¹-lao²

裝老

to dress a parent or grandparent for burial

uang¹-man³-liao³

裝滿了

filled completely.

uang¹-shu⁴

裝束

to dress.

uang¹-ting⁴

裝釘

to bind (books).

uang¹-tsai⁴

裝載

to contain, to load a cargo.

uang¹-yao²-li³

裝腰裡

to put in the pocket.

uang¹-yen¹

裝菸

to fill a pipe with tobacco.

uang¹-yün⁴

裝運

to load, and transport.

uang¹

庄^{284a112c}

farm-house, homesteads, a warehouse; sedate.

uang¹

莊^{285b112a}

sedate—used for preceding.

uang¹-ch'an³-ti¹-t'u²

莊產地土

property, real and personal.

uang¹-chia¹

莊稼

crops in general (ho² chia¹).

uang¹-chia¹-han¹

莊稼漢

a villager, a rustic.

uang¹-chia¹-jên²

莊稼人

same.

uang¹-ching⁴

莊敬

serious, respectful.

uang¹-hu⁴

莊戶

a rustic, a farmer.

uang¹-nung²

莊農

agricultural.

uang¹-t'ien²

莊田

"farmhouses and fields," farms.

uang¹-t'ou²

莊頭

the head of a farm.

uang¹-ts'un¹

莊村

a village.

uang¹-tzü³

莊子

a homestead; a compound.

uang¹-yen³

莊嚴

grave, sedate.

uang³-yüan²

莊園

a farm-yard (or 院).

uang¹

女粧^{284b113a}

a lady's toilet; dressed, to feign.

uang¹

米粧^{284b113a}

same.

[chia³ mao⁴].

uang¹-chia³

粧假

to pretend, to make believe (chia³ chuang¹,

uang¹-ch'iang¹

粧腔

affected talk; falsetto.

uang¹-ch'iang²

粧窮

to feign poverty.

uang¹-hsia²

粧匣

a lady's dressing case.

uang¹-hsiu¹

粧修

to dress (as the hair).

<i>chuang¹-hu²-tu²</i>	粧糊塗	to pretend to be stupid.	[p'in ⁴ li ³].
<i>chuang¹-lien²</i>	[<i>sha</i> ³ 粧奩	a lady's toilet ; a bride's portion (chia ⁴ chuang ¹ ,	
<i>chuang¹-lung¹-chuan¹</i>	粧聾粧僂	to feign deafness and idiocy.	
<i>chuang¹-mo²-tso⁴-yang⁴</i>	粧模作樣	to pretend, to feign.	
<i>chuang¹-pan⁴</i>	粧扮	dress ; to dress generally, to decorate.	
<i>chuang¹-ping⁴</i>	粧病	to sham illness.	
<i>chuang¹-pu¹-ting¹-chien⁴</i>	粧不聽見	to pretend not to hear.	
<i>chuang¹-shih¹</i>	粧飾	to ornament, to gloss over.	
<i>chuang¹-shui⁴</i>	粧睡	to feign sleep.	
<i>chuang¹-tien³</i>	粧點	to decorate, to gloss over.	
<i>chuang¹-tz'ü⁴</i>	粧次	your ladyship (in letters).	
<i>chuang¹ (t-ü³)</i>	木椿 ^{285c113c}	a post. Numerative of affairs (chüeh ²).	

CHUANG³ 大裝^{285a113c} large, thick, stout.

CHUANG⁴	土 壯 ^{284c114a}	strong, robust, flourishing.	
<i>chuang⁴-chien⁴</i>	壯健	stout, robust, strong, hale.	
<i>chuang⁴-chih¹</i>	壯志	firmness, determination, strength of mind.	
<i>chuang⁴-ch'iang²</i>	壯強	strong, robust.	
<i>chuang⁴-chuang⁴</i>	壯壯	same (p'ang ⁴ fei ²).	
<i>chuang⁴-fei²</i>	壯肥	strong and stout, portly.	
<i>chuang⁴-hsin¹</i>	壯心	firmness, strength of mind.	
<i>chuang⁴-jên²</i>	壯人	a strong person.	
<i>chuang⁴-jo⁴</i>	[<i>ti</i> ¹ 壯弱	strong and weak.	
<i>chuang⁴-lang²-lang²</i>	壯郎郎的	very strong.	[(miao ⁴ ling ²).
<i>chuang⁴-nien²</i>	壯年	the years of manhood (from twenty to thirty).	
<i>chuang⁴-pan¹</i>	壯班	official guard, a section of the <i>ya-i</i> . M. 221.	
<i>chuang⁴-shêng⁴</i>	壯盛	vigorous health, high health.	
<i>chuang⁴-shih²-shih²-ti¹</i>	壯實實的	quite strong, robust.	[and so (chien ⁴ tsu ⁴).
<i>chuang⁴-shih⁴</i>	壯士	able bodied men or soldiers ; a good fellow ; so	
<i>chuang⁴-t'a¹-ti¹-tan³</i>	壯他的膽	to strengthen his courage.	
<i>chuang⁴-ting¹</i>	壯丁	a robust, able bodied man, an adult.	
<i>chuang⁴-yung³</i>	壯勇	militia.	
<i>chuang⁴</i>	犬 狀 ^{284b114a}	exterior appearance, fashion, form.	
<i>chuang⁴-kun⁴</i>	狀棍	a petifogging attorney (sung ⁴ kun ⁴).	
<i>chuang⁴-mao⁴</i>	狀貌	the countenance ; a full countenance.	
<i>chuang⁴-shih¹</i>	狀師	an attorney, a lawyer.	
<i>chuang⁴-tz'ü³</i>	狀子	an accusation, a petition (kao ⁴ chuang ⁴).	
<i>chuang⁴-tz'ü²</i>	狀詞	same.	
<i>chuang¹-yüan²</i>	狀元	chief of the <i>Han¹-lin²</i> literati. G. 474. [(p'êng ⁴).	
<i>chuang⁴</i>	手 才 撞 ^{286a114b}	to beat, to rush against ; to seize ; to swindle	
<i>chuang⁴-an⁴</i>	撞案	a case of assault.	
<i>chuang⁴-cho²</i>	撞着	to dash against (ch'uang ³).	

'uang ⁴ -chien ⁴	撞見	to rush into one's presence ; to meet suddenly.
'uang ⁴ -chung ¹	撞鐘	{ to strike a bell (with a mallet) ; pitch at the { motte (yao ² ling ²). [results.
'ung ⁴ -k'o ¹	撞磕	to run against (ghosts or devils) with baleful
'uang ⁴ -kuei ³	撞鬼	to meet a devil.
'uang ⁴ -mên ²	撞門	to dash against the door.
'uang ⁴ -p'êng ⁴	撞碰	to run against.
'uang ⁴ -p'ien ⁴	撞騙	to swindle, to defraud, to cheat.
'uang ¹ -tao ³	撞倒	to knock down (pan ⁴ tao ³).
'uang ¹ -yü ⁴	撞遇	to meet suddenly.

CH'UANG ¹	片窗窗	聽 ^{287a115a}	a window.
'uang ¹	穴窓	窗	same.
'uang ¹ -chang ⁴ -tzü ³	窗帳子	窗	window curtains (hu ² ch'uang ¹ hu ⁴).
'uang ¹ -chih ³	窗紙	窗	window paper.
'uang ¹ -ching ⁴	窗鏡	窗	window panes.
'uang ¹ -hsia ⁴	窗下	窗	at one's studies, &c. (t'ung ² ch'uang ¹),
'uang ¹ -hsium ¹ -ti ¹	窗兄弟	窗	school-fellows, fellow-students.
'uang ¹ -hu ⁴	窗戶	窗	a window.
'uang ¹ -ko ¹ -mu ⁴	窗櫺木	窗	the wooden plate above a window.
'uang ¹ -k'o ⁴	窗課	窗	at one's studies.
'uang ¹ -k'uang ⁴	窗框	窗	the frame of a window.
'uang ¹ -lien ²	窗簾	窗	a window screen (inner).
'uang ¹ -ling ²	窗櫺	窗	the lintel of a window, a window frame.
'uang ¹ -sha ¹	窗紗	窗	gauze for covering window frames.
'uang ¹ -ta ² -tzü ³	窗搭子	窗	a window screen (outer).
'uang ¹ -t'ai ²	窗臺	窗	a window sill.
'uang ¹ -yen ³	窗眼	窗	window ventilators.
'uang ¹ -yu ³	窗友	窗	school-fellows, fellow-students (t'ung ² ch'uang ¹).
'uang ¹	瘡	瘡 ^{286c115b}	any sore or ulcer (chih ⁴ ch'uang ¹).
'uang ¹ -chéng ⁴	瘡症	瘡	same.
'uang ¹ -k'ou ³	瘡口	瘡	the mouth of a sore.
'uang ¹ -lou ¹	瘡癩	瘡	a kind of running sore (lou ¹ ch'uang ¹).
'uang ¹ -nung ²	瘡膿	瘡	pus.
'uang ¹ -pa ¹	瘡疤	瘡	a scar or scab of a sore.
'uang ¹ -pan ¹	瘡癩	瘡	a scar, a scab (pa ¹ la ¹).
'uang ¹ -tu ²	瘡毒	瘡	the virus of a wound.

CH'UANG ²	床	床 ^{287a115c}	a bed or couch (k'ang ⁴).
'uang ²	牀	牀 ^{287a115c}	same (i ¹ p'u ⁴ ch'uang ²).
'uang ² -chan ¹	牀氈	牀	blankets (jung ²).
'uang ² -chang ⁴ -tzü ³	牀帳子	牀	bed curtains (upper).
'uang ² -hsi ¹	牀席	牀	the matting of a bed.

ch'uang²-p'u⁴
 ch'uang²-shang⁴
 ch'uang²-ta⁴
 ch'uang²-wei²

牀鋪
 牀上
 牀榻
 牀幃

bedding, bed and bedding.
 on the bed.
 a bed, a couch.
 bed curtains (lower).

CH'UANG³ 門 闖
 ch'uang³-chên⁴
 ch'uang³-chîn⁴ [p'oi
 ch'uang³-hsi'u⁴-shan¹-
 ch'uang³-hun¹-tso⁴
 ch'uang³-huo⁴
 ch'uang³-iu⁴
 ch'uang³-kuan¹
 ch'uang³-mên²
 ch'uang³-mên² tzü³
 ch'uang³-yüeh⁴

闖^{287c21c}
 闖陣
 闖進
 闖下山坡
 闖婚作
 闖禍
 闖入
 闖關
 闖門
 闖門子
 闖越

to rush suddenly out or in, precipitately.
 to precipitate a battle.
 to rush in suddenly, to intrude.
 ran down a hill.
 to marry without ceremony.
 to court misfortune (chao¹ huo⁴).
 to burst one's way in.
 to evade the customs.
 to gad about (ch'uan⁴ mên² tzü³).
 to burst in at a gate (chuang⁴ mên²).
 to rush over.

CH'UANG⁴ 刀 卬 創
 ch'uang⁴-ch'ên²-shih⁴.
 ch'uang⁴-chien⁴ [yeh⁴
 ch'uang⁴-kuo²-chi¹
 ch'uang⁴-li⁴
 ch'uang⁴-li¹-ta⁴-kung¹
 ch'uang⁴-shih³
 ch'uang⁴-shih⁴-chi⁴
 ch'uang⁴-shih⁴-i³-lai²
 ch'uang⁴-tê²-hên³-hao³
 ch'uang⁴-ti³-p'u⁴
 ch'uang⁴-tsao⁴
 ch'uang⁴-tso⁴
 ch'uang⁴-yeh⁴ [ti⁴
 ch'uang⁴-yeh⁴-huang²-

創^{286b116c}
 創成事業
 創建
 創國基
 創立
 創立大功
 創始
 創世記
 創世以來
 創得狠好
 創底鋪
 創造
 創作
 創業
 創業皇帝

to begin first; to make, to invent, to found.
 to found an estate.
 to found.
 to lay the foundation of a country.
 to found.
 great merit of founding.
 to commence any undertaking, to found.
 Genesis.
 from the creation until now.
 to get on well in business, etc.
 to come to bottom quilt, e.g., the end of tether
 to make at first, to invent, to create,
 same.
 to lay the foundation of a family, etc.
 the emperor who founded a dynasty.

CHUI¹ 追 兇
 chui¹-chui¹
 chui¹-chui¹-ch'ing¹-ch'u³
 chui¹-ch'iu²
 chui¹-ch'u¹-lai²
 chui¹-fêng²
 chui¹-hsiang³
 chui¹-hui²
 chui¹-hui²-ch'ien³-fei²
 chui¹-hui²-pu¹-chi²

追^{288c100a}
 追究
 追究清楚
 追求
 追出來
 追封
 追想
 追回
 追悔
 追悔不及

to escort, to follow after, to pursue.
 to search out (ch'uing² chui¹).
 to investigate clearly.
 to investigate.
 to trace out, to follow up.
 posthumous bestowment of titles.
 to reflect upon.
 to run after, to recall (chui¹ nien⁴).
 to feel remorse for past faults,
 useless to repent.

i ¹ -i ⁴	追憶	to call to mind.
i ¹ -kan ³	追趕	to run after, to pursue, to overtake.
i ¹ -nien ⁴	追念	to reflect on.
i ¹ -pi ¹ -t' ⁴ -ai ⁴ -chin ³	追逼太緊	followed up too closely.
i ¹ -pu ⁴ -hui ² -lai ²	追不回來	cannot trace out. [matter (kan ³ pu ⁴ shang ⁴).
i ¹ -pu ¹ -tao ⁴	追不到	can't catch him up, can't get to the bottom of
i ¹ -ssü ¹ -chi ² -kuo ⁴	追思己過	to reflect upon one's faults,
i ¹ -sung ⁴	追送	to accompany, to escort.
i ¹ -tsang ¹	追贓	to recover booty.
i ¹ -wên ⁴	追問	to examine severely.
i ¹ -yüan ³	追遠	to sacrifice to one's parents (shên ⁴ chung ¹).
i ¹	金 錐 ^{288b100b}	an awl, a point; a trifle,
i ¹ -tsuan ³ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴	錐鑽不動	unable to pierce with an awl.
i ¹ -t'zū ¹ -ku ³	錐刺股	(Su Chin) pierced his thigh with an awl to study.
i ¹	手 推 ^{1201c926a}	to search; to infer. See t'ui ¹ .
i ¹ -lun ⁴	推論	to infer, to deduce.
UI ⁴	土 墜 ^{290a101b}	to slide down, to descend; falling, descending.
i ⁴ -ch'ên ² -êrh ² -wang ²	墜城而亡	fell over the city wall and was killed.
i ⁴ -hsia ⁴	墜下	to fall down.
i ⁴ -hsing ¹ -hsing ¹	墜星星	falling stars (tsei ³ hsing ¹).
i ⁴ -lao ⁴ or lo ⁴	墜落	to fall down.
i ⁴ -ma ³	墜馬	to fall from a horse.
i ⁴ -shih ³	墜石	a make-weight at end of string. [ch'an ³].
i ⁴ -t'ai ¹	墜胎	an abortion, a miscarriage, a falling womb (hsiao ³
i ⁴ -tsai ¹ -ching ³ -li ³	墜在井裡	fell into the well.
i ⁴ -tzu ³	墜子	small ear drops (cho ² t'ou ² , êrh ³ huan ²).
i ⁴	貝 贅 ^{289c101c}	repetition, tautology; to connect.
i ⁴ -hsü ⁴	贅婿	a son-in-law who lives with his wife's family.
i ⁴ -lei ²	贅累	to encumber, to vitiate (lei ⁴ chui ⁴).
i ⁴	糸 綫 ^{289a101b}	cord, to suspend.
i ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	綫下去	to let it down.
i ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	綫不住	cannot be suspended.
i ⁴ -shêng ²	綫繩	to let down a rope.
UI ¹	口 吹 ^{290c101a}	to blow, blowing (also 4).
ü ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	吹氣	to breathe, whistle as steamer (ch'uan ³ ch'ü ⁴).
ü ¹ -hai ³ -lo ²	吹海螺	to blow a conch.
ü ¹ -hsiao ¹	吹簫	to play on the flageolet.
ü ¹ -hsü ¹	吹噓	"to blow softly," to praise, to recommend
ü ¹ -hsü ¹ -ch'ü ¹ -hsü ¹	吹噓吹噓	same.
ü ¹ -hu ¹	吹呼	to talk loud, to storm at.
ü ¹ -hu ² -lu ²	吹葫蘆	to vociferate (han ³ chiao ⁴).

ch'ui ¹ -hu ² -tzu ³	吹鬚子	to vociferate (han ³ chiao ⁴).
ch'ui ¹ -huo ³	吹火	to blow a fire (shan ¹ huo ³).
ch'ui ¹ -k'ai ¹	吹開	to blow open.
ch'ui ¹ -k'ou ³ -chi ¹ -li ⁴	吹口之力	very easy (ch'ui ¹ shou ³).
ch'ui ¹ -ku ³ -liao ³	吹噓了	to blow out into a round shape.
ch'ui ¹ -ku ³ -shou ³	吹鼓手	musicians.
ch'ui ¹ -kuan ³ -tzu ³	吹管子	a blow-pipe.
ch'ui ¹ -la ³ -pa ¹	吹喇叭	to blow on a trumpet.
ch'ui ¹ -liao ³	吹了	enough! no more about it! (la ¹ tao ³ , suan ⁴ la ¹)
ch'ui ¹ -mao ² -ch'iu ² -t'zu ²	吹毛求疵	to magnify trifling faults, to carp, to cavil.
ch'ui ¹ -mieh ⁴	吹滅	to blow out, to extinguish.
ch'ui ¹ -niu ³ -ti ¹	吹牛的	a braggart, a boaster.
ch'ui ¹ -p'ang ²	吹嘞	to brag, to boast (tzu ¹ man ³).
ch'ui ¹ -pu ⁴ -hsiang ³	吹不響	can't bring a sound out of it (e. g., instrument)
ch'ui ¹ -sheng ²	吹笙	to play on the pipes.
ch'ui ¹ -shao ⁴	吹哨	to whistle.
ch'ui ¹ -shou ³	吹手	musicians (ku ³ yo ⁴).
ch'ui ¹ -ta ³	吹打	"blowing and beating," music.
ch'ui ¹ -ta ⁴ -yen ¹	吹大煙	to smoke opium.
ch'ui ¹ -t'an ²	吹彈	wind and stringed instruments.
ch'ui ¹ -tao ³	吹倒	to blow down.
ch'ui ¹ -teng ¹	吹燈	to blow out a lamp; enough! no more about it!
ch'ui ¹ -teng ¹ -san ¹ -huo ³	吹燈散夥	to make an end of it.
ch'ui ¹ -ti ² -tzu ³	吹笛子	to play the flute.
ch'ui ¹	吹 ²⁹ 火 ^{1a102a}	to boil, to cook, to steam (chu ³ , cheng ¹ , p'eng ¹)
ch'ui ¹ -chou ³	炊 ²⁹ 籌	a whisk to use in washing dishes.
ch'ui ¹ -ping ³	炊 ²⁹ 餅	to cook cakes.

CH'UI²

土 垂

ch'ui ² -ai ⁴	垂 ²⁹ 愛 ^{1a102a}	to hang down, to suspend (tiao ⁴). <i>To condescend</i>
ch'ui ² -ên ¹	垂愛	condescending regard.
ch'ui ² -ku ⁴	垂恩	condescending kindness.
ch'ui ² -lao ³	垂顧	to regard condescendingly.
ch'ui ² -lei ⁴	垂老	to approach old age.
ch'ui ² -lien ²	垂淚	to shed tears (liu ² lei ⁴).
ch'ui ² -lien ² -t'ing ¹ -cheng ¹	垂簾聽政	condescending compassion. [Empress-Dowager]
ch'ui ² -liu ³	垂柳	to listen to politics behind the curtain, e.g., the drooping willow.
ch'ui ² -ming ² -wan ⁴ -shih ⁴	垂名萬世	everlasting good name.
ch'ui ² -nien ⁴	垂念	to speak kindly of.
ch'ui ² -shih ⁴	垂世	to hand down to succeeding generations.
ch'ui ² -shou ³	垂手	to let the hands hang down.
ch'ui ² -shou ³ -êrh ² -tê ²	垂手而得	to get without effort.
ch'ui ² -shou ³ -sang ⁴ -ch'i ¹	垂首喪氣	hung his head in deep grief.

i ² -t'ing ¹	垂聽	to condescend, to listen to (as prayer).
i ² -t'ou ²	垂頭	to hang down the head (ti ¹ t'ou ²).
i ² -wei ²	垂危	in imminent danger; near the death (lin ⁴ wei ²).
i ² -yang ² -liu ³	垂楊柳	weeping aspen and willow.
i ² 手才	搥 291c102c	to strike (as a drum, bell, etc.).
i ² -hsiung ¹	搥胸	to beat the breast in anger or grief.
i ² -ku ³	搥鼓	to beat the drum (lei ¹ ku ³).
i ² -yao ¹	搥腰	to thump the back (a sort of shampooing).
i ²	捶 289b100c	to beat, to cudgel.
i ² -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴	捶布石	stone for beating clothes on, a mangle. M. 194.
i ² (tzū)	金 鎚 259b102b	a mallet, a hammer; to beat, to strike.
i ² (tzū)	鎚 289c102c	the weight on a steel yard (ch'êng ⁴ to ¹).
i ²	木 椎 槌 291c102c	mallet, reject.
i ² -i ¹ -shang ¹	槌衣裳	to mangle clothing.
UN ¹	言 諄 292a103a	to explain, to inculcate, to earnestly impress on.
i ¹ -ch'ieh ⁴	諄切	carefully, emphatically.
i ¹ -chun ¹	諄諄	same.
UN ³	水 準 292c104a	[M. 326 (hsü ³) (see chun ³ below),
i ³ -chang ¹ -chêng ²	準章程	to approve, to allow, to grant; to adjust, to fix.
i ³ -ch'êng ²	準成	fixed regulations.
i ³ -ch'êng ⁴	準秤	accurate, trusty, absolute.
i ³ -ch'í ²	準其	adjusted scales.
i ¹ -chin ¹ -liang ³	準斤兩	to allow, to permit.
i ³ -êrh ² -yu ¹ -chun ³	準而又準	adjusted weights.
i ³ -hsin ⁴	準信	most assuredly.
i ³ -hsing ²	準行	a reliable news.
i ³ -hua ⁴	準話	certainly; to sanction.
i ³ -jé ³ -luan ⁴ -tzü ³	準惹亂子	the truth.
i ³ -lai ³	準來	sure to provoke a row.
i ³ -pei ⁴	準備	sure to come.
i ³ -po ²	準駁	to prepare (yü ¹ pei ⁴).
i ³ -pu ⁴ -chun ³	準不準	approval and disapproval.
i ³ -pu ⁴ -lai ³	準不來	is it allowed or not? is it certain or not?
i ³ -shêng ²	準繩	certainly will not come.
i ³ -tang ¹	準當	a marking line.
i ³ -t'ou ²	準頭	certain, sure.
i ³ -tsei ²	準則	accuracy of aim, definite object.
i ³ -tson ⁴	準奏	a rule, or standard.
i ³ -yao ¹ -ai ³ -ta ³	準要挨打	to grant permission to memorialize.
i ³ -yu ³ -ling ² -yen ⁴	準有靈驗	sure to get a beating.
i ³	准 292b103c	verily it is efficacious.
		to authorise, to grant.

chun³-chuang⁴

淮狀

to allow the filing of a plaint.

CH'UN¹日春^{293a104a}

spring; wantonness, sensual.

ch'un¹-ch'ao²

春潮

spring tides.

ch'un¹-ch'i⁴

春季

the spring season.

ch'un¹-ch'i⁴

春祭

spring sacrifice at graves.

ch'un¹-ch'iu³

春酒

new year's festivities.

ch'un¹-ch'iu¹

春秋

spring and autumn; age. [Annals. W. I. 647]

ch'un¹-ch'iu¹-ssü¹-ch'i⁴

春秋四季

the four seasons.

ch'un¹-ch'ü²[shou¹]

春橘

spring orange.

ch'un¹-chung⁴-ch'iu¹

春種秋收

spring for sowing and autumn for reaping.

ch'un¹-fang¹

春坊

a certain rank; a palace.

ch'un¹-fên¹

春分

the middle of spring, one of the twenty-four

ch'un¹-fêng¹

春風

spring breezes; sexual intercourse.

ch'un¹-han²

春寒

the cold of spring.

ch'un¹-hsia¹-ch'iu¹-tung¹

春夏秋冬

spring, summer, autumn and winter.

ch'un¹-hsiao¹

春宵

spring clouds.

ch'un¹-hsin¹

春心

wantonness, lust (t'an¹ sê⁴, yin² hsin¹).ch'un¹-hua¹

春花

spring flowers.

ch'un¹-hua⁴

春畫

obscene pictures.

ch'un¹-kuan¹

春官

the Board of Rites; a rank (li³ pu⁴).ch'un¹-kung¹

春宮

obscene pictures or figures.

ch'un¹-mêng⁴

春夢

"spring dreams," visionary, not real.

ch'un¹-niu²

春牛

the spring ox. Note 104 (ying² ch'un¹).ch'un¹-nuan³-hua¹-k'ai¹

春暖花開

the flowers open in the warm spring.

ch'un¹-t'ien¹

春天

a spring day, spring weather.

ch'un¹-wang²-yüeh⁴

春王月

the first month. See Note 32 (chêng¹ yüeh⁴).ch'un¹-yao⁴

春藥

aphrodisiacs.

ch'un¹-yü³

春雨

spring rains (hsi⁴ yü²).ch'un¹

木

椿^{293c104b}

a long-lived tree; father.

ch'un¹-hsüan¹-ping¹

椿萱並茂

parents both alive and well.

ch'un¹-shu⁴[mao⁴]

椿樹

a long-lived tree.

ch'un¹-t'ang³

椿堂

your father; old age.

ch'un¹

鳥

鶉^{1007c783c}a quail (an¹ ch'un¹).CH'UN²口唇^{294a783a}

the lips.

ch'un²

肉

月

唇

same (tsui³ ch'un²).ch'un²-ch'ih³-chih³-pang¹

唇齒之邦

neighboring states with identical interests.

ch'un²-hsiao⁴

唇笑

to laugh, to smile.

ch'un²-hung²-ch'ih³-pai²

唇紅齒白

"lips red and teeth white," beautiful.

ch'un²-shê²

唇舌

"lips and tongue," plausible, eloquent.

ch'un²-wang²-ch'ih³-han²

唇亡齒寒

fig. the loss of one state is the loss of the oth.

ch'un²

糸

純^{1008b783b}pure, unmixed, honest. See shun².

ch'un ² -hou ⁴	純厚	morally sound, sincere, honest.
ch'un ² -hsiao ⁴	純孝	truly filial.
ch'un ² -hsin ¹ -yung ⁴ -kung ¹	純心用工	to work with assiduity.
ch'un ² -i ¹ -wu ² -wei ¹	純一無偽	pure, genuine, unadulterated.
ch'un ² -i ¹ -pu ⁴ -tsa ²	純一不雜	pure, unmixed.
ch'un ² -pai ² -yen ² -sê ⁴	純白顏色	pure white.
ch'un ² -shan ⁴ -wu ² -o ⁴	純善無惡	perfectly holy and good. See <i>shun</i> ² .
ch'un ² -ts'ui ⁴	純粹	pure, beautiful.
ch'un ² -yin ¹ -wu ² -yang ²	純陰無陽	wholly given to darkness, e. g., devils.
ch'un ²	酉 醜	respectful; wine. See <i>shun</i> ² .

CH'UN ¹	虫	蠢 ^{293c105b}	stupid.
ch'un ³ -cho ¹		蠢拙	stupid (yü ¹ cho ¹).
ch'un ³ -pên ⁴		蠢笨	same.
ch'un ³ -ts'ai ¹		蠢才	simplicity, stupidity.
ch'un ³ -tzu ³		蠢子	a simpleton, a stupid.

CHUNG ¹	丨	中 ^{294b105a}	(tone). the middle, inner; among, in; hit, attain (4th upright).
chung ¹ -chêng ⁴		中正	a witness (k'ou ³ kung ¹).
chung ¹ -chêng ⁴		中証	a title of a governor (hsün ² fu ³).
chung ¹ -ch'êng ²		中丞	in the middle, within, between.
chung ¹ -chien ¹		中間	a witness.
chung ¹ -chien ⁴		中見	the middle finger.
chung ¹ -chih ³		中指	intoxicated or ill from the effects of drink (tsui ⁴).
chung ¹ -chü ³		中酒	mid-autumn. [hsiao ²].
chung ¹ -ch'iu ¹		中秋	to obtain the literary grade of chü-jên (chin ⁴).
chung ¹ -chü ³ -jên ²		中舉人	a military secretary.
chung ¹ -chün ¹		中軍	middling, passable, so-so, nothing extra.
chung ¹ -chung ¹ -ti ¹		中中的	mid-day meal.
chung ¹ -fan ⁴		中飯	to get a stroke of paralysis (pan ⁴ shên ¹ pu ⁴ sui ²).
chung ¹ -fêng ¹ -pu ⁴ -yü ³		中瘋不語	midsummer, the middle of the hot season.
chung ¹ -fu ²		中伏	ill from cold; to take cold (tung ⁴ cho ²).
chung ¹ -han ²		中寒	China and Western nations (t'ai ⁴ hsi ¹).
chung ¹ -hsi ¹		中西	middling and inferior.
chung ¹ -hsia ⁴		中下	[hearted].
chung ¹ -hsin ¹		中心	the centre, the middle; in the heart; good-
chung ¹ -hsün ²		中旬	10th to 20th of every month, the middle decade.
chung ¹ -hua ³		中華	China (chung ¹ kuo ² , chung ¹ yüan ²).
chung ¹ -huo ³		中伙	all, the whole, everyone.
chung ¹ -i ¹		中衣	underclothing.
chung ¹ -i ⁴		中意	to hit one's wish, to like (ju ² i ⁴).
chung ¹ -jên ²		中人	[jên ²].
chung ¹ -ku ³		中古	a go-between, a negociator, a mediator (pao ³ middle ages of China (about 1100 B. C.).

<i>chung⁴-kuei³-chi¹</i>	中詭計	caught by a ruse.
<i>chung¹-kuo²</i>	中國	China.
<i>chung⁴-liao³</i>	中了	succeeded, hit the mark.
<i>chung⁴-liao³-chi³-ming²</i>	中了幾名	what was his place on the list?
<i>chung⁴-liao³-hsieh²-ch⁴'i¹</i>	中了邪氣	possessed by evil influences.
<i>chung¹-liu²</i>	中流	middle of a stream; a middling sort of person.
<i>chung¹-liu²</i>	中呂	1st month of the year; beginning of spring.
<i>chung¹-nien²</i>	中年	middle age.
<i>chung¹-pao³</i>	中保	a mediator, a surety.
<i>chung¹-pian¹</i>	中邊	within and without, inside and outside.
<i>chung⁴-pu⁴-chung⁴</i>	中不中	hit or not? succeeded or not?
<i>chung⁴-pu⁴-tê²</i>	中不得	cannot hit; unable to attain.
<i>chung⁴-shang¹</i>	中傷	to receive a wound (pei ⁴ shang ¹).
<i>chung¹-shang⁴</i>	中上	midday, noon.
<i>chung¹-shih²</i>	中時	same (shang ⁴ wu ³).
<i>chung⁴-shu³</i>	中暑	ill from the influence of heat.
<i>chung¹-shu⁴</i>	中數	"the middle number," five.
<i>chung¹-t'ang²</i>	中堂	"middle of the hall," a minister of state, a cen-
<i>chung¹-tao⁴</i>	中道	half way; incomplete.
<i>chung¹-tao⁴-êrh²-fei¹</i>	中道而廢	went half way and failed.
<i>chung¹-tao⁴-êrh²-hsing²</i>	中道而行	to go in the middle of the road.
<i>chung¹-têng³</i>	中等	the middle class.
<i>chung¹-tî³</i>	中的	to hit the mark.
<i>chung¹-t'ien¹</i>	中天	noon tide of prosperity
<i>chung¹-t'ing¹</i>	中聽	worth hearing (t'ing ¹ t'ou ²).
<i>chung¹-tu²</i>	中毒	to be accidentally poisoned (fu ² tu ²).
<i>chung¹-wai⁴</i>	中外	within and without; native and foreign.
<i>chung¹-wu³</i>	中午	noon (shang ⁴ wu ³).
<i>chung¹-yang¹</i>	中央	in the centre, the middle.
<i>chung¹-yüan²</i>	中原	China.
<i>chung¹-yung¹</i>	中庸	[W. I. 653. the due medium; name of one of the Four Books.
<i>chung¹-yung⁴</i>	中用	capable, efficient.
<i>chung¹</i>	心忠 ^{295c106a}	honest, loyal, faithful, upright, patriotic.
<i>chung¹-ch'ên²</i>	忠臣	a loyal or faithful minister.
<i>chung¹-chien¹</i>	忠奸	loyal and disloyal.
<i>chung¹-hou⁴</i>	忠厚	faithful, honest, loyal.
<i>chung¹-hsiao⁴</i>	忠孝	filial, dutiful.
<i>chung¹-hsien²-tz'ü²</i>	忠賢祠	temple dedicated to loyal officials.
<i>chung¹-hsin¹</i>	忠心	a faithful heart.
<i>chung¹-hsin¹-pao⁴-kuo²</i>	忠心報國	rewarding his country by loyalty.
<i>chung¹-hsin⁴</i>	忠信	faithful.
<i>chung¹-i¹</i>	忠義	honest and upright.
<i>chung¹-liang²</i>	忠良	honest, virtuous, conscientious.

chung ¹ -lich ⁴	忠烈	faithful and devoted.	[compactly put].
chung ¹ -shu ¹	忠恕	honest and just, magnanimous.	(Confucianism)
chung ¹ -yen ² -ni ⁴ -êrh ³	忠言逆耳	honest words grate upon the ear.	
chung ¹ -yung ³	忠勇	loyal and devoted.	
chung ¹	衷	justice, equity, fairness; just, right.	
chung ¹ -ch'ang ²	衷腸	the heart, the mind, the conscience.	
chung ¹ -ch'ang ² -hua ⁴	衷腸話	conscientious language.	
chung ¹ -chêng ⁴	衷正	just, right, correct.	
chung ¹ -hsin ¹	衷心	a good heart.	
chung ¹ -i ¹	衷衣	inner clothing.	
chung ¹ (tzŭ)	金鍾	a cup; to like.	
chung ¹ -ai ⁴	鍾愛	to like, to love.	
chung ¹ -pei ¹	鍾杯	a cup (chiu ³ chung ¹).	
chung ¹	鐘	a bell, a clock (chnang ⁴ chung ¹).	
chung ¹ -ku ³	鐘鼓	bells and drums (ling ² tang ¹).	
chung ¹ -ku ³ -ch'i ² -ming ²	鐘鼓齊鳴	bells and drums sounding together.	
chung ¹ -lou ²	鐘樓	a bell or clock tower (ku ³ lou ²).	
chung ¹ -pai ³	鐘擺	pendulum.	
chung ¹ -piao ³	鐘表	clocks and watches.	
chung ¹ -piao ³ -chiang ⁴	鐘表匠	watch makers, etc.	
chung ¹ -shêng ¹	鐘聲	the sound of a bell.	
chung ¹	糸終	the end, the close, <i>finis</i> ; to end, to terminate.	
chung ¹ -chao ¹	終朝	the whole day; every day.	
chung ¹ -chao ¹ -mei ³ -jih ⁴	終朝每日	the whole of each day.	
chung ¹ -chiu ³	終久	a long time.	
chung ¹ -jan ²	終然	finally, at last.	
chung ¹ -jih ⁴	終日	a whole day; every day.	
chung ¹ -jih ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shih ²	終日不食	not to eat for a whole day.	
chung ¹ -jv ⁴ -yu ¹ -ch'ou ²	終日憂愁	grieving the live long day.	
chung ¹ -kuei ¹ -wu ² -yu ³	終歸無有	ending in nothingness.	
chung ¹ -mo ⁴	終末	the extremity, the very last.	
chung ¹ -pu ⁴ -wu ⁴	經不悟	never to the last perceived.	
chung ¹ -shên ¹	終身	to the end of life; never in one's life.	
chung ¹ -shên ¹ -mei ² -tso ⁴	終身沒作	I never did in my life.	
chung ¹ -shên ¹ -ta ⁴ -shih ⁴	終身大事	the most important affair of a life-time.	
chung ¹ -shih ³	終始	beginning and ending; always.	
chung ¹ -shih ⁴	終世	the whole of one's life; to close one's life.	
chung ¹ -sui ⁴	終歲	last year.	
chung ¹ -yang ³	終養	retire from office to care for aged parents till	[death.
chung ¹ -yao ⁴ -ai ² -o ⁴	終要挨餓	must surely suffer hunger.	
chung ¹ -yeh ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'in ³	終夜不寢	not to sleep all night.	
chung ¹ (tzŭ)	皿盅	a cup, wine cup (chiu ³ chung ¹).	
chung ¹	虫螽	a kind of locust or grasshopper.	

CHUNG³
chung³-chün¹
chung³-tsai⁴
chung³-tzü³
chung³
chung³-fên²
chung³-ling²
chung³-mu⁴
chung³-t'u³
chung³ 肉月腫
chung³-chang⁴
chung³-ch'ä-lai²
chung³-ku³-ping⁴
chung³-t'êng²
chung³-ts'u¹

→ 冢^{29Sc107a}
 冢君
 冢宰
 冢子
 土塚^{299a107b}
 塚墳
 塚陵
 塚墓
 塚土
 腫^{297c107b}
 腫脹
 腫起來
 腫鼓病
 腫疼
 腫粗

a mound, a peak; great.
 an old term for a sovereign.
 a prime minister (tsai³ hsiang⁴).
 great; the first-born son (chang³ tzü³).
 a tomb, a grave, a hillock.
 a tomb, a grave (i⁴ chung³, mai²).
 imperial tombs (yü¹ tsang⁴).
 a tomb or grave (fên³ mu⁴).
 a mound of earth, an altar.
 to swell, a swelling; inflated, puffed up.
 to swell.
 to swell up (ku³ ch'ü³ lai² liao³).
 dropsy.
 swollen and painful.
 swollen greatly.

CHUNG⁴
chung⁴-chia⁴
ch'ung²-ch'ing⁴
ch'ung²-ch'u¹ [tieh²
ch'ung²-ch'ung²-tiek²
chung⁴-fu²
ch'ung²-hsiu¹
ch'ung²-i¹-ch'ung²
chung⁴-jên⁴
chung⁴-ju²-t'ai¹-shan¹
chung⁴-k'an⁴
chung⁴-lao²
ch'ung²-lao⁴
chung⁴-li⁴
ch'ung²-liao³ [hsing⁴
chung²-ming²-chung²
chung⁴-pa¹-pa¹-ti¹
chung⁴-pao³
chung⁴-ping⁴
ch'ung²-san¹-tao⁴-ssü⁴
chung⁴-shang¹
ch'ung²-shêng¹
chung⁴-ta⁴
chung⁴-tai⁴
chung⁴-tan⁴
chung⁴-t'ü⁴
chung⁴-t'o¹

里重^{296b10Sa}
 重價
 重慶
 重出
 重重疊疊
 重復
 重修
 重一重
 重任
 重如泰山
 重看
 重勞
 重落
 重力
 重了
 重名重姓
 重巴巴的
 重寶
 重病
 重三道四
 重傷
 重生
 重大
 重待
 重擔
 重地
 重託

[ch'ung².
 heavy, severe; to repeat (with aspirate). See
 a high price (ang² kuei⁴).
 open port in Sü Ch'uan on Yang-tzü.
 to come out or re-appear twice.
 piled up, in layers, strata.
 to repeat, repetition.
 to revise, rebuild.
 to repeat.
 an onerous post.
 as heavy as Mt. Tai.
 to respect, to esteem highly (ch'ing¹ k'an⁴).
 I have put you to great trouble (lao³ chia⁴).
 relapse of illness (ping¹ fan⁴ la¹).
 great strength.
 repeated (tiek² tz'ü⁴).
 same name and surname.
 very weighty, emphatic.
 copper cash (large).
 a severe illness.
 garrulous, repetitious (la³ la³ pu⁴ hsiu¹, fan¹
 a severe wound.
 regeneration (tsai⁴ tao⁴ fu⁴ hsin¹).
 important (yao⁴ chin³).
 to treat well (hou⁴ tai⁴).
 a heavy load.
 important ground, applied to any official pr
 to put great confidence in.

[hsü⁴].

[cinct.

ung⁴-tsai⁴ 重載
 ung⁴-tsui⁴ 重罪
 'ung²-yang² 重陽
 ung⁴-yung⁴ 重用
 ung⁴ 禾 種^{297b107c}
 ung⁴-chuang¹-chia⁴ 種庄稼
 ung⁴-chuang¹-t'ien² 種庄田
 ung¹-chung³-rh² 種種兒
 ung³-êrh² 種兒
 ung³-hsia⁴-huo⁴-kên¹ 種下禍根
 ung⁴-hua¹ 種花
 ung³-lei⁴ 種類
 ung⁴-niu²-t'ou⁴ 種牛痘
 ung⁴-pan¹-tzü³ 種斑子
 ung³-shan⁴-tê²-fu² 種善得福
 ung⁴-shu⁴ 種樹
 ung⁴-ti⁴ 種地
 ung³-tzü³ 種子
 ung³-yang⁴ 種樣
 ung⁴ 目眾甲 眾^{299a108c}
 ung⁴-chieh¹ 眾皆
 ung⁴-hsiang¹-ti⁴ 眾兄弟
 ung⁴-jên² 眾人
 ung⁴-jên²-shu³-mu⁴ 眾人屬目
 ung⁴-k'ou¹-ao¹-ao¹ 眾口嗷嗷
 ung⁴-k'ou³-ju²-i² 眾口如一
 ung⁴-k'ou³-nan²-t'iao⁴ 眾口難調
 ung⁴-k'ou³-t'ung²- 眾口同音
 ung⁴-shêng¹ [yiu¹] 眾生
 ung⁴-to¹ 眾多
 ung⁴-wei⁴ 眾位
 ung⁴ 人 仲^{295c10Sc}
 ung⁴-ch'iu¹ 仲秋
 ung⁴-fu⁴ 仲父
 ung⁴-hsia⁴ 仲夏
 ung⁴-ni² 仲尼

a heavy cargo.
 heavy punishment, or sin.
 the 9th day of the ninth moon (picnic weather).
 to depend upon, to have confidence in.
 to plant or sow; seed, kind (third tone).
 to cultivate crops.
 to cultivate the fields.
 to sow seed (sa³ chung³, po³ chung³).
 seed; to beget children (shêng¹ tzü³).
 he sowed a root of future trouble.
 to plant or cultivate flowers; to vaccinate.
 a species, a sort (yang⁴ tzü³).
 to vaccinate, vaccination.
 to vaccinate (shêng¹ hua¹).
 he that soweth good will get happiness.
 to plant trees (tsai¹ shu⁴).
 to sow or cultivate land.
 seed; to beget four children.
 species, sort, kind.
 all, the whole of, every; many, a multitude.
 all, the whole, every (tu¹).
 all brothers, the whole of the brethren.
 every one, the whole of them; every person.
 cynosure, seen by all.
 the clamor of many voices.
 all were agreed.
 it is impossible to suit everybody.
 all were agreed.
 all living creatures.
 very many, abundant.
 all the gentlemen.
 the second; a younger brother.
 the second month in autumn.
 a father's younger brother.
 the second month in summer.
 Confucius.

H·UNG¹ 儿克 充^{300c109a}
 ung¹-chi¹ [jên²] 充饑
 ung¹-chéng⁴-ching¹- 充正經人
 ung¹-chün¹ 充軍
 ung¹-êrh³ 充耳
 ung¹-fa¹ 充發

to fill; to fulfil, to act as, to play the part of.
 to satisfy hunger.
 to pretend to be a respectable man.
 to banish, to transport (ten years) (chün¹ tsui⁴).
 to stop the ears (sai⁴ êrh³).
 to banish, banishment (3 years) (liu² t'u²).

ch'ung ¹ -hao ³ -jên ²	充好人	to pretend to be a good man.
ch'ung ¹ -i ⁴	充役	to act as runner.
ch'ung ¹ -li ⁴	充吏	to fill the office of a runner (ya ² i ⁴).
ch'ung ¹ -man ³	充滿	to fill, filled.
ch'ung ¹ -mi ² .g ² -mao ⁴	充名冒籍	to usurp name and address for nefarious purpose [pose]
ch'ung ¹ -ping ¹	充兵	to serve as a soldier (tang ¹ ping ¹).
ch'ung ¹ -shih ²	充實	stuffed, made solid; full, filled; rich. [ch'ung ¹
ch'ung ¹ -shu ⁴	充數	to pretend, to make believe; to make up (chia
ch'ung ¹ -tang ¹	充當	representing, filling the place of, to serve as.
ch'ung ¹ -te ² -kuo ⁴	充得過	able to fulfil, act as, do, etc.
ch'ung ¹ tso ⁴	充作	to serve as, to fill the place of, etc.
ch'ung ¹ -tsu ²	充足	a sufficiency, ample.
ch'ung ¹ -t'u ²	充徒	to banish (seven years) (t'u ² tsui ⁴).
ch'ung ¹ -ying ²	充盈	a sufficiency, ample.
ch'ung ¹ -yu ³ -h'ien ² .ti ¹	充有錢的	to pretend to be wealthy.
ch'ung ¹	沖	to boil or burst over (as water); to wash away
ch'ung ¹	水	same.
ch'ung ¹ -ch'a ²	沖茶	to infuse tea (p'ao ⁴ ch'a ²).
ch'ung ¹ chuang ⁴	沖撞	to offend a person, to run up against.
ch'ung ¹ -fa ¹	沖發	to break out again, to relapse.
ch'ung ¹ -hsiao ¹ -han ⁴	沖霄漢	to rise towards heaven.
ch'ung ¹ -k'ai ¹ -shui ³ -tuo ⁴	沖開水道	to cause a ditch to open out.
ch'ung ¹ -ling ²	沖齡	youth, young (miao ⁴ ling ²).
ch'ung ¹ -p'o ⁴	沖破	to defeat; to burst over (as water).
ch'ung ¹ -san ⁴	沖散	to disturb a company.
ch'ung ¹ -t'ai ¹ -ho ² -an ⁴	沖塌河岸	to destroy the banks of a river by overflowing
ch'ung ¹ -tao ³ -liao ³	沖倒了	fell down by overflowing of water.
ch'ung ¹ -t'ien ¹	沖天	to rise towards heaven (t'ao ¹ t'ien ¹).
ch'ung ¹ -t'ien ¹ -chao ¹	沖天招牌	a very lofty sign-board.
ch'ung ¹ -t'ien ¹ -chi ⁴	沖天志	a heaven-soaring ambition.
ch'ung ¹ -t'ien ¹ -kuan ¹	沖天冠	古時皇帝帽子, a lofty cap.
ch'ung ¹ -tou ³ -niu ²	沖斗牛	rising to the stars.
ch'ung ¹ -tung ⁴	沖動	to shake, to move.
ch'ung ¹	行衝	a pathway; to rush against (chuang ⁴ , ch'uang ⁴
ch'ung ¹ -ch'ü ² -ta ⁴ -lu ⁴	衝衢大路	a great road.
ch'ung ¹ -chuan ⁴	衝撞	to butt against, to treat rudely.
ch'ung ¹ -fan ² -p'i ² -nan ²	衝繁疲難	populous, busy, wearying, difficult (office).
ch'ung ¹ -fan ⁴	衝犯	to sin by running against (a spirit).
ch'ung ¹ -san ⁴	衝散	to charge, to scatter, to rout.
ch'ung ¹ -t'ou ¹	衝透	to dash through.
ch'ung ¹ -t'u ¹	衝突	to rush against suddenly.
ch'ung ¹ -t'u ²	衝塗	a public road.
ch'ung ¹ -yao ⁴ -t'u ⁴ -fung ¹	衝要地方	an important point.

h'ung¹ 心 忡 忡^{300a109b}

grieved, mournful, distressed.

H·UNG² 里 重^{296b108a}

to repeat, in duplicate. See chung⁴.

h'ung²-chü⁴ 重 句

a repeated clause, e. g., a chorus (t'ieh² chü⁴).

h'ung²-ch'u¹ 重 出

to come out, to reappear twice.

h'ung²-ch'ung² [t'ieh² 重 重

to repeat.

h'ung²-ch'ung²-t'ieh²- 重 重 疊 疊

piled up, in layers, strata.

h'ung²-fu² 重 復

to repeat.

h'ung²-hsin¹ 重 新

made new again.

h'ung²-hsiu² 重 修

to revise, to repair.

h'ung²-i¹-ch'ung² 重 一 重

to repeat.

h'ung²-liao³ 重 了

repeated.

h'ung¹-lo⁴ 重 落

a relapse of illness.

h'ung²-mên²-pi⁴-hu⁴ 重 門 閉 戶

many doors all closed.

h'ung²-san¹-tao⁴-ssü⁴ 重 三 道 四

garrulous, repetitious.

h'ung²-shêng¹ 重 生

regeneration (Buddhist and Christian).

h'ung²-t'ung² 重 瞳

俗傳舜王目有重瞳 a double pupil in eye.

h'ung²-yang² 重 陽

{ the 9th day of the 9th month, a festival
{ (picnic weather).

h'ung²-yang⁴-êrh² 重 樣 兒

several of same sort.

h'ung² (tzü) 虫 { 虫^{301b110a}

general term for insects and reptiles.

h'ung² 虫 { 蟲

same.

h'ung²-ch'ih²-ya² 蟲 吃 牙

an aching tooth (Chinese theory).

h'ung²-chu⁴ 蟲 蛀

insects gnaw.

h'ung²-i³ 蟲 蟻

"reptiles and ants," creeping things.

h'ung²-lei⁴ 蟲 類

the insect and reptile class.

h'ung²-lei⁴-lun¹ 蟲 類 論

entomology.

h'ung²-vu⁴ 蟲 部

the insect and reptile class.

h'ung²-ta²-liao³ 蟲 打 了

injured by worms.

h'ung² 山 崇^{301b110c}

lofty, eminent, noble, dignified, honourable.

h'ung²-chao¹ 崇 朝

in the morning (tsao³ ch'ên²).

h'un¹-k'ao¹-fu¹-kuei¹ 崇 高 富 貴

eminently rich and honorable.

h'ung²-pai³ 崇 拜

to worship, to venerate.

h'ung²-ssü¹-kuei³-shên² 崇 祀 鬼 神

to adore and sacrifice to spirits.

CH·UNG³ 寵 寵^{301c110b}

affection, love, regard; a favourite.

ch'ung³-ai⁴ 寵 愛

love, ardent affection; to make a favourite of.

ch'ung³-ch'ên² 寵 臣

a favourite minister.

ch'ung³-ch'ieh⁴ 寵 妾

a favourite concubine.

ch'ung³-fei¹ 寵 妃

a favourite royal concubine.

ch'ung³-hsi² [tsai³ 寵 錫

a favor graciously bestowed.

ch'ung³-hsin⁴-ch'ên² 寵 信 臣 宰

to trust in one's ministers.

ch'ung³-hu⁴ 寵 祐

gracious help; blessings.

CH'UNG ¹ (tzu)	金銃	301b111a	a small cannon, a gingal.	
ch'ung ⁴	才	30Ca111c	to push, to stir up.	
ch'uuy ⁴	支	302a111b	to enter abruptly; to nod.	
ch'ung ⁴ -shih ²	聚食		to "sponge" a meal.	
ch'ung ⁴ tun ³	聚匙		to nod (k'uo ² shui ⁴).	
CHŪ ¹	尸 屍 屜	居	306a437a	to dwell, to reside; to sit, to rest, to stop; to do
chü ¹ -an ¹	居安		to dwell at ease (an ¹ chü ¹ lé ⁴ yeh ⁴).	
chü ¹ -chia ¹ -jên ² -têng ³	居家人等		the whole family.	
chü ¹ -chien ¹ -nan ² -chung ¹	居艱難中		in the midst of distress.	
chü ¹ -chu ⁴	居住		to live, to dwell, to reside	
chü ¹ -ch'u ⁴	居處		[ch'u ⁴ a dwelling place, one's abode, a residence (hsia	
chü ¹ -hsin ¹	居心		concentration, bent upon (chuan ² hsin ¹).	
chü ¹ -hsin ¹ -ho ² -jên ³	居心何忍		intentional (wickedness).	
chü ¹ -jün ²	居然		proud and unsociable, off haud, simply.	
chü ¹ -kuan ¹	居官		to fill or hold office.	
chü ¹ -kuan ¹ -ti ²	居官的		officials (tso ⁴ kuan ¹).	
chü ¹ -min ²	居民		resident population.	
chü ¹ pi ⁴ -tsé ² -lin ²	居必擇鄰		[neighbors in taking a residence you must choose you	
chü ¹ saug ¹	居喪		iu mourning (ch'uan ¹ hsiao ⁴ , ting ¹ yu ¹).	
chü ¹ -shih ⁴	居士		a retired scholar.	
chü ¹ -wu ² -ch'iu ² -an ¹	居無求安		he did not ask for comfort in his dwelling.	
chü ¹	手才	303a438b	to seize, to lay hold of, to embrace; adhesive (la ¹)	
chü ¹ -an ⁴ -hsin ⁴ -chiu ⁴	拘案訊究		to arrest and hale to court for examination.	
chü ¹ -ch'ien ¹	拘牽		to drag.	
chü ¹ -chih ²	拘執		to grasp; obstinate.	
chü ¹ -chin ¹	拘禁		to confine in one place.	
chü ¹ -chin ³	拘謹		diligent, careful (yin ¹ ch'in ²).	
chü ¹ -chiu ³	拘緊		to restrain, to keep in order.	
chü ¹ -chiu ⁴	拘究		to arrest and put on trial.	
chü ¹ -chu ⁴ -liao ³	拘住了		controlled.	
chü ¹ -kuan ³	拘管		to restrain, to check, to control.	
chü ¹ kuan ³ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	拘管不住		cannot control.	
chü ¹ -lüan ³	拘攣		bent, numbed (of fingers).	
chü ¹ -na ²	拘拿		to seize, to apprehend.	
chü ¹ -ni ²	拘泥		to be bigoted; indifferent to, reticent.	
chü ¹ -pan ⁴	拘板		stiff, pigheaded.	
chü ¹ -shu ⁴	拘束		to restrain, to be careful (yo ¹ shu ⁴).	
chü ¹ -shu ⁴	拘數		to fix a number, estimate.	
chü ¹	人	308c438b	all, the whole of; together with, both.	
chü ¹ -ch'üan ²	俱全		complete, the whole.	
chü ¹ -i ³ -ch'ü ² pei ⁴	俱已齊備		all is ready or prepared.	
chü ¹ -ko ⁴	俱各		every one.	

hū¹.ko⁴.p'ing².an¹ 俱各平安
 hū¹.shih⁴ 俱是
 hū¹.shih⁴.hsin¹.ti¹ 俱是新的
 hū¹.shih⁴.hsü¹.huang³ 俱是虛謊
 hū¹.shih⁴.ju².tz'ü³ 俱是如此
 hū¹.shou¹ 俱收
 hū¹.tu¹ 俱都
 hū¹.tu¹.ch'i².pei⁴ 俱都齊備
 hū¹.tu¹.mieh¹.ching⁴ 俱都滅淨
 hū¹.yu³.tsui⁴.kuo⁴ 俱有罪過
 hū¹ 車 車 49b39a
 hū¹.ma³.ch'ing¹.fei² 車馬輕肥
 hū¹.mo³.ying².mên² 車馬盈門
 hū¹ 疔 疔 305a1009a
 hū¹.yung¹ 疔癰
 hū¹ (tzü) 馬 駒 303b438c

HÜ² 尸 局 303c456a
 hū².chia¹ 局家
 hū².mien⁴ 局面
 hū².p'ien⁴ 局騙
 hū².shên¹ 局紳
 hū².shih⁴ 局式
 hū².shih⁴ 局勢
 hū².wai⁴ 局外
 hū² 菊 菊 304b457a
 hū².chiu³ 菊酒
 hū².yüeh⁴ 菊月
 hū² (tzü) 木 橘 309a457c
 hū².chiu³ 橘酒
 hū².ho³ 橘核
 hū².hung² 橘紅
 hū².p'i² 橘皮
 hū².ping³ 橘餅
 hū².tzü³ 橘子

HÜ³ 日 辛 舉 309b439a
 hū³.ai¹ 舉哀
 hū³.ch'i³ 舉起
 hū³.chia¹ 舉家
 hū³.chien⁴ 舉薦
 hū³.chien⁴.hsien².ts'ai² 舉薦賢才
 hū³.chien⁴.shêng¹.yüan² 舉監生員

all were at peace.
 both or all are right (chieh¹ shih⁴, tu¹ shih⁴).
 all are new.
 all is untrue.
 all is just so.
 all received.
 all, the whole of, every one.
 everything complete.
 everything was blotted out.
 all is sin.
 ch'ê, cart, so read in wên-li.
 light carts and fat horses.
 gates crowded with visitors.
 an old sore; deeply-rooted faults.
 ulcers (liu² tzü³, fên³ tzü³).
 colt, a young horse, donkey or mule.
 a manufactory; an office; all.
 head of gambling hell.
 elegant, genteel.
 to conspire together to defraud (mou² p'ien⁴).
 members of a (Tithing office or similar) Board.
 style, fashion (yang⁴ shih⁴).
 position of the game outlook (ti⁴ wei⁴).
 an outsider, a looker on (wai¹ hang², li⁴ pa t'ou²).
 the chrysanthemum (yüeh chü² hua¹).
 name of a kind of wine (shao chiu³).
 "chrysanthemum month" (9th). See Note 32.
 the pomelo, the orange (kan¹ tzü³, ch'ên² tzü³).
 orange wine.
 orange pips.
 dried orange peel—for coughs.
 same.
 dried orange.
 a bitterish orange.
 to lift up, to raise; to introduce.
 to cry out, "to lift up the voice," weep.
 to raise, to lift up (hsien¹ ch'i³ lai²).
 the whole family (ho² chia¹).
 to recommend, to introduce to notice (pao³ chü³).
 to recommend very able men,
 lower rank graduates (M. A. and B. A.).

chü³-ch'ien¹-ch'in¹-t'ing³ 舉千斤鼎
 chü³-chih³ 舉止
 chü³-hsiao⁴-lien² 舉孝廉
 chü³-hsing²-kuo²-chêng⁴ 舉行國政
 chü³-jên² 舉人
 chü³-jên²-hsi⁴-ts'ai² 舉人秀才
 chü³-jên²-yao⁴-ming⁴ 舉人耍命
 chü³-mu⁴ 舉目
 chü³-mu⁴-wu²-ch'in⁴ 舉目無親
 chü³-pao³ 舉保
 chü³-pao⁴ 舉報步
 chü³-pu⁴ 舉步
 chü³-pu⁴-tung⁴ 舉不動
 chü³-shih⁴ 舉世
 chü³-shou³ 舉手
 chü³-shou²-chih¹-lao⁴ 舉手之勞
 chü³-tung⁴ 舉動
 chü³-tzü³ 舉子

fig. great strength [ching⁴
 "motion and rest," conduct, behaviour (tung
 M.A. (hsiao⁴ lien² fang¹ chêng⁴).
 to manage the government. [472 (hsiao⁴ lien²
 to recommend a person; a provincial grad. G
 graduates.
 to get M.A. requires Fate (chung⁴ chü³).
 to raise the eyes (chêng¹ yen³).
 lonely.
 to recommend, to guarantee.
 to report, to give an account of.
 to make a move, to step, to start.
 cannot be lifted up (t'ai² pu⁴ tung⁴).
 the whole world (p'u² t'ien¹ hsia⁴).
 to raise the hand (yang² shou³).
 i. e., very easy.
 a person's conduct or behaviour (hsing² chih³).
 literary men (shên¹ shih⁴).

CHÜ⁴ 金 鋸^{307a441c}
 chü⁴-chiang⁴ 鋸匠
 chü⁴-chieh⁴-fên⁴-shên¹ 鋸解分身
 chü⁴-ch'ih³ 鋸齒
 chü⁴-k'ai¹ 鋸開
 chü⁴-liao⁴ 鋸料
 chü⁴-mien⁴ 鋸麵
 chü⁴-mo⁴-tzü³ 鋸末子
 chü⁴-t'iao² 鋸條
 chü⁴-luan⁴ 鋸斷
 chü⁴-wan³-ti¹ 鋸碗的
 chü⁴-ya² 鋸牙
 chü⁴ 耳 聚^{311b1010b}
 chü⁴-ch'êng²-tang³ 聚成黨
 chü⁴-chi² 聚集
 chü⁴-chi²-fei³-t'u² 聚集匪徒
 chü⁴-ch'i² 聚齊
 chü⁴-ching¹-hui¹-shên² 聚精會神
 chü⁴-chü¹ 聚居
 chü⁴-chung⁴ [kuan¹ 聚眾
 chü⁴-chung⁴-k'ang¹ 聚眾抗官
 chü⁴-hui⁴ 聚會
 chü⁴-lien⁴ 聚斂
 chü⁴-p'io³-p'ên² 聚寶盆

a saw, to saw (la¹ chü⁴).
 a sawyer.
 (閻王廟偶像) sawn to pieces (in Hades).
 the teeth of a saw.
 to saw, to saw in two.
 a vice to set a saw with.
 sawdust.
 same.
 the blade of a saw.
 to saw in two.
 crockery menders.
 tooth of saw.
 to assemble, to collect; an assemblage.
 to collect a band of confederates (chieh² tang³
 to assemble, to collect.
 to assemble outlaws.
 all assembled (ch'i² chi²).
 to gather together all one's wits.
 to dwell together.
 to assemble in numbers (ch'êng² ch'ü²).
 to collect a mob and oppose the officials.
 to assemble.
 to collect together; to extort. [wealt
 a fabulous dish, the source of inexhaustib

ü⁴-san⁴ 聚散
 ü⁴-shao⁴-ch'êng²-to¹ 聚少成多
 ü⁴-shou³-hsün⁴-wên⁴* 聚首詢問
 ü⁴-shou³-hsiang¹-tan² 聚首相談
 ü⁴-tu³ 聚賭
 手 拒 307b441a
 ü⁴-chüeh² 拒絕
 ü⁴-k'ang⁴ 拒抗
 ü⁴-pu³ 拒捕
 ü⁴-ti² 拒敵
 入 具 308b440a
 ü⁴-ch'êng² 具呈
 ü⁴-chiao³-chuang⁴ 具繳狀
 ü⁴-chieh² 具結
 ü⁴-chuang¹-kao⁴-jên² 具狀告人
 ü⁴-hsien⁴-chuang⁴ 具限狀
 ü⁴-kao⁴-chuang⁴-jên² 具告狀人
 ü⁴-ling³ 具領
 ü⁴-ping³ 具稟
 ü⁴-pao³-chuang⁴ 具保狀
 ü⁴-t'ieh³-ch'ing³-k'o⁴ 具帖請客
 ü⁴-wên² 具文
 心 懼 懼 311a440c
 ü⁴-nei⁴ 懼內
 ü⁴-p'a⁴ 懼怕
 ü⁴-wang²-fa² 懼王法
 手 據 310b442b
 ü⁴-ch'ing²-t'ui⁴-tson⁴ 據情代奏
 ü⁴-li³-kung¹-luan¹ 據理公斷
 ü⁴-ni³-shuo⁴ 據你說
 ü⁴-shih² 據實
 ü⁴-shih²-shên¹-su⁴ 據實申訴
 ü⁴-shou³ 據守
 ü⁴-shou³-ch'êng²-ch'ih² 據守城池
 ü⁴-tz'u²-k'an⁴-lai² 據此看來
 口 句 302c440b
 ü⁴-chü¹ 句句
 ü⁴-chü⁴-chên⁴-chih³ 句句鎮紙
 ü⁴-fa²-ch'ing¹-ch'u⁴ 句句清楚
 ü⁴-tuan⁴ 句句段
 工 巨 307b440c
 ü⁴-an⁴ 巨案
 ü⁴-fu⁴ 巨富

to meet and scatter again.
 by collecting little you amass much.
 a tête-tête (hui⁴ hua⁴)
 same.
 to assemble people for gambling.
 to oppose, to resist, to ward off, to prevent.
 to cut off all communication
 to resist, disobedient (wu² ni¹).
 to resist apprehension (as robbers, etc.).
 to oppose an enemy.
 arranged, prepared, placed together; to write.
 to present a petition (ti⁴ ch'êng², ti⁴ ping³).
 same.
 to draw up and sign a settlement.
 to send in a complaint against a person.
 to give a bond in court to pay within the time.
 to send in a complaint against a person.
 fully take in; to receive in full.
 to petition, to hand in a report (ping³ pao⁴).
 to file a security.
 to send an invitation card.
 an official document; unalterable.
 fear, apprehension, dread (k'ung⁴).
 to fear a wife (to be henpecked).
 afraid, to fear (hai¹ p a⁴).
 to respect the law.
 depending on, according to, relying on.
 according to circumstance memorialize for me.
 decide the case justly and fairly.
 according to what you say.
 judging from the facts.
 plead and defend according to truth.
 to maintain, to guard.
 to guard the city.
 on the grounds (i³ wo³ k'an⁴ lai²).
 a sentence, a phrase, a term, a word, a line.
 each sentence, every word (tien³ chü¹).
 weighty words (essay).
 fluency of language.
 sentence and paragraphs.
 great, large, vast; numerous, infinite, numbers.
 a very important lawsuit.
 very rich (fu⁴ tsu²).

寧
 shih
 chüu
 sfao²

-hü¹ h'ng² 巨紅
 chü⁴-k'ou³ 巨口
 chü⁴-k'ou⁴ 巨寇
 chü¹-p'i³ 巨瓣
 chü¹-shih⁴ 巨室
 chü⁴-tao⁴ 巨盜
 chü -wan⁴ 巨萬
 chü⁴ 矢 矩^{307c439c}
 chü⁴-mo² 矩模
 chü⁴-pu⁴ 矩步
 chü¹ 走 遽^{310c442c}
 chü¹-jan³ 遽然

CH'Ü¹ 日 曲^{311c458a}
 ch'ü¹-hê² 曲折
 ch'ü¹-chih² 曲直
 ch'ü¹-chih²-fên¹-ming² 曲直分明
 ch'ü¹-ching⁴-siao³-lu⁴ 曲徑小路
 ch'ü¹-ch'ü¹-wan¹-wan¹ 曲曲彎彎
 ch'ü¹-êrh² 曲兒
 ch'ü¹-fu¹ 曲阜
 ch'ü¹-hsieh² 曲斜
 ch'ü¹-hsin¹.ti¹ 曲心的
 ch'ü¹-hsing² 曲行
 ch'ü¹-liu²-kuai³-wan¹ 曲流拐灣
 ch'ü¹-pei⁴ 曲背
 ch'ü³-tia⁴ 曲調
 ch'ü³-tzü³ 曲子
 ch'ü³-tzü² 曲詞
 ch'ü¹-wan¹ 曲彎
 ch'ü¹ 尸 屈^{313b458c}
 ch'ü¹-chi³ 屈己
 ch'ü¹-chi³-ts'ung⁴-jên² 屈己從人
 ch'ü¹-chih²-chi⁴ 屈指計
 ch'ü¹-chih²-i¹-suan⁴ 屈指一算
 ch'ü¹-ch'ing² 屈情
 ch'ü¹-êrh²-pu⁴-shên¹ 屈而不伸
 ch'ü¹-hsi² 屈膝
 ch'ü¹-hsin¹ 屈心
 ch'ü¹-hsin¹-pu⁴.mai³ 屈心不買
 ch'ü¹-hsin¹-pu⁴.mai⁴ 屈心不賣
 ch'ü¹-liang⁴ 屈量
 ch'ü¹-pei⁴ 屈背

crimson (hung² tin¹ tiu¹ ti¹).
 "a large mouth," to boast.
 a numerous banditti (ta⁴ mu³ chih² t'ou²).
 the thumb; the greatest person among many.
 a large house; gentry.
 a powerful robber (tao⁴ chih).
 a myriad, myriads, infinite.
 a square; a rule, a pattern; a law, usage.
 a pattern (kuei¹ chü⁴).
 a stately walk (mai⁴ ssü⁴ fang¹ pu⁴).
 hurried; suddenly (hu¹ jau²).
 same.
 crooked, bent, oppressed; songs (wan¹).
 crooks and turns; complications.
 crooked and straight. [straight
 to clearly distinguish the crooked from the
 zigzag by-paths.
 winding, curving (co⁴i¹ wai³ pa¹ niu³).
 songs. [22
 where the grave of Confucius is (Shantung). X
 obliquely.
 deceitful (kuei³ cha⁴).
 crooked ways.
 zigzag. [yao¹
 curvature of the spine, humpbacked (lo² ku
 song tunes.
 songs (ch'ü³ erh).
 old songs or tales.
 a turn, a bend, a curve, a winding.
 to stoop, to crouch, to submit; bent; injustice
 to bend one's self, to humble one's self.
 to bend and submit to others.
 to reckon on or by the fingers.
 reckoning on or by the fingers.
 oppression, injustice (wei² ch'ü¹, ch'ü¹ wang¹;
 crooked and cannot be straightened.
 to bend the knee (kuei⁴ hsia⁴).
 rascally.
 it there is fraud, we will not buy.
 it there is fraud we will not sell.
 to have drunk too sparingly.
 to bend the back (wan¹ yao¹).

ü ¹ -shên ¹	屈伸	to bend and to straighten.
ü ¹ -shên ¹ [shih ⁴	屈身	to bend the body.
ü ¹ -shên ¹ -chiang ⁴ -	屈身降世	humbled himself and came to the world.
ü ¹ -ssü ³	屈死	untimely death, done to death (yao ¹ ming ⁴).
ü ¹ -ssü ³ -kuei ³	屈死鬼	the spirit of one wrongly put to death.
ü ¹ -ta ³ -ch'êng ² -chao ¹	屈打成招	to beat a man until he confesses as required,
ü ¹ -t'a ¹	屈他	to wrong him. [although falsely.]
ü ¹ -tso ⁴	屈坐	to be seated too low for one's rank.
ü ¹ -tsun ¹	屈尊	I beg of you, sir.
ü ¹ -t'ung ²	屈從	to consent, to submit.
ü ¹ -wan ³	屈枉	injustice, oppression (shou ⁴ ch'ü ¹).
ü ¹ -wan ³ -hao ³ -jên ²	屈枉好人	to oppress good men (yüan ¹ ch'ü ¹).
ü ¹ 走趨	趨 ^{313b1010a}	to walk, to go, to run after, to aspire to.
ü ¹ -chi ² -pi ⁴ -hsiung ¹	趨吉避凶	to desire good luck, and avoid bad.
ü ¹ -fu ⁴	趨赴	to hasten towards.
ü ¹ -hsing ²	趨行	to go ahead.
ü ¹ -li ⁴	趨利	to run after gain (t'u ² li ⁴).
ü ¹ -li ⁴ -pi ⁴ -hai ⁴	趨利避害	to run after gain and avoid loss.
ü ¹ -tsou ³	趨走	to go ahead.
ü ¹ -ying ²	趨迎	to run to meet.
ü ¹ 區	區 ^{314b442a}	a store-room ; to separate ; small, petty, trifling.
ü ¹ -ch'u ⁴	區處	{ to separate, to distinguish and decide ; a dwelling.
ü ¹ -ch'ü ¹	區區	small, petty, trifling ; I (in polite language).
ü ¹ -ch'ü ¹ -hsiao ³ -kuo ²	區區小國	a small, petty state.
ü ¹ -pieh ²	區別	to separate.
ü ¹ (tzü)	虫 蛆 ^{312a1010b}	worms, maggots.
ü ¹ -ch'ung ²	蛆虫	same (hun ⁴ shih ³ ch'ung ²).
ü ¹ 虫	蚰 ^{312a458b}	worms, crickets.
ü ¹ -ch'ü ¹	蚰蚰	the fighting cricket.
ü ¹ -shan ⁴	蚰善	common earth-worm.
ü ¹ -yin ³	蚰蚓	a worm.
ü ¹ 馬 駘 駘	驅 ^{314c443a}	to gallop, to lash or flog.
ü ¹ -chu ⁴	驅逐	to drive out.
ü ¹ -chu ⁴ -hsieh ² -kuei ³	驅逐邪鬼	to exorcise evil spirits.
ü ¹ -ch'u ²	驅除	to drive out.
ü ¹ -hsieh ² -pi ⁴ -wên ¹	驅邪避瘟	to expel evil and avert plagues.
ü ¹ -ma ³	驅馬	to gallop a horse (p'ao ³ ma ³).
ü ¹ -ping ¹	驅兵	to advance troops.
ü ¹ 身	軀 ^{314c443a}	the human body (shên ¹ t'i ³).
ü ¹ 山 嶺	嶺 ^{314b443a}	rugged, hilly, mountainous.
ü ¹ 水	渠 ^{315c444a}	a drain, a gutter.

ch'ü ² -kou ¹	渠溝	a large drain, e. g., for irrigation.
ch'ü ² (tzü) 麥麴麵	麴 ^{312a458b}	a ferment for making spirits.
ch'ü ² -nièh ⁴	麴蘖	yeast for fermenting liquor.
ch'ü ² -shêng ¹	麴生	spirits, wine.
CH'Ü ³	又 取 ^{316a1010c}	to fetch, to bring, to take; to covet; to select.
ch'ü ³ -an ⁴ -shou ³	取案首	to come off at the head of the list.
ch'ü ³ -chai ⁴	取債	to take or exact a debt (t'ao ⁴ chang ⁴).
ch'ü ³ -chih ² -li ⁴	取吉利	to bring good luck.
ch'ü ³ -ch'i ²	取其	to take for, to consider as. M. 427.
ch'ü ³ -ch'iao ³	取巧	to invent an ingenious plan.
ch'ü ³ -ch'ieh ⁴	取借	to borrow money.
ch'ü ³ -ch'ien ²	取錢	to fetch money, to draw money from bank.
ch'ü ³ -chih ¹ -pu ⁴ -chin ⁴	取之不盡	cannot be exhausted.
ch'ü ³ -chih ¹ -yu ³ -tao ⁴	取之有道	there is a proper way to take.
ch'ü ³ -ch'u ¹	取出	to take out.
ch'ü ³ -ch'u ²	取除	to take away, to deduct.
ch'ü ³ -ch'ü ⁴	取去	to take away.
ch'ü ³ -fa ²	取法	to take example from others.
ch'ü ³ -hsiao ⁴	取笑	to ridicule (ch'ih ³ hsiao ⁴).
ch'ü ³ -hsin ⁴	取信	to take or fetch a letter; to walk in faith.
ch'ü ³ -hsin ⁴ -yü ² -jên ²	取信於人	to demand faith in a man.
ch'ü ³ -hui ²	取回	to take back, to withdraw.
ch'ü ³ -huo ³	取火	to strike fire.
ch'ü ³ -huo ³ -ching ⁴	取火鏡	a burning-glass.
ch'ü ³ -ju ⁴	取入	to bring in.
ch'ü ³ -k'uei ²	取魁 (or 中)	to be chosen---as at an examination.
ch'ü ³ -kuo ⁴	取過	to take or bring over to.
ch'ü ³ -kuo ⁴ -shu ¹ -lai ²	取過書來	bring a book here.
ch'ü ³ -lai ²	取來	to bring, to fetch.
ch'ü ³ -lê ⁴	取樂	to covet or pursue pleasure (tso ⁴ lê ⁴).
ch'ü ³ -li ⁴	取利	to covet profit or gain (t'u ² li ⁴).
ch'ü ³ -ming ²	取名	"to take a name," to covet notoriety.
ch'ü ³ -mo ⁴ -ts'ai ⁴	取末菜	the dandelion (po ¹ po ¹ ting ¹).
ch'ü ³ pa ²	取拔	to select, to choose (pa ¹ ch'ü ³ jên ² ts'ai ²).
ch'ü ³ -p'iao ⁴	取票	a cheque.
ch'ü ³ -pu ⁴ -shang ³	取不上	to be unsuccessful in the competition.
ch'ü ³ -shê ³	取捨	to take, and to part with.
ch'ü ³ -shêng ⁴	取勝	to gain a victory (huo ⁴ shêng ⁴).
ch'ü ³ -shih ⁴	取士	"to select a scholar," to take a degree.
ch'ü ³ -shu ²	取贖	to redeem, to take out of pawn.
ch'ü ³ -sung ⁴	取送	to take, and to present.
ch'ü ³ -têng ¹	取燈	to light a lamp; a match (yang ² huo ³ , tzu ³ la

h'ü³-ts'ai³ 取才
 h'ü³ 女娶^{316b1011a}
 h'ü³-ch'i¹ 娶妻
 h'ü³-ch'ieh⁴ 娶妾
 h'ü³-ch'in¹ 娶親
 h'ü³-ch'in¹-kuo⁴-men²* 娶親過門
 h'ü³-fu⁴-jen² 娶婦人
 h'ü³-hsi²-fu⁴ 娶媳婦
 h'ü³-p'in⁴ 娶聘

to make use of talents.
 to marry a wife (chia¹ ch'êng² chia¹).
 same.
 to marry a concubine (p'ien¹ fang²).
 to marry a women.
 to bring home the bride to her husband.
 to marry a wife (lao³ p'o²).
 same.
 same.

H'Ü⁴ 去^{312b445a}
 h'ü⁴-ai⁴ 去礙
 h'ü⁴-chia³-kuei¹-chên¹ 去假歸真
 h'ü⁴-ch'u⁴ 去處
 h'ü⁴-êrh²-fu⁴-fan³ 去而復返
 h'ü⁴-hou⁴ 去後
 h'ü⁴-kuan¹ 去官
 h'ü⁴-kuo⁴ 去過
 h'ü⁴-lai² 去來
 h'ü⁴-lu⁴ 去路
 h'ü⁴-nê³-ti¹-pa⁴ 去你的罷。
 h'ü⁴-nien² 去年
 h'ü⁴-o⁴-ts'ung²-shan⁴ 去惡從善
 h'ü⁴-pa⁴ 去罷
 h'ü⁴-pu⁴-ch'ü⁴ 去不去
 h'ü⁴-pu⁴-tê² 去不得
 h'ü⁴-shêng¹ 去聲
 h'ü⁴-shih³ 去使
 h'ü⁴-shih⁴ 去世
 h'ü⁴-sui⁴ 去歲
 h'ü⁴-tiao⁴ 去掉
 h'ü⁴-t'ou³ 去頭
 h'ü⁴-tso⁴-shên⁴-ma¹ 去作甚麼
 h'ü⁴-wên² 去文
 走 趣^{316b1011b}
 h'ü⁴-ch'u⁴ 趣處
 h'ü⁴-hua⁴ 趣話
 h'ü⁴-tê²-hên³ 趣得很
 h'ü⁴-wei⁴ 趣味
 見 覷^{311a1101c}
 h'ü⁴-chi¹-hui⁴ 覷機會
 h'ü⁴-pien¹ 覷邊
 h'ü⁴-yen³-kuan¹-k'an⁴ 覷眼觀看

to go, to go away ; past, gone, former. M. 25.
 to remove an impediment.
 to abandon the false and return to the true.
 a place to go to ; a place, occasion.
 to go and return again.
 subsequently (tsai³ hou⁴).
 to leave the public service (kuan¹ huai⁴ la).
 been, gone ; altered, reformed.
 going and coming ; having been.
 a road to escape.
 mind your own business !
 last year, former years (nien² ch'ien²).
 to reform (kai³ o⁴ ts'ung² shan⁴).
 go ! begone ! be off ! let's go !
 will you go ?
 unable to go, impossible to go (or 去不了).
 the sinking or departing tone (4th).
 a messenger sent. [hsia⁴ shih⁴).
 to go out of the world, to die (hsieh⁴ shih⁴,
 last year.
 to get rid of, to remove.
 worth going to (k'an⁴ t'ou²).
 what are you going to do ?
 a despatch sent.
 pleasure, gratification, enjoyment, relish.
 enjoyment, happiness (lê⁴ ch'u⁴).
 a jest (hsiao⁴ hua⁴).
 very amusing (k'o³ hsiao⁴).
 an agreeable flavor,
 to spy, to peep, to look silyly.
 to watch for an opportunity.
 to spy about the frontiers.
 to peep, to look silyly.

- CHÜAN¹** 手才 捐^{317b449b}
chüan¹-ch'ien³ 捐錢
chüan¹-ch'ien²-ch'êng² 捐前程
chüan¹-ch'ü¹ 捐軀
chüan¹-hsiang³ 捐項
chüan¹-kuan¹ [*chao⁴*] 捐官
chüan¹-kuan¹-chih¹ 捐官執照
chüan¹-kung¹-ming² 捐功名
chüan¹-ming⁴ 捐命
chüan¹-na⁴ 捐納
chüan¹-pan¹ [*shên¹*] 捐班
chüan¹-pang³-ch'u¹ 捐榜出身
chüan¹-shu¹ 捐輸
chüan¹-tsu²-hua¹-yang⁴ 捐足花樣
chüan¹-tzü¹ 捐資
chüan¹ 鳥 鷓鴣^{318a450a}
chüan¹-hua¹ 鷓鴣花
chüan¹ 虫 蠲^{318a450a}
chüan¹-mien³ 蠲免
chüan¹ 水 涓^{317b450a}
- to subscribe for a public purpose (cr. chuan⁴).
 to subscribe money.
 purchase rank.
 to sacrifice one's life (shê³ shên¹).
 subscriptions.
 to purchase office.
 to purchase an official passport.
 to purchase a title.
 to throw away one's life (p'in¹ ming⁴).
 to contribute in aid of the government.
 holders of purchased rank,
 to begin official life by purchase.
 to subscribe,
 to purchase the highest title.
 a subscriptions, to subscribe money.
 a kind of cuckoo.
 the azalea (tu⁴ chüan¹ hua¹).
 to lay by, to put aside; to remit.
 to remit (as taxes).
 a brook, a stream, a rill.
- CHÜAN³** 手才 捲^{319a450b}
chüan³-ch'ü³ 捲起
chüan³-ch'ü³-lai² 捲起來
chüan³-chiao¹ 捲角
chüan³-chieh²-shih³ 捲結寔
chüan³-hsiü⁴ 捲袖
chüan³-hua⁴ 捲畫
chüan³-liao³-p'u¹-kai¹ 捲了鋪蓋
chüan³-lien²-tzü³ 捲簾子
chüan³-lien²-ch'ao²-san¹ 捲簾朝散
chüan³-p'êng² 捲棚
chüan³-shang⁴ 捲上
chüan³-shou³ 捲手
chüan³ (tzü) 食 饅^{319b451b}
- to roll up; to gather in; the fist,
 to roll up (as paper).
 roll it up (ch'au² ch'ü³ lai²).
 to turn up the corners, to make dog's ears.
 roll tightly.
 to tuck or roll up the sleeves.
 to roll up a picture.
 rolled up one's bedding.
 to roll up a screen, roll up the screen.
 roll up the screen, and the court is over.
 to roll up a mat awning.
 to roll up.
 the fist; to double the fist (ch'uan³ t'ou²).
 wafer rolls.
- CHÜAN⁴** 卍 已 卷^{318c450b}
chüan⁴-chih³ 卷紙
chüan⁴-êrh¹ 卷二
chüan⁴-hsiang¹ 卷甬
chüan⁴-mao² 卷毛
chüan⁴-tai⁴ 卷袋
chüan⁴-tsé⁴ 卷冊
- scroll, a section, a chapter, chüan³, roll up.
 essay paper,
 the second chapter.
 box to take into examination hall,
 curly hairs, animals (hui² mao²).
 a book bag, a satchel.
 record, archives.

'üan ⁴ -tzũ ³	卷	子	a scroll, a book.
'üan ⁴	人	倦 ^{318c450c}	fatigue, weariness, lassitude.
'üan ⁴ -tai ⁴		倦怠	fatigued, weary, lazy (k'un ⁴ ch'üan ⁴).
'üan ⁴ -to ⁴		倦情	same.
'üan ⁴	目	眷 ^{318b450c}	affection for; a family, near relations.
'üan ⁴ -ch'in ¹		眷親	near relations (ch'in ¹ ch'i ⁴).
'üan ⁴ -ku ⁴		眷顧	to regard kindly.
'üan ⁴ -lüan ⁴		眷戀	to regard with affection (lien ⁴ lien ⁴ pu ⁴ shê ⁴).
'üan ⁴ -nien ⁴		眷念	to think of with affection.
'üan ⁴ -shu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shao ³		眷屬不少	very large family.
'üan ⁴ -tsu ²		眷族	relatives (pên ³ chia ¹).
'üan ⁴ (tzũ)	糸	絹 ^{318a451b}	lutestring; a handkerchief, a napkin.
'üan ⁴ -ch'ou ²		絹綉	lutestring; a thin cheap silk.
'üan ⁴	口	圈 ^{319c451a}	a pen, or inclosure (see next).

H'ÜAN	口	圈 ^{319c451a}	a circle, to encircle. See chüan ⁴ .
'üan ¹ -ch'üan ¹		圈圈	to put a circle around.
'üan ¹ -t ³ -tzũ ³		圈椅子	a bow-backed chair (liu ³ ch'üan ¹ i ³ tzũ ³).
'üan ¹ -lung ²		圈籠	to surround, to entrap.
'üan ¹ -t'uo ⁴		圈套	a snare.
'üan ¹ -tien ³		圈點	"circles and dots," periods and commas.
'üan ¹ -lien ² -wên ² -chang ¹		圈點文章	to punctuate an essay.
'üan ¹ -tzũ ³		圈子	a trap, a snare.

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H'ÜAN ²	入	全 ^{320c1013b}	all, the whole of, complete, entire; to complete.
'üan ² -chia ¹		全家	the whole family (chü ³ chia ¹).
'üan ² -chieh ²		全並	able to do anything, to do all.
'üan ² -cho ¹ -chü ³ -hsi ²		全棹酒席	a first class feast (man ³ han ⁴ chü ³ hsi ²).
'üan ² -chü ⁴		全就	completed.
'üan ² -ch'u ¹ -nên ² -la ³		全出門喇	all gone out.
'üan ² -h'üan ²		全權	complete authority, full powers (as plenipoten-
'üan ² -ch'üan ² -ta ⁴ -ch'ên ²		全權大臣	Minister Plenipotentiary.
'üan ² -chuang ¹ -hao ³ -liao ³		全裝好了	all put aboard.
'üan ² -fên ⁴ -chuang ¹ -lien ²		全分粧奩	a complete lady's outfit.
'üan ² -fu ² -k'uei ¹ -chia ⁴		全副盔甲	a complete suit of armor.
'üan ² -huan ² -jên ²		全環人家	a family with no essential member wanting.
'üan ² -jan ² [chia ¹]		全然	altogether.
'üan ² -jên ²		全人	the perfect man.
'üan ² -lu ⁴ -chih ² -shih ⁴		全路職勢	all the paraphernalia, e. g., for wedding.
'üan ² -mei ³		全美	altogether good.
'üan ² -mei ² -jên ² -pan ⁴		全沒人辦	no one to manage it.
'üan ² -mei ² -tsai ⁴ -chia ¹		全沒在家	all away from home.
'üan ² -nêng ²		全能	complete ability, almighty (wu ² so ³ pu ⁴ nêng ²).

[tiary.

<i>ch'üan²-p'an²-tzü³</i>	全盤子	the whole affair.
<i>ch'üan²-pei¹</i>	全備	fully provided, all ready (<i>ch'i² pei¹</i>).
<i>ch'üan²-pu⁴</i>	全部	complete volume.
<i>ch'üan²-shan⁴</i>	全善	wholly good.
<i>ch'üan²-shih⁴</i>	全是在	the whole is, they all are (<i>tu¹ shih⁴</i>).
<i>ch'üan²-tsai⁴-ch'i²-nei⁴</i>	全在其內	all included.
<i>ch'üan²-tsai⁴-ni³-la³</i>	全在你咧	it all depends on you.
<i>ch'üan²-tu¹</i>	全都	all, the whole of.
<i>ch'üan²-wan²</i>	全完	to finish, to complete, all finished (<i>yüan² ch'üan¹</i>).
<i>ch'üan²-wu²</i>	全無	none at all.
<i>ch'üan²</i>	水 泉	a spring, the source of a stream.
<i>ch'üan²-ch'ih²</i>	泉池	a spring of water.
<i>ch'üan²-ching³</i>	泉井	spring and wells.
<i>ch'üan²-shui³</i>	泉水	spring water.
<i>ch'üan²-t'ou²</i>	泉頭	the fountain-head.
<i>ch'üan²-yen³</i>	泉眼	"a spring's eye," a spring.
<i>ch'üan²-yüan²</i>	泉源	springs.
<i>ch'üan²</i>	手 拳	the closed hand, the fist.
<i>ch'üan²-chiao³</i>	拳脚	boxing and wrestling.
<i>ch'üan²-fa²</i>	拳法	the art of boxing.
<i>ch'üan²-pan⁴</i>	拳棒	boxing and stick playing.
<i>ch'üan²-shih¹</i>	拳師	a professor of boxing.
<i>ch'üan²-t'ou²</i>	拳頭	the fist.
<i>ch'üan²</i>	木 權	weight, authority; to balance, to weigh.
<i>ch'üan²-ch'ên²</i>	權臣	an influential minister, an imperial favorite.
<i>ch'üan²-hêng⁴</i>	權衡	power; to weigh, deliberate upon.
<i>ch'üan²-nêng²</i>	權能	authority, power.
<i>ch'üan²-pien⁴</i>	權變	versatile, ingenious (<i>hsing² ch'üan²</i>).
<i>ch'üan²-ping⁴</i>	權柄	power, influence; baton of office (<i>shih⁴ li⁴</i>).
<i>ch'üan²-shih⁴</i>	權勢	authority, power, influence (<i>pên³ shih⁴</i>).
<i>ch'üan²-tang¹</i>	權當	to consider as if to feign (<i>i³ wei²</i>).
<i>ch'üan²</i>	疔 痊	to cure, cured, convalescent, recovered.
<i>ch'üan²-yü⁴</i>	痊愈	to recover, to get better.
<i>ch'üan²</i>	足 踉	the legs drawn up, or doubled under.
<i>ch'üan²-t'ui³</i>	踉腿	to double up, or draw in the legs.
<i>ch'üan²</i>	頁 顴	the cheek bones.
<i>ch'üan²-ku²</i>	顴骨	same.
<i>ch'üan²-ku²-kao¹</i>	顴骨高	check-bones high.
CH'ÜAN³	犬	the dog (<i>kon³</i>).
<i>ch'üan³-fei⁴</i>	犬吠	the dog barks.
<i>ch'üan³-ma³-chih¹-lao⁴</i>	犬馬之勞	services rendered by dog and horse.
<i>ch'üan³-shou³-yeh⁴</i>	犬守夜	the dog watches at night.

'üan ³ -tzü ³	犬子	a whelp, a pup.	
'üan ³ -yao ³	犬咬	the dog bites, or barks.	
HÜAN ⁴	力劝	勸 ^{321c453c}	to advise, to exhort, to admonish, to instruct,
'üan ⁴ -chia ¹	勸教	勸教	same (ch'uan ² chia ¹).
'üan ⁴ -chieh ³	勸解	勸解	to advise and explain to, to mediate.
'üan ⁴ -chieh ⁴	勸戒	勸戒	to warn, to caution.
'üan ⁴ -chieh ⁴ -y ¹ p ⁴ ien ⁴	勸戒鴉片	勸戒鴉片	to exhort people to leave off opium.
'üan ⁴ -chien ⁴	勸諫	勸諫	to advise or admonish a superior.
'üan ⁴ -chüan ¹	勸捐	勸捐	to call on people to subscribe, or pay a tax.
'üan ⁴ -ho ²	勸和	勸和	to persuade or advise to mutual agreement.
'üan ⁴ -hua ⁴	勸化	勸化	to convert (chia ⁴ hua ⁴).
'üan ⁴ -hua ⁴ -wan ⁴ -nin ²	勸化萬民	勸化萬民	to disciple all nations.
'üan ⁴ -jên ² -ho ² -mu ⁴	勸人和睦	勸人和睦	to exhort people to be at peace.
'üan ⁴ -mien ⁴	勸勉	勸勉	to urge, to stimulate (mien ³ li ¹).
'üan ⁴ -pu ¹ -hsing ³ -t'ai ¹	勸不醒他	勸不醒他	cannot arouse him from his lethargy (chih ² mi ³).
'üan ⁴ -shan ⁴	勸善	勸善	to preach morality.
'üan ⁴ -shan ⁴ -kuei ¹ -kuo ⁴	勸善規過	勸善規過	to exhort people to turn over a new leaf,
'üan ⁴ -shih ⁴ -wên ²	勸世文	勸世文	tracts (ching ³ shih ⁴ wên ²).
'üan ⁴ -t'ai ¹ -tso ⁴	勸他作	勸他作	advise him to do it.
'üan ⁴ -wei ⁴	勸慰	勸慰	to soothe, to console.
'üan ⁴	力券	券 ^{319b453b}	a deed, a bond, an agreement, a proof.
'üan ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	券契	券契	same.
'üan ⁴ -yo ¹	券約	券約	same.
HÜEH ¹	手掇	掇 ^{323b485a}	to snap, to break off, or asunder.
'üeh ¹ -shé ² -liao ³	掇折了	掇折了	broken off.
'üeh ¹	口噤	噤 ^{323a446c}	to purse the lips, to pout.
'üeh ¹ -tsui ³	噤嘴	噤嘴	to pout the lips (min ³ tsui ³ hsiao ⁴).
HÜEH ²	糸絕	絕 ^{323c1011a}	cut off, broken off, interrupted, terminated.
'üeh ² -ch'ang ² -pu ³	絕長補短	絕長補短	to take from the long to add to the short.
'üeh ² -chiao ¹ [tuan ³	絕交	絕交	breach of friendship (tuan ⁴ lai ² wang ³).
'üeh ² -ch'ing ² [i ⁴	絕情	絕情	no feelings; breach of friendship.
'üeh ² -ch'ing ² -chüeh ²	絕情絕義	絕情絕義	no sense of right, etc.
'üeh ² -chün ⁴	絕俊	絕俊	perfectly beautiful (chun ⁴ mei ³).
'üeh ² -hsi ⁴	絕細	絕細	extremely fine, minute.
'üeh ² -hsiao ⁴	絕笑	絕笑	extremely laughable.
'üeh ² -hu ⁴	絕戶	絕戶	an heirless old man.
'üeh ² -i ⁴	絕義	絕義	breach of friendship.
'üeh ² -i ⁴	絕意	絕意	estranged.
'üeh ² -i ⁴ -ssü ³ -chan ⁴	絕意死戰	絕意死戰	fight to the death.
'üeh ² -jên ² -t'ai ¹ -shên ⁴	絕人太甚	絕人太甚	very deeply estranged.

chüeh ² -kao ¹	絕高	extremely high.
chüeh ² -liang ²	絕糧	without food.
chüeh ² -lun ²	絕倫	to cut off from any class ; to surpass.
chüeh ² -mi ⁴	絕密	extremely fine, delicate.
chüeh ² -miao ⁴	絕妙	most admirable.
chüeh ² -ming ⁴	絕命	death (sang ⁴ ming ⁴).
chüeh ² -pi ⁴	絕壁	a lofty wall.
chüeh ² -pu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -kan ¹	絕不相干	nothing to do with.
chüeh ² -ssü ⁴	絕嗣	no heirs.
chüeh ² -ting ¹	絕丁	same.
chüeh ² -tzü ³ -tuan ⁴ -sun ¹	絕子斷孫	without posterity.
chüeh ² 水 決	決	to flow ; to settle, to decide. decided, determined
chüeh ² -chi ⁴	決既	determined, decided, bent on.
chüeh ² -ch'ü ⁴	決去	determined to go.
chüeh ² -ho ² -k'ou ³	決河口	the river has burst its banks (ho ² k'ai ¹ k'ou ³).
chüeh ² -i ⁴	決意	to determine, fixed intention.
chüeh ² -jan ²	決然	determined (i ³ ting ⁴).
chüeh ² -k'o ⁴	決課	a final or test examination. M, 539.
chüeh ² -mo ² -jên ² -hsin ⁴	決沒人信	absolutely no one will believe,
chüeh ² -pu ⁴	決不	determined not to.
chüeh ² -pu ⁴ -kai ³ -hsin ⁴	決不該信	ought not to believe.
chüeh ² -pu ⁴ -k'ên ³ -ts'ung	決不肯從	utterly unwilling to follow.
chüeh ² -pu ⁴ -k'uan ¹ -tai ⁴	決不寬貸	determined not to forgive.
chüeh ² -pu ⁴ -nêng ²	決不能	cannot possibly.
chüeh ² -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴ -ché ⁴	決不是這	certainly is not this.
chüeh ² -pu ⁴ -shih ² -yen ²	決不食言	determined not to eat one's words.
chüeh ² -ting ¹	決定	quite certain, certainly, positively.
chüeh ² -tsui ¹	決罪	capital punishment (jê ⁴ chüeh ²).
chüeh ² -tuan ⁴	決斷	to settle, to decide, decided, determined.
chüeh ² -wu ² -hou ⁴ -huan ⁴	決無後患	assuredly no after regrets.
chüeh ² -wu ² -tz'u ³ -shih ⁴	決無此事	there is no such thing.
chüeh ² -yao ⁴	決要	to insist upon.
chüeh ² 見 覺	覺	to perceive, to be sensible of, to feel. See chiao ¹
chüeh ² -chih ¹	覺相	to perceive, to know.
chüeh ² -chih ²	覺直	correct, upright.
chüeh ² -ching ¹	覺驚	to feel or manifest alarm,
chüeh ² -cho ² -fa ¹ -k'uei ⁴	覺着發愧	feeling ashamed,
chüeh ² -cho ² -lai ⁴ -hsiu ¹	覺着害羞	to feel ashamed.
chüeh ² -cho ² -hên ³ -jêh ⁴	覺着很熱	feeling it very hot.
chüeh ² -cho ² -ma ² -mu ²	覺着麻木	feeling numb.
chüeh ² -cho ² -mo ² -ts'o ⁴	覺着沒錯	feeling that I have no fault.
chüeh ² -cho ² -pu ⁴ -t'o ³	覺着不妥	feeling it unsatisfactory.
chüeh ² -hsiao ³	覺曉	to know, to understand.

hüeh ² -hun ²	覺魂	senses common to men and animals (ling ² hun ²)
hüeh ² -ming ³	覺明	intelligent, wise.
hüeh ² -pu ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -lai ²	覺不出來	cannot perceive or feel it.
hüeh ² -tê ²	覺得	to feel, to be sensible of.
hüeh ² -t'êng ³	覺疼	to feel pain.
hüeh ² -ti ³ -hên ³ -lei ²	覺的很累	feels it very embarrassing.
hüeh ² -ti ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'ua ⁴	覺的不差	I perceive there is no mistake.
hüeh ² -wu ⁴	覺悟	to be roused to a sense of.
hüeh ²	手才掘	to dig (as a hole, well, etc.).
hüeh ² -ching ³	掘井	to dig a well (wa ¹ , t'ao ¹).
hüeh ² -ch'ua ¹ -chin ¹ -kung ³	掘出金礦	to dig out a grave.
hüeh ² -fên ²	掘墳	to dig a grave.
hüeh ² -ho ² -yin ³ -shui ³	掘河引水	to dig a river and bring in water.
hüeh ² -k'ai ¹	掘開	to dig open (p'ao ² k'ai ¹).
hüeh ² -k'êng ¹	掘坑	to dig a pig (wan ¹ t'u ³).
hüeh ² -lung ² -t'an ¹	掘龍潭	to dig up the dragon pool (in drought). M. 531.
hüeh ² -tao ⁴ -shui ³ -kou ¹	掘道水溝	to dig a drain.
hüeh ² -t'u ³	掘土	to dig the ground (p'ao ² ti ⁴).
hüeh ²	人 倔	perverse, refractory, obstinate.
hüeh ² -chiang ¹	倔僵	same.
hüeh ² -ch'iang ²	倔強	same.
hüeh ² -p'i ² -ch'i ³	倔脾氣	sulky disposition.
hüeh ² -sang ⁴	倔喪	churlish.
hüeh ²	瓜 罇	a wine cup; rank, nobility, high office (chiao ³).
hüeh ² -lu ⁴	罇祿	rank and pay (fêng ⁴ lu ⁴).
hüeh ² -wei ⁴	罇位	[chüeh ²]. official rank, nobility, position, rank (kuan ⁴)
hüeh ²	角	a horn; a corner; a quarter. See chiao ² .
hüeh ² -sé ⁴	角色	line, role (of player).
hüeh ² -shu ³	角黍	a three-cornered pudding made from rice.
hüeh ²	足 蹶	to jump, to leap; to stumble; a horse's hoof.
hüeh ² liao ¹ -ch'i ³ -lai ²	蹶擦起來	to kick.
hüeh ² -tzu ³	蹶子	a horse's hoof.
hüeh ² -tzu ³ -t'i ³ -shang ¹	蹶子踢傷	to wound by kicking.
hüeh ²	言 訣	a keepsake, parting words.
hüeh ² -chi ⁴	訣計	parting words.
hüeh ² -ch'iao ⁴	訣竅	clue, rationale (t'ou ² hsü ⁴).
hüeh ²	金 鏃	a hoe, pickaxe (ch'ua ²).
hüeh ² -pa ¹	鏃把	the handle of a hoe.
hüeh ² -t'ou ²	鏃頭	a pick or hoc.
hüeh ²	肉月脚 腳	foot. See chiao ³ .
hüeh ² (tzu ³)	木槩	a wooden peg (chuang ¹).
hüeh ² -ping ⁴	槩柄	same.
hüeh ²	口 嗟	to sigh, to lament.

- ch'üeh²-t'an⁴ 嗟嘆 to sigh, to pity (t'an⁴ hsi¹).
- CH'ÜEH⁴ 刀 慤 闕 屨^{323a446b} to urge, to press upon, to compel to.
 ch'üeh⁴-ché²-liao³ 屨折了 to break off, broken off.
 ch'üeh⁴ 矢 矧^{325c445b} short (as dress) (tuan³ ch'üeh⁴).
- CH'ÜEH⁴ 缶 缺^{326b448c} a deficiency, a want; to vacate; a vacancy.
 ch'üeh⁴-chiao¹ 缺角 short of a corner, defect.
 ch'üeh⁴-ch'ien⁴ 缺欠 shortcoming.
 ch'üeh⁴-ch'ien⁴-jên²-ch'ing² 缺欠人情 deficient in humanity.
 ch'üeh⁴-ch'ih²-ch'uan¹ 缺吃穿 lack of food and clothing.
 ch'üeh⁴-ch'ü⁴ 缺去 to break off.
 ch'üeh⁴-fên⁴ 缺分 a post, an office (jên⁴).
 ch'üeh⁴-i¹-shih² 缺衣食 without food or clothing.
 ch'üeh⁴-ju² 缺乳食 without milk (in breasts).
 ch'üeh⁴-k'uei¹ 缺虧 deficient (k'nei¹ ch'ieü⁴).
 ch'üeh⁴-o² 缺額 short in allowance or number (tuan³ shu⁴).
 ch'üeh⁴-pên³-ch'ien² 缺本錢 to lack or lose capital.
 ch'üeh⁴-shao³ 缺少 few, deficient.
 ch'üeh⁴-shui³ 缺水 deficient in water.
 ch'üeh⁴-tien⁴ 缺玷 a flaw (hsia² tz'ü³, mao² ping⁴).
 ch'üeh⁴-ts'an² 缺殘 ruined.
 ch'üeh⁴-tuan³ 缺短 short, deficient.
- CH'ÜEH² 𠂔 癩^{326c375a} lameness,
 ch'üeh²-liao³ 癩了 lame, to limp.
 ch'üeh²-t'ui³ 癩腿 a lame leg, lame.
 ch'üeh²-tzu³ 癩子 a lame person, a cripple (ts'an² chi³).
- CH'ÜEH⁴ (ch'io) 卍 却^{234a411a} but, nevertheless, then, really; to refuse. 𠂔
 ch'üeh⁴ 却 same (tan⁴, nai³).
 ch'üeh⁴-chih¹-pu¹-kunj⁴ 卻之不恭 rude to refuse it.
 ch'üeh⁴-ch'ü⁴ 卻去 to turn away.
 ch'üeh⁴-pu⁴-chih¹ 卻不知 therefore or really do not know,
 ch'üeh⁴-shih⁴ 卻是 it is nevertheless the fact that,
 ch'üeh⁴-shih⁴-wei²-ho² 卻是爲何 why?
 ch'üeh⁴-shuo⁴ 卻說 it is truly said or they say.
 ch'üeh⁴-yu³-i¹-chien⁴ 卻有一件 but there is one thing.
 ch'üeh⁴-yu⁴-lai² 卻又來 there now, well now, but see here. M. 316.
 ch'üeh⁴-yüan²-lai² 卻原來 in fact it was so.
 ch'üeh⁴ 石 確^{235a411b} certainly, really, truly, assuredly, in fact.
 ch'üeh⁴-chên⁴ 確真 really true.
 ch'üeh⁴-ch'ing² 確情 true circumstances (p'ing³ chü⁴).

ch'üeh ¹ -chü ¹	確		positive proof.
ch'üeh ¹ -hsin ⁴	確		trustworthy information.
ch'üeh ¹ -jan ²	確		positively so, assuredly.
ch'üeh ¹ -s'ih ²	確		really, truly.
ch'üeh ⁴	門	闕 327a448a	imperial; deficient; disrespectful; a gate.
ch'üeh ¹ -i ²		闕 疑	to doubt; to be less doubtful.
ch'üeh ⁴	殼	殼 235a412a	shell, e. g., of egg.
ch'üeh ⁴	雀	雀 139a997b	bird, sparrow. See ch'iao ³ .
ch'üeh ⁴	手	攫 689a492c	seize with claws (also huo ⁴ , ku ⁴).
HÜN ¹	車	軍 329a419a	an army, 12,500 men; a soldier; a general.
hün ¹ -ch'ang ³	軍	軍 場	a parade-ground, a battleground (chiao ⁴ ch'ang ²).
hün ¹ -chi ¹	軍	軍 機	the General Council, a council of war.
hün ¹ -ch'i ¹ -ch'u ⁴	軍	軍 機 處	the Grand Council. G. 133.
hün ¹ -ch'i ¹	軍	軍 器	implements of war (kan ¹ ko ¹ , ping ¹ jên ⁴).
hün ¹ -ch'i ¹ -k'u ⁴	軍	軍 器 庫	armory.
hün ¹ -chiu ¹	軍	軍 家	a soldier, soldiers.
hün ¹ -ch'ing ²	軍	軍 情	the circumstances of the army.
hün ¹ -chuan ¹	軍	軍 裝	soldiers' uniforms.
hün ¹ -ju ³	軍	軍 法	military laws.
hün ¹ -fan ⁴	軍	軍 犯	military offenders.
hün ¹ -hsiang ³	軍	軍 餉	soldiers' pay.
hün ¹ -hsü ¹	軍	軍 需	military equipments, pay, etc. (ping ¹ hsiang ³).
hün ¹ -kung ¹	軍	軍 功	military distinction.
hün ¹ -lao ² t'u ² -fan ¹	軍	軍 徒 犯	various banished criminals.
hün ¹ -lei ³	軍	軍 壘	a military wall, a breastwork, fortifications.
hün ¹ -ling ²	軍	軍 令	military orders (hao ⁴ ling ⁴).
hün ¹ -ling ² sên ¹ -yen ²	軍	軍 令 森 嚴	military law is very strict.
hün ¹ -mên ²	軍	軍 門	epistolary designation for a T'ü ² -tu ¹ .
hün ¹ -mîn ²	軍	軍 民	the military and the people.
hün ¹ -shih ¹	軍	軍 師	a military or civil leader of troops.
hün ¹ -shih ⁴	軍	軍 士	a soldier, soldiers (tang ¹ ping ¹).
hün ¹ -t'ai ² -hsiao ⁴ -li ⁴	軍	軍 台 効 力	to labor on the military post-roads.
hün ¹ -t'ao ²	軍	軍 逃	escaped soldiers, deserters (t'ao ² ping ¹).
hün ¹ -tsui ¹	軍	軍 罪	military crimes meriting banishment.
hün ¹ -wu ⁴	軍	軍 務	military affairs. <i>war</i> .
hün ¹ -ying ²	軍	軍 營	an encampment (ying ² p'an ²).
hün ¹	口	君 327c418a	a sovereign, a king; a good man, a gentleman.
hün ¹ -chang ³	君	君 長	superiors (kuan ¹ chang ³).
hün ¹ -ch'ên ²	君	君 臣	prince and minister.
hün ¹ -ch'i ² -mîn ² -pa ²	君	君 七 民 八	to divide up, to distribute.
hün ¹ -chu ³	君	君 主	the sovereign of a country (mîn ² chu ³).
hün ¹ -chün ¹	君	君 君	to fulfil the duties of a prince.

<i>chün¹-min²</i>	君民	the sovereign and the people.
<i>chün¹-mìng²-ch'ên²-liang²</i>	君明臣良	good prince, good minister.
<i>chün¹-mìng⁴</i>	君命	the order of a prince.
<i>chün¹-mìng⁴-tsai¹-shên¹</i>	君命在身	the King's orders are on me.
<i>chün¹-pu⁴-chün¹</i>	君不君	the prince is not prince.
<i>chün¹-san¹-mìn²-ch'í²</i>	君三民七	to divide up, to distribute.
<i>chün¹-shang⁴</i>	君上	the sovereign (huang ² shang ⁴).
<i>chün¹-tzu³</i>	君子	a good man, a gentleman, the superior man (cf. [add 人])
<i>chün¹-tzu³-ku⁴-ch'üang²</i>	君子固窮	the superior man is bound to be poor.
<i>chün¹-tzu³-tzu⁴-chung⁴</i>	君子自重	the ideal man is self-respecting.
<i>chün¹-tsun¹-ch'ên²-pei¹</i>	君尊臣卑	the prince is honorable, the minister modest.
<i>chün¹-wang²</i>	君王	the sovereign.
<i>chün¹-wang²-hou²-pai²</i>	君王侯伯	King and nobles.
<i>chün¹-wei²-ch'ên²-kang¹</i>	君爲臣綱	the sovereign is the minister's cord.
<i>chün¹</i>	土均 ^{330c418b}	equal, equality, in equal parts, impartial.
<i>chün¹-ch'í²</i>	均齊	even and regular, well adjusted.
<i>chün¹-chuan¹</i>	均磚	all brick (in a wall).
<i>chün¹-fên¹</i>	均分	to divide equally, impartial.
<i>chün¹-í¹</i>	均一	both or all equally; an average.
<i>chün¹-í¹</i>	均意	an impartial feeling.
<i>chün¹-k'ó³</i>	均可	all can equally do.
<i>chün¹-la¹</i>	均拉	to strike an average.
<i>chün¹-mai³-chün¹-mai⁴</i>	均買均賣	fair trade (kung ¹ tao ⁴).
<i>chün¹-p'ing³</i>	均平	impartial, equal, in equal parts. [grain, etc.]
<i>chün¹-ta¹-ku⁴</i>	均大戶	in time of famine to appropriate a rich man
<i>chün¹-t'an¹</i>	均攤	to pay one's share.
<i>chün¹-tiao⁴</i>	均調	impartial, equal, in equal parts.
<i>chün¹-yao²-ch'ai²</i>	均徭冊	a sort of land sale register.
<i>chün¹-yün²</i>	均勻	impartial, equal.
<i>chün¹</i>	金鉤	thirty catties, one-fourth of a picul; large.
<i>chün¹-an¹</i>	鈞安	great happiness or comfort. (Complimentary
<i>chün¹-mìng⁴</i>	鈞命	your behests or orders. (Complimentary.)

CHÜN⁴	人	俊 ^{329c1020a}	great talent, excellence; good-looking, elegant
<i>chün⁴-chieh²</i>		俊傑	great talents; a person of great talent.
<i>chün⁴-ch'iao⁴</i>		俊俏	elegant, graceful.
<i>chün⁴-hsü⁴</i>		俊秀	elegant and talented; a scholar (young).
<i>chün⁴-jên²-wu⁴</i>		俊人物	a refined looking man (ssü ¹ wên ² jên ²).
<i>chün⁴-mei¹</i>		俊美	elegant, graceful, beautiful.
<i>chün⁴-shih⁴</i>		俊士	eminent and virtuous scholars; a scholar (old)
<i>chün⁴-ya³</i>		俊雅	graceful, elegant.
<i>chün⁴</i>	邑	郡 ^{331c419c}	a district, a populous place. [degre]
<i>chün⁴-chu²</i>		郡主	a daughter of an imperial prince of the fir

hün⁴-i⁴
 hün⁴-mv⁴
 hün⁴-shou³
 hün⁴-tsai³
 hün⁴-wang²
 hün⁴
 hün⁴

郡邑
 郡牧
 郡守
 郡宰
 郡王

立 竣^{330a1001a}
 馬 駿^{330b1019c}

"districts and cities," a city.
 a Prefect (chih¹ fu³).
 a Prefect.
 same.
 a prince (2nd class) (ch'in¹ wang²).
 to complete, to finish, finished, completed, done.
 a fine looking horse.

HÜN²
 hün²
 hün²-ch'ên²
 hün²-hao²
 hün²-hsien²
 hün²-p'êng²
 hün²-shêng¹
 hün²-tang³
 hün²-yang²
 hün²-yu³
 hün² (tzü) 衣 霏 裘
 hün²-ch'ai¹
 hün²-hsia⁴-shuang¹-
 hün²-tai¹

羊 (群^{331c420a}
 羣
 羣
 羣 臣
 羣 鶴
 羣 賢
 羣 明
 羣 生
 羣 黨
 羣 羊
 羣 友
 裙^{332a420b}
 [kou¹ 裙 釵
 裙 下 夔 勾
 裙 帶

a flock, a herd, a crowd; comrades, companions.
 same.
 the body of ministers (ch'ên² liao²).
 a flock of storks; a crowd of celebrities.
 a host of good men.
 companions (t'ung² pan⁴).
 unkind.
 a clan, kind or sort.
 a flock of sheep.
 friends and associates.
 a short skirt worn by women (wei² ch'ün²).
 "skirts and ornaments," women.
 bound feet.
 a skirt sash.

È group. See O.

心 恩^{334a623a}
 ai¹
 ai¹-fu¹-ch'i¹
 ch'ing²
 chü³-jên²
 chu³
 chung⁴
 chung⁴-ju²-shan¹
 ch'ung³
 hui⁴
 i⁴
 jên²
 kuo¹
 k'o¹
 kung³
 shê⁴
 shên¹-ss'î'-hai³
 shih¹
 shih¹
 t'ê²

恩 愛
 恩 愛 夫 妻
 恩 情 人
 恩 舉 人
 恩 主
 恩 重
 恩 重 如 山
 恩 寵
 恩 惠
 恩 義
 恩 人
 恩 膏
 恩 科
 恩 貢
 恩 赦
 恩 深 似 海
 恩 師
 恩 試
 恩 德

grace, favor, bounty, kindness, goodness.
 affection, love (connubial).
 an affectionate couple.
 kindness, affection.
 a special examination graduate.
 a benefactor (shan¹ chu³, shih¹ chu³).
 great favour.
 very great grace (hung² ên²).
 gracious favor.
 grace, kindness, favour.
 kindness and righteousness.
 a patron, a benefactor.
 rich favours conferred.
 [G. 467.
 examinations specially allowed by the emperor.
 a degree attained at the special examinations.
 gracious pardon. [G. 471.
 favor as deep as the sea.
 my kind patron.
 special examinations in honor of public events.
 benignity, beneficence, kindness.

ên ¹ -tien ³	恩典	great favour, kindness or bounty.
ên ¹ -tsê ³	思澤	grace, kindness, favour.
ên ⁴	手才搵	to press the hand upon, to keep down (or 按)
ên ⁴ -cho ²	搵著	pressing down.
ên ⁴ -chu ⁴	搵住	to press or keep down.
ên ³ -tao ³	搵倒	to keep a person down by force.
ÉRH ²	儿	a son, a child ; a particle of sound.
êrh ² -ch'a ²	兒茶	cutch (extract of catechu).
êrh ² -f'u ¹	兒夫	a husband (chang ⁴ fu ¹).
êrh ² -hsi ²	兒媳	a son and his wife, a daughter-in-law.
êrh ² -k'uei ²	兒葵	the sunflower ; the anemone (hsiang ⁴ jih ⁴ k'uei ²)
êrh ² -lang ³	兒郎	a son ; a soldier ; a husband.
êrh ² -lo ²	兒騾	a he-mule (ts'ao ³ lü ²).
êrh ² -ma ³	兒馬	a stallion (k'o ⁴ ma ³ , mu ³ ma ³).
êrh ² -nü ³	兒女	boys and girls, children.
êrh ² -nü ³ -man ³ -t'ang ²	兒女滿堂	a house full of children.
êrh ² -sun ¹	兒孫	sons and grandsons, posterity (tzü ³ sun ¹).
êrh ² -t'ung ²	兒童	a boy (hai ² t'ung ²).
êrh ² -tzü ³	兒子	a boy, a son.
êrh ²	而	and, as, but, on the contrary. M. 400.
êrh ² -ch'ieh ³	而且	also, moreover, besides (ping ⁴ ch'ieh ³).
êrh ² -chün ¹	而今	at present, now (jn ² chiu ¹).
êrh ² -hou ⁴	而後	henceforth.
êrh ² -i ³	而已	that, and nothing else ; finished.
êrh ² -k'uang ²	而况	also, moreover, besides.
ÉRH ³	耳	the ear ; handles (as of a box, etc.).
êrh ³ -cha ¹	耳嗒	a whisper in the ear.
êrh ³ -chên ³	耳枕	an ear pillow.
êrh ³ -chui ⁴	耳墜	ear-rings.
êrh ³ -fang ²	耳房	a side room (t'ao ⁴ fang ²).
êrh ³ -hsing ⁴	耳性	capacity to hear.
êrh ³ -huan ²	耳環	ear-rings (cho ² t'ou ² , chui ⁴ tzü ³).
êrh ³ -juan ³	耳軟	credulous.
êrh ³ -kua ¹ -tzü ³	耳刮子	to slap the ear, etc., a slap of the ear.
êrh ³ -li ⁴	耳力	the power of hearing.
êrh ³ -lung ²	耳聾	deaf, deafness.
êrh ³ -lung ² -k'ou ³ -ch'ih ¹	耳聾口吃	deaf and dumb.
êrh ³ -mên ²	耳門	a single-leaved door ; a side door.
êrh ³ -mîng ²	耳鳴	a ringing in the ears.
êrh ³ -mu ¹	耳目	"ears and eyes," spies.
êrh ³ -pa ¹ -tzü ³	耳巴子	cheek bones, the side face.

³ p'ang ² -fêng ¹	耳傍風	indifference to, inattention.
³ pao ¹ -êrh ²	耳包兒	ear covers. Note 22.
³ pei ⁴	耳背	deaf, hard of hearing.
³ sai ¹	耳塞	stopped ears.
³ shih ²	耳食	to give ear to anything, credulous.
³ -sun ¹	耳孫	a remote descendant.
³ -t ³ -t ³ -t ³ ũ ³	耳底子	pain in ear.
³ t'i ² -mien ⁴ -ming ⁴	耳提面命	to admonish sharply face to face.
³ -t'ing ¹	耳聽	to hear.
³ -t'ing ¹ -hsin ¹ -shou ¹	耳聽心受	to hear and take to heart.
³ -tō ³	耳朶	the ear.
³ tō ³ juan ³	耳朶軟	credulous.
³ -tũ ³	耳子	trunions of a gun.
³ -wa ¹ -tũ ³	耳挖子	an ear-pick.
³ -wên ²	耳聞	to hear, (hearsay (fêng ¹ wên ²)).
³	食餌	a kind of cake; a bait; to deceive.
³ -ping ³	餅	a kind of cake; a bait.
³ -shih ²	餅食	same.
³	爾爾	you, your; a response, an answer.
³ -t'êng ³	爾等	same ⁷ (ni ³ mên ¹).
³ -wo ³	爾我	you and I.
² -ya ³	爾雅	a sort of Chinese dictionary.
³	邇邇	near to, close to, at hand.
³ -lai ²	邇來	recent, recently (chin ⁴ lai ²).
³	玉珎	ear-ornaments; parhelion or dog-sun.
RH ⁴	二貳	two, both (see end).
⁴ -chai ² -hsien ¹ -shêng ¹	宅先生	a geomancer (fêng ¹ shui ³).
⁴ -ch'í ⁴	二七	fourteen.
⁴ -ch'í ⁴	二氣	i. e., yiu and yang.
⁴ -chia ⁴	二價	two prices.
⁴ -chín ¹	二斤	two catties.
⁴ -ch'ín ¹	二親	parents (shuang ¹ ch'ín ¹).
⁴ -êrh ¹ -hu ¹ -hu ¹	二忽忽	hesitating, confused (ch'ou ² ch'u ² pu ⁴ ting ⁴).
⁴ -fú ³	二府	a sub-prefect.
⁴ -hsin ¹	二心	double-minded (han ² hu ²).
⁴ -i ³ tũ ³	二尾子	male fighting cricket; an hermaphrodite.
⁴ -jên ²	二人	the two men, both men (lia ³ jên ²).
⁴ -jên ² -chiao ⁴	二人橋	a two-bearer sedan.
⁴ -jên ² -t'ing ⁴	二人檣	a two-man bench.
⁴ -jên ² -t'ung ² -hsin ¹	二人同心	two persons of one mind.
⁴ -k'êng ¹ -t'ien ¹	二更天	2nd watch of the night.
⁴ -ku ¹ -niang ²	二姑娘	younger of two sisters.

êrh⁴-lai²
 êrh⁴-lai²-lai²
 êrh⁴-lan²
 êrh⁴-liang³
 êrh⁴-mao²-p'í²-ao³
 êrh⁴-pa⁴-shou³
 êrh⁴-pai³-wu³
 êrh⁴-san¹
 êrh⁴-shih³
 êrh⁴-shih²-chi³
 êrh⁴-shih²-pa¹-hsü⁴
 êrh⁴-shih²-ssü⁴-hsiao¹
 êrh⁴-t'ao⁴-ch'ê¹
 êrh⁴-tsê²
 êrh⁴-t'z'ü¹
 êrh⁴-wei⁴
 êrh⁴-wu³-pu⁴-tang⁴
 êrh⁴-wu³-yen³
 êrh⁴-ya²
 êrh⁴-yüeh⁴
 êrh⁴
 êrh⁴-shih²

二來
 二來來
 二藍
 二兩
 二毛皮襖
 二把手
 二百五
 二三十
 二二十
 二十幾
 二十八宿
 二二十四孝
 二套車
 二則
 二次
 二位
 二五不當
 二五眼
 二衙
 二月
 貳拾
 貳拾

in the second place, next, secondary (êrh⁴ tsê⁴)
 a widow marrying a second husband (kai³ chia⁴)
 navy blue.
 two taels or ounces.
 a skin-coat with medium length wool. [tzü³
 four handled barrow for two men (hsiao³ ch'ê⁴
 a simpleton.
 two or three.
 twenty. [(ch'u¹ chi³, shih¹ chi³)
 what is the day of the month? (in 3rd decade
 the twenty-eight signs of the Zodiac. R. 356
 the twenty-four Paragons of Filial Piety.
 a two-horse carriage or cart.
 in the second place, next.
 twice (êrh⁴ hui⁴, tsao¹, t'ang³).
 two or both gentlemen.
 mean, shabby.
 same (e.g., goods) (hsing² huc⁴).
 assistant magistrate of a district.
 the second month.
 two.
 twenty.

FA¹

發 發 339c121c

fa¹-chang⁴
 fa¹-ch'ao²
 fa¹-chi²
 fa¹-chi²
 fa¹-ch'í³
 fa¹-chia¹
 fa¹-chiao¹-ao⁴
 fa¹-chiao³
 fa¹-chiao⁴
 fa¹-ch'ieh⁴
 fa¹-ch'ien¹
 fa¹-ch'ien³
 fa¹-ch'ien³-tsui¹-fan⁴
 fa¹-chiu³-fêng¹
 fa¹-chou¹
 fa¹-ch'ou²
 fa¹-ch'u¹
 fa¹-ch'u⁴
 fa¹-ch'uan³

發 脹
 發 潮
 發 急
 發 籍
 發 起
 發 家
 發 驕傲
 發 覺
 發 酵
 發 怯
 發 簽
 發 遣
 發 遣
 發 酒
 發 瘋
 發 呪
 發 愁
 發 出
 發 悞
 發 喘

to send, to issue forth, to spring up. M. 186
 to be distended, to feel a sense of fullness.
 to be or become damp and mouldy.
 to get excited or anxious.
 to get rich, to lay up money.
 to spring up, to raise.
 to enrich one's family.
 to be or grow proud.
 suddenly became aware.
 to raise, ferment; baking powder.
 to be or become timorous.
 to issue a warrant.
 to send into exile.
 to forward a criminal.
 delirium tremens.
 to curse, to imprecate (tu³ chou⁴).
 to be or become melancholy.
 to send forth.
 to dread, to shrink from.
 short of breath.

1-ch'ü ⁴	發去	to send away.
1-jên ⁴	發奮	ardour, energy, activity; to be energetic.
1-jên ⁴ -wang ⁴ -shih ³	發憤忘食	to work with such ardor, as to forget my food.
1-jêng ¹	發風	to be in heat (animals).
1-jêng ¹	發瘋	leprosy; crazy (lai ⁴ ch'uang ¹).
1-jü ²	發福	to be in good health; stout.
1-jü ⁴	發付	to send, to despatch
1-han ⁴	發汗	to perspire (ch'u ¹ han ⁴).
1-hang ²	發行	to sell wholesale.
1-hei ¹	發黑	to be blackish.
1-hsien ⁴	發現	to become manifest, aroused (of conscience).
1-hsieh ⁴	發洩	to let out, to work off.
1-hsin ¹ -k'ou ³ -t'êng ²	發心口疼	dyspeptic.
1-hsü ¹	發虛	to feel languid or exhausted.
1-hua ²	發猾	to be up to tricks, artful.
1-huai ⁴	發壞	to spoil, to develop vicious practices.
1-huang ²	發黃	to be or become yellow.
1-huang ³	發慌	to be flurried or agitated.
1-hui ²	發回	to send back,
1-hun ¹	發昏	to faint (hun ¹ kuo ⁴ ch'ü ⁴ , ch'ou ¹ fêng ¹).
1-hung ²	發紅	to be or to become red.
1-huo ³	發火	to get angry.
1-luo ⁴	發貨	to send goods.
1-jé ⁴	發熱	fever, feverish (fa ¹ shao ¹).
1-juan ³ -jou ⁴	發軟弱	to grow weak, to betray weakness.
1-kan ¹	發乾	to be or feel dry.
1-kei ³	發給	to send out, to issue.
1-k'ou ¹	發科	to graduate at public examinations.
1-k'ou ⁴	發客	to gain custom, to sell to customers.
1-kuan ¹ -chia ⁴	發官價	official price (half that of the people).
1-k'uang ²	發狂	to be conceited or proud.
1-lai ²	發來	forwarded, come to hand.
1-lai ⁴	發癡	to shew one's badness.
1-lan ³	發懶	to be lazy, languid, disinclined.
1-lao ⁴	發落	to dispose of.
1-lêng ³	發冷	ague, aguish (fa ¹ yao ⁴ tzü ³).
1-lêng ³ -fa ¹ -jé ⁴	發冷發熱	fever and ague, remittent fever.
1-lêng ⁴	發瞠	to be absent-minded, to stare idiotic like (fa ¹ [tai ¹]).
1-li ¹ -hai ⁴	發利害	to grow severe, to make ado.
1-li ⁴ -shih ⁴	發利市	prosperous day's business.
1-liang ²	發涼	to become cold, to feel cold.
1-liang ⁴	發亮	to appear lustrous, to shine (fang ⁴ kuang ¹).
1-liao ³ -mao ²	發了毛	afraid, frightened.

<i>fa¹-lo⁴</i>	發落	to settle, to decide, to sentence.
<i>fa¹-lián⁴</i>	發亂	to become confused.
<i>fa¹-ma²</i>	發麻	to be or become numb (ma ² mu ⁴).
<i>fa¹-mai⁴</i>	發賣	for sale; to sell or expose to sale.
<i>fa¹-mai¹-huo⁴-wu⁴</i>	發賣貨物	to offer goods for sale.
<i>fa¹-mei²</i>	發霉	to be or become damp and mouldy.
<i>fa¹-mên⁴</i>	發悶	to feel gloomy, sense of uneasiness.
<i>fa¹-mien⁴</i>	發麪	yeast, ferment for raising pastry (mien ⁴ chiao)
<i>fa¹-mien⁴-man²-t'ou²</i>	發麪饅頭	a yeast bread.
<i>fa¹-mien⁴-ping³</i>	發麪餅	a yeast cake.
<i>fa¹-ming⁴</i>	發命	to issue a decree or order (shêng ⁴ chih ³).
<i>fa¹-mien²</i>	發黏	viscid.
<i>fa¹-mu⁴</i>	發怒	to be angry (nao ³ nu ⁴).
<i>fa¹-pan³</i>	發板	to be or feel stiff, intractible.
<i>fa¹-p'an²-ch'au²</i>	發盤纏	to provide travelling expenses.
<i>fa¹-pao³</i>	發飽	to have feeling of distention, flatulence.
<i>fa¹-p'ên⁴</i>	發笨	to become stiff, to grow clumsy.
<i>fa¹-p'iao⁴</i>	發票	to issue a warrant, advertisement of business
<i>fa¹-ping³</i>	發兵	to go to war; to march an army (tiao ⁴ ping ³)
<i>fa¹-ping⁴</i>	發病	to fall sick.
<i>fa¹-sang²</i>	發喪	to bury (pin ⁴ tsang ⁴).
<i>fa¹-shao¹</i>	發燒	to be in a raging fever, to be hot (fa ¹ jê ¹).
<i>fa¹-shên¹</i>	發身	to become an adult (ch'êng ² jên ²).
<i>fa¹-shêng¹-wan⁴-wu⁴</i>	發生萬物	to bring forth all things.
<i>fa¹-shih⁴</i>	發誓	to swear, to vow, (ch'î ³ shih ⁴).
<i>fa¹-shih⁴</i>	發市	to make sales, to have customers.
<i>fa¹-suan³</i>	發酸	to be or become sour.
<i>fa¹-sung⁴</i>	發送	to attend a funeral.
<i>fa¹-ta²</i>	發達	to rise in life (fa ¹ chia ¹).
<i>fa¹-tai³</i>	發呆	to stare stupidly (chéng ¹ yen ³).
<i>fa¹-tan¹</i>	發單	to send a bill, to issue a permit.
<i>fa¹-t'iao²</i>	發條	a coiled spring, a spring (huang ³).
<i>fa¹-tou³</i>	發抖	to tremble (tou ³ sou ³).
<i>fa¹-ts'ai²</i>	發財	to become rich, to get wealth (tê ² ts'ai ²),
<i>fa¹-tsao⁴</i>	發燥	to get excited, the day is sultry.
<i>fa¹-tso⁴</i>	發作	to become, to break out, as illness.
<i>fa¹-wang⁴</i>	發旺	to flourish.
<i>fa¹-wang⁴-chün³-t'ai²</i>	發往軍台	to condemn to the post-roads.
<i>fa¹-wei¹</i>	發威	to stand on one's dignity.
<i>fa¹-wu¹</i>	發烏	to be a dull black (instead of shining), as varnish
<i>fa¹-ya²</i>	發芽	to put up a shoot.
<i>fa¹-yao⁴-tzu³</i>	發瘧子	to have fever and ague, intermittent fever.
<i>fa¹-ying⁴</i>	發硬	to be or become hard (kang ¹ ying ⁴).

1. yüan⁴ 發
 1. yüan⁴ 發
 1 人 伐 338c122b
 1 chou⁴ 伐 紂
 1-chung¹-yüan² 伐 中 原
 1-kuo² 伐 國
 1-mu⁴ 伐 木
 1-ping¹ 伐 冰
 1-shu¹ 伐 樹
 1-tao³-liu³ 伐 倒 了
 1-tsu⁴ 伐 罪

to vow (ch'i³ shih⁴).
 to be or feel dizzy.
 to strike ; to reduce, to cut down ; to destroy.
 to punish Chou (a tyrant).
 to punish China.
 to subject a country.
 to cut down timber.
 to break ice.
 to cut down a tree (k'an³ shu⁴).
 felled (of a tree).
 to punish an offence.

A² 水 灑 法 338a123a

1-ch'ang³ 法 場
 1-ch'i⁴ 法 器
 1-chih⁴ 法 制
 1-hao⁴ 法 號
 1-kuan¹ 法 官
 1-kuo² 法 國
 1-lan² 法 藍
 1-lan²-hsi² 法 蘭 西
 1-ling⁴ 法 令
 1-lü⁴ 法 律
 1-lun² 法 輪
 1-ma³ 法 碼
 1-mên² 法 門
 1-ming² 法 名
 1-ming⁴ 法 命
 1-shên³-shih¹-ye¹ 法 審 師 爺
 1-shih⁴ 法 式
 1-shu⁴ 法 術
 1-t'ieh³ 法 帖
 1-tse² 法 則
 1-tu⁴ 法 度
 1-tzü³ 法 子
 1-wang³ 法 王
 1-wang³ 法 網
 1-wên² 法 文
 1 網 罰 341a122c
 1-ch'ien² 罰 錢
 1-fêng⁴ 罰 俸
 1-fêng⁴-liu⁴-yüeh⁴ 罰 俸 六 月
 1-hsiang⁴ 罰 項

method, law ; punishment (3, 4). M. 282.
 an execution ground (ssü³ ti⁴).
 musical instruments used by priests.
 laws.
 your name ? (asking Buddhist priest).
 a priest exorcist.
 France.
 enamel.
 France.
 commands, orders.
 laws, statutes.
 the wheel of the law, emblem of Buddhism.
 standard weights.
 a temple gate, Buddhists (shan¹ mên²).
 same as fa⁴ hao⁴ above.
 commands, orders. [ku³].
 law secretary in yamëns (hsing² ming², ch'ien²
 methods, plans.
 tricks, black art (hsieh² shu⁴).
 a copy head ; a specimen of good writing.
 rules, regulations, method, patterns.
 same (chang¹ ch'êng²).
 a plan, a method, a way out of a difficulty.
 King of the law—Buddha (fo² yeh⁴).
 execution of the laws.
 the French text. [hsing² fa²].
 to punish, to fine, to censure ; punishment
 to fine (k'ou⁴ kung¹ ch'ien²).
 to forfeit one's pay.
 to forfeit six months' pay.
 fines.

<i>fa²-k'uan³</i>	罰欸	fines.
<i>fa²-kuei⁴</i>	罰跪	to punish by kneeling.
<i>fa²-kun⁴</i>	罰棍	condemn to be scourged.
<i>fa²-liang²</i>	罰糧	to fine, to cut one's pay (as soldiers).
<i>fa²-liao³-pu⁴-ta³</i>	罰了不打	if you fine, you must not beat.
<i>fa²-mi³</i>	罰米	to fine in rice.
<i>fa²-ni³-i¹-pei¹</i>	罰你一杯	to fine you a cup (of wine) as forfeit.
<i>fa²-tsui⁴</i>	罰罪	to punish an offence (shou ⁴ fa ²).
<i>fa²-yin²</i>	罰銀	to fine.
<i>fa²</i>	乏 ^{340c122c}	weary, fatigued, tired; to spoil, to injure.
<i>fa²-fei⁴-yung⁴</i>	乏費用	out of money (epistolary).
<i>fa²-hai²-tzü³</i>	乏孩子	a silly child.
<i>fa²-hui¹</i>	乏灰	exhausted ash of opium resmoked by beggars
<i>fa²-k'un⁴</i>	乏困	weary; sleepy; in distress (shih ³ té ² huang ¹).
<i>fa²-mei²</i>	乏煤	exhausted coal, cinders.
<i>fa²-ti⁴</i>	乏地	exhausted soil.
<i>fa² tzü⁴-chih³</i>	乏字紙	paper without writing on it.
<i>fa² (tzü³) 竹 筏</i>	筏 ^{339a122b}	a raft (cha ¹ fa ² tzü ³).
<i>fa²-tu⁴</i>	筏渡	a raft, a ferry boat (mu ⁴ p'ai ² , pai ² tu ⁴).
FA³	髮 ^{339b121a}	the hair of the head.
<i>fa³-chien¹.chih³</i>	髮箋紙	a sort of fine paper.
<i>fa³-ch'ih⁴</i>	髮赤	red hair; a little child.
<i>fa³-kuan¹</i>	髮髻	the tonsure of Taoist priest.
<i>fa³-shih³</i>	髮室	the first wife.
FAN¹	番 ^{341b123a}	a time, a turn, a repetition of; wild, barbarous
<i>fan¹-ch'ieh²</i>	番茄	the tomato (k'an ¹ shih ⁴).
<i>fan¹-i⁴</i>	番役	policeman, constables (pu ³ i ⁴). [kuei ³ tzü ⁴
<i>fan¹-kuei³</i>	番鬼	"foreign devil," a foreigner (abusive) (yan
<i>fan¹-pang¹</i>	番邦	foreign or barbarous countries (i ⁴ pang ¹).
<i>fan¹-sêng¹</i>	番僧	a Lama priest (la ³ ma ¹ sêng ¹).
<i>fan¹-shih²-chu²</i>	番石竹	the dianthus or pink.
<i>fan¹-t'an¹</i>	番攤	gambling game of South China. W. I. 825.
<i>fan¹-tzü³</i>	番子	a thief catcher, a policeman (pu ³ pan ¹).
<i>fan¹</i>	翻 ^{342a124a}	to fly backwards and forwards; to turn over
<i>fan¹-an⁴</i>	翻案	to rejudge a case.
<i>fan¹-ch'ê¹</i>	翻車	a spring net for snaring birds.
<i>fan¹-chiang¹-chiao³-ha²</i>	翻江攪海	very disorderly.
<i>fan¹-chin¹-tou³</i>	翻筋斗	to turn somersaults (tsai ¹ kên ¹ t'on ²).
<i>fan¹-fei¹</i>	翻飛	to fly backwards and forwards.
<i>fan¹-hua¹-yang²-mei²</i>	翻花楊梅	a buboe.
<i>fan¹ kai¹-fang²-wu¹</i>	翻蓋房屋	to re-build a house.

fan ¹ -k'ai ¹ -shu ¹	翻開書	to open and turn over the leaves.
fan ¹ -kung ¹	翻供	to retract one's testimony in court.
fan ¹ -kuo ⁴ -lai ²	翻過來	turn upside down.
fan ¹ -lai ² -fu ² -ch'ü ⁴	翻來覆去	tumbling or tossing about, restless.
fan ¹ -lien ³	翻臉	to change countenance (with anger),
fan ¹ -lung ⁴	翻弄	to toss about.
fan ¹ -mien ⁴ -wu ² -ch'ing ²	翻面無情	lost cordiality and became estranged.
fan ¹ -shên ¹ -chiao ⁴	翻身覺	turn over in sleep.
fan ¹ -t'êng ²	翻騰	topsy turvy; to fly about (tien ¹ tao ³).
fan ¹ -tiao ⁴	翻掉	turning over and over; in any case (hêng ² shu ⁴).
fan ¹ -tsui ³	翻嘴	tattling.
fan ¹ -tsui ³ -hsiao ² -shü ²	翻嘴學舌	to retract one's words.
fan ¹ -wei ⁴	翻胃	turned one's stomach (or 反).
fan ¹ -yen ³	翻眼	to change looks, to play false.
fan ¹	巾 帆 ^{343b126b}	the sail of a vessel.
fan ¹ -p'êng ²	帆篷	a sail (p'êng ²).
fan ¹ -pu ⁴	帆布	canvas.
fan ¹	糸 繙 ^{342a124b}	to translate; to turn over.
fan ¹ -i ⁴	繙譯	to translate, to interpret.
fan ¹ -i ⁴ -kuan ¹	繙譯官	official interpreter (t'ung ¹ shih ⁴).
fan ¹	幅 ^{341c124b}	a long flag, streamer.
fan ¹ -ch'ü ³	幡旗	same.
FAN ²	凡 凡 ^{343a126a}	all, commonly; common; mortal; vulgar. M. 82.
fan ² -ch'ang ²	凡常	common, ordinary. [chien ¹].
fan ² -chien ¹	凡間	among the common mass; the world (shih ⁴
fan ² -fu ¹	凡夫	a common person.
fan ² -fu ¹ -su ² -tzu ³	凡夫俗子	a common, vulgar person (p'ü ³ fu ¹).
fan ² -jên ²	凡人	all men, everybody; mortals.
fan ² -li ⁴	凡例	general rules; an introduction to a book (hsü ⁴).
fan ² -lun ⁴	凡論	in general terms.
fan ² -mu ²	凡目	general and particular.
fan ² -shih ⁴	凡事	everything (i ¹ ch'ieh ⁴ so ³ yu ³).
fan ² -shih ⁴ -t'ou ² -nan ³	凡事頭難	beginnings are always difficult.
fan ² -shih ⁴	凡世	the world (shih ⁴ chieh ⁴).
fan ² -so ³ -yu ²	凡所有	everything, everybody, all which are.
fan ² -t'ai ¹	凡胎	of human birth.
fan ² -tiao ⁴ -hsi ⁴	凡調戲	a certain kind of theatrical music.
fan ² -wu ⁴	凡物	everything.
fan ² -yao ⁴	凡要	the most important of the whole.
fan ² -yu ²	凡有	everybody, everything; wherever there is, etc.
fan ²	火 煩 ^{344a125b}	to trouble, troubled, annoying, vexing; grieved.
fan ² -ch'ü ⁴	煩氣	troublesome.

<i>fan²-chia⁴</i>	煩駕	I trouble you, sir (lao ² chia ⁴).
<i>fan²-chiao¹</i>	煩交	may I trouble you to deliver it?
<i>fan²-hsü⁴</i>	煩絮	repetitious, tautological (ch'ung ² san ⁴ tao ¹ ssü ⁴).
<i>fan²-ja²</i>	煩擾	to vex, to annoy, annoyed.
<i>fan²-lao²</i>	煩勞	to trouble, to annoy, to bother, to incommode.
<i>fan²-mên⁴</i>	煩悶	grieved, vexed, annoyed, sorry.
<i>fan²-nan²</i>	煩難	to regard as a difficulty, troubled.
<i>fan²-nao³</i>	煩惱	vexation, annoyance, distressed in mind.
<i>fan²-so³</i>	煩瑣	to give trouble to.
<i>fan²-so⁴</i>	煩數	troublesome, vexing.
<i>fan²-tai⁴-t'z'ü³-hsin⁴</i>	煩帶此信	please convey this letter (epistolary).
<i>fan²</i>	糸 繁 ^{343c125b}	numerous, multifarious, confused.
<i>fan²-ch'üeh¹</i>	繁缺	a busy official post.
<i>fan²-huan²</i>	繁華	festivities, gaiety, show, pomp,
<i>fan²-huan²-shih⁴-chieh⁴</i>	繁華世界	<i>gloria mundi</i> , this vain world,
<i>fan²-shêng¹</i>	繁盛	abundant.
<i>fan²-to¹</i>	繁多	multitudinous,
<i>fan²-tsa²</i>	繁雜	multifarious.
<i>fan²</i>	石 礬 ^{344a126a}	alum (pai ² fan ²).
<i>fan²-chih³</i>	礬紙	paper sized with alum.
<i>fan²-shih²</i>	礬石	alum.
<i>fan²</i>	艸 卮 藩 ^{342c125a}	a boundary, a frontier.
<i>fan²-t'au²</i>	藩臺	superintendent of finances. Provincial Treas-
<i>fan²</i>	卮 蕃 ^{342b125a}	luxuriant vegetation. [surer. G. 275 (pu ⁴ chêng ⁴).
<i>fan²-shêng¹</i>	蕃生	to generate, to bear, to produce.
<i>fan²</i>	火 燔 ^{341c124c}	to roast for sacrifice.
<i>fan²-chi⁴</i>	燔祭	burnt sacrifice.
<i>fan²-jou⁴</i>	燔肉	roast meat for sacrifice.
<i>fan²-tsang¹</i>	燔葬	burial by burning.

FAN³又 反^{344b126c}

<i>fan³-an⁴</i>	反案	to turn, to return; contrary to.
<i>fan³-chao⁴</i>	反掉	to send back a case for rehearing (ting ⁴ an ⁴).
<i>fan³-chuo⁴</i>	反照	to row back, to back water. See <i>tiao⁴</i> .
<i>fan³-chêng⁴</i>	反正	to reflect back right; a looking-glass.
<i>fan³-ch'iang¹</i>	反腔	the wrong and the right side.
<i>fan³-chiao⁴</i>	反教	to turn the tune, to get the better of.
<i>fan³-ch'ieh⁴</i>	反切	defection from one's religion, etc. (pei ⁴ chiao ⁴).
<i>fan³-chien⁴-chi⁴</i>	反間計	the syllabic mode of spelling in native dictio-
<i>fan³-cho²-shuo¹</i>	反著說	a device to alienate friends. [varies.
<i>fan³-chuan³</i>	反轉	on the contrary said.
<i>fan³-fêng¹</i>	反風	to turn round.
<i>fan³-fu²</i>	反復	a contrary wind (ting ³ fêng ¹).
		again and again.

fán ³ -fú ²	反覆	backwards and forwards ; to repeat.
fán ³ -fú ² -pu ⁴ -ting ⁴	反覆不定	{ unsettled, wavering ; coming and going (ch'ou ² ch'u ² pu ⁴ ting ⁴).
fán ³ -hsing ⁴	反性	to become unruly, cantankerous.
fán ³ -hui ²	反回	to return back.
fán ³ -hui ⁴	反悔	to withdraw ; repent.
fán ³ -kū ³	反骨	the bump of rebellion,
fán ³ -k'ou ⁴	反寇	rebels, robbers, banditti (tao ⁴ k'ou ⁴).
fán ³ -kuo ⁴ -lai ²	反過來	to turn over ; to reform (tao ³ kuo ⁴ lai ²).
fán ³ -lao ² -huan ² -t'ung ²	反老還童	to be or become young again.
fán ³ -luan ⁴	反亂	rebellion, confusion, anarchy.
fán ³ -mien ⁴	反面	to turn cold shoulder ; wrong side of.
fán ³ -mú ⁴	反目	to turn eyes away ; to squabble, to quarrel.
fán ³ -p'an ⁴	反叛	to desert, to revolt, to rebel ; a rebel.
fán ³ -ping ⁴	反病	to have a relapse (luan ⁴ ping ⁴).
fán ³ -pu ⁴ -ju ² -ch'u ¹	反不如初	not equal to what he was at first.
fán ³ -shên ¹	反身	to turn round (standing or lying) (chuan ³ shên ¹).
fán ³ -tao ³	反到	to upset, upset ; on the contrary.
fán ³ -tao ⁴ -shuo ¹	反到說	on the contrary said.
fán ³ -ts'ê ⁴	反側	rebellious, unsettled, wavering.
fán ³ -tsei ²	反賊	rebels.
fán ³ -tso ⁴	反坐	to take place of accused—penalty of false charge.
fán ³ -wei ² -pu ⁴ -mei ³	反爲不美	to turn good into bad.
fán ³ -wei ⁴	反胃	to turn the stomach. Also 翻.
fán ³	返 345b127a	to return, to come back, to revert to.
fán ³ -chuo ¹	返照	to reflect back light.
fán ³ -hui ²	返回	to return back.
FAN ⁴		[M. 244.
fán ⁴ -an ⁴	犬 犯 346b128b	to rush against, to offend, to violate, the laws.
fán ⁴ -chan ³ -tsui ⁴	犯案	to commit a crime (fan ⁴ an ⁴).
fán ⁴ -ch'ao ²	犯斬罪	to commit a capital crime (fan ⁴ ssü ³ tsui ⁴).
fán ⁴ -chiao ³	犯潮	to get damp (fa ⁴ ch'ao ²)
fán ⁴ -chien ¹ -yin ²	犯剿	confiscation.
fán ⁴ -ch'in ⁴	犯姦淫	to commit adultery.
fán ⁴ -ching ⁴	犯禁	to violate prohibitions.
fán ⁴ -chung ⁴ -sang ¹	犯境	to break bounds.
fán ⁴ -fa ²	犯重喪	to choose a fatal day for burial.
fán ⁴ -fa ³	犯罰	to commit crime.
fán ⁴ -jên ²	犯法	to violate the laws.
fán ⁴ -jên ² -chi ⁴ -hui ⁴	犯人	criminals.
fán ⁴ -jên ² -i ¹ -ming ²	犯人忌諱	to violate the taboo. Note 40.
fán ⁴ -k'ô ¹	犯人一名	a criminal, one criminal,
	犯科	to offend against the laws.

fan ⁴ -kuan ¹	犯官	a rebel officer.
fan ⁴ -kuei ¹	犯規	to fringe customs (yüeh ⁴ li ³).
fan ⁴ -li ⁴	犯例	to break the laws.
fan ⁴ -liao ³ -ch'ang ² -kuei ¹	犯了場規	to break the rules of the examination.
fan ⁴ -liao ³ -ch'iu ¹ -ping ⁴	犯了舊病	a relapse of the old trouble.
fan ⁴ -liao ³ -chung ⁴ -o ¹	犯了衆惡	guilty of all sorts of evil.
fan ⁴ -liao ³ -kuei ¹ -chü ³	犯了規矩	transgression of custom.
fan ⁴ -liao ³ -p'i ² -ch'ü ⁴	犯了脾氣	an outbreak of temper.
fan ⁴ -liao ³ -t'ang ² -kuei ¹	犯了堂規	to violate the practice of the bench.
fan ⁴ -lü ⁴	犯律	to break the laws.
fan ⁴ -pien ¹	犯邊	to invade, to cross the frontiers (an enemy).
fan ⁴ -ping ⁴	犯病	to have a relapse. Also 反.
fan ⁴ -shang ⁴	犯上	to offend one's superiors.
fan ⁴ -shêng ⁴ -hui ⁴	犯聖諱	to violate the taboo (in names).
fan ⁴ -shih ³	犯事	to get into trouble.
fan ⁴ -ssü ¹	犯私	to break the laws.
fan ⁴ -ssü ¹ -liang ²	犯思量	to set people wondering.
fan ⁴ -ssü ³	犯死	to risk one's life.
fan ⁴ -ssü ³ -tsui ⁴	犯死罪	to be guilty of a crime deserving death.
fan ⁴ -t'a ¹ -ti ¹ -ping ⁴	犯他的病	to offend him.
fan ⁴ -ti ⁴	犯地	to invade a territory.
fan ⁴ -tsui ⁴	犯罪	to commit a crime.
fan ⁴ -wang ² -fa ³	犯王法	to break the laws.
fan ⁴ -yeh ⁴	犯夜	to be out after hours without a passport.
fan ⁴	販 販	to traffic, to deal in; a dealer, a hawk.
fan ⁴ -huo ⁴	販貨	to traffic in goods.
fan ⁴ -liang ²	販糧	to deal in corn.
fan ⁴ -ma ³	販馬	to deal in horses.
fan ⁴ -mai ⁴	販賣	to buy and sell, traffic.
fan ⁴ -mai ⁴ -jên ² -k'ou ³	販賣人口	to trade in human beings.
fan ⁴ -mai ⁴ -tzü ³ -nü ³	販賣子女	to trade in boys and girls.
fan ⁴ -tzü ³	販子	dealers, pedlers (shang ¹ ku ³).
fan ⁴ -yün ⁴	販運	to transport, to convey.
fan ⁴	食 飯	boiled rice; food in general; a meal.
fan ⁴ -an ⁴ -tzü ³	飯案	booth at fairs for sale of food.
fan ⁴ -chien ¹	飯尖	a meal; to take a snack (on the road).
fan ⁴ -kuan ³	飯館	an eating house, a restaurant (fan ⁴ p'u ⁴).
fan ⁴ -kuo ¹	飯鍋	the kettle or pot in which food is cooked.
fan ⁴ -liang ²	飯量	capacity for eating, appetite (chiu ³ liang ²).
fan ⁴ -shih ²	飯食	food (shih ² wu ⁴).
fan ⁴ -shu ² -liao ³	飯熟了	the food is cooked.
fan ⁴ -tai ⁴	飯袋	a rice-bag, a glutton (chiu ³ nang ²).
fan ⁴ -tan ¹	飯單	a napkin or bib.

n ⁴ -t'ang ¹	飯湯	rice water in which food has been cooked,
n ⁴ -ts'ai ⁴	飯菜	rice and vegetables, food.
n ⁴ -t'êng ⁴	飯甑	a rice boiler or steamer.
n ⁴ -wan ³	飯盥	a rice-bowl.
n ⁴	水 汎 汎	to float, to flow; to spill; to open (as flowers),
n ⁴ -yen ²	汎言	vague expressions.
n ⁴	竹 範	a mould, a pattern; a rule, usage or custom.
n ⁴ -ch'ang ²	範常	a constant law or usage.
n ⁴ -mo ²	範模	a mould or pattern.
n ⁴	木 梵	name.
n ⁴ -wang ² -ching ¹	梵王經	the Sutra of Fan-wang, father of Buddha.
n ⁴ -yü ³	梵語	Sanscrit.
n ⁴	艸 廿 范	grass, herbage; a surname.
ANG ¹	方 方	square; then; a region or quarter; a prescription.
ng ¹ -chang ⁴	方丈	a Buddhist monastery; an abbot.
ng ¹ -ch'êng ⁴	方正	full, plump, broad, upright.
ng ¹ -ch'ieh ³	方且	then, forthwith.
ng ¹ -chin ¹	方今	at the present time (ju ² chin ¹).
ng ¹ -cho ¹	方桌	a square table (pa ¹ hsien ¹ cho ¹).
ng ¹ -chou ¹	方舟	Noah's ark (so called).
ng ¹ -chuan ¹	方輓	square brick, or tile for paving.
ng ¹ -fa ²	方法	means, plans, methods.
ng ¹ -hsiang ⁴	方向	direction taken or to be taken.
ng ¹ -hsiang ⁴ -pu ¹ -tui ⁴	方向不對	the bearings not right.
ng ¹ -hsien ³	方顯	'tis then apparent, etc.
ng ¹ -hu ²	方壺	square tea-pot.
ng ¹ -k'o ³	方可	then it will do.
ng ¹ -mien ⁴	方面	the face of a square; position; imposing.
ng ¹ -mien ⁴ -tai ⁴ -êr ³	方面大耳	i. e., handsome. [(mu ⁴ lu ⁴).
ng ¹ -mu ⁴	方目	a square on the chess board; index of a book
ng ¹ -pai ⁴	方伯	a financial commissioner.
ng ¹ -pao ³	方寶	square ingot sycee (yüan ² pao ³).
ng ¹ -pien ⁴	方便	general advantage; convenient (pien ⁴ i ⁴).
ng ¹ -ti ¹	方的	square (yüan ² ti ¹).
ng ¹ -ts'ai ²	方纔	just now. M. 161 (kang ¹ ts'ai ²).
ng ¹ -ts'un ⁴	方寸	"the square inch," the heart.
ng ¹ -tzü ³	方子	a doctor's prescription (k'ai ¹ fang ¹ tzü ³).
ng ¹ -tzü ⁴	方字	the square character.
ng ¹ -wai ⁴	方外	out of the bounds, beyond (o ² wai ⁴).
ng ¹ -wei ⁴	方位	location, situation.
ng ¹ -yen ²	方言	local dialect (hsiang ¹ t'an ²).
ng ¹ -yüan ²	方圓	square and round; all round.

<i>fang</i> ¹	女	妨 ^{348b133b}	to impede, to interfere with; an obstacle. [tsu ³
<i>fang</i> ¹ -ai ⁴		妨礙	objection, obstacle, hindrance; to hinder (lai
<i>fang</i> ¹ -ch'ei ⁴		妨妻	(a day) unlucky for the bride.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -fa ⁴		妨夫	(a day) unlucky for the husband.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -hai ⁴		妨害	to cause some detriment to. -[stat
<i>fang</i> ¹ -hsien ² - <i>tung</i> ⁴	[kuo ²	妨賢病國	a hindrance to good men and a curse to th
<i>fang</i> ¹ -shih ⁴		妨事	{ consequence, hindrance; generally with { negative (ai ⁴ shih ⁴).
<i>fang</i> ¹ (tzu)	土	坊 ^{348b133b}	a street, a ward, a shop (tso ¹ fang ¹).
<i>fang</i> ¹ -kuan ¹		坊官	a petty police magistrate.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -li ³		坊里	yamèn of foregoing.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -piao ³		坊表	a good example.
<i>fang</i> ¹	艸 卅	芳 ^{349b133e}	fragrant plants, fragrant; agreeable, pleasur
<i>fang</i> ¹ -ch'ei ⁴ -un ¹		芳春	a prosperous spring.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -mei ³		芳美	delicate, delicious; beautiful.
<i>fang</i> ¹ -ming ²		芳名	a good reputation (hao ³ ming ² shêng ¹).
<i>fang</i> ¹ -ts'ao ³		芳草	fragrant herbs.

FANG²	阜 卅	防 ^{350a134b}	a bank; to guard, to keep off, to defend.
<i>fang</i> ² -chi ¹		防飢	to provide against famine.
<i>fang</i> ² -chin ⁴		防禁	to forbid, to prohibit.
<i>fang</i> ² -fan ⁴		防範	preventive rules, etc.
<i>fang</i> ² -feng ¹		防風	to guard against flatulency, away seeds.
<i>fang</i> ² -hsien ²		防閑	to obstruct.
<i>fang</i> ² -hu ⁴		防護	to guard against.
<i>fang</i> ² -pei ⁴		防備	to guard against, to make preparation for.
<i>fang</i> ² -pi ⁴		防避	to take shelter, to seek refuge,
<i>fang</i> ² -shên ¹		防身	self-defence.
<i>fang</i> ² -shou ³		防守	to guard, to defend.
<i>fang</i> ² -tsei ²		防賊	to guard against thieves, etc.
<i>fang</i> ² -tu ³		防堵	a defence, to guard against.
<i>fang</i> ² -wei ¹		防微	to guard against.
<i>fang</i> ² (tzu)	戶	房 ^{348e134a}	a room, a house, an office.
<i>fang</i> ² -ch'an ³		房產	household property, etc.
<i>fang</i> ² -ch'ei ⁴		房契	deed of a house, a lease.
<i>fang</i> ² -chien ¹		房間	a room, rooms.
<i>fang</i> ² -ch'ien ²		房錢	house rent.
<i>fang</i> ² -chu ³		房主	landlord (tung ¹ chia ¹).
<i>fang</i> ² -hsü ¹ -hsing ¹ -mao ³		房虛星昴	the 4 stars in the almanac corresponding to Su
<i>fang</i> ² -k'oi ¹		房科	an office.
<i>fang</i> ² -li ⁴		房吏	writers in yamèns.
<i>fang</i> ² -lin ³		房椽	the cross beams of a house.
<i>fang</i> ² -tao ³ -wu ¹ -t'ei ¹		房倒屋塌	general destruction of houses, e.g., by a flood

ng ² -ting ³	房頂	roof of a house.
ng ² -tung ¹	房東	the landlord of a house.
ng ² -wn ¹	房屋	"house and rooms," the house, buildings.
ng ² -yen ²	房檐	eaves of a house.

ANG ³ 人仿衍髻	做 ^{351a134c}	to copy, to imitate, imitation.
ng ³ -chao ⁴	做照	to copy, to imitate (hsiao ⁴ fa ²).
ng ³ -chi ¹ ' ²	做紙	copy slips.
ng ³ -ch'üan ¹	做圈	a circular paper-weight.
ng ³ -hsiao ⁴	做效	like, according to, in imitation of.
ng ³ -ko ²	做格	copy slips (t'ieh ¹).
ng ³ -pên ³	做本	a copy-book.
ng ³ -yin ³	做影	copy slips.
ng ³	言訪 ^{349c134e}	to enquire, to search for or out; to deliberate.
ng ³ -ch'a ²	訪查	to make enquiry into.
ng ³ -ch'a ² ti ¹ -ch'üeh ⁴	訪查的確	to find out for certain.
ng ³ -chien ⁴	訪見	to visit any one.
ng ³ -chih ¹	訪知	to ascertain on enquiry.
ng ³ -ch'üeh ¹	訪確	to ascertain the truth.
ng ³ -hsien ²	訪賢	to search for worthy persons (to fill offices, etc.).
ng ³ -tao ⁴	訪道	to search for the true Doctrine.
ng ³ -wên ⁴	訪問	to enquire into, to ask about.
ng ³ -yu ³	訪友	to seek for friends.
ng ³	糸紡 ^{349b135a}	to make thread. to spin, to twist.
ng ³ -ch'ê ¹ -t-z ³	紡車子	a spinning-wheel.
ng ³ -chi ¹	紡績	to spin thread.
ng ³ -chih ¹	紡織	to spin and weave.
ng ³ -ch'ou ²	紡綢	reeled pongee.
ng ³ -hsien ⁴	紡線	to spin thread (chih ¹ pu ⁴).
ng ³ -hua ¹	紡花	to spin cotton.
ng ³ -mien ² -hua ¹	紡棉花	same.
ng ³ -ssü ¹ -ch'ou ²	紡絲綉	to make silk thread.
ng ³	彳髻	like, resembling, similar, seeming as if.
ng ³ -fu ³	彷彿	same (lei ⁴ ssü ⁴).
ng ³	彳髻	like, resembling, similar, seeming as if.
ng ² -fa ²	髻髻	same.

ANG ⁴	支放 ^{350b135b}	to place, to put down; to release, to let go.
ng ⁴ -chai ⁴	放債	to lend money (chieh ⁴ ch'ü ³).
ng ⁴ -chung ⁴	放賬	to lend money as a business, to sell on credit.
ng ⁴ -chên ⁴	放賑	to distribute relief in famine times (chon ⁴ chi ⁴).
ng ⁴ -ch'ia ³ -t-z ³	放卡子	escorts, guards to travellers or treasure (pa ³
ng ⁴ -ch'iang ¹	放鎗	to fire a gun (tien ³ p'ao ⁴). [piao ⁴ t'ü ⁴].

<i>fang⁴-chieh⁴</i>	放戒	to absolve, to discontinue fasting, etc. (k'ua [chai ¹]
<i>fang⁴-chu¹</i>	放猪	a swineherd.
<i>fang⁴-ch'u¹</i>	放出	to let out.
<i>fang⁴-ch'u¹-ch'ü¹</i>	放出去	same.
<i>fang⁴-fan⁴</i>	放飯	to distribute food to poor.
<i>fang⁴-fêng¹-chên¹</i>	放風箏	to fly a kite.
<i>fang⁴-ho²-tên¹</i>	放河燈	to start off floating lanterns. See Note 24.
<i>fang⁴-hsia⁴</i>	放下	to put, let or lay down (ko ¹ hsia ⁴).
<i>fang⁴-hsia⁴-lien²-tzu³</i>	放下簾子	let down the screen.
<i>fang⁴-hsieh³</i>	放血	to bleed.
<i>fang⁴-hsin¹</i>	放心	to make one's mind easy (k'uan ¹ huai ⁴).
<i>fang⁴-hsin¹-pu⁴-hsia⁴</i>	放心不下	unable to make one's mind easy.
<i>fang⁴-hsing²</i>	放行	to allow to go, to let pass.
<i>fang⁴-hsing²-tan¹-tzu³</i>	放行單子	a release permit.
<i>fang⁴-hsüeh²</i>	放學	to dismiss or close school for a time.
<i>fang⁴-hu¹-ssü¹-hai³</i>	放手四海	to extend everywhere, wide reputation.
<i>fang⁴-hua¹</i>	放花	to let off fireworks.
<i>fang⁴-hua¹-tên¹</i>	放花燈	to set off fancy lights.
<i>fang⁴-huo³</i>	放火	to set fire to, to set on fire.
<i>fang⁴-k'ai¹</i>	放開	to liberate, to let go, to disperse (shih ⁴ faug ⁴).
<i>fang⁴-k'ai¹-sang³-tzu³</i>	放開嗓子	to open your throat (and yell).
<i>fang⁴-kao⁴</i>	放告	to receive indictments (yamên).
<i>fang⁴-kao⁴-p'ai²</i>	放告牌	a notice of dates for presenting suits.
<i>fang⁴-kei³</i>	放給	to issue, to give out, to pay.
<i>fang⁴-kuang¹</i>	放光	to glisten (fa ¹ liang ¹).
<i>fang⁴-kung¹</i>	放空	to dismiss the workmen (for the day).
<i>fang⁴-k'ung¹</i>	放空	to go or travel empty, as ship, cart, etc.
<i>fang⁴-lai⁴</i>	放賴	to become obstreperous, to play off.
<i>fang⁴-lêng³-chien⁴</i>	放冷箭	to secretly injure (an ⁴ chien ⁴ shang ¹ jên ²).
<i>fang⁴-liang³-ko¹-p'ao¹</i>	放兩個炮	to fire two shots.
<i>fang⁴-ma³</i>	放馬	to let a horse run free.
<i>fang⁴-mai⁴-miao²</i>	放麥苗	to let cattle eat the sprouts of wheat.
<i>fang⁴-niu²</i>	放牛	to herd cattle, to pasture cattle.
<i>fang⁴-p'ai²</i>	放牌	to release batches of candidates at examination
<i>fang⁴-pao¹-chu²</i>	放爆竹	to let off crackers, etc.
<i>fang⁴-p'ao⁴</i>	放砲	to fire cannon (k'ai ¹ p'ao ⁴).
<i>fang⁴-pei¹-shêng¹</i>	放悲聲	to utter a mournful cry.
<i>fang⁴-p'i¹</i>	放僻	profligate, dissolute, abandoned, licentious.
<i>fang⁴-p'i⁴</i>	放屁	to break wind.
<i>fang⁴-ping¹-hsiang³</i>	放兵餉	to give the soldiers pay.
<i>fang⁴-pu⁴-hsia⁴</i>	放不下	unable to put down.
<i>fang⁴-shê⁴</i>	放赦	to forgive, to pardon (shê ¹ mien ³).
<i>fang⁴-shêng¹-ta⁴-k'ü¹</i>	放聲大哭	to raise a loud wail.

ng ⁴ -shêug ¹	放生	to let go living creatures. Note 23.
ng ⁴ -shou ¹	放收	to disburse and to receive.
ng ⁴ -shou ³	放手	to let go one's hold.
ng ⁴ -shou ³ -pu ¹ -tê ²	放手不得	unable to let go one's hold.
ng ⁴ -shu ³ -têug ¹	放水燈	to start off floating lanterns. Note 24.
ng ⁴ -sung ¹	放鬆	to release, to let go (sa ¹ shou ³).
ng ⁴ -ssü ³	放肆	dissolute, to commit disorderly acts.
ng ⁴ -ta ⁴ -kuon ¹	放大官	to be appointed a high official.
ng ⁴ -tan ³ -t-ñ ³	放膽子	to pluck up one's courage (ta ⁴ eh ¹ tan ³ lai ³).
ng ⁴ -tang ⁴	放蕩	profligate, loose, irregular; to give away.
ng ⁴ -tang ⁴ -pu ⁴ chü ¹	放蕩不拘	to be profligate.
ng ⁴ -tiao ¹	放刁	to grow refractory, or obstreperous.
ng ⁴ -tsei ²	放賊	to liberate thieves.
ng ⁴ -tsung ⁴	放縱	to give full liberty, to give loose to.
ng ⁴ -tzi ¹	放恣	loose, dissipated, unrestrained.
ng ⁴ -yang ²	放羊	to tend sheep.
ng ⁴ -yen ⁴ -k'on ³	放寮口	releasing souls from Purgatory (Buddhist).
ng ⁴ -ying ¹ -fu ⁴ -jêu ²	放鷹婦人	a certain sort of bad woman.
ng ⁴ -yin ⁴ -tzi ¹	放印	To make short loans of money at high rates.
FEI ¹	非	not; wrong, false; low, vicious. M. 344.
FEI ¹ -ch'ang ²	非常	uncommon, out of the common.
FEI ¹ -ché ⁴ pu ¹ -chieh ³	非這不解	an indispensable.
FEI ¹ -ch'ih ¹ -chi ² -ho ¹	非吃即喝	"not eating, then drinking," a worthless person.
FEI ¹ -fan ²	非凡	uncommon.
FEI ¹ -li ²	非離	unless, without.
FEI ¹ -li ³	非禮	indecent, impudent.
FEI ¹ -li ³ -wu ² -shih ⁴	非禮勿視	blameless in seeing.
FEI ¹ -li ³ -wu ² -t'ing ¹	非禮勿聽	blameless in hearing.
FEI ¹ -li ³ -wu ² -yen ²	非禮勿言	blameless in speaking.
FEI ¹ -li ³ -wu ² -tung ¹	非禮勿動	blameless in action.
FEI ¹ -p'í ¹	非僻	profligate, abandoned.
FEI ¹ -p'iao ² -chi ² -tu ³	非嫖即賭	a profligate (eh ¹ ih ¹ ho ¹ p'iao ² tu ³).
FEI ¹ -shih ⁴	非是	not real; hollow; to conceal; to blame.
FEI ¹ -t'í ³	非體	disrespectable.
FEI ¹ -t'ung ² -hsiao ³ k'o ³	非同小可	important (yao ⁴ chin ³).
FEI ¹ -t'ung ² -hsün ² -ch'ang ²	非同尋常	exceptional.
FEI ¹ -t'zi ³ -pu ⁴ -hsing ²	非此不行	cannot do without this.
FEI ¹ -wn ²	非無	not that there isn't—, there is.
FEI ¹ -yü ³	非語	indiscreet or false language.
FEI ¹	飛	to fly, to flee, to go swiftly.
FEI ¹ -h'ü ¹	飛叉	a sort of trident or three-pronged fork.
FEI ¹ -chiao ³	飛脚	swift of foot; a mode of kicking.
FEI ¹ -ch'ien ¹ -hoo ³ -p'iao ⁴	飛籤火票	urgent summons to arrest.

<i>fei¹-ch'ien²-tung⁴-chih²</i>	飛潛動植
<i>fei¹-ch'iu²</i>	飛禽
<i>fei¹-ch'in²-tsou³-shou⁴</i>	飛禽走獸
<i>fei¹-ch'üan²</i>	飛拳
<i>fei¹-fan²</i>	飛拳
<i>fei¹-hsing¹</i>	飛星
<i>fei¹-k'ai⁴</i>	飛快
<i>fei¹-pai²-t'ü³</i>	飛白體
<i>fei¹-p'ao³</i>	飛跑
<i>fei¹-pi³</i>	飛筆
<i>fei¹-pien¹</i>	飛鞭
<i>fei¹-shu³</i>	飛鼠
<i>fei¹-t'ung²</i>	飛騰
<i>fei¹-tse²</i>	飛賊
<i>fei¹-wu³</i>	飛舞
<i>fei¹-yen²</i>	飛簷
<i>fei¹-yen²-tsou³-pi⁴</i>	飛簷走壁
<i>fei¹-yen⁴</i>	飛雁
<i>fei¹-ying¹</i>	飛鷹
<i>fei¹ (t'ü)</i>	妃 ^{353a} 137a
<i>fei¹-pin¹</i>	妃嬪
<i>fei¹</i>	妃 ^{352b} 136c
<i>fei¹-hung²</i>	緋紅

FEI²	肉月	肥 ^{354a} 137a
<i>fei²-chi³</i>		肥己
<i>fei²-chu¹</i>		肥豬
<i>fei²-chuang⁴</i>		肥壯
<i>fei²-jou⁴</i>		肥肉
<i>fei²-ma¹</i>		肥馬
<i>fei²-ma³-ch'ing¹-ch'iu²</i>		肥馬輕裘
<i>fei¹-mei³-chih¹-ti⁴</i>		肥美之地
<i>fei²-p'ang⁴</i>		肥胖
<i>fei²-shou⁴</i>		肥瘦
<i>fei²-t'ou²-t'ü⁴-erh³</i>		肥頭大耳
<i>fei²-tsü²</i>		肥皂
<i>fei²-t'ü³</i>		肥澤
<i>fei²-tsao⁴</i>		肥土

FEI³	匚	匪 ^{352c} 137c
<i>fei³-fian⁴</i>		匪犯
<i>fei³-jên²</i>		匪人
<i>fei³-lei⁴</i>		匪類

the 4 kingdoms of living things.	M. 601.
birds generally (niao ³).	
birds and beasts.	
quick at boxing.	
burnt alnm.	[of fortune telling (tsei ² hsing ¹).
"flying star," a shooting star or meteor;	metho
very fast.	
characters written as if with insufficient ink.	
to run swiftly, to flee, to fly.	
"flying pencil," quick writing.	
"flying whip," a kind of mace.	
"flying rat," the bat (pien ¹ fu ²).	
to fly upwards.	
flying rebels.	
rapid gymnastics.	
awnings on side of cart.	
a good scaler of wall, etc., ; a house breaker.	
the wild goose.	
to fly hawks.	
royal concubines; the heir apparent's wife.	
royal concubines.	
dark red (p'in ³ hung ²).	
scarlet red, red as a beet.	

fat (animals, not men); rich, fit loose (clothe	(p'ang ⁴)
to benefit one's self.	
a fat pig.	
stout, lusty, robust.	
fat meat.	
a good-conditioned horse.	
a wealthy condition (fig.).	
good soil, fine country.	
large, fat, fleshy, stout, portly.	
fat and lean.	
plump head and big ears.	
the mimosa; native soap (i ² t'ü ³).	
fat and glossy, sleek.	
rich soil.	

not, not right; vagabonds, banditti.
a criminal connected with banditti.
vagabonds.
vagabonds, banditti.

³ .t' n ²		匪徒	vagabonds, banditti.
³	羽	翡翠	variegated; a kind of kingfisher.
³ .ts' ui ²		翡翠	the variegated kingfisher; the emerald.
³ .yü ⁴		翡翠	a variegated kind of jade.
³	言	誹謗	to calumniate, to backbite, to slander, to libel.
³ .pang ⁴		誹謗	same (hui ³ pang').
³	艸	菲	deficient, scanty, sparing in food, fasting.
³ .t ²	非儀	菲儀	a meagre, scanty present,
³ (t.ü ³)	木	榧	hazel-shaped nuts.
EI ⁴	具	費	expense, use of, waste of. [ch'ien ²].
⁴ .ch'icn ²		費錢	expenditure; wasteful in expenditure (hua ¹
⁴ .chün ⁴ .rh ²		費勁兒	to expend energy.
⁴ .chün ⁴ .hsin ¹ .li ¹		費盡心力	have exhausted every thought.
⁴ .chou ¹ .chuan ⁴		費周轉	to waste much effort.
⁴ .ch'ucn ⁴ -shé		費唇舌	to waste one's breath, to haggle.
⁴ .hsin ¹		費心	to give or cause trouble; thanks.
⁴ .hsin ¹ -ssü ¹		費心思	expend thought.
⁴ .kung ²		費工	laborious.
⁴ .li ⁴		費力	to waste one's strength; bad (of a child).
⁴ .li ⁴ -hai ² .t.ü ³		費力孩子	a bad child.
⁴ .shih ²		費時	a waste of time.
⁴ .ts' ai ²		費財	to waste money or wealth.
⁴ .ts' ai ² .liao ⁴		費材料	a waste of material.
⁴ .ya ² -chin ¹		費牙勁	to waste one's breath.
⁴ .yen ³		費眼	to dry or hurt the eyes.
⁴ .yun ¹		費用	to spend, expenditure.
⁴	水	沸	bubbling, raging
⁴ .ch'ü ¹ .lai ²		沸出來	boiled over.
⁴ .shui ³		沸水	boiling water (k'ai ¹ shui ³).
⁴	广	廢	to annul, to lay aside, to disuse, to abandon.
⁴ .ch'ü ¹		廢棄	to abandon.
⁴ .chih ³		廢紙	waste paper.
⁴ .ch'ü ¹		廢去	to abolish (mo ³ ch'ü ¹).
⁴ .hua ¹		廢話	empty words, irrelevant talk.
⁴ .huai ¹		廢壞	to spoil, to ruin.
⁴ .jén ²		廢人	a reprobate, an abandoned person; a cripple.
⁴ .kuan ¹		廢官	to dismiss an official (kuan ¹ huai ¹ la).
⁴ .liao ³ -t'a ¹		廢了他	destroy it.
⁴ .shih ³		廢弛	going to ruin.
⁴ .liao ¹		廢掉	to destroy or annul.
⁴ .wang ²		廢王	to depose a king.
⁴ .wu ¹		廢物	worthless, a useless thing.

<i>fēi⁴</i>	癩 ^{354b138c}	chronic, incurable.
<i>fēi⁴-jên²</i>	癩人	an incurable.
<i>fēi⁴-ping⁴</i>	癩病	an incurable complaint.
<i>fēi⁴ (t-zū)</i>	癩 ^{354c139a}	prickly heat, pimples.
<i>fēi⁴-tu²-p'ien¹-ch'uang¹</i>	癩毒變瘡	the virus of prickly heat turned to a sore.
<i>fēi⁴-t-zū³.cha¹-jên²</i>	癩子扎人	prickly heat pricks one.
<i>fēi⁴ (t-zū)</i>	肉月肺 ^{355b139c}	the lungs; mysterious, secret.
<i>fēi⁴-f'u³</i>	肺腑	the lungs; the bowels.
<i>fēi⁴-yung¹</i>	肺癰	an abscess on the lungs.
<i>fēi⁴</i>	口吠 ^{355c140c}	to bark (as a dog) (yao ³).
FĒN¹	刀分 ^{356a129a}	[4th tone] to divide; a share one-tenth, a candareen (nou)
<i>fĕn¹-ch'an³</i>	分產	to divide up property.
<i>fĕn¹-chêng¹</i>	分爭	to dispute, to contest (k'ou ³ chiao ¹).
<i>fĕn¹-ch'êng²-sê⁴</i>	分成色	to distinguish good from bad.
<i>fĕn¹-chia¹</i>	分家	to divide family property.
<i>fĕn¹-chieh²-fĕn¹-chieh³</i>	分解分解	to explain.
<i>fĕn¹-ch'ien²</i>	分錢	to divide money; subscription money.
<i>fĕn¹ chih¹</i>	分枝	to divide into branches.
<i>fĕn¹-chîn¹-lu²</i>	分金爐	a smelting-pot to test gold.
<i>fĕn¹-ch'ing¹-chung⁴</i>	分輕重	to distinguish light and heavy.
<i>fĕn¹-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	分出去	divided out to.
<i>fĕn¹-chü¹</i>	分居	to live separately.
<i>fĕn¹-fa¹-hou⁴-pu³</i>	分發候補	sent out to await office.
<i>fĕn¹-f'e²</i>	分肥	to divide the spoils (fĕn ¹ tsang ¹ pu ⁴ p'ing ²).
<i>fĕn¹-fu³</i>	分府	a sub-prefect; to divide family property.
<i>fĕn¹-hao²-pu⁴-ts'o⁴</i>	分毫不錯	exactly right.
<i>fĕn¹-hao²-tai³</i>	分好歹	to distinguish good from bad.
<i>fĕn¹-hou¹-po²</i>	分厚薄	to distinguish thick from thin.
<i>fĕn¹-hsien⁴</i>	分縣	a sub-magistrate in <i>hsien</i> .
<i>fĕn¹-hsin¹</i>	分心	a divided or distracted mind.
<i>fĕn¹-huo⁴</i>	分貨	to share goods.
<i>fĕn¹-i¹-fĕn⁴</i>	分一分	to give or receive one's share.
<i>fĕn¹-k'ai¹</i>	分開	to divide, to open, to separate, to distinguish
<i>fĕn¹-kao¹-li¹</i>	分高低	to distinguish good from bad.
<i>fĕn¹-kei³</i>	分給	to disburse, to lay out.
<i>fĕn¹-li²</i>	分離	to separate, to leave; separated. [descendin
<i>fĕn¹-li²-hao²-ssü¹</i>	分釐毫絲	portions of a tael, beginning with $\frac{1}{16}$ of a mace a
<i>fĕn¹-li³</i>	分理	to separate, to divide.
<i>fĕn⁴-liang³</i>	分兩	"candareens and taels," weight.
<i>fĕn²-liang³-yüan⁴-chü⁴</i>	分兩院住	to live in separate courts.
<i>fĕn⁴-liang²</i>	分量	weight, left.
<i>fĕn¹-lu⁴</i>	分路	to go different roads.

¹ -mên ² -chieh ¹ -tang ³	分門結黨	to form parties and cabals.
¹ -mên ² -pieh ² -hu ¹	分門別戶	to separate, of families or sects.
¹ -mien ³	分娩	child-birth (ch'an ³ shêng ¹).
¹ -ming ²	分明	to distinguish; clearly, evidently, manifestly.
⁴ -nei ³	分內	included in one's duty.
⁴ -nei ³ -chih ¹ -shih ⁴	分內之事	the duties of one's situation (pên ³ fên ⁴).
¹ -p'ai ¹	分派	to apportion duties, to appoint, to arrange.
¹ -piao ³	分表	to disperse, to distribute
¹ -pieh ²	分別	to separate, to distinguish, to differ.
¹ -pieh ² -hao ² -tai ³	分別好歹	to distinguish good from bad.
¹ -pien ⁴	分辨	to discriminate, to distinguish.
¹ -pien ⁴ -shih ⁴ -fei ¹	分辨是非	to discuss right and wrong.
¹ -po ¹	分撥	to detach, to appoint.
¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'ing ² -ch'w ³	分不清楚	cannot be clearly divided.
¹ -pu ³ -ch'u ¹	分不出	unable to distinguish.
¹ -pu ¹ -p'ing ²	分不平	unequally divided, unequal.
¹ -san ⁴	分散	to disperse, to distribute.
¹ -shang ¹ -hsia ⁴	分上下	to distinguish high from low, or good from bad.
¹ -shên ¹ -fa ³ -êrh ²	分身法兒	a trick to be in two places at once.
¹ -shon ³	分手	to separate from a friend.
⁴ -so ³ -tang ¹ -jan ²	分所當然	fitting, proper.
¹ -ssu ¹ -pu ¹ -tung ⁴	分絲不動	not to budge a feather's weight.
¹ -ssü ¹	分司	petty magistrate under District Magistrate.
¹ -su ⁴	分訴	to go into the details of a grievance.
¹ -tê ² -ch'u ¹	分得出	able to distinguish.
¹ -têng ³ -ti ⁴	分等第	to distinguish grades.
¹ -ti ¹ -chün ¹ -yün ²	分的均勻	divided equally.
¹ -ts'ai ²	分財	to divide wealth.
¹ -tsang ¹ -pu ⁴ -p'ing ²	分贓不平	to divide the booty unjustly.
¹ -ts'êng ² -tz'ü ³	分層次	to act orderly or in order.
¹ -tso ⁴	分作	to divide, to parcel out.
¹ -tsun ¹ -pei ¹	分尊卑	to distinguish the superior from the inferior.
¹ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	分東西	to divide things.
¹ -tzü ¹	分資	subscription tickets.
¹ -tz'ü ¹ -hsü ⁴	分次序	in order, in rotation.
⁴ -wai ⁴	分外	extraordinary; extra (duty, etc.) (o ² wai ⁴).
⁴ -wei ⁴	分位	social standing; condition.
¹ -wên ²	分文	a fraction.
¹ -yang ¹	分秧	separate young sprouts of grain.
¹ -yu ¹	分憂	to share another's sorrows, to sympathise.
¹ -yüan ⁴ -chin ⁴	分遠近	to distinguish near and far.
¹ -n ²	口吩	to talk rapidly, to sputter; to order.
¹ -fu ⁴	吩咐	to order, to command, to charge (ming ⁴ ling ⁴).

fĕn¹-f'u⁴-t'a¹ 吩咐他
 fĕn¹ 系 紛 358c129b
 fĕn¹-fĕn¹ 紛紛
 fĕn¹-fĕn¹-i⁴-lun⁴ 紛紛議論
 fĕn¹-fĕn¹-pu⁴-i¹ 紛紛不一
 fĕn¹-luan⁴ 紛亂
 fĕn¹ 气 氛 358a129c
 fĕn¹-ch'ĕn² 氛塵
 fĕn¹-ch'i⁴ 氛氣
 fĕn¹ 艸 芬 359b129b
 fĕn¹-fang¹ 芬芳

order him.
 perplexed, confused ; hurry, bustle ; many, numerous, abundant ; rejoiced.
 dissensions in council.
 numerous and different, confused.
 confused
 fume, vapour ; noxious, pernicious, pestilential
 rebels.
 fume, vapour.
 the fragrance of flowers, herbs, etc.
 same.

FĒN² 土 墳 359c130b
 fĕn² 墳
 fĕn²-ch'ien²-shao¹-chih³ 墳前燒紙
 fĕn²-ch'ien²-shao¹-hua⁴ 墳前燒化
 fĕn²-chun² 墳燭
 fĕn²-mu⁴ 墳墓
 fĕn²-ti⁴ 墳地
 fĕn²-ying² 墳塋
 fĕn²-yüan⁴ 墳院
 fĕn² 火 焚 359b130b
 fĕn²-chih³ 焚紙
 fĕn²-hsiang¹ 焚香
 fĕn²-hua⁴ 焚化
 fĕn²-hui²-liao³ 焚毀了
 fĕn²-shao¹ 焚燒
 fĕn²-shu¹-k'ĕng¹-ju² 焚書坑儒

a grave, a tomb (tsang⁴ mai²).
 same (mu⁴).
 to burn paper money in front of tombs.
 same
 a great light.
 a grave, a tomb, a sepulchre (chin¹ ching²).
 a graveyard, a cemetery, a burial-ground.
 a grave, tomb (ying² ti⁴).
 a graveyard, a cemetery.
 to burn, to set on fire (shao¹).
 to burn paper money.
 to burn incense (shao¹ hsiang¹).
 to burn paper money.
 burnt up.
 to set on fire, to burn.
 to burn the books and bury the scholars (as Ch

FĒN³ 米 粉 358b131a
 fĕn³-ch'iang² 粉牆
 fĕn³-chuang¹-ĕrh² 粉裝兒
 fĕn³-hsien⁴ 粉線
 fĕn³-hny² 粉紅
 fĕn³-hny²-ting³-tai⁴ 粉紅頂戴
 fĕn³-mien⁴ 粉面
 fĕn³-mien⁴-t'ü³ 粉麪子
 fĕn³-nĕn³ 粉嫩
 fĕn³-pĕ⁵ 粉壁
 fĕn³-p'i² 粉皮
 fĕn³-shĕn¹-sui⁴-ku² 粉身碎骨
 fĕn³-shih⁴ 粉飾
 fĕn³-shua¹-yang²-fang² 粉刷洋房

meal, flour, powder, paint ; to whitewash.
 to whitewash a wall ; a whitewashed wall.
 a cosmetic box.
 a chalk line (used by tailors, etc.).
 flesh, salmon or blush colour (shui³ hung²).
 salmon color button (official).
 to rouge or powder.
 flour of any kind.
 blooming, fair or ruddy.
 a whitewashed wall,
 vermicelli (fĕn³ t'iao²).
 grind him to powder.
 to decorate, to ornament, to gloss over.
 whitewash foreign houses.

[shih-huan
 to burn the books and bury the scholars (as Ch

³-sü¹
³-sui⁴
³-t'iao²
³-t'ou²
³-t'uan²
³-tz'ü⁴

粉絲
粉碎
粉條
粉頭
粉團
粉刺

vermicelli.
all in pieces, fine as powder.
vermicelli (fèn³ sǎ¹).
“a painted head,” a prostitute.
cakes made of bean or rice flour.
a weu (jou⁴ liu² tzü³).

⁴-n¹
⁴-chên⁴
⁴-chi¹
⁴-ch'í³
⁴-ch'í⁴
⁴-fü¹
⁴-fé¹
⁴-lí⁴

大 奮 360b132b
奮震
奮擊
奮起
奮氣
奮發
奮飛
奮力

impetuous, vehement, to shake.
to shake, to quake (chên⁴ tuŋ⁴).
to dash against (chuaŋ⁴).
to mount up (t'êng²).
angry; to rouse one's passions (nao³ nu⁴).
to rush or burst forth.
to fly precipitately.
to exert one's strength (mien³ lí⁴).

⁴-lí⁴-kung¹-ch'êng²
⁴-lí⁴-sha¹-tsei²

奮力攻城
奮力殺賊

attack the city eagerly.
diligently destroy bandits.

⁴-mien³
⁴-yung³

奮勉
奮勇

energy, vigour.
to rouse courage.

米 糞 360c132a

糞

excrement, filth, manure (shih³ niao⁴).

⁴-ch'a¹
⁴-ch'ü¹
⁴-k'êng¹
⁴-k'uang¹
⁴-lí⁴
⁴-t'u³

糞叉
糞蛆
糞坑
糞筐
糞地
糞土

a dung fork.
manure worms or maggots.
a manure pit.
a manure basket.
to manure the ground.
to manure the ground; manure (ta⁴ fên⁴).

⁴-t'u³-chih¹-ch'iang²

糞土之墻

a mud wall.

心 忮 憤 360a131c

憤

grief, anger, indignation; zeal.

⁴-chih⁴

憤志

zeal, zealous (fa¹ fên⁴).

⁴-chih⁴-tu³-shu¹

憤志讀書

zealous in studying.

⁴-fu¹

憤發

zealous, ardent.

⁴-hên⁴

憤恨

angry, resentment.

⁴-lí⁴

憤力

to exert strength.

⁴-nu⁴

憤怒

wrathful, indignant (nao³ nu⁴).

心 忿 357c131b

忿

anger, indignation, resentment, hatred.

⁴-hên⁴

忿恨

indignation resentment.

⁴-nu⁴

忿怒

anger, angry; vexation, vexed (nao³ nu⁴).

人 份 357c ○

份

portion, lot, share, allotment.

ÈNG¹ 風 風 360c155a

風

the wind; usage, custom.

⁴-ŋ¹-ch'ê¹

風車

windmill.

⁴-ŋ¹-ch'ê¹-hua¹

風車花

the passion flower.

⁴-ŋ¹-ch'êng¹

風箏

a kite.

fĕng ¹ -ch'í ⁴	風氣	the air; custom, fashion.
fĕng ¹ -ch'in ²	風琴	piano, organ, concertina, etc. (t'an ² ch'in ²).
fĕng ¹ -ching ³	風景	view, prospect.
fĕng ¹ -ching ⁴	風鏡	wind-goggles.
fĕng ¹ -ch'ing ¹ -yüeh ⁴	風清月朗	fine breeze and bright moon.
fĕng ¹ -ch'ing ²	風情	graceful, attractive, bewitching, seductive
fĕng ¹ -ch'uang ¹	風窗	a window for ventilation, or outer door.
fĕng ¹ -ch'ui ¹	風次	a breath of wind; to blow; a hint or intimation
fĕng ¹ -ch'ui ¹ -jih ⁴ -shai ⁴	風吹日晒	constantly exposed to wind and sun.
fĕng ¹ -ch'ui ¹ -ts'ao ³ -tung ³	風吹草動	figurative, e. g., any slight warning.
fĕng ¹ -ch'ui ¹ -yün ² -san ⁴	風吹雲散	when the wind blows, clouds disperse.
fĕng ¹ -han ²	風寒	a cold, the wind is cold.
fĕng ¹ -hsi ²	風息	the wind has ceased.
fĕng ¹ -hsia ²	風匣	"a wind box," bellows.
fĕng ¹ -hsiang ¹	風箱	same.
fĕng ¹ -hsin ⁴	風信	the direction of the wind.
fĕng ¹ -hua ¹ -hsüeh ¹ -yüeh ⁴	風花雪月	the usual themes of poetry.
fĕng ¹ -hua ⁴	風化	to influence by example.
fĕng ¹ -huo ³	風火	to blow a fire.
fĕng ¹ -k'uai ⁴	風快	as fleet at the wind.
fĕng ¹ -kuang ¹	風光	custom, use.
fĕng ¹ -lang ⁴	風浪	wind and waves.
fĕng ¹ -liang ²	風涼	cool, the wind is cool.
fĕng ¹ -lieh ⁴	風烈	a strong wind; inflexible in doing one's duty, etc.
fĕng ¹ -ling ³	風領	a sort of hood.
fĕng ¹ -liu ²	風流	pleasure and gaiety; graceful.
fĕng ¹ -liu ² -liu ² -ti ¹	風颺颺的	airy, chilly.
fĕng ¹ -liu ² -ts'ai ² -tzu ³	風流才子	stylish young fellows.
fĕng ¹ -lu ²	風爐	a portable fire-place.
fĕng ¹ -mao ²	風毛	fur border or facing.
fĕng ¹ -mao ⁴	風帽	a wind cap.
fĕng ¹ -mao ⁴	風冒	a cold in the head.
fĕng ¹ -mên ²	風門	wind-shutters.
fĕng ¹ -p'êng ²	風篷	a sail.
fĕng ¹ -po ¹	風波	wind and waves.
fĕng ¹ -pu ⁴ -shun ⁴	風不順	a contrary wind; unfavourable, unpleasant.
fĕng ¹ -shêng ¹	風聲	rumour, tidings, reputation, fame.
fĕng ¹ -shih ¹	風濕	"wind and damp," rheumatism (chin ¹ ku ² t'êng
fĕng ¹ -shuang ¹ -k'u ³	風霜苦	hardships of the road; weather beaten.
fĕng ¹ -shui ¹	風水	"wind and water," position, geomancy
fĕng ¹ -shui ² -hsien ¹ -shêng ¹	風水先生	a geomancer (êrh ⁴ chai ² hsien ¹ shêng ¹).
fĕng ¹ -shun ⁴	風順	the wind favourable (tiung ³ fêng ¹).
fĕng ¹ -ssü ¹	風絲	a breath of wind.

ng ¹ -su ²	風俗	custom, usage, manners (kuei ¹ chū ⁴).
ng ¹ -t'iao ²	風調	the wind moderate.
ng ¹ -t'iao ² -yü ³ -shun ¹	風調雨順	prosperous, favourable.
ng ¹ -tsung ¹ -chi ¹	風踪迹	the effects of a wind.
ng ¹ -t'u ³ -jên ² -ch'ing ²	風土人情	manners and customs.
ng ¹ -wei ³ -sung ¹	風尾松	the poplar, the aspen (yang ² shu ⁴).
ng ¹ -wên ²	風聞	hearsay, rumour (êrh ³ wên ²).
ng ¹ ya ³	風雅	graceful, elegant.
ng ¹ -yên ² -feng ¹ -yü ³	風言風語	floating rumours, hearsay.
ng ¹ -yü ³	風雨	wind and rain.
ng ¹ -yü ³ -chiao ¹ -tso ¹	風雨交作	wind and rain together.
ng ¹ -yü ³ -piao ³	風雨表	barometer (han ² shu ³ piao ³).
ng ¹ -yü ³ -pu ¹ -chih ³	風雨不止	cannot stay for wind or rain, e. g., couriers.
ng ¹	寸封 ^{366a157a}	to seal or close; an envelope; to proclaim.
ng ¹ -chiang ¹	封疆	to close a frontier.
ng ¹ -chiang ¹ -ta ⁴ -li ⁴	封疆大吏	the high provincial officials.
ng ¹ -chin ⁴	封禁	to seal up.
ng ¹ -ch'ieh ²	封爵	to confer a title or rank.
ng ¹ -ho ²	封河	to close a river by frost.
ng ¹ -hou ² -pai ¹ -hsiang ⁴	封侯拜相	to become a minister.
ng ¹ -kuan ¹ -tsêng ⁴ -chih ²	封官贈職	to bestow office and titles, e. g., Emperor.
ng ¹ -jên ²	封人	an officer placed to guard the frontier.
ng ¹ -kao ⁴	封誥	to bestow rank on wives.
ng ¹ -k'ou ³	封口	to close up or seal.
ng ¹ -k'ou ³ -hsin ⁴	封口信	a sealed letter.
ng ¹ -kuan ¹	封官	to appoint to office.
ng ¹ -mên ³	封門	to seal up a door.
ng ¹ -p'i ¹	封批	the writing on government seals; decrees, orders.
ng ¹ -p'i ²	封皮	paper labels for sealing.
ng ¹ -sang ¹	封喪	a certain attendant at funerals.
ng ¹ -shên ²	封神	to deify, to canonise. Note 25.
ng ¹ -shên ² -chan ³ -chian ⁴	封神斬將	making gods and beheading generals (fig.).
ng ¹ -shên ² -pang ³	封神榜	the list of deified beings.
ng ¹ -shên ² -yên ³ -i ⁴	封神演義	a famous book on the gods.
ng ¹ -shu ¹	封書	to seal a letter.
ng ¹ so ³	封鎖	to lock up and seal. (Note order.)
ng ¹ -t'ao ⁴	封套	an envelope, a paper bag.
ng ¹ -t'iao ³	封條	paper labels for scaling.
ng ¹ -tsêng ⁴	封贈	to confer office or title on one's father, etc.
ng ¹ -t'ung ³	封筒	an envelope.
ng ¹ -yin ⁴	封印	to close yamên for the new year's holidays.
ng ¹	豆豐 ^{365c157c}	rich, affluent, abundant, flourishing.
ng ¹ -f'u ⁴	豐富	rich, affluent.

fêng¹-f'u⁴
 fêng¹-hêng²
 fêng¹-hou⁴
 fêng¹-man³
 fêng¹-nien²
 fêng¹-shêng⁴
 fêng¹-shou¹
 fêng¹ shou²
 fêng¹-tsu²
 fêng¹-yün²
 fêng¹-yü⁴
 fêng¹
 fêng¹-hua⁴
 fêng¹-kou³-yao³
 fêng¹-mo⁴-tzu³
 fêng¹-p'uo³
 fêng¹-ping⁴
 fêng¹-t'an¹
 fêng²-tien¹
 fêng¹-tzu³
 fêng¹
 fêng¹-ché¹
 fêng¹-ch'í¹-kou³-yao³
 fêng¹-chén¹
 fêng¹-fung²
 fêng¹-mi⁴
 fêng¹-niang⁴-mi⁴
 fêng¹-nu²
 fêng¹-wang²
 fêng¹-wo¹
 fêng¹-yung¹
 fêng-yung¹-êrh²-chih⁴
 fêng¹
 fêng¹-i²
 fêng¹-ts'ai²
 fêng¹-tzu¹-chün⁴-hsiu⁴
 fêng¹-yün¹
 fêng¹
 fêng¹-jên⁴
 fêng¹-k'ui⁴
 fêng¹-man²
 fêng¹-ti²
 fêng¹

豐阜
 豐亨
 豐厚
 豐滿
 豐年
 豐盛
 豐收
 豐熟
 豐足
 豐盈
 豐裕
 瘋^{360a156a}
 瘋話
 瘋狗咬
 瘋沫子
 瘋跑
 瘋病
 瘋癱
 瘋顛
 瘋子
 蜂^{364a156c}
 蜂螫
 蜂螫狗咬
 蜂針
 蜂房
 蜂蜜
 蜂釀蜜
 蜂奴
 蜂王
 蜂窩
 蜂擁
 蜂擁而至
 丰^{363c156b}
 丰儀
 丰采
 丰姿俊秀
 丰韻
 鋒^{364a157a}
 鋒刃
 鋒快
 鋒鏑
 鋒鏑
 峰^{363c156b}

abundant.
 same.
 thick, substantial, rich.
 abundant, plentiful.
 a plentiful year, a good harvest,
 full, plentiful, abundant.
 an abundant harvest.
 an abundant harvest (nien² ching¹ hao³).
 ample.
 same.
 abundant.
 insane, insanity, paralysis,
 ravings, gibberish.
 the bite of a mad dog.
 froth indicating mania.
 to run like mad.
 paralysis, palsy.
 same.
 lunatic, silly (tien¹ k'uang²).
 a madman, a maniac
 a bee or wasp.
 the sting of a bee.
 the bee stings, the dog bites.
 a bee's sting.
 a bee-hive.
 honey.
 bees store honey.
 the slaves of the bee.
 the king bee.
 a bee's nest or hive.
 to swarm forward.
 pressed forward in swarms.
 fine, healthy ; pleasing, plump, jolly
 an easy, fine manner, graceful, respectable.
 a pleasant or fine countenance.
 pleasant, graceful, elegant, accomplished.
 a mellow pleasing sound or voice.
 the point of a weapon ; the van of an army.
 point and edge (chien¹).
 sharp as a spear point.
 the point of a weapon.
 the point of a weapon ; the van of an army.
 the peak or point of a hill.

ng¹ 峯 363c156b
 ng¹-ling³ 峯嶺
 ng¹ 邑 卩 豐 366a158a
 ng¹-tu¹-ch'ên² 豐都城
 ng¹ 火 烽 363c156c
 ng¹-huo³-ssü⁴-ch'i³ 烽火四起
 ng¹-huo³-t'ai² 烽火臺

same.
 "mountain peak of tops," mountains.
 name.
 Hades.
 a beacon fire-place.
 beacon-lights appeared on all sides.
 a beacon (lang² yen¹ tuu¹).

ng² 逢 364b158b
 ng²-chi³ 逢集
 ng²-hsi³ 逢喜
 ng²-hsiang¹-hua⁴-chi² 逢凶化吉
 ng²-nien²-kuo⁴-chieh² 逢年過節
 ng²-shan¹-k'ai¹-lu⁴ 逢山開路
 ng²-shuang¹ 逢雙
 ng²-tan¹ 逢單
 ng²-wu³-p'ai²-shih² 逢五排十
 ng²-ying² 逢迎
 ng² 糸 縫 364c158c
 ng²-chi³-chên¹ 縫幾針
 ng²-ch'ing²-ti¹ 縫窮的
 ng²-hsieh² 縫鞋
 ng²-hsien⁴ 縫線
 ng²-i¹-shang¹ 縫衣裳
 ng²-k'ou³-tzü³ 縫口子
 ng²-lien²-pu³-chan⁴ 縫縫補綻
 ng²-mi¹-hang² 縫密行
 ng²-pu³ 縫補

to meet, to occur; to oppose. M. 164.
 on the day of the market.
 to meet with good fortune [p'ing²].
 bad fortune changed to good (hua⁴ hsien³ wei²)
 various holidays
 to open roads over mountains.
 on the even days, e. g., markets.
 on the odd days, e. g., markets.
 on every 5th and 10th, e. g., markets.
 to cringe; to go out to meet any one. [(=fêng⁴).
 to sew; a seam, an opening, crack or fissure.
 to sew a few stitches.
 poor women who sew in the streets for a living.
 to make shoes
 to sew; sewing thread.
 to hem or stitch clothes.
 to bribe (officials, etc.) (hui⁴ lu⁴).
 to mend and patch.
 to sew with fine stitches (chên¹ chiao³ hsi¹).
 to mend and patch.

ng³ 言 諷 363a159c
 ng³-ching¹-ch'i² tuo³ 諷經祈禱
 ng³-shih¹ 諷詩
 ng³-sung⁴ 諷誦
 ng³-tz'ü⁴ 諷刺

to recite, to rehearse, to chant; metaphor.
 to chant liturgies and pray.
 to recite poetry (nien³ shih¹).
 to chant, to recite.
 to ridicule, to point at; metaphor.

ng⁴ 大 奉 365a159a
 ng⁴-ch'a² 奉茶
 ng⁴-ch'êng² 奉承
 ng⁴-chiao⁴ 奉教
 ng⁴-chih³ 奉旨
 ng⁴-chih³-chin⁴-chia¹ 奉旨進京
 ng⁴-chih³-hsiang¹-s'i⁴ 奉旨鄉試
 ng⁴-chih³-hui¹-shih⁴ 奉旨會試

to receive or offer to; to attend or obey.
 to hand tea (to guest) (hsien⁴ ch'a²).
 to flatter (ch'an³ mei⁴).
 to receive instruction (ju⁴ chiao¹).
 to receive the imperial will or orders.
 to go to Peking by Imperial order.
 an M.A. examination by Imperial authority.
 a doctor's examination by Imperial authority.

fèng-ch'iu² 奉求
 fèng-ch'üan⁴ 奉勸
 fèng⁴-chün¹ 奉君
 fèng⁴-hou⁴ 奉候
 fèng⁴-hsien⁴ 奉獻
 fèng⁴-hsien⁴ 奉憲
 fèng⁴-huan² 奉還
 fèng⁴-i¹ 奉揖
 fèng⁴-jao³ 奉擾
 fèng⁴-kuan¹ 奉官
 fèng⁴-kung¹-shou³-fa¹ 奉公守法
 fèng⁴-lu¹ 奉祿
 fèng⁴-mìng⁴ [chün¹ 奉命
 fèng⁴-mìng⁴-chiang 奉命將軍
 fèng⁴-mìng⁴-ch'ü¹-chêng¹ 奉命出征
 fèng⁴-pai¹ 奉拜
 fèng⁴-p an¹ 奉攀
 fèng⁴-p'ei² 奉陪
 fèng⁴-shang⁴ 奉上
 fèng⁴-shih⁴ 奉勢
 fèng⁴ shih⁴ 奉事
 fèng⁴-sung⁴ 奉送
 fèng⁴-t'ien¹ 奉天
 fèng⁴-t'ien¹-fu³ 奉天府
 fèng⁴-t'ien¹-c'ü¹-êng²-yün⁴ 奉天承運
 fèng⁴-t'ien¹-hsün²-tao⁴ 奉天行道
 fèng⁴-t'o¹ 奉託
 fèng⁴-yang² 奉養
 fèng⁴-yü⁴ 奉諭
 fèng⁴ 人 俸 365e159c
 fèng⁴-hsiang³-ch'ü⁴ 俸餉處
 fèng⁴-lu⁴ 俸祿
 fèng⁴-lu⁴-hsien¹-pao³ 俸祿鮮薄
 fèng⁴-man³ 俸滿
 fèng⁴-mü³ 俸米
 fèng⁴-yin² 俸銀
 fèng⁴ 鳥 鳳 363a159b
 fèng⁴-hsü¹-wu²-t'ung² 鳳棲梧桐
 fèng⁴-hsien⁴-hua¹ 鳳仙花
 fèng⁴-huang² 鳳凰
 fèng⁴-huang²-lou² 鳳凰樓
 fèng⁴-kuan¹ 鳳冠

to request, to entreat.
 to receive exhortations of a superior.
 to receive the orders of one's sovereign.
 to pay one's respects.
 to offer up, to present to a parent, etc.
 to receive from a superior
 to return with thanks, to repay in full.
 to make a bow (tso¹ i¹).
 to have the honor, to trouble you.
 to be officially licensed or appointed.
 I observe this law under orders. [lien³]
 to receive emoluments; emoluments (yang⁴)
 to receive the commands of a superior (ch'ü¹)
 a general by Imperial orders. [ch'ien³]
 to go and punish by Imperial orders.
 to worship, to adore, to pay respects to.
 I venture to drag you (a form of invitation).
 to bear one company
 ordered by the Emperor.
 to flatter the powerful,
 to serve or wait on a superior,
 to accompany; to have the honor to send or give
 Manchuria.
 Moukden.
 entrusted by Heaven with the care of.
 preach by Heaven's command.
 to request one to execute a commission (pai⁴ t'o²)
 { to support and comfort one's parents (kung
 { yang³).
 to receive instruction or orders from superior
 government salaries.
 commissariat office. [lien³
 government salaries, official emolument (yan⁴)
 a small salary.
 official's time up,
 government allowance of rice.
 salary.
 the phoenix; the empress. R. 40,
 the phoenix perches on the dryandra.
 the China balsam,
 the phoenix, felicitous omen.
 盛京, Moukden.
 a bride's coronet (kuan¹ mien³).

⁴ -nien ³	鳳輦	phoenix cart (of Empress).
⁴ -t'on ² -hsieh ²	鳳頭鞋	ornamented ladies' shoes.
⁴ -yen ³ -chu ²	鳳眼竹	a sort of bamboo.
	人 欄	
	佛 ^{367b153b}	Buddha (shih ⁴ chia ¹ mu ² ni ²).
chiao ⁴	佛教	Buddhism, the doctrine of Buddha (shih ⁴ chiao ⁴).
fu ³	佛法	Buddhist rules, codes or laws.
hsiang ⁴	佛像	Buddhist images.
hsin ⁴	佛信	i. e., a pure heart.
k'an ⁴	佛龕	little shrine of Buddha.
ku ³	佛骨	bone of Buddha-relics.
mên ²	佛門	the religion of Buddha (or 道).
mên ² -ti ⁴ -tzū ³	佛門弟子	a disciple of Buddha (sha ¹ mi ¹).
piao ³	佛表	yellow paper for gods.
shou ³	佛手	"Buddha's hand," a kind of citron.
shou ³ -lu ⁴	佛手露	a sort of wine.
t'a ³	佛塔	a Buddhist pagoda.
tsu ³	佛祖	Buddha (a ⁴ mi ² t'o ² fo ²).
ych ²	佛爺	same.
J ² (fu)	水 浮 ^{369b140a}	to float, to swim; light, buoyant (p'iao ⁴).
² -ch'ên ²	浮沉	floating and sinking, unsettled.
² -ch'ên ²	浮塵	dust (hui ¹ ch'ên ²).
-chi ⁴ -chang ⁴	浮記賬	daily accounts (liu ² shui ¹ chang ⁴).
² -ch'iao ³	浮橋	a floating bridge.
² -chu ⁴	浮住	to reside temporarily at a place (chi ⁴ chu ⁴).
² -hua ²	浮華	"floating brilliancy," superficial show (hua ⁴ hua ⁴ [shih ⁴ chieh ⁴]).
² -lai ²	浮來	to come occasionally.
² -lai ² -chan ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	浮來暫去	to come and go by fits and starts.
² -liang ²	浮梁	a floating bridge.
² -pao ²	浮薄	levity.
² -p'iao ¹ -p'iao ¹ -ti ¹	浮漂漂的	very unsubstantial.
² -p'ing ² -ts'ao ³	浮萍草	duckweed.
² -shêng ¹ -jo ⁴ -mêng ¹	浮生若夢	life passes away like a dream.
² -shih ²	浮石	pumice stone.
² -shui ³	浮水	to swim (read fu) (hui ⁴ shui ³).
² -t'ou ²	浮頭	flotsam.
² -ts'ai ²	浮財	uncertain riches.
² -tsao ⁴	浮躁	volatile.
² -ts'un ²	浮存	to live for a time at a place.
² -yen ²	浮言	"floating words," rumour, hearsay.
² -yü ²	浮餘	superfluous, unnecessary; surplus.
² -yün ²	浮雲	floating clouds, light clouds.

FOU³
fou³

口 否^{368c141b}
缶 甌^{370a141a}

not, if not or not, not so.
a jar, crockery. 121st. Rad.

FOU⁴ (tʒǎ)
fou⁴-k'ou³
fou⁴-t'ou²
fou⁴

土 埠^{370b713a}
埠口
埠頭
阜^{370a141c}

a port, a harbor, an anchorage. Also *pu*.
any sea or river port.
same (ma³ t'ou²).
mound, abundant. See *fu⁴*. Rad. 170.

FU¹
fu¹-ch'ang⁴-fu⁴-sui²
fu¹-ch'i¹
fu¹-ch'i¹-lia³
fu¹-chü³
fu¹-chün¹
fu¹-fu⁴
fu¹-i⁴
fu¹-jên²
fu¹-ma³
fu¹-tzu³
fu¹ (tʒǎ)
fu¹-liao⁴
fu¹
fu¹-chi¹
fu¹-p'i²
fu¹-p'i²-ts'êng¹-yang³

大 夫^{370c142a}
夫唱婦隨
夫妻
夫妻倆
夫主
夫君
夫婦
夫役
夫人
夫馬
夫子
麥 麸^{372a142c}
麸料
肉 月 膚^{374a143c}
膚肌
膚皮
膚皮蹭癢

[a particle.
a husband; a man, any working man. 2nd tone=
domestic harmony. Note 26.
husband and wife.
same.
my late husband.
a husband.
husband and wife.
a porter, a coolie (t'iao¹ fu¹).
a wife, a lady.
a porter, a coolie; an express horse.
a sage, a teacher; a husband; you.
bran.
fodder (ts'ao³ liao¹).
the skin; to receive (p'i²).
the skin; the body or flesh.
the skin.
scratching the skin—superficial.

FU²

示 福^{379b150a}
福安
福氣
福建
福州
福分
福人
福如東海
福祿
福祿壽
福祿無疆
福命
福不雙至
福善禍淫
福壽
福壽綿長
福壽雙全

happiness, blessings, prosperity.
peace and happiness.
happiness, blessings (huo⁴ huan⁴).
the province of Fuchien. W. I. 127 (min³ shêng³)
Foochow.
fortunate, prosperous.
a prosperous or happy man (fu⁴ t'ai⁴ t'ai⁴ t'i¹)
fig. unbounded happiness.
wealth and happiness, prosperity.
happiness, wealth, and longevity.
infinite happiness and wealth.
a happy destiny (ming⁴ ch'iung²).
blessings do not come in pairs.
to bless the virtuous and punish the vicious.
a happy old age.
happiness and longevity prolonged.
happiness and old age both in possession.

-ta ⁴ liang ⁴ . ta ¹	福大量大	if your happiness is great, so is your patience.
-tē ²	福福德	happy and virtuous.
-ti ⁴	福福地	a prosperous place ; Heaven.
-t-zū ¹ . t ien ¹ . lai ²	福自天來	blessings come from Heaven.
-yin ⁴	福音	the Gospel.
-yin ⁴	福蔭	blessings through ancestors.
-yüan ² . shan ⁴ . ch'ing ¹	福緣善慶	the good are rewarded.
人	伏伏	to prostrate ; to hide, an ambush, ambush.
ch'a ²	伏查	to humbly examine into.
ch i ²	伏祈	to humbly pray or supplicate.
ch' i ⁴	伏氣	to be satisfied, submit (hsiang ⁴ fu ²).
-hsi ¹ -shih ⁴	伏羲氏	an Emperor (2953-2838 B.C.).
-hsiang ³	伏想	to humbly think
-la ⁴	伏臘	summer and winter (hsia ⁴ t'ien ¹).
-luan ³	伏卵	to sit on eggs.
-ping ¹	伏兵	troops lying in ambush, an ambush (mai ² fu ²).
-ssü ¹	伏思	to humbly consider.
-ti ⁴	伏地	to prostrate on the ground ; an ambush.
-t'ien ¹	伏天	hot season (July 19—August 18) (pi ⁴ shu ³).
-wang ⁴	伏望	to humbly hope.
-wei ²	伏惟	to humbly consider.
-wo ¹	伏窩	to sit on eggs as a bird (pao ⁴ tan ⁴).
手	扶扶	to assist, to support, to hold up, to protect.
-ch' i ¹	扶乩	to divine by sand. See Note 4.
-ch i ³	扶起	to raise or help up (ch'an ¹ ch' i ³).
-ch' i ³ . lai ²	扶起來	same.
-ch' ih ²	扶持	to hold up, to assist, to support.
-chu ⁴	扶助	same.
-chu ⁴	扶住	to support, to hold up.
-luan ²	扶鸞	to divine by sand, <i>planchette</i> . Note 4.
-pao ³	扶保	to protect, to support.
-sang ¹	扶桑	country where sun rises (according to Chinese).
-shou ³	扶手	to support by the hand.
月服	服服	to use ; to assist ; to submit, to obey ; clothes.
-chih ⁴	服制	regulations for wearing mourning (ch'u ² fu ²).
-chih ⁴ . tsai ⁴ . shên ¹	服制在身	wearing mourning.
-chung ¹ . shêng ¹ . t-zü ^{3*}	服中生子	to have a son while in mourning (a great crime).
-chung ⁴	服衆	to conciliate popular feeling.
-fa ²	服法	to submit to the law.
-kuan ³	服管	I submit to his authority.
-man ³	服滿	expiration of mourning.
-nei ⁴ . na ¹ . ch'ieh ⁴	服內納妾	to take a concubine when in mourning [parents.
-shih ⁴	服侍	to serve, to wait upon (shih ⁴ fêng ⁴).

fu²-shih⁴-tū¹ 服侍的
 fu²-shih⁴ 服事
 fu² shui³-t'ung³ 服水土
 fu²-ts'ung¹ 服從
 fu²-tu² 服毒
 fu²-yao⁴ 服藥
 fu² (and 4) 西 覆^{381c151b}
 fu²-ch'ua² 覆查
 fu²-fan³ 覆反
 fu²-hui² 覆回
 fu²-ming⁴ 覆命
 fu²-shang⁴ 覆上
 fu²-shên³ 覆審
 fu² shih⁴ 覆試
 fu²-shui³-nan²-shou¹ 覆水難收
 fu²-tsai⁴.chuh¹-ên¹ 覆載之恩
 fu²-ya¹ 覆壓
 fu² 竹 符^{377a144a}
 fu²-chieh² 符節
 fu²-ch'ien²-yen² 符前
 fu²-chou⁴ 符咒
 fu²-ho² 符合
 fu²-hsin⁴ 符信
 fu²-lu⁴ 符錄
 fu²-pan³ 符板
 fu²-yin⁴ 符印
 fu² 弓 弗^{374b153b}
 fu²-ch'êng² 弗成
 fu²-ching⁴-fu²-ai⁴ 弗敬弗愛
 fu²-hsiao² 弗學
 fu²-nêng² 弗能
 fu² 支 敷^{373a143c}
 fu²-chiao⁴ 敷教
 fu²-pu⁴ 敷佈
 fu²-shih¹ 敷施
 fu² yu² 敷油
 fu² 艸 芙^{371c144c}
 fu²-jung² 芙蓉
 fu²-jung²-ching⁴ 芙蓉鏡
 fu²-jung²-hua¹ 芙蓉花
 fu²-jung²-kao¹ 芙蓉糕
 fu² 虫 蚨^{371c144c}
 fu²-ch'ung² 蚨虫

servants.
 to serve, to wait on (shih¹ fêng⁴).
 acclimated, to stand the climate.
 to submit and comply (kuei¹ fu², pu⁴ fu² ch'ei¹).
 to take poison (chung⁴ tu²).
 to take medicine (hsia⁴ yao⁴).
 on the contrary; to subvert.
 to re-examine.
 to subvert; to repeat, to return.
 to reply. [ecnted
 to give an account how orders have been ex
 to cover over, e.g., gilding.
 to re-investigate.
 final or test examination for M.A.
 you can't gather up spilt water.
 favor, such as God's or the Emperor's.
 to overthrow.
 spells, charms; to agree or tally.
 a tally, a check (ch'on²).
 to fulfil a promise.
 spells, charms, incantations.
 a contract; a tally; to reconcile.
 seal of office; official credentials.
 books on magic.
 a tally, a check; a warrant.
 seal of office; official credentials (pu⁴ yin¹ tzü:
 opposed to, no, not (fou³).
 not complete.
 neither respect nor love.
 not to learn.
 unable.
 ample, sufficient; to diffuse, to spread.
 to diffuse instruction,
 to extend everywhere.
 to distribute, to spread everywhere.
 to rub oil on.
 a kind of mallow; beautiful.
 beautiful.
 a looking-glass (fancy name).
 African marigold, mimosa.
 prepared opium
 the butterfly; copper money.
 butterfly (hu² tieh²).

<i>-tich²</i>	蝶	the butterfly (hu ² tieh ²).
<i>-shu²</i>	蝠鼠	a flying rat or squirrel, a bat (pien ¹ fu ³).
<i>-chü²-chih¹-li¹</i>	縛雞之力	same.
<i>-chu⁴</i>	縛住	to tie, to bind fast.
<i>-pang³</i>	縛綁	(fig.) very weak.
<i>-ch'iu²</i>	鳥鳧	to tie, to bind fast.
<i>-t'ü²</i>	鳧	same.
<i>-ya¹</i>	鳧鴨	wild ducks (ya ¹).
<i>-ling²</i>	艸廿	clothes made of wild ducks' down.
<i>-t'iao³</i>	車	duckweed.
<i>(tzü)</i>	輻	wild ducks.
	輻條	China root.
	衣	same.
	衫	spokes of a wheel (see ch'ê ¹).
	巾	spokes of a wheel.
	人	a square cloth for wrapping bundles (pao ¹ fu ²).
	府	like, resembling, seeming as if.
<i>an⁴-shou³</i>	府案首	the hair in disorder; like, resembling (fang ³ fu ²).
<i>-ch'êng²</i>	府丞	a roll of cloth, silk, paper, etc.; a picture.
<i>chou¹-hsien⁴</i>	府州縣	to capture in war; a prisoner, a captive.
<i>hsiao²</i>	府學	a house, a palace; a store; a prefecture. W. I. 58.
<i>-hsien⁴-kuan¹</i>	府縣官	the first man in a prefectural examination.
<i>-k'uo²</i>	府考	Vice-Governor of Peking.
<i>-ku⁴</i>	府庫	the various grades of cities.
<i>-shang¹</i>	府上	a prefectural school.
<i>-shang¹-tu¹-hao³</i>	府上都好	district and prefectural mandarins.
<i>-shu⁴</i>	府署	prefectural examination of students.
<i>-tsun¹</i>	府尊	a treasury, a depôt.
<i>-ya²-mên²</i>	府衙門	place of abode; your mansion (kuei ⁴ fu ²).
<i>-yin³</i>	府尹	are your family all well?
<i>人</i>	俯	a prefectural yamên.
<i>-ch'a²</i>	俯察	a Prefect; your honor (pên ³ fu ³).
<i>-chü⁴</i>	俯就	a Prefect's office.
<i>-chun³</i>	俯准	Governor of Peking (and Moukden).
<i>-fu²</i>	俯伏	to bend the head, to look down; to condescend.
<i>-shou³</i>	俯首	to condescendingly examine.
<i>-shou³-mo⁴-hsiang³</i>	俯首默想	to make the best of, to adapt (chiang ¹ chin ⁴).
<i>-ssü¹</i>	俯思	condescend to allow, graciously authorise.
		to fall prostrate, to crouch.
		to bend the head (ti ¹ t'ou ²).
		to droop the head and think.
		same.

<i>fu³.yang³</i>		俯仰		to bend, and to raise the head.
<i>fu³</i>	肉	腐	376c145c	rotten, corrupted; corruption (tou ⁴ fu ³).
<i>fu³.hsing²</i>		腐刑		the punishment of castration.
<i>fu³.hsin³</i>		腐朽		rotten (hsiu ³ huai ⁴).
<i>fu³.ju²</i>		腐儒		"a rotten scholar," a dolt; superficial.
<i>fu³.ju³</i>		腐乳		a kind of milk made from beans.
<i>fu³.lan⁴</i>		腐爛		rotten.
<i>fu³.pai³</i>		腐敗		rotten, putrid.
<i>fu³.ts'ao³ wei².ying²</i>		腐草爲螢		rotten straw makes fire-flies.
<i>fu³</i>	手	撫	383b145b	to soothe, to pacify, to conciliate.
<i>fu³.chang³</i>	術	撫掌		to clap the hands (p'ai ¹ chang ³).
<i>fu³.chien⁴</i>		撫劍		to grasp a sword.
<i>fu³.ch'in²</i>		撫琴		to play the organ.
<i>fu³.hsü⁴</i>		撫卹		to soothe, to compassionate; to relieve.
<i>fu³.ku¹</i>		撫孤		to relieve orphans.
<i>fu³.piao¹</i>		撫標		Governor's troops (chih ⁴ t'ai ²).
<i>fu³ t'ai²</i>		撫臺		governor of a province; a governor's court. [27]
<i>fu³.tzü⁴</i>		撫字		to soothe; soothing words (an ¹ wei ⁴).
<i>fu³.wei¹</i>		撫慰		to soothe, to pacify.
<i>fu³.yang³</i>		撫養		to cherish, to foster.
<i>fu³.yü⁴</i>		撫育		same.
<i>fu³.yüan⁴</i>		撫院		a vice-governor; court of a vice-governor.
<i>fu³</i>	車	輔	372b146b	to help, to assist.
<i>fu³.chü⁴</i>		輔助		same (pang ¹ chu ¹).
<i>fu³.hsiang⁴</i>		輔相		mutual assistance; ministers of state.
<i>fu³.jên²</i>		輔仁		mutual help.
<i>fu³ pao³</i>		輔保		to guarantee, mutual guarantee; to assist.
<i>fu³.pi⁴</i>		輔弼		to assist; an assistant; ministers of state.
<i>fu³.tso³</i>		輔佐		to assist, to second.
<i>fu³ (tzü)</i>	斤	斧	384a147a	an axe or hatchet; to cut with an axe.
<i>fu³.chin¹</i>		斧斤		an axe or hatchet.
<i>fu³.hsiao¹</i>		斧削		to lop off with an axe, to correct and revise.
<i>fu³.t'ou²</i>		斧頭		the head of an axe, an axe.
<i>fu³ tsan⁴</i>		斧鑿		axe (hammer) and chisel.
<i>fu³.tsao² (tso)</i>		斧鑿		hammer and chisel.
<i>fu³</i>	帶	繡	378c155a	embroidered, figured, flowered; to embroider
<i>fu³</i>		繡	372c146c	same.
<i>fu³.hsiu¹</i>		繡		embroidered, figured, flowered.
<i>fu³</i>	用	甫	372a146a	great; many; a head; an appellation; just no
<i>fu³ tao</i>		甫到		just arrived.
<i>fu³ (pu)</i>	口	哺	372b714c	to feed as a child, with milk, pap, etc. (wei ⁴).
<i>fu³.ju³</i>		哺乳		to suckle, to feed with milk.
<i>fu³.tsa¹</i>		哺啞		to feed with milk, etc., to suckle.

<i>yang³</i>	哺養		to nourish with milk, etc.
	肉月 腑	376c145c	the abdominal viscera (liu ⁴ fu ²).
<i>-tsang⁴</i>	腑臟		same (wu ³ tsang ⁴).
	金 釜	384a147a	a cooking pan.
<i>t'ai²</i>	釜臺		a chimney, a flue (tsao ³ tu ²).
	肉月 脯	372b146c	dried meat.
	彳 復	381a151a	to return; again, reiterated; to reply, to retort.
<i>-chêng⁴</i>	復正		to straighten again.
<i>-chiu⁴</i>	復舊		as of old.
<i>-ch'ou²</i>	復讎		to take revenge.
<i>-c'u¹</i>	復初		to begin again, to go back to the beginning.
<i>-chuan³</i>	復轉		to return.
<i>-fan³</i>	復返		to return, to repeat, reiterated.
<i>-hsin¹</i>	復新		to renew (tsai ⁴ tsao ⁴).
<i>-hsing¹</i>	復興		to recover prosperity.
<i>-huan²</i>	復還		to repay, to return.
<i>-huo²</i>	復活		to return to life.
<i>-lai²</i>	復來		to come again.
<i>-shêng¹</i>	復生		to return to life.
<i>-yüan²</i>	復元		to get back to health.
<i>-yüan²</i>	復原	(圓)	to begin again (huan ² yüan ²).
<i>-yu⁴</i>	復又		again, reiterated.
	肉月 腹	380c151b	the bowels; trusted friends.
<i>-chang⁴</i>	腹脹		a swelling of the stomach (p'êng ² mên ⁴).
<i>-chung¹</i>	腹中		in the belly, or heart.
<i>-kao³</i>	腹稿		to compose in the mind (as poetry, etc.).
<i>-man³</i>	腹滿		the stomach full (tu ⁴ pao ³).
<i>-mên⁴</i>	腹悶		melancholy, sad; uncomfortable.
<i>-nei⁴-chi¹-o⁴</i>	腹內	饑餓	feeling hungry.
<i>-t'êng²</i>	腹疼		pain in the stomach.
	人 付	375a147c	to give or deliver to; to send to; to suggest.
<i>-chi⁴</i>	付寄		to send to.
<i>-chiao¹</i>	付交		to deliver over to.
<i>-ch'ien²</i>	付錢		to hand money to.
<i>-ch'ing¹</i>	付清		all paid over.
<i>-ch'ü⁴</i>	付去		to send to.
<i>-hsin⁴</i>	付信		to send a letter (shao ¹ hsin ⁴).
<i>-kei³</i>	付給		to give to.
<i>-tao⁴</i>	付到		handed over to.
<i>-t'o¹</i>	付托	(託)	to commission, to engage a person to do some- [thing.
<i>-yü²</i>	付與		to give to.
	阜卩 附	377b147c	near; a supplement; to join; to depend on.

<i>fu⁴.chîn⁴</i>	附近	near, neighbouring (ch'ao ¹ cho ³ chin ⁴ tsou ³).
<i>fu⁴.chin⁴-chü¹-min²</i>	附近居民	the neighbouring residents.
<i>fu⁴.êrh³ êrh².tao⁴</i>	附耳而道	whispered into his ear.
<i>fu⁴.ho²</i>	附和	to follow slavishly.
<i>fu⁴.hsü⁴</i>	附續	to append, to supplement; a supplement.
<i>fu⁴.huo⁴</i>	附貨	to ship goods (tsai ⁴ huo ⁴).
<i>fu⁴.hui⁴</i>	附會	to add to; to echo the words of another.
<i>fu⁴-kuei³</i>	附鬼	possessed by a devil.
<i>fu⁴-lu⁴</i>	附錄	a supplement, an appendix (mu ⁴ lu ⁴).
<i>fu⁴-pien¹</i>	附編	same.
<i>fu⁴.shên¹</i>	附身	possessed by (devil).
<i>fu⁴.shêng¹</i>	附生	a B.A. graduate (hsin ⁴ ts'ai ² , wên ² shêng ¹).
<i>fu⁴.shou²</i>	附手	to join hands.
<i>fu⁴.ts'ung²</i>	附從	to follow, to submit to.
<i>fu⁴</i>	走赴	to go to, to hasten to.
<i>fu⁴-chih⁴</i>	赴至	to go towards; arrived.
<i>fu⁴-hsi²</i>	赴席	to go to a banquet.
<i>fu⁴.hui⁴</i>	赴會	to go to a meeting.
<i>fu⁴.jên⁴</i>	赴任	to go to one's post (shang ¹ jên ⁴).
<i>fu⁴-kao⁴</i>	赴告	to go to inform.
<i>fu⁴-lu⁴.ming².yen⁴</i>	赴鹿鳴宴	to attend the M.A. feast.
<i>fu⁴.sang¹</i>	赴喪	to attend a funeral (sung ⁴ pin ⁴).
<i>fu⁴.shêng³</i>	赴省	to repair to the capital (provincial).
<i>fu⁴.t'í³</i>	赴體	possessed of a spirit; hysterics.
<i>fu⁴.yen⁴</i>	赴宴	to go to a banquet (yen ⁴ hsi ²).
<i>fu⁴</i>	富	rich, affluent; riches; to enrich (ch'üung ²).
<i>fu⁴-chia¹-lang³</i>	富家郎	sons and brothers of a wealthy family.
<i>fu⁴-chia¹-tzü³-ti⁴</i>	富家子弟	same (kao ¹ liang ² tzü ³ ti ⁴).
<i>fu⁴-êrh²-hao⁴-li³</i>	富而好禮	the rich are fond of rites.
<i>fu⁴-êrh²-wu²-chiao¹</i>	富而無驕	rich without pride (difficult of attainment).
<i>fu⁴-hou⁴</i>	富厚	very opulent (k'uan ¹ ch'o ⁴).
<i>fu⁴-hu⁴</i>	富戶	a wealthy man, family or house.
<i>fu⁴-jên²-chia¹</i>	富人	a wealthy person.
<i>fu⁴-jun⁴-wu¹</i>	富潤屋	a rich man's house.
<i>fu⁴-kuei⁴</i>	富貴	riches and honours, wealthy.
<i>fu⁴-kuei⁴.hua¹</i>	富貴花	the peony (mu ³ tan ⁴).
<i>fu⁴-kuei¹-jên²</i>	富貴人	a rich person; a high official.
<i>fu⁴-kuei¹-p'in⁴-chien⁴</i>	富貴貧賤	rich and poor.
<i>fu⁴-kuei⁴-tsai⁴.t'ien¹</i>	富貴在天	riches and honor depend on Heaven.
<i>fu⁴-kuo²</i>	富國	to enrich a nation; a rich nation.
<i>fu⁴-kuo².ch'iang²-ping¹</i>	富國強兵	to enrich the kingdom and strengthen the army.
<i>fu⁴-pu¹-liao³.t'a¹</i>	富不了他	it will not make him rich.
<i>fu⁴-t'ai⁴.t'ai⁴.ti⁴</i>	富態的	a genteel, well-to-do look.

tsu ²	富	足	ample wealth.
wén ^g ¹	富翁	富翁	a wealthy old gentleman.
yu ³	富有	富有	rich.
yu ³ -ssü ⁴ -hai ³	富有四海	富有四海	boundless wealth.
yu ³ -t'ien ¹ -hsia ⁴	富有天下	富有天下	a millionaire.
yii ⁴	富裕	富裕	a surplus of wealth. [(vs. 正 chêng ⁴).
刀 卩	副	副	a second, an assistant; to assist; a pair, a pack
chiang ⁴	副將	副將	a rank similar to adjutant-general.
ch'in ¹ -ch'ai ¹	副欽差	副欽差	assistant minister; chargé d'affaires.
chu ³ -k'ao ³	副主考	副主考	assistant grand-examiner.
êrh ⁴	副貳	副貳	an assistant.
ling ⁴ -shih ⁴ -kuan ¹	副領事官	副領事官	a vice-consul (ling ⁴ shih ⁴ kuan ¹).
pan ^g ³	副榜	副榜	a graduate rather below a chü-jên. G. 472.
-shih ³	副使	副使	the second in an embassy or commission.
shuai ⁴	副帥	副帥	assistant commander-in-chief (yüan ² shuai ⁴).
-tu ¹ -t'ung ²	副都統	副都統	a lieutenant-general.
-tu ¹ -yii ¹ -shih ³	副都御史	副都御史	assistant censor.
ye ^h ²	副爺	副爺	common name for a sergeant. G. 448.
	父	父	a father; a title of respect. Rad. 88.
chai ⁴ -tzü ³ -huan ⁴	父債子還	父債子還	the son must pay his father's debts.
ch'in ¹	父親	父親	one's father.
ch'uan ² -tzü ³	父傳子	父傳子	the father hands it down to his son.
ku ³ -mu ³ -jou ⁴	父骨肉	父骨肉	parental contribution to bodies of offspring.
luo ³	父老	父老	elders.
-ming ⁴	父命	父命	a father's orders.
-mu ³	父母	父母	father and mother (shuang ¹ ch'in ¹).
mu ³ -kuan ¹	父母官	父母官	district and prefectural magistrates.
mu ³ -shuang ¹ -ch'üan ²	父母雙全	父母雙全	both parents still living (tieh ¹ niang ⁴).
mu ³ -tsai ⁴	父母在	父母在	while both parents are alive.
pu ⁴ -fu ⁴	父不父	父不父	fathers failing in their duties.
-sang ¹	父喪	父喪	his father is dead.
-t'ai ²	父台	父台	district magistrate.
-ts'o ¹ -t'zü ³ -shu ⁴	父作子述	父作子述	what the father makes, the son speaks of.
-t'zü ³	父子	父子	father and son.
-t'zü ²	父慈	父慈	the affection of a father.
-ych ⁴ -t'zü ³ -ch'ing ²	父業子擎	父業子擎	the son inherits his father's property.
-yen ² -mu ³ -t'z'ü ²	父嚴母慈	父嚴母慈	father strict, mother compassionate.
	負	負	to bear on the back; to turn the back on.
chai ⁴	負債	負債	to be in debt (ch'ien ¹ chai ⁴).
ch'ien ⁴	負欠	負欠	same.
ch'ing ²	負情	負情	ungrateful (ku ¹ fu ⁴).
ch'ü ¹	負屈	負屈	to be oppressed; injustice (yüan ¹ ch'ü ¹).
-ên ¹	負恩	負恩	ungrateful (wang ¹ ên ¹).

<i>f'u⁴-hsin¹</i>	負心	ungrateful (wang ⁴ ên ¹).	[lovers]
<i>f'u⁴-hsin¹-tsei²</i>	*負心賊	“ungrateful thief” (an expression used by	
<i>f'u⁴-i⁴</i>	負義	to abuse kindness, to render evil for good.	
<i>f'u⁴-jên⁴</i>	負任	a burden; a responsibility; to fail in one's duty	
<i>f'u⁴-pai⁴</i>	負敗	loss, defeat.	
<i>f'u⁴-pei⁴</i>	負背	to turn the back on; to carry on the back.	
<i>f'u⁴-tai¹-chih¹-ên¹</i>	負戴之恩	parent's love.	
<i>f'u⁴-tan¹</i>	負擔	to bear or carry a burden (pei ⁴ fu ⁴).	
<i>f'u⁴-wei²</i>	負違	to rebel, to oppose; to turn from.	
<i>f'u⁴-yu¹</i>	負憂	sorrowful; to fail in one's mourning duties.	
<i>f'u⁴</i>	具	to exact, exactions, tribute; to receive; a poem	
<i>f'u⁴-hsing⁴</i>	賦性	the natural disposition (ping ³ fu ⁴).	
<i>f'u⁴-lien⁴</i>	賦斂	to levy taxes.	
<i>f'u⁴-pu⁴</i>	賦布	to spread out.	
<i>f'u⁴-shih¹</i>	賦詩	poems and odes, two kinds of poetry.	
<i>f'u⁴-shui⁴</i>	賦稅	taxes, impost.	
<i>f'u⁴-yü²</i>	賦予	to implant, implanted; to give.	
<i>f'u⁴</i>	女嬃	a wife, a housewife; any married woman.	
<i>f'u⁴-chieh²</i>	婦節	a wife's fidelity.	
<i>f'u⁴-jên²</i>	婦人	a wife, women generally.	
<i>f'u⁴-jung²</i>	婦容	feminine deportment or behaviour.	
<i>f'u⁴-huai²-t'ai¹</i>	婦懷胎	a pregnant woman.	
<i>f'u⁴-huai²-yün⁴</i>	婦懷孕	same.	
<i>f'u⁴-kung¹</i>	婦工	the work or duties of a wife.	
<i>f'u⁴-mao⁴</i>	婦貌	feminine appearance or behaviour.	
<i>f'u⁴-nü³</i>	婦女	“wives and daughters,” women (niang ² 'r	[mên ²]
<i>f'u⁴-shun⁴</i>	婦順	the obedience of a wife.	
<i>f'u⁴-tao⁴</i>	婦道	women, wives (self styled).	
<i>f'u⁴-tê²</i>	婦德	the virtues of a wife.	
<i>f'u⁴-ts'ung²</i>	婦從	the obedience of a wife (san ¹ ts'ung ² ssü ⁴ tê ²).	
<i>f'u⁴-t-zü³</i>	婦子	wife and children.	
<i>f'u⁴-yen²</i>	婦言	the mode of speaking becoming to a wife.	
<i>f'u⁴</i>	手才	to brush, to dust; to oppose, to thwart; pervers	
<i>f'u⁴-ch'ên²</i>	拂塵	to brush away dust.	
<i>f'u⁴-jên²-chih¹-hsing⁴</i>	拂人之性	to thwart a person's disposition.	
<i>f'u⁴-lei²</i>	拂戾	perverse, obdurate, obstinate.	
<i>f'u⁴-lei⁴</i>	拂淚	to wipe away tears.	
<i>f'u⁴-li⁴</i>	拂慮	to drive away care.	
<i>f'u⁴-shih⁴</i>	拂拭	to dust off, to wipe away.	
<i>f'u⁴</i>	人	a tutor, an instructor; to apply, to lay on.	
<i>f'u⁴-fên³</i>	傅粉	to apply rouge, to paint the face.	
<i>f'u⁴-hu⁴</i>	傅會	to bring together, to make to agree.	
<i>f'u⁴-yen²-sê⁴</i>	傅顏色	to lay on colours.	

-yu ²	阜	油	to apply oil, to anoint (see fu ² yu ²).
-shêng ⁴	阜	阜 ^{370a141c}	a mound of earth. Rad. 170.
-ts'ai ²		阜盛	full, complete.
		阜財	to make wealth (fa ¹ ts'ai ²).
-hsing ⁴	衣	複 ^{381a152a}	lined or double clothes; double; to repeat.
		複姓	double surname.
-hsiang ¹	香	馥 ^{381a151c}	fragrant; fragrance.
		馥香	same (p'ên ⁴ hsiang ¹).
-clu ³	口	附 ^{375b147c}	to order, to enjoin; to blow (fên ¹ fu ⁴).
		附囑	to order, to enjoin.
-wên ²	言	*訃 ^{384b149a}	an announcement of death to friends, etc.
		訃聞	to hear of a death by letter.
-ma ³	馬	駙 ^{376a148a}	an extra horse, harnessed alongside.
(p'u)	人	駙馬	an Imperial son-in-law.
-tao ³ .tsai ¹ .ti ⁴		仆 ^{384b148c}	to fall prostrate.
-shui ³	水	仆倒在地	to fall prostrate on the ground.
		汎 ^{378b152b}	to swim.
		汎水	to swim (also fou ³ 浮 shui ³).
	口	哈 ^{386a218a}	to laugh loudly; to yawn; to sip; to gargle.
-ha ¹ .ta ⁴ .hsiao ⁴		哈哈大笑	to laugh loudly.
-ha ¹ .ti ¹ .hsiao ⁴		哈哈的笑	to laugh heartily.
-hsi ²		哈息	to gasp, to gape, to yawn (ta ³ ha ¹ hsi ²).
-la ³ .ni ²		哈喇呢	heavy flannel.
-la ³ .pa ¹		哈喇吧	shoulder-blades (chien ¹ pang ³ tzi ³).
-la ³ .pu ⁴		哈喇布	broad-cloth (k'ui ⁴ la ¹).
-pa ¹ .kou ³		哈吧狗	pug-nosed Peking dog.
-shan ³		哈閃	to yawn.
-ta ² .mên ²		哈達門	a gate of Peking. <i>hai ta men</i>
A ²	虫	蝦 ^{429a182c}	a frog. See hsi ¹ .
² -ma ¹		蝦蟆	a frog, a toad.
AI ¹ (k'o)	口	咳 ^{626b160a}	an exclamation.
i ¹ .sou ⁴		咳嗽	a cough; to cough (k'o ³ sou ⁴).
i ¹ .shên ²		咳聲	the exclamation hai ¹ .
i ¹ .tan ²		咳痰	to cough up phlegm; phlegm.
AI ² (tzu)	子	孩 ^{386b160a}	a child, children generally.
i ² .ch'i ³		孩氣	childish; inexperienced.
i ² .ch'ih ⁴		孩赤	an infant, a child.
i ² .êrh ² .ch'a ²		孩兒茶	Terra Japonica; Mimosa Catechu.
i ² .êrh ² .chien ⁴ .shih ⁴		孩兒見識	no more experience than a child.

hai²-êrh²-hhu¹
 hai²-êrh²-ssü⁴-ti¹
 hai²-t'i²
 hai²-t'ung²
 hai²-tzü³-k'u¹
 hai²-tzü³-sa¹-p'o¹
 hai²-tzü³-t'ao²-ch'i⁴
 hai²-tzü³-tiêh¹
 hai²-wa¹
 hai² 走还 還 515b244c
 hai²-ch'ien⁴-to¹-shau³ 還欠多少
 hai²-mo²-ch'ih¹-fan⁴ 還沒吃飯
 hai²-no²-hsiang³-ch'i³ 還沒想起
 hai²-mo²-lai² 還沒來
 hai²-mo² wan²-shih⁴ 還沒完事
 hai²-pu⁴-ch'ên²-jên⁴ 還不承認
 hai²-pu⁴-chih¹-tsu² 還不知足
 hai²-pu⁴-kou⁴ 還不穀
 hai²-pu⁴-p'a⁴ 還不怕
 hai²-yu³ 還有一個
 hai²-yu³-i¹-ko⁴ 還有一個
 hai²-yu³-to¹-shao³ 還有多少

Terra Japonica ; Catechu.
 like a child.
 children.
 a child, a baby.
 the child cries.
 the child makes a disturbance.
 the child is naughty.
 my husband.
 a female boy.
 still, even, now, yet, also. See huan².
 how much still owing?
 not yet taken our meal.
 did not think of it.
 not come yet.
 not yet finished.
 still refuses to confess.
 still unsatisfied?
 still not enough.
 still fears not.
 there is still, still have.
 there is one yet.
 how many more are there

HAI³ 水 海 387a160b
 hai³-ch'ao² 海潮
 hai³-chiao¹-t'ien¹-ya² 海角天涯
 hai³-ch'ing² jü² 海鯨魚
 hai³-ch'uan² 海船
 hai³-fang² 海防
 hai³-fêng¹ 海風
 hai³-hsien²-ho²-tan⁴ 海鹹河淡
 hai³-kou³ 海狗
 hai³-k'ou³ 海口
 hai³-k'ou⁴ 海寇
 hai³-ku³ 海股
 hai³-kuan¹ 海關
 hai³-kuan¹-tao³ 海關道
 hai³-k'uo⁴-t'ien¹-k'ung¹ 海闊天空
 hai³-liang² 海量
 hai³-lo² 海螺
 hai³-lo² 海驃
 hai³-lung² 海龍
 hai³-lung²-wang² 海龍王

the sea.
 the tide.
 the horizon (t'ien¹ pien¹).
 whales.
 sea-going vessels.
 coast-guard or defence.
 a sea-breeze.
 the sea is briny, rivers are fresh.
 "the sea-dog," the seal.
 a sea-port.
 pirates.
 a gulf.
 the Customs ; Superintendent of Customs.
 the Customs' Taotai.
 vast abilities.
 broad-minded ; honorable ; self-control.
 a sea-shell.
 the beaver.
 the sea-otter.
 Chinese Neptunc.

i ³ -ma ³	海馬	the sea-horse.
i ³ -ma ³ -ya ²	海馬牙	sea-horse teeth.
i ³ -ma ⁴	海罵	to abuse indiscriminately (ma ⁴ chieh ¹).
i ³ -pien ¹	海邊	the sea-coast.
i ³ -pin ¹	海濱	same.
i ³ -shang ¹ -fang ¹	海上方	a foreign prescription.
i ³ -shên ¹	海參	bêche de mer, sea-slugs.
i ³ -shên ¹ -chiu ³ -hsi ²	海參酒席	a feast of which sea-slugs is the central dish.
i ³ -shih ⁴	海市	"sea-market," a mirage; groundless; imagina-
i ³ -shih ⁴ -shan ¹ -mêng ²	海誓山盟	an everlasting covenant. [tion.
i ³ -t'á ³	海獺	the sea-otter.
i ³ -tai ⁴	海帶	sea-weed.
i ³ -t'ang ² -hua ¹	海棠花	name of a flower.
i ³ -t'ang ² -kuo ³	海棠菓	a kind of cherry-apple.
i ³ -tao ³	海島	an island.
i ³ -tao ⁴	海盜	pirates.
i ³ -ts'ái ⁴	海藻	agar-agar, sea-weed.
i ³ -tsei ²	海賊	pirates.
i ³ -tzu ³	海子	a park in Peking.
i ³ -wai ¹ -ch'í ² -t'an ²	海外奇談	strange sea tales.
i ³ -wan ¹	海灣	a bay (ao ⁴).
i ³ -wei ¹	海味	a delicacy of the sea (shan ¹ chên ¹ hai ³ wei ¹).
i ³ -wu ² -pien ¹	海無邊	the boundless sea.
i ³ -yao ¹	海腰	a strait.
i ³ -yen ²	海沿	the sea-coast.

AI ⁴	→ 害 ³ 87c161b	to hurt, to injure; injurious, hurtful.
i ⁴ -chi ³	害己	to injure one's self; to commit suicide.
i ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	害處	injuries.
i ⁴ -chung ⁴	害衆	to injure persons generally, to injure many.
i ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -ssü ¹	害相思	to be love-sick.
i ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -ssü ¹ -ping ⁴	害相思病	same.
i ⁴ -hsing ⁴ -ming ⁴	害性命	to kill.
i ⁴ -hsiü ¹	害羞	shame, to feel ashamed.
i ⁴ -jê ¹	害熱	to suffer from heat (chung ⁴ shu ³).
i ⁴ -jên ²	害人	to injure a person (sun ³ hai ¹).
i ⁴ -jên ² -li ⁴ -ch'í ³	害人利己	to injure others and benefit one's self.
i ⁴ -lêng ³	害冷	to suffer from cold (chung ⁴ han ¹).
i ⁴ -min ²	害民	to injure the people.
i ⁴ -ming ⁴	害命	to kill a person.
i ⁴ -p'á ⁴	害怕	afraid, to feel afraid (chü ⁴ p'á ⁴).
i ⁴ -ping ⁴	害病	to become sick (huan ⁴ ping ⁴ , fan ³ ping ⁴).
i ⁴ -sao ⁴	害臊	shame, to be ashamed (hsü ¹ ch'ih ³).

<i>hai¹-ssü³-jên²</i>	害死人	to injure a person so as to cause death.
<i>hai¹-t'ä¹-ti¹-p'a⁴</i>	害他的怕	to be afraid of him.
<i>hai¹</i>	上 亥 ^{386a161a}	horary character ; 9 to 11 o'clock P. M.
<i>hai¹-k'o⁴</i>	亥刻	9 to 11 o'clock P. M.
<i>hai¹-yüeh⁴</i>	*亥月	the tenth moon.
<i>hai¹</i>	心 恹 ^{386b161c}	sorrowful, anxious.
<i>hai¹-yen³</i>	恹眼	to suffer with one's eyes.
<i>hai¹</i>	口 嗒 ^{388a161c}	alack, hai ya !
<i>hai¹-k'o³-hsi²</i>	嗒可惜	alack !
HAN¹	心 憨 ^{390b162a}	simple, silly, daft ; goitre.
<i>han¹-hou⁴</i>	憨厚	simple, honest (lao ³ shih ²).
<i>han¹-pao¹</i>	憨包	a blockhead, a ninny.
<i>han¹-po²</i>	憨胖	goitre.
<i>han¹-tan⁴</i>	憨蛋	fool, stupid, idiot (pan ⁴ tiao ⁴ tzü ³).
<i>han¹-t'ou²-lang²</i>	憨項郎	a blockhead, an unsophisticated person.
<i>han¹</i>	酉 酣 ^{388b162a}	half-intoxicated, elevated, cheerful, merry, jolly
<i>han¹-shui⁴</i>	酣睡	to sleep heavily through drink.
<i>han¹-tsui⁴</i>	酣醉	half-drunk, elevated, hilarious.
<i>han¹-yin³</i>	酣飲	to drink till half-intoxicated.
<i>han¹</i>	頁 預 ^{389b162b}	slow, tardy, dawdling, dilatory.
<i>han¹-man⁴</i>	預慢	same (man ¹ han ¹).
<i>han¹-ta⁴-mien⁴</i>	預大面	a broad face ; impudent, shameless.
<i>han¹</i>	鼻 鼾 ^{389c162b}	to snore.
← HAN²	口 含 ^{391a162b}	to hold in the mouth ; to restrain, to repress.
<i>han²-ch'ên³</i>	含穉	disgraceful.
<i>han²-hén⁴</i>	含恨	to repress a laugh, to smile.
<i>han²-hsiao⁴</i>	含笑	the magnolia.
<i>han²-hsiao⁴-hua¹</i>	含笑花	to cherish resentment.
<i>han²-hsiu¹</i>	含羞	to feel ashamed, to blush.
<i>han²-hu²</i>	含糊	to mutter ; to keep silent, reticent, stolid ; to
<i>han²-jên³</i>	含忍	to bear, to put up with, to endure, enduring.
<i>han²-ju⁴</i>	含入	to enter ; to put in.
<i>han²-jung²</i>	含容	to endure, to put up with (pao ¹ han ²).
<i>han²-k'ou³</i>	含口	to hold in the mouth (hsien ²).
<i>han²-lei⁴</i>	含淚	to refrain from shedding tears (liu ² lei ⁴).
<i>han²-lien⁴</i>	含斂	to prepare corpse for burial (ch'êng ² lien ⁴).
<i>han²-lou⁴</i>	含露	to refrain from disclosing.
<i>han²-nu⁴</i>	含怒	to refrain one's anger ; cherish anger.
<i>han²-pi³</i>	含筆	to put the point of a pencil in mouth.
<i>han²-t'u³</i>	含吐	to spit out, to blurt out.
<i>han²-yüan¹</i>	含冤	to bear injustice, etc. (cf. han ³ yüan ¹).

	寒 ^{391c163b}	cold; poor.
² -chan ⁴	寒戰	to tremble with cold.
² -chi ²	寒疾	a sort of ague, a cold (yao ⁴ chi ²).
² -ch'i ⁴	寒氣	cold air.
² -chia ¹	寒家	a poor family (p'in ²).
² -ch'wang ¹	寒窗	a poor student.
² -fêng ¹	寒風	a cold wind (liang ² fêng ¹).
² -hsin ¹	寒心	fearful; cold; disheartened at ingratitude.
² -hsüan ¹ -ti ¹ -lua ⁴	寒暄的話	formal enquiries in a letter.
² -i ¹	寒衣	winter clothing.
² -jê ⁴	寒熱	cold and hot, fever.
² -jê ⁴ -wang ¹ -lai ²	寒熱往來	intermittent fever; a year.
² -ju ²	寒儒	a poor scholar.
² -k'u ³	寒苦	"cold and bitter," poor, poverty (p'in ² han ²).
² -kuan ¹	寒官	a poor post (official).
² -lai ²	寒來	the approach of cold weather.
² -lêng ³	寒冷	cold; winter.
² -liang ²	寒涼	cold, cool; autumn.
² -lu ⁴	寒露	"cold dew," the ninth month. See Note 21.
² -mao ²	寒毛	the down on a woman's face; hair on the skin.
² -shih ²	寒食	a term (day before the ch'ing ¹ -ming ² festival).
² -shü ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -shên ¹	寒士出身	famous as a poor student. [Note 21.]
² -shu ³	寒暑	cold and heat.
² -shu ³ -piao ³	寒暑表	a thermometer (fêng ¹ yü ³ piao ³).
² -so ⁴	寒縮	retiring, bashful (mien ³ t'ien ³).
² -t'ien ¹	寒天	cold weather.
² -wang ⁴ -shu ³ -lai ²	寒往暑來	cold passes and heat comes.
² -ya ¹	寒鴉	crows (white breasted).
² -yuo ²	寒窰	a disused kiln.
²	水 冫 涵 ^{390b163a}	to soak; to bear; to treat leniently, to look over.
² -liang ⁴	涵量	to treat leniently (k'uan ¹ tai ²).
² -pao ¹	涵包	to be lenient (pao ¹ han ²).
² -yang ³	涵養	to cherish; liberal, lenient; self-control.
² -yung ²	涵容	lenient, forgiving, liberal.
²	函 ^{390b163a}	a letter, an envelope; to infold; armour.
² -hsin ⁴	函信	a letter.
² -ku ³ -kuan ¹	函谷關	pass to Shansi.
N ³	罕 ^{389a164a}	rare, scarce, few, unfrequent (hsi ¹ han ³).
³ -chien ⁴	罕見	rarely seen.
³ -tuo ¹	罕到	rarely come to hand.
³ -wên ²	罕聞	rarely heard of.
³ -yen ²	罕言	reticent, of few words.

han³-yu³
 han³-yu³-ti¹-shih⁴
 han³ 口 喊^{392c164a}
 han³-chiao⁴ 喊叫
 han³-chui⁴-ming⁴ 喊救命
 han³-hsing³-liao³ 喊醒了
 han³-kan³-liao³-sang³ 喊乾了嗓
 han³-pu⁴-hui²-lai² 喊不回來
 han³-ti¹-ch' a¹-sheng¹ 喊的岔聲
 han³-yüan¹ 喊冤

HAN⁴ 水 漢^{393a164b}

han⁴-chang⁴ 漢丈
 han⁴-ch' ao² 漢朝
 han⁴-ch' i⁴ 漢氣
 han⁴-chiang¹ 漢江
 han⁴-chien¹ 漢奸
 han⁴-chuang¹ 漢妝
 han⁴-chuang¹-ta³-pan⁴ 漢裝打扮
 han⁴-chün¹ 漢軍
 han⁴-chün¹-ch' i²-jên² 漢軍旗人
 han⁴-jên² 漢人
 han⁴-k' ou³ 漢口
 han⁴-ping¹ 漢兵
 han⁴-shü¹ 漢室
 han⁴-shou⁴-t' ing²-hou⁴ 漢壽亭侯
 han⁴-t' ü³ 漢子
 han⁴-wên² 漢文

han⁴ 水 汗^{388c165b}

han⁴-chün¹ 汗巾
 han⁴-chün¹-chün¹-ti¹ 汗津津的
 han⁴-liu²-man³-mien⁴ 汗流滿面的
 han⁴-lu⁴-lu⁴-ti¹ 汗露露的
 han⁴-mao² 汗毛
 han⁴-pan¹ 汗斑
 han⁴-shan¹ 汗衫
 han⁴-t' a¹-liao³ 汗濕了
 han⁴-t' a¹-t' zü³ 汗濕子
 han⁴-yen³ 汗顏
 han⁴ 日 旱^{389c164c}
 han⁴-chin¹-lien² 旱金蓮
 han⁴-huang² 旱蝗
 han⁴-lao¹ 旱澇

there is rarely, seldom have.
 a rare thing.
 to vociferate, to call loudly, to call to.
 to vociferate, to call loudly (hu¹ han³).
 shouting "murder!"
 called awake.
 shouted his throat dry.
 cannot be called back.
 called till my voice cracks.
 to cry for justice in yamen (su⁴ yüan¹).

the Milky Way; name of a dynasty; a Chinese stature (shên¹ liang⁴).

the Han dynasty (B. C. 206—A. D. 220).

bold, manly, defiant.

the river Han.

a Chinese spy (tso⁴ hsiên⁴, chien¹ hsi⁴).

Chinese style of female dress.

Chinese style of dress.

the Chinese bannermen.

Chinese Bannermen.

a Chinese (one of the people).

Hankow.

Chinese troops.

Han dynasty (man³ han⁴).

i. e., Kuan Ti, God of War.

a Chinese; a man; a husband.

Chinese literature.

perspiration, sweat (ch' u¹ han⁴).

a sash, a girdle.

perspiring freely.

sweat pouring down one's face.

perspiring freely, quite moist.

the short hair on cuticle.

prickly heat (fei⁴ tzü³).

a sweat shirt.

sweat has soaked through.

a sweat shirt.

shame, a feeling of shame (hai⁴ sao⁴).

dry, drought, want of rain (t' ien¹ han⁴).

the nasturtium.

drought and locusts.

drought and inundation.

n ¹ -lu ⁴	旱路	roads (shui ³ lu ⁴).
n ² -pa ²	旱魃	demon of drought.
n ³ -tao ⁴ -kêng ¹ -mi ³	旱稻粳米	dry land paddy.
n ³ -t'ien ¹	旱天	drought, dry season.
n ⁴ -tsai ¹	旱災	visitation of drought.
n ⁴ -yen ¹	旱烟	tobacco smoked dry vs. water-pipe.
n ⁴	手才 撼	393a166c to move, to shake, to excite.
n ⁴ -tung ⁴	撼動	same.
n ⁴ -yao ²	撼搖	same.
n ⁴	羽 翰	392b166b a pencil; a letter; composition, literature.
n ¹ -lin ²	翰林	"pencil grove," a Han-lin graduate (tien ³ han ⁴
n ⁴ -lin ² -yüan ⁴	翰林院	the Han-lin college at Peking. G. 201. [lin ²].
n ³ -mo ⁴	翰墨	pencil and ink; literature.
n ⁴ -wan ³ -chih ¹ -ts'ai ²	翰苑之才	the talents of a (future) Han-lin.
n ⁴	口 和	406a254c with, together with, to join with. See ho ² .
n ⁴ -pieh ² -jên ²	和別人	with another person.
n ⁴ -t'a ¹	和他	with him.
n ⁴ -wo ³	和我	with me (kên ¹ wo ³ ch'ü ⁴).
n ⁴	心 悍	390a165a cruel.
n ⁴ -fu ⁴	悍婦	a virago, a vixen (p'o ⁴ fu ⁴ , tiao ¹ lao ³ p'o ²).
n ⁴	金 鉞	390a165a to solder (hsi ²).
n ⁴	心 憾	392c166c resentful, vexed at.
n ⁴ -hên ⁴	憾恨	resentful hate.
n ⁴	石 研	389a166a sort of stone.
n ⁴ -pai ² -yü ⁴	碑白玉	white marble.
ANG ¹	石 碇	393c168a a rammer; to ram ground down for building.
ang ¹ -hao ⁴	碇號	the beater's song (signal given for blow).
ang ¹ -ko ¹	碇歌	the song of beaters.
ANG ²	行 行	476a207b a class, kind, sort, series; a row, a rank.
ang ² -ch'êng ⁴	行秤	steelyard with standard weight (t'ien ¹ p'ing ²).
ang ² -chü ³	行幾	which brother are you?
ang ² -chia ¹	行家	class, profession, men of trade, etc. (tsai ⁴ hang ²).
ang ² -ch'ing ²	行情	custom of the trade; price.
ang ² -fan ⁴	行販	to trade, to buy and sell (mai ³ mai ⁴).
ang ² -huo ⁴	行貨	inferior or second hand goods.
ang ² -i ¹ -fu ²	行衣服	to stitch clothes (fêng ²).
ang ² -k'uan ³	行款	column in a book.
ang ² -kuei ¹	行規	hong regulations; brokerage.
ang ² -lieh ⁴	行列	all in a row.
ang ² -shang ¹	行商	a merchant (shang ¹ ku ³).
ang ² -shih ⁴	行市	market price.

<i>hang²-tang¹</i>	行	當	occupation (shou ³ i ⁴).
<i>hang²-t'ou²</i>	行	頭	head of a firm (tung ¹ chia ¹).
<i>hang²-t-zü³</i>	行	子	a tribe, a set, a fellow (contcmptuous).
<i>hang²-wu²</i>	行	伍	rank and file (tui ⁴ wu ²).
<i>hang²</i>	木	杭	name of a place.
<i>hang²-chou¹</i>		州	Hangchow, capital of Chekiang. W. I. 117.
HANG⁴			
	已	巷	side street, lane. See <i>hsiang⁴</i> .
HAO¹			
	艸	菁	asparagus; tansy; worthless, of no account.
<i>hao¹-ts'ao³</i>		菁	jungle.
<i>hao¹-t-ü³</i>		菁	jungle; tansy; a worthless person.
HAO²			
	毛	毫	a small hair; fine, trifling; a weight.
<i>hao²-fu²-wu²-han⁴</i>		毫	am extremely willing.
<i>hao²-fu²-wu²-i²</i>		毫	not the slightest doubt.
<i>hao²-li²</i>		毫	a small degree, the least, the slightest.
<i>hao²-li²-pu⁴-shuang³</i>		毫	exact to a hair.
<i>hao²-mo⁴</i>		毫	petty, trifling.
<i>hao²-pu⁴-jên³</i>		毫	not bear the slightest.
<i>hao²-pu⁴-jung²</i>		毫	not allow the least.
<i>hao²-wu²-hsiang¹-kan¹</i>		毫	not the least connection with.
<i>hao²-wu²-kan¹-shé⁴</i>		毫	same.
<i>hao²-wu²-k'o²-ch'ü³</i>		毫	not a single good point.
<i>hao²-wu²-kuo¹-fan⁴</i>		毫	blameless.
<i>hao²-wu²-shan⁴-chuang⁴</i>		毫	entirely devoid of a virtuous appearance.
<i>hao²-wu²-ying²-hsiang⁴</i>		毫	without the least shadow.
<i>hao²</i>	豕	豪	brave, heroic, martial, warlike; talented.
<i>hao²-ch'ü⁴</i>		豪	a brave disposition.
<i>hao²-ch'üang²</i>		豪	heroic, brave; hero.
<i>hao²-chieh²</i>		豪	a hero (ying ¹ hsiung ²).
<i>hao²-fu⁴</i>		豪	well off.
<i>hao²-hêng⁴</i>		豪	unreasonable dependence on power, etc. (chang ² shih ⁴).
<i>hao²-hsia²</i>		豪	chivalric, Quixotic; a hero.
<i>hao²</i>	土	壕	a ditch, a moat (kou ¹).
<i>hao²-k'êng¹</i>		壕	city moat.
<i>hao²-kou¹</i>		壕	same.
<i>hao²</i>	手	扠	to compare, to estimate; to pull out.
<i>hao²-fa³</i>		扠	to pull out the hair.
<i>hao²</i>	日	昊	a bright summer sky, the sky, Heaven.
<i>hao²-t'ien¹</i>		昊	summer; Heaven.
<i>hao²-t'ien¹-shang⁴-ti⁴</i>		昊	Heaven; God.
<i>hao² (ho)</i>	鳥	鶴	a kind of crane. R. 52 (hsien ¹ hao ²).

AO ³	女	好 ^{397el71c}	good ; very ; to like, to be addicted to (4th tone).
o ³ -chi ² liao ³		好極了	exceedingly good. [M. 173, M. 176.]
o ³ -chi ³ -t'z'u ⁴		好幾次	a good many times.
o ⁴ -ch'ih ¹ -lan ³ -tso ⁴		好吃懶做	lazy glutton (ch'an ² tsui ³ jên ²).
o ³ -ching ³ -k'uang ⁴		好景况	a pleasant prospect ; a good time.
o ³ -chiu ³		好久	a long while.
o ¹ -chin ³		好酒	addicted to drink (tsui ⁴).
o ⁴ -chiu ³ -sé ⁴		好酒色	addicted to profligacy.
o ³ -ch'iu ² -chuan ⁴		好逑傳	the Fortunate Union, a novel.
o ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -t'ou ²		好出頭	fond of putting yourself forward.
o ³ -ch'u ⁴		好處	advantage, benefit (i ² ch'u ⁴).
o ¹ -ch'uan ¹ -hao ⁴ -tai ⁴		好穿好戴	fond of dressing.
o ³ -ch'üeh ¹		好缺	a good vacancy.
o ³ -fêng ¹ -su ²		好風俗	a good custom (kuei ¹ chü ⁴).
o ³ -fêng ¹ -shui ³		好風水	a good position, e. g., for a house, grave, etc.
o ³ -han ⁴ -t'z'ü ³		好漢子的	a good man ; a stout Chinese.
o ³ -hao ³ -ti ¹		好好的	quietly, peacefully (an ¹ shêng ¹).
o ⁴ -hsi ³		好喜	to like, to be addicted to.
o ³ -hsiang ⁴		好像	just like, as if, for instance (p'i ⁴ jo ⁴).
o ³ -hsiao ²		好學	good or easy to learn ; devoted to learning.
o ³ -hsiao ⁴		好笑	very laughable (k'o ³ hsiao ⁴).
o ³ -hsieh ¹		好些	a good many ; a little better.
o ³ -hsieh ¹ -ko ⁴		好些個	a good many.
o ⁴ -hsien ²		好閒	lazy, to lounge, to loaf.
o ¹ -hsien ² -yu ²		好閒遊	fond of sauntering.
o ³ -hsin ¹		好心	kind, good hearted.
o ³ -hsin ¹ -hao ³ -i ⁴		好心好意	with the best intentions (hao ³ p'i ² ch'i ⁴).
o ³ -hsing ⁴ -ch'ing ²		好性情	a good natural disposition.
o ¹ -hua ¹ -ch'ien ²		好花錢	to spend too much money or to like to, etc. [(lang ⁴ fei ⁴).
o ³ -hua ⁴		好話	good language, sensible talk.
o ³ -hu ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		好穢氣	very bad stench.
o ³ hun ⁴ -chang ⁴ -jên ²		好混賬人	a fine rascal !
o ³ -huo ¹ -pu ¹ -chien ⁴		好貨不賤	good articles are not cheap.
o ³ -jé ⁴		好熱	very hot.
o ³ -jé ⁴ -nao ⁴		好熱鬧	a great bustle, fête, etc. ; to like gaiety, etc.
o ³ -jên ²		好人	a good man (shan ⁴ jên ²).
o ³ -jih ⁴		好日	a birthday, a holiday, a good day ; good weather.
o ³ -ju ⁴		好如	very like ; as good as.
o ³ -jung ² -i ⁴		好容易	precious easy (ironical) (mei ³ mao ⁴).
o ³ -k'an ⁴		好看	good-looking ; to like looking at (4).
o ³ -lêng ³		好冷	very cold.
o ⁴ -li ⁴		好利	covetous, fond of gain ; good profit (3).
o ³ -liao ³		好了	finished, ready.

hao ³ -liao ³ .mo ² -yu ³	好了沒有	are you better?
hao ³ .miao ⁴	好妙	excellent, admirable.
hao ³ .miao ⁴ -suan ⁴	好妙算	a most excellent stratagem (chi ¹ mou ²).
hao ³ .ming ²	好名	a good name; a lover of fame; ambitious.
hao ³ .ming ⁴	好命	a good destiny.
hao ⁴ -nien ⁴ -ching ¹	好念經	fond of reading prayers.
hao ³ -pi ³	好比	for instance.
hao ³ -p'i ² -ch'i ⁴	好脾氣	good tempered.
hao ⁴ -p'iao ²	好嫖	addicted to profligacy.
hao ³ -pu ⁴ -hao ³	好不好	is it good? will it do? do you like it?
hao ³ -pu ⁴ -nai ⁴ -fan ²	好不耐煩	without any patience.
hao ⁴ -se ⁴	好色	addicted to debauchery, dissolute.
hao ⁴ -sha ¹	好殺	the very best.
hao ⁴ -shan ⁴ .wu ⁴ -o ⁴	好善惡惡	to love good and hate evil.
hao ³ -shao ¹	好燒	to burn well; to draw, as a stove.
hao ³ -shên ⁴	好慎	carefully (hsiao ³ hsin ¹).
hao ³ -shêng ¹	好生	carefully, attentively.
hao ⁴ -shêng ¹ -chih ¹ -tê ²	好生之德	virtue of loving production, e. g., Heaven.
hao ³ -shih ³	好使	usable, handy for use.
hao ³ -shih ⁴	好事	meritorious act (kung ¹ tê ²).
hao ⁴ -shih ⁴	好事	fond of affairs.
hao ³ -shih ⁴ -hao ³	好是好	it is no doubt good, <i>but</i> —; really good.
hao ³ -shou ³ -i ⁴	好手藝	a good handicraftsman.
hao ³ -shuang ¹ -k'uai ⁴	好爽快	very well in health; very cheerful, jolly.
hao ⁴ -shui ⁴ -tsao ³ -chiao ⁴	好睡早覺	fond of going early to bed.
hao ³ -shuo ¹	好說	you are welcome; you say well; thanks.
hao ⁴ -shuo ¹ -hua ⁴	好說話	fond of talking.
hao ³ -ssü ⁴	好似	very like, closely resembling.
hao ³ -sui ¹ -shih ⁴ -hao ³	好雖是好	although it is good, <i>yet</i> —.
hao ³ -ta ³	好打	a good thrashing (ta ³ i ¹ tun ⁴).
hao ³ -ta ⁴	好大	very large; pompous.
hao ³ -ta ⁴ -chia ¹ -tzü ³	好大架子	a loud pretentious fellow (ta ⁴ mu ² ta ¹ yang).
hao ³ -tai ³	好歹	good and bad.
hao ³ -tai ³ -pu ⁴ -têng ³	好歹不等	various qualities.
hao ³ -tê ² -hên ³	好得狠	very or exceedingly good.
hao ³ -tê ² -li ⁴ -hui ⁴	好得利害	"dangerously good," exceedingly good.
hao ³ -t'ê ³ -mien ⁴	好體面	very fine.
hao ³ -t'ien ¹	好天	fine weather, a fine day.
hao ³ -t'ien ¹ -ch'i ⁴	好天氣	fine weather.
hao ³ -to ¹	好多	a good many, very many, numerous.
hao ³ -to ¹ -ti ¹	好多的	same.
hao ³ -ts'ai ³ -ch'i ⁴	好彩氣	good fortune (yün ⁴ ch'i ⁴).
hao ³ -tsui ³	好嘴	"a good mouth," fluency of speech, loquacity.

o³-wa¹ 好哇 how do you do?
 o⁴-wu³-i⁴ 好武藝 fond of martial pursuits; good military capacity.
 o³-yen²-hao³-yü³ 好言好語 excellent words.

AO⁴ 虎号 號 396b173b a sign, a name; to mark, stable. (Also 2nd tone).
 o⁴-ch' i² 號旗 a signal flag.
 o²-ch' i⁴ 號泣 to weep (k'u¹). [tion.
 o⁴-chün¹ 號軍 an orderly, a batman; attendants at examina-
 o⁴-fung² 號房 registry office of a yamèn.
 o⁴-fo² 號佛 to call on Buddha.
 o⁴-i¹ 號衣 soldiers' uniform.
 o⁴-ling⁴ 號令 an imperial order; words of command.
 o⁴-ma³ 號碼 the items of a bill; marks on a box, etc.
 o⁴-mo⁴ 號脉 to feel the pulse (p'ing² mo⁴).
 o⁴-p' ao⁴ 號砲 a signal gun.
 o⁴-pu⁴ 號簿 a register of names.
 o²-t' ao²-ta⁴-k' u⁴ 號吡大哭 loud lamentations (t' i⁴ k' u¹ lien² lien²).
 o²-t' ien¹ 號天 to call to Heaven for aid.
 o⁴-t' ou² 號頭 numbers or marks; a trumpet; a carter.
 o⁴-t' ung³ 號筒 a trumpet (pieh³ li⁴). [sive.
 o⁴ 水 濶 399a172c a broad expanse of water; great, broad, exten-
 o⁴-ch' i⁴ 浩氣 magnanimous, noble minded (passion-nature
 o⁴-jan²-chih¹-ch' i⁴ 浩然之氣 passion-nature (Mencius). [Mencius).
 o⁴-ta⁴ 浩大 great, broad, extensive.
 o⁴-tang⁴ 浩蕩 extensive, boundless.
 o⁴ 白 皓 399a172b light, bright, white.
 o⁴-pu² 皓白 white.
 o⁴-shou³ 皓首 "white head," aged, venerable.
 o⁴-yüeh⁴ 皓月 bright moonlight.
 o⁴ 未 耗 396a173a to lessen, to waste; to spoil, to injure; a rat.
 o⁴-chien³ 耗減 to diminish.
 o⁴-fei⁴ 耗費 to waste.
 o⁴-kan¹-liao³ 耗乾了 squandered completely.
 o⁴-ti¹-ching⁴-kuang¹ 耗的淨光 he has spent all his money.
 o⁴-tzu³ 耗子 a rat (lao³ shu³).
 o⁴-tzu³-k' u¹-lung² 耗子窟窿 a rat-hole.

See HO.

EI¹ 黑 黑 399c218c black, dark, sombre; night.
 i¹-an⁴ 黑暗 dark.
 i¹-an⁴-an⁴-ti¹ 黑暗暗的 dark, darkly.
 i¹-ch' ai¹-i⁴ 黑差役 a certain class of police (tsao⁴ pan¹).
 i¹-chih¹-ma² 黑芝麻 Indian sesame.

hei¹-fêng¹ 黑風
 hei¹-hsia⁴ 黑下
 hei¹-hsin¹ 黑心
 hei¹-hua⁴ 黑話
 hei¹-huo⁴ 黑貨
 hei¹-jên³ 黑人
 hei¹-kan¹-k'u¹-shou⁴ 黑乾枯瘦
 hei¹-ko¹-hsing¹ 黑絡星
 hei¹-kou³ 黑狗
 hei¹-ku¹-tung¹ 黑姑冬
 hei¹-lan²-ting³-tai⁴ 黑藍頂戴
 hei¹-lu⁴ 黑綠
 hei¹-lu⁴-lu⁴-ti¹ 黑碌碌的
 hei¹-lung²-chiang¹ 黑龍江
 hei¹-mien⁴ 黑麵
 hei¹-mo⁴ 黑墨
 hei¹-mo⁴-hu²-yen³ 黑墨糊眼
 hei¹-mo⁴-wu¹-tsui³ 黑墨烏嘴
 hei¹-pai² 黑白
 hei¹-pai²-pu⁴-fên¹ 黑白不分
 hei¹-shêng¹-k'ou³ 黑牲口
 hei¹-t'ang² 黑糖
 hei¹-tao⁴-jih⁴ 黑道日
 hei¹-tou⁴ 黑豆
 hei¹-tsao³ 黑棗
 hei¹-wu¹-wu¹-ti¹ 黑烏烏的
 hei¹-yeh⁴ 黑夜
 hei¹-yen¹ 黑烟

a dark dust storm.
 night time (yeh⁴ chien¹).
 black at heart, evil.
 dark language, secret dialect. e. g., of thieves.
 "black goods," opium; smuggled goods (ssü
 a guilty official who hides his identity. [huo⁴])
 sallow and shrivelled (huang² p'i² kua¹ shou⁴).
 a blemish, a fleck.
 black dog (which eats the sun at eclipse).
 just before daybreak; dark.
 dark blue button.
 bottle green.
 quite dark, discolored.
 the Amoor.
 dark flour.
 black ink.
 blotted, defaced.
 same.
 black and white; good and bad.
 fig. stupid.
 euphemism for pig among Mahomedans.
 dark sugar.
 an unpropitious day (huang² tao⁴ jih⁴).
 black beans.
 black dates.
 jet black.
 "black night," night.
 "black smoke," opium (ta⁴ yen¹).

HĒN² (tzŭ) ㄏㄣˊ 痕 400c167a
 hên²-chi⁴ 痕跡

a scar, a mark, a trace; ripples, wrinkles, etc
 scars of wounds, traces of, etc. (tsung¹ chi⁴).

HĒN³ ㄏㄣˊ 很 400a167b
 hên³ 犬 狠 400b167b
 hên³-chien⁴-chang³ 很見長進
 hên³-hao³ [chin⁴] 狠好
 hên³-hsiao³ 狠小
 hên³-hsin¹ 狠心
 hên³-k'u³ 狠苦
 hên³-nan² 狠難
 hên³-pa¹-pa¹-ti¹ 狠巴巴的
 hên³-pu⁴-hao³ 狠不好
 hên³-shao³ 狠少

very, extremely. M. 37.
 same.
 shews great progress.
 very good (hao³ t'ê² hên³).
 very small. [fixe
 harsh, pitiless, remorseless; mind unalterab
 extremely bitter; very miserable,
 very difficult.
 very severe, malicious.
 very bad.
 very few.

3-shih⁴
 3-ta⁴
 3-to¹
 3-tsu²-pu⁴-liao³
 3-tu²
 3-t'u²-ch'i⁴

狠是
 狠大
 狠多
 狠足不了
 狠毒
 很土氣

it is very true.
 very large.
 very much.
 can't be a great sufficiency.
 cruel, savage, hot (of the sun).
 very coarse.

心 小 恨 400b167c
 4-chi³-wu²-nên^g²
 4-fu⁴-hsiao⁴-p'in²
 4-fu⁴-lai²-ch'ih²
 4-nu⁴
 4-pu⁴-nên^g²
 4-pu⁴-tê²
 4-shih⁴
 4-shih⁴
 4-t'ien¹-yüan⁴-ti⁴
 4-wu⁴
 4-yüan⁴

恨己無能
 恨富笑貧
 恨富來遲
 恨怒
 恨不能
 恨不得
 恨視
 恨是
 恨天怨地
 恨惡
 恨怨

anger, dislike, hatred; to hate.
 sorry I have no ability.
 i. e., a mean man.
 angry because not rich.
 angry, animosity.
 vexed at not being able to, to long for, would that.
 annoyed at non-attainment.
 to look at with anger.
 the misfortune is.
 hating heaven and earth.
 to hate, to abhor,
 animosity.

口 哼 400c169a
 g¹-a¹-hên^g-ti¹
 g¹-chi¹-chi¹-ti¹
 g¹-ha¹
 g¹-hu¹-êrh⁴-chiang⁴
 g¹-hai¹
 g¹-hên^g
 g¹-hên^g-ha¹-ha¹
 g¹-ti¹-shên⁴-ma²

哼呵哼的
 哼唧唧的
 哼哈
 哼哈二將
 哼咳
 哼哼
 哼哼哈哈
 哼的甚麼

a sound of reply; a nasal sound; to moan,
 humming and hawing.
 humming, groaning.
 to hum and to haw.
 two ferocious guardians on temple gates.
 to groan, to moan (ai¹ shên^g).
 to reply; to moan.
 to hum or groan.
 what are you groaning about?

橫 401c236c
 g⁴-chéng⁴
 g⁴-cho¹
 g⁴-hsieh²
 g⁴-hsing²
 g⁴-hsing²-pa⁴-tao⁴
 g⁴-hu³-hu³-ti¹
 g²-ku³
 g²-ku³-t'ou²
 g²-liang²
 g⁴-ni⁴
 g⁴-pa⁴-pa⁴-ti¹
 g²-pi²

橫政
 橫桌
 橫斜
 橫行
 橫行霸道
 橫虎虎的
 橫骨
 橫骨頭
 橫梁
 橫逆
 橫霸霸的
 橫鼻

horizontal, crosswise; perverse, (2 and 4).
 a lawless government.
 a long side table.
 criss-cross.
 wicked conduct.
 to act outrageously.
 reckless, overbearing.
 the share-bone.
 perverse, unreasonable, obstinate, hardened.
 crossbeams.
 perverse, unreasonable.
 reckless, domineering.
 to turn up the nose in contempt.

hêng²-san¹-shu⁴-ssü⁴ 橫三豎四
 hêng⁴-shih⁴ 橫事
 hêng⁴-shu⁴ 橫豎
 hêng²-shuo¹-shu⁴-shuo¹ 橫說豎說
 hêng⁴-ssü³ 橫死
 hêng²-t'ang³-shu⁴-wo⁴ 橫騎豎臥
 hêng⁴-tiu¹-tiu¹-ti¹ 橫丟丟的
 hêng² 心 小 恆 恒 402b169c
 hêng²-ch'an³ 恒產
 hêng²-chih⁴ 恒勁
 hêng²-ch'ing² 恒情
 hêng²-chiu³ 恒久
 hêng²-hsiang¹ 恒相
 hêng²-hsin¹ 恒心
 hêng²-hsing¹ 恒星
 hêng²-jên³-chiu³-nai⁴ 恒忍久耐
 hêng² 行 衡 衡 401a169b
 hêng²-p'ing² 衡平
 hêng²-shan¹ 衡山
 hêng² 亨 亨 400c169a
 hêng²-t'ung¹ 亨通

HÈNG⁴ 言 諱 402c170c

HO¹ (hé) 口 喝 403a216b
 ho¹-ch'a² 喝茶
 ho¹-chiu³ 喝酒
 ho¹-feng¹ 喝風
 ho¹-shui³ 喝水
 ho¹-ta⁴-shêng¹ 喝大聲
 ho¹-tao⁴ 喝道
 ho¹-tao⁴-tzü³ 喝道子
 ho¹-t'ang¹ 喝湯
 ho¹-ts'ai³ 喝采
 ho¹-tsu²-liao³ 喝足了
 ho¹-tsui⁴ 喝醉
 ho¹-ya³-pa¹-chiu³ 喝啞吧酒
 ho¹ 口 呵 403c215a
 ho¹-ch'ien⁴ 呵欠
 ho¹-fêng⁴ 呵奉

HO² 口 合 407a217b
 ho²-chang³ 合掌

this way and that way, back and forth.
 misfortune, trouble. [(fan¹ tiao⁴
 horizontal and perpendicular; on no account
 inconsistent talk.
 an untimely death (yao¹ ming⁴).
 to lollop, to lounge.
 reckless, violent.
 constant, continual, of long continuance.
 patrimony; property, income.
 perseverance.
 one's general disposition; propensity.
 enduring for a long time or for ever.
 constant intercourse.
 perseverance, constancy.
 fixed stars.
 everlasting patience.
 crosswise; the beam of a balance.
 a pair of scales (t'ien¹ p'ing²).
 a famous mountain in Hunan.
 successful; persevering; extensive.
 persevering; going through with a thing.

to look at angrily; to berate.
 a shout, an angry exclamation; to drink.
 drink tea.
 to drink wine (yin³ chiu³).
 drink wind, e. g., vanity.
 drink water.
 to shout loudly, to bawl (han³ chiao⁴).
 shouting said.
 men who precede officials to clear the way, e.
 to drink soup.
 to applaud, to encore.
 have drunk enough (ch'ih¹ pao³ la).
 to get drunk (t'ung¹ yin³).
 to sit silent drinking wine.
 to expel the breath.
 a gape, a yawn (ha¹ hsi²).
 to flatter, to act the sycophant (ch'an³ mei⁴)
 to close, to join, to pair, to agree, to harmoni.
 to close or clasp the hands.

-ché ²	合轍	(cart wheels) fit the ruts.
-chü ²	合局	partnership in trade ; completion, completed.
-chung ⁴ .kuo ²	合衆國	the United States of America (mei ³ kuo ²).
-êrh ² -wei ² .i ¹	合而爲一	to bring into one.
-fa ²	合法	according to law, legal, lawful,
-fêng ⁴	合縫	the edges of the crack fitted together.
-hao ³	合好	friendly, agreeable.
-hsin ¹	合心	of one mind, to agree with one's views (tui ⁴ hsin ¹ [ssü ¹]).
-hu ¹ -tz ⁴ -ü ³	合手此	agreeing with this.
-hui ⁴	*合會	to assemble together.
-huo ³	合夥	to become partners (ta ¹ huo ³ chi ⁴).
-i ¹ -ta ³ -suan ⁴	合一打算	to estimate, to calculate, to plan.
-i ²	合宜	fit, proper.
-i ⁴	合意	to suit one's views.
-kai ¹	合該	it is destiny (ming ⁴)
-k'ou ³	合口	to shut the mouth ; of one opinion (in speech).
-k'ou ³ -t'ung ² -shêng ¹	合口同聲	with one voice (i ¹ k'ou ³ t'ung ² yin ¹).
-kuei ¹ -chü ⁴	合規矩	according to custom, usage or propriety.
-kung ⁴	合共	to make up the sum total ; all united.
-li ³	合理	reasonable, right.
-lung ³ -ch'ü ³ .lai ²	合攏起來	to unite many together, to aggregate.
-mei ³	合美	cordial, friendly (ho ² mei ⁴).
-mén ²	合門	to shut the door ; a family.
-mou ²	合謀	to conspire (t'ung ² mou ²).
-mu ⁴	合目	to close the eyes (pi ⁴ yen ³).
-ou ³	合偶	to pair, to unite in pairs.
-pên ³	合本	to unite capital.
-pi ³	合璧	side by side.
-shih ⁴	合式	to fit, to suit ; proper. [dient.
-shou ³	合手	equals in ability, etc., to close the hand ; obe-
-suan ⁴	合算	to add together, to reckon the sum of.
-tang ¹	合當	ought, should, proper to.
-tao ⁴ .li ³	合道理	reasonable, right.
-tsai ⁴ -i ¹ -k'uai ³	合在一塊	to join together.
-tsang ⁴	合葬	to be buried together.
-t'ung ²	合同	a government contract ; an agreement.
-wei ²	合圍	to enclose on all sides.
-wo ³ -ti ¹ -shih ⁴	合我的式	it suits me.
-yeh ⁴	合頁	hinges.
-yen ³	合眼	to close the eyes (pi ⁴ yen ³).
-yung ⁴	合用	to suit, to answer the purpose intended.
人	何	who? what? which? how? why? M. 451.
-ch'ang ²	何嘗	why? when? for what reason?

ho ² -chih ⁴ .ju ² -tz'ü ³	何至如此	why carry it to this extent ?
ho ² -ch'ü ¹ -tz'ü ³ -yen ²	何出此言	why do you utter such words ?
ho ² -fang ¹	何妨	what objection ? etc.
ho ² -hsing ⁴ -ho ² -ming ²	何姓名	what is your name and surname ?
ho ² -i ³	何以	how shall we ? etc.
ho ² -jên ² -chien ⁴ -chêng ⁴	何人見証	whose evidence is this ?
ho ² -ju ²	何如	how ? in what manner (tsên ³ yang ⁴).
ho ² -kan ¹	何干	what concern ? what business with ?
ho ² -kan ³	何敢	how dare ?
ho ² -k'an ¹	何堪	how can I ? how worthy to ? how adequate ?
ho ² -ku ⁴	何故	why ? on what account ? wherefore ?
ho ² -k'u ³	何苦	why ? what occasion ?
ho ² -k'u ³ -lai ²	*何苦來	how unfortunate ! why take the trouble ?
ho ² -k'uang ⁴	何況	how much more also ? how able thus to ?
ho ² -néng ²	何能	how able to ?
ho ² -pi ⁴	何必	what need or necessity ? who must ?
ho ² -p'in ³ -chi ²	何品級	what rank or degree ?
ho ² -pu ⁴	何不	why not ? to be sure, why shouldn't ?
ho ² -shih ²	何時	at what time ?
ho ² -shih ⁴	何事	what affair ?
ho ² -tê ² -ho ² -nêng ³	何德何能	what virtue, what ability ?
ho ² -têng ³	何等	what sort ?
ho ² -tsai ⁴	何在	at what place ? where ?
ho ² -ts'êng ²	何曾	how can ? how able to ?
ho ² -tsu ²	何足	what need ? why ?
ho ² -tsu ² -kua ⁴ -ch'ih ³	何足掛齒	don't mention it (polite).
ho ² -wang ³	何往	where are you going ?
ho ² -wei ²	何爲	why ? wherefore ? what are you doing ?
ho ³ -wu ⁴	何物	what or which thing ?
ho ² -yüan ² -ku ⁴	何緣故	why ?
ho ² -yung ⁴	何用	of what use ?
ho ²	水 彳	a river (chiang ¹).
ho ² -an ⁴	:	the bank of a river.
ho ² -ch'ien ³	:	the river is shallow.
ho ² -ch'ü ¹ -ts'ao ²	河出槽	the river overflows its banks.
ho ² -hsin ¹	河心	the bottom or channel of the river.
ho ² -k'ai ¹ -k'ou ³	河開口	there is a breach in the river banks.
ho ³ -kou ¹	河溝	dry bed of a torrent, gulch.
ho ² -k'ou ³	河口	the mouth of a river.
ho ² -li ³ -wu ² -yü ²	河裏無魚	there is no fish in the river.
ho ² -lu ⁴	河路	river travel (han ⁴ lu ⁴).
ho ² -nan ²	河南	the province of Honan. W. I. 97.
ho ² -pa ⁴	河壩	a dike, break-water.

-pien ¹	河邊	the river side.
-shên ¹	河深	the river is deep.
-shên ¹	河身	body, or "volume" of a river.
-t'an ¹	河灘	shallows, rapids in river.
-tao ⁴	河道	banks or bed of a river.
-têng ¹	河燈	river-lamps.
ti ¹	河堤	dyke on river bank.
-wan ¹	河灣	bend in the river.
-yen ²	河沿	the bank of a river ; along the river's bank.
卣 廿	荷 405b216a	the lotus or water-lily ; to bear, to sustain.
-ch'ih ²	荷池	a water-lily pond.
-fn ² -ch'ü ²	荷芙菜	marsh-mallows.
-hua ¹	荷花	the lotus blossom.
-hua ²	荷華	same.
-lan ² -kuo ²	荷蘭國	Holland.
-lan ² -shu ³	荷蘭薯	the European potato (shan ¹ yao ⁴ t'ou ² 'rh).
-lan ² -shui ³	荷蘭水	soda-water.
-pao ¹	荷包	a purse, a small bag.
-yeh ⁴	荷葉	leaves of the lotus.
-yüeh ⁴	荷月	"water-lily month," the 6th month. See Note 32
口 蘇 跃	和 406a254c	mild, agreeing, peaceful, harmony. See han ² .
-ch'ih ⁴	和氣	friendly feeling, goodwill.
-ch'ih ⁴ -chih ⁴ -hsiang ³	和氣致祥	goodwill is the best goodluck.
-êrh ² -liu ³	和而流	following the current, pliable.
-fêng ¹ -kan ¹ -yü ³	和風甘雨	seasonable winds and rains.
-hao ³	和好	to reconcile, to agree.
-ho ²	和合	to agree ; harmonious union.
-hsi ²	和息	to make up a quarrel, to become reconciled.
-hsi ² -ch'êng ² -tzü ³	和息呈子	statement handed in, when case is settled out of
-hsieh ²	和諧	connubial harmony. [court.
-mei ³	和美	peaceable, harmonious.
-mu ⁴	和睦	friendly ; amity, friendship.
-mu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -li ³	和睦鄉里	on friendly terms with your neighbors.
-ni ²	和泥	to mix earth with water.
-p'ing ²	和平	even tempered.
-shang ⁴	和尚	a Buddhist priest (sêng ¹ , pi ⁴ ch'iu ¹).
-shun ⁴	和順	agreeable, complaisant, obliging.
-t'a ¹	和他	with him (hsiang ⁴ t'a ¹).
-yen ² -yüeh ⁴ -sé ⁴	和顏悅色	a pleasant, smiling countenance.
-yüeh ⁴	和悅	delighted, happy, pleased.
-yüeh ⁴	和約	a treaty.
-yün ²	和勻	to mix properly or equally.
-wei ² -kuei ¹	和爲貴	harmony is of chief importance.

ho ² -wo ³ .i ¹ -t'ung ²		和我一同	together with me.
ho ²	門	闔家 408c218b	a door, to shut, to cover; all, a whole family.
ho ² -chai ²		闔宅	a whole family (chū ³ chia ¹).
ho ² -ch'ao ²		闔朝	military and civil officers of the court.
ho ² -chia ¹		闔家	a whole family (t'uan ² yüan ²).
ho ² .chia ¹ -huan ¹ -lé ⁴		闔家歡樂	the whole family enjoying themselves.
ho ² (hu)	木	核 409a234a	a kernel; a walnut; to calculate; the facts.
ho ² -ch'ao ²		核查	to thoroughly examine; to come to the facts.
ho ² -jén ²		核仁	the kernel of nuts.
ho ² -suan ⁴		核算	to calculate (ta ³ suan ⁴).
ho ² -t'ao ²		核桃	the walnut (hu ² t'ao ²).
ho ² -to ²		核奪	to ascertain the facts.
ho ²	禾	禾 405c254a	crops in general.
ho ² .chia ¹		禾稼	same (chuang ¹ chia ¹).
ho ² .miao ²		禾苗	the young blade of corn.
ho ² .pu ¹ -shih ²		禾卜實	grain not filled.
ho ² .shu ²		禾熟	the corn is ripe, ripe corn.
ho ² .shu ³		禾黍	millet (hsiao ³ mi ³ tzü ³).
ho ² -sui ¹		禾穗	an ear of corn.
ho ² -t'ien ²		禾田	corn field.
ho ²	衣	褐 403b217a	coarse woollen cloth; plush; an outer garment
ho ² -fu ¹		褐夫	a poor person.
ho ² -shan ¹		褐衫	a coarse shirt.
ho ² (tzü)	皿	盒 408a218a	{ a small box; to cover over; a cover (hsia ¹ } { hsiang ¹).
ho ² .ka ¹		盒蓋	lid of a box.
ho ²	西	覈 409a220c	to examine, to investigate; to verify.
ho ² -ch'ao ²		覈查	to examine, to investigate.
ho ²	日	曷 403a216a	why? why not?
ho ² .shêng ⁴ -hsin ¹ -wei ²		曷勝欣慰	I am highly delighted.
HO ⁴	赤	赫 409b219a	bright, fiery; a great reputation.
ho ⁴ -ho ⁴		赫赫	great reputation.
ho ⁴ -ho ⁴ .yu ³ .ming ³		赫赫有名	same.
ho ⁴ .hsien ³		赫顯	brilliantly displayed.
ho ⁴ -ming ²		赫明	to burn brightly or clearly.
ho ⁴ .nu ¹		赫怒	very angry.
ho ⁴	具	賀 410c216c	to congratulate; congratulations; to receive.
ho ⁴ -ch'ing ¹		賀慶	to congratulate; congratulation (ch'ing ⁴ ho ⁴).
ho ⁴ -fung ²		賀房	the office of congratulations in yaméns.
ho ⁴ -hao ⁴		賀號	to give extra name in compliment.
ho ⁴ -hsi ³		賀喜	to congratulate.
ho ⁴ -hsin ¹ -nien ³		賀新年	new year's congratulations.

4-jên ² -shêng ¹ -kuan ¹	賀人陞官	congratulate on official promotion.
4-jên ² -shêng ¹ -tzū ³	賀人生子	congratulate on birth of a son.
4-lao ²	賀勞	to reward merit.
4-li ⁴	賀吏	the clerks of the office of congratulation.
4-shou ⁴	賀壽	birthday congratulation (shêng ¹ jih ⁴).
4	壑	the bed of a torrent ; a ditch, a pit, a pond.
4-kou ¹	壑溝	a ditch.
4-ti ³	壑底	the bed of a ditch, etc.
4 (hao)	水澇	water dried up ; exhausted.
4-ché ²	涸轍	same.
001	鼻 齁	to snore ; very, extremely.
n ³ -ch'í ⁴ -hsi ²	齁氣息	stiflingly rank (shan ¹ hsing ⁴).
n ³ -ch'ou ⁴	齁臭	stinking.
n ³ -han ⁴	齁汗	to snore (ta ³ hu ¹ lu ³).
n ³ -hsien ²	齁鹹	extremely salt, briny salt.
n ³ -hsing ¹	齁腥	stiflingly rank.
n ³ -k'u ³	齁苦	dreadfully bitter.
n ³ -ping ⁴	齁病	asthma.
n ³ -sao ¹	齁臊	very rancid.
n ³ -suan ¹	齁酸	very sour.
002	人 侯	the 2nd rank of nobility, a marquis
ou ² -chüeh ²	侯爵	same.
ou ² -po ²	侯伯	2nd and 3rd rank of noblemen.
ou ² -wei ⁴	侯位	the rank of a marquis.
ou ² -yeh ²	侯爺	a marquis.
ou ²	犬 猴	the monkey (hsing ¹ hsing ¹).
ou ² -ching ¹	猴精	clever, sharp, shrewd.
ou ² -êrh ²	猴兒	the monkey.
ou ² -êrh ² -ssü ⁴ -ti ¹	猴兒似的	like a monkey.
ou ² -hsiang ⁴	猴像	resembling a monkey.
ou ² -hsing ²	猴形	the figure of a monkey.
ou ² -k'uai ⁴	猴快	quick, agile, sharp (miu ³ chieh ²).
ou ² -t'ou ² -hou ² -nao ³	猴頭猴髒	as ugly as a monkey.
ou ²	口 喉	the windpipe, the gullet, the throat.
ou ² -lung ²	喉嚨	same (sang ³ tzü ³).
ou ² (tzü)	疔 瘡	a spot, a pimple, a wart.
003	口 吼	the lowing of oxen ; an angry tone ; asthmatic.
ou ³ -chiao ⁴	吼叫	to bawl out (ho ¹ tao ⁴).
ou ³ -ti ¹ -i ¹ -shêng ¹	吼的一聲	roared out (hu ¹ han ³).

HOU⁴

hou⁴-ch'êng²

hou⁴-chiu³

hou⁴-chung⁴

hou⁴-ên¹

hou -fei⁴

hou⁴-li³

hou⁴-lien³

hou⁴-lu⁴

hou⁴-pao²

hou⁴-p'in⁴

hou⁴-shêng⁴

hou⁴-tai⁴

hou⁴-tao⁴

hou⁴-tê²-tsai¹-fu²

hou⁴-tun¹-tun¹-ti¹

hou⁴-tzũ²-po²-pei³

hou⁴-wei⁴

hou⁴-yen²

hou⁴

hou⁴-ch'ang²

hou⁴-chi⁴

hou⁴-chieh¹

hou⁴-êrh³

hou⁴-han⁴

hou⁴-hsin¹

hou⁴-hsü⁴

hou⁴-hui³

hou⁴-hui³-ch'ih²

hou⁴-hui³-pu⁴-chi¹

hou⁴-hui⁴-yu³-ch'i²

hou⁴-hun¹

hou⁴-i⁴

hou⁴-jên²

hou⁴-jih⁴

hou⁴-lai²

hou⁴-lao³-p'o²

hou⁴-ma¹

hou⁴-mên²

hou⁴-mien⁴

hou⁴-mo⁴-i³

hou⁴-mu³

hou⁴-pan⁴-t'ien¹

厂 厚⁴13a176b

厚誠

厚酒

厚重

厚恩

厚費

厚禮

厚臉

厚祿

厚薄

厚聘

厚勝

厚待

厚道

厚德

載福

厚敦敦的

厚此薄彼

厚味

厚顏

彳 後⁴13b175c

後塲

後繼

後街

後兒

後漢

後心

後續

後悔

後悔遲

後悔不及

後悔有期

後婚

後裔

後人

後日

後來

後老

婆

後媽

後門

後面

後末

尾

後母

後半天

thick ; weighty ; great, liberal, generous, kind honest, sincere, true.

generous wine.

thick and heavy ; liberal and steady.

great kindness.

to lavish, to go to extra expense.

a liberal present.

brazen-faced (ssü³ p'ï² lai⁴ lien³).

liberal salary or emoluments.

thick, thin ; liberal, stingy ; kind, ungracious.

a liberal marriage portion.

a great victory, a great advantage over.

to treat a person liberally and kindly.

liberal.

the virtuous have felicity.

quite thick, generous.

honor this, and despise that.

savoury (k'ai¹ k'ou³ wei⁴).

shameless, brazen-faced ; good-looking.

after, behind, in time or place ; posterity.

a greenroom.

descendants (miao³ i⁴).

the street on the north side vs. the south.

day after to-morrow.

dynasty of the After Han (221—264 A. D.).

the back.

descendants ; supplementary.

to regret, to repent (hui³ kai³).

repentance is too late.

too late for repentance.

we shall meet again.

a second marriage.

posterity.

same.

the day after to-morrow.

afterwards, hereafter.

a second marriage.

a step-mother.

a back-door.

behind.

the hindmost.

a step-mother.

afternoon.

u ⁴ -pei ⁴	後輩	after generations, those that come after.
u ⁴ -pien ¹	後邊	behind.
u ⁴ -shang ³	後晌	afternoon ; evening.
u ⁴ -shên ¹	後生	a young man, a lad, children, young folks.
u ⁴ -shên ¹ -k'o ³ -wei ⁴	後生可畏	the young are to be revered.
u ⁴ -shih ⁴	後世	after generations ; succeeding generations.
u ⁴ -shou ⁵	後手	afterwards.
u ⁴ -ssü ⁴	後嗣	an heir ; children and grandchildren, descend.
u ⁴ -ssü ⁴ -tzü ² -sun ¹	後嗣子孫	descendants, posterity.
u ⁴ -tai ⁴	後代	after generations.
u ⁴ -t'ai ²	後臺	a greenroom.
u ⁴ -tang ¹ -ch'ê ¹	後轎車	special cart used by high officials in Peking.
u ⁴ -tao ⁴ -ti ¹	後到的	came afterwards.
u ⁴ -t'ien ¹	後天	the day after to-morrow.
u ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -pu ⁴ -tsu ²	後天不足	his body is weak.
u ⁴ -t'ing ²	後庭	the anus ; a back hall.
u ⁴ -t'ou ²	後頭	behind, after.
u ⁴ -t'ou ² -yu ³ -chê ²	後頭有轍	the cart leaves a rut as a warning.
u ⁴	人候	time ; to wait ; to expect ; to enquire ; to protect.
u ⁴ -chia ¹ -yin ¹	候佳音	I await your answer.
u ⁴ -cho ²	候著	waiting (têng ³ hou ⁴).
u ⁴ -ch'üeh ¹	候缺	to wait for a vacancy.
u ⁴ -ho ⁴	候駕	I await your coming (in imitations).
u ⁴ -hsü ³ -chiu ³	候許久	to wait a long time.
u ⁴ -hsüan ³	候選	to await selection (of officials) ; expectant.
u ⁴ -hsüan ³ -chih ¹ -hsien ⁴	候選知縣	expectant district magistrate.
u ⁴ -jên ²	候人	an usher, a person in waiting.
u ⁴ -kuang ²	候光	I await your company.
u ⁴ -mo ⁴	候脉	to feel the pulse (hao ⁴ mo ⁴ , p'ing ² mo ⁴).
u ⁴ -ni ³ -ch'ih ¹ -fan ⁴	候你吃飯	I will pay for your dinner.
u ⁴ -pu ³	候補	to wait to fill a vacancy, expectant official.
u ⁴	口后	after, behind ; a queen, a prince, a governor.
u ⁴ -fei ¹	后妃	queens, and royal concubines.
u ⁴ -t'ou ²	后頭	behind, after.
u ⁴ -t'u ³	后土	Imperial Earth.
SI ¹	西	the west ; European.
i ¹ -ch'uan ¹	西川	a name of Jehol (熱河), summer palace.
i ¹ -fa ³	西法	European methods.
i ¹ -fang ¹	西方	the west.
i ¹ -hsi ³	西席	a teacher, cr. tung ¹ chia ¹ .
i ¹ -hu ²	西湖	the western lakes (in Chekiang).
i ¹ -hu ² -ching ³	西湖景	peep-shows (la ¹ yang ² p'ieu ⁴).

<i>hsi¹-hu²-lu²</i>	西葫蘆	a kind of pumpkin or gourd.
<i>hsi¹-hung²-shih⁴-tzü³</i>	西紅柿子	the tomato.
<i>hsi¹-jên²</i>	西人	Europeans; natives of Shansi.
<i>hsi¹-kua¹</i>	西瓜	the water-melon.
<i>hsi¹-kua¹-p'ei²</i>	西瓜皮	melon-rind; a cap.
<i>hsi¹-kuo²</i>	西國	western countries, Europe.
<i>hsi¹-ling²</i>	西陵	western imperial tombs.
<i>hsi¹-nan²</i>	西南	south-west.
<i>hsi¹-pei³</i>	西北	north-west.
<i>hsi¹-p'ei²-êrh⁴-huang³</i>	西皮二簧	Anhui music.
<i>hsi¹-pien¹</i>	西邊	on the west side, westward.
<i>hsi¹-pien⁴-mên²</i>	西便門	west small gate (Peking).
<i>hsi¹-pin¹</i>	西賓	a teacher in a family of <i>tung¹-chia¹</i> (his patron
<i>hsi¹-ssü¹</i>	西司	Provincial Judge (<i>nieh⁴ t'ai²</i>).
<i>hsi¹-t'ien¹</i>	西天	Paradise of the Buddhists.
<i>hsi¹-ts'ai¹</i>	西崽	a servant.
<i>hsi¹-tsang⁴</i>	西藏	Thibet. W. I. 237.
<i>hsi¹-tsang⁴-la³-ma¹</i>	西藏喇嘛	Thibetan lamas.
<i>hsi¹-yang²</i>	西洋	the western ocean; foreign countries; Portuga
<i>hsi¹-yang²-ching³</i>	西洋景	peep-shows.
<i>hsi¹-yu²-chi⁴</i>	西遊記	Travels in the West (popular novel). M. 230
<i>hsi¹-yü⁴</i>	西域	western regions, Europe, Mohammedan states
<i>hsi¹-yü⁴-hui²-hui²</i>	西域回回	Mohammedans of the west.
<i>hsi¹</i>	希	few, rare, seldom, unfrequent; to hope. M. 410
<i>hsi¹-ai³</i>	希矮	very low.
<i>hsi¹-chai³</i>	希窄	excessively narrow (<i>chai³ pa⁴</i>).
<i>hsi¹-ch'ei²</i>	希奇	wonderful (<i>ch'u¹ ch'i²</i>).
<i>hsi¹-han³</i>	希罕	rare.
<i>hsi¹-hua²</i>	希滑	slippery.
<i>hsi¹-juan³</i>	希軟	very soft, limber.
<i>hsi¹-k'o⁴</i>	希客	a rare guest.
<i>hsi¹-la⁴</i>	希臘	Greece.
<i>hsi¹-lêng³-ch'ing¹</i>	希冷清	very cool, lonesome.
<i>hsi¹-li⁴-ni²</i>	希利尼	Greece.
<i>hsi¹-nên⁴</i>	希嫩	exceedingly tender.
<i>hsi¹-pai²-lai²</i>	希伯來	Hebrew.
<i>hsi¹-p'o⁴</i>	希破	all in tatters (<i>p'o⁴ lan⁴</i>).
<i>hsi¹-shou⁴</i>	希壽	an old man (70 years of age).
<i>hsi¹-su⁴</i>	希碎	in bits; all in flinders.
<i>hsi¹-t'u²</i>	希圖	to scheme; to hope for.
<i>hsi¹-tun⁴</i>	希鈍	miserably dull.
<i>hsi¹-wang⁴</i>	希望	to hope for (<i>chih³ wang⁴</i>).
<i>hsi¹</i>	希稀	open, apart; few; careless, inattentive, remiss

巾

禾

416b176a

417a177a

si ¹ -ch ⁴ i ²	稀奇	wonderful, strange.
si ¹ -ch ⁴ ou ²	稀稠	thickness, consistency, viscosity.
si ¹ -fan ⁴	稀飯	congee-porridge.
si ¹ -han ³	稀罕	rare (ch'ing ¹ i ⁴ pu ⁴).
si ¹ -la ¹ -la ¹ -ti ¹	稀拉拉的	few and far between.
si ¹ -lan ⁴	稀爛	cooked very soft. (nobody knows everything) <u>to pieces</u>
si ¹ -liu ¹ -liu ¹ -ti ¹	稀溜溜的	quite thin, flowing.
si ¹ -mi ⁴	稀密	sparse and dense, open and close.
si ¹ -shao ³	稀少	scarce, few.
si ¹ -shou ⁴	稀瘦	very poor.
si ¹ -su ²	稀疏	open, apart.
si ¹ -sung ¹ -p'ing ² -ch'ang ²	稀鬆平常	insignificant, immaterial.
si ¹	口 嘻	418c178a to laugh, to giggle, to titter.
si ¹ -hsi ¹ -ho ¹ -ho ¹	嘻嘻哈哈	giggling and laughing.
si ¹ -hsi ¹ -ku ¹ -ku ¹	嘻嘻嘎嘎	same.
si ¹ -hsiao ⁴	嘻嘻笑	to giggle and laugh.
si ¹	女 嬉	418c178a to play, to frolic, to ramble; handsome, pretty.
si ¹ -hsi ⁴	嬉戲	childish play, romping.
si ¹ -hsiao ⁴	嬉笑	to make fun, to giggle; playing and laughing.
si ¹ -wan ³	嬉玩	to frolic, to play pranks.
si ¹ -yu ³	嬉遊	a pleasure excursion.
si ¹	口 噓	422c203c to inspire, to inhale, to draw in; to drink.
si ¹ -ch ⁴ i ⁴	吸氣	to draw in the breath.
si ¹ -ch ⁴ i ⁴ -t'ung ³	吸氣筒	an air-pump.
si ¹ -i ¹ -k'ou ³ -yen ¹	吸一口煙	to take a smoke.
si ¹ -li ⁴	吸力	power of attraction.
si ¹ -t'iel ³ -shih ³	吸鐵石	loadstone (tz'ü ² shih ²).
si ¹ -ya ¹ -p'ien ⁴ -yen ¹	吸鴉片煙	to smoke opium.
si ¹ -yen ¹	吸煙	to smoke tobacco or opium (ch'ou ¹ yen ¹ , ch'ih ¹ [yen ¹]).
si ¹ -yin ³	吸飲	to sip.
si ¹	火 熙	422a177c flourishing, prosperous, harmonizing; bright.
si ¹ -ho ²	熙和	flourishing and harmonizing.
si ¹ -kuang ¹	熙光	splendour.
si ¹	夕	421c804a the evening; inclined, at right angles.
si ¹ -jih ⁴	夕日	the last day of the year; the setting sun.
si ¹ -s ih ⁴	夕室	a house not at right angles; a dark room.
si ¹ (chi)	木 棲	415b788c a perch, a roost; to perch; to rest, to desist.
si ¹ -chih ³	棲止	to stop, to cease.
si ¹	日 晢	416a802c clear, bright, distinct; to explain clearly.
si ¹ -ming ³	晰明	clear, bright, explicit.
si ¹	羊 羲	420a177b name of the founder of the Chinese monarchy.
si ¹ -nung ² -huang ² -ti ⁴	*羲農皇帝	Hsi-Nung (the first Chinese monarch). B.C. 2737.
si ¹	牛 犧	420a177b victims for sacrifice.

<i>hsi¹-shêng¹</i>		犧牲
<i>hsi¹-shêng¹-so³</i>		犧牲所
<i>hsi¹</i>	巾	席 ^{423a804b}
<i>hsi¹-shang⁴-k⁴o⁴-man³</i>		席上客滿
<i>hsi¹</i>	牛	犀 ^{t23a789a}
<i>hsi¹-chiao¹</i>		犀角
<i>hsi¹-ni²</i>		犀牛
<i>hsi¹</i>	大	奚 ^{417c178b}
<i>hsi¹</i>	水	溪 ^{96b341a}
<i>hsi¹</i>	火	烹 ^{419a178b}
<i>hsi¹</i>	入	芬 ^{419b179a}

HSI²	羽	習 ^{419b805a}
<i>hsi¹-ch'ung²</i>		習重
<i>hsi²-êr²-pu⁴-ch'á²</i>		習而不察
<i>hsi²-hsiao²</i>		習學
<i>hsi²-jan³-ch'êng²-hsing⁴</i>		習染成性
<i>hsi²-kuan⁴</i>		習慣
<i>hsi²-lien⁴</i>		習鍊
<i>hsi²-shou²</i>		習熟
<i>hsi²-su²</i>		習俗
<i>hsi²-tzu⁴</i>		習字
<i>hsi²</i>	心	惜 ^{421b802b}
<i>hsi²-ai⁴</i>		惜愛
<i>hsi²-ch'ien³</i>		惜錢
<i>hsi²-fü²</i>		惜福
<i>hsi²-kuang¹-yin¹</i>		惜光陰
<i>hsi²-lao²-lien²-p'in²</i>		惜老憐貧
<i>hsi²-nien⁴</i>		惜念
<i>hsi²-p'i²-ai⁴-jou⁴</i>		惜皮愛肉
<i>hsi²-shên³</i>		惜身
<i>hsi²-tzu⁴-chih³</i>		惜字紙
<i>hsi²-tzu⁴-hui¹-kuan³</i>		惜字會館
<i>hsi²</i>	心	息 ^{415b803c}
<i>hsi²-chêng¹-pa⁴-sun⁴</i>		息爭罷訟
<i>hsi²-ch'ien²</i>		息錢
<i>hsi²-chih³</i>		息止
<i>hsi²-li⁴</i>		息利
<i>hsi²-nu⁴</i>		息怒
<i>hsi²-ping¹-an¹-min²</i>		息兵安民
<i>hsi²</i>	衣	襲 ^{424b805b}
<i>hsi²-ch'ü³</i>		*襲取
<i>hsi²-chüeh²</i>		襲爵

same.

place of Sacrifice.

a mat ; a repast, an entertainment.

a feast with many guests.

the rhinoceros.

rhinoceros horn (a medicine).

a rhinoceros.

how? why? a servant, an attendant.

a mountain stream.

hot, burning, heat; to roast, to boil.

a tone of interrogation or admiration (poetry).

to practise, to accustom; to repeat; custom.

to reiterate, to repeat.

to adopt without investigation.

to learn and practice what one learns.

habits become disposition.

accustomed to, used to, versed in, expert at.

to practise.

perfect.

custom, usage; accustomed to.

to learn or practise characters.

regard, affection; to pay, to regret; sparing.

to pity, to compassionate.

to spare or save money (chien⁴ shêng³).

to make sparing use of prosperity.

to be sparing of time.

to pity the old and poor.

to pity, to compassionate.

self-indulgent.

to take care of one's self (ai⁴ hsi² p'i² jou⁴).to spare written paper (ching¹ hsi² tzu⁴ chih³).

a guild for collecting written paper.

to breathe, to desist; to increase; interest.

cease fighting and lawsuits.

interest money.

to stop, to cease.

interest (li⁴ hsi²).to appease anger (hsiao¹ ch'ü⁴).

to cease war and pacify the people.

in succession; to inherit; hereditary; to receive

to do unknown to one; to lift up.

hereditary rank.

² -ên ¹	襲恩	to receive favour,
² -fêng ¹	襲封	hereditary title, etc.
² -kuan ¹	襲官	hereditary office.
² -shou ⁴	襲受	to receive (as favour, etc.).
² -yin ⁴	襲蔭	to inherit a title.
	金錫 ^{426a803b}	tin ; to confer, to bestow ; to receive (han ⁴).
² -ch'i ⁴	錫器	tin ware.
² -chiang ⁴	錫匠	a tinker, a plumber (hsiao ³ lu ² chiang ⁴).
² -ên ¹	錫恩	to bestow grace.
² -hu ²	錫壺	a pewter pot.
² -lu ⁴ .ting ³ -tzü ³	錫鐵頂子	pewter knob on sedan chair.
² -po ⁴	錫箔	tin foil.
	日昔 ^{421a802a}	formerly, a long time ago, anciently.
² -fei ¹ -chin ¹ -shih ⁴	昔非今是	formerly not so, but now it is so.
² -jih ⁴	昔日	on a former day.
² -nien ²	昔年	in former years.
	火熄 ^{415c804a}	to extinguish fire, etc.
² -mieh ⁴	熄滅	same.
	女媳 ^{415c804a}	a wife, a married woman ; a daughter-in-law.
² -fū ⁴	媳婦	same.
	心悉 ^{424a804c}	to investigate thoroughly ; entirely, all ; minutely.
² -chih ¹	悉知	to know fully, to know all.
	肉月膝 ^{424b804c}	knees.
² -hsia ⁴	膝下	children.
² (tzü)	艸蓆 ^{423b804c}	a mat.
SI ³	口喜 ^{418b180a}	pleasure, joy ; to felicitate ; to desire, to wish.
² -ai ⁴	喜愛	to delight in, to take pleasure in.
² -chao ⁴	喜詔	edict announcing the accession of a new emperor.
² -chao ⁴	喜兆	joyful omen (chi ² li ⁴).
² -ch'i ¹ -ying ² -mên ²	喜氣盈門	may joy fill your doors !
² -chiao ⁴	喜轎	the bridal chair.
² -ch'iao ³	喜鵲	the magpie (ch'u ² ni ²).
² -chiu ³	喜酒	wine drunk in congratulation.
² -ch'u ¹ -wang ⁴ -wai ⁴	喜出望外	joy beyond all expectation.
² -hao ⁴	喜好	to delight in.
² hsiao ⁴	喜笑	to smile with pleasure.
² -hsiao ⁴ -yen ² -k'ai ¹	喜笑顏開	face expansive with smiles.
² -hsin ¹	喜欣	pleased, delighted.
² -hsin ¹ -yen ⁴ -ku ³	喜新厭故	too fond of novelty.
² -hsin ¹	喜信	joyful news.
² -huan ¹	喜歡	to like, to feel pleasure in.
² -jung ²	喜容	a pleased countenance ; a portrait.

hsi ³ -lê ⁴	喜樂	joy, delight, to rejoice (k'uai ⁴ lê ⁴).
hsi ³ -mêng ⁴	喜夢	a pleasant dream.
hsi ³ -nu ⁴	喜怒	pleasure and displeasure, joy and anger.
hsi ³ -pao ⁴ -san ⁴ -yüan ²	喜報三元	joyful news of a triple first at examinations.
hsi ³ -ping ⁴	喜病	sickness of pregnancy.
hsi ³ -sé ⁴	喜色	a joyful countenance (ho ² yen ² yüeh ⁴ sé ⁴).
hsi ³ -shih ⁴	喜事	a joyful event or affair.
hsi ³ tai ⁴ -kao ¹ -mao ⁴	喜戴高帽	fond of praise
hsi ³ -ti ⁴ -mo ² -fa ²	喜的沒法	beside one's self with joy.
hsi ³ tzu ³	*喜子	a species of spider (chih ¹ chu ² wang ³).
hsi ³ tzu ³ -tzu ¹ -ti ¹	喜孜孜的	covered with smiles, very happy.
hsi ³ tzu ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -lai ²	喜自天來	joy coming from heaven; unexpected pleasure
hsi ³ -yüeh ⁴	喜悅	gratified, pleased, delighted.
hsi ³ 水	洗	to wash, to cleanse (cho ²).
hsi ³ ch'ên ²	洗塵	to wash away the filth—of the world.
hsi ³ -ch'êng ²	洗城	to raze a city, to clear it of inhabitants [p'ô ⁴ (kung
hsi ³ -ch'ü ¹ -tsui ⁴ -o ⁴	洗去罪惡	to wash away his sins.
hsi ³ hsin ¹	洗心	to cleanse the heart, to reform.
hsi ³ -i ¹ -ko ⁴ -tsao ³	洗一個澡	to have a bath.
hsi ³ -i ¹ shang ¹	洗衣裳	to wash clothes (ts'ô ¹ i ¹ shang ¹).
hsi ³ -kan ¹ -ching ¹ -t'a ¹	洗乾淨他	to wash it clean.
hsi ³ -li ³	洗禮	rite of baptism (chin ¹ li ³).
hsi ³ -lien ³	洗臉	to wash the face.
hsi ³ -lien ³ -p'ên ²	洗臉盆	a wash-hand basin.
hsi ³ pa ¹	洗把	to wash.
hsi ³ -po ¹	洗剝	to strip.
hsi ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'ing ¹	洗不清	cannot be washed clean.
hsi ³ -pu ⁴ -tiao ⁴	洗不掉	can't wash out, e. g., a stain.
hsi ³ -san ⁴	洗三	washing on 3rd day of new born child.
hsi ³ -shou ³	洗手	to wash the hands, to reform.
hsi ³ -s'ua ¹	洗刷	to wash and scrub.
hsi ³ -t ou ²	洗頭	to wash the head.
hsi ³ -tsao ³	洗澡	to have a bath (mu ⁴ yü ⁴).
hsi ³ -tsao ³ -t'ang ²	洗澡塘	a public bath.
hsi ³ -yüan ¹	洗冤	to wash away injuries; redress, satisfaction.
hsi ³ 示	禧	auspicious, felicitous; happy, blissful.
hsi ³ -ch'ing ⁴	禧慶	felicitous (chi ² li ⁴).
hsi ³ -ko ⁴	禧賀	to felicitate; auspicious (ch'ing ⁴ ho ⁴).
hsi ³ -nien ²	禧年	New Year's joy.
hsi ³ -s ih ⁴	禧事	an auspicious event.
hsi ³ (ch'i ⁴) 迄	迄	to reach to, to extend to, to, till; finally. [ch' (S
hsi ³ -c'ün ¹	迄今	till now.
hsi ³ -ching ⁴	迄竟	finally, at last.

	千	徙 ^{422b789b}	to change, to remove ; removed, transported.
0		徙遷	to shift one's place of abode.
1		徙移	a shift, to remove.
2	玉璽	璽 ^{425a790a}	imperial or national seal.
3			
4	糸	細 ^{427a790b}	fine, small, petty, trifling, delicate.
5		細察	to examine minutely (<i>hsiang² hsi⁴</i>).
6		細講	to go into detail.
7		細緻	fine, beautiful.
8		細緻手	a hand delicately shaped.
9		細究	to carefully investigate.
0		細嚼爛咽	to slowly masticate.
1		細吹細打	low gentle music.
2		細細	carefully, minutely.
3		細小	petty, trifling.
4		細心	attentive.
5		細心揣摩	to carefully reflect upon.
6		細行	trifling conduct ; very attentive.
7		細軟	fine and soft.
8		細看	to look carefully or closely.
9		細高姚	slender and tall.
0		細狗	a greyhound.
1		細故	a trifle.
2		細密	small, delicate.
3		細麪	fine flour.
4		細膩	(skin) fine.
5		細皮白肉	youthful beauty.
6		細布	fine cloth.
7		細水長流	economical (<i>chien³ shêng³</i>).
8		細說	to explain or tell in detail.
9		細甜	very sweet (<i>kan⁴ t'ien²</i>).
0		細作	a spy (<i>chien¹ hsi⁴, tso⁴ hsien⁴</i>).
1		細粗	fine and coarse.
2		細微	small, minute ; particular.
3		細腰	a slender waist.
4		細雨	fine gentle rain (<i>ch'ing¹ fêng¹ hsi⁴ yü³</i>).
5	戈	戲 ^{420b180c}	theatricals, a play ; to play, to sport, to trifle.
6		戲場	a theatre.
7		戲法	sleight-of-hand tricks, juggling.
8		戲戲	to laugh, to have fun.
9		戲箱	trunks containing actors' dresses, hence = <i>dresses</i> .
0		戲笑	to ridicule, to laugh at.
1		戲衣	theatrical clothes.

hsi ⁴ i'-ch'u ²	戲一齣	one theatrical play.
hsi ⁴ -lou ²	戲樓	a theatre.
hsi ⁴ -lung ⁴	戲弄	to mock, to trifle and use familiarities with.
hsi ⁴ -pan ⁴	戲班	a theatrical troupe.
hsi ⁴ -pao ⁴	戲報	a theatrical announcement (placard).
hsi ⁴ -pen ³	戲本	theatrical books (ch'ang ⁴ pên ³).
hsi ⁴ -p'o ² -tzu ³	戲婆子	an actress.
hsi ⁴ -shua ³	戲耍	to play, to trifle, to pass the time idly.
hsi ⁴ -t'ai ²	戲臺	a stage for theatrical performances.
hsi ⁴ -tan ¹	戲單	programme of performance.
hsi ⁴ -tan ⁴	戲旦	personator of female parts (ch'ang ⁴ tan ⁴ ti ¹).
hsi ⁴ -t'an ²	戲談	to jest, to joke (wan ² shua ³).
hsi ⁴ -tu ³	戲賭	to play games of chance.
hsi ⁴ -tzu ³	戲子	an actor.
hsi ⁴ -wu ² -i ¹	戲無益	theatricals are useless.
hsi ⁴ -yen ²	戲言	a jest ; to jest, to joke.
hsi ⁴ -yüan ²	戲園	a theatre within an enclosure.
hsi ⁴	人係	concern, consequences ; related to, belonging to
hsi ⁴ -ch'in ¹	係	related to, connected (ch'in ¹ shu ³).
hsi ⁴ -ku ⁴	係	to be an old friend.
hsi ⁴ -lei ³	係	to bind, bound.
hsi ⁴ -lüan ²	係	bound in affection, ardent attachment.
hsi ⁴ -s'ih ⁴	係	relating to the age.
hsi ⁴ -shu ³	係	connected with, related to, belonging to.
hsi ⁴ -yu ³	係	friendly relations.
hsi ⁴	系	to connect, to let down. Also chi ⁴ .
hsi ⁴ -ch'uan ²	繫船	to moor a vessel (k'ao ⁴ ch'uan ²).
hsi ⁴ -êrh ²	繫兒	a hooped handle (t'i ² hsi ⁴ êrh ²).
hsi ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	繫下去	to let down, as by a rope.
hsi ⁴ -hsü ⁴	繫續	connected, joined.
hsi ⁴ -lien ²	繫聯	to follow ; to depend on circumstances.
hsi ⁴ -ma ³	繫馬	to tie up a horse (shuan ¹ ma ³).
hsi ⁴ -nien ⁴	繫念	longing thoughts.
hsi ⁴ -shang ⁴ -tai ¹ -tzu ³	繫上帶子	to tie a girdle, or garter.
hsi ⁴	虫係	the fighting cricket (tsao ⁴ chi ¹).
hsi ⁴ -shuai ⁴	蟋	same.
hsi ⁴	系	to connect, connected ; relation to ; in success
hsi ⁴ -chi ⁴	系	to be connected.
hsi ⁴ -chi ⁴	系	to tie together.
hsi ⁴ (ch'i ⁴)	隙	crack, quarrel.
HSIA ¹	目	blind, blindness ; ignorance.
hsia ¹ -chua ¹	瞎抓	to blindly clutch ; to do anything for a livin

1. ch'ung ¹	瞎充	muddle, blundering.
1. han ⁴	瞎漢	a blind or ignorant person (Chinese).
1. hu ² -nao ⁴	瞎胡鬧	to make a disturbance.
1. hua ⁴	瞎話	lies, falsehood (ch'ê ³ huang ³).
1. i ¹ -yen ³	瞎一眼	blind of one eye.
1. ku ¹ -êrh ²	瞎姑兒	blind singing-women.
1. lai ⁴	瞎賴	to accuse, to lay the blame on.
1. méng ²	瞎蟲	a horse-fly, gadfly.
1. tzu ³	瞎子	a blind person
1. yen ³	瞎眼	blind (shih ¹ mu ⁴).
1	魚 (蝦)	429b182c crabs, prawns, shrimps, lobsters.
1	虫 (蝦)	429a182c same. See ha ² .
1. Chiang ⁴	蝦醬	shrimp sauce.
1. Hsieh ¹	蝦蟹	shrimps and crabs, crabs.
1. Hsü ¹	蝦鬚	the feelers of shrimps.
1. jên ²	蝦仁	shelled lobsters.
1. k'ang ¹	蝦糠	shrimp's husks.
1. mi ³	蝦米	dried prawns or shrimps (without husks).
1. p'î ² -tzu ³	蝦皮子	shrimp's husks.
1. yu ²	蝦油	shrimp oil.
1A ²	車 轄	430a185c to regulate, to govern.
2. ch'ih ⁴	轄制	to rule over, to coerce.
2. han ³ -mu ³	轄罕木	a sort of <i>cheval-de-frise</i> .
2. kuan ³	轄管	to regulate, to govern.
2	犬 狹	430c186a compressed, narrow, circumscribed.
2. ai ⁴	狹益	narrow.
2. ch'ai ³	狹窄	narrow (chai ³ hsia ²).
2. Hsiao ³	狹小	small, narrow.
2. tao ⁴	狹道	a narrow road.
2	人 俠	144b356b chivalric, generous, disinterested.
2. ch'î ⁴	俠氣	a generous disposition.
2. î ⁴	俠義	chivalric, Quixotic, brave (hao ² chieh ²).
2. lieh ⁴	俠烈	chivalrous, brave.
2	雨 霞	429a182a a halo, vapour; red sky, variegated clouds.
2. kuang ¹	霞光	a halo.
2. kuang ¹ -wan ⁴ -tao ⁴	霞光萬道	glowing rays shine in all directions, e.g., sunset.
2. p'ei ¹	霞帔	a cloak, a sleeveless mantle.
2. ts'ai ³	霞彩	variegated clouds (yün ² hsiao ¹).
2	玉 瑕	428c183a fractured, split, cracked; a flaw, error, fault.
2. lieh ⁴	瑕裂	a split or rent (fêng ⁴).
2. tzu ¹	瑕疵	a weak point, a blemish (mao ² ping ⁴ , ch'üeh ¹).
2	日 暇	428c184b leisure, unoccupied, disengaged (k'ung ¹ êrh).

<i>hsia</i> ² . <i>jih</i> ⁴		暇日	a day of leisure.
<i>hsia</i> ² . <i>shih</i> ²		暇時	leisure time (<i>hsien</i> ² <i>shih</i> ²).
<i>hsia</i> ²	匚	匣 ^{430b185a}	a small case or box; a quiver (<i>ho</i> ² , <i>hsiang</i> ¹).
<i>hsia</i> ² . <i>chung</i> ¹		匣中	in the box.
<i>hsia</i> ²	犬	狎 ^{430b185a}	to caress, toy with.
<i>hsia</i> ² . <i>chi</i> ⁴ . <i>yin</i> ³ . <i>chün</i> ³		狎妓飲酒	debauchery and drunkenness.
<i>hsia</i> ²	辵	遐 ^{428b182c}	remote.
<i>hsia</i> ²	金	銛 ^{430b185c}	linch-pin of cart.
HSIA ⁴	一	下 ^{431c183b}	below, to descend; inferior, mean; the next
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>ch'ang</i> ²		下場	to go up for examination; to quit work to ea
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>chai</i> ⁴		下寨	to go into camp, etc. [exit of theatr
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>ch'ê</i> ²		下車	to get out of a carriage.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>chên</i> ⁴		下陣	a rear rank.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>ch'i</i> ²		下棋	to play chess (<i>liu</i> ⁴ <i>po</i> ²).
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>ch'i</i> ⁴		下氣	a meek temper (<i>jou</i> ² <i>ho</i> ²).
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>chiao</i> ⁴		下轎	to get out of a sedan-chair.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>chiang</i> ⁴		下降	to descend.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>chien</i> ⁴		下賤	mean, vile (<i>ch'ou</i> ³ <i>shih</i> ⁴).
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>chien</i> ¹ . <i>jên</i> ²		下賤人	menials, etc.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>chin</i> ³		下緊	diligent; (rain) is falling heavily.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>ch'u</i> ⁴		下處	lodgings, the place where one lives.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>ch'ü</i> ⁴ . <i>pa</i> ⁴		下去	go down.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>ch'uan</i> ²		下船	to disembark.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>ch'uang</i> ²		下牀	to get up (or from off) a bed.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>êrh</i> ⁴ . <i>kuei</i> ⁴		下櫃	a clerk who pockets money. [shih
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>fan</i> ²		下凡	to descend into the world; incarnation (<i>chian</i>
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>hei</i> ¹		下黑	at night, at dark (<i>yeh</i> ⁴ <i>chien</i> ⁴).
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>ho</i> ² . <i>hsi</i> ³ . <i>tsao</i> ³		下河洗澡	to bathe in a river.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>ho</i> ² . <i>mo</i> ¹ . <i>yü</i> ²		下河摸魚	to go into a river to feel for fish.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>hsia</i> . <i>li</i> ³ . <i>pai</i> ⁴		下禮拜	the week after next.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>hsiang</i> ¹		下鄉	to go with the country (<i>vs.</i> town).
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>hsiao</i> ²		下學	to quit going to school.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>hsüch</i> ³		下雪	to snow.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>hsün</i> ²		下旬	the latter decade of each month.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>hu</i> ⁴		下戶	to settle in a place (<i>lo</i> ⁴ <i>hu</i> ⁴).
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>hui</i> ²		下回	the next time.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>i</i> ⁴ . <i>jên</i> ²		下役人	servants, menials (<i>shih</i> ³ <i>huan</i> ⁴).
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>jên</i> ²		下人	servants, menials.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>k'ou</i> ³		下口	to bite (e. g., a dog) (<i>yao</i> ³).
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>kuan</i> ¹		下官	I (an official).
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>lai</i> ²		下來	to come down.
<i>hsia</i> ⁴ . <i>lei</i> ⁴		下淚	to weep, to shed tears (<i>liu</i> ² <i>lei</i> ⁴).

a ⁴ -li ⁴	下力	to work energetically (ch'ü ¹ li ⁴).
a ⁴ -liao ³ -chia ⁴ -tzu ³	下了架子	played out, come to end of his tether.
a ⁴ -lien ²	下聯	the 2nd in order of a pair of scrolls.
a ⁴ -liu ²	下流	abandoned, depraved.
a ⁴ -lo ⁴	下落	a residence, a place of shelter, a lodging.
a ⁴ -lou ²	下樓	to come down stairs (lou ² t'ü ¹).
a ⁴ -lu ⁴	下露	the dew falls.
a ⁴ -ma ³	下馬	to dismount from a horse.
a ⁴ -ma ³ -p'ai ²	下馬牌	notice of arrival (of Literary Chancellor).
a ⁴ -ma ³ -wei ¹ -fêng ¹	下馬威風	suddenly frighten a man.
a ⁴ -mao ²	下錨	to drop anchor (wan ¹ ch'uan ²).
a ⁴ -min ²	下民	the people (po ² hsing ⁴).
a ⁴ -pa ¹	下巴	the chin (or 頰).
a ⁴ -pa ¹ -k'o ¹ -êrh ²	下巴頰兒	same (ti ⁴ ko ²).
a ⁴ -pan ¹	下班	to come off duty.
a ⁴ -pan ¹ -t'ien ¹	下半天	the afternoon.
a ⁴ -pao ² -tzu ³	下雹子	a fall of hail, to hail.
a ⁴ -pi ³	下筆	to begin to write.
a ⁴ -pien ¹	下邊	the bottom (ti ³).
a ⁴ -p'in ¹	下聘	to send marriage presents (of the male).
a ⁴ -p'in ⁴ -li ³	下聘禮	same (chia ⁴ chuang ¹).
a ⁴ -p'ing ²	下平	the lower even tone (2nd).
a ⁴ -pu ⁴	下部	the lower extremities, the last action (as of a [book]).
a ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	下不去	unable to go down, unable to answer or do.
a ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴	下不下	unable to descend.
a ⁴ -pu ⁴ -lai ²	下不來	unable to come down; ashamed, vexed, annoyed.
a ⁴ -shan ¹	下山	to descend from a mountain.
a ⁴ -shan ⁴ -mo ⁴	下扇磨	the nether millstone.
a ⁴ -shên ¹	下身	the lower parts of the body, the generative parts.
a ⁴ -shih ⁴	下世	to come into the world; to die (ch'ü ⁴ shih ⁴).
a ⁴ -shou ³	下手	to begin to act, to put one's hand to.
a ⁴ -shou ³	下首	to bend the head; the lower place (at table, etc.).
a ⁴ -shu ²	下屬	subordinates.
a ⁴ -shuang ¹	下霜	a frost.
a ⁴ -shui ³	下水	to go into the water; down stream (of a boat).
a ⁴ -shui ³ -ch'uan ²	下水船	a down-stream boat.
a ⁴ -t'ü ⁴	下榻	to go to bed (shui ⁴ chiao ⁴).
a ⁴ -t'ü ⁴	下胎	an abortion.
a ⁴ -tan ⁴	下蛋	to lay an egg.
a ⁴ -t'ang ¹	下輪	the next time.
a ⁴ -ti ³ -fing ¹	下地方	to become a prostitute (ch'ang ¹ chi ⁴).
a ⁴ -ti ³ -ts'o ¹ -huo ²	下地作活	to go to the fields and work.
a ⁴ -ti ³ -yü ⁴	下地獄	to go to prison or hell.

hsiá⁴-t'ieh -ch'ing³-k'ó⁴ 下帖請客
 hsiá⁴-tien²-kung¹-fú¹ 下點工夫
 hsiá⁴-tien⁴ 下店
 hsiá⁴-t'ou⁴-liao³ 下透了
 hsiá⁴-tsang⁴ 下葬
 hsiá⁴-tso⁴ 下作
 hsiá⁴-tso⁴-jên²-têng³ 下作人等
 hsiá⁴-t-zū⁴ 下次
 hsiá⁴-wan³ 下晚
 hsiá⁴-wên⁴ 下問
 hsiá⁴-wu³ 下午
 hsiá⁴-wu⁴ 下霧
 hsiá⁴-yeh⁴-na²-tsei⁴ 下夜拿賊
 hsiá⁴-yü²-ti¹ 下餘的
 hsiá⁴-yü³ 下雨
 hsiá⁴-yüeh⁴ 下月
 hsiá⁴-yüeh⁴ 下藥
 hsiá⁴ 夏^{431b183c}
 hsiá⁴-ch'ao² 夏朝
 hsiá⁴-chih⁴ 夏至
 hsiá⁴-jih⁴ 夏日
 hsiá⁴-jih⁴-k'ó³-wei⁴ 夏日可畏
 hsiá⁴-k'w'í-ts'ao³ *夏枯草
 hsiá⁴-pu⁴ 夏布
 hsiá⁴-t'ien¹ 夏天
 hsiá⁴-yüeh⁴ 夏月
 hsiá⁴-yün²-ch'í²-fêng¹ 夏雲奇峯
 hsiá⁴ 口 唬 唬 { 唬
 hsiá⁴ 口 { 嚇 409c219b
 hsiá⁴-ho¹ 嚇喝
 hsiá⁴-ho¹-ch'iao²-r'í² 嚇喝雀兒
 hsiá⁴-hu¹ 嚇呼
 hsiá⁴-p'ao³-liáo³ 嚇跑了
 hsiá⁴-p'ó¹-tan³-t-ü³ 嚇破膽子
 hsiá⁴-shu³-liao³ 嚇傻了
 hsiá⁴-ssü³-jên² 嚇死人
 hsiá⁴-wo³-i-t'iao⁴ 嚇我一跳
 hsiá⁴ 言 諄 諄 433c184e
 hsiá⁴-hua⁴ 諄話
 hsiá⁴ 廈 431c184a
 hsiá⁴ 洽 433a186b

to send out invitations (fu⁴ hsi²).
 to spend a little time.
 to take up quarters in an inn.
 rain enough to soak the ground.
 to bury (mai² tsang⁴).
 low, immoral, or mean conduct (pei⁴ chien⁴).
 immoral people.
 the next time.
 evening (wan³ shang⁴).
 to ask of inferiors, etc., to request.
 the afternoon (hsiá⁴ pau⁴ t'ien¹).
 mist, the mist falls.
 to take thieves at night.
 the remainder (shêng⁴ hsiá⁴).
 to rain, it rains, rain falls.
 next month.
 to give medicine (fu² yüeh).
 summer (ch'un¹ hsiá⁴ ch'ia¹ tang¹).
 the Hsia dynasty (B. C. 2205--B. C. 1818).
 the summer solstice (a term). See Note 21.
 a summer's day.
 summer sun is to be feared.
 name of a grass.
 summer cloth, grass-cloth (ko² pu⁴).
 summer time.
 the summer months.
 summer clouds are like peaks.
 to intimidate, to startle; startled, frightened
 same (ching¹ chü).
 to order (in a domineering tone).
 to frighten birds; a scare crow.
 to threaten (ching¹ hsiá⁴).
 frightened into flight.
 frightened to death.
 to frighten the wits out of one.
 to frighten a person to death (ching¹ s-ü³ jên²).
 made me jump with fright, startled me
 lies.
 same (ch'ê³ huang³).
 see sha⁴.
 also ch'ia⁴.

ang ¹ -ai ¹	相愛	to love one another.
ang ¹ -ch'ên ⁴	相稱	in harmony with one another.
ang ¹ -chéng ¹	相爭	to compete, to quarrel, to fight.
ang ¹ -chí ⁴	相繼	consecutively, in succession.
ang ¹ -ch'í ⁴	相契	mutual friendship (chiao ¹ ch'ing ²).
ang ¹ -chiao ¹	相交	to associate; friendship; to mutually give.
ang ¹ -chieh ⁴	相接	to mutually receive.
ang ¹ -chien ⁴	相見	an interview (hui ⁴ mien ⁴).
ang ¹ -chien ⁴ -hên ⁴ -ian ³	相見恨晚	sorry we did not meet earlier.
ang ¹ -chin ⁴	相近	near (ch'ao ¹ chin ⁴).
ang ¹ -ch'in ¹ -hsiang ¹	相親相愛	to love one another.
ang ¹ -ch'in ¹ -hsiang ¹	相敬相信	to mutually respect and trust.
ang ¹ -ch'in ²	相求	to beg, to entreat.
ang ¹ -h'ü ³	相處	to make acquaintance.
ang ¹ -ch'un ²	相傳	to transmit, to hand down.
ang ¹ -fün ³	相反	contrary, <i>vice-versa</i> .
ang ¹ -fêng ¹	相逢	to meet after a time, to meet.
ang ¹ -fü ²	相符	to correspond (tui ¹ fu ¹).
ang ¹ -fü ²	相扶	to support, to assist.
ang ¹ -fü ² -ch'ih ²	相扶持	mutually support each other.
ang ¹ -hao ³	相好	a friend, an acquaintance (p'êng ² yu ³).
ang ¹ -hao ³ -p'êng ²	相好朋友	same (chih ¹ chi ³).
ang ¹ -ho ²	相合	to join together, to correspond.
ang ¹ -hou ⁴	相厚	familiar, friendly.
ang ¹ -hsi ² -fü ⁴	相嫡婦	to be particular about one's daughter-in-law.
ang ¹ -hsiang ⁴	相向	fronting each other, opposite, <i>vis-a-vis</i> .
ang ¹ -hsin ⁴	相信	to believe.
ang ¹ -hsing ²	相形	the external figure; to compare.
ang ² -hsü ⁴	相叙	to chat together (hsü ⁴ t'an ²).
ang ¹ -hui ⁴	相會	to meet (yo ¹ hui ⁴).
ang ¹ -i'-hsiang ¹	相一相	to look.
ang ¹ -i ²	相宜	befitting, right, ought, proper; advantageous.
ang ¹ -kan ¹	相干	involved in, to have to do with, concerned with.
ang ¹ -ko ²	相隔	separated.
ang ¹ -kuan ¹	相關	mutual connection.
ang ¹ -kung ¹	相公	a minister of state; a lad; a catamite; actors.
ang ¹ -kuo ²	相國	to act as prime minister; a prime minister.
ang ¹ -lien ²	相連	to join, to connect, to unite; joined, connected.
ang ¹ -lien ² -tzu ⁴	相連字	connected characters, <i>words</i> .
ang ¹ -nien ⁴ -t'í ¹	相面的	a physiognomist.
ang ¹ -mao ¹	相貌	likeness in general.
ang ¹ -nü ³ -hsü ⁴	相女婿	to be particular about one's son-in-law.
ang ¹ -pang ¹	相幫	to help, to assist.

hsiang¹-pao⁴
 hsiang¹-p'ao¹
 hsiang¹-p'ei²
 hsiang¹-pieh²
 hsiang¹-ping⁴
 hsiang¹-shang¹
 hsiang⁴-shêng¹
 hsiang¹-shin²⁴
 hsiang⁴-shou³
 hsiang¹-ssü⁴
 hsiang¹-ta³
 hsiang¹-tai⁴
 hsiang¹-t'an²
 hsiang¹-tang¹
 hsiang¹-tê²
 hsiang¹-ts'an¹
 hsiang¹-tui⁴
 hsiang¹-t'ung⁹
 hsiang¹-tz'ü⁴
 hsiang⁴-yeh²
 hsiang¹-ying¹
 hsiang¹-ying²
 hsiang-yü³
 hsiang¹-yü³-p'êng²-yn³
 hsiang¹-yü⁴
 hsiang¹
 hsiang¹-an⁴
 hsiang¹-chi¹
 hsiang¹-chiang³
 hsiang¹-ch'ien²
 hsiang¹-ch'iu²
 hsiang¹-ch'ou⁴
 hsiang¹-ch'uan¹-chu¹
 hsiang¹-ch'un¹
 hsiang¹-ho²-pao¹
 hsiang¹-huo³
 hsiang¹-ko²
 hsiang¹-k'o⁴
 hsiang¹-kua¹
 hsiang¹-kuei¹
 hsiang¹-liao⁴
 hsiang¹-lu³
 hsiang¹-mei⁴

相報
 相拋
 相陪
 相別
 相並
 相商
 相聲
 相識
 相手
 相似
 相打
 相待
 相談
 相當
 相得
 相叅
 相對
 相同
 相次
 相爺
 相應
 相迎
 相與
 相與朋友
 相遇
 香^{436a188a}
 香案
 香几
 香港
 香錢
 香球
 香臭
 香串珠
 香椿包
 香荷包
 香火
 香閣
 香客
 香瓜
 香閨
 香料
 香爐
 香墨

recompense, to recompense, to repay.
 to abandon (p'ieh¹ hsia⁴).
 to bear one company.
 to separate, to depart (li² pieh²).
 to join, to correspond.
 to deliberate, to consult.
 to mimic, mimicry.
 mutually acquainted.
 palmists.
 the same, like, resembling (lei⁴ ssü⁴).
 to combat (ta³ chang⁴).
 to treat or behave to.
 to confer with.
 proportionate; to suit, suitable, good.
 pleased, suited.
 several persons meeting for a consultation.
 opposite one another; agreeing together (tu
 similar, like (ssü⁴). [chin⁴ rh]
 in order; one after the other; to look at in order
 a prime minister (tsai³ hsiang⁴).
 to correspond, corresponding.
 to meet, to welcome.
 mutual, mutually; a friend, an acquaintance,
 a friend, friends.
 to meet (ying² chieh²).
 fragrant; fragrance, incense, scent 186th radical
 an incense table. See Note 47.
 a small incense table.
 Hongkong (lit. fragrant lagoon).
 presents to priest.
 a scent-bag.
 good and bad smell, fragrance and stench,
 a string of fragrant beads.
 the sweet smelling ch'un tree (ch'ou⁴ ch'un¹).
 scented purses.
 incense and paper money.
 ladies' apartments (kuei¹ fang²).
 pilgrims.
 the melon.
 ladies' apartments (maidcus).
 perfumery.
 an incense pot or vase, a censer.
 scented ink.

<i>siang¹-mu⁴</i>	香木	fragrant wood.
<i>siang¹-nang²</i>	香囊	a scent bag.
<i>siang¹-niu²-p'ⁱ2</i>	香牛皮	Russia leather.
<i>siang¹-nung²</i>	香濃	high flavoured.
<i>siang¹-pai³</i>	香柏	the cypress.
<i>siang¹-p'^én⁴-p'^én⁴-ti¹</i>	香噴噴的	deliciously fragrant.
<i>siang¹-p'ⁱen⁴-ch'a²-</i>	香片茶葉	a highly-scented tea, from Anhwei.
<i>siang¹-shui³ [yeh¹</i>	香水	liquid scents.
<i>siang¹-sui⁴</i>	香菱	coriander, caraway.
<i>siang¹-tao¹-mi³</i>	香稻米	a sort of rice.
<i>siang¹-t'ao²</i>	香桃	the lemon.
<i>siang¹-t'ien²</i>	香甜	sweet or pleasant to the taste ; sweet (sleep).
<i>siang¹-t'sui⁴</i>	香菜	a sort of vegetable.
<i>siang¹-wei⁴</i>	香味	fragrant flavour (wei ⁴ tao ⁴).
<i>siang¹-yu²</i>	香油	sweet or scented oil (in China made of sesame).
<i>siang¹-yüan²</i>	香圓	the lemon (椽 <i>yüan</i> also used).
<i>siang¹</i>	邑 卅 鄉	a village, the country, a province; 12,500 families.
<i>siang¹-chang³</i>	鄉長	a village elder (shê ⁴ chang ³).
<i>siang¹-ch'in¹</i>	鄉親	residents of same neighborhood.
<i>siang¹-hsia⁴</i>	鄉下	in the country.
<i>siang¹-hsüeh²</i>	鄉學	a village school.
<i>siang¹-huan⁴</i>	鄉宦	a country gentleman.
<i>siang¹-i²</i>	鄉誼	fellow-townsmen.
<i>siang¹-li³</i>	鄉里	a village (chang ¹ ts'un ⁴).
<i>siang¹-min²</i>	鄉民	villagers.
<i>siang¹-shên¹</i>	鄉紳	a country gentleman (shên ¹ shih ⁴). [G. 467.
<i>siang¹-shih⁴</i>	鄉試	provincial examinations for the degree of <i>chü-jên</i> .
<i>siang¹-t'an²</i>	鄉談	a local dialect (fang ¹ yen ²).
<i>siang¹-tang³</i>	鄉黨	a village or district.
<i>siang¹-tao⁴</i>	鄉導	a guide.
<i>siang¹ ts'un¹</i>	鄉村	a village.
<i>siang¹-t'uan²</i>	鄉團	local militia or volunteers (t'uan ² lien ⁴).
<i>siang¹-yo¹</i>	鄉約	a village constable. See Note 48.
<i>siang¹-yüan⁴</i>	鄉愿	an impostor.
<i>siang¹-yung²</i>	鄉勇	"village braves," soldiers (not bannermen) (i ⁴ [ping ¹]).
<i>siang¹</i>	廂	side apartments.
<i>siang¹-fung²</i>	廂房	a side room (êrh ³ fang ²). [G. 379.
<i>siang¹-huang²-ch'i²</i>	廂黃旗	the yellow banner ; yellow bannerman's locality.
<i>siang¹-hung²-ch'i²</i>	廂紅旗	the red banner ; red bannerman's locality. G. 379.
<i>siang¹-lan²-ch'i²</i>	廂藍旗	{ the blue banner ; blue bannerman's locality. G. 379.
<i>siang¹-pai²-ch'i²</i>	廂白旗	[G. 379.
<i>siang¹ (t'ü)</i>	竹箱	the white banner ; white bannerman's locality. a box, chest or trunk ; a small room (ho ²).

hsiang¹-fang² 箱房
hsiang¹-kai⁴ 箱蓋
hsiang¹-kuei⁴ 箱櫃
hsiang¹ 金鑲 438b791c
hsiang¹-ch'ien⁴ 鑲嵌
hsiang¹-hsieh² 鑲鞋
hsiang¹-pien¹ 鑲邊
hsiang¹-ya² 鑲牙
hsiang¹-yen² 鑲沿
hsiang¹-yün²-chien¹ 鑲雲肩
hsiang¹ 湘 435c791b

a granary.
 a box lid (ho² kai⁴).
 boxes and cupboards.
 a border; to border; to inlay.
 same.
 to bind or border shoes.
 a border; to border.
 to put in false teeth.
 a border; to border.
 ornamental collar (woman's).
 River in Huuan; Hunan.

HSIANG² 言 詳 438c792a
hsiang²-ch'a² 詳察
hsiang²-hsi⁴ 詳細
hsiang²-jên⁴ 詳認
hsiang²-ko² 詳革
hsiang²-ming² 詳明
hsiang²-pao⁴ 詳報
hsiang²-ping³ 詳稟
hsiang²-ts'an¹ 詳參
hsiang²-wên⁴ 詳問
hsiang² 广 庠 438c792b
hsiang²-hsi¹ 庠序
hsiang²-shêng¹ 庠生
hsiang² 阜 降 124c364c
hsiang²-fû² 降服
hsiang²-fu² 降伏
hsiang²-yao¹ 降妖
hsiang² 示 祥 438c792a
hsiang²-ju⁴ 祥瑞
hsiang²-yün² 祥雲

explicitness, clearness; to report.
 to examine minutely.
 minutely, in detail; details (ti³ hsi⁴).
 to know minutely.
 to degrade; to impeach.
 explicit, clear; to explain.
 to report to a superior.
 same.
 to reflect, to consider, to denounce,
 to enquire into all the particulars.
 a school, an almshouse; a provincial graduate
 a school or college.
 a graduated *shiu-ts'ai* (wên² shêng¹).
 to cause to submit; to submit. See *chiang⁴*.
 to subdue; to submit.
 to keep in subjection; to submit.
 to capture a devil.
 an auspicious omen; good fortune (chi² li⁴).
 prosperous condition (of a state, etc.).
 good clouds.

HSIANG³ 心 想 435b792b
hsiang³-ch'î³ 想起
hsiang³-ch'î³-lai² 想起來
hsiang³-chia¹ 想家
hsiang³-ch'ing²-to⁴-li³ 想情度理
hsiang³-ch'u¹ 想出
hsiang³-fa²-tzü³ 想法子
hsiang³-hsiang¹ 想像
hsiang³-hsiü³ 想許
hsiang³-i¹-hsiang³ 想一想

to think, consider; a thought; to hope,
 to call to mind, to advert to.
 same.
 to think of one's home with longing (ssü¹ chia¹)
 much reflection.
 to think out a case. [fa²]
 to devise a plan, e. g., out of a difficulty (shêng
 an idea, imagination.
 I presume, it may be, probably.
 consider, give a thought, reflect, think over.

iang ³ -lai ² -hsiang ³ -	想來想去	consider, give a thought, reflect, think over.
iang ³ -mai ² [ch'ü ⁴	想埋	to consider to one's self, to think over.
iang ³ -niên ⁴	想念	to reflect, to consider.
iang ³ -pi ⁴	想必	I suppose, I presume.
iang ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ³	想不到	unable to call to mind, I did not think.
iang ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ³ -lai ²	想不到來	same (liao ⁴ pu ⁴ tao ¹).
iang ³ -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴	想不到	unanticipated, I did not think (pu ⁴ liao ⁴).
iang ³ -ssü ⁴	想思	to think of, to consider; to love.
iang ³ -ssü ⁴ -ping ⁴	想思病	love-sick.
iang ³ -ssü ³	想死	to die of love.
iang ³ -tao ⁴	想到	to think of, to anticipate.
iang ³ -t'ou ²	想頭	having an inventive faculty.
iang ³ -t'ou ² -t'ai ⁴ -ta ⁴	想頭太大	notions too grand (ta ⁴ mu ² ta ⁴ yang ⁴).
iang ³ -wang ⁴	想望	to expect (p'an ⁴ wang ⁴).
iang ³ -wo ³	想我	to miss me, to long for me (k'o ³ hsiang ³).
iang ³	享 440a189b	to receive; to enjoy; to offer up.
iang ³ -chi ⁴	享祭	to accept offerings, as the gods.
iang ³ -fu ²	享福	to enjoy happiness or prosperity (na ⁴ fu ²).
iang ³ -kwo ²	享國	to reign, reigned; to enjoy the country.
iang ³ -shou ⁴	享壽	to enjoy; to receive.
iang ³ -shou ⁴	享壽	to enjoy old age; longevity (kao ¹ shou ⁴).
iang ³ -yung ⁴	享用	to enjoy the use of.
iang ³	响 437b189c	sound, noise, a signal, a call.
iang ³	響	same (ch'ui ¹ pu ⁴ hsiang ³).
iang ³ -ch'ü ⁴	響器	musical instruments (yo ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
iang ³ -ch'ing ² -ti ¹ -t'ien ¹	響晴的天	a clear bright day.
iang ³ -hao ⁴	響號	a signal, a call.
iang ³ -kan ¹	響乾	snapping dry, dry as tinder (kan ¹ pa ¹ pa ¹ ti ¹).
iang ³ -liang ⁴	響亮	bright, clear.
iang ³ -ma ³	響馬	highway robbers (mounted) (ch'iang ² tao ⁴).
iang ³ -ming ²	響明	bright, clear.
iang ³ -tan ⁴	響蛋	a child's rattle.
iang ³ -ts'ui ⁴	響脆	prompt, decided.
iang ³ -tung ⁴	響動	noise, sound (shêng ¹ yin ¹).
iang ³ -yin ¹	響音	sound.
iang ³	嚮 438a190c	to lead to; direct to; towards to (used for 向).
iang ³ -hsien ¹	嚮先	towards the front, forwards.
iang ³ -pei ⁴	嚮背	towards the back, backwards (ch'ao ² hou ¹).
iang ³	饗 437c189c	a sacrifice; to sacrifice; to entertain, banquet.
iang ³ -chi ⁴	饗祭	a sacrifice; to sacrifice.
iang ³ -fan ⁴	饗飯	sacrificial rice, etc.
iang ³ -kung ¹	饗共	a sacrifice (chi ⁴ ssü ⁴).
iang ³	餉 440a190a	soldier's pay or rations; duties, taxes (ping ³ [hsiang ²]).

<i>hsiang</i> ³ - <i>ch'iao</i> ⁴	餉鞘	wooden cases (logs) for conveyance of treasure.
HSIANG⁴	口	
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>ch'ien</i> ²	向	towards, facing.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>ch'ien</i> ² - <i>ch'ü</i> ¹	向前去	to advance forward (ch'ao ² ch'ien ²).
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>cho</i> ²	向著	same.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>hou</i> ⁴	向後	facing (ch'ao ² , tui ⁴ cho ²).
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>hsien</i> ¹	向先	in future, henceforth.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>huo</i> ² - <i>tü</i> ¹	向活的	before, recently.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>jih</i> ⁴	向日	to favor the living (as official in murder case), on a former day.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>jih</i> ⁴ - <i>k'uei</i> ²	向日葵	the sunflower (chao ⁴ jih ⁴ k'uei ²).
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>lai</i> ²	向來	heretofore, a while past.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>na</i> ³ - <i>fang</i> ¹	向那方	in what direction?
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>na</i> ⁴ - <i>fang</i> ¹	向那方	in that direction.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>nan</i> ²	向南	facing the south (ch'ao ² nan ²).
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>nien</i> ²	向年	former years.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>pei</i> ³	向背	front and rear.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>shui</i> ² - <i>kao</i> ¹ - <i>su</i> ⁴	向誰告訴	whom will I tell?
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>t'a</i> ¹	向他	to be partial to him (p'ien ¹ hsiang ⁴).
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>t'a</i> ¹ - <i>shuo</i> ¹	向他說	said to him (ho ² t'a ¹ shuo ¹).
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴	人 像	{ like, resembling, similar, likeness; to imitate. M. 269.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>hsing</i> ²	像形	resemblance, likeness; hieroglyphics.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>mao</i> ¹	像貌	likeness in general, the countenance.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>pu</i> ⁴ - <i>hsiang</i> ⁴	像不像	is it like? does it resemble?
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>shên</i> ² - <i>mo</i> ¹	像甚麼	what is it like?
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>shêng</i> ¹	像生	life-like (huo ² hsien ⁴).
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>shih</i> ⁴	像是	it seems.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>ssü</i> ⁴	像似	like, similar to, resembling (i ¹ mu ³ ssü ⁴ yang ⁴)
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>yang</i> ⁴	像樣	like the pattern; good, handsome.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴	豕 象	the elephant; heavenly bodies.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>ch'i</i> ²	象棋	chess with 32 pieces.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>nu</i> ²	象奴	a mahout.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>ya</i> ²	象牙	elephant's tusks, ivory.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>ya</i> ² - <i>ch'i</i> ¹	象牙器	ivory ware.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>ya</i> ² - <i>ch'uang</i> ²	象牙床	ivory bed.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>ya</i> ² - <i>k'uai</i> ¹ - <i>tzü</i> ³	象牙筷子	ivory chopsticks.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴	頁 項	the neck; kind, sort; item, thing (po ² k'eng [tzü ³])
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>k'ên</i> ³	項頸	the neck.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>ling</i> ³	項領	the lower part of the neck.
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ (tzü)	己 巷	a lane or street (also <i>hang</i>).
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ - <i>k'ou</i> ³	巷口	the entrance to a lane (hu ² t'ung ⁴).
<i>hsiang</i> ⁴ (tzü)	木 橡	chestnut oak.

IAO ¹	水 冫	消 ^{442c793a}	to thaw, to melt, to digest, to dissipate.
ao ¹ -h'ang ²		消場	a mart, a market (shih ⁴ ching ³).
ao ¹ -ch'í ⁴		消氣	to abate one's anger, to become reconciled.
ao ¹ -chien ³	[mên ⁴	消滅	to diminish, to fall off, to lessen.
ao ¹ -ch'ou ² -chieh ³		消愁解悶	to dissipate ennui and grief (san ⁴ mên ⁴).
ao ¹ -ch'u ²		消除	to abolish.
ao ¹ -chung ³		消腫	to diminish a swelling.
ao ¹ -fei ⁴		消費	waste, to waste.
ao ¹ -hên ⁴		消恨	to appease enmity (hsieh ³ ch'ou ⁴).
ao ¹ -hsi ²	[érh ²	消息	news, tidings, intelligence (hsin ⁴ hsi ²).
ao ¹ -hsiao ¹ -hsing ³		消消性兒	to cool off anger.
ao ¹ -hsien ²		消閒	to saunter about, to kill time (yu ³ kuang ⁴).
ao ¹ -hua ⁴		消化	to dissolve, to melt, to digest.
ao ¹ -hua ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴		消化不動	indigestion.
ao ¹ -hun ²		消魂	to lose one's wits.
ao ¹ -huo ⁴		消貨	the sale or disposal of goods.
ao ¹ -jou ⁴		消肉	to fall away in flesh.
ao ¹ -mieh ⁴		消滅	to extinguish.
ao ¹ -san ⁴		消散	to disperse by medicine.
ao ¹ -shih ²		消食	to digest one's food (k'o ¹ hua ⁴ pu ⁴ tung ⁴).
ao ¹ -shih ² -hua ⁴ -t'an ²		消食化痰	to promote digestion and clear the passages.
ao ¹ -shou ⁴		消售	the sale of goods; to sell off, to diminish by sale.
ao ¹ -t'ing ²		消停	to wait a little (shao ³ t'ing ²).
ao ¹ -tsui ⁴		消罪	to take away sin or guilt.
ao ¹ (hsüeh)	刀 卩	削 ^{444aS10a}	to care, to cut, to pare, to scrape.
ao ¹ -chih ²		削職	to degrade to a lower rank (ko ² chih ²).
ao ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		削去	to subtract, to deduct.
ao ¹ -fa ³		削髮	to shave the head (t'i ⁴ t'ou ²).
ao ¹ -fa ³ -wei ² -sêng ¹		削髮爲僧	to shave the head and become a priest.
ao ¹ -liao ³ -ting ³ -tui ⁴		削了頂戴	to deprive of the button (ko ² liao ³ ting ³).
ao ¹ -pi ³		削筆	to sharpen a pencil.
ao ¹ -p'i ²		削皮	to scrape off the skin.
ao ¹ -t-zü ⁴		削字	to engrave characters (k'o ⁴ t'ü ⁴ chiang ⁴).
ao ¹	石	硝 ^{443b793c}	saltpetre, nitre.
ao ¹ -ch'ang ³		硝廠	saltpetre works.
ao ¹ -ch'iang ² -shui ³		硝礮水	nitric acid.
ao ¹ -huang ²		硝磺	saltpetre, nitre.
ao ¹ -p'i ²		硝皮	to tan hides.
ao ¹ -shih ²		硝石	a stony kind of nitre.
ao ¹	雨	霄 ^{443c794b}	vapor, clouds; sleet; a halo; Heaven.
ao ¹ -han ⁴		霄漢	Milky way (t'ien ¹ ho ²).
ao ¹ -hsüeh ³		霄雪	sleet and snow.
ao ¹ -yiin ²		霄雲	clouds, vapour (wu ⁴ ch'í ⁴).

- hsiao¹ 馬 驍 444c191c bold, enterprising, daring.
 hsiao¹-ch⁴-i²-hsiao⁴ 驍 驍 校 a military rank equivalent to major.
 hsiao¹-yung³ 驍 勇 bold, daring, enterprising.
 hsiao¹ 走 逍 443b794b to saunter, to stroll for pleasure.
 hsiao¹-ch⁴-ien³ 逍 遣 same (liu² ta³ liu² ta³).
 hsiao¹-yao³ 逍 遙 same.
 hsiao¹ 金 銷 443c793b to expend; to dissipate, to melt.
 hsiao¹-ch⁴-ai¹ 銷 差 finished the public business.
 hsiao¹-chiao³-ti¹ 銷 脚的 a chiropodist.
 hsiao¹-ch⁴-ien² 銷 錢 to expend money (hua¹ ch⁴-ien²).
 hsiao¹-chin¹-ta⁴-tzü⁴ 銷 金 大字 larger letters washed with gold.
 hsiao¹-han²-hua¹ 銷 寒 花 the acacia.
 hsiao¹-hun²-ch⁴-iao³ 銷 魂 橋 the Lose-wits Bridge of Hades.
 hsiao¹ 木 梟 445c192a to hang the human head on a pole.
 hsiao¹-hsiang² 梟 梟 雄 brave, heroic, martial; barbarous, savage.
 hsiao¹-niao³ 梟 鳥 name of a bird.
 hsiao¹-shou³ 梟 首 the head of an offender hung on a pole.
 hsiao¹-shou³-shih⁴-chung¹ 梟 首 示 衆 to expose a head *in terrorem*.
 hsiao¹ 木 枵 445b192a hollow, thin.
 hsiao¹-pao² 枵 薄 thin.
 hsiao¹ 宥 宵 442c794a night.
 hsiao¹-hsing² 宵 行 to travel by night; the glow-worm.
 hsiao¹ 艸 卞 蕭 445a794c reduced, impoverished, indigent.
 hsiao¹-t'iao³ 蕭 條 same.
 hsiao¹ 竹 簫 445a794c a kind of flageolet.
 hsiao¹ 口 哮 446c192b to howl or roar.
- HSIAO² 子 李 學 493a209a to learn, to practise, to study. See *hsüeh*².
 hsiao²-chêng⁴ 學 政 provincial examiner of schools. G. 323.
 hsiao²-ch⁴-êng²-liao³ 學 成 了 to have learnt.
 hsiao²-ching¹ 學 經 to study the classics.
 hsiao²-chiu⁴ 學 究 a man of letters (ssü¹ wên²).
 hsiao²-fa² 學 法 to study methods, etc.
 hsiao²-hao³ 學 好 to learn good.
 hsiao²-hsi² 學 習 "to learn and practise," to exercise.
 hsiao²-hsieh³ 學 寫 to learn to write (liu² t'ieh¹). [(pu⁴ ts'ai²)
 hsiao²-hsü¹-ts'ai²-ch⁴-ien³ 學 虛 才 淺 insignificant talents (self-depreciatory answer).
 hsiao²-hua⁴ 學 話 to learn a language.
 hsiao²-hua⁴ 學 畫 to learn to paint.
 hsiao²-huai⁴ 學 壞 to learn evil.
 hsiao²-hui⁴ 學 會 to succeed in learning to do.
 hsiao²-kuan¹ 學 官 a district examiner of schools.
 hsiao²-kuan¹-hua⁴ 學 官 話 to learn the Mandarin language.

iao ² -kuei ¹	規	rules of the school, graduation fee.
iao ² -li ³	學禮	to learn manners.
iao ² -mai ³ -mai ⁴	學買賣	to learn a business.
iao ² -pu ⁴ -lai ²	學不來	unable to learn.
iao ² -shê ²	學舌	tattling.
iao ² -shên ^g ¹ -i ¹	學生意	to learn a business.
iao ² -si ¹ ou ³ -i ⁴	學手藝	to learn a profession or trade.
iao ² -shu ¹	學書	to study, to write.
iao ² -shuo ¹	學說	to learn to speak.
iao ² -suan ⁴	學算	to learn to reckon.
iao ² -t'ai ²	學臺	a provincial examiner of schools; a judge. G.
iao ² -t'an ²	學彈	to learn to play on a stringed instrument.
iao ² -tao ⁴	學道	to study reason.
iao ² -tê ² -lai ²	學得來	able to learn.
iao ² -t'u ²	學徒	an apprentice (t'u ² ti ⁴).
iao ² -tzū ⁴	學字	to learn characters.
iao ² -wên ⁴	學問	learning, knowledge.
iao ² -wên ⁴ -ti ¹ -jên ²	學問的人	a learned man.
iao ² -yüan ⁴	學院	a provincial examiner of schools; a judge. G.

SIAO ³	小	小, 441b795a	small, trifling, mean; I, me. 42nd radical.
iao ³ -an ¹ -tzū ³ -ch'ê ¹	小鞍子車		a common or private cart (not official) (hou ⁴ premature birth (chui ⁴ t'ai ¹). [tang ¹ ch'ê ¹].
iao ³ -ch'an ³	小產		examination for the 1st or lowest degree (hsin ⁴
iao ³ -ch'ang ²	小場		a wheel-barrow (êrh ⁴ pa ⁴ shou ³). [ts'ai ²].
iao ³ -ch'ê ¹ -tzŭ ³	小車子		a chicken.
iao ³ -chi ¹ -rh ²	小鷄兒		a narrow-minded person.
iao ³ -ch'i ¹	小器		mean-spirited (ta ⁴ ch'i ¹).
iao ³ -ch'i ¹	小氣		the small feet of Chinese women.
iao ³ -chiao ³	小腳		Miss, a young lady (ku ¹ niang ²).
iao ³ -chich ³	小姐		illicit cash; cash, one of which counts as two.
iao ³ -ch'ien ²	小錢		the little finger.
iao ³ -chih ³	小指		"small golden lilies," small feet of Chinese [women.
iao ³ -chîn ¹ -jien ²	小金蓮		the Chinese multiplication table.
iao ³ -chîn ³ -chîn ³	小九九		a wife's younger brother.
iao ³ -chîn ⁴ -tzŭ ³	小舅子		low comedy man.
iao ³ -ch'ou ³ -êrh ²	小丑兒		a sucking pig, a small pig.
iao ³ -chu ¹	小豬		a note, explanation, comment.
iao ³ -chu ¹	小註		smallness, inferiority.
iao ³ -ch'u ⁴	小處		you young brute!
iao ³ -ch'u ⁴ -shên ^g ¹	小畜生		comic songs.
iao ³ -ch'ü ³ -êrh ²	小曲兒		small dog—demeaning term for your son.
iao ³ -ch'üan ³	小犬		common soldiers, privates.
iao ³ -chün ¹	小軍		

<i>hsiao³-êrh²</i>	小兒	I, or me (used by a son).
<i>hsiao³-fu²</i>	小腹	the lower part of the belly.
<i>hsiao³-hai²-tzŭ³</i>	小孩子	a child (hai ² t'i ²).
<i>hsiao³-han²</i>	小寒	"little cold," one of the terms. See Note 21.
<i>hsiao³-han⁴-tzŭ³</i>	小漢子	a boy, a young man; small of stature.
<i>hsiao³-hsiao³-ti¹</i>	小小的	very small (wei ¹).
<i>hsiao³-shieh³</i>	小寫	small text.
<i>hsiao³-hsien²</i>	小嫌	a petty dislike.
<i>hsiao³-hsin¹</i>	小心	take care! mean-spirited, cowardly (hao ³ shên ⁴).
<i>hsiao³-hsing¹-êrh²</i>	小性兒	a petty nature (k'o ¹ po ¹).
<i>hsiao³-hsüeh³</i>	小雪	"small snow," a term. See Note 21.
<i>hsiao³-hu⁴</i>	小戶	a poor person; the vagina.
<i>hsiao³-huo³-tzŭ³</i>	小夥子	a youth, a stripling.
<i>hsiao³-i²</i>	小遺	urine, to pass urine (niao ⁴).
<i>hsiao³-i²-tzŭ³</i>	小姨子	a wife's younger sister.
<i>hsiao³-i⁴-ssŭ¹</i>	小意思	of no value, e. g., depreciatory of a present.
<i>hsiao³-jên²</i>	小人	a blackguard; common people; a youth.
<i>hsiao³-jung²</i>	小絨	flannel.
<i>hsiao³-k'an⁴-jên²</i>	小看人	to despise another (miao ³ shih ⁴).
<i>hsiao³-k'ang¹</i>	小康	well-to-do.
<i>hsiao³-k'o³-k'o³-ti¹</i>	小可的	a neat fit, close fitting (k'o ³ t'i ³).
<i>hsiao³-kou³</i>	小狗	a puppy; you whelp!
<i>hsiao³-k'ou³</i>	小口	young in age (of animals).
<i>hsiao³-ku¹-niang³</i>	小姑娘	a little girl.
<i>hsiao³-kung¹</i>	小工	unskilled laborer, e. g., mason's hod-carrier.
<i>hsiao³-lu²-chiaŋ⁴</i>	小爐匠	a travelling tinker.
<i>hsiao³-lu⁴-huo⁴</i>	小路貨	stolen goods (tsang ¹ wu ⁴).
<i>hsiao³-lüeh³-êrh²</i>	小掠兒	a pick pocket.
<i>hsiao³-ma²-tzŭ³</i>	小麻子	cummin, a pock marked boy.
<i>hsiao³-ma³-r'h²</i>	小馬兒	coolies, lictors, runners (ya ² i ⁴).
<i>hsiao³-mai³-mai⁴</i>	小買賣	a petty retail business.
<i>hsiao³-mai⁴</i>	小麥	wheat (ta ⁴ mai ⁴ barley).
<i>hsiao³-man³</i>	小滿	"small full," one of the terms. See Note 21.
<i>hsiao³-mei⁴-mei⁴</i>	小妹妹	my sister, my youngest sister.
<i>hsiao³-mi³-tzŭ³</i>	小米子	millet.
<i>hsiao³-min²</i>	小民	the common people, the poor.
<i>hsiao³-ming²</i>	小名	name given to a child when a month old.
<i>hsiao³-mo¹-shou³</i>	小摸手	a petty thief (p'o ² êrh ² shou ³).
<i>hsiao³-ni¹</i>	小呢	cloth, cassimeres.
<i>hsiao³-niang²-tzŭ³</i>	小娘子	one's wife, my wife (young).
<i>hsiao³-nü³-jên²</i>	小女人	a concubine (ch'ieh ⁴).
<i>hsiao³-pai² lien³</i>	小白臉	a young catamite.
<i>hsiao³-pan³-tzŭ³</i>	小板子	a small bamboo for punishment.

ao ³ -p'ien ¹	小偏	a concubine.
ao ³ -pien ⁴	小便	"the lesser convenience," to make water; urine.
ao ³ pien ⁴ -pu ⁴ -t'ung ¹	小便不通	stoppage of urine.
ao ³ -p'io ²	小婆	a concubine (ch'ieh ⁴).
ao ³ -pu ⁴ -yen ² -ti ¹	小不言的	an affair of no consequence.
ao ³ -shan ¹	小衫	a short shirt or shift.
ao ³ -shêng ¹	小生	premature birth; role, of "young gentleman."
ao ³ -shêng ¹ -li ³	小生理	petty retail trade.
ao ³ -shêng ¹ -érh ²	小聲兒	low tones, whispers (tu ¹ rung ¹).
ao ³ -shih ⁴	小事	a trifling affair.
ao ³ -shih ⁴ -ch'ing ²	小事情	same (or 事體).
ao ³ -shou ³	小手	close fist (k'oi ¹ po ¹).
ao ³ -shu ² -tzü ³	小叔子	a husband's younger brother.
ao ³ -shu ³	小暑	"little heat," one of the terms. See Note 21.
ao ³ -shui ³ -ya ¹	小水鴨	teal.
ao ³ -shuo ¹	小說	small talk, trifling talk.
ao ³ -shou ¹ -ti ¹ -shu ¹	小說的書	novels, light reading.
ao ³ -ssü ¹	小廝	a servant boy, my servant.
ao ³ -tan ³	小膽	cowardly (hsia ⁴ p'oi ⁴ tan ³ tzü ³).
ao ³ -tan ⁴	*小旦	a boy who personates females in theatricals.
ao ³ -tao ⁴	小盜	a petty pilferer.
ao ³ -ti ¹	小的	a servant; I.
ao ³ -ti ⁴	小第	I.
ao ³ -ti ² -tz'ü ⁴ -tso ⁴	小題大作	much ado about nothing.
ao ³ -tien ³ -tien ³ -ti ¹	小點點的	quite small, tiny.
ao ³ -ts'ai ³ -tzü ³	小崽子	you young animal! etc. (abusive).
ao ³ -tsei ²	小賊	a petty thief, a pilferer.
ao ³ -tu ⁴ -tzü ³	小肚子	the lower part of the belly.
ao ³ -tui ⁴ -tzü ³	小隊子	a mandarin's body-guard.
ao ³ -t'ui ³	小腿	the lower part of the leg.
ao ³ -tzü ³	小子	children; a son.
ao ³ -yü ³ -ling ²	小羽綾	imitation Orleans, lastings.
ao ³ -ya ¹	小押	small pawnshops (tang ⁴ p'u ⁴).
ao ³ -yüeh ⁴	小月	premature birth (hsiao ³ ch'an ³).
ao ³	日 曉 ^{444b193a}	[stand. light, clear; the morning; to know, to under-
ao ³ -chih ¹	曉之	inform him; I know.
ao ³ -hsing ² -yeh ⁴ -hsiu ¹	曉行夜宿	to start at dawn, and stop at night,
ao ³ -jih ⁴	曉日	the morning.
ao ³ -ming ²	曉明	to understand clearly; day-break.
ao ³ -pu ⁴ -tê ²	曉不得	cannot know, do not know.
ao ³ -shih ⁴	曉事	able, clear-headed.
ao ³ -tê ²	曉得	to comprehend, to understand (chih ¹ tao ⁴).
ao ³ -yi ⁴	曉諭	a clear proclamation.

HSIAO ⁴	子	孝 ^{446a193b}	filial, dutiful ; obedience ; mourning clothes.
hsiao ⁴ -ch'in ¹		孝親	obedience to parents.
hsiao ⁴ -ching ¹		孝經	Book of filial piety.
hsiao ⁴ -ching ⁴		孝敬	dutiful and respectful.
hsiao ⁴ -ching ⁴ -pu ¹ -tao ⁴		孝敬不到	to fail in duty to parents or superiors.
hsiao ⁴ -ching ⁴ -shang ¹		孝敬上司	to give a superior a present of money.
hsiao ⁴ -fu ²	[ssü ¹]	孝服	mourning clothes (ch'uan ¹ hsiao ⁴).
hsiao ⁴ -fu ¹ -mu ³		孝父母	dutiful to parents.
hsiao ⁴ -hsin ¹		孝心	a dutiful mind.
hsiao ⁴ -hsing ³		孝行	dutiful conduct.
hsiao ⁴ -i ¹		孝衣	mourning clothes.
hsiao ⁴ -lien ²		孝廉	degree equivalent to M.A. G. 472 (chü ³ jên ²).
hsiao ⁴ -lien ² -fang ¹ -chêng ¹		孝廉方正	worthies of literature, a grade. G. 478.
hsiao ⁴ -shun ⁴		孝順	dutiful and submissive.
hsiao ⁴ -t'ü ⁴		孝悌	duty to parents and superiors.
hsiao ⁴ -tzü ³		孝子	a dutiful son, a filial son.
hsiao ⁴ -yang ³		孝養	to dutifully nourish parents (kung ¹ yang ³).
hsiao ⁴ -yu ³		孝友	respectful to friends.
hsiao ⁴	竹	笑 ^{447a795b}	to smile, to laugh, to be pleased ; to ridicule.
hsiao ⁴ -ha ¹ -ha ¹		笑哈哈	to laugh heartily.
hsiao ⁴ -hsi ¹ -hsi ¹		笑嘻嘻	to smile, to titter, to giggle.
hsiao ⁴ -hua ⁴		笑話	to ridicule, to jest ; jests (chi ¹ ch'iao ⁴).
hsiao ⁴ -hua ⁴ -jên ²		笑話人	to ridicule a person (kai ³ jên ²).
hsiao ⁴ -jên ²		笑人	to ridicule a person.
hsiao ⁴ -jung ²		笑容	a laughing countenance.
hsiao ⁴ -jung ² -k'o ³ -chü ²		笑容可掬	of very pleasing face.
hsiao ⁴ -li ² -ts'ang ² -tao ¹		笑裏藏刀	a dagger hidden under a smiling face.
hsiao ⁴ -liao ³ -i ¹ -hsiao ⁴		笑了一笑	laughed, gave a laugh.
hsiao ⁴ -lien ³		笑臉	a smiling face (yüeh ⁴ mu ⁴).
hsiao ⁴ -mi ³ -mi ³ -li ¹		笑眯眯的	a pleasant smile, a broad grin.
hsiao ⁴ -mien ⁴		笑面	a smiling face.
hsiao ⁴ -mien ⁴ -hu ³		笑面虎	a treacherous person.
hsiao ⁴ -p'o ⁴ -ch'un ³		笑破唇	to crack one's lips with laughing.
hsiao ⁴ -shuo ¹		笑說	laughing said.
hsiao ⁴ -t'an ²		笑談	laughing and chatting.
hsiao ⁴ -té ² -huang ¹		笑得慌	sore with laughing.
hsiao ⁴ -t'ou ² -êrh ²		笑頭兒	laughable, a subject for laughter.
hsiao ⁴ -tuan ⁴ -tu ³ -ch'ang ²		笑斷肚腸	to split one's sides with laughing.
hsiao ⁴	力	効 ^{447c193c}	to exert one's self ; effects, proofs.
hsiao ⁴ -kung ¹		効功	meritorious results.
hsiao ⁴ -lao ²		効勞	to exert one's strength ; labour, pains ; to drudge
hsiao ⁴ -li ⁴		効力	to exert one's strength (mien ³ li ⁴).
hsiao ⁴ -li ⁴ -shu ² -tsui ⁴		効力贖罪	to redeem yourself by future good-conduct.

[to oblig.

to exert one's strength ; labour, pains ; to drudge

to exert one's strength (mien³ li⁴).

to redeem yourself by future good-conduct.

o ⁴ .yung ⁴	効用	to labor for, to serve.
o ⁴ .fa ²	支 效 448a193c	like; to imitate; efficacious.
o ⁴ .yen ⁴	效法	to imitate a pattern.
o ⁴ .êrh ²	效驗	verification; result, efficacy (ling ² yen ⁴).
o ⁴ .ming ²	口 歎 嘯 144c795c	to hiss, to whistle, to roar (shao ⁴). [(k'nei ³ lei ³). a puppet-show (similar to Punch and Judy) to roar.
o ⁴ .wei ⁴	木 校 130a373a	school house; imperial body-guard. See chiao ⁴ .
o ⁴ .yü ⁴	校衛	imperial cavalcade.
o ⁴ .tzi ³	校禦	a standard-bearer.
	肉 肖 442c795c	to imitate, to follow in the footsteps or ways of.
	肖子	an obedient child (hsiao ⁴ ching ⁴).
EH ¹	欠 歇 448c195a	to desist, to stop, to rest, to leave off.
h ¹ .ch ⁴ .i ⁴	歇氣	to stop, to rest.
h ¹ .chih ³	歇止	to stop (t'ing ² chih ³).
h ¹ .chu ⁴	歇住	to remain, to stop.
h ¹ .chu ⁴ .k'ou ³	歇住口	to stop one's mouth (eating or speaking).
h ¹ .fu ²	歇伏	to rest during hot season (fu ² t'ien ¹) (pi ⁴ shu ³).
h ¹ .hsi ²	歇息	to cease, to stop, to rest.
h ¹ .hsiu ³	歇宿	to stop and rest (or hsü).
h ¹ .i ¹ .hsieh ¹	歇一歇	rest a while, stop a bit.
h ¹ .i ¹ .hsiu ³	歇一宿	to rest a night.
h ¹ .kung ¹	歇工	to stop work (pa ⁴ kung ¹ , t'ing ² kung ¹).
h ¹ .kuo ⁴ .fa ⁴ .lai ²	歇過乏來	to have or feel rested.
h ¹ .liang ²	歇涼	to rest and cool off.
h ¹ .shang ³	歇晌	to stop for noon rest (ta ³ chien ¹).
h ¹ .shou ³	歇手	to desist from an undertaking.
h ¹ .tien ⁴	歇店	an inn.
h ¹ .ting ¹	歇頂	bald-headed (t'u ¹ tzi ³).
h ¹ .tsui ³	歇嘴	to stop the mouth; hold your tongue!
h ¹ .yeh ⁴	歇業	to stop business, to fail (p'ei ² pên ³).
h ¹ (tzi ³)	虫 蠍 448c195b	the scorpion.
h ¹ .chê ¹	蠍螫	the sting of a scorpion.
h ¹ .hu ³ .tzi ³	蠍虎子	house lizard.
h ¹ .tu ²	蠍毒	the venom of a scorpion.
h ¹ .tzi ³ .kou ² .tzi ³	蠍子勾子	a scorpion's sting.
h ¹ .tzi ³ .ü ⁴	蠍刺	same.
h ¹	二 些 449a796a	few, some, a little of, slightly. M. 2.
h ¹ .hao ³ .i ⁴ [ch'ing ²	些好意	a little good will.
h ¹ .hsiao ³ .shih ⁴ .	些小事	a small, unimportant affair.
h ¹ .hsiao ³ .shih ⁴ .t'ü ³	些小事體	a trifling matter.
h ¹ hsien ² .hua ⁴	些閒話	a little chat (t'an ² t'an ²).

<i>hsieh¹-hsü¹</i>	些須	a little time ; a small portion of any commodity.
<i>hsieh¹-hsü¹-li³-wü⁴</i>	些須禮物	a trifling present.
<i>hsieh¹-lai²-hsiao³-ch'ü¹</i>	些來小去	a very little, the least bit.
<i>hsieh¹-shih⁴</i>	些事	a little business ; a trifling affair (shao ¹ wei ¹).
<i>hsieh¹-wei¹</i>	些微	a trifle, in a small degree, slightly. M. 535.
<i>hsieh¹ (tzŭ)</i>	木 楔 ^{449a798c}	a wooden peg (chuang ¹ chüeh ²).
HSIEH²	斗 斜^{449c796b}	sloping, aslant, oblique, away (chêng ⁴).
<i>hsieh²-chieh¹</i>	斜街	a side street.
<i>hsieh²-fêng¹</i>	斜風	a side wind.
<i>hsieh²-hêng⁴</i>	斜橫	slanting, oblique (from the horizontal).
<i>hsieh²-lêng²</i>	斜稜	aslant (tsé ⁴).
<i>hsieh²-tui⁴</i>	斜對	not quite opposite.
<i>hsieh²-wai¹</i>	斜歪	sloping, aslant, oblique, awry.
<i>hsieh²-wên²-pu⁴</i>	斜紋布	drills, jeans, twills.
<i>hsieh²-yen³</i>	斜眼	squint-eyed.
<i>hsieh² 革鞮鞋^{450a187a}</i>	鞋 ^{450a187a}	shoes, slippers (hsüeh ¹).
<i>hsieh²-chang³</i>	鞋掌	leather strap for beating criminals.
<i>hsieh²-hou⁴-kên¹</i>	鞋後根	the heel of a shoe.
<i>hsieh²-i¹-chih¹</i>	鞋一隻	one shoe.
<i>hsieh²-i¹-shuang¹</i>	鞋一雙	one pair of shoes.
<i>hsieh²-k'êu³-wa⁴-tzŭ¹</i>	鞋啃襪子	the shoe rubs a hole in the sock.
<i>hsieh²-lien³</i>	鞋臉	the seam in front.
<i>hsieh²-pang³</i>	鞋綳	the uppers of a shoe.
<i>hsieh²-shua¹-tzŭ³</i>	鞋刷子	a shoe-brush.
<i>hsieh²-ti³</i>	鞋底	the sole of a shoe.
<i>hsieh²-tso¹-t'iao²</i>	鞋坐條	a leather-edging to the sole.
<i>hsieh²-wa⁴</i>	鞋襪	shoes and stockings.
<i>hsieh²-yeh²-pa²</i>	鞋葉拔	a shoe-loop, to pull it on by.
<i>hsieh² 十叶</i>	協 ^{450c195b}	harmony, cordiality ; with; respect; submissive.
<i>hsieh²-chên⁴</i>	協鎮	commandant of a garrison, town-major.
<i>hsieh²-ho²</i>	協和	harmonious, to unite in harmony.
<i>hsieh²-kung¹</i>	協恭	mutual respect, united respect.
<i>hsieh²-li⁴</i>	協力	united strength.
<i>hsieh²-pan⁴</i>	協辦	an assistant, to assist.
<i>hsieh²-pao³</i>	協保	to co-operate with the local constable (ti ⁴ pao ³).
<i>hsieh²-t'ai²</i>	協台	a colonel. G. 442 (chên ⁴ t'ai ²).
<i>hsieh² 邑卩</i>	邪 ^{451b796b}	deflected, bad, vicious, depraved, obscene, lewd.
<i>hsieh²-chêng⁴</i>	邪正	false and true, good and bad, etc.
<i>hsieh²-ch'i⁴</i>	*邪氣	possessed of a spirit, mad (kuei ¹ fu ⁴ cho ²).
<i>hsieh²-chiao⁴</i>	邪教	heretical teaching.
<i>hsieh²-fa²</i>	邪法	conjuring tricks, sorcery.
<i>hsieh²-hsin¹</i>	邪心	a depraved mind.

siéh ² -liao ³	邪了	haunted (of a house).	[tso ³ tao ⁴].
siéh ² -mo ² -wai'-tao ⁴	邪魔外道	heretical and diabolical doctrines	(p'ang ² mên ²
siéh ² -nien ⁴	邪念	évil thoughts,	
siéh ² -p'i ⁴	邪僻	lewd, licentious, profligate, corrupt.	
siéh ² -ping ⁴	邪病	epilepsy (yang ² ehiao ³ fêng ¹).	
siéh ² -pui'-ch'in ¹ -chêng ¹	邪不侵正	the evil cannot injure the good.	
siéh ² -shên ²	邪神	false gods, etc.	
siéh ² -shih ⁴	邪事	vices.	
siéh ² -shou ³	邪手	a profligate ; onanism.	
siéh ² -shu ⁴	邪術	magical arts, magic (fa ² shu ⁴ , huan ⁴ shu ⁴).	
siéh ² -shuo ¹	邪說	corrupt speaking.	
siéh ² -tao ⁴	邪道	heretical doctrines.	
siéh ² -ti ⁴ -fang ¹	邪地方	a haunted place ; a brothel ; a gambling house.	
siéh ² -wei ⁴	邪味	a bad odor, a stench (ch'ou ⁴ wei ⁴).	
siéh ² -wu ⁴	邪物	ghosts, etc. ; anything bad.	
siéh ² -yu ²	邪淫	obscene, impure, profligate, licentious.	
siéh ²	手携攜	携 ^{122a} 179c	to take by the hand, to lead (also hsi).
siéh ² -chüan ⁴	携眷		to bring one's family with one.
siéh ² -ling ³	携領		to lead.
siéh ² -shou ³	携手		to take by the hand, to lead.
siéh ² -shou ³ -t'ung ²	携手同行		to walk hand in hand together.
siéh ² -tai ⁴	携帶		to bring along with one.
siéh ² (chia)	手才挾	挾 ^{111a} 356b	to clasp under the arm ; to cherish.
siéh ² -chih ⁴	挾制		to oppress.
siéh ² -ch'ou ²	挾仇		to be enemies, to have a grudge at (ehieh ² ch'ou ²).
siéh ² -hsien ²	挾嫌		estrangle, to have a spite at (ehieh ² yüan ¹).
siéh ² -kao ⁴	挾告		to accuse at law, especially maliciously (kao ⁴
siéh ²	肉脅	脇 ^{451a} 195c	ribs (lei ⁴ p'ang ² ku ³). [chuang ⁴].
siéh ² -ku ³	脇骨		same.
siéh ² -pang ²	脇膀		same.
siéh ²	言讎	諧 ^{452a} 187a	to be in accord.
siéh ² -h ²	諧和		in accord.
siéh ² -shêng ¹	諧聲		phonetic characters
siéh ² (chieh)	人偕	偕 ^{143c} 358a	together with.
siéh ² (ui)	馬駭	駭 ^{450a} 187c	alarmed, startled (ch'ih ² ching ¹).
HSIEH ³	寫	寫 ^{452b} 796c	to write, to sketch, to paint.
siéh ³ -chang ¹ -fang ²	寫張房契		to draw up a lease.
siéh ³ -chung ⁴	寫賬		to keep accounts.
siéh ³ -chên ¹	寫真		to paint a person's likeness (miao ² hsieh ³).
siéh ³ -ch'êng ² -chuang ⁴	寫呈狀		to write out an accusation.
siéh ³ -fa ³	寫法		penmanship (pi ³ chi ¹).
siéh ³ -hsi ⁴	寫戲		to invite or hire a theatrical troupe.

<i>hsieh³-hsin¹</i>	寫心
<i>hsieh³-hsin⁴</i>	寫信
<i>hsieh³-hsin⁴-kei³</i>	寫信給
<i>hsieh³-i¹-jĕng¹-hsin⁴</i>	寫一封
<i>hsieh³-i⁴</i>	寫意
<i>hsieh³-pu⁴-tĕ²-tzh⁴</i>	寫不得
<i>hsieh³-shan⁴-tzu³</i>	寫扇子
<i>hsieh³-shu¹</i>	寫書
<i>hsieh³-t'u¹</i>	寫禿
<i>hsieh³-tui⁴-lien³</i>	寫對聯
<i>hsieh³-tzŭ⁴</i>	寫字
<i>hsieh³</i>	血 ^{194c230a}
<i>hsieh³-ch'i⁴</i>	血氣
<i>hsieh³-ch'i⁴-fang¹-kang¹</i>	血氣方剛
<i>hsieh³-ch'i⁴-wei⁴-ting⁴</i>	血氣未定
<i>hsieh³-chieh²</i>	血竭
<i>hsieh³-han⁴</i>	血汗
<i>hsi-h³-hsin¹</i>	血心
<i>hsieh³-kuan³</i>	血管
<i>hsieh³-luo²</i>	血癆
<i>hsieh³-liao⁴</i>	血料
<i>hsieh³-lin²-lin²-ti¹</i>	血淋淋的
<i>hsie³-liu²</i>	血流
<i>hsi-h³-lo⁴</i>	血漏
<i>hsieh³-mo⁴</i>	*血脈
<i>hsieh³-p'ĕn²</i>	血盆
<i>hsieh³-shan¹-pĕng¹</i>	血山崩
<i>hsieh³-shui³</i>	血水

HSIEH ⁴	言 謝 ^{454a797a}
<i>hsieh⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	謝去
<i>hsieh⁴-ch'üeh²</i>	謝絕
<i>hsieh⁴-ĕn¹</i>	謝恩
<i>hsieh⁴-hsieh⁴</i>	謝謝
<i>hsieh⁴-i¹</i>	謝醫
<i>hsieh⁴-i²</i>	謝儀
<i>hsieh⁴-k'ŏ⁴</i>	謝客
<i>hsieh⁴-kuo⁴</i>	謝過
<i>hsieh⁴-pich²</i>	謝別
<i>hsieh⁴-shang³</i>	謝賞
<i>hsieh⁴-shih⁴</i>	謝世
<i>hsieh⁴-t'ieh¹</i>	謝帖
<i>hsieh⁴-yü³</i>	謝雨

to disburden the heart, to put off one's mind.
to write a letter (k'ai¹ hsin⁴).
to write to.
to write a letter.
to have or give an idea (as in painting).
unable to write (through illness, etc.).
to write on fans.
to write a letter.
written bald—a Chinese pen blunted.
to write antithetical couplets.
to write.
blood. See *hsieh⁴*.
“blood and breath,” the constitution.
the very prime of youthful strength.
before the constitution is fixed. [ous substance
dragon's blood; hair of the head; a kind of resin
“blood and sweat,” labour, pains.
affection, warmheartedness, sympathy.
a blood-vessel.
spitting of blood (t'u³ hsieh⁴).
to make water-proof by using pig's blood, etc.
dripping blood, a solemn oath.
blood flows.
an issue of blood.
the arteries, consanguinity.
a vessel used by Chinese women at childbirth.
an excess of menses (yüeh⁴ ching¹).
blood and water; the blood weak or watery.

to thank, to decline; to die.
to leave, to take leave.
to cut off intercourse; to retire.
to be thankful for favours.
thanks, thank you (to¹ hsieh⁴).
a doctor's fee (ma³ ch'ien²).
return presents, thank-offering. (tang³ chia⁴)
to decline a visit (on plea of being engaged, etc.
to confess a fault (jĕn⁴ tsui⁴).
to take leave.
to thank one for a gift.
to die (ch'ü⁴ shih⁴).
card of thanks; notice of reward.
to thank (the gods) for rain (ch'i² yü³).

ieh ⁴	卸	卸 ^{155a797b}	to unload, to put off; to unloose; to lay down.
eh ⁴ -ch'ê ¹	卸車	卸車	to unload a cart, to unharness a horse, etc.
eh ⁴ -chiao ³	卸脚	卸脚	to unload goods carried for others, [(t'ao ⁴ ch'ê ¹).
ieh ⁴ -chuang ⁴	卸狀	卸狀	<i>en déshabillé</i> .
eh ⁴ -huo ⁴	卸禍	卸禍	[trouble. to rid one's self of a calamity, to get out of
eh ⁴ -huo ⁴	卸貨	卸貨	to discharge cargo.
eh ⁴ -jên ⁴	卸任	卸任	to give up office; term of office expired.
eh ⁴ -shêng ¹ -k'ou ³	卸牲口	卸牲口	to unhitch the animal (t'ao ⁴ shêng ¹ k'ou ³).
ieh ⁴ -shih ⁴	卸事	卸事	to give up or desist from an affair.
ieh ⁴ -shih ⁴	卸仕	卸仕	to resign an office (hsieh ⁴ jên ²).
eh ⁴ -tan ⁴	卸擔	卸擔	to lay down a burden.
eh ⁴ -tsui ³	卸載	卸載	to unload or discharge cargo.
eh ⁴ -yin ⁴	卸印	卸印	to resign the seal, to resign office.
eh ⁴	水	瀉 ^{452c797c}	purging, dysentery; to drain.
eh ⁴ -tu ³		瀉肚	a dysentery (li ⁴ chi ²).
eh ⁴ -t'u ³		瀉吐	purging and vomiting.
eh ⁴ -yao ⁴		瀉藥	a purgative (ta ³ yao ⁴).
ieh ⁴	水	泄 ^{568b282b}	to ooze, to drip, to leak; bowel complaint.
eh ⁴ -hsieh ⁴		泄瀉	to leak out.
eh ⁴ -li ⁴		泄痢	a laxation of the bowels (p'ao ³ tu ²).
eh ⁴ -lou ⁴		泄露	to reveal, to disclose.
eh ⁴	水	洩 ^{450b798b}	to leak, to ooze out; to lesson.
eh ⁴ -ch'i ³		洩氣	to be satisfied, to be appeased.
eh ⁴ -lou ⁴		洩漏	to disclose; to ooze out.
eh ⁴ -lou ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -chi ¹		洩漏天機	to disclose secrets of Heaven.
eh ⁴ -ti ³		洩底	to be mortified, to betray one's antecedents.
eh ⁴	衣	褻 ^{454c798c}	rags; to defile; disrespectful.
eh ⁴ -fu ²		褻服	ragged, dirty clothes; mourning clothes.
ieh ⁴ -i ¹		褻衣	inner clothing.
eh ⁴ -man ⁴		褻慢	to treat with contumely.
eh ⁴ -tu ²		褻瀆	to blaspheme (chien ⁴ wang ⁴).
eh ⁴	虫	蟹 ^{453c187b}	the crab (p'ang ² hsieh ⁴).
eh ⁴ -huan ²		蟹黃	the spawn of crabs.
ieh ⁴ -jou ⁴		蟹肉	the flesh of crabs.
ieh ⁴ -kên ²		蟹羹	crab soup.
ieh ⁴ -yen ³		蟹眼	"crab's eyes," bubbles on boiling water.
ieh ⁴	心	懈 ^{453b187c}	idle, lazy, negligent.
eh ⁴ -sung ¹		懈鬆	loose, lax.
ieh ⁴ -tai ⁴		懈怠	indolent, lazy (lan ³ to ⁴).
eh ⁴	角	解 ^{151c359b}	unloose, fall off. See chieh ³ .
eh ⁴ -pu ¹ -k'ai ¹		解不開	cannot explain it.
ieh ⁴	木	械 ^{454c188b}	general name for weapons (chün ¹ ch'i ⁴).
eh ⁴ -tou ⁴		械鬪	to fight with weapons.

<i>hsieh⁴</i>	系 綫	450b799a	rope (lei ³ hsieh ⁴).
HSIEN¹	兀 先	455a799a	before, early ; to begin ; in the first place.
<i>hsien¹-chao⁴</i>	先兆		a presage, an omen (yü ⁴ chao ⁴).
<i>hsien¹-chien⁴</i>	先見		a prognostic, a sign ; to foresee.
<i>hsien¹-chien⁴-chih¹</i>	先見之明		the intelligence of a seer.
<i>hsien¹-ch'ien²</i>	先前		formerly (ts'ung ² ch'ien ²).
<i>hsien¹-chih¹</i>	先知		foreknowledge, prior knowledge of.
<i>hsien⁴-chih¹</i>	先知		a prophet.
<i>hsien¹-chüeh²</i>	先覺		same.
<i>hsien¹-chün¹</i>	先君		my late father ; the late sovereign.
<i>hsien¹-fu⁴</i>	先父		my deceased father (hsien ¹ k'ao ³).
<i>hsien¹-hou⁴</i>	先後		before and after ; about.
<i>hsien²-hsien²</i>	先賢		former worthies.
<i>hsien¹-hsing²-kuan³</i>	先行官		an official who prepares the way for a high person deceased ; ancestors.
<i>hsien¹-jên²</i>	先人		the scholars of past ages.
<i>hsien¹-ju²</i>	先儒		a deceased father.
<i>hsien¹-k'ao³</i>	先考		let it be for a bit !
<i>hsien -ko¹-cho²-pa⁴</i>	先擱着罷		the ancients ; in ancient times.
<i>hsien¹-ku³</i>	先古		beginning is hard, the easy comes after.
<i>hsien¹-nan⁴-hou⁴-i⁴</i>	先難後易		in previous years.
<i>hsien¹-nien²</i>	先年		a deceased mother.
<i>hsien¹-pi³</i>	先妣		well ! well ! unexpected turn of affairs.
<i>hsien¹-pu⁴-hsien¹</i>	先不先		three years before.
<i>hsien¹-san¹-nien²</i>	先三年		a teacher, a master, a tutor ; sir.
<i>hsien¹-shêng¹</i>	先生		Confucius, a deceased master, etc.
<i>hsien¹-shih¹</i>	先師		the former life, a former generation.
<i>hsien¹-shih⁴</i>	先世		to foretell.
<i>hsien¹-shuo¹</i>	先說		one's natural physical endowments.
<i>hsien¹-t'ien¹</i>	先天		once upon a time, formerly. M. 337.
<i>hsien¹-t'ou²</i>	先頭		same (ts'ung ² ch'ien ²).
<i>hsien¹-t'ou²-li¹</i>	先頭裏		to go or walk first.
<i>hsien¹-tsou³</i>	先走		ancestors (tsu ³ tsung ¹).
<i>hsien¹-tsu³</i>	先祖		the first thing required or necessary.
<i>hsien¹-yao⁴</i>	先要		genii, fairies of Taoism and Buddhism (hu same (shên ² hsien ¹).
<i>hsien¹ (tzü)</i>	人 僊	456a799b	a beautiful prospect, a fairy scene.
<i>hsien¹-chia¹</i>	仙家		conjuring tricks.
<i>hsien¹-ching³</i>	仙景		a living immortal (hsiu ¹ hsien ¹).
<i>hsien¹-fa³</i>	仙法		the crane (t'ien ¹ hao ²).
<i>hsien¹-fêng¹-tao⁴-ku³</i>	仙風道骨		genii, fairies, immortals.
<i>hsien¹-hao²</i>	仙鶴		"fairy palms," the cactus, the pricklypear.
<i>hsien¹-jên²</i>	仙人		
<i>hsien¹-jên²-chang³</i>	仙人掌		

en ¹ -jên ² -ch'üan ²	仙人拳	"genii fists," a round kind of cactus.
en ¹ -nü ³	仙女	a fairy, fairies.
en ¹ -shu ³	仙鼠	"fairy rats," bats (pien ¹ fu ²).
en ¹ -tan ¹	仙丹	the philosopher's stone (lien ⁴ tan ¹).
en ¹	魚 鱻 鮮 ^{457bS00c}	fresh, as opposed to dried; rare, few (3rd tone).
en ¹ -hsieh ³	鮮血	fresh blood.
en ¹ -hua ¹	鮮花	fresh-cut flowers.
en ¹ -hung ²	鮮紅	bright red, blood red.
en ¹ -jou ⁴	鮮肉	fresh meat.
en ¹ -kuo ³ -tzü ³	鮮菓子	fresh fruit (shui ³ kuo ³ tzü ³).
en ¹ -liu ¹ -liu ¹ -ti ¹	鮮溜溜的	quite fresh, delicious.
en ¹ -ming ³	鮮明	bright, clear, fresh-looking (hsin ¹ hsien ¹).
en ¹ -shao ³	鮮少	few, rare.
en ¹ -t'ien ²	鮮甜	freshly sweet.
en ¹ -ts'ai ⁴	鮮菜	fresh vegetables.
en ¹ -wei ¹	鮮味	fresh tasting.
en ¹ -yü ³	鮮魚	fresh fish.
en ¹	手 才 掀 ^{456c196b}	to raise, to lift up.
en ¹ -ch'i ³ -lai ²	掀起來	same.
en ¹ -fan ¹ -liao ³	掀翻了	to lift up and turn over.
en ¹ -fang ² -tzü ³	掀房子	to tear the roof off a house.
en ¹ -k'ai ¹	掀開	to raise up, to pull open (as curtains, etc.).
en ¹ -lien ² -tzü ³	掀簾子	to raise a screen or curtain.
en ¹ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴	掀不動	unable to lift or move.
en ¹	暹 暹 暹 ^{458c800c}	Siam; the sun rising with splendour.
en ¹ -lo ²	暹 暹 暹	Siam.
en ¹	禾 粃 杓 ^{456c799b}	a common rice-plant.
en ¹	金 銑 ^{456a801b}	a shovel or spade; to burnish.
en ¹	木 杓 ^{456c196c}	a wooden shovel.
SIEN ²	門 閒 ^{459b198a}	leisure, unoccupied, idle, loitering; empty
en ² -ch'a ² -mên ⁴ -ch'iu ³	閒茶悶酒	when idle drink tea, when sad drink wine.
en ² -ch'i ³	閒氣	needless anger, not in my own quarrel.
en ² -ching ⁴	閒靜	leisure, quiet, rest, repose (an ¹ ching ⁴).
en ² -chu ⁴	閒住	retired, disengaged, at leisure.
en ² -chü ¹	閒苦	disengaged, at leisure; retired from business.
en ² -hsia ²	閒暇	leisure, unoccupied time.
en ² -hua ⁴	閒話	leisure talk, chat.
en ² -jên ²	閒人	disengaged persons; beggars, vagrants.
en ² -kua ⁴	閒話	idle talk, chit-chat (la ¹ kua ⁴).
en ² -kuang ⁴	閒逛	to stroll about.
en ² -k'ung ⁴	閒空	nothing to do, leisure.
en ² -min ²	閒民	unemployed persons; beggars, vagrants.

[(k'ung⁴).

<i>hsien²-pu⁴</i>	閒步	to saunter, to stroll (<i>hsien² yu²</i>).
<i>tsien²-pu⁴ chu⁴</i>	閒不住	busy, unable to find time (<i>ku⁴ pu⁴ tê² ch'ü⁴</i>).
<i>hsien²-san⁴</i>	閒散	to relax, relaxation; sinecures.
<i>hsien²-shih²</i>	閒時	leisure time, to rest from an affair, etc.
<i>hsien²-shuh⁴</i>	閒事	anything extraneous to duty (<i>hsia² shih²</i>).
<i>hsien²-shu⁴</i>	閒書	light books (<i>hsiao³ shuo⁴</i>).
<i>hsien²-t'an²</i>	閒談	to chat, to gossip.
<i>hsien²-tê²-r'h³</i>	閒得兒	beggars (<i>yo⁴ fan⁴ ti¹</i>).
<i>hsien²-têng³-r'h³</i>	閒等兒	same.
<i>hsien²-ti⁴</i>	閒地	vacant land.
<i>hsien²-tsa²</i>	閒雜	idle, disreputable.
<i>hsien²-tso⁴-hsien²-shua³</i>	閒坐閒耍	idle, frivolous.
<i>hsien²-tso⁴-hsien²-wan⁴</i>	閒坐閒玩	same.
<i>hsien²-yen²</i>	閒言	leisure talk, chat.
<i>hsien² yu²</i>	閒游	to stroll (<i>kuang⁴ ching³</i>).
<i>hsien²-yü³</i>	閒語	leisure talk, chat.
<i>hsien²</i>	鹵鹹	460c198c salt taste; salted, preserved in brine (<i>yen²</i>).
<i>hsien²-chan⁴-chan⁴-ti¹</i>	鹹湛湛的	quite salt.
<i>hsien²-chin¹-chin¹-ti¹</i>	鹹津津的	same.
<i>hsien²-jou⁴</i>	鹹肉	salt meat.
<i>hsien²-k'u³</i>	鹹苦	acrid, bitter, briny.
<i>hsien²-shui³</i>	鹹水	salt water (<i>tan⁴</i>).
<i>hsien²-tan⁴</i>	鹹淡	salt and fresh.
<i>hsien²-ts'ai⁴</i>	鹹菜	salted vegetables.
<i>hsien²-yü²</i>	鹹魚	salt fish (<i>hsien¹ yü²</i>).
<i>hsien²</i>	嫌	458a197a aversion, dislike, prejudice, suspicion, disdain
<i>hsien²-ch'i⁴</i>	嫌氣	disgust (<i>t'ao³ jên² hsien²</i>).
<i>hsien²-ch'i⁴</i>	嫌棄	to throw away in disdain, to reject,
<i>hsien²-ch'ing¹</i>	嫌輕	of very little account, etc.
<i>hsien²-i²</i>	嫌疑	dislike and suspicion, suspicious (<i>i² huo⁴</i>).
<i>hsien²-lu⁴-t'ai¹-yüan³</i>	嫌路太遠	objected to the length of the road.
<i>hsien² p'in²-ai¹-fu⁴</i>	嫌貧愛富	to slight the poor and pay court to the rich.
<i>hsien²-shao³</i>	嫌少	to reject on account of insufficiency. [<i>hsien²</i>]
<i>hsien²</i>	賢	461c197a virtuous, moral, worthy, a term of respect (<i>shêng</i>
<i>hsien²-ch'i¹</i>	賢妻	virtuous wife.
<i>hsien²-ch'i¹</i>	賢契	one's juniors (a term of respect) (<i>lao³ ti⁴</i>).
<i>hsien²-hsiao¹-p'ai²-fung¹</i>	賢孝牌坊	an arch to the memory of the good and filial.
<i>hsien²-hsien²-i⁴-sü⁴</i>	賢賢易色	to love virtue, as you do beauty.
<i>hsien²-hsiung¹</i>	賢兄	worthy younger brother. M. 514.
<i>hsien²-hsü⁴</i>	賢婿	worthy son-in-law (<i>nü³ hsü⁴</i>).
<i>hsien²-hui⁴</i>	賢慧	good qualities, virtuous, discreet.
<i>hsien²-jên²</i>	賢人	a sage, a virtuous man, sages, worthies [<i>jên²</i>]
<i>hsien²-liang²</i>	賢良	good, virtuous, etc. (<i>liang² shan⁴</i>).

ien ² -yü ²	賢	愚	the great and small—of mankind.
ien ²	門	閑 ^{460a} 198b	to defend, to be well trained (used for 閑).
ien ² -hsi ²		閑習	accustomed to, trained, broken in.
ien ² -jên ²		閑人	“leisure men,” vagrants, idlers, etc.
ien ² -mang ³		閑忙	disengaged and busy.
ien ² -sun ⁴		閑散	disbanded (as troops); disengaged.
ien ²	女	嫻 ^{159c} 198b	accomplished, genteel; skilled in, accustomed to.
ien ² -hsi ²		嫻習	accustomed to, trained, broken in.
ien ² -shou ²		嫻熟	perfect in, versed in, accustomed to.
ien ² -ya ³		嫻雅	elegant, genteel, accomplished.
ien ²	口	啣 ^(嚼) 161a199b	to hold in the mouth, or between the teeth (tiao ¹).
ien ² -tsai ⁴ -k'ou ³ .li ³		啣在口裏	same (or 嘴裏).
ien ² -yüan ⁴		啣怨	to harbour resentment (han ² yüan ¹).
ien ²	口	咸 ^{460b} 198c	all, the whole of, totally; universal, everywhere.
ien ² -chi ²		咸集	all or the whole assembled.
ien ² -chien ⁴		咸見	seen by every one; all seen.
ien ² -fêng ⁴		咸豐	Emperor of China from 1851-1862 A. D.
ien ²	水	涎 ^{461a} 982a	slaver, drivel; to long, to covet (yen, nien, ch'ien).
ien ² -i ¹		涎衣	a slobbering bib.
ien ² -mo ⁴		涎沫	saliva (t'u ⁴ wo ⁴).
ien ² -p'i ² -lai ⁴ -lien ³		涎皮賴臉	shameless effrontery (ssü ³ p'i ² lai ⁴ lien ³).
ien ² -t'an ²		涎痰	slaver and phlegm.
ien ²	糸	緘 ^{162c} 383b	to seal, silent (also chien ¹).
ien ² -fêng ⁴		緘封	to seal up.
ien ² -k'ou ³ -wu ² -yen ²		緘口無言	to seal one's lips and say nothing.
ien ² -mo ⁴		緘默	to keep silence.
ien ²	弓	弦 ^{458c} 197b	string of an instrument; the chord of an arc.
ien ² -chi ⁴		弦機	a spring, springs.
ien ² -kung ¹		弦弓	to string a bow (t'an ²).
ien ² -tzu ³		弦子	a lute.
ien ² (tzu ³)	糸	絃 ^{459a} 197c	string of a musical instrument.
ien ² -ko ¹		絃歌	playing and singing.
ien ²	金	銜 ^{460c} 199a	a bit; to control; brevet rank (kuan ¹ hsien ²).
SIEN ³	阜	險 ^{457a} 200b	danger, dangerous, difficult.
ien ³ -cha ⁴		險詐	to backbite (hui ³ pang ⁴).
ien ³ -cha ⁴ -hsiao ³ -jên ²		險詐小人	a backbiter; a blackguard.
ien ³ -ch'u ⁴		險處	a dangerous place (wei ² hsien ³).
ien ³ -chung ¹		險中	in the midst of danger.
ien ³ -hsieh ⁴ .sü ³ -lin ³		險些死了	I was very nearly killed.
ien ³ -k'ou ³		險口	a dangerous pass, etc.
ien ³ -o ⁴		險惡	vicious, malevolent, dangerous.
ien ³ -shih ⁴		險事	a dangerous or difficult affair.

hsien³-ti⁴
 hsien³-tsu³
 hsien³-yao⁴
 hsien³ 頁顯
 hsien³-ch'ing¹
 hsien³-êrh³-i⁴-chien⁴
 hsien³-hsien⁴
 hsien³-jan²
 hsien³-kan¹
 hsien³-kuei⁴
 hsien³-liang¹
 hsien³-ling²
 hsien³-lou⁴
 hsien³-ming²
 hsien³-shou³-tuan⁴
 hsien³-ta³
 hsien³-wei²-ching⁴
 hsien³-yüeh⁴ (yao)

險地
 險阻
 險要
 顯 162a199c
 顯青
 顯而易見
 顯現
 顯然
 顯乾
 顯貴
 顯亮
 顯靈
 顯露
 顯明
 顯手段
 顯達
 顯微鏡
 顯耀

a dangerous place.
 a dangerous place or obstacle.
 perilous, an important position.
 apparent, visible, conspicuous, to manifest.
 brilliant blue.
 obvious.
 to manifest.
 evident.
 snapping dry (kan¹ pa¹ pa¹ ti¹).
 evident wealth, etc.
 clear, manifest.
 to display efficacy (the gods).
 to come out, as the truth.
 brightly displayed, conspicuous (fa¹ hsien⁴).
 to display one's skill.
 prosperous; illustrious.
 the microscope.
 illustrious.

HSIEN⁴ 犬獻
 hsien⁴-ch'a²
 hsien⁴-ch'ü⁴
 hsien⁴-chien⁴
 hsien⁴-ch'in²
 hsien⁴-ch'iu³
 hsien⁴-kung¹
 hsien⁴-li³
 hsien⁴-pao³
 hsien⁴-shang⁴
 hsien⁴-tao¹
 hsien⁴ 糸
 hsien⁴
 hsien⁴-chou⁴
 hsien⁴-hua¹
 hsien⁴-kung¹
 hsien⁴-lü³
 hsien⁴-pu⁴
 hsien⁴ 玉
 hsien⁴-ch'ênj²-ti¹
 hsien⁴-ch'ien²
 hsien⁴-ch'ien² pu⁴-shé¹
 hsien⁴-ch'ih¹-hsien⁴-tso⁴
 hsien⁴-chin¹

獻 463a201b
 獻茶
 獻祭
 獻劍
 獻勤
 獻酒
 獻功
 獻禮
 獻寶
 獻上
 獻刀
 線 463bS01c
 綫
 綫縐
 綫花
 綫工
 綫縷
 綫步
 現 463c201c
 現成的
 現錢
 現錢不賒
 現吃現做
 現今

to offer to, to hand or present to; offerings.
 to hand tea to one (fêng⁴ ch'a²).
 to sacrifice (ch'ü⁴ ssü¹).
 to present a sword.
 to toady, to ingratiate one's self.
 to offer one wine.
 to make a report of one's services.
 to make presents.
 to make presents of valuables.
 to offer up (kung⁴ shang⁴).
 to make a present of a sword.
 thread; a clue, a trace; a fuse; a streak.
 same.
 cord crape.
 cotton for making thread.
 a spy (tso⁴ hsien⁴).
 thread, fibres of thread.
 a stitch, stitches. [shüan]
 to become visible; now, the present time. S
 ready; ready made (as clothes, etc.) (ting⁴ tso
 ready money.
 ready money and no credit (a shop placard).
 to prepare food after it is ordered.
 now, the present time (tang¹ chiu¹).

en ⁴ -huo ²	現活	life-like, natural.
en ¹ -shih ³	現時	at present, just now.
en ⁴ -shih ¹ -hsien ⁴ -pao ¹	現世現報	a present retribution (huo ² cho ¹ huo ² na ²).
en ⁴ -tsai ⁴	現在	now, at present. M. 334.
en ⁴ -yung ⁴ -hsien ⁴ -mai ³	現用現買	to buy as needed.
en ⁴	阜 陷	to fall into, to sink, to involve. See hsüan ⁴ .
en ⁴ -ching ³	陷阱	to fall into a pit.
en ⁴ -hai ⁴	陷害	to involve in injury, to cause one to fall.
en ⁴ -k'êng ¹	陷坑	a pitfall; to fall into a pit (tiao ⁴).
en ⁴ -ni ⁴	陷溺	to be infatuated, to have fallen into.
en ⁴ -tsui ⁴	陷罪	to be involved in crime (lien ² lei ⁴).
en ⁴	糸 縣	a district (5th in order). K. I. 53.
en ⁴ -ch'êng ²	縣丞	an assistant district magistrate.
en ⁴ -ch'êng ²	縣城	the chief town in a district.
en ⁴ -fu ⁴ -mu ³	縣父母	popular name of chih ¹ hsien ⁴ . [dates.
en ⁴ -k'ao ³	縣考	a district magistrate's examination of candi-
en ⁴ -kuan ¹	縣官	a district magistrate. G. 289 (chih ¹ hsien ⁴).
en ⁴ -li ⁴	縣吏	clerks, secretaries of foregoing.
en ⁴ -ling ⁴	縣令	a district magistrate.
en ⁴ -shu ³	縣署	a district magistrate's office.
en ⁴ -t'ai ⁴ -yeh ⁴	縣太爺	a district magistrate.
en ¹ tsun ¹	縣尊	a district magistrate; your worship.
en ⁴ -ya ² -mên ²	縣衙門	a district magistrate's office.
en ⁴	心 憲	a ruler; to deliver laws to; well educated.
en ⁴ -chin ⁴	憲禁	a government prohibition.
en ⁴ -shu ¹	憲書	the official almanack (huang ² li ⁴).
en ⁴ -t'ai ²	憲臺	a mandarin (of high rank). Your excellency.
en ⁴ -t'ien ¹	憲天	the supreme authorities.
en ⁴	阜 限	limit, limited.
en ⁴ -ch'i ¹	限期	limited time; a given date (jih ⁴ ch'i ¹).
en ⁴ -liang ²	限量	a measure, a limit; an estimate.
en ⁴ -man ³	限滿	time expired.
en ⁴ -nei ⁴	限內	within the limit.
en ⁴ -t'ai ¹ -san ¹ -t'ien ¹	限他三天	give him three days, e.g., to find the thief.
en ⁴	羊 羨	to desire; to praise, to admire; overplus.
en ⁴ -mei ³	羨美	to admire, to praise.
en ⁴ -mu ⁴	羨慕	to admire, to respect, to be very fond of (ai ⁴ mu ⁴).
en ⁴	艸 莧	spinach.
en ⁴ -ts'ai ⁴	莧菜	same.
en ⁴ -ts'ao ³	莧草	same.
en ⁴ (tzŭ)	食 餡	any kind of stuffing for pastry, etc., to stuff.
en ⁴ -êrh ² -ping ³	餡兒餅	cake with stuffing.
en ⁴ -pao ¹ -tzü ³	餡包子	a fruit or meat pudding, etc.

HSIN ¹	心 十 卅	心 ^{466a806b}	the centre, the heart, mind, motives, affections
hsin ¹ -ch'ang ²		心腸	the heart.
hsin ¹ -ch'í ¹		心機	thought, anxiety, contrivances.
hsin ¹ -ch'ih ⁴		心志	the will.
hsin ¹ -ch'iao ¹		心焦	worried, vexed (chiao ³ jao ³).
hsin ¹ -ch'iao ³		心巧	contrivances; clever (ling ² li ⁴).
hsin ¹ -ch'iao ⁴		心竅	openings in the heart, intelligence.
hsin ¹ -ch'ieh ⁴		心怯	timorous (hsiao ³ tan ³).
hsin ¹ -ching ¹		心經	Classic of the Heart (virtue book).
hsin ¹ -ching ¹ -jou ⁴ -t'iao ⁴		心驚肉跳	dreadfully frightened.
hsin ¹ -ching ¹ -tan ³ -chan ⁴		心驚膽戰	same (hsia ⁴ p'ou ⁴ tan ³ tzū ³).
hsin ¹ -chung ¹		心中	in the heart.
hsin ¹ -chung ¹ -luan ⁴ -t'iao ⁴		心中亂跳	beating or palpitation of the heart.
hsin ¹ -fu ²		心腹	the bosom; intimate.
hsin ¹ -fu ² -hua ⁴		心腹話	confidential, sincere words.
hsin ¹ -fu ² -k'ou ³ -fu ²		心服口服	full assent, cordial approval.
hsin ¹ -fu ² -p'êng ³ -yu ³		心腹朋友	a bosom friend (chih ¹ chi ³).
hsin ¹ -hên ⁴		心恨	animosity; indignant.
hsin ¹ -hsia ⁴		心下	in the mind; at heart.
hsin ¹ -hsiang ³		心想	to think, thought (ssü ¹ hsiang ³).
hsin ¹ -hsin ¹ -t'an ³ -t'ê ⁴		心心忐忑	tremour, palpitation of the heart.
hsin ¹ -hsing ⁴		心性	temper, disposition (p'i ² ch'i ⁴).
hsin ¹ -hsung ²		心胸	the heart, the mind.
hsin ¹ -hua ¹ -k'ai ¹		心花開	blossoming of hope.
hsin ¹ -huai ²		心懷	the bosom in the heart.
hsin ¹ -huai ² -o ⁴ -nien ⁴		心懷惡念	cherishing evil thoughts.
hsin ¹ -huo ² -êrh ³ -juan ³		心活耳軟	a credulous disposition.
hsin ¹ -i ⁴		心意	thought, aspiration.
hsin ¹ -ju ² -ch'êng ⁴		心如秤	heart like a steel-yard—good judgment.
hsin ¹ -juan ³		心軟	tender-hearted, lenient.
hsin ¹ -kan ¹		心肝	"heart and liver," sweetheart; the heart.
hsin ¹ -k'an ³		心坎	the pit of the stomach; the heart.
hsin ¹ -kao ¹		心高	of lofty aims or aspirations, independent.
hsin ¹ -kao ¹ -ch'i ⁴ -ao ⁴		心高氣傲	proud to excess.
hsin ¹ -k'ou ³		心口	"heart's mouth," the breast, pit of stomach.
hsin ¹ -k'ou ³ -hsiang ¹ -ying ⁴		心口相應	to say what one thinks.
hsin ¹ -k'ou ³ -ju ² -i ¹		心口如一	heart and mouth as one; speaking and mind.
hsin ¹ -k'ou ³ -t'êng ²		心口疼	a pain in the pit of the stomach, e. g., dyspepsia.
hsin ¹ -li ³		心裏	in the heart.
hsin ¹ -li ³ -nan ² -shou ⁴		心裏難受	feeling badly.
hsin ¹ -li ³ -pu ⁴ -fu ²		心裏不服	dissatisfied with.
hsin ¹ -li ⁴		心力	mental strength, exertions of all sorts.
hsin ¹ -ling ²		心靈	intellectual (ling ² li ⁴).

n ¹ -ling ² -shên ² -hui ³	心領神會	very clever.
n ¹ -ling ² -shou ³ -min ³	心靈手敏	intellectual, clever.
n ¹ -luan ⁴	心亂	the mind disturbed.
n ¹ -man ³ -i ⁴ -tsu ²	心滿意足	self-confident.
n ¹ -mang ² -i ⁴ -luan ⁴	心忙意亂	feeling much perturbed.
n ¹ -nei ⁴	心內	in the heart.
n ¹ -p'ing ² -ch'i ⁴ -ho ²	心平氣和	peaceful disposition.
n ¹ -pu ¹ -p'ing ²	心不平	discontented, anxious.
n ¹ -pu ¹ -tsai ⁴	心不在	inattentive.
n ¹ -shang ⁴ -jên ²	心上人	your sweetheart.
n ¹ -shên ²	心神	the mind, the wits.
n ¹ -shên ² -pu ⁴ -ting ⁴	心神不定	wandering in thought (hsin ¹ pu ⁴ ts'ai ⁴).
n ¹ -shih ⁴	心事	affairs of the heart ; the mind set upon.
n ¹ -shu ⁴	心術	principles, disposition ; ability.
n ¹ -ssü ¹	心思	thoughts of the mind ; an inventive imagination.
n ¹ -ssü ¹ -ching ¹ -ch'iao ³	心思精巧	an inventive, ingenious mind.
n ¹ -tai ³	心歹	evil dispositioned, bad-hearted.
n ¹ -tao ⁴ -shên ² -chih ¹	心到神知	the gods know sincerity (in worshipper).
n ¹ -ti ⁴	心地	the heart, the moral nature.
n ¹ -t'iao ⁴	心跳	palpitation of the heart.
n ¹ -t'ien ²	心田	the heart, as source of affections and purposes.
n ¹ -t'ou ²	心頭	the heart ; in the heart, the mind.
n ¹ -t'ou ² -i ⁴ -ho ²	心投意合	congenial dispositions and tastes (tui ⁴ chin ⁴).
n ¹ -tsui ⁴	心醉	the mind intoxicated, enraptured, fascinated.
n ¹ -tung ¹	心痛	grieved at heart.
n ¹ -t'ung ¹ -ch'i ² -ch'iao ⁴	心通七竅	perfect intelligence.
n ¹ -t'ü ² -mien ⁴ -juan ³	心慈面軟	a tender heart and a soft face.
n ¹ -wo ¹	心窩	the pit of the stomach (hsin ¹ k'an ³). [tsai ⁴].
n ¹ -wu ² -êrh ⁴ -yung ⁴	心無二用	cannot think of two things at once (hsin ¹ pu ¹ the heart's core ; intelligence.
n ¹ -yeu ³	心眼	the thoughts are quick (fig.).
n ¹ -yüan ² -i ⁴ -ma ³	心猿意馬	to wish, desire.
n ¹ -yüan ⁴	心願	to wish, desire.
n ¹	斤新 ^{468bS06a}	fresh, new, recent ; renew, to renovate.
n ¹ -ch'ên ²	新陳	fresh and stale.
n ¹ -ch'ên ² -pu ⁴ -chieh ¹	新陳不接	when the old is done and the new not yet in.
n ¹ -chéng ¹	新正	1st moon of the new year.
n ¹ -ch'i ²	新奇	new and strange, novel, rare (ch'u ¹ ch'i ²).
n ¹ -ch'iao ³	新巧	new and curious, novel.
n ¹ -chia ¹ -p'oi ¹	新加坡	Singapore.
n ¹ -chiang ¹	新疆	New Dominion. (Sungaria and Kashgaria). G. [557.
n ¹ -chieh ³	新節	the new year ; 15th of the 1st moon.
n ¹ -chin ¹ -shan ¹	新金山	Australia (chiu ⁴ chin ¹ shan ¹ California).
n ¹ -chin ⁴	新近	recently.

<i>hsin¹-chiu⁴</i>	新舊	new and old, recently and long since, etc.
<i>hsin¹-ch'un¹</i>	新春	the beginning of spring.
<i>hsin¹-fu⁴</i>	新婦	a bride.
<i>hsin¹-hsi²-fu⁴</i>	新媳婦	same.
<i>hsin¹-hsi³</i>	新禮	new year's congratulations.
<i>hsin¹-hsien¹</i>	新鮮	fresh, recent.
<i>*hsin¹-hsien¹-yü²</i>	新鮮魚	fresh fish.
<i>hsin¹-hun¹</i>	新婦	a bride (hsi ² fu ⁴).
<i>hsin¹-i¹</i>	新異	new and strange, novel, etc. (hsi ¹ ch'i ²).
<i>hsin¹-jên²</i>	新人	a bridegroom or bride.
<i>hsin¹-k'o⁴</i>	新客	a new comer.
<i>hsin¹-ku¹-yeh²</i>	新姑爺	bridegroom.
<i>hsin¹-lai²-ti¹</i>	新來的	recently arrived.
<i>hsin¹-lang²</i>	新郎	a bridegroom
<i>hsin¹-niang²-tzu³</i>	新娘子	bride.
<i>hsin¹-nien²</i>	新年	the new year (kuo ⁴ nien ²).
<i>hsin¹-nü³-hsü⁴</i>	新女婿	bridegroom.
<i>hsin¹-shêng¹-ti¹</i>	新生的	new born.
<i>hsin¹-tao⁴-jên⁴</i>	新到任	recently arrived at his post.
<i>hsin¹-tao⁴-ti¹</i>	新到的	recently arrived.
<i>hsin¹-wên²</i>	新聞	news (hsin ⁴ hsi ²).
<i>hsin¹-wên²-chih³</i>	新聞紙	a newspaper (jih ⁴ pao ⁴).
<i>hsin¹-yo¹</i>	新約	New Testament.
<i>hsin¹-yüeh⁴</i>	新月	the first month (chêng ¹ yüeh ⁴).
<i>hsin¹</i>	欠忻 欣 ⁴⁶ 8a204a	joy, pleasure, delight; laughing for joy.
<i>hsin¹-ch'ang⁴</i>	欣暢	merry, delight; pleasure, ecstasy.
<i>hsin¹-fêng¹</i>	欣逢	the pleasure of meeting.
<i>hsin¹-hsi³</i>	欣喜	to rejoice, to be delighted.
<i>hsin¹-hsien⁴</i>	欣羨	delight and admiration.
<i>hsin¹-huan¹</i>	欣歡	extremely pleased (huan ¹ hsi ³).
<i>hsin¹-jan²</i>	欣然	pleased, delighted.
<i>hsin¹</i>	辛 ⁴⁶ 7bS06a	acid; bitter; grievous.
<i>hsin¹-k'u³</i>	辛苦	miserable; weary, tired; affliction, trouble.
<i>hsin¹-k'u³-ch'ien²</i>	辛苦錢	cumshaw.
<i>hsin¹-k'u³-hsin¹-k'u³</i>	辛苦辛苦	a salutation to returned travellers.
<i>hsin¹-wei⁴</i>	辛味	a hot, or acrid taste.
<i>hsin¹</i>	艸 卅 薪 ⁴⁶ ScS06b	fuel, firewood.
<i>hsin¹-shui³</i>	薪水	stipend (hsui ¹ chin ¹ , shu ⁴ hsiu ¹).

HSIN²寸 尋⁴⁹8bS07a

<i>hsin²-ch'ü²</i>	尋查	to ask for, to seek; to entreat. See <i>hsin²</i> .
<i>hsin²-chao³</i>	尋找	to examine, to search.
<i>hsin²-chien⁴</i>	尋見	to seek, to search.
		found.

<i>in²-chü⁴</i>	究	to investigate thoroughly (ch ⁴ a ² k ⁴ ao ³).
<i>in²-ch⁴ iu²</i>	尋求	to seek for ; to entreat.
<i>in²-fang³</i>	尋訪	to search enquiringly.
<i>in²-mi⁴</i>	尋覓	to seek, to search.
<i>in²-pu⁴-chao²</i>	尋不著	unable to find (chao ³ pu ⁴ chao ²).
<i>in²-pu⁴-chien⁴</i>	尋不見	to search and not find ; I cannot find it
<i>in²-ssü¹</i>	尋思	to reflect, to consider (ts ⁴ un ³ ssü ¹).
<i>in²-ssü³</i>	尋死	to seek for death, to endeavour to commit sui-
<i>in²-t²-chao³</i>	尋得著	able to find. [cide (shang ³ tiao ⁴).
<i>in² yüeh⁴</i>	尋藥	to get medicine (chua ¹ yao ⁴ ts ⁴ ai ²).

SIN⁴

人

信 469aS07c

<i>in⁴ ching¹</i>	信經	true, truth ; to trust ; a letter.
<i>in⁴-chü³-ti¹-jên²</i>	信主的人	the Apostles' Creed.
<i>in⁴-chü²</i>	信局	a believer in the Lord.
<i>in⁴-ch⁴ên²</i>	信臣	a post-office (yu ² chêng ⁴ chü ²).
<i>in⁴-fêng¹</i>	信封	an envoy, a trustworthy minister.
<i>in⁴-fu¹</i>	信夫	an envelope.
<i>in⁴-fü²</i>	信服	a letter carrier (p ⁴ ao ³ hsin ⁴).
<i>in⁴-hsi²</i>	信息	to believe, to trust.
<i>in⁴-hsin¹</i>	信心	news (hsin ¹ wên ²).
<i>in⁴-kao³</i>	信稿	a trustful heart ; trustworthy.
<i>in⁴-k⁴ou³-shuo¹</i>	信口說	draft of a letter (ts ⁴ ao ³ kao ³).
<i>in⁴-ma³ yu²-chiang¹</i>	信馬遊韁	to speak at random.
<i>in⁴-p⁴ao⁴</i>	信砲	to give a horse his head.
<i>in⁴-p⁴i²</i>	信皮	a signal gun.
<i>in⁴-p⁴iao⁴</i>	信票	the envelope or outside of a letter.
<i>in⁴-pu⁴</i>	信步	a warrant to arrest (t ⁴ ang ² p ⁴ iao ⁴).
<i>in⁴-pu⁴-chi²</i>	信不及	to ramble, to stroll (liu ¹ ta ³ liu ¹ ta ³).
<i>in⁴-shih²</i>	信石	incredible ; not to rely on.
<i>in⁴-shih²</i>	信實	arsenic (p ⁴ i ¹).
<i>in⁴-shih⁴</i>	信士	sincere, faithful.
<i>in⁴-tao⁴</i>	信道	a convert, a believer.
<i>in⁴-t²</i>	信德	to believe a doctrine or sect.
<i>in⁴-tsai¹</i>	信哉	truth, faith.
<i>in⁴-yin¹</i>	信音	how true !

SING¹

日

星 471cS08a

<i>ing¹-ch⁴ên²</i>	星辰	a star ; a spark.
<i>ing¹-hsiung⁴</i>	星象	the morning star ; sun, moon, and stars.
<i>ing¹-hsing¹</i>	星星	groups of stars.
<i>ing¹-hsing¹-tien³-tien³</i>	星星點點	stars, numerous.
<i>ing¹-i¹-li⁴</i>	星一粒	scattered, sparse, minute.
		one star (or 一顆).

<i>hsing</i> ¹⁻² - <i>tou</i> ³ - <i>chuan</i> ³	星移斗轉	the flight of time.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>lo</i> ⁴ - <i>ti</i> ⁴	星落地	a star falls to the ground.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>shih</i> ⁴	星士	a fortune-teller, an astrologer, an astronomer.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>su</i> ²	星宿	constellations (<i>êrh</i> ⁴ <i>shih</i> ² <i>pa</i> ¹ <i>hsu</i> ⁴).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>su</i> ² - <i>hai</i> ³	星宿海	the source of the Yellow River.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>t ai</i> ²	星臺	an observatory (<i>kuan</i> ¹ <i>hsing</i> ¹ <i>ti</i> ¹).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>ton</i> ³	星斗	the stars.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>yeh</i> ⁴	星夜	"starry night," night-time.
<i>hsing</i> ¹	日興 興 ^{472c205a}	{ to arise; to allow; to delight in; flourish (ing (1st and 4th tones).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>chi</i> ²	興積	to collect together.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>ch' i</i> ³	興起	to arise, to get up.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>chü</i> ³	興舉	to promote, to recommend (<i>chü</i> ³ <i>chien</i> ⁴).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>f'ei</i> ⁴	興廢	flourishing and the reverse, etc.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>hui</i> ⁴	興會	in high spirits (<i>kao</i> ¹ <i>hsing</i> ⁴).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>kang</i> ¹	興工	to begin work.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>li</i> ⁴	興立	to stand up.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>li</i> ⁴ - <i>ch' u</i> ² - <i>hai</i> ³	興利害	revives trade and removes evils (of an official
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>lung</i> ²	興隆	flourishing; to flourish.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>pai</i> ⁴	興敗	flourishing and the reverse, etc.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>pu</i> ⁴ - <i>k' ai</i> ¹	興不開	cannot make it prosper.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>shêng</i> ⁴	興盛	to flourish, to become full.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>shih</i> ²	興時	fashionable (<i>shih</i> ² <i>hsing</i> ²).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>shuai</i> ¹	興衰	prosperous and unprosperous, etc.
<i>hsing</i> ⁴ - <i>t' ou</i> ²	興頭	joyousness, bustle, etc. (<i>jê</i> ⁴ <i>nao</i> ⁴).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>wang</i> ⁴	興旺	to prosper, prosperous.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>yü</i> ³	興雨	to begin to rain.
<i>hsing</i> ⁴ - <i>yüeh</i> ⁴	興悅	to be delighted with.
<i>hsing</i> ¹	肉腥 ^{472b809a}	raw meat; unpleasant smell, stinking.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>ch' i</i> ⁴	腥氣	foul air, a frowzy smell (<i>shan</i> ¹ <i>wci</i> ⁴).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>hui</i> ⁴	腥穢	filthy (<i>wu</i> ¹ <i>hui</i> ⁴).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>jou</i> ⁴	腥肉	raw meat (<i>shêng</i> ¹).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>sao</i> ⁴	腥燥	tainted; raw meat.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>shan</i> ¹	腥羶	tainted, unpleasant smell of sheep, goats, mu
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>wci</i> ⁴	腥味	unpleasant flavour, tainted.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>yü</i> ³	腥魚	raw fish.
<i>hsing</i> ¹	犬猩 ^{472b809b}	a kind of monkey (its blood used for dying red
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>hsing</i> ¹	猩猩	same (<i>hou</i> ² <i>êrh</i> ²).
<i>hsing</i> ¹	香馨 ^{473b206a}	to be fragrant (<i>p'ên</i> ⁴ <i>hsiang</i> ¹).
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>hsiang</i> ¹	馨香	same.
<i>hsing</i> ¹	心忪惺 ^{472a809a}	intelligent.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>wu</i> ⁴	惺悟	to become aware; to realise.
<i>hsing</i> ¹ - <i>wu</i> ⁴ - <i>kuo</i> ⁴ - <i>lai</i> ²	惺悟過來	same.

ING ²	行	to walk ; to go ; to do, to act ; to allow.
g ² -ché ³	行者	a walker ; walking ; a young priest (Buddhist).
g ² -ch'êng ²	行程	to travel.
g ² -chih ³	行止	[ching ⁴]. "going and stopping," conduct, behaviour (tung ⁴)
g ² -chih ³ -pu ⁴ -hao ³	行止不好	bad conduct, misbehaviour.
g ² -chih ³ -tuan ¹ -fang ¹	行止端方	correct conduct (chü ³ chih ³).
g ² -chiu ³ -ling ¹	行酒令	a token in wine drinking.
g ² -ch'uan ²	行船	to go on board ship, to set sail, to travel by boat.
g ² -ch'üan ²	行權	to act exceptionally to suit circumstances.
g ² -chuang ¹	行裝	baggage.
g ² -ch'uang ²	行床	sexual intercourse.
g ² -fang ¹ -pien ⁴	行方便	to bestow alms, etc.
g ² -fang ²	行房	sexual intercourse.
g ² -hao ³	行好	to do good and charitable acts.
g ² -hsiang ¹ [miao ⁴	行香	to worship the gods.
g ² -hsiang ¹ -pai ⁴	行香拜廟	to worship in temples.
g ² -hsing ¹	行星	the planets (hêng ² hsing ¹).
g ² -hsing ²	行刑	to use punishments.
g ² -hsiung ¹	行兇	to murder, to act wickedly and recklessly.
g ² -hsü ³	行許	possibly.
g ² -kuo ⁴	行貨	inferior goods (êrh ⁴ wu ³ yen ³).
g ² -i ¹	行醫	healing (i ¹ tao ⁴).
g ² -jên ²	行人	a passenger, a traveller (k'o ⁴ lü ³).
g ² -kao ¹	行高	to mount high.
g ² -kung ¹	行宮	Emperor's travelling lodges.
g ² -lê ⁴ -t'u ²	行樂圖	a portrait (chao ⁴ hsiang ⁴).
g ² -li ³	行李	baggage.
g ² -li ³	行禮	to pay compliments ; to make obeisance,
g ² -li ⁴	行立	walking and standing still.
g ² -lu ⁴	行路	to go along a road, to travel.
g ² -lü ³	行旅	a traveller.
g ² -mu ³	行馬	<i>cheval-de-frise</i> ; a circus ; to walk a horse.
g ² -nang ²	行囊	a travelling bag.
g ² -pu ⁴ -hsing ²	行不行	will it do ?
g ² -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴	行不到	had not arrived at or gone to, etc.
g ² -shan ⁴	行善	to perform meritorious acts (kung ¹ tê ²).
g ¹ -shang ¹	行商	a travelling merchant (huo ⁴ lang ²).
g ² -shih ⁴	行事	to do some work or service.
g ² -shu ¹	行書	running hand (ts'ao ³ tzü ⁴).
g ² -shui ³	行水	to go with the stream.
g ² -t'ai ²	行臺	official lodging place.
g ² -tao ⁴	行道	to be righteous.
g ² -t'ou ²	行頭	theatrical clothes, properties, etc.

<i>hsing²-tsai⁴</i>	行在	where the Court is when on its travels? [nat
<i>hsing²-tson³</i>	行走	to travel; to move; to be employed as a subord
<i>hsing²-tsung¹</i>	行蹤	marks of travel on road.
<i>hsing²-tung⁴</i>	行動	conduct, behaviour; of emperor, to journey.
<i>hsing²-wei²</i>	行圍	to go hunting (ta ³ lieh ⁴).
<i>hsing²-wei²</i>	行爲	conduct, behaviour, actions, deeds, practi
<i>hsing²-wên²</i>	行文	a despatch sent; to write.
<i>hsing²-yü⁴</i>	行寓	halting place of the Court.
<i>hsing²-yüan³-tzü⁴-erh³</i>	行遠自邇	to proceed from the near to the far.
<i>hsing²</i>	刀 刑	punishment; pattern (wu ³ hsing ²).
<i>hsing²-chang⁴</i>	刑杖	beating with the heavy bamboo.
<i>hsing²-chü⁴</i>	刑具	implements of punishment.
<i>hsing²-fa²</i>	刑罰	to punish; punishment; a rule (chih ⁴ tsui ⁴).
<i>hsing²-fa²-li⁴-hai⁴</i>	刑罰利害	a severe punishment; to punish severely.
<i>hsing²-fa²</i>	刑法	punishment; laws.
<i>hsing²-fan²</i>	刑房	a local division of clerks, corresponding
<i>hsing²-mng²-shih¹-yeh²</i>	刑名師爺	the legal secretary in yamên.
<i>hsing²-ping³-shih¹-yeh²</i>	刑稟師爺	same.
<i>hsing²-pu⁴</i>	刑部	the Board of Punishments at Peking. [G. 16
<i>hsing²-pu⁴-shang⁴-shu¹</i>	刑部尚書	the President of the Board of Punishments.
<i>hsing²-pu⁴-shih¹-lang²</i>	刑部侍郎	Vice-President of the Board of Punishments.
<i>hsing²-wên⁴</i>	刑問	to examine by torture.
<i>hsing²</i>	形	form, figure, shape, body, appearance; to shew
<i>hsing²-chi¹</i>	形跡	a tangible form, style, appearance.
<i>hsing²-chi¹-k'o³-i²</i>	形跡可疑	suspicious appearances and movements.
<i>hsing²-chuang⁴</i>	形狀	appearance, form (ch'ing ² chuang ⁴).
<i>hsing²-hsiang⁴</i>	形像	figure, resemblance.
<i>hsing²-hsiao²</i>	形學	geometry.
<i>hsing²-hsien⁴</i>	形現	to display.
<i>hsing²-jung²</i>	形容	appearance; to describe, to mimic.
<i>hsing²-jung²-hu³-kuai⁴</i>	形容古怪	odd fantastic appearance.
<i>hsing²-jung²-miao⁴</i>	形容妙	admirably represented or described.
<i>hsing²-mao¹</i>	形貌	appearance, state of (jung ² mao ¹).
<i>hsing²-shih⁴</i>	形勢	aspect, outline, configuration.
<i>hsing²-t'ü³</i>	形體	substance; the body.
<i>hsing²-yang⁴</i>	形樣	form, appearance.
<i>hsing²-ying³</i>	形影	substance and shadow, form, etc.
<i>hsing²-yü²-wai⁴</i>	形於外	to manifest without.

HSING³ 目 省^{971a743b}

hsing³-ch'a²

hsing³-ch'in¹

hsing³-wu⁴

省察
省親
省悟

to enquire, to examine. See *shêng³*.

same.

to visit one's parents.

to understand, to perceive. See *hsing¹ wu⁴*.

ng ³	酉	醒	472b809c	to awaken, to be roused.
ing ³ -ch'í ³		醒起		same.
ing ³ -chín ³		醒酒		to rouse from a drunken sleep, etc.
ng ³ -shih ⁴ -chih ¹ .yen ²		醒世之言		words to rouse the age.
ng ³ -shih ⁴ -t'u ²		醒世圖		a picture to rouse the age.
ng ³ -wu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -lai ²		醒悟過來		to realise one's error.
ng ³	手	擤	476b208b	to blow the nose (with a handkerchief or fingers).
ng ³ -nung ⁴		擤膿		mucus, discharge from the nose.
ng ³ -pi ² -tzū ³		擤鼻子		to blow the nose.
ING ⁴	心	性	471b809c	disposition, temper, qualities, properties.
ng ⁴ -ao ⁴		性傲		arrogant, haughty, proud (chiao ¹ ao ⁴).
ng ⁴ -chi ²		性急		hasty temper.
ng ⁴ -ch'ing ²		性情		disposition, temper; the passions.
ng ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -chin ⁴		性相近		men's dispositions are nearly alike.
ng ⁴ -ju ² -lieh ⁴ -huo ³		性如烈火		a fiery disposition.
ing ⁴ -li ³		性理		natural propensities; nature, metaphysics.
ng ⁴ -ming ⁴		性命		life (huo ² ming ⁴).
ng ⁴ -ming ⁴ -nan ² -paos ³		性命難保		in imminent danger, cannot live.
ng ⁴ -pên ³ -shan ⁴		性本善		man's nature is good at birth. [ch'í ⁴].
ng ⁴ -t'í ³		性體		disposition, temper; natural propensities (p'í ⁴).
ng ⁴ -tzū ¹		性姿		disposition; natural propensities.
ng ⁴	干	幸	470a208c	lucky, fortunate, luckily, fortunately; affection.
ng ⁴ -êrh ²		幸而		fortunately, luckily.
ng ⁴ -hsi ³		幸喜		luckily, happily.
ng ⁴ -k'uei ¹		幸虧		same (chiao ³ hsing ⁴).
ng ⁴ -lin ²		幸臨		fortunately you came; arrival of the emperor.
ng ⁴ -mêng ³		幸蒙		luckily.
ng ⁴ -tsai ¹ -lê ⁴ -huo ⁴		幸災樂禍		delighting in the ills of your enemy.
ng ⁴	女	姓	470c810b	family name, surname.
ng ⁴ -ming ²		姓名		surname and name.
ng ⁴ -p'u ³		姓譜		biography, a genealogical tree (chia ¹ p'u ³).
ng ⁴ -shên ² -ming ² -shui ²		姓甚名誰		what is his full name?
ng ⁴ -shên ² -mo ¹		姓甚麼		what name? what is your name? (kuei ⁴ hsing ⁴).
ng ⁴ -shih ⁴		姓氏		a surname, clan name.
ng ⁴ (tzū)	木	杏	477a209a	the apricot or almond.
ng ⁴ -huang ²		杏黃		amber, amber colour.
ng ⁴ -jên ²		杏仁		almonds, apricot kernels.
ng ⁴ -kan ¹		杏乾		dried apricots.
ng ⁴ -lin ²		杏林		an apricot orchard.
ng ⁴ -t'an ² -shê ¹ -chiao ¹		杏壇設教		to preach at Hsing Tan (Confucius).
ng ⁴ -yen ³		杏眼		"apricot eyes," almond eyes.
ng ⁴ -yüeh ⁴		杏月		"apricot month," the 2nd month. See Note 32.

hsing⁴ 人 倖 470b20Sc
 hsing⁴-tê² 倖 得
 hsing⁴ 頁 頤 白 息 頤 477a808c
 hsing⁴-mên² 頤 門

sycophantic, servile; to obtain unexpectedly, to obtain by improper means. [(chiao⁴ hsing⁴)
 the top or crown of the head.
 the fontanelle in a baby's head (t'ien¹ ling² kai²)

HSIU¹ 人 脩 478c811a
 hsiu¹-chên¹ 修真
 hsiu¹-chên¹-yang³-hsiu¹ 修真養性
 hsiu¹-chêng³ 修整
 hsiu¹-ch'êng² 修城
 hsiu¹-ch'iao² 修橋
 hsiu¹-ch'iao²-pu³-lu⁴ 修橋補路
 hsiu¹-chih⁴-shu¹ 修志書
 hsiu¹-chu² 修築
 hsiu¹-ch'u² 修鋤
 hsiu¹-han² 修函
 hsiu¹-hsia⁴ 修下
 hsiu¹-hsien¹ 修仙
 hsiu¹-hsing² 修行
 hsiu¹-kai³ 修改
 hsiu¹-kai⁴ 修蓋
 hsiu¹-li³ 修理
 hsiu¹-li³-chung¹-piao³ 修理鐘表
 hsiu¹-li³ yen³-ching⁴ 修理眼鏡
 hsiu¹-lien⁴ 修煉
 hsiu¹-miao 修廟
 hsiu¹-piao³-wên² 修表文
 hsiu¹-pie³ 修匾
 hsiu¹-p'iu³ 修品
 hsiu¹-pu³ 修補
 hsiu¹-shên¹ 修身
 hsiu¹-shên¹-yang³-hsing⁴ 修身養性
 hsiu¹-shih⁴ 修飾
 hsiu¹-shu¹ 修書
 hsiu¹-tao⁴ 修道
 hsiu¹-tê² 修德
 hsiu¹-tsao⁴ 修造
 hsiu¹-yin¹-kung¹ 修陰功
 hsiu¹ 人 休 477c210a
 hsiu¹-ch'ei¹ 休妻
 hsiu¹-ch'ei⁴ 休乘
 hsiu¹-chien⁴ 休見
 hsiu¹-chih³ 休止

to direct, to regulate, to put in order, to repair
 to cultivate the principles of reason and religion
 to cultivate purity and nourish the nature.
 to repair, to mend (ch'ung² hsiu²).
 to repair, or build the city-wall,
 to repair bridges.
 "repair bridges and mend roads," philanthropic
 to compile a topography or local history.
 to build.
 to cultivate (land).
 to carefully compose a letter.
 to manage, to regulate, etc.
 to attain to immortality (Taoist).
 to cultivate moral conduct.
 to revise (chêng³ chih⁴).
 to repair, to rebuild (shan¹ kai³).
 to direct, to regulate, to repair.
 to repair watches, etc.
 to repair spectacles.
 to practise the austerities of an ascetic.
 to repair a temple.
 to write a despatch (wên² shu¹).
 to prepare a tablet.
 to cultivate good conduct or behaviour.
 to repair, to mend. [nature
 to regulate the body, to improve one's mora
 to seek to reach Nirvana (nieh¹ p'an²).
 to adorn, to make.
 to carefully compose a letter,
 to cultivate the principles of reason and religion
 to cultivate virtue, to be well-behaved.
 to build, to repair.
 to do good by stealth (chi¹ tê²).
 to cease, to stop, to rest; to divorce, to repudiate
 to divorce a wife.
 to abandon, to repudiate, to resign.
 don't look! to make ashamed M. 214.
 to stop, to desist from.

u ¹ -chih ⁴	致	to resign office (through age, etc.).
u ¹ -hsi ²	休	to rest as from toil.
u ¹ -kuai ⁴	休	don't think it strange, etc.
u ¹ -mei ³	休	beautiful.
u ¹ -p ⁴ a ⁴ -t ⁴ a ¹	休怕他	don't be afraid of him !
u ¹ -shou ³	休手	to desist from any work. [shu ¹].
u ¹ -shu ¹	休書	a bill of divorce (obtained by the husband) (li ³)
u ¹ -shuo ¹	休說	don't speak !
u ¹ -tang ¹	休當	don't imagine, etc.
u ¹ -tê ²	休得	need not, don't.
u ¹ -t'i ²	休提	don't mention it ! a puppet show (pieh ²).
u ¹ -to ¹ -shuo ¹	休多說	don't talk so much !
u ¹ -tz'ü ³	休此	give up this ! don't do this ! I live here.
u ¹ -wên ⁴	休問	don't ask !
u ¹ -yao ⁴	休要	I don't want !
u ¹	羞	shame, ashamed ; to blush.
u ¹ -ch'ih ³	羞	shame, ashamed (hai ⁴ sao ⁴ , ch'ih ³ hsiao ⁴).
u ¹ -fên ⁴ -tzü ⁴ -chin ⁴	羞自盡	to commit suicide through shame.
u ¹ -hsiao ¹	羞	to make ashamed ; shame (pao ⁴ k'uei ⁴).
u ¹ -hua ¹	羞花	"shame flowers," beautiful, lovely.
u ¹ -jên ²	羞人	to abash or shame a person.
u ¹ -ju ⁴	羞辱	to abuse, to revile ; shame.
u ¹ -k'uei ⁴	羞愧	ashamed, abashed ; to abash.
u ¹ -liao ³	羞了	abashed (mien ³ t'ien ³).
u ¹ -lin ⁴	羞吝	to feel shame.
u ¹ -ts'an ²	羞慚	ashamed (ts'an ² k'uei ⁴).
u ¹ -o ⁴ -chih ¹ -hsin ¹	羞惡之心	a feeling of shame at evil.
u ¹	脩	dried meat ; the salary of teachers, etc.
u ¹ -chin ¹	脩金	the salary of teachers, etc. (fêng ⁴ lu ⁴ , hsin ¹ shui ³).
u ¹	食膳膳	dainty viands ; to nourish, to feel (shan ⁴).
U ³	宿	a night ; to rest. See su ² .
u ³ -ch'ang ¹	[chi ¹ 宿娼	to spend the night with prostitutes.
u ³ -ch'ang ¹ -p'iao ²	宿娼嫖妓	same.
u ³ -hsi ²	宿昔	formerly, in olden times.
u ³ -i ⁴ -hsin ³	宿一宿	to rest a night.
u ³ -jih ⁴	宿日	in past days.
u ³ -liao ³ -i ¹ -yeh ⁴	宿了一夜	to rest a night.
u ³ -no ⁴	宿諾	to break one's promise (shih ¹ hsin ⁴).
u ³ -shou ³	宿守	to keep guard at night.
u ³ -tien ⁴	宿店	an inn ; to rest at an inn (hsieh ¹ tien ⁴).
u ³ -yüan ⁴	宿怨	an old resentment.
u ³	木朽	to rot ; rotten, stinking, offensive, forgotten.

Hsiu } 2 translated
Se⁴ } circumstances
-i⁴
-i⁴

hsiu ³ -mu ⁴	朽木	rotten wood (fu ³ hsiu ³).
hsiu ³ -huai ⁴	朽壤	decayed, spoilt.
hsiu ³ -lan ⁴	朽爛	decayed, spoilt (ch'ou ⁴ lan ⁴).
HSIU⁴	禾	秀 479cS11c
hsiu ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	秀氣	fine, elegant, fair, splendid, beautiful; shoot;
hsiu ⁴ -êrh ² -pu ⁴ -shih ²	秀而不實	enlightened; an enlightened man, elegance, flourishing but without kernel.
hsiu ⁴ -i ¹	秀衣	elegant or fine clothes.
hsiu ⁴ -liu ²	秀流	graceful, elegant, etc.
hsiu ⁴ -mei ³	秀美	beautiful, handsome.
hsiu ⁴ shih ⁴	秀士	lowest title of literary graduates (B.A.).
hsiu ⁴ -su ⁴	秀穗	the ears of corn.
hsiu ⁴ -ts'ai ²	秀才	same. G 469 chien ⁴ shêng ¹ , chin ⁴ hsiao ²).
hsiu ⁴ -ts'ai ² -i ¹ -hsing ⁴	秀才一幸	passing for B. A. is all luck.
hsiu ⁴ -ya ³	秀雅	beautiful, refined
hsiu ⁴	糸	繡 480bS11c
hsiu ⁴		綉 480bS11c
hsiu ⁴ -chiang ⁴	綉匠	embroiderers.
hsiu ⁴ -chin ¹ -mang ³ -p'ao ²	綉金蟒袍	a robe spangled with gold.
hsiu ⁴ -ch'iu ²	綉球	the geranium; hydrangea.
hsiu ⁴ -fang ²	綉房	a young lady's boudoir.
hsiu ⁴ -hsieh ²	綉鞋	embroidered shoes.
hsiu ⁴ -hua ¹	綉花	to embroider flowers.
hsiu ⁴ -huo ⁴	綉貨	embroidered goods.
hsiu ⁴ -ko ²	綉閣	a boudoir. (kuei ¹ ko ²).
hsiu ⁴ -nü ³	綉女	an imperial concubine; maidens, spiusters, girls.
hsiu ⁴ -tun ¹	綉墩	"the embroidered hillock," a cushion, an o
hsiu ⁴ (tzü)	衣袖	a sleeve, a cuff. [toman
hsiu ⁴ -chên ¹ -shu ¹	袖珍書	pocket (sleeve) editions.
hsiu ⁴ -k'ou ³	袖口	the mouth of a sleeve.
hsiu ⁴ -li ³	袖裡	in or up the sleeve.
hsiu ⁴ -liao ³	袖了	sleeved, to have put up one's sleeve.
hsiu ⁴ -shou ³	袖手	to put the hands in the sleeves; indifferent t
hsiu ⁴ -shou ³ -p'ang ²	袖手傍觀	not to concern one's self about. (chuai ¹ cho ² shou ³)
hsiu ⁴ -t'ou ² êrh ²	袖頭兒	the turn-up of a cuff.
hsiu ⁴ -tsou ³ -liao ³	袖走了	went off without doing anything.
hsiu ⁴	金鏽	rust of metal (chang ³ hsiu ⁴).
HSIUNG¹	兄	兄 481a213a
hsiung ¹ -chang ³	兄長	an elder brother; a term of respect.
hsiung ¹ -hsien ¹ -ti ⁴ -hou ³	兄兄弟後	a senior, Sir.
hsiung ¹ -k'uan ¹ -ti ⁴ -jên ³	兄寬弟忍	first the elder brother, then the younger.
		{ the elder brother should be generous and th younger patient.

ung¹-t'ai² 兄台
 ung¹-ti⁴ 兄弟
 ung¹-ti⁴-mên² 兄弟們
 ung¹-tzu³-ti⁴-kung¹ 兄友弟恭
 ung¹ 兄 凶^{181b213b}
 ung¹-chao⁴ 凶兆
 ung¹-fu² 凶服
 ung¹-hsin⁴ 凶信
 ung¹-hsing¹ 凶星
 ung¹-huang¹ 凶荒
 ung¹-ming¹ 凶命
 ung¹-nien² 凶年
 ung¹-shên³-fu⁴-t'í³ 凶神附體
 ung¹-shih⁴ 凶事
 ung¹ 兄 兇^{481c213c}
 ung¹-fan⁴ 兇犯
 ung¹-hên³ 兇狠
 ung¹-hêng⁴ 兇橫
 ung¹-hsien³ 兇險
 ung¹-hsin¹ 兇心
 ung¹-mêng³ 兇猛
 ung¹-nio⁴ 兇虐
 ung¹-o⁴ 兇惡
 ung¹-pao⁴ 兇暴
 ung¹-sha¹ 兇殺
 ung¹-shou³ 兇手
 ung¹-t'u² 兇徒
 ung¹ 肉 { 膷^{482a214a}
 ung¹ { 胸
 ung¹-ch'ien² 胸前
 ung¹-chung¹ [tao¹ 胸中
 ung¹-chung¹-huai² 胸中懷刀
 ung¹-ko² 胸膈
 ung¹-p'u²-tzu³ 胸膈子
 ung¹-t'ang² 胸膛

"eminent brother," a term of respect.
 a younger brother (ko¹ ko¹).
 brothers. [younger respectful, the elder brother should be friendly and the calamity, adversity; evil, inauspicious (chi²).
 a bad omen or sign.
 mourning clothes (hsiao⁴ i¹).
 bad news.
 a malignant star.
 famine (chien⁴ nien²).
 an unhappy fate.
 a bad year, e. g., famine, war, etc.
 a bad spirit enters the body.
 a calamitous affair.
 cruel, malevolent. (凶 also used.)
 a murderer.
 hatred.
 ferocious, brutal, vicious.
 dangerous, malignant.
 a malevolent heart.
 fierce (mêng³ lieh⁴). [feriors, cruel, barbarous, inhuman (superiors to in-cruel and wicked, malevolent, inhuman.
 same (ts'an² pao²).
 to murder; murder.
 a murderer.
 same.
 the breast.
 same.
 same.
 in the mind or breast.
 treachery (chien¹ cha⁴).
 diaphragm, the feelings.
 the breast.
 the chest, the breast.

UNG² 隹 雄^{482b214b}
 ung²-chi¹ 雄雞
 ung²-chiu¹-chiu¹-ti¹ 雄赳赳的
 ung²-chuang⁴ 雄狀
 ung²-chuang⁴ 雄壯
 ung²-hsin¹ 雄心
 ung²-huang² 雄黃

male, masculine; martial, heroic,
 the cock (p'in³ chi¹).
 swaggering, bully-air.
 a martial appearance.
 brave, strong (ying¹ hsiung²).
 heroic, noble-minded.
 red sulphur (liu² huang²).

<i>hsiung²-ts'ai²</i>	雄才	a master-hand.
<i>hsiung²-tz'ü²</i>	雄雌	male and female (of birds).
<i>hsiung²-wu³</i>	雄武山	martial, military ardour.
<i>hsü²</i> 火	熊 ^{482c214b}	the bear.
<i>hsiung²-chang³</i>	熊掌	bear's paws (a great delicacy in China).
<i>hsiung²-êrh³-shan¹</i>	熊耳山	Bears' Ear Hill in Hunan.
<i>hsiung²-tan³</i>	熊胆	bear's gall (a medicine used for fevers).
HSÜ¹ 虛	虛 ^{483b227a}	empty, void, vacant; vain.
<i>hsü¹-cha⁴</i>	虛詐	false, deceitful (<i>chia³ chuang¹</i>).
<i>hsü¹-cha¹-pu⁴-shih²</i>	虛詐不實	same.
<i>hsü¹-chang¹-shên¹-</i>	虛張聲勢	to pretend to what one has not.
<i>hsü¹-chia²</i> [shih ⁴	虛假	false, fictitious.
<i>hsü¹-ch'ing²-chia³-i⁴</i>	虛情假意	hollowness and falsity.
<i>hsü¹-chuan⁴</i>	虛傳	a false account, a legend.
<i>hsü¹-fan²-hsing¹-mao³</i>	虛房星昴	these stars in almanac shew our Sundays.
<i>hsü¹-fou²</i>	虛浮	vague, unsubstantial (<i>fou² hua²</i>).
<i>hsü¹-hsin¹</i>	虛心	humbleness of mind; false-hearted.
<i>hsü¹-hsin¹-hsia⁴-ch'i¹</i>	虛心下氣	meek and submissive.
<i>hsü¹-hua¹-shih⁴</i>	虛華市	"Vanity Fair."
<i>hsü¹-hua¹-shih⁴</i>	虛華世	.this empty and vain age.
<i>hsü¹-huo³</i>	虛火	an empty grate; hungry.
<i>hsü¹-jo⁴</i>	虛弱	weak, delicate.
<i>hsü¹-k'ung¹</i>	虛空	empty, hollow.
<i>hsü¹-ming²</i>	虛名	an empty name, a spurious reputation.
<i>hsü¹-shih²</i>	虛實	empty and full; false and true.
<i>hsü¹-t'ao⁴</i>	虛套	empty compliments of etiquette (<i>t'ao⁴ hua⁴</i>).
<i>hsü¹-t'i³-mien⁴</i>	虛體面	a false respectability.
<i>hsü¹-tu⁴</i>	虛度	to do to no purpose; to waste time.
<i>hsü¹-tu¹-kuang¹-yin¹</i>	虛度光陰	to waste time (<i>tan¹ yen²</i>). [chang
<i>hsü²-tu²-wu³-shih²</i>	虛度五十	I have lived vainly 50 years (polite) (<i>ch'ü</i>
<i>hsü¹-tzu³</i>	虛子	swells, rowdies, etc.
<i>hsü¹-tzu¹-yen³</i>	虛字眼	a particle in grammar.
<i>hsü¹-wên²</i>	虛文	formal writing.
<i>hsü¹-ying¹-ku¹-shih⁴</i>	虛應故事	to follow a mere routine (or 了 for 應).
<i>hsü¹</i> 頁	須 ^{484b818a}	requisite, necessary; must; to expect. M. 2 ^o
<i>hsü¹-shih⁴</i>	須是	it must be (<i>i¹ ting⁴</i>).
<i>hsü¹-tang¹</i>	須當	must (<i>pi⁴ tê²</i>).
<i>hsü¹-tê²</i>	須得	same.
<i>hsü¹-yao⁴</i>	須要	must, necessary, etc.
<i>hsü¹-yü²</i>	須臾	in a moment, for a little while.
<i>hsü¹-yung⁴</i>	須用	needed for use, necessary articles.
<i>hsü¹</i> 心	恤 ^{485a825c}	to pity, to compassionate, to love; mournful.

1.chêng ⁴	政	a benevolent government.
1.ku ¹	恤孤	to pity the orphan (hsi ¹ lao ³ lien ³ p'ín ²).
1.ku ¹ .chü ²	恤孤局	orphan asylum.
1.lien ²	恤憐	to compassionate (lien ¹ min ³).
1.min ³	恤憫	same.
1	髭鬚 484b818b	the moustache (hu ² hsü ¹).
1-fa ³	鬚髮	"moustache and hair," a male.
1.mei ² .chang ⁴ .fu ¹	鬚眉丈夫	respectable, goodlooking (a man).
1.shu ¹	鬚梳	a moustache comb. See note 53.
1	田畜 275c98c	to feed, to nourish; to collect together. See ch'ü ⁴ .
1-ma ³	畜馬	to breed horses.
1.té ²	畜德	to cherish virtue.
1-yang ³	畜養	to feed, to nourish, to support.
1	戍 485c825b	horary character; 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.
1.shih ²	戍時	7 to 9 o'clock P. M.
1.yüeh ⁴	戍月	the ninth month. See Note 32.
1	雨需 485a818a	to use, to employ; necessary.
1.yung ⁴	需用	to use, to employ; necessary things.
1	口噓 484a227c	to blow softly; to speak in behalf of. [hsü ¹ ti ¹].
1.hu ¹	噓呼	to exhale and to inhale; to call (ch'uan ³ hsü ¹
1-liao ³ .shou ³	噓了手	to blow on one's hand.
1	肉月胥 483a818c	all inferior clerks; runners.
i ² .i ⁴	胥役	police runners (ya ² i ⁴).
ü ²	徐 486a819a	sedate, grave, slow (a surname).
2.hsü ² .érh ² .lai ²	徐徐而來	coming in a grave dignified manner.
2.t'u ²	徐徐圖	to deliberate, to devise.
i ²	徐俗 1022c822c	see su ² .
ü ³	言許 487a228b	to allow, to promise; much; probably. M. 574.
3.chiu ⁴	許進	to enter, to advance; to allow to enter.
3.chiu ³	許久	a very long time.
3.hsia ⁴	許下	to promise, promised (ying ¹ hsü ³).
3.hsin ⁴	許信	to believe.
3.hun ¹	許婚	to affiancè, to betroth.
3.k'o ³	許可	to allow (jang ⁴ jung ²).
3-no ⁴	許諾	to promise.
3-p'ei ⁴	許配	to betroth a girl (p'iu ⁴ ting ⁴).
3-p'in ⁴	許聘	to betroth, to affiancè.
3-t'á ¹ .wei ² .ch'i ¹	許他爲妻	betroth her for a wife.
3-té ²	許得	possibly. may be.
3-to ¹	許多	a great many (jo ⁴ kan ¹).
3-yo ¹	許約	to agree to.

hsü ³ -yüan ⁴	許願	to aver, to vow, to swear (ch'ü ³ shih ⁴).
HSÜ ⁴	又敘	to converse, to chat.
hsü ⁴ -ch'ing ²	叙情	to converse of affection, etc.
hsü ⁴ -han ² -wên ¹	叙寒温	"chat about cold and heat" (general topics).
hsü ⁴ -hsü ⁴ -chia ¹ -ch'ang ²	叙叙家常	to chat about every-day matters.
hsü ⁴ -hua ⁴	叙話	to converse, conversation.
hsü ⁴ -lun ⁴	叙論	to discourse in order.
hsü ⁴ -shih ⁴	叙事	to chat about affairs.
hsü ⁴ -t'an ²	叙談	to chat, to gossip, to converse.
hsü ⁴ -t'an ² -hsü ⁴ -t'an ²	叙談叙談	same.
hsü ⁴	糸	to connect, a continuation; to join. [hun ¹
hsü ⁴ -ch'ü ³	續娶	to widower marrying again (hou ⁴ hsü ⁴ , hou
hsü ⁴ -fan ²	續煩	prosy, boring (fan ² hsü ⁴).
hsü ⁴ -hsien ²	續絃	to marry again.
hsü ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	續約	supplementary convention.
hsü ⁴	糸	gossamer, willow down; prolix, talkative.
hsü ⁴ -fan ²	絮絮	repetitions, weariness (fan ² hsü ⁴).
hsü ⁴ -hsü ⁴	絮絮	to quilt.
hsü ⁴ -hua ¹	絮花	raw cotton, to line with cotton wool.
hsü ⁴ -mien ² -tzü ³	絮綿子	silk floss in sheets, quilting.
hsü ⁴ -pei ⁴	絮被	a quilted coverlet.
hsü ⁴ -shang ⁴	絮上	to quilt.
hsü ⁴ -tao ¹ -tao ¹	絮叨叨	talkative, prosy (la ³ la ³ pu ⁴ hsiu ¹).
hsü ⁴	土	a daughter's husband, a son-in-law.
hsü ⁴	女	same (nü ³ hsü ⁴).
hsü ⁴ -chia ¹	婿家	a son-in-law's family. [cedence
hsü ⁴	广	order, series, arrangement; the order of pro
hsü ⁴ -ch'ih ³	序齒	"in order of teeth," by seniority.
hsü ⁴ -chüeh ²	序爵	in order of rank.
hsü ⁴ -pan ¹	序班	a detachment in its order.
hsü ⁴	糸	the clue; connect (t'ou ² hsü ⁴).
hsü ⁴	卩	to feel sorry, to pity, to compassionate (se
hsü ⁴ (su)	艸 廿	clover (mu ⁴ hsü ⁴).
hsü ⁴	艸 廿	lay up, rear (chi ¹ hsü ⁴).
hsü ⁴ -liang ²	蓄蓄	to store up grain.
HSÜAN ¹	宣	to proclaim, to declare, to read loudly
hsüan ¹ -chao ⁴	宣詔	to proclaim the imperial will.
hsüan ¹ -chiang ³ -fu ² -yin ¹	宣講福音	to preach the Gospel (ch'uan ² tao ⁴).
hsüan ¹ -chih ³	宣旨	to proclaim the imperial will (shêng ⁴ chih ³).
hsüan ¹ -ch'u ¹	[chih ³ 宣出	to proclaim, to declare.
hsüan ¹ -ch'uan ⁴ -shêng ¹	宣傳聖旨	to promulgate an edict.

ian ¹ -hua ⁴	宣化	to diffuse renovating principles.
ian ¹ -kao ⁴	宣誥	to proclaim, proclamation.
ian ¹ -lai ²	宣來	to call, call him here ; bid him come.
ian ¹ -lou ⁴	宣露	to expose to view.
ian ¹ -pien ⁴	宣徧	to extend everywhere (ch'uan ² pien ⁴ t'ien ¹ hsia ⁴).
ian ¹ -yang ²	宣揚	to spread, to promulgate.
ian ¹	口 喧 ^{491a231a}	clamour, noise, uproar.
ian ¹ -ch'ao ¹	喧吵	clamour, noise, outcry, vociferation (ch'ao ¹ nao ⁴).
ian ¹ -hua ²	喧譁	clamour, noise.
ian ¹ -jang ³	喧嚷	clamour of many voices.
ian ¹ -nao ⁴	喧鬧	high words, noise, uproar. [hsüan ¹ t'ien ¹].
ian ¹ -t'ien ¹ -chên ¹ -ti ¹	喧天震地	filling heaven and shaking earth (noise) (lo ² ku ³
ian ¹ -ts'ao ¹	喧嘈	clamor, noise, outcry, vociferation.
ian ¹	言 誼 ^{491b231a}	uproar of many voices, clamorous, noisy ; false.
ian ¹ -hu ¹	誼呼	to bawl out loudly.
ian ¹ -jang ³	誼讓	uproar, clamorous, noisy.
ian ¹ -lung ⁴	誼弄	to befool, to cajole (hu ² nung ⁴).
ian ¹ -tu ²	誼讀	to read a proclamation, etc.
ian ¹	車 軒 ^{45b196a}	a handsome eart ; a pleasant comfortable room.
ian ¹ -ch'ang ³	軒廠	large airy rooms.
ian ¹ -t-ü ³	軒子	a comfortable room
ian ¹	日 暄 ^{491a231b}	light, spongy ; warm.
SÜAN ²	心 懸 ^{491c232b}	to suspend, suspense ; separate.
ian ² -ch'i ³ -lai ²	懸起來	to hang up (tiao ⁴ , kua ⁴).
ian ² -chüeh ²	懸絕	as far different as possible, altogether different.
ian ² -chüeh ² -pu ⁴ -t'ung ²	懸絕不同	different altogether.
ian ² -hsin ¹	懸心	to be in suspense (kua ⁴ nien ⁴).
ian ² -ko ²	懸隔	separated by space.
ian ² -kua ⁴	懸掛	to hang up, to suspend ; in suspense.
ian ² -k'ung ¹	懸空	to suspend in vacuo, speculation.
ian ² -nien ⁴	懸念	to be in suspense about.
ian ² -liang ²	懸梁	to suspend from a beam ; suicide by hanging.
ian ² -shang ²	懸上	to hang up.
ian ² -shu ¹	懸殊	very different.
ian ² -têng ¹ -chüeh ¹ -	懸燈結彩	lamps and cloth-hangings (on gay occasions).
ian ² -yang ²	懸羊	the sloth.
ian ²	方 [ts'ai ³ 旋 ^{489a521a}	to revolve ; afterwards (also 4th tone).
ian ² -ch'ien ² -chuan ³ -	旋乾轉坤	revolutions of heaven and earth.
ian ² -chuan ³	旋轉	to revolve ; to return.
ian ² -fêng ¹	旋風	a whirlwind (yang ² chiao ³ fêng ¹).
ian ² -hua ¹	旋花	the convolvulus.
ian ² -wên ²	旋紋	curling, rippling, wrinkled (chou ⁴ chê ²).

hsüan²-wo¹ 旋窩
 hsüan² 玄 玄 玄⁴80c231c
 hsüan²-ching¹-shih² 玄精石
 hsüan²-li³ 玄理
 hsüan²-mén² 玄門
 hsüan²-miao⁴ 玄妙
 hsüan²-ming²-fên³ 玄明粉
 hsüan²-mo⁴ 玄默
 hsüan²-sun¹ 玄孫
 hsüan²-t'ien¹-shang¹-ti⁴ 玄天上帝
 hsüan² 目 眩⁴90a232a
 hsüan²-hua¹ 眩花
 hsüan²-mu⁴ 眩目

a whirlpool.
 black, sombre, gloomy.
 carbonate of lime.
 abstruse principles.
 Taoists (tao⁴ chiao⁴).
 abstruse, mystic (ao⁴ miao⁴).
 sulphate of soda, salts.
 still and meditative.
 a great-great grandchild.
 God of Heaven.
 shifting the eyes continually, dizzy. [yen³
 near-sighted, to see indistinctly (chin⁴ shil
 the shift the eyes; the eyes dazzled; near-sighted

HSÜAN³ 癬⁴5Sa801a
 hsüan³-chieh⁴ 癬疥
 hsüan³-ch'ang¹ 癬瘡
 hsüan³ 選 選⁴92a821c
 hsüan³-min² 選民
 hsüan³-pa² 選拔
 hsüan³-shih⁴ 選士
 hsüan³-tsé² 選擇
 hsüan³-tsé²-chi²-jih⁴ 選擇吉日

a skin disease, ringworm (also *hsien*).
 "ringworm and itch," of no importance.
 ringworm.
 to choose, to select (also 4th tone).
 elect people, e. g., the Jews.
 to choose, to select.
 "to select a scholar," to confer a degree.
 to choose, to select.
 to choose a lucky day.

HSÜAN⁴ (t-ü) 木 榷 榷⁴91a232c
 hsüan⁴-chuang¹ 榷椿
 hsüan⁴-t'ou² 榷頭
 hsüan⁴ 行 街⁴90b232c
 hsüan⁴-t'ien¹-hsüan⁴-ti⁴ 街天街地
 hsüan⁴ 玉 [mai³] 現⁴63c201b
 hsüan⁴-yung⁴-hsüan⁴- 現用現買
 hsüan⁴ 風 颳⁴89b821c
 hsüan⁴-fêng¹ 颳風
 hsüan⁴ 金 銚⁴89b822a
 hsüan⁴-ch'uang² 銚床
 hsüan⁴-p'ü² 銚皮
 hsüan⁴-yüan² 銚圓
 hsüan⁴ 阜 陷⁴62c202b

a shoemaker's last.
 a last, boot-trees.
 a last.
 to brag, puffed up.
 exaggerated, bombastic.
 now, at present. See *hsien*⁴.
 to buy as needed.
 a whirlwind.
 same (yang² chiao³ fêng¹).
 to turn on a lathe.
 the part of a lathe which holds the knife.
 to cut off the outer layer in a lathe.
 to turn it round on a lathe.
 to fall into, to sink, to involve. See *hsien*⁴.

also
 木宣 *hsüan*⁴
 To stuff
 the edge tightly

HSÜEH¹ (t-ü) 革 鞞 鞞⁴93a229a
 hsüeh¹-hsieh² 鞞鞋
 hsüeh¹-i¹-shuang¹ 鞞一雙
 hsüeh¹-mao¹ 鞞帽

boots (*hsieh*²).
 boots and shoes.
 boots, one pair.
 boots and hats.

üeh ¹ -ca ⁴	靴襪	boots and stockings.
SÜEH ²	子 孛 學 ^{493a209a}	to study, to learn; to imitate. See <i>hsiao</i> ² .
üeh ² -chang ³	學 掌	a monitor, head boy at school.
üeh ² -chêng ⁴	學 政	a literary chancellor. G. 323.
üeh ² -érh ² -chih ¹ -chih ¹	學 而 知 之	knowledge attained by learning.
üeh ² -fang ²	學 房	a school.
üeh ² -hao ³ -shih ⁴	學 好 事	to learn to do well.
üeh ² -hsi ²	學 習	to learn by practice (<i>yen</i> ³ <i>hsi</i> ⁴).
üeh ² -hsiao ⁴	學 校	a government school.
üeh ² -huai ⁴	學 壞	to learn evil.
üeh ² -kuan ¹	學 官	a school-inspector.
üeh ² -kuan ³	學 館	a school.
üeh ² -kuei ¹	學 規	rules of a school, fees of B.A.
üeh ² -mai ³ -mai ⁴ -ti ¹	學 買 賣 的	apprentices (in trade).
üeh ² -man ³ -liao ³	學 滿 了	finished apprenticeship.
üeh ² -ming ²	學 名	school name (<i>ju</i> ³ <i>ming</i> ²).
üeh ² -pu ⁴ -hui ⁴	學 不 會	cannot learn.
üeh ² -shêng ¹	學 生	a pupil, a scholar, a student; catamites.
üeh ² -shih ¹	學 師	a teacher or school master.
üeh ² -shih ⁴	學 士	a learned man; a title of office; a doctor.
üeh ² -t'ang ²	學 堂	a school.
üeh ² -t'u ²	學 徒	an apprentice, to be an apprentice (<i>t'u</i> ² <i>ti</i> ⁴).
üeh ² -t-z'ü ¹	學 費	teacher's fees, tuition (<i>hsiu</i> ¹ <i>chin</i> ¹).
üeh ² -wên ¹	學 問	learning, knowledge. [G. 323.
üeh ² -yüan ⁴	學 院	a literary chancellor; office of a <i>hsüeh</i> ² <i>yüan</i> ⁴ .
üeh ²	目 眈 ^{494a230c}	to look eagerly (<i>p'ieh</i> ¹ <i>p'ieh</i> ¹ <i>ch'iao</i> ²).
üeh ² -mu ⁴	目 眈	to take a look.
SÜEH ³	雨 雪 ^{494a820a}	snow; to whiten; to clear one's self; to revenge.
üeh ³ -ch'ih ³	雪 耻	to revenge, to wipe out disgrace.
üeh ³ -ching ³	雪 景	a snow covered landscape.
üeh ³ -hên ⁴	雪 恨	to have revenge (<i>pao</i> ⁴ <i>ch'ou</i> ²).
üeh ³ -hsi ³	雪 洗	to wash clean.
üeh ³ -hua ¹	雪 花	"snow flowers," flakes of snow (<i>hsia</i> ⁴ <i>hsüeh</i> ³).
üeh ³ -hua ⁴	雪 化	the melting of snow.
üeh ³ -pai ² -ti ¹	雪 白 的	white as snow, of snowy whiteness.
üeh ³ -p'ien ⁴	雪 片	snow flakes (<i>o</i> ² <i>mao</i> ² to <i>t</i> ⁴ <i>p'ien</i> ⁴).
üeh ³ -shuang ¹	雪 霜	snow and frost.
üeh ³ -yüan ¹	雪 冤	"to snow grievances," to have satisfaction.
SÜEH ⁴	穴 穴 ^{493c230b}	a hole, a den, a cave, a grave (<i>tung</i> ⁴).
üeh ⁴ -ch'ing ² -hao ³	穴 情 好	the surroundings of the grave are good.

hsüeh⁴-chü¹
 hsüeh⁴-chung¹-lou²-i¹
 hsüeh⁴-tao⁴
 hsüeh⁴-ts'ang²
 hsüeh⁴ 血
 hsüeh⁴-chan⁴
 hsüeh⁴-ch'ü⁴
 hsüeh⁴-chieh²
 hsüeh⁴-lin²-lin²-ti¹
 hsüeh⁴-mo⁴

穴居
 穴中螻蟻
 穴道
 穴藏
 血 494c230a
 血戰
 血氣
 血竭
 血淋淋的
 血脈

to dwell in caves.
 mole crickets in a hole.
 a grave ; a subterranean passage (jên² mu⁴).
 concealed in a cave ; a receptacle.
 blood. See *hsieh*³.
 to fight to the death.
 constitution ; animal passions.
 dragon's blood (a kind of resin).
 dripping with blood (used of a strict vow).
 the blood ; relationship.

HSÜN¹ 火 燻 熏 495b212a
 hsün¹-ch'ing¹
 hsün¹-chi¹
 hsün¹-ch'u¹-lai²
 hsün¹-fêng¹
 hsün¹-hei¹
 hsün¹-hsi¹
 hsün¹-hsiang¹
 hsün¹-jou⁴
 hsün¹-la⁴
 hsün¹-ssü³
 hsün¹-t'ou¹-la¹
 hsün¹-wên²-tzü³
 hsün¹-yao⁴
 hsün¹ 力 助
 hsün¹-ch'ên²
 hsün¹-chüeh²
 hsün¹-kung¹
 hsün¹-lao²
 hsün¹-lieh⁴
 hsün¹ 艸 卅
 hsün¹-ts'ao³
 hsün¹ 酉
 hsün¹-hsün¹-ta⁴-tsui⁴

熏 495b212a
 熏蒸
 熏雞
 熏出來
 熏風
 熏黑
 熏夕
 熏香
 熏肉
 熏臘
 熏死
 熏透喇
 熏蚊子
 熏藥
 勳 495c212c
 勳臣
 勳爵
 勳功
 勳勞
 勳烈
 薰 496a212c
 薰草
 醺
 醺大醉

[smok
 vapor, fumes, steam, evaporation, to scent, t
 steamy vapour after rain, etc.
 smoked chicken.
 to force, as flowers.
 southerly winds.
 to blacken with smoke (yen¹ hsün¹).
 late in the evening.
 to disinfect by burning herbs, etc.
 to smoke meat.
 smoke meat.
 to be asphyxiated.
 thoroughly smoked.
 to smoke out mosquitoes.
 an inhalent, e. g., chloroform or ether.
 merit, meritorious.
 a meritorious minister.
 rank by merit.
 great merit (kung¹ lao²).
 reward of merit ; meritorious service.
 inflexible merit.
 fragrance of flowers.
 fragrant herbs or plants.
 intoxicated (tsui⁴).
 hopelessly drunk.

HSÜN² 彳 循 496a813a
 hsün²-ch'iang²-tsou³
 hsün²-fa²
 hsün²-hsün²-shan⁴-yu⁴
 hsün²-huan²
 hsün²-kuei¹-tao⁴-chü³
 hsün²-li³

循 496a813a
 循牆走
 循法
 循循善誘
 循環
 循規蹈矩
 循理

to act agreeably to, to acquiesce in, to follow.
 to follow along the wall.
 to obey the laws.
 to teach men in the proper sequence.
 to circulate.
 to follow rules and regulations.
 agreeably to reason.

n²-liang² 巡 良 498aS13a
 n² 巡 走 巡
 n²-an⁴ 巡 按
 n²-c'ha² 巡 察
 n²-chien³ 巡 檢
 n²-ch'uan² 巡 船
 n²-fu³ 巡 撫
 in²-i⁴ 巡 役
 in²-lo² 巡 邏
 in²-pu³ 巡 捕
 in²-pu³-fang² 巡 捕 房
 in²-pu³-t'ing¹ 巡 捕 廳
 in²-shao⁴-ch'uan² 巡 哨 船
 in²-shih⁴ 巡 視
 in²-shou³ 巡 守
 in²-shou⁴ 巡 符
 in²-yeh⁴ 巡 夜
 in²-ying² 巡 營
 寸 尋 498bS07a
 in²-ch'ang² 尋 常
 in²-chao³ 尋 找
 in²-ch'ên¹ 尋 煩
 in²-hsiang³ 尋 想
 in²-pu⁴-chao² 尋 不 著
 in²-shih⁴ 尋 事
 in²-ssü¹ 尋 思
 in²-t'an⁴ 尋 探
 in²-tuan³-chien⁴ 尋 短 見
 in²-wu²-ch'ang² 尋 無 常
 in² 犬 徇 徇 497aS14b
 in²-ch'ing³ 徇 情
 in²-pi⁴ 徇 庇
 in²-ssü¹ 徇 私
 in²-ssü¹-yü⁴ 徇 私 慾
 日 旬 496bS12a
 in²-jih⁴ 旬 日
 in²-nei⁴ 旬 內
 in²-wai⁴ 旬 外

docile (liang² shan⁴).
 to cruise, to go the rounds.
 a vice governor.
 to go rounds (as a watch, etc.) (ai² mên² ch'a²).
 an officer in charge of a patrol, etc.
 a cruiser. [In³]. G. 272.
 to soothe, to console; governor of a province (tu¹
 police, revenue officers.
 to cruise, to patrol, to go round as a watchman.
 a sort of constable or policeman,
 police-station,
 same.
 a cruiser.
 to reconnoitre; to pay a visit of inspection.
 to inspect the various districts.
 emperor's tone of inspection.
 watchmen (ta³ ching¹).
 night guards; outposts.
 to seek, to investigate; constantly. See hsin³,
 commonly, constantly (p'ing² ch'ang²).
 to seek for.
 to provoke (jê³).
 to study, to consider, to reflect,
 cannot be found.
 to make trouble.
 to study, to consider, to reflect.
 to seek, to search,
 suicided.
 suicided.
 to connive at, connivance (also 徇).
 to befriend, to take one's part, to connive at,
 to connive at, to take one's part, to screen.
 private, selfish, underhand.
 selfish.
 a decade (either of days or years).
 ten days.
 within ten days.
 more than ten days.
 to instruct, to teach, to exhort, to persuade.
 to instruct, to teach (chiao⁴ hsün⁴).
 the same.
 to teach.

SÜN⁴ 言 訓 497c212c
 ün⁴-chiao⁴ 訓 教
 ün⁴-chieh² 訓 誡
 ün⁴-hui⁴ 訓 誨

<i>hsün⁴-lien⁴</i>	練	to drill, to practise (ts'ao ¹ lien ⁴).
<i>hsün⁴-mêng²</i>	訓蒙	to instruct the young.
<i>hsün⁴-mîng⁴</i>	訓命	special instructions.
<i>hsün⁴-tao⁴</i>	訓導	a sub-director of studies. G. 306.
<i>hsün⁴-tien³</i>	訓典	maxims of wisdom.
<i>hsün⁴-tzŭ³</i>	訓子	to exhort a son, to train one's children.
<i>hsün⁴</i>	歹 旬 殉 ^{496c814b}	to desire; to be ready to die for.
<i>hsün⁴-chieh²</i>	殉節	to resist to the death, e.g., women.
<i>hsün⁴-ch'iu²</i>	殉求	to pursue greedily.
<i>hsün⁴-li⁴</i>	殉利	to follow after gain (t'u ² li ⁴).
<i>hsün⁴-mîng²</i>	殉名	to be desirous of fame (th'iu ² ming ²).
<i>hsün⁴-nan²</i>	殉難	resolution, to die in one's duty.
<i>hsün⁴-sê⁴</i>	殉色	to be addicted to lust (t'an ¹ sê ¹).
<i>hsün⁴-tsang⁴</i>	*殉葬	to be buried alive; to be buried with (huo ² mai ²).
<i>hsün⁴</i>	水 汜 汎 ^{499a80Sa}	a military station; to guard, to protect; speed
<i>hsün⁴-ch'ên²</i>	汎城	to guard a city; a garrison city.
<i>hsün⁴-so³</i>	汎所	a military post, a guard house.
<i>hsün⁴-ti⁴</i>	汎地	an outpost or patrol station.
<i>hsün⁴</i>	走 迅 迅 ^{499b80Sa}	speedy, sudden, quick, hasty, expeditious.
<i>hsün⁴-chi²</i>	迅疾	swift, fleet (k'uai ⁴).
<i>hsün⁴-lei²</i>	迅雷	quick as thunder.
<i>hsün⁴-su²</i>	迅速	expeditious, prompt, speedy.
<i>hsün⁴-tien⁴</i>	迅電	quick as lightning.
<i>hsün⁴</i>	言 訊 訊 ^{499a808b}	to interrogate, to examine judicially.
<i>hsün⁴-chiu¹</i>	訊究	to investigate thoroughly.
<i>hsün⁴-fang³</i>	訊訪	to investigate, to enquire into.
<i>hsün⁴-kao⁴</i>	訊告	to make known, to intimate.
<i>hsün⁴-tsui⁴</i>	訊罪	to examine a criminal (shên ³ wên ⁴).
<i>hsün⁴-wên⁴</i>	訊問	to enquire into, to interrogate.
<i>hsün⁴</i>	言 詢 詢 ^{497b812c}	to enquire, to investigate; to contrive, to scheme
<i>hsün⁴-shih⁴</i>	詢事	to deliberate on affairs.
<i>hsün⁴-ssü¹</i>	詢私	to skulk, to shirk (one's work, etc.).
<i>hsün⁴-wên⁴</i>	詢問	to enquire, to question.
<i>hsün⁴-jang⁴</i>	詢讓	to yield, to give place to.
<i>hsün⁴</i>	走 遜 遜 ^{499c829c}	humble, respectful, complaisant, retiring.
<i>hsün⁴-chih⁴</i>	遜志	humble determination; an obedient wife.
<i>hsün⁴-shun⁴</i>	遜順	respectful, complaisant, yielding.

HU¹

口 呼^{500a221a}
hu¹-fêng¹-huan³-yü³ 呼風喚雨
hu¹-han³ 呼喊
hu¹-hu¹-shui⁴-liao³ 呼呼睡了
hu¹-hsi¹ 呼吸

in, at, with, from, to; a note of interrogation
to summon wind and rain—as magicians do.
to call out loudly, to bawl out.
a deep sleep.
to exhale, and to inhale.

-hsi ¹ -chih ¹ -chien ¹	呼息之間	in a breath of time (sha ⁴ shih ² chien ¹).
-huan ⁴	呼喚	to call to or for.
-lai ² -huan ⁴ -chü ¹	呼來喚去	to keep one running to or fro.
-shih ³	呼使	to order about.
-t'ien ¹ -chiao ⁴ -ti ¹	呼天吡地	"to invoke heaven and call earth," to bawl out.
-ying ¹ -pu ⁴ -ling ²	呼應不靈	though called, no response.
心	忽 ^{502b267a}	to forget, to despise; carelessly, suddenly.
-ch'ü ³ -hu ¹ -luo ¹	忽起忽落	sudden rise and as sudden fall.
-hu ¹	忽忽	disregarding.
-hu ¹ -yu ¹	忽忽悠	a whirligig, a merry-go-round.
-huan ³	忽恍	suddenly startled.
-jan ²	忽然	suddenly, unexpectedly (mêng ³ jan ²).
-jan ² -chien ¹	忽然間	suddenly (mêng ³ ku ¹ ting ¹ ti ¹).
-liao ⁴	忽略	carelessness, indifference; to despise.
-ming ² -hu ¹ -mieh ⁴	忽明忽滅	e. g., a flash light-horse.
口	匱 ^{502a267b}	whole, complete; in the gross.
-lun ²	匱	same (chêng ³ ti ¹ p'ou ⁴ ti ¹).
-lun ² -shui ⁴	匱睡	to sleep in one's clothes.
-lun ² -t'un ¹	匱吞	to swallow whole (yen ⁴ hsia ¹ ch'ü ⁴)
-lun ² -t'un ¹ -tsao ³	匱吞棗	figurative, e. g., to read without digesting.
食	餽 ^{504b222c}	gruel, food, sustenance, subsistence; to subsist.
-k'ou ³	餽口	{ subsistence, sustenance; to get a livelihood (kn ⁴ k'ou ³).
心	小 悒 ^{502c267b}	doubt, hesitation, uncertainty; small, minute.
ノ	手 乎 ^{500a224a}	in, at, with, from, to; a note of interrogation.
(or hsiao ¹) 口	唬 ^{448a192b}	scare (hsia ⁴ hu ¹).
肉 月	胡 ^{502c221c}	blindly, wildly, recklessly; a street or lane.
-h'an ²	胡 經	to talk nonsense.
-chiang ³	胡 講	to talk absurdly.
-chiao ¹	胡 椒	pepper (ch'in ² chiao ¹).
-ch'in ²	胡 琴	a sort of fiddle.
-chou ¹	胡 謔	to talk wildly.
-ch'ui ¹ -luan ⁴ -ta ³	胡吹亂打	to rave and knock things about.
-hsing ²	胡 行	careless, reckless; carelessly.
-hun ⁴	胡 混	a loafer, an idler.
-jên ²	胡 人	Mongolians (mêng ² ku ³).
-li ¹ -ma ³ -li ¹	胡 哩嗎哩	recklessly, heedlessly (mao ⁴ shih ¹).
-ma ²	胡 麻	linseed (chih ¹ ma ²).
-nao ⁴	胡 鬧	an unreasonable outbreak; bosh.
-nao ⁴ -chü ²	胡 鬧局	a fraud.
-nao ⁴ -pa ¹ -k'ai ¹	胡 鬧八開	a cheat, a humbug, to act deceitfully.
-nung ⁴	胡 弄	to deceive, to cheat (lung ³ yü ⁴).

<i>hu².shuo¹</i>	胡說	to speak recklessly or absurdly.
<i>hu².shuo¹-pa¹-tao⁴</i>	胡說霸道	to talk outrageously.
<i>hu²-ssü¹-luan⁴-hsiang³</i>	胡思亂想	random, disorderly thoughts.
<i>hu²-sui⁴</i>	胡葵	coriander, caraway.
<i>hu²-ta³-luan⁴-ch'iao¹</i>	胡打亂敲	discordant sounds.
<i>hu²-t'ao³</i>	胡桃	a walnut (ho ² t'ao ²).
<i>hu²-ti⁴</i>	胡地	Mongolia (mèng ² ku ³).
<i>hu²-tso⁴-fei¹-wei²</i>	胡作非爲	reckless living.
<i>hu²-yen²-luan⁴-yii³</i>	胡言亂語	to talk nonsense.
<i>hu²</i>	湖 水 𠄎	a lake.
<i>hu²-chou⁴</i>	湖縐	a kind of silk gauze.
<i>hu²-k'ou³</i>	湖口	the entrance to a lake.
<i>hu²-kuang³</i>	湖廣	the provinces of Hu-nan and Hu-pei.
<i>hu²-nan²</i>	湖南	the province of Hu-nan. W. I. 146.
<i>hu²-pei³</i>	湖北	the province of Hu-pei. W. I. 142.
<i>hu²-pien¹</i>	湖邊	the margin of a lake.
<i>hu²-pin⁴</i>	湖濱	same.
<i>hu²-ssü¹</i>	湖絲	silk (from Hu-chou).
<i>hu²</i>	米 糊 503c222c	paste, to paste (piao ³).
<i>hu²-ch'iang²</i>	糊牆	to paper a wall.
<i>hu²-chou¹</i>	糊謔	to talk at random (also 胡).
<i>hu²-ch'uang¹</i>	糊窗	to paper a window.
<i>hu²-feng¹</i>	糊縫	to paste up a crack.
<i>hu²-lai²</i>	糊來	to act the fool, to make much ado about nothing.
<i>hu²-piao³-chiang⁴</i>	糊裱匠	paper hangers.
<i>hu²-tuo³</i>	糊倒	to act up badly, to extort money; make excuse
<i>hu²-t'uo³</i>	糊塗	dull, stupid, thick-headed.
<i>hu²</i>	犬 狐 505a223c	the fox; suspicious.
<i>hu²-chia³-hu³-wei¹</i>	狐假虎威	fox pretending to the tiger's majesty.
<i>hu²-ch'iu²</i>	狐裘	a fox-skin coat.
<i>hu²-ch'ün²-kou³-tang³</i>	狐羣狗黨	wicked comrades.
<i>hu²-hsien¹</i>	狐仙	a fairy fox.
<i>hu²-i²</i>	狐疑	to hesitate, to demur, to doubt; suspicion.
<i>hu²-li⁴</i>	狐狸	the fox.
<i>hu²-li⁴-ching¹</i>	狐狸精	bewitching, as a fox.
<i>hu²-mei⁴</i>	狐媚	artful and seducing.
<i>hu²-p'eng²-kou³-tang³</i>	狐朋狗黨	a bad lot, evil society.
<i>hu²-yeh²</i>	狐爺	fairy fox.
<i>hu²</i>	虫 蝴 504a223a	the butterfly.
<i>hu²-tieh²</i>	蝴蝶	same (fu ² tieh ²).
<i>hu²-tieh²-hua¹</i>	蝴蝶花	the iris or fleur-de-lis.
<i>hu²-tieh²-mei²</i>	蝴蝶梅	"butterfly prune," the heartsease or pansy.
<i>hu² (t-zü)</i>	士 壺 505a223b	a pot of any kind.

² .kni ⁴	壺蓋	the lid of a pot.
² .t'í ² -hsi ⁴	壺提繫	the handle of a kettle.
² .tsui ³	壺嘴	the spout of a kettle.
²	艸 什 葫 503c222b	a pumpkin or gourd.
² .lu ²	葫蘆	a pumpkin, a calabash.
² .lu ² chia ⁴	葫蘆架	a frame for gourds.
² .lu ² -huang ³ -tzū ³	葫蘆幌子	"the sign of the calabash," a spirit shop sign.
² .ma ² -yu ²	葫蘆油	oil of garlic and leeks.
²	行 衢 504a222c	a street or lane.
² .t'ung ⁴	衢衢	same.
²	髻 鬚 504b223a	the beard, the whiskers (wu ³ hsi ¹).
² .hsü ¹	鬚鬚	whiskers and moustache, beard generally.
² .shü ¹	鬚梳	a comb for moustaches.
²	角 斛 504b233a	a square corn measure (ten 斗).
² .tou ³	斛斗	corn measures.
²	玉 瑚 503c222a	coral (shan ¹ hu ²).
² .yü ⁴	瑚玉	coral and jade.
²	犬 獼 503c222a	a kind of monkey (hou ² êrh ²).
² .yüan ²	獼猿	same.
²	火 俗 燻 503b223b	to scorch, to burn (shao ¹ chiao ¹ liao ³).
²	目 矐 502b234c	to see obscurely (ma ² hu ¹).
⁰	虎 501a224b	the tiger. R. 60 (lao ³ hu ²).
³ .chang ³	*虎撐	a quack medicine dealer's signal.
³ .chao ³	虎爪	tiger's claws (medicine, etc.).
³ .chia ⁴	虎駕	majestic, awful (officials) (wei ¹ wu ³).
³ .chiang ⁴	虎將	a brave soldier.
³ .hsiao ⁴	虎嘯	the roar of a tiger; the tiger roars.
³ .k'ou ³	虎口	the space between thumb and forefinger.
³ .k'ou ³ -po ⁴ -shih ²	虎口孽食	fig. a dangerous job.
³ .ku ³	虎骨	tiger's bones (medicine used for rheumatism).
³ .lang ²	虎狼	"tiger wolf," fierce, cruel.
³ .pei ⁴ -hsinung ² -yao ¹	虎背熊腰	exceedingly stout, lusty, strong, etc.
³ .p'í ² -ju ⁴ -tzü ³	虎皮褥子	a tiger skin mattress.
³ .t'ou ² .cho ¹ -shih ¹	虎頭捉虱	fig. a daring act.
³ .t'ou ² -p'ai ²	虎頭牌	tiger-head shields,
³ .t'ou ² -shé ² -wei ³	虎頭蛇尾	fig. inglorious ending.
³ .wei ¹	虎威	majestic, awful.
³	玉 琥 502a224c	amber.
³ .po ⁴	琥珀	same.
³ .po ⁴ -chu ¹	琥珀珠	amber beads.
⁰	言 護 507a226b	to assist, to guard, to protect, to save.

hu⁴-chao⁴ 護照
 hu⁴-ch'êng²-ho² 護城河
 hu⁴-chieh⁴-ch'ai¹ 護解差
 hu⁴-ch'ih² 護持
 hu⁴-chün¹ 護軍
 hu⁴-chung⁴ 護衆
 hu⁴-fêng¹ 護封
 hu⁴-hsin¹-ching⁴ 護心鏡
 hu⁴-jih⁴ 護日
 hu⁴-kwo²-an¹-min² 護國安民
 hu⁴-kwo²-chiang¹-chun¹ 護國將軍
 hu⁴-pao¹ 護包
 hu⁴-pi³ 護庇
 hu⁴-p'iao⁴ 護票
 hu⁴-shên¹-ching⁴ 護身鏡
 hu⁴-shên¹-fü² *護身符
 hu⁴-shou³ 護手
 hu⁴-shou³ 護守
 hu⁴-shu¹ 護書
 hu⁴-sung⁴ 護送
 hu⁴-t'í¹ 護梯
 hu⁴-tuan³ 護短
 hu⁴-wei⁴ 護衛
 hu⁴-yn⁴ 護佑
 hu⁴ 二 互 506c226c
 hu⁴-chiao¹ 互交
 hu⁴-hsiang¹ 互相
 hu⁴-hsiang¹-chêng¹-tou⁴ 互相爭鬧
 hu⁴-hsiang¹-ch'êng⁴-tsan⁴ 互相稱讚
 hu⁴-hsiang¹-k'ung⁴-kao⁴ 互相控告
 hu⁴-hsiang¹-lai²-wang⁴ 互相來往
 hu⁴-hsiang¹-pang¹-chü⁴ 互相幫助
 hu⁴-hsiang¹-tui¹-wei³ 互相推委
 hu⁴-hsiang¹-ts'an¹-k'ao³ 互相參考
 hu⁴-huan⁴ 互換
 hu⁴ 戶 戶 505c225a
 hu⁴-fang² 戶房
 hu⁴-k'ou³ 戶口
 hu⁴-pan³ 戶版
 hu⁴-pu⁴ 戶部
 hu⁴-pu¹-shang⁴-shu¹ 戶部尙書
 hu⁴-pu¹-shih⁴-lang² 戶部侍郎
 hu⁴-tu¹-ting¹-to¹ 戶大丁多

a passport (chih² chao⁴).
 a city moat (hao²).
 a lighter escort of prisoner.
 to support, to assist. [ping
 outposts; a military rank; a body-guard (ch
 to aid the masses, philanthropic.
 to seal securely—as a letter.
 a breastplate.
 an eclipse (jih⁴ shih²).
 to protect the state and give the people peace
 a general, the bulwark of the state.
 collar (of draught animal).
 to protect.
 a passport.
 a small mirror worn as a charm. Note 36.
 a charm, a talisman (p'ei⁴ ching¹).
 "protect-hand," a sword-hilt.
 to guard, to protect.
 a sealed letter; a portfolio, a card-case.
 to escort, to convoy (pao³ piao¹ ti¹).
 a stair-case (lou² ti¹).
 to hide shortcomings (er. chieh¹ tuan³).
 to protect, to defend.
 to protect.
 mutual, reciprocal; to blend, blending.
 mutual, reciprocal.
 same.
 to wrangle, to fight.
 mutually praise.
 mutually accuse at law.
 exchanging visits.
 mutually help.
 mutually making excuses.
 to mutually compare and examine.
 exchange; to exchange.
 a door, an opening, a hole, an orifice, a family,
 a local Board of revenue.
 "mouths in a house," family; population.
 a register of population (min² chi²).
 the Board of Revenue at Peking. G. 154.
 president of the Board of Revenue.
 Vice-President of the Board Revenue.
 a very numerous family.

* Note 37.

		戶冊	a register of population.
	示	祐 ^{506b225a}	happiness, blessings, prosperity; protection.
		祐福	felicity, blessings.
		祐保	prosperous, prosperity; protection.
		祐佑	same.
	戶	扈 ^{506a225c}	the tail; to follow; a following, an escort.
		扈從	to escort, to accompany (pao ³ piao ¹ ti).
		扈從的	an escort.
	竹	笏 ^{502b267c}	audience tablet in ancient times.
		笏板	same.
	心	怙 ^{506b226a}	to rely on, to presume on.
	糸	縠 ^{504c267c}	fine silk gauze.
JA ¹	艸 升 華	花 ^{509a239a}	flowers; dissipation, pleasure; indistinct vision.
		花案	adultery cases in court.
		花杖兒	trellis work.
		花旗	the American flag.
		花旗布	domestics, American drills.
		花甲	the cycle of 60 years.
		花架子	a flower-stand.
		花匠	a florist.
		花椒	Cayenne pepper (hu ² chiao ¹).
		花轎	bridal chair (ts'ai ³ chiao ⁴).
		花姐	a prostitute (ch'ang ¹ chi ⁴).
		花箋	ornamental note paper.
		花剪絨	velvets, velveteens.
		花錢	to spend money.
		花枝	a flower stem or branch.
		花鏡	glasses for old folks.
		花燭	wedding candles.
		花船	pleasure boats (used for brothels).
		花兒市	flower-market.
		花費	expenditure.
		花香	the fragrance of flowers (shê ⁴ hsiang ¹).
		花消	expense, outlay.
		花心	the centre of a flower.
		花戶	the people; granary keeper.
		花花起	adultery cases.
		花花搭搭	chequered.
		花花世界	a dissolute age.
		花紅	[article. scarlet (e. g., button); bonus, reward as for lost
		花紅柳綠	beautifully colored.
		花紅色	variegated colors.

<i>hua¹-i¹</i>	花衣	flowered clothes.
<i>hua¹-ju²</i>	花蕊	the centre of a flower, petals of a flower.
<i>hua¹-jung²-mei³-mao⁴</i>	花容美貌	as beautiful as a flower.
<i>hua¹-k'ai¹</i>	花開	an opened flower; in full blossom.
<i>hua¹-k'ai¹-hua¹-hsieh⁴</i>	花開花卸 <small>(謝)</small>	when the flower opens, it falls.
<i>hua¹ kao¹</i>	花餅	a kind of cake.
<i>hua¹-k'ou³</i>	花口	"flowery mouth," loquacious, eloquent.
<i>hua¹-ku³</i>	花鼓	licentious plays (women actors).
<i>hua¹-kuan¹-t'zũ²</i>	花官詞	adultery cases.
<i>hua¹-kung¹-t'zũ¹</i>	花公子	a gay, dissipated young man.
<i>hua¹-lan²</i>	花欄	a support for flowers.
<i>hua¹-lao⁴</i>	花落	the fall of a flower.
<i>hua¹-ling²</i>	花翎	[(k'ung ³ ch'iao ³ mao ²) a peacock's feather, plume on official's hat]
<i>hua¹-mei²</i>	花眉	a kind of thrush (pai ² ling ²).
<i>hua¹-ming²-ts'ê¹</i>	花名冊	a register, a list of adherents.
<i>hua¹-nin²</i>	花牛	a spotted cow.
<i>hua¹-pai³-ts'ai¹</i>	花白菜	the cauliflower.
<i>hua¹-pan⁴</i>	花瓣	the petals of a flower.
<i>hua¹-p'ên²-t'zũ³</i>	花盆子	a flower-pot.
<i>hua¹-p'ing²</i>	花瓶	a flower vase.
<i>hua¹-p'ing²</i>	花屏	an embroidered wind-screen (p'ing ² fêng ¹).
<i>hua¹-p'o³</i>	花婆	a flower woman.
<i>hua¹-pu⁴</i>	花布	fancy or figured calicoes.
<i>hua¹-shao¹</i>	花稍	handsome clothes; gorgeous.
<i>hua¹-shêng¹</i>	花生	ground nuts, pea-nuts.
<i>hua¹-shêng¹-p'ing³</i>	花生餅	ground nut cakes (ch'ang ² shêng ¹ kuo ³).
<i>hua¹-ta²</i>	花搭	chequered.
<i>hua¹-tan⁴</i>	花旦	an actor painted like a young lady.
<i>hua¹-têng¹</i>	花燈	colored lanterns.
<i>hua¹-hsieh⁴</i>	花卸	the flowers have dropped off.
<i>hua¹-t'ing¹</i>	花廳	a reception room.
<i>hua¹-t'ing²-t'zũ³</i>	花亭子	a summer-house.
<i>hua¹-t'ing³</i>	花艇	a pleasure barge.
<i>hua¹-to²-êrh²</i>	花朶兒	a bud, buds.
<i>hua¹-tung¹-t'zũ³</i>	花洞子	flower vaults in green houses.
<i>hua¹-t'ung²</i>	花童	a girl.
<i>hua¹-ts'ao³</i>	花草	"flowers and grass," vegetation.
<i>hua¹-ts'ao³-shu⁴-mu⁴</i>	花草樹木	trees and flowers generally.
<i>hua¹-t'zũ³</i>	花子	a beggar (ch'í ³ kai ¹).
<i>hua¹-wang²</i>	花王	the peony.
<i>hua¹-ya¹</i>	花押	a mark, a signature, monogram.
<i>hua¹-yan²-pu⁴</i>	花洋布	chintz, printed cottons.
<i>hua¹-yan²</i>	花樣	money spent to secure office (hui ⁴ lu ⁴).

ua ¹ -yen ² -ch'iao ² -yü ³	花言巧語	pompous or specious style of speech.
ua ¹ -yüan ¹ -ch'ien ²	花冤錢	to waste money.
ua ¹ -yüan ² -tzü ³	花園子	a flower garden.
ua ¹ -yung ⁴	花用	to expend, expenditure.
ua ¹	巾	a ripping sound.
ua ¹ -la ¹ -i ¹ -shêng ¹	幘拉一聲	same.
UA ²	水 彳	smooth, slippery, sharp ; a drug ; soapstone.
ua ² -ch'ê ¹	滑車	a pulley.
ua ² -ching ¹	滑精	nocturnal emissions.
ua ² -ch'uan ²	滑拳	to play at guess-fingers (morra).
ua ² -hsiao ²	滑學	to play truant (t'ao ² hsiao ²).
ua ² -ko ⁴ -kên ¹ -t'ou ²	滑個筋斗	slipped and turned a somersault.
ua ² -ku ² -tou ²	滑骨頭	a slippery stick, a sharper.
ua ² -kun ⁴	滑棍	a sharper (kuang ¹ kun ⁴).
ua ² -li ¹	滑利	a sharper.
ua ² -liu ² -liu ² -ti ¹	滑流流的	muddy, slushy, slippery.
ua ² -sê ⁴	滑澀	smooth, and rough (lu ⁴ sê ⁴).
ua ² -shê ²	滑舌	"a smooth tongue," plausible, specious.
ua ² -shih ²	滑石	soap-stone.
ua ² -t'ai ⁴	滑汰	slippery, smooth.
ua ² -t'ung ⁴	滑錫	smooth, slippery, finished.
ua ² -tuo ³	滑倒	to slip down.
ua ² -tsê ²	滑澤	slippery, smooth.
ua ² -tsui ³	滑嘴	"slippery lips," plausible, specious, eloquent.
ua ²	艸 廿 華	flowers ; elegant, brilliant, variegated. <i>China</i>
ua ² -han ⁴	華翰	"flowery pencil," a letter written by another.
ua ² -hsia ⁴	華夏	"flowery summer," China.
ua ² -kuo ²	華國	China (chung ¹ kuo ² , chung ¹ yüan ²).
ua ² -li ⁴	華麗	beautiful, elegant.
ua ² -mei ³	華美	beautiful, splendid ; splendour.
ua ² -pien ¹	華邊	"flowered border," a dollar.
ua ² -shê ¹ -shê ¹ -ti ¹	華奢的	showy, garish.
ua ² -shih ²	華實	"flowers and fruit," show and reality.
ua ² -shou ³	華首	grey-headed (pai ² fa ³).
ua ² -tun ⁴	華旦	a birthday (shêng ¹ jih ⁴).
ua ² -têng ¹	華燈	an ornamented lamp.
ua ² -ts'ai ³	華彩	brilliant, variegated.
ua ²	犬	artful, crafty, lying, deceitful, disorderly.
ua ² -li ⁴	猾吏	unscrupulous yamên clerks.
ua ² -nung ⁴	猾弄	to deceive, to misguide.
ua ² (t-zü)	刀 划	a small boat ; to pole a boat ; a hook, a catch.
ua ²	金 鐮	a spade, plow-point, or share.

*hua*² 言 嘩 譁^{511a240a}

hubbub.

HUA⁴ 七 化^{508b240b}

to change; transformation; to convert.

*hua*⁴-*chai*¹ 化齋

priests begging (*mu*⁴ *hua*⁴).

*hua*⁴-*ch'ên*² 化成

to reform completely, to civilize thoroughly.

*hua*⁴-*ch'ien*² 化錢

to spend money; to solicit money.

*hua*⁴-*fei*³ 化費

to dissipate, to expend.

*hua*⁴-*hsiao*³ 化消

to melt or consume; to digest.

*hua*⁴-*hsien*²-*wei*²-*p'ing*² 化險為平

delivered from perils (*fêng*² *hsiung*¹ *hua*⁴ *chi*²).

*hua*⁴-*hsuing*¹-*wei*²-*chi*² 化凶為吉

convert ill luck into good.

*hua*⁴-*hsüeh*² 化學

chemistry.

*hua*⁴-*jên*²-*ch'u*¹-*chia*¹ 化人出家

to induce a person to enter the priesthood.

*hua*⁴-*paó*³ 化寶

a compound of silver in use at Tientsin,

*hua*⁴-*pu*⁴-*k'ai*¹ 化不開

won't digest, won't dissolve (*k'o*¹ *hua*⁴ *pu*⁴ *tung*⁴).

*hua*⁴-*pu*⁴-*shih*¹ 化布施

to take up subscriptions for repair of temples.

*hua*⁴-*shêng*¹ 化生

transformation birth.

*hua*⁴-*tzü*³ 化子

a beggar (*ch'í*³ *kai*⁴).

*hua*⁴-*wai*⁴ 化外

outside pale of civilization.

*hua*⁴-*yüan*² 化緣

to solicit subscriptions for temples, etc.

*hua*⁴-*yüan*²-*ch'ung*²-*hsü*¹ 化緣重修

to solicit subscriptions for repair of temples.

*hua*⁴ 言 論 話^{512b240c}

language, speech, conversation.

*hua*⁴-*hsia*²-*tzü*³ 話匣子

a chatter-box.

*hua*⁴-*li*³-*yu*³-*hua*⁴ 話裡有話

there is something kept back.

*hua*⁴-*pai*⁴ *jên*² 話敗人

to backbite a person (*hui*³ *pang*⁴).

*hua*⁴-*p'ing*⁴ 話柄

"handle of speech," a subject for conversation

*hua*⁴-*pu*⁴-*hsü*¹-*ch'uan*⁴ 話不虛傳

no false tradition.

*hua*⁴ *pu*⁴-*t'ou*²-*chi*¹ 話不投機

words which do not hit the mark.

*hua*⁴-*shuo*¹ 話說

the story goes; it is said.

*hua*⁴-*yii*³ 話語

conversation; to utter.

*hua*⁴-*tuó*¹-*tuó*¹ 話叨叨

prosy talk (*la*³ *la*³ *pu*⁴ *hsin*¹).

*hua*⁴-*t'uo*²-*tzü*³ 話條子

phrases.

*hua*⁴-*to*¹-*pu*⁴-*t'ien*² 話多不甜

too many words are distasteful.

*hua*⁴ 田 画 畫^{511b241a}

to draw or paint; a picture.

*hua*⁴-*chiang*⁴ 畫匠

a painter, an artist.

*hua*⁴-*chung*¹-*yu*³-*shih*¹ 畫中有詩

Wang Wei's poetry and painting (a picture [suggesting a poem])

*hua*⁴ *fu*² 畫符

to write charms.

*hua*⁴-*fu*²-*niên*⁴-*chou*⁴ 畫符念咒

to write charms and recite incantations.

*hua*⁴-*hua*⁴ 畫畫

to paint pictures.

*hua*⁴-*hua*⁴-*ti*¹ 畫畫的

an artist.

*hua*⁴-*hui*⁴ 畫會

to picture in the mind, conceive (*mo*⁴ *hui*⁴).

*hua*⁴-*i*¹ 畫一

"draw one line," to act by one rule.

*hua*⁴ *i*¹-*pu*⁴-*êrh*⁴ 畫一不二

"one price only" (or 劃).

*hua*⁴-*kung*⁴ 畫工

an artist.

ua¹-kung¹ 畫供
 ua⁴-la¹ 畫畫
 ua⁴-mei² 畫眉
 ua⁴-ping³-ch'ung¹-chi¹ 畫餅充飢
 ua⁴-pu¹-li²-ch'iang² 畫不離牆
 ua⁴-shü³-t'ien¹-tsu² 畫蛇添足
 ua⁴ shên²-chou² 畫神軸
 ua⁴-t'ung² 畫堂
 ua⁴-tao⁴-wei⁴-chi⁴ 畫道爲記
 ua¹-ti¹-t'ü¹-hsien⁴ 畫地自限
 ua⁴-tien⁴ 畫店
 ua¹-t'u² 畫圖
 ua⁴-tung⁴-tiao¹-liang² 畫棟雕樑
 ua⁴-ya³ 畫押

to own to, to sign, to endorse.
 to scratch off, to scribble.
 a kind of thrush; to paint the eyebrows. [etc.],
 a painting of a cake satisfies hunger (i.e., does not,
 i. e., two things are mutually indispensable.
 (fig.) exaggeration.
 a scroll on which is a god.
 a drawing room; a picture gallery.
 to draw a line for a mark.
 to make a rule for oneself.
 a picture-shop.
 a painting.
 painting and carving beams.
 to sign, to affix one's signature.

UAI² 心小懷 懷^{514a243a}
 ai²-ch'ou² 懷仇
 ai²-ch'uai³ 懷揣
 ai²-chung¹ 懷中
 ai²-hên⁴ 懷恨
 ai²-hsiang³ 懷想
 ai²-hsiang² 懷刑
 ai²-hui⁴ 懷惠
 ai²-i² 懷疑
 ai²-kuei³-t'ai¹ 懷鬼胎
 ai²-li³ 懷裏
 ai²-nien⁴ 懷念
 ai²-puo⁴ 懷抱
 ai²-t'ai¹ 懷胎
 ai²-tê² 懷德
 ai²-t'ou² 懷頭
 ai²-yün⁴ 懷孕
 ai² (t'ü) 木*槐^{513b243}
 ai²-chiao¹ 槐角
 ai²-hua¹ 槐花
 ai²-tou¹ 槐豆
 ai² 足 蹠^{521c240b}
 ai²-t'ü³-ku³ 蹠子骨
 ai²-wan¹-rh² 蹠彎兒
 ai² 水 淮^{514b243c}

to cherish in the breast; the bosom.
 to cherish hatred.
 to stick in breast of one's coat (ch'uai¹ huai² li³).
 in the bosom.
 to conceive a dislike.
 to conceive a liking for.
 to think, to cherish a thought.
 to dread punishment.
 to doubt (i² huo⁴).
 to have an evil scheme in one's heart.
 in the bosom.
 to harbour thoughts of.
 to carry in the bosom; to embrace (lon² chu⁴).
 to be pregnant (shou⁴ yün⁴).
 to cherish virtue.
 ends of a coffin, an end piece (tn³ t'ou²).
 to be pregnant.
 a kind of ash tree.
 pods of the ash.
 blossoms of the ash (used as a dye).
 seed of the ash (used as a medicine).
 the ankle; alone, single.
 the ankle-bone, the ankle (chia³ jen³).
 obliquely; a corner (kuai³ wan¹ êrh¹).
 a large river in Honan and Anhui¹.

UAI⁴ 土 壞^{513c244a}
 ai⁴-ch'ü⁴ 壞處

to injure, to spoil, to break, to ruin.
 bad points (tuan³ ch'ü⁴).

huai⁴.ch'uan² 壞船
 huai⁴-i⁴ 壞意
 huai⁴-jên² 壞人
 huai⁴-jên²-mîng²-chieh² 壞人名節
 huai⁴-kên¹ 壞根
 huai⁴-ku³.t'on² 壞骨頭
 huai⁴-liao³-liang²-hsin¹ 壞了良心
 huai⁴-mîng² 壞名
 huai⁴-nu⁴ 壞木
 huai⁴-shih⁴ 壞事
 huai⁴-shih⁴-yu³-yü² 壞事有餘
 huai⁴-t'a¹.ti¹.shih⁴ 壞他的事
 huai⁴-tan⁴ 壞蛋
 huai⁴-ti¹.fang¹ 壞地方
 huai⁴-tung¹-hsi¹ 壞東西
 huai⁴-tzu³ 壞子

HUAN¹ 欠欢. 歡 516a244a
 huan¹-ch'ang⁴ 歡暢
 huan¹-hsi³ 歡喜
 huan¹-hsi³ pu⁴-chin⁴ 歡喜不盡
 huan¹-hsin⁴ 歡心
 huan¹-hsin⁴ 歡欣
 huan¹-lê⁴ 歡樂
 huan¹-lê⁴-kno⁴-tu⁴ 歡樂過度
 huan¹-p'ao³ 歡跑
 huan¹-p'ang⁴-luan⁴-t'iao⁴ 歡跳亂跳
 huan¹-t'ien¹-hsi³-ti⁴ 歡天喜地
 huan¹-yen²-pien⁴-nu⁴ 歡顏變怒
 huan¹-yüeh⁴ 歡悅
 huan¹ 犬* 獾 516b244b
 huan¹ 豸 獾
 huan¹-p'i²-ju⁴-tzu³ 獾皮褥子
 huan¹ 馬 驪 516b244

HUAN² 还 515b244c
 huan²-chai⁴ 還債
 huan²-chang⁴ 還賬
 huan²-chia¹ 還家
 huan²-chia¹ 還價
 huan²-c'i'ien² 還錢
 huan²-ch'ing¹ 還清
 huan²-hsiung¹ 還鄉

* Note 39.

a wreck.
 evil thoughts.
 to ruin a person; a bad person.
 to destroy a man's name.
 to spoil the root.
 a rascal.
 conscience is corrupted.
 to destroy one's reputation, disrepute.
 rotten wood.
 to injure or ruin an affair, wickedness.
 there is a superfluity of evil.
 to ruin his business.
 a spoilt egg, bad man (hun⁴ tan⁴).
 a bad place.
 to break or destroy things.
 a spoiled child.

satisfaction, joy, pleasure, delight.
 pleased, delighted, pleasure, delight.
 to rejoice, to delight in (hsi³ huan¹).
 extremely delighted (hsi³ ch'u⁴ wang⁴ wai⁴).
 a delighted mind.
 to rejoice, delight in.
 to make merry; delight, satisfaction (hsi³ lê⁴).
 rejoicing beyond bounds.
 to run fast.
 jumping for joy.
 no bounds to his joy.
 their joy was turned to anger.
 pleased, delighted.
 the badger (the fat is used for burns, etc.).
 same.
 a badgers' skin bed-rug. [huan
 the frisking or playing of a horse (fresh) (s

to return, to repay. See hai².
 to pay a debt.
 to repay debts.
 to return home (chia² ch'ü⁴). [an off.
 to beat down price; to change the price, to ma
 to pay.
 to pay off, to pay in full.
 to go home.

an²-hun² 還魂
 an²-k'ou³ 還口
 an²-lai² 還來
 an²-pa⁴-liao³ 還罷了
 an²-pai⁴ 還拜
 an²-su² 還俗
 an²-shou³ 還手
 an²-tai⁴-cho² 還帶着
 an²-tsai⁴ 還在
 an²-yang⁴ 還陽
 an²-yu³-i¹-chien⁴ 還有一件
 an²-yüan² 還元
 an²-yüan⁴ 還願
 an²-chai⁴ 還債
 an² 玉環
 an²-chui⁴ 環墜
 an²-jao⁴ 環繞
 an²-pao⁴ 環抱
 an²-p'ei⁴ 環珮
 an² 髮
 an² 金鍍鍍

return of the spirit to earth after death.
 to talk back.
 to come again.
 passable, sufficient.
 to return a visit (hui² pai⁴).
 to leave or be turned out of the priesthood.
 to return blow for blow.
 and moreover, furthermore (ping⁴ ch'ieh³).
 still living.
 to go back to the light of the upper world,
 there is still another item.
 fully restored to health.
 to pay one's vow (fu⁴ yüan²).
 to pay one's debts (ch'ang² chai⁴).
 a ring, a circle; to encircle, to surround.
 ear-rings.
 to go round about, to encircle.
 to enfold, to embrace.
 an ornament worn by ladies.
 a female slave or servant (ya¹ huan²).
 ring, bracelet.

UAN³ 糸
 an³-chi³ 緩急
 an³-hsien⁴ 緩限
 an³-i¹-t'ien¹ 緩一天
 an³-man⁴ 緩慢
 an³-ping¹-chih¹-chi⁴ 緩兵之計
 an³-pu⁴-tang¹-ch'ê¹ 緩步當車

slow, dilatory, careless; to delay, to postpone.
 slow and quick.
 to extend a limit of time.
 to postpone for a day.
 slow (ch'ih² man⁴).
 the trick of delaying the enemy's troops.
 an easy pace is as good as a carriage.

UAN⁴ 手才
 an⁴-chi⁴ 換
 an⁴-ch'ien² 換季
 an⁴-hsin¹-ti¹ 換錢
 an⁴-huo⁴ 換新的
 an⁴-i¹-fu² 換貨
 an⁴-i¹-shang¹ 換衣服
 an⁴-i⁴ 換衣裳
 an⁴-liao³-pa⁴ 換易
 an⁴-pan¹ 換了罷
 an⁴-p'iao⁴ 換班
 an⁴-pu⁴-hui²-lai³ 換票
 an⁴-shang⁴ 換不回來
 換上

to shift, to remove, to exchange. [for each.
 to change the seasons, i. e., the official dress
 to change money.
 to exchange new for old.
 to exchange, to barter.
 to change the clothes.
 same.
 to exchange, to barter.
 change it!
 to relieve guard.
 to change notes.
 cannot be restored.
 to change (as clothes, etc.).

huan⁴-t'ieh¹ 換帖
 huan⁴-ting³-tai⁴ 換頂戴
 huan⁴-yin²-tzi³ 換銀子
 huan⁴ 口 喚 518a24Sc
 huan⁴-hsing³-mi²-t'u² 喚醒迷途
 huan⁴-jên² 喚人
 huan⁴-kou³ 喚狗
 huan⁴-t'a¹-lai² 喚他來
 huan⁴-t'on² 喚頭
 huan⁴-yii³ 喚雨
 huan⁴ ㄞ 僱 宜 518c24Sa
 huan⁴-chia¹ 宜家
 huan⁴-hai³ 宜海
 huan⁴-kuan¹ 宜官
 huan⁴-mên² 宜門
 huan⁴-mên²-kung¹-tzi³ 宜門公子
 huan⁴-nang² 宜囊
 huan⁴-t'u² 宜途
 huan⁴ 心 患 519b248a
 huan⁴-ch'u⁴ 患處
 huan⁴-nan⁴ 患難
 huan⁴-ping⁴ 患病
 huan⁴ 火 煥 518c249a
 huan⁴-jan²-chan⁴-hsin¹ 煥然湛新
 huan⁴-jan²-i¹-hsin¹ 煥然一新
 huan⁴ 么 幻 519a248b
 huan⁴-shu⁴ 幻術
 huan⁴-yao¹ 幻妖
 huan⁴ 疒 癱 518c248b
 huan⁴-ping⁴ 癱病

HUANG¹ 艸 廿 荒 519c250a
 huang¹-ch'ang² 荒場
 huang¹-ch'i⁴ 荒棄
 huang¹-chiao¹ 荒郊
 huang¹-chiao¹-yeh³-wai⁴ 荒郊野外
 huang¹-han⁴ 荒旱
 huang¹-k'ung¹ 荒空
 huang¹-luan⁴ 荒亂
 huang¹-nien² 荒年
 huang¹-su¹ 荒蕪
 huang¹-t'ang² [yen² 荒唐
 huang¹-t'ang²-chih¹ 荒唐之言

to change a note; sworn brothers (mêng² hsing²)
 to change one's button, i. e., be promoted. [ti⁴)
 to change mouey (tui⁴ huan⁴).
 to call, to bid; to name.
 to awaken the erring (chia⁴ hsing³).
 to call to a person to come.
 to call a dog.
 call him here, call him!
 a sign (a barber's) for making a sound with.
 to call for rain, as witches, etc.
 a government servant; an officer; a eunuch.
 an official family (kuan¹ huan¹ chia¹).
 official career.
 a government officer; a eunuch.
 an official family.
 sons of officials (shao³ yeh²).
 "a mandarin purse," official perquisites.
 official career.
 evil, fault, calamity, misfortune, grief.
 misfortunes, calamities (tsai¹ uan²).
 difficulties, misfortunes.
 to be afflicted with disease (fan³ ping⁴, hai⁴ ping⁴)
 blaze, flame; bright, light.
 resplendently new.
 same.
 artifice, sleight of hand; magical arts.
 magical arts (hsieh² shu⁴).
 sleight of hand; magic.
 palsy, paralysis on the right side.
 same (pan⁴ shên¹ pu⁴ sui²).

wild, barren; a wilderness; drought (yeh³).
 a deserted yard.
 to set aside.
 a wilderness (k'uang⁴ yeh³).
 the desert.
 drought and famine.
 empty, waste.
 wild disorder.
 a year of dearth (chien⁴ nien²).
 to neglect, to disuse.
 wide, unlimited; to exaggerate; lies.
 exaggerated language; lies (tan⁴ wang⁴).

uang ¹ -ti ⁴	荒地	barren ground.
uang ¹ -ts'ao ³	荒草	jungle, wilderness.
uang ¹ -ts'z'n ¹	荒村	country villages.
uang ¹	心 个 慌	520b253c confused, hurried, fluttered, agitated.
uang ¹ -chang ¹	慌張	hurried, hurried.
uang ¹ -hu ⁴	慌惚	vague, uncertain, fluttered, unsettled.
uang ¹ -huang ¹ -pu ⁴ -ting ⁴	慌慌不定	unsettled, uncertain.
uang ¹ -luan ⁴	慌亂	confused, agitated, fluttered.
uang ¹ -mang ²	慌忙	agitated, hurried, fluttered.
uang ¹ -shou ³ -mao ⁴ -chio ³	慌手冒脚	headlong haste (mao ⁴ shih ¹),
uang ¹ -su ¹	慌疎	agitated.
uang ¹ -su ²	慌速	hasty, hurried.
uang ¹	走 辶 遑	521b251a unoccupied (hsien ² k'ung ⁴).
uang ¹	肉 盲	519c250b vitals, also read <i>man</i> ² .
UANG ²	白 皇	520b250b Imperial, august, majestic.
uang ² -ch'ao ²	皇朝	the present dynasty.
uang ² -ch'êng ²	皇城	the Imperial City (tzü ³ chin ⁴ ch'êng ²).
uang ² -ch'in ¹ -kuo ² -chiu ⁴	皇親國舅	Emperor's relatives by marriage.
uang ² -ch'ing ¹	皇清	the present dynasty.
uang ² -ên ¹ -huo ¹ -tung ⁴	皇恩浩蕩	the Emperor's grace is boundless.
uang ² -ên ¹ -ta ⁴ -shê ⁴	皇恩大赦	a general Imperial amnesty.
uang ² -hou ⁴	皇后	the empress. G. 2.
uang ² -hua ¹ -kuan ³	皇華館	an Imperial Rest-House for ambassadors.
uang ² -jên ²	皇仁	imperial benevolence.
uang ² -kung ¹	皇宮	the imperial palace.
uang ² -li ⁴	皇曆	almanac (shih ² hsien ⁴ shu ¹).
uang ² -ling ²	皇陵	the imperial burial-place.
uang ² -ling ²	皇靈	imperial coffin (containing corpse).
uang ² -shang ⁴	皇上	the emperor of China. G. 1 (t'ien ¹ tzü ³).
uang ² -t'ai ⁴ -hou ⁴	皇太后	the empress, the empress mother. G. 3.
uang ² -t'ai ⁴ -tzü ³	皇太子	the heir apparent. G. 10.
uang ² -ti ⁴	皇帝	the emperor. G. 1.
uang ² -t'ien ¹	皇天	imperial heaven, Heaven.
uang ² -t'ien ¹ -hou ⁴ -ti ⁴	皇天后帝	Great Heaven and Sovereign Earth.
uang ² -t'ing ²	皇庭	the imperial palace (ch'ao ² t'ing ²).
uang ² -tsu ²	皇族	the imperial kindred.
uang ²	黄 黄	521c252a yellow (201st radical).
uang ² -ch'í ²	黄旗	the yellow banner; the Danish flag.
uang ² -chiang ¹	黄韁	a yellow bridle.
uang ² -chiang ¹	黄薑	turmeric.
uang ² -hiang ¹ -fên ³	黄薑粉	curry powder.
uang ² -ch'ien ² -chih ³	黄錢紙	yellow paper money (used at the new year).

huang ² -chin ¹	黃金	“yellow metal,” gold.
huang ² -chin ¹ -wan ⁴ -liang ⁴	黃金萬兩	10,000 ounces of gold.
huang ² -chin ¹ -yin ⁴	黃金印	a gold seal.
huang ² -chin ¹ -tsei ²	黃巾賊	yellow cap rebels (A. D. 184).
huang ² -chin ¹ -t'so ⁴ -lūan ⁴	黃巾作亂	same.
huang ² -ch'in ²	黃芩	a sort of medicine.
huang ² -chiu ³	黃酒	yellow wine.
huang ² -chiu ³ -hua ¹	黃菊花	yellow asters.
huang ² -ch'üan ²	黃泉	hades, the grave (chiu ³ ch'üan ²).
huang ² -ch'üan ² -lu ⁴	黃泉路	same (yin ¹ chien ¹).
huang ² -chung ³	黃腫	jaundice.
huang ² -ch'ung ²	黃虫	the locust (ma ³ cha ³).
huang ² -fêng ¹	黃風	a yellow wind or dust-storm.
huang ² -fêng ¹	黃蜂	the wasp.
huang ² -fêng ¹ -fang ²	黃蜂房	a wasp's nest.
huang ² -fêng ¹ -wo ¹	黃蜂窩	same.
huang ² -ho ²	黃河	the Yellow River, W. I. 18.
huang ² -hsiang ¹	黃香	resin.
huang ² -hua ¹ -nü ³	黃花女	a virgin.
huang ² -hua ¹ -ts'ao ³	黃花草	a kind of yellow flag.
huang ² -hui ¹ -sê ¹	黃灰色	a dark drab colour.
huang ² -hun ¹	黃昏	twilight.
huang ² -i ¹ -sêng ¹	黃衣僧	priests with Imperial (yellow) dress.
huang ² -k'ou ³ -ju ⁴ -tzü ³	黃口孺子	a child under 4 years.
huang ² -kua ¹	黃瓜	the cucumber.
huang ² -la ⁴	黃臘	yellow beeswax.
huang ² -lien ²	黃蓮	gentian, wormwood.
huang ² -lung ² -lung ² -ti ¹	黃臙臙的	pale yellow.
huang ² -ma ³ -kua ⁴	黃馬褂	Yellow Riding Jacket, given by Emperor. [458]
huang ² -mên ⁴ -chi ¹	黃悶雞	chicken cooked in a certain way.
huang ² -mên ⁴ -yü ²	黃悶魚	fish cooked in a certain way.
huang ² -nên ⁴ -nên ⁴ -ti ¹	黃嫩嫩的	pale yellow.
huang ² -ni ²	黃泥	clay, earth.
huang ² -pai ³	黃柏	yellow cedar.
huang ² -p'ei ² -kua ¹ -shou ⁴	黃皮刮瘦	yellow and thin (hei ¹ kau ¹ k'u ¹ shou ⁴).
huang ² -piao ³	黃表	yellow paper, for burning to the gods.
huang ² -sha ¹	黃沙	yellow sand.
huang ² -shêng ¹ -shêng ¹	黃生生的	light yellow, a yellow tinge. [family]
huang ² -tai ⁴ -tzü ³	黃帶子	“yellow girdles,” members of the imperial
huang ² -tan ¹	黃丹	yellow lead.
huang ² -tan ⁴	黃疸	jaundice, rust on wheat.
huang ² -t'an ²	黃檀	yellow sandalwood.
huang ² -tao ⁴	黃道	zodiac, ecliptic (ch'ih ⁴ tao ⁴).

uang ² -tao ⁴ -jih ⁴	黃道日	a propitious day for anything (chi ² jih ⁴).
uang ² -ti ⁴	黃帝	the Yellow Emperor (2698 B. C.).
uang ² -ts'ê ⁴	黃冊	the imperial register; record of age.
uang ² -t'u ³	黃土	yellow earth, loam, clay.
uang ² -t'ung ²	黃銅	brass.
uang ² -ya ² -ts'ai ⁴	黃芽菜	cabbage.
uang ² -yang ² -mu ⁴	黃楊木	a sort of wood.
uang ² -yu ²	黃油	butter (uai ³ yu ²).
uang ² 心 忪	惶 ^{521a251a}	fear, apprehension, terror (fa ¹ huang ³).
uang ² -jao ³	惶擾	perturbation, fear and disturbance.
uang ² -k'uei ⁴	惶愧	fear, dread.
uang ² -k'ung ³	惶恐	fearful, apprehensive, perturbed, anxious.
uang ² -po ⁴	惶迫	alarmed and distressed, perturbed.
uang ² 虫	蝗 ^{521b251c}	the locust (ma ³ cha ³).
uang ² -cha ³	蝗蚱	same.
uang ² -ch'ung ²	蝗虫	same.
uang ² 火	煌 ^{521b251b}	blaze, flame; bright, dazzling, splendid.
uang ² -kuang ¹	煌光	bright, dazzling.
uang ² 魚 鱈	鱈 ^{521c251b}	the sturgeon.
uang ² -lin ² -yü ²	鱈鱗魚	same.
uang ² 疒	癘 ^{523b252c}	the yellow jaundice.
uang ² 几	凰 ^{521a251a}	the female of the phoenix (fêng ⁴ huang ²).
uang ² 石	磺 ^{523b253a}	brimstone (liu ² huang ²).
uang ² 竹	簧 ^{523b252b}	reed, spring, catch, wards of lock.
uang ²	殼 ^{523c252}	yolk of an egg.
UANG ³ 言	謊 ^{520b253c}	falsehood, lies; the asking price.
uang ³ -cha ⁴	謊詐	false, double tongued.
uang ³ -hua ⁴	謊話	falsehood; to tell lies.
uang ³ -p'ien ⁴	謊騙	to deceive by falsehood (ch'ê ³ huang ³).
uang ³ -yen ²	謊言	lies, falsehood (hsia ⁴ hua ⁴).
uang ³ 心 忪	恍 ^{523c253b}	wild, mad, flustered.
uang ³ -lu ¹	恍惚	confused, blurred.
uang ³ -jan ² -ta ⁴ -wu ⁴	恍然大悟	the meaning flashed upon him.
uang ³	悵 ^{524a253c}	uncertain, unsettled.
uang ³ -huang ³ -êrh ²	悵悵兒	at times.
uang ³ -huang ³ -tang ⁴ -tang ⁴	悵悵蕩蕩	jolting and shaking.
uang ³ -t'ing ² -huang ³	悵疼悵好	intermittent pain.
uang ³ 巾 [hao ³ 才]	幌 ^{524a253a}	a curtain, a screen; a sign.
uang ³ -tzü ³	幌子	a sign (of a house, etc.) (chao ¹ p'ai ²).
uang ³ -wei ²	幌帷	curtains.
uang ³ 火	煒 ^{524a254c}	to shine, to dazzle; shining, dazzling; to flash.
uang ³ -ming ²	煒明	bright dazzling.

huang³-yen³

焯眼

to dazzle the eyes (yao⁴ yen³).

HUI¹

手 揮^{524c260b}

to point out, to direct; to wipe, to scatter, to throw away.

hui¹-ch'ei⁴

揮棄

to scatter money like dirt.

hui¹-hin¹-ju²-t'u³

揮金如土

to write quickly; to commence writing.

hui¹-hao²

揮毫

to wipe away tears (ts'a¹ lei⁴).

hui¹-lei⁴

揮淚

to write quickly; to commence writing.

hui¹-ju³

揮筆

to sprinkle; to let fall tears; to write quick

hui¹-sa³

揮洒

to scatter, to disperse, to dismiss.

hui¹-san⁴

揮散

to direct.

hui¹-shou³

揮手

ashes, dust; lime; lavender or slate color (sh[ui] laid in lime (a wall).

hui¹

火 灰^{525a260a}

ashes and dust (fou² ch'ên²).

hui¹-ch'ên²

灰塵

embers; to give up as hopeless.

hui¹.ch'i¹-ti¹

灰砌的

a marking line (black) (mo⁴ tou³ tzü³).

hui¹-chin⁴

灰燼

to despair, despair.

hui¹-hsien⁴

灰線

in despair.

hui¹-hsin¹

灰心

ash color, drab.

hui¹-hsin¹-shih¹-chih⁴

灰心失志

the grey squirrel.

hui¹-sê⁴

灰色

grey squirrel skins.

hui¹-shu³

灰鼠

a bricklayer's hod (a kind of bag).

hui¹-shu³-p'i²

灰鼠皮

a box for keeping a marking line in.

hui¹-tou¹

灰兜

a dirty face.

hui¹-tou³-t'ü³

灰斗子

ashes and dirt, dirt.

hui¹-t'ou²-t'u³-lien³

灰頭土臉

urgent, important; to understand.

hui¹-t'u³

灰土

a town in Anhui province.

hui¹

彳 徽^{525c261a}

ink from Anhui (famous).

hui¹-chou¹

徽州

the Anhui style of singing at theatres.

hui¹-mei⁴

徽墨

brightness, splendour, dazzling.

hui¹-pan¹

徽班

bright, dazzling (ts'an⁴ lan⁴).

hui¹

車 輝^{525a260b}

bright, light, splendid, gay.

hui¹-huang²

輝煌

a colour or standard; to signalise; an umbrella

hui¹-kuang¹

輝光

beneath the banner, soldiers under a general; [genera

hui¹

麻 麾^{526a261a}

to return; to turn round; a chapter; a time

hui¹-hsia⁴

麾下

to return home (huan² chia¹).

HUI²

口 回 回^{526a261b}

to go back.

hui²-chia¹

回家

to turn round; to return.

hui²-ching⁴

回敬

to return home.

hui²-ch'ü⁴

回去

to return; to reply to,

hui²-chuan³

回轉

a Mohammedan (k'o² chiao⁴).

hui²-fu³

回府

hui²-fu⁴

回復

hui²-hui²

回回

² .hui ² -chiao ⁴	回回教	the Mohammedan religion.
² .hui ² -jung ²	回回絨	fustians.
² .hsi ¹	回西	to die. (Buddhist term.)
² .hsiang ³	回想	to reflect, to recollect, to recall.
² .hsin ¹	回心	to repent, to reform (hui ³ kai ³).
² .hsin ¹ -chuan ³ -i ⁴	回心轉意	to think better of, to repent.
² .hsin ⁴	回信	reply to a letter.
² .hua ⁴	回話	an answer brought by an inferior.
² .huan ⁴	回換	to exchange, to send back.
² .i ⁴	回憶	to recollect; to reflect.
² .jung ²	回絨	fustians.
² .kuang ¹ -fan ³ -chao ⁴	回光返照	the sun's rays thrown back, e. g., at setting.
² .kwo ²	回國	to return to one's kingdom (home).
² .lai ²	回來	to return, to come back; come back!
² .lai ² -tsai ¹ -shuo ¹	回來再說	we will talk of that by and by.
² .li ³	回禮	to return a salute; a return present.
² .lu ⁴	回祿	a sort of fire demon, the god of fire (huo ³ shên ²).
² .lun ²	回輪	to reverse the engines.
² .mao ²	回毛	curly hair (chiän ³ mao ²).
² .pai ⁴	回拜	to return a visit (ta ¹ pai ⁴ , huan ² pai ⁴).
² .pao ⁴	回報	an answer, a reply.
² .p'ien ⁴ -t'ü ³	回片子	a card in acknowledgment.
² .ping ³	回稟	an answer, a reply.
² .shu ¹	回書	to reply to a letter.
² .ssü ¹	回思	to reflect, to reconsider, to revolve in the mind.
² .ta ²	回答	to reply, to answer; a reply.
² .tang ⁴	回當	to redeem a pledged article.
² .t'ou ² -hou ⁴ -ku ⁴	回頭後顧	to look back; to repent.
² .t'ou ² -shih ¹ -an ⁴	回頭是岸	repent and salvation is at hand.
² .tsui ³	回嘴	to answer back, to retort.
² .t'ü ³	回子	a Mohammedan (abusive).
² .wên ²	回文	a despatch in reply.
²	迴 ㄉㄨㄟ ㄩㄟ	to turn round, to return.
² .hsieh ³ -kuan ³	迴血管	veins (ching ¹ mo ⁴).
² .huan ²	迴環	to revolve, to go round.
² .lu ⁴	迴路	a way of escape, a means of retreat.
² .p'ü ³	迴避	to retire, to withdraw, to avoid.
²	茴 ㄉㄨㄟ ㄩㄟ	fennel, aniseed.
² .hsiang ¹	茴香	same.
²	虫 ㄉㄨㄟ ㄩㄟ	a venomous serpent.
² .shé ²	虺蛇	a certain venomous snake.
²	心 小 悔 ㄉㄨㄟ ㄩㄟ	to regret, to repent; repentance (ao ⁴ hui ³).

hui³-hên⁴ 悔恨
 hui³ kai³ 悔改
 hui³-kai³-ch'ien²-fei¹ 悔改前非
 hui³-kuo⁴ 悔過
 hui³-lai⁴ 悔賴
 hui³-lin⁴ 悔吝
 hui³-tsui⁴ 悔罪
 hui³-tsui⁴-kai³-kuo⁴ 悔罪改過
 hui³ 毀 530a262c
 hui³-ch'í⁴ 毀棄
 hui³ huai⁴ 毀壞
 hui³-mieh⁴ 毀滅
 hui³-shang¹ 毀傷
 hui³ 言 誣 毀 530a262c
 hui³-pang⁴-shêng⁴-hsien² 毀謗聖賢
 hui³ 火 燬 530a262c
 hui³-fên² 燬焚

to repent, to be sorry, to be vexed with one's self.
 to repent, to reform (hou⁴ hui³).
 repent of former sins.
 to repent a fault.
 to repudiate.
 sorrow, grief, distress; regret, remorse.
 to repent of sin.
 repent and reform.
 to break, to ruin, to destroy; to slander.
 to destroy and cast away.
 to destroy.
 to exterminate utterly.
 to wound, to injure, to hurt.
 to defame, vilify.
 slandering the sages and worthies (shan⁴ pang⁴).
 to burn, to set fire to.
 same (fêng² shao¹).

HUI⁴ 日 會 528b264b
 hui⁴ chang³ 會長
 hui⁴-chê³-pu⁴-nan² 會者不難
 hui⁴-chêng⁴ 會正
 hui⁴-chi² 會集
 hui⁴-ch'í¹ 會期
 hui⁴-chien⁴ 會見
 hui⁴-chin⁴-shih⁴ 會進士
 hui⁴-chu³ 會主
 hui⁴-fei³ 會匪
 hui⁴-ho² 會合
 hui⁴-hsien² 會銜
 hui⁴-huo⁴-tí¹ 會貨的
 hui⁴-í⁴ 會議
 hui⁴-k'ó⁴ 會意
 hui⁴-kuan³ 會客
 hui⁴-kuo⁴ 會館
 hui⁴-kuo⁴-jih⁴-tzi³ 會過日子
 hui⁴-mien⁴ 會面
 hui⁴-mo⁴ 會末
 hui⁴-pin¹-k'ó⁴ 會賓客
 hui⁴-ping³ 會稟
 hui⁴-pu⁴ 會簿
 hui⁴-pu⁴-hui⁴ 會不

to unite, to assemble; an association, a club.
 head of a society; priest.
 not hard, if you know how.
 the president, or chairman.
 to assemble.
 time of meeting.
 to have seen or met; to meet.
 to pass for chin⁴ shih⁴.
 president of a society.
 a band of robbers.
 to assemble together.
 to write titles, as in joint memorial.
 a commercial.
 to meet for deliberation.
 to understand the meaning of.
 to receive visitors.
 a club-house, a club, a guild.
 seen, met.
 able to economise.
 to visit, to meet (chien⁴ mien⁴).
 the humblest member of the society (self-depre
 to meet with guests.
 a joint petition.
 the account book of a club.
 are you able to? can you? (of acquired ability)

[ciatory]

ui ⁴ -shao ¹	會哨	a council of officials.
ui ⁴ -shên ³	會審	to assemble and investigate.
ui ⁴ -shên ³ -ya ² -mên ²	會審衙門	the Mixed Court at Shanghai.
ui ⁴ -shih ⁴	會試	the Peking general examination of <i>chu-jên</i> ; to
ui ⁴ -shou ³	會首	president of a society. [pass as <i>chin-shih</i> . M, 502.
ui ⁴ -shui ³	會水	to swim (<i>fou² shui³</i>).
ui ⁴ -shuo ¹	會說	able to speak.
ui ⁴ -tan ²	會單	a money order, a cheque, a bill of exchange.
ui ⁴ -t'ang ²	會堂	a meeting-house.
ui ⁴ -tien ³	會典	the institutes of the empire.
ui ⁴ -tso ⁴	會做	able to do or make.
ui ⁴ -tsou ⁴	會奏	a joint memorial to the Throne.
ui ⁴ -t'ung ³	會同	to assemble together; united with.
ui ⁴ -t'ũ ³	會子	a little while.
ui ⁴ -yu ³	會友	a member of a society.
ui ⁴ -yüan ²	會元	chief of the <i>chin¹-shih⁴</i> .
ui ⁴ 匯 仁 俗	匯 529b263b	whirling waters; a bill of exchange.
ui ⁴ -p'iao ⁴	匯票	a bill of exchange.
ui ⁴ -p'iao ⁴ -chuang ¹	匯票莊	an exchange bank.
ui ⁴ -shui ³	匯水	commission on bill of exchange.
ui ⁴ -ts'ai ⁴	匯菜	a certain way of cooking. M, 432.
ui ⁴ -tui ⁴ -chü ²	匯兌局	an exchange office.
ui ⁴ -tui ⁴ -chuang ¹	匯兌莊	an exchange bank.
ui ⁴ -tui ⁴ -fei ⁴	匯兌費	loss by exchange.
ui ⁴ 糸	繪 529b265b	to sketch or paint pictures; to embellish.
ui ⁴ -hsieh ³ -hsiao ³ -hsiang ⁴	繪寫小像	drawing small portraits.
ui ⁴ -hua ⁴	繪畫	to paint or draw a picture.
ui ⁴ -shih ⁴ -hou ¹ -su ⁴	繪事後素	{ (論語) the business of laying on the colors { follows the preparation of the plain ground.
ui ⁴ -su ⁴	繪塑	to paint; to sketch a likeness.
ui ⁴ 心	慧 529c265b	quick perception; intelligent, clever (<i>ts'ung¹</i> [<i>ming²</i>]).
ui ⁴ -hsing ⁴	慧性	intelligent disposition.
ui ⁴ -ming ²	慧明	clear perception (<i>chih⁴ hui⁴</i>).
ui ⁴ (wei)	禾 穢 1244b1056a	dirt, filth; dirty, filthy, indecent, lewd.
ui ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	穢氣	a nasty effluvia.
ui ⁴ -wu ⁴	穢污	filthy, dirty, indecent (<i>wu¹ hui⁴</i>).
ui ⁴ -wu ⁴	穢物	a filthy thing.
ui ⁴ 心	惠 530b264a	gracious, kind, obliging, liberal.
ui ⁴ -ai ⁴	惠愛	affectionate, loving (<i>êu¹ hui⁴</i>).
ui ⁴ -hsia ⁴	惠下	to treat inferiors kindly.
ui ⁴ -shan ⁴	惠順	to accord with; to treat kindly.
ui ⁴ 艸 卅	蕙 530b264b	a fragrant plant (a species of epidendrum).
ui ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	蕙香	the fragrance of the <i>hui</i> .

<i>hui⁴-hsiang¹-ts'ao³</i>		蕙香草	the epidendrum.
<i>hui⁴-lan²</i>		蕙蘭	orchid.
<i>hui⁴</i>	丩	彙彙	a collection ; a class or series ; to class.
<i>hui⁴-chi²</i>		彙集	a collection of books.
<i>hui⁴-mao²-tz'ü⁴</i>		彙毛刺	a kind of porcupine or hedgchog (tz'ü ⁴ wei ⁴).
<i>hui⁴</i>	貝	賄賄	a bribe ; to bribe ; riches, opulence.
<i>hui⁴-ho²</i>		賄和	to bribe persons to condone a case (mai ³ hui ⁴).
<i>hui⁴-lu⁴</i>		賄賂	to bribe, bribes, bribery (fêng ² k'ou ³ tz'ü ³).
<i>hui⁴-lu⁴-k'uan-chang³</i>		賄賂官長	to bribe officials.
<i>hui⁴</i>	十 艸	卉卉	a general term for grass, herbs, etc.
<i>hui⁴-ts'ao³</i>		卉草	same.
<i>hui⁴</i>	虫	蟪蟪	a kind of cricket or locust.
<i>hui⁴-ku¹</i>		蟪怙	same.
<i>hui⁴</i>	言	諱諱	to shun, to avoid ; to dread (pi ⁴ hui ⁴).
<i>hui⁴-ming²</i>	*	諱名	sacred name ; name given after death.
<i>hui⁴</i>	日	晦晦	the last day of the moon, unlucky.
<i>hui⁴-ch'i⁴</i>		晦氣	bad luck (yün ² ch'i ⁴).
<i>hui⁴</i>	言	誨誨	to teach, to admonish.
<i>hui⁴-jên²-pu⁴-chuan⁴</i>		誨人不倦	to teach without wearying (Confucius).
<i>hui⁴</i>	丩	彗彗	a broom, a besom (t'iao ² chou ³).
<i>hui⁴-hsing¹</i>		彗星	a comet (sao ⁴ chou ³ hsing ¹).

HUN¹	日	昏昏	twilight, dusk, obscure, dull, gloomy, dim.
<i>hun¹-an⁴</i>		昏暗	dark, cloudy, dusk, obscure.
<i>hun¹-chün¹</i>		昏君	a tyrant (ming ² chün ¹).
<i>hun¹-hua¹</i>		昏花	specks flitting before the eyes.
<i>hun¹-hun¹-ch'ên²-ch'ên²</i>		昏昏沉沉	thick, misty.
<i>hun¹-kuo³-ch'ü⁴</i>		昏過去	to faint (fa ¹ hun ¹).
<i>hun¹-luan⁴</i>		昏亂	confused, stupid.
<i>hun¹-mi²</i>		昏迷	in a fit ; infatuated, etc.
<i>hun¹-nao³</i>		昏聩	dull-brains (abusive).
<i>hun¹-t'ng⁴-ch'ên² shêng³</i>		昏定晨省	night and morning ask for parent's health.
<i>hun¹-t'ou²</i>		昏頭	dull-pate (abusive).
<i>hun¹-yeh⁴</i>		昏夜	night (huang ² hun ¹).
<i>hun¹-yün⁴</i>		昏暈	to faint (hun ¹ kuo ³ ch'ü ⁴).
<i>hun¹</i>	女	婚婚	marriage ; a bridegroom.
<i>hun¹-chia¹</i>		婚家	the bridegroom's family.
<i>hun¹-chia⁴</i>		婚嫁	to marry a man (p'in ⁴ chia ⁴).
<i>hun¹-ch'in¹</i>		婚親	relations by marriage (the wife's family).
<i>hun¹-ch'ü³</i>		婚娶	to marry a woman.
<i>hun¹-li³</i>		婚禮	marriage ceremonies.
<i>hun¹-p'ei⁴</i>	十	婚配	to mate, to marry as slaves (chu ³ -hun ¹ also used)
<i>hun¹-shu¹</i>		婚書	a marriage contract.

un ¹ -yin ⁴	婚姻	bridegroom and bride.
un ¹ -yin ¹ -chih ¹ -li ³	婚姻之禮	the nuptial rites.
un ¹	餽 廿	meat diet; strong savoured food.
un ¹ -hsing ¹	葷腥	fish or meat diet.
un ¹ -su ⁴	葷素	meat diet, and vegetable diet (ch ⁴ ih ¹ huu ¹).
un ¹ -ts'ai ⁴	葷菜	meat diet; strong savoured food.
un ¹	心中惛	confused ideas; forgetfulness.
un ¹ -mi ²	惛迷	same.
un ¹ -mi ² -pu ⁴ -hsing ³	惛迷不醒	abject state of mental confusion.
un ¹	目 瞢	dull eyes or mind.
un ¹ -an ⁴	瞢暗	dull and dark.
un ¹ -hei ¹	瞢黑	dark.
[UN ²	鬼 魂	shade, manes, spirit, ghost or soul.
un ² -fei ¹ -ti'en ¹ -wai ¹	魂飛天外	a trance.
un ² -ling ²	魂靈	soul or spirit (ling ² hun ²).
un ² -mao ⁴	魂冒	frightened, panic struck.
un ² -p'ü ⁴	魂魄	the soul's two divisions.
un ² -pu ⁴ -jü ⁴ -t'ü ³	魂不附體	soul and body parted, <i>e. g.</i> , with fear.
un ² -yü ² -hsiang ¹ -wa ⁴	魂遊象外	in a trance (hun ¹ mi ²).
un ²	食 餛	fritters, flat round cakes of pork.
un ² -t'un ²	餛飩	same.
[UN ⁴	水 混	muddy, polluted; mingled; the whole of. M. 228.
un ⁴ -cho ²	渾濁	muddy, polluted (wu ¹ hui ⁴).
un ⁴ -hou ⁴	渾厚	generous, liberal.
un ² -jan ² -t'ien ¹ -li ³	渾然天理	the all-embracing laws of Heaven.
un ⁴ -lün ² -cho ²	渾圖著	in the lump, by the lot, wholesale (hu ¹ lun ²).
un ⁴ -ming ²	渾名	a nickname.
un ⁴ -shang ⁴	渾上	complete, whole, entire.
un ⁴ -shên ¹	渾身	the whole body.
un ⁴ -shên ¹ -shang ⁴ -hsia ⁴	渾身上下	the whole body (chou ¹ shên ¹ , pien ⁴ shên ¹).
un ² -t'ien ¹ -ch'iu ²	渾天球	a celestial globe.
un ⁴ -tsa ²	渾雜	mixed up or together (nan ² nü ³ hun ⁴ tsa ²).
un ⁴ -tun ⁴	渾沌	chaos, chaotic; in one mass, the whole. [idle life.
un ⁴	水 混	water mingled in confusion; muddy; dull; an
un ⁴ -chang ⁴ -t'ung ¹ -hsi ¹	混賬東西	a stupid disorderly thing (abusive).
un ⁴ -ch'ung ¹	混充	to deceive.
un ⁴ -fün ⁴ -ch'ih ¹	混飯吃	to live from hand to mouth.
un ⁴ -hsing ¹ -tzü ³	混星子	a loafer, a rowdy, a humbug.
un ⁴ -kuei ³	混鬼	a ruffian.
un ⁴ -liao ² -i ¹ -nien ²	混了一年	dragged out a year's time.
un ⁴ -luan ⁴	混亂	in great confusion, tumbled together.

<i>hun⁴-ming²</i>	混名	a nickname (wai ⁴ hao ⁴).
<i>hun⁴-nao⁴</i>	混鬧	clamour, confused uproar.
<i>hun⁴-p'ao³</i>	混跑	to run helter-skelter.
<i>hun⁴-p'ü⁴-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	混不下去	cannot get along.
<i>hun⁴-pu⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	混不過去	same.
<i>hun⁴-sha¹</i>	混殺	to kill indiscriminately.
<i>hun⁴-shih⁴</i>	混事	confused matters; work together.
<i>hun⁴-shih⁴-chieh⁴</i>	混世界	a disordered generation.
<i>hun⁴-shih⁴-mo²-wang²</i>	混世魔王	nickname of Ch'êng Yao Chin.
<i>hun⁴-shui³</i>	混水	muddy water (ch'ing ¹ shui ³).
<i>hun⁴-shui³-yii²</i>	混水魚	a fish of muddy waters.
<i>hun⁴-shuo¹</i>	混說	to talk at random (hu ² shuo ¹).
<i>hun⁴-tan⁴</i>	混蛋	a bad egg (huai ⁴ tan ⁴).
<i>hun⁴-t'ang²</i>	混堂	a public bath-house (hsi ³ tsao ³ t'ang ²).
<i>hun⁴-t'ou²</i>	混頭	time for shifting along.
<i>hun⁴-tsa²</i>	混雜	to mix; mixed, blended.
<i>hun⁴-tun⁴</i>	混沌	chaos, chaotic.
HUNG¹	火 紅	to dry by a fire (pei ⁴ kan ¹).
<i>hung¹-huo³</i>	烘火	a flame, to dry.
<i>hung¹-k'ao³</i>	烘烤	to warm.
<i>hung¹-lu²-tzü³</i>	烘爐子	a portable stove.
<i>hung¹-ping³</i>	烘餅	name of a cake.
<i>hung¹-wu¹-tzü³</i>	烘屋子	to warm the room.
<i>hung¹</i>	車 轟	539a234a
<i>hung¹-chi¹</i>	轟擊	to roar, rattle, rumbling, to drive off.
<i>hung¹-hung¹-lieh⁴-lieh⁴</i>	轟轟烈烈	to peal, to bombard.
<i>hung¹-lei²</i>	轟雷	the din and rush of great display; imposing.
<i>hung¹-ssü³</i>	轟死	the roar of thunder.
<i>hung¹-t'a²-liao³-ch'êng²</i>	轟塌了城	to blow up.
		blew up the city wall.
HUNG²	糸 紅	537a235b
<i>hung²-ch'a²</i>	紅茶	red.
<i>hung²-ch'ên²</i>	紅塵	black tea.
<i>hung²-ch'ü²-pao⁴-chieh²</i>	紅旗報捷	"the world," as defiling.
<i>hung²-ch'ih⁴-ch'ih⁴-ü¹</i>	紅赤赤的	the red flag announces victory.
<i>hung²-chuan¹</i>	紅靛	red as red can be (hung ² tiu ¹ tiu ¹).
<i>hung²-fan²</i>	紅礬	red brick; figurative sense unfavorable.
<i>hung²-fên³-chia¹-jên²</i>	紅粉佳人	arsenic (hsiu ⁴ shih ²).
<i>hung²-hsin¹</i>	紅心	a handsome girl with powdered face.
<i>hung²-hua¹</i>	紅花	the bull's-eye; hopeful.
<i>hung²-huang²-pu⁴-fên¹</i>	紅黃不分	red flowers, saffron.
<i>hung²-jih⁴</i>	紅日	a stupid person.
		a propitious day; sunrise.

ung²-jih¹-tung¹-shêng¹ 紅日東升
 ung²-k'ou³-pai²-ya² 紅口白牙
 ung²-lan² 紅藍
 ung²-liang² 紅糧
 ung²-liuo³-lien³ 紅了臉
 ung²-lia³-yen³-liao³ 紅了眼了
 ung²-lien³-fan⁴ 紅臉飯
 ung²-lien³-han⁴ 紅臉漢
 ung²-lo²-po³ 紅蘿葡
 ung²-mwo² 紅毛
 ung²-mu⁴ 紅木
 ung²-pai² 紅白
 ung²-p'ui² 紅牌
 ung²-pa³-shih² 紅寶石
 ung²-p'ui⁴-p'ui⁴-ti¹ 紅舖的
 ung²-sê⁴ 紅色
 ung²-shih⁴ 紅事
 ung²-shu³ 紅薯
 ung²-lai⁴-tzu³ 紅帶子
 ung²-ian¹ 紅丹
 ung²-tan¹ 紅單
 ung²-t'ang² 紅糖
 ung²-ting³ 紅頂
 ung²-tiu¹-tiu¹-ti¹ 紅丟丟的
 ung²-tsao³ 紅棗
 ung²-t'u³ 紅土
 ung²-tzu³ 紅紫
 ung²-yen⁰-po²-ming⁴ 紅顏薄命
 ung²-ying¹ 紅纓
 ung²-yu⁴ 紅諭
 ung² 鳥 鴻 536c236a
 ung²-ên¹ 鴻恩
 ung²-hao² 鴻鶴
 ung²-hsi³ 鴻禧
 ung²-pien⁴ 鴻便
 ung²-yen⁴ 鴻雁
 ung²-yen⁴-ch'uan¹-shu⁴ 鴻雁傳書
 ung² 宏 538a237b
 ung²-ên¹ 宏恩
 ung²-tai⁴ 宏大
 ung² 水 彳 洪 535c236a
 ung²-ên¹ 洪恩
 ung²-fu² 洪福

the red sun ascends in the east.
 fine-looking.
 a kind of purple.
 millet.
 blushed (mien³ t'ien³).
 eyes red with anger or covetousness,
 hard labor.
 a red-faced fellow.
 radishes, carrots.
 red hair (a nickname given to foreigners).
 red wood.
 red and white, pink; good and bad, etc.
 a port clearanee.
 the ruby.
 rosy.
 red, vermilion.
 a wedding (pai² shih⁴). *pai¹ shih = funeral*
 the sweet potatoe (ti⁴ kwa¹).
 badge of collateral branches of Imperial family.
 red lead.
 a port clearanee (modern name).
 brown sugar (ch'ih⁴ t'ang²).
 a red 'button'.
 blood red.
 red dates.
 red clay.
 light and dark red, a reddish brown.
 beautiful women are often short lived.
 red tassel on official caps. [post.
 the advance orders of an official proceeding to
 a large kind of wild goose; a stork; great, vast.
 great favor.
 the stork; the wild goose.
 great prosperity, happiness, etc.
 convenient opportunity for sending a letter.
 the wild goose.
 a wild goose carries a letter.
 great, vast, wide, extensive (k'uan¹ hang²).
 great kindness or favours.
 same (ên¹ chuug⁴ ju² shau¹).
 a torrent; an inundation; great, vast, extensive.
 great favour.
 great happiness.

hung².shui³ 洪水
hung² 黃 齋 555b236b
hung².hsiao² 齋 學
hung².mên².hsiu¹.ts'ai³ 齋 門 秀才

the flood, a flood.
 a Confucian temple (shêng⁴ miao⁴).
 same.
 a B.A.

HUNG³ 言 (誑 555b238
hung³ 口 (哄 555b238a
hung³.ch'u¹.ch'ü³ 哄 出 去
hung³.hai².tzu³ 哄 孩 子
hung³.lung¹.ch'ü² 哄 弄 局
hung³.p'ien¹ 哄 騙
hung³.t'ai¹.lai² 哄 他 來
hung³.t'ang² 哄 堂
hung³.tsung³.t'ai¹ 哄 懲 他
hung³.yu⁴ 哄 誘
hung³ 水 汞 555c238a

to cheat, to deceive, to beguile, to persuade.
 same.
 to coax or drive out.
 to coax a child.
 a den of rascals.
 to cheat, to beguile (mi² huo⁴).
 humbug him into coming.
 when all the runners refuse duty.
 to deceive him into doing it.
 to induce, to beguile.
 quicksilver, mercury, cinnabar.

HUNG⁴ 鬥 鬪 536a238b
hung⁴.jang³ 鬪 嚷
hung⁴.k'ai¹.kou³ 鬪 開 狗
hung⁴ 鬪 536a238b

to squabble, to quarrel ; to excite, to fight.
 uproar, clamour.
 to drive away the dog.
 a street or lane.

HUO¹ 刀 剗 539c257b
huo¹.ch'u¹.ch'ü⁴.liao³ 剗 出 去 了
huo¹.shang⁴ 剗 上
huo¹.shang⁴.ming⁴ 剗 上 命
huo¹.tsui³ 剗 嘴
huo¹.tzu³ 剗 子
huo¹ 谷 豁 541a258b
huo¹.chiek³ 豁 解
huo¹.la³.i-shêng¹ 豁 喇 一 聲
huo¹.mien³ 豁 免
huo¹.ta² 豁 達
huo¹ 禾 穫 540a257b

to cut, to reap.
 abandoned, cut his acquaintance.
 to risk, to sacrifice (ch'u¹ shang⁴).
 risk life.
 a hare-lip.
 a sort of plough, a man with hare-lip.
 enlarged, liberal ; to open, to expand.
 to explain.
 a crashing sound.
 to generously pardon (shê⁴ mien³).
 thorough magnanimity ; energy.
 to reap.

HUO² 水 活 542a258c
huo².chi⁴ 活 計
huo².chin⁴.ssü³.ch'u¹ 活 進 死 出
huo².cho¹.huo².na² 活 捉 活 拿
huo².fo² 活 佛
huo².hieh³ 活 血
huo².hsien² 活 鮮
huo².hsien⁴ 活 現

alive, living ; moving, moveable ; cheerful.
 changing plans ; work ; to work ; partner.
 he went in alive and came out dead.
 immediate retribution (hsien⁴ shih⁴ hsien⁴ pao)
 a living Buddha.
 to stimulate the circulation.
 fresh as life, perfectly fresh.
 life-like, vivid (hsiang⁴ shêng¹).

uo ² hua ⁴	活話		moveable words, i. e., unreliable.
uo ² -hai ⁴ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	活害東西		an ever present trouble; bothersome child.
uo ² jên ²	活人		a living person.
uo ² -k'ou ³ -ch'í ⁴	活口氣		words which leave the matter open.
uo ² -k'ou ⁴ -êrh ²	活扣兒		a running or slip-knot (ko ¹ ta ²).
uo ² -mai ²	活埋		to bury alive (hsün ⁴ tsau ⁴).
uo ² -ming ⁴	活命		life; to give life (hsing ⁴ ming ⁴).
uo ² -na ²	活拿		to take prisoner (ch'in ² na ²).
uo ² -pan ³	活板		moveable types.
uo ² -p'ó ¹ -p'ó ¹ -tí ¹	活潑潑的		most lively, active.
uo ² -pu ⁴ -ch'ang ⁴	活不長了		it will not live long.
uo ² -pu ⁴ -liao ³	活不了		it will not live.
uo ² -shih ⁴ -shou ⁴ -jên ³	活世壽人		I give life and old age (a doctor's advertisement).
uo ² -shui ³	活水		running water (ssü ³ shui ³).
uo ² -t'ao ⁴	活套		of general application, what will fit anything.
uo ² tí ¹	活的		alive, living.
uo ² -t'ó ¹ -hsiang ⁴ -t'á ¹	活脫像他		striking resemblance to him.
uo ² -t'ung ⁴	活動		alive, animate; moveable.
uo ² -tzü ⁴	活字		moveable types; a substantive.
uo ² -yen ³ -êrh ² -chien ⁴	活眼兒見		vivid, realistic.

UO ³	m 火	火 ^{542c255c}	fire, fiery; heat, fever; to burn.
o ³ -chang ⁴		火杖	a poker (either of wood or iron).
o ³ -chí ¹		火鷄	the turkey.
o ³ -ch'í ¹		火漆	sealing-wax.
o ³ -ch'í ⁴		火氣	cholera; fever; caloric.
o ³ -hia ¹		火家	corpse burners. See Note 42.
o ³ -chieh ²		火結	indigestion (hsin ¹ k'ou ³ t'êng ²).
o ³ -chien ⁴		火箭	a swift arrow, lighted arrow.
o ³ -chih ³		火紙	touch-paper.
o ³ -ching ⁴		火鏡	a burning-glass.
o ³ -ch'in ²		火球	same.
o ³ -chu ²		火燭	fire and candles.
o ³ -chung ³		火種	tinder.
o ³ -ch'ung ² -rêh ²		火虫兒	glow-worms, fire-flies.
o ³ -fên ²		火焚	to set on fire, to burn with fire.
o ³ -fu ¹		火夫	a cook (ch'u ² tzü ³).
o ³ -hsing ¹		火星	a spark, sparks; the planet Mars.
o ³ -hsing ⁴		火性	fiery temper, passionate.
o ³ -hua ³		火化	to transmute by fire.
o ³ -jou ² -mu ⁴		火揉木	to bend wood by the application of fire.
o ³ -jung ²		火絨	tinder.
o ³ -kuan ³		火管	flint, tinder, and steel.

huo ³ -kuan ⁴	火罐	a cup used for cupping.
huo ³ -kuang ¹	火光	flames, brightness of fire, candle-light.
huo ³ -kung ¹	火攻	to attack with fire; inflammation.
huo ³ -li ⁴	火力	the power of fire.
huo ³ -liao ³ -mei ² -mao ²	火燎眉毛	the fire scorched his eye-brows.
huo ³ -liao ³ -ti ⁴	火燎的	blackened by fire.
huo ³ -lien ²	火鑷	a steel.
huo ³ -lu ²	火爐	a fireplace, a furnace.
huo ³ -lun ² -ch'ê ¹	火輪車	railway train, or locomotive.
huo ³ -lun ² -ch'uan ²	火輪船	steamer.
huo ³ -miao ²	火苗	the flame of a fire.
huo ³ -pa ¹	火把	a torch.
huo ³ -p'ai ²	火牌	an express, sent to arrest a criminal, etc.
huo ³ -p'ao ⁴	火砲	cannon, artillery.
huo ³ -p'ên ²	火盆	chafing dish.
huo ³ p'iao ³	火票	despatch at express speed.
huo ³ -shang ⁴ -chia ¹ -yu ²	火上加油	<i>i. e.</i> , add fuel to the flames.
huo ³ shao ¹	火燒	to burn with fire, a kind of bun (shao ¹ ping ³)
huo ³ -shih ²	火食	cooked provisions.
huo ³ -shih ² -hsiang ¹ -tzü ³	火食箱子	a hamper of provisions.
huo ³ -shih ²	火石	flints.
huo ³ -shih ² -fên ³	火石粉	chalk, lime.
huo ³ -su ³	火速	with the speed of fire.
huo ³ -ting ¹ -ch'uang ¹	火疔瘡	prickly heat (fei ⁴ tzü ³).
huo ³ -t'on ² -chün ¹	火頭軍	a cook.
huo ³ -t'ui ³	火腿	hams.
huo ³ -tsai ¹	火災	the calamity of fire.
huo ³ -tsang ⁴	*火葬	to burn the corpse; cremation.
huo ³ -wang ¹	火狂	a hot fire.
huo ³ -yao ²	火窰	a furnace.
huo ³ -yao ¹	火藥	"the medicine," gunpowder.
huo ³ -yao ¹ -chü ²	火藥局	a powder factory.
huo ³ -yen ¹	火烟	tobacco (nan ⁴ yen ¹).
huo ³ -yen ¹	火燄	flame of fire.
huo ³ -yu ²	火油	kerosene (mei ² yu ²).
huo ³ -yü ³	火語	"fiery words," passionate language.
huo ³	人 伙	542c255c household furniture.
huo ³ -chang ³	伙長	mates in merchant ships.
huo ³ -shih ²	伙食	living, fare, subsistence.
huo ³ -shih ² -lan ² -t'ü ³	伙食籃子	a provision basket.
huo ³	夕 夥	542c255b many, numerous; a party, a company; partner.
huo ³ -chang ³	夥長	the senior partner; a chief mate.
huo ³ -chi ⁴	夥計	a partner, assistant, or comrade.

uo³-ch'ih¹-huo³-p'ien¹ 夥吃夥騙
uo³-chü¹ 夥居
uo³-pan⁴ 夥伴
uo³ tang³ 夥黨
huo³-uo⁴ 夥盜

to combine in fraud and share proceeds.
to live together, as a mess (t'ung² ts'uan⁴).
a partner, a comrade.
a cabal, a party.
a party of robbers.

UO⁴ 具 貨^{544a256c}
uo⁴ chên¹-chia⁴-shih² 貨真價實
uo⁴-chia⁴ 貨價
uo⁴-huan⁴-huo⁴ 貨換貨
uo⁴-hui⁴ 貨賄
uo⁴-kao¹ 貨高
uo⁴-lang³ 貨郎
uo⁴-lu⁴ 貨賂
uo⁴-mai⁴ 貨賣
uo⁴-mai⁴-shih²-chia¹ 貨賣識家
uo⁴-mai⁴-ying¹-shih² 貨賣應時
uo⁴-tan¹ 貨單
uo⁴-tao⁴-chia⁴-hui² 貨到價回
uo⁴ ti¹ 貨低
uo⁴-ts'ai² 貨財
uo⁴-wu⁴ 貨物
uo⁴-wu⁴-tan¹ 貨物單

goods, merchandise ; to deal.
goods genuine, and price fair (a shop placard).
price of goods.
an exchange of commodities.
a bribe, bribes (hui⁴ lu⁴).
fine quality of goods.
a pedlar of women's wares.
to bribe, bribes.
to sell.
sell goods to persons you know.
goods sell according to season.
an invoice, a bill of sale.
i. e., a brisk trade.
bad articles (êh⁴ wu³ yen³).
goods as chattels.
merchandise, goods, wares.
an invoice, a bill of sale.

uo⁴ 戈 或^{541a259b}
uo⁴-chê³ 或者
uo⁴-hao³-huo⁴-tai³ 或好或歹
uo⁴-jên² 或人
uo⁴-shih⁴ 或是
uo⁴-tu⁴-huo⁴-hsiao³ 或大或小
uo⁴-tsao³-huo⁴-wan³ 或早或晚
uo⁴-wang³-huo⁴-lai² 或往或來
uo⁴-wei⁴ 或謂
uo⁴-yu³-huo⁴-wu² 或有或無
uo⁴-yüeh¹ 或曰
uo⁴ 心 惑^{541b259c}
uo⁴-érh⁴-huo⁴-san¹ 惑二惑三
uo⁴-hsin¹ 惑心
uo⁴-lung⁴ 惑弄
uo⁴ 犬 獲^{540a258b}
uo⁴-chü⁴ 獲住
uo⁴-ên¹ 獲恩
uo⁴-li¹ 獲利
uo⁴-shêng⁴ 獲勝

uncertain, perhaps, or, either, if. M. 135.
perhaps, probably.
whether good or bad.
a certain person (mou³ jên²).
perhaps it is,
whether large or small.
whether early or late.
either coming or going.
somebody said, one says.
perhaps there is, perhaps not.
one says.
to doubt, to suspect ; to delude, to misguide.
undecided.
to doubt, to suspect ; doubtful.
to befool.
to capture, to apprehend ; to obtain.
to capture, to apprehend (shêng¹ ch'in²).
to obtain favour (mêng² ên¹).
to get profit.
to gain the victory.

huo¹-tê² 獲得
 huo⁴-tsei² 獲賊
 huo⁴-tsui⁴ 獲罪
 huo⁴.tsui⁴-yü²-t'ien¹ 獲罪於天
 huo⁴ 示 禍^{540c256b}
 huo⁴-fu² 禍福
 huo⁴-hai⁴ 禍害
 huo⁴-huan⁴ 禍患
 huo⁴-kên¹ 禍根
 huo⁴-nieh⁴ 禍孽
 huo⁴-pu⁴-tan¹-tê³ 禍不單得
 huo⁴-tao⁴-lin¹-t'ou² 禍到臨頭
 huo⁴-ts'ung¹-k'ou³-ch'u¹ 禍從口出
 huo⁴ 手才 擯^{544c257b}
 huo⁴-chiao⁴ 擯較
 huo⁴-j'u²-shou³ 擯覆手
 huo⁴-mien⁴ 擯麪
 huo⁴ 疔 瘡^{544c257a}
 huo⁴-luan⁴-ping⁴ 瘡亂病

to obtain.
 to apprehend a thief (pu³ tsei²).
 to commit a crime ; to sin against.
 to sin against Heaven.
 evil, injury, misery, calamity, misfortune.
 adversity and prosperity, misery and happiness
 injury ; to involve in trouble.
 calamity, misfortune, adversity.
 origin of calamity, etc.
 calamity or misery induced.
 calamities never come singly. [provokes calamity
 the calamity ready to fall, i. e., rash speed
 calamity comes from the mouth.
 to direct, to point out ; to persuade, to seduce
 to compare.
 to wave the hand backward and forward,
 to prepare flours.
 a kind of colic or cholera.
 cholera morbus. -

I¹ 一 弋 壹 —545c1095c
 i¹-cha³ 一拵
 i¹-cha³-yen³ 一眨眼
 i¹-ch'a¹-pan⁴-ts'o⁴ 一差半錯
 i¹-chan³-têng¹ 一盞燈
 i¹-chan³-yen³ 一展眼
 i¹-chang¹-hua⁴ 一張畫
 i¹-chang¹-ch'uang² 一張床
 i¹-ch'ang²-kuan¹-ssü¹ 一場官司
 i¹-ch'ang¹ pai²-ho 一倡百和
 i¹-ch'ang²-yü³ 一場雨
 i¹-chao⁴ 一兆
 i¹-chên⁴-fêng¹ 一陣風
 i¹-ch'êng² 一程
 i¹-ch'êng⁴ 一秤
 i¹-ch'êng⁴-chiao⁴ 一乘轎
 i¹-chi³-chih¹-ssü¹ 一己之私
 i¹-chi⁴ 一記
 i¹-chi⁴ 一及
 i¹-chi⁴-yao⁴ 一劑藥
 i¹-ch'i² 一齊
 i¹-ch'i³ 一起
 i¹-ch'i³-i¹-lo⁴ 一起一落

[on bills, etc
 a, one ; at once ; the whole, the written form
 a span (5 Chinese inches).
 in the twinkling of an eye.
 a mistake, peccadillo.
 a lamp.
 in the twinkling of an eye.
 a picture (paper, chair).
 a bed.
 a law-suit.
 all following one leader,
 one rain-fall.
 a million.
 a gust of wind (fit of ague).
 a long time.
 one hundred catties.
 a sedan chair.
 selfishness.
 twelve years.
 right up to.
 a dose of medicine (i¹ fn⁴ yao⁴).
 all at once, all together.
 of same set or company.
 rising and falling by turns.

一氣兒 *ch'í¹-êrh²*
 一氣貫通 *ch'í¹-kuan¹-t'ung¹*
 一家一戶 *ch'ia¹-i¹-hu⁴*
 一架鐘 *ch'ia¹-chung¹*
 一架樑 *ch'ia¹-liang³*
 一羴羊 *ch'iang¹-yang²*
 一截子 *chieh²-tzŭ³*
 一切 *ch'ieh⁴*
 一切所有 *ch'ieh⁴-so³-yu³*
 一間屋 *ch'ien¹-wu¹*
 一件衣裳 *ch'ien⁴-i¹-shang¹*
 一件物 *ch'ien¹-wu⁴*
 一件銀子 *ch'ien¹-yin²-tzŭ³*
 一箭之地 *ch'ien¹-chih¹-tí⁴*
 一千 *ch'ien¹*
 一枝筆 *ch'ih¹-pi³*
 一隻船 *ch'ih¹-ch'uan²*
 一支兵 *ch'ih¹-ping¹*
 一直 *ch'ih²*
 一直的 *ch'ih²-tí¹*
 一紙文書 *ch'ih³-wên²-shu¹*
 一斤 *ch'in¹*
 一經 *ching¹*
 一秋 *ch'iu⁴*
 一棹客 *cho¹-k'ó⁴*
 一着 *cho²*
 一週 *chou¹*
 一軸書 *chou²-hua⁴*
 一株樹 *ch'ü¹-shu⁴*
 一炷香 *ch'ü⁴-hsiang¹*
 一齣戲 *ch'ü²-hsi⁴*
 一處房子 *ch'ü⁴-fang²-tzŭ³*
 一串珠子 *ch'uan⁴-ch'ü¹-tzŭ³*
 一串錢 *ch'uan¹-ch'ien²*
 一串院子 *ch'uan¹-yüan⁴-tzŭ³*
 一樁事情 *chuang¹-shih⁴.ch'ing²*
 一床褥子 *ch'uang²-ju¹-tzŭ³*
 一牀被子 *ch'uang²-pei¹-tzŭ³*
 一舉一動 *chü³-i¹-tung¹*
 一舉兩得 *chü³-liang³-tê²*
 一句話 *chü⁴-hua⁴*
 一捲布 *chüan³-pu⁴*
 一卷書 *chüan⁴-shu¹*

in collusion.
 one idea pervading all.
 a single family.
 a clock (i¹ kua⁴ piao³).
 one beam.
 one carcase of mutton.
 a piece, a strip.
 all, the whole of.
 same (fan² so³ yu³).
 a room. M. 172.
 a garment.
 an article, a thing.
 a small piece of sycee.
 a bow-shot.
 a thousand.
 a pencil or pen (i¹ kuan³ pi³).
 a ship.
 a body of troops.
 straight.
 straight away (chien³ chih²).
 a despatch (i¹ chüeh² wên² shu¹).
 a catty (1½ pounds English).
 as soon as.
 an autumu; one year.
 a table of guests.
 a move, as in chess.
 once round, all round; a year.
 a picture (roll).
 a tree.
 a stick of incense.
 a theatrical performance, one play.
 a house.
 a string of pearls.
 a string of cash.
 one court-yard.
 an affair.
 a mattress.
 one bed-coverlet.
 in the whole deportment.
 to kill two birds with one stone.
 a sentence.
 a roll of cloth.
 a scroll, a book.

<i>i¹-ch⁴-uan²-jên²-tsai⁴</i>	一 船 人 載	a boatload of passengers.
<i>i¹-chüeh²</i>	一 角	(North) 25 cents ; (South) 10 cents.
<i>i¹-chüeh²-wên²-shu¹</i>	一 角 文 書	one despatch.
<i>i¹-chun³</i>	一 準	certain.
<i>i¹-ch'un¹</i>	一 春	a spring, a year.
<i>i¹-chung¹-shui³</i>	一 盅 水	a cup of water.
<i>i¹-chung³</i>	一 種	a kind, a same kind.
<i>i¹-ch'ün²</i>	一 羣	a flock or herd.
<i>i¹-êrh⁴</i>	一 二	a little, a trifle ; all.
<i>i¹-fan¹</i>	一 番	once.
<i>i¹-fang¹</i>	一 方	a whole neighbourhood ; ten thousand (in money)
<i>i¹-fang²-t'u²-shu¹</i>	一 方 圖 書	a map of a place.
<i>i¹-fêng¹-hsin⁴</i>	一 封 信	a letter.
<i>i¹-fêng¹-lai³-chu²</i>	一 封 蠟 燭	a package of candles.
<i>i¹-f'ung¹-yin²</i>	一 封 銀	fifty taels.
<i>i¹-f'u²</i>	一 伏	a decade of days (in summer). See <i>fu² t'ien¹</i> .
<i>i¹-f'u²-ch'ien²</i>	一 帙 錢	a copper coin ; a string of cash.
<i>i¹-f'u⁴-chien¹-chih³</i>	一 副 箋 紙	a sheet of note paper.
<i>i¹-f'u⁴-huan²-tzü³</i>	一 幅 環 子	a pair of ear-rings.
<i>i¹-f'u⁴-i¹-chêng¹</i>	一 副 一 正	a deputy and his principal.
<i>i¹-f'u⁴-yao⁴</i>	一 副 藥	one dose of medicine (<i>i¹ chi⁴ yao⁴</i>).
<i>i¹-hang²</i>	一 行	a class, one class, sort, etc.
<i>i¹-hao⁴-shu¹</i>	一 號 書	one lesson (assigned).
<i>i¹-hêng⁴-ch'iao²</i>	一 橫 橋	a bridge.
<i>i¹-ho²-kuan¹-f'ên³</i>	一 盒 官 粉	one box of white cosmetic.
<i>i¹-ho²-mên²-tzü³</i>	一 合 門 子	one door (2-leaved).
<i>i¹-ho²-ts'ao³</i>	一 合 草	one feed of straw.
<i>i¹-hsi¹-hua⁴</i>	一 夕 話	a long story, a yarn.
<i>i¹-hsia⁴</i>	一 夏	a summer ; a year.
<i>i¹-hsia⁴-tzü³</i>	一 下 子	at one time.
<i>i¹-hsiang⁴</i>	一 向	hitherto, heretofore, a while past.
<i>i¹-hsiang⁴</i>	一 項	one sort or kind.
<i>i¹-hsieh¹</i>	一 些	a little of.
<i>i¹-hsien⁴-chih¹-lu⁴</i>	一 線 之 路	the least possible opening or chance.
<i>i¹-hsin¹</i>	一 心	the whole heart.
<i>i¹-hsin¹-tsai⁴-shang¹</i>	一 心 在 上	intense application to one thing.
<i>i¹-hsin¹-wu²-êrh⁴</i>	一 心 無 二	single minded.
<i>i¹-hsing¹-chih¹-huo³</i>	一 星 之 火	a spark of fire.
<i>i¹-hsing¹-i²-tien³</i>	一 星 一 點	a very tiny speck.
<i>i¹-hsing⁴</i>	一 姓	of the same surname.
<i>i¹-hu²-shui³</i>	一 壺 水	one potful of water.
<i>i¹-huang³-rh²</i>	一 煨 兒	a flash ; a moment (<i>i¹ sha⁴ shih²</i>).
<i>i¹-hui²</i>	一 回	once, a section of a book.

.hui ³ -êrh ²	一會兒	a short space of time.
.huo ³	一夥	a company, the same company or set.
.i ¹	一一	one by one.
.jên ² shên ¹	一人深	water deep enough to cover your head.
.jih ⁴	一日	a day, one day.
.jih ⁴ -i ¹ -chou ¹	一日一周	one revolution daily.
.ju ⁴ -mên ²	一入門	once enter the door.
.kai ¹	一概	all, the whole of.
.kan ³ -ch'iang ¹	一桿鎗	a spear, a musket.
.kên ¹ -wei ² -kan ¹	一根桅杆	a mast.
.ko ⁴	一個	one.
.ko ⁴ -jên ²	一個人	a man, one man.
.ko ⁴ -pan ⁴ -ko ⁴	一個半個	an occasional one, a few.
.k'o ¹ -mai ¹ -tzü ³	一科麥子	a tuft of growing wheat.
.k'o ¹ -shu ⁴ -mu ⁴	一棵樹木	a tree.
.k'o ¹ -chu ¹ -tzi ³	一顆珠子	a pearl.
.k'o ¹ -yin ² -tzi ³	一顆銀子	a piece of sycee.
.k'o ⁴	一刻	a quarter of an hour.
.k'ou ³ -ch'i ¹	一口氣	a breach, a fit of anger.
.k'ou ³ -jên ²	一口人	a man.
.k'ou ³ -kuan ¹ -ts'ai ²	一口棺材	a coffin.
.k'ou ³ -liang ³ -shê ²	一口兩舌	double-tongued.
.k'ou ³ -shui ³	一口水	a mouthful of water.
.k'ou ³ -t'ung ² -yin ¹	一口同音	with unanimous voice (ho ² k'ou ³ t'ung ² shêng ¹).
.k'ou ³ -tzi ³	一口子	a man, a husband.
.ku ³ -tuo ⁴	一股道	a road.
.ku ³ -tsei ²	一股賊	a gang of thieves.
.kua ⁴ -ch'ien ²	一掛錢	one complete string of cash.
.kua ⁴ -ch'uan ² -tzi ³	一掛椽子	a complete set of rafters.
.kua ⁴ -piao ³	一掛表	one watch (i ¹ chia ⁴ chung ¹).
.k'uai ¹ -êrh ²	一塊兒	together with.
.k'uai ¹ -t'u ³	一塊土	a piece of land.
.k'uai ¹ -yang ² -ch'ien ²	一塊洋錢	one dollar (i ¹ yüan ²).
.kuan ¹ -pan ⁴ -chih ²	一官半職	a petty official.
.kuan ³ -pi ³	一管筆	a pen or pencil.
.k'un ³ -ts'ung ¹	一捆葱	a bundle of onions.
.kung ⁴	一共	all, the whole of, sum total.
.lai ²	一來	in the first place, firstly.
.lai ² -i ¹ -wang ⁴	一來一往	coming and going, intercourse.
.lao ² -yung ³ -i ⁴	一勞永逸	once toil and everlasting rests.
.lei ³	一類	the same class.
.li ³ -lu ⁴	一里路	a distance of one li.
.li ³ -ti ⁴	一里地	same.

<i>i¹-li⁴</i>	一例	one rule.
<i>i¹-li⁴</i>	一力	with the whole strength.
<i>i¹-li⁴-mi³</i>	一粒米	a grain of rice.
<i>i¹-liang³</i>	一兩	a tael, an ounce.
<i>i¹-liang¹-ch⁴'é¹</i>	一輛車	a cart.
<i>i¹-liang⁴-ping¹</i>	一亮兵	500 soldiers,
<i>i¹-lien²</i>	一連	in close succession, together with.
<i>i¹-ling³-hsi²</i>	一領蓆	a mat.
<i>i¹-liu¹-fang²-t-zü³</i>	一溜房子	a row of houses.
<i>i¹-liu¹-yen¹-tsou³</i>	一溜烟走	to hurriedly depart,
<i>i¹-liu²</i>	一流	the same kind.
<i>i¹-liu³-hsien⁴</i>	一絡線	a skein of thread.
<i>i¹-lou³-yu²</i>	一籃油	a basket of oil.
<i>i¹-lu⁴-huo⁴</i>	一路貨	the same quality of goods.
<i>i¹-lu⁴-p'ing²-an¹</i>	一路平安	may you have a safe journey.
<i>i¹-lu²-huo³</i>	一爐火	one fire (in stove).
<i>i¹-lu⁴-shang⁴</i>	一路上	during the whole journey.
<i>i¹-lü³-t'ou²-fa³</i>	一縷頭髮	a lock of hair.
<i>i¹-lü⁴</i>	一律	the same law or rule.
<i>i¹-man³-to¹-shao³</i>	一滿多少	how many altogether ?
<i>i¹-mei²-chih²</i>	一枚指	one finger.
<i>i¹-mên²-ch'in¹-shih¹</i>	一門親事	a marriage.
<i>i¹-mên²-i¹-hsing¹</i>	一門一姓	of the same kindred.
<i>i¹-mien⁴</i>	一面	one while; on the one hand.
<i>i¹-mien⁴-chih¹-chiao¹</i>	一面之交	a one-sided acquaintance.
<i>i¹-mien⁴-chih¹-t-z'ü²</i>	一面之詞	a one-sided story.
<i>i¹-mien⁴-ku³</i>	一面鼓	one drum.
<i>i¹-mo⁴</i>	一磨	once.
<i>i¹-mu²-i¹-yang⁴</i>	一模一樣	the very same.
<i>i¹-mu²-ssü¹-yang⁴</i>	一模似樣	same.
<i>i¹-mu³-so³-shêng¹</i>	一母所生	of the same mother.
<i>i¹-mu³-t'ung²-pao¹</i>	一母同胞	same.
<i>i¹-nu¹-liao³-jan²</i>	一目了然	he saw it at a glance.
<i>i¹-nan³</i>	一捕	a span (classifier).
<i>i¹-nan²-i¹-nü³</i>	一男一女	one of each sex.
<i>i¹-nan²-pan⁴-nü³</i>	一男半女	a few in a family
<i>i¹-niên²-ssü¹-chi⁴</i>	一年四季	one year of four seasons.
<i>i¹-niên²-tao⁴-t'ou²</i>	一年到頭	the whole year round.
<i>i¹-pa¹</i>	一把	a handful.
<i>i¹-pa¹-chang³</i>	一把掌	a cuff (with the hand).
<i>i¹-pa³-tao¹-t-zü³</i>	一把刀子	a knife.
<i>i¹-pai³</i>	一百	a hundred.
<i>i¹-p'ai²-ping¹-jên²</i>	一排兵	one rank of soldiers.

pan ¹	一般	alike, the same, of the same sort, etc.
pan ¹ -ta ⁴	一般大人	of the same size.
pan ¹ -jên ²	一班人	a company of men.
pa ⁴ -an ² -ch'i ²	一盤棋	a game of chess.
pa ⁴ -an ² -kun ³	一盤滾	a roller.
pa ⁴ -an ² -ts'ai ⁴	一盤菜	a dish of food.
pa ⁴ -ang ¹ -ch'uan ²	一幫船	a fleet of ships.
pa ⁴ -ang ³ -chih ¹ -li ⁴	一磅之力	assistance, a lift.
pa ⁴ -t'ang ²	一包糖	a package of sugar.
pa ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -nei ⁴	一包在內	everything included, no extras.
pei ¹ -chiu ³	一杯酒	a cup of wine.
pei ⁴ -t'ũ ³	一輩子	a whole life-time
pen ³ hsi ⁴	一本戲	a day's theatrical performance.
pen ³ -shu ¹	一本書	a book, a volume.
pi ³ -chang ⁴	一筆賬	an account.
pi ³ -hua ⁴	一筆畫	a stroke of the pen.
pi ³ -kou ¹ -hsiao ¹	一筆勾消	all cancelled (of a debt).
pi ³ -ma ³	一匹馬	a horse.
pi ³ -pu ⁴	一疋布	a piece or bale of cloth.
pio ¹ -ping ¹	一標兵	a body of troops.
pien ¹	一邊	on one side.
pien ⁴	一遍	once.
pien ⁴	一偏	specially, particularly; inclined to.
pien ¹ -wên ² -chang ¹	一篇文章	a piece of composition.
pien ¹ -hao ³ -hsin ¹	一片好心	a good heart.
pien ¹ -p'o ² -hsin ¹	一片婆心	same.
pien ² -ju ² -hsi ³	一貧如洗	very poor.
ping ⁴	一并	the whole together, all.
pi ⁴ -liang ² -pan ⁴	一破兩半	torn in halves.
pu ⁴	一步	a step.
pu ⁴ -ch'ien ² -ch'êng ²	一步前程	a step of official honor.
pu ⁴ -i ⁴ pu ⁴	一步一步	step by step.
pu ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -ti ⁴	一步田地	a favorable concurrence.
pu ⁴ yün ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	一步運氣	same.
pu ⁴ -shu ¹	一部書	a book or work; a category.
pu ⁴ -ya ¹ -chung ⁴	一不壓衆	one cannot withstand the majority.
pu ⁴ -na ⁴ -sin ¹	一撲納心	to give the whole mind to.
pu ⁴ -k'ang ⁴	一鋪炕	a stove-bed.
shu ⁴ -shih ²	一霎時	in a twinkling (i ¹ huang ³ 'rh ²).
shao ⁴ -jên ² -ma ³	一哨人馬	a squad of soldiers.
shan ⁴ -mo ⁴	一扇磨	a millstone.
han ¹ -mén ²	一扇門	the leaf of a door.
hang ¹ -s'ou ³	一上手	at first, at the outset.

<i>i¹-shên¹-i¹-shang¹</i>	一身衣裳	a suit of clothes.
<i>i¹-shên¹-ní²</i>	一身泥	covered with mud.
<i>i¹-shêng¹</i>	一生	all one's life.
<i>i¹-shêng¹-i¹-shih⁴</i>	一生一死	same.
<i>i¹-shih²</i>	一時	inadvertently; a time; sometimes.
<i>i¹-shih²-chien¹</i>	一時間	in a moment.
<i>i¹ shih²-chih¹-fên⁴</i>	一時之忿	a moment's wrath.
<i>i¹-s'it²</i>	一十	a ten.
<i>i¹-shou³-ch'êng²-kuan³</i>	一手承管	solely responsible for.
<i>i¹-shou³-shih¹</i>	一首詩	a stanza.
<i>i¹-shuang¹-hsieh²</i>	一雙鞋	a pair of shoes (<i>i¹ chih¹ hsieh²</i>).
<i>i¹-shun¹-pai³-shun⁴</i>	一順百順	very smooth, suitable.
<i>i¹-so³-fang²-t'zū³</i>	一所房子	a house.
<i>i¹-sui⁴-mai⁴-t'zū³</i>	一穗麥子	an ear of wheat.
<i>i¹-ssū⁴</i>	一似	the same as, resembling.
<i>i¹-ta⁴-hsieh²</i>	一大些	a great deal.
<i>i¹-ta⁴-pa³</i>	一大把	a big handful.
<i>i¹-tai⁴-yen¹</i>	一袋烟	a pipe of tobacco.
<i>i¹-tai⁴</i>	一帶	all along, the whole row, etc.
<i>i¹-tai⁴-ti⁴-fang¹</i>	一帶地方	a neighbourhood.
<i>i¹-t'ai⁴-hsi¹</i>	一臺戲	a theatrical performance on <i>one</i> staging.
<i>i¹-t'ai⁴-shih²-ho²</i>	一擡食盒	one set of trays for presents.
<i>i¹-tan⁴</i>	一旦	some morning; suddenly.
<i>i¹-tan⁴-shui³</i>	一擔水	2 pails of water.
<i>i¹-t'an²-chün³</i>	一壇酒	one jar of wine.
<i>i¹-t'ang³</i>	一輪	a time, a turn (or 週).
<i>i¹-tao⁴-chih³</i>	一刀紙	one quire of paper.
<i>i¹-tao⁴-ch'iao²</i>	一道橋	one bridge.
<i>i²-tao⁴-chieh¹</i>	一道街	a street.
<i>i²-tao⁴-fêng⁴</i>	一道縫	a crack, a rent.
<i>i¹-tao⁴-tien¹-kuang¹</i>	一道電光	a flash of lightning.
<i>i¹-tao⁴-wên⁴</i>	一道罅	a crack in crockery.
<i>i¹-t'ao⁴-hua¹</i>	一套話	a long story, uninterrupted talk.
<i>i¹-t'ao⁴-shu¹</i>	一套書	volumes of books in one wrapper.
<i>i¹-ti¹-shui³</i>	一滴水	a drop of water.
<i>i¹-ti³-i¹-hui²</i>	一抵一回	turn about.
<i>i¹-ti⁴-i¹-t'ien¹</i>	一遞一天	day about.
<i>i¹-t'i³</i>	一體	one body.
<i>i¹-tiao⁴</i>	一調	a tune.
<i>i¹-t'iao²-kou³</i>	一條狗	a dog (<i>i¹ chih¹ kou³</i>).
<i>i¹-t'iao²-k'u¹-t'zū³</i>	一條褲子	a pair of trowsers (as we say).
<i>i¹-t'iao²-lu⁴</i>	一條路	a road, a way.
<i>i¹-t'iao²-pan¹-têng⁴</i>	一條板櫈	one stool.

<i>t'ieh¹-kao¹-yao⁴</i>	一貼膏藥	a sheet or piece of sticking plaster.
<i>t'ien¹</i>	一天	a day, one day.
<i>t'ien¹-tao⁴-wan³</i>	一天到晚	the whole day long.
<i>t'ien¹-i¹-tao⁴</i>	一顛一倒	lengthwise and crosswise.
<i>t'ien³-chung¹</i>	一點鐘	one o'clock (i hsia ⁴ chung ¹).
<i>t'ien³-rh²</i>	一點兒	a little, a drop (of water).
<i>t'ien³-pu⁴-t'¹so⁴</i>	一點不錯	exactly right.
<i>t'ing¹-tien³-rh²</i>	一丁點兒	little bit of a—, tiny.
<i>t'ing³-mao⁴-tzü³</i>	一頂帽子	a cap or hat (sedan chair).
<i>t'ing⁴</i>	一定	positively, assuredly, certain.
<i>t'ing⁴-chih¹-kuei¹</i>	一定之規	a fixed rule.
<i>t'ing⁴-yin²-tzü³</i>	一錠銀子	an ingot of silver.
<i>t'ing¹-chiu⁴-ch'⁴ü⁴</i>	一聽就去	go immediately on being called.
<i>to³-hua¹</i>	一朵花	a flower.
<i>to³-ch'iang²</i>	一垛牆	a wall.
<i>to³</i>	一庹	length of both arms extended.
<i>to²-lü²</i>	一頭驢	a donkey.
<i>tsao¹</i>	一遭	a turn, a time.
<i>tsao³-tsou³</i>	一早走	to start off early.
<i>tsao³-i¹-wan³</i>	一早一晚	either in the morning or the evening.
<i>tsé²</i>	一則	in the first place (i ¹ lai ²)
<i>ts'êng²</i>	一層	story by story, step by step.
<i>ts'êng²-yüan⁴</i>	一層院	a courtyard.
<i>tsao⁴-miao⁴</i>	一座廟	a temple.
<i>tsao¹-t'¹ü³</i>	一座	a pagoda.
<i>ts'ao⁴-êrh¹-wu⁴</i>	一錯二悞	wrongly.
<i>tu¹</i>	一堆	along with.
<i>tu¹-t'¹ü³</i>	一堆土	a heap of dirt.
<i>tsun¹-fó²</i>	一尊佛	an image of Buddha.
<i>tsun¹-p'¹ao⁴</i>	一尊礮	a cannon.
<i>tsun¹-p'¹ing²</i>	一尊瓶	a large vase
<i>tsun¹-p'¹ü²-sa¹</i>	一尊菩薩	one idol.
<i>tsung¹</i>	一宗	one class or tribe; a lot, a deal.
<i>tsung³</i>	一總	all, the whole of.
<i>tu¹-lu¹</i>	一啣	a bunch, e.g., of fruit.
<i>tu⁴-tzü³-ch'⁴ü⁴</i>	一肚子氣	a fit of anger.
<i>tuan¹-shih⁴</i>	一端事	an affair.
<i>tuan²-ho²-ch'⁴ü⁴</i>	一團和氣	uniformly agreeable.
<i>tuan²-huo³</i>	一團火	a bit or ball of fire.
<i>tu¹-t'¹ü³</i>	一堆土	a heap of earth.
<i>üi³</i>	一對	a pair.
<i>üi³-yen⁴</i>	一對雁	a brace of wild geese.
<i>un¹-fan⁴</i>	一頓飯	a meal (a beating).

<i>i¹-tung¹</i>	一冬	a winter ; a year.
<i>i¹-t'ung¹-ku³</i>	一通鼓	one roll of the drum.
<i>i¹ t'ung²</i>	一同	together with.
<i>i¹-t'ung³</i>	一統	the whole, all.
<i>i¹-t'ung³-pei¹</i>	一統碑	a stone tablet.
<i>i¹-t'ung³-yu²</i>	一桶油	one cask of oil.
<i>i¹-tz'ü¹</i>	一次	once (tsao ¹ , i ¹ pien ⁴).
<i>i¹-wan³-jän⁴</i>	一碗飯	a bowl of rice.
<i>i¹-wan⁴</i>	一萬	a myriad, ten thousand.
<i>i¹-wei³-yü²</i>	一尾魚	a fish (i t'iao ² yü ²).
<i>i¹-wei⁴-k'o⁴</i>	一位客	a guest, a visitor.
<i>i¹-wei⁴-ti¹</i>	一味	simply, one single purpose, always.
<i>i¹-wei⁴-yao⁴</i>	一味藥	one ingredient (drugs).
<i>i¹-wên²-ch'ien²</i>	一文錢	a cash (fên ¹ wên ² ch'ien ²).
<i>i¹-wo⁴</i>	一握	a handful.
<i>i¹-wu²-k'o³-ch'ü³</i>	一無可取	nothing good in him.
<i>i¹-wu²-so³ tē²</i>	一無所得	nothing to get.
<i>i¹-wu³-i¹-sh'ü²</i>	一五一十	the whole state of the case.
<i>i¹-yang⁴</i>	一樣	the same, like.
<i>i¹-yao¹-ch'ün²</i>	一腰裙	one apron.
<i>i¹-yeh⁴</i>	一夜	one night, the whole night.
<i>i¹-yeh⁴-shu¹</i>	一頁書	one page of a book.
<i>i¹-yen²-nan²-chin⁴</i>	一言難盡	it's a long story.
<i>i²-yen²-wei²-ting⁴</i>	一言爲定	fixed by a word.
<i>i¹-yen³-ching³</i>	一眼井	a well.
<i>i¹-ying⁴-chü¹-ch'üan²</i>	一應俱全	complete in every line (signboard).
<i>i¹-yüan²</i>	一員	an official (kuan ¹).
<i>i¹-yüan²</i>	一元	a dollar (i ¹ kuai ⁴ yang ² ch'ien ²).
<i>i¹-yüeh⁴</i>	一月	a month.
<i>i¹-yüeh⁴-i¹-yüan²</i>	一月一圓	one month of the moon.
<i>i¹</i>	西醫	to heal, to cure, to treat ; a doctor.
<i>i¹-chia¹</i>	醫家	medical practitioners (tai ⁴ fu ¹).
<i>i¹-chih⁴</i>	醫治	to heal, to cure (t'iao ² chih ⁴ , liao ⁴ chih ⁴).
<i>i¹-chih⁴-ping⁴</i>	醫治病	to cure sickness.
<i>i²-chih⁴-pu⁴-hsiao⁴</i>	醫治不效	the treatment is not successful.
<i>i¹-chin¹</i>	醫金	doctor's fees (ma ³ ch'ien ²).
<i>i¹-fa²</i>	醫法	the art of healing.
<i>i¹-mên²</i>	醫門	the medical profession ; medical practitioners
<i>i¹-ping⁴-yüan⁴</i>	醫院	a hospital (yang ³ ping ⁴ yüan ⁴).
<i>i¹-p'o²-tzu³</i>	醫婆	female doctors (quacks who cure by charms, etc.
<i>i¹-pu⁴-lai²</i>	醫不來	incurable.
<i>i¹-shêng⁴</i>	醫生	a doctor, a physician (tai ⁴ fu ¹).
<i>i¹-shih⁴</i>	醫師	same.

-shuh ⁴	醫事	the business of healing.
-shih ⁴	醫士	a doctor of medicine.
-tao ⁴	醫道	the system of medicines.
té ² -lai ²	醫得來	able to cure.
t'uo ²	醫調	to heal, to cure (ch'üan ² yü ⁴).
衣系	衣	clothes; a cover, cloak, case, shell or skin.
-chia ⁴	衣架	a clothes rack or horse.
-chin ¹	衣襟	clothing.
ch'in ² -kuan ¹ -kuo ³	衣棺槨	expensive shroud and coffin.
ching ⁴	衣鏡	a dressing-room mirror (ch'uan ¹ i ¹ ching ⁴).
ch'u ²	衣厨	a clothes-press.
fu ²	衣服	clothes (i ¹ shang ¹).
hs'ang ¹	衣箱	a clothes-chest.
hs'en ¹	衣線	thread.
kuan ¹	衣冠	"clothes and cap," full dressed.
kuan ¹ -ch'i ² -ch'u ³	衣冠齊楚	properly dressed.
kuan ¹ ch'in ² -shou ⁴	衣冠禽獸	a beast in clothes, a brutish man.
kuan ¹ -chung ¹ -jên ²	衣冠中人	a well dressed, or respectable person.
mao ⁴	衣帽	"clothes and cap," full dressed, clothing.
pu ⁴ -ché ¹ -t'i ³	衣不遮體	clothes insufficient to cover body.
p'u ⁴	衣舖	a clothier's shop (ku ¹ i ¹ p'u ⁴).
shan ¹	衣衫	a single coat, clothing.
shang ¹	衣裳	clothes.
sh'h ²	衣食	food and clothes, a livelihood.
人	依	to rely on, to trust to; as, according to (see 倚, i ³).
cho ²	依着	relying on, trusting to; leaning against.
ch'u ⁴	依舊	as before, as of old; formerly.
hsü ⁴	依序	according to rank or seniority (hsü ⁴ ch'ih ³).
i ³	依倚	to depend upon, to rely on.
i ³ -pu ⁴ -shé ³	依依不捨	to cling to, unable to part from.
jan ²	依然	as before, as of old; formerly.
jên ² -tso ⁴ -huo ²	依人作活	to depend on other people for a livelihood.
lai ⁴	依賴	to depend on, reliance on.
li ³ -êrh ² -hsing ²	依禮而行	to act according to right or propriety.
lü ⁴	依律	according to law.
üan ⁴	依戀	fondly attached to home, friends, etc.
pn ⁴ .i ¹	依不依	will you permit it or not (chun ³ pu ⁴ chun ³).
shih ²	依實	polite for "to eat heartily."
sui ²	依隨	to follow, to acquiesce.
tao ⁴	依道	according to reason, reasonable.
s'ung ²	依從	to comply, to consent; to obey.
yün ³	依允	to comply, to consent, to allow.
人	伊	he, she, it, they, that person or thing.

i¹-li² 伊犁
 i¹-nien² 伊年
 i¹-têng³ 伊等
 i¹ 手 扌 扌 553b1097a
 i¹-jang⁴ 揖讓
 i¹-kung³ 揖拱
 i¹ 羽 翳 551c271c
 i¹-mao² 翳毛
 i¹ 衣 裔 裔 553b284a
 i¹ 乙 乙 545b1096b

I² 辵 辵 遺 555a277c
 i²-ai⁴ 遺愛
 i²-ch'í⁴ 遺棄
 i²-ching¹ 遺精
 i²-chuu³ 遺囑
 i²-ch'uan² 遺傳
 i²-ch'üeh⁴-pu¹-shao³ 遺卻不少
 i²-hsia⁴ 遺下
 i²-hsia⁴-hou⁴-huan⁴ 遺下後患
 i²-hsün⁴ 遺訓
 i²-i³ 遺遺
 i²-lei⁴ 遺類
 i²-liu²-chi⁴-chin¹ 遺留至今
 i²-lou⁴ 遺漏
 i²-ming⁴ 遺命
 i²-mao⁴ 遺尿
 i²-nien⁴ 遺念
 i²-shih¹ 遺失
 i²-shu¹ 遺書
 i²-t'í³ 遺體
 i²-wang⁴ 遺忘
 i²-yen² 遺言
 i²-yü² 遺餘
 i² 女 姨 554b277b
 i²-êrh² 姨兒
 i²-fu¹ 姨夫
 i²-ma¹-chieh³-mei⁴ 姨媽姐妹
 i²-mu³ 姨母
 i²-niang² 姨娘
 i²-p'ò² 姨婆
 i²-tzu³ 姨子
 i³ 禾 迮 移 555c274a

I-li, province of Chinese Turkestan. W. I. 215.
 that year.
 they, them, those.
 to fold the hands and bow; to yield (tso⁴ i¹).
 to yield.
 to fold the hands and bow.
 a film or skin over the eye; to cover, to hide.
 the eyelashes (yen³ chieh¹ mao²).
 descendants, posterity (miao² i¹) [No 5. (chia³),
 second of the Ten Stems; "So and So." Radical

to leave, to bequeath; a will, a bequest; to lose.
 bequeathed affection.
 to abandon, to give up; forsaken, abandoned.
 involuntary emission of semen.
 commands left by a dying person.
 tradition, fable.
 many omissions.
 to bequeath, bequeathed.
 to bequeath trouble.
 dying instructions.
 leisurely, easy; self-satisfied.
 posterity. [tsu³ ch'uan²].
 handed down to the present day (ch'uan² hsia⁴).
 to leave out, to omit.
 dying commands, a will (chu³ shu¹).
 involuntary discharge of urine.
 a keepsake.
 loss; to lose, to mislay, overlooked.
 a will.
 to inherit; the bequeathed body by parents.
 forgotten; to neglect.
 dying commands.
 superfluity, superabundance.
 a wife or mother's sisters, an aunt.
 maternal aunt (unmarried).
 a wife's sister's husband.
 mother's sisters, aunt.
 same.
 same.
 a husband's mother's sisters.
 a wife's sisters.
 to remove, to change, to alter; to forward to.

ch'ien ¹	移	to remove.
chü ¹	移居	to remove one's place of residence.
hsü ³	移徙	removed; to remove.
hau ¹ -chieh ¹ -mu ⁴	移花接木	to graft a flower upon a tree.
ping ⁴	移病	to communicate an infection; to cure sickness.
shu ¹	移書	to transmit a letter. [jan ³ ping ⁴].
tzü ¹	移咨	to send an official document to an equal.
	人儀	a rite, a ceremony, a rule, a pattern; correct.
chieh ²	*儀節	a master of ceremonies (li ³ shêng ¹). [officials.
chü ⁴	儀注	rules to govern meetings of civil and military
jung ²	儀容	correct manners, deportment; forms, ceremo-
li ³	儀禮	rites, ceremonies, observances. [nies.
mên ²	儀門	one of the yamên doors.
wên ²	儀文	external deportment.
piao ³ -fei ¹ -fan ²	儀表非凡	uncommonly fine looking.
	皿益	to increase, to benefit, benefit, advantage.
chia ¹	益加	to increase, more and more.
chih ⁴ -hui ⁴	益智	old name of Educational Association.
chin ⁴	益進	to advance, to improve (chang ³ chin ⁴).
ch'u ⁴	益處	benefit, advantage (hao ³ ch'u ⁴).
fa	益發	all the more.
shên ²	益甚	in a very high degree.
to ¹	益多	abundant; more and more.
	正疑	to doubt; to guess, to suppose; doubt, suspicion.
-an ⁴	疑案	a disputed case.
-hsin ¹	疑心	to doubt, to suspect; suspicious.
hsin ¹ -fêng ¹	疑心瘋	hypochondria.
-hü ²	疑狐	to doubt, to suspect.
-iuo ⁴	疑惑	to doubt, to suspect; undecided.
-ping ⁴	疑病	disease of doubt, suspicious.
	心小怡	to please; pleasure, joy, harmonious.
-ho ²	怡和	cordial, cordiality.
-ho ² -yang ² -hang ²	怡和洋行	Jardine, Matheson and Co.
-sê ⁴	怡色	a pleasing countenance.
-yüsh ⁴	怡悅	delighted.
	貝貽	to leave or be left to, to bequeath.
-i ²	貽遺	to give, to transfer, to hand down, to bequeath.
	走逸	ease, leisure, idle; to lose; to abscond; to set
-ch'iu ²	逸囚	to liberate prisoners. [free.
-min ²	逸民	retired and unemployed people; lazy persons.
	宜	fit, right, proper, ought; business, an affair.
-jan ²	宜然	suitable, proper, fitting, becoming.
-jên ²	宜人	title of wives of officers of the 5th rank.

i ²	大	夷	554a276c	distant, barbarian, foreigner,
i ² -jên ²		夷人		a foreigner; a barbarian (fan ¹ pang ¹).
i ² -li ²		夷狄		same.
i ²	言	誼	548a281a	a friend, a disinterested friend; virtue, goodness
i ² -yu ³		誼友		a disinterested friend,
i ² (tzu ¹)	肉	脛	554c276a	soap (fei ² tsoa ¹).
i ² -chih ¹		脛脂		same
i ²	具	馳	558c274c	to transfer rank to one's father or ancestors,
i ² -jên ¹		馳封		same.
i ²	人	佾	569a1097c	a row of dancers in Chou dynasty.
i ² -si ¹ êng ¹		佾生		a B. A. in merit, though not admitted.
i ²	是	迤	559a274c	the side, to extend towards.
i ²	人	佚	568c1097b	peaceful, ease, rest, retirement.
i ²	言	詣	569b284b	to go to, to arrive at, to, at.
I ³	人	以	561a278a	to use; the cause; towards, M. 424.
i ³ -hi ²		以及		together with, and also.
i ³ -ch'ü ¹		以期		in order that, to the end that, in hope of, etc.
i ³ -ch'iang ² -yu ⁴ -jo ⁴		以強壓弱		to use strength to oppress the weak.
i ³ -h'ien ²		以前		before, in front of.
i ³ -chih ² p ¹⁰ -yüan ⁴		以直報怨		to reward hatred with justice (Confucius).
i ³ -h'ih ⁴		以致		and cause, so that, etc.
i ³ -chih ¹ -ju ² -tzu ³		以致如此		and so brought things to this pass,
i ³ -ch'ing ¹ -ch'ien ¹ -k'ua ³		以清欠欸		in order to clear off indebtedness.
i ³ -to ⁴		以後		after, behind.
i ³ -hsien ¹		以先		before, previous.
i ³ -sin ⁴ -liang ¹ -chia ¹		以信相交		to be sincere in friendship.
i ³ -wei ² -li ⁴		以義爲利		to regard righteousness as profit.
i ⁴ -nei ⁴		以內		inside of, within.
i ³ -shin ⁴ -shêng ¹ -o ⁴		以善勝惡		to overcome evil with good.
i ³ -shang ¹		以上		above, on the top.
i ³ -shih ⁴		以勢		by power or influence.
i ³ -tao ¹		以刀		with a knife.
i ³ -tao ¹ -sha ¹ -jên ²		以刀殺人		to kill a person with a knife.
i ³ -tao ⁴ -hua ³ -jên ²		以道化人		to civilize by doctrine.
i ³ -tê ² -pao ⁴ -yü ¹		以德報怨		to return good for evil.
i ³ -tin ⁴ -tzu ³ -an ⁴		以定此案		in order to close this case (law).
i ³ -wai ⁴		以外		to except; beyond.
i ³ -wei ²		以爲		in order that; to the end that; to esteem as.
i ³ -yen ² -hsian ¹ -ch'üan ⁴		以言相勸		to mutually exhort.
i ³	已	已	562a278c	finished, ended, done, past; to decline.
i ³ -ch'êng ²		已成		already completed.
i ³ -ching ¹		已經		already. M. 17, 461.

² -ching ¹ -wan ² -liao ³	已經完了	already finished.
¹ -chin ³	已久	of long standing, for a long time.
³ -kuo ⁴ -liao ³	已過了	already past.
³ -man ³	已滿	already full, already expired.
¹ -pi ⁴	已畢	finished.
³ -ting ⁴	已定	already decided.
³ -s'én ²	已甚	very excessive.
¹ -tso ⁴	已做	already done.
³ -wang ³	已往	already past.
手 才	擬 ^{556c280a}	to decide. See ni ³ .
¹ -i ⁴	擬議	to propose for deliberation, submit to Emperor.
¹ -ting ⁴	擬定	to form a judgment, to decide.
¹ -tsui ⁴	擬罪	to sentence (ting ¹ tsui).
¹ -tu ⁴	擬度	to estimate (tu ⁴ liang ⁴).
人	倚 ^{548a279a}	to lean against, to depend upon.
¹ -chung ⁴	倚仗	to depend upon, to lean against, reliance on.
¹ -ho ¹	倚桌	a low table on a divan (k'ang ⁴ cho ¹).
¹ -ch'iang ³ -ya ⁴ -jo ⁴	倚強壓弱	to rely on strength to oppress the weak.
¹ -i ¹	倚依	to depend on.
¹ -k'ao ⁴	倚靠	same.
¹ -kuan ¹ -chang ¹ -shih ⁴	倚官仗勢	relying on official influence (chang ¹ shih ⁴ li ⁴).
¹ -lai ⁴	倚賴	to depend upon, to lean against.
¹ -lan ² -kun ¹	倚欄杆	leaning on a balustrade.
¹ -m'én ²	倚門	to lean against a door.
¹ -p'ung ²	倚傍	to lean or recline against; to draw near.
¹ -shih ⁴	倚勢	to depend on power or influence.
¹ -shih ⁴ -li ⁴	倚勢力	same.
¹ -shih ⁴	倚恃	to depend upon, reliance on, dependence upon.
¹ -wo ³ -k'an ⁴ -lai ²	倚我看來	in my estimation (chü ⁴ tz'ü ³ k'an ⁴ lai ²).
虫	蟻 ^{560b279c}	the ant (ma ³ i ³).
¹ -ch'in ¹	蟻丘	an ant-hill.
¹ -ch'ung ²	蟻虫	the ant.
¹ -hsin ² -hsiang ¹	蟻行鄉	a ball or colony of ants.
¹ -wo ¹	蟻窩	ant-hill.
¹ -yung ³	蟻樣	an ant.
(tzü)	木 椅 ^{548b279b}	a chair.
¹ -k'ao ⁴ -tzü ³	椅靠子	the back of a chair.
¹ -p'i ¹	椅披	a piece of red cloth hung over a chair.
¹ -ta ¹	椅搭	same.
¹ -tien ⁴ -tzü ³	椅墊子	a chair cushion (tso ⁴ ju ⁴).
(tzü)	尸 尾 ^{1243b1051a}	the tail, the end. See wei ³ .
¹ -pa ¹	尾巴	same.
矣	矣 ^{563a279a}	final particle; affirmation.

I ⁴	羊 義	559a280b	good, proper, disinterested, righteous; justice
i ⁴ -chên ⁴	義	賑	government relief to the poor (fang ⁴ chên ⁴).
i ⁴ -ch'í ⁴	義	氣	heroism, patriotism, chivalry.
i ⁴ -chieh ²	義	節	right rule of conduct, etiquette.
i ⁴ -ching ³	義	井	a public well.
i ⁴ -chung ³	義	塚	a public graveyard, a potter's field.
i ⁴ -chung ⁴ -ju ² -shan ¹	義	重 如山	his rectitude is as firm as a mountain.
i ⁴ -érh ²	義	兒	an adopted son.
i ⁴ -fu ¹	義	夫	a man of high principles (lieh ⁴ shih ⁴).
i ⁴ -fu ⁴	義	父	an adopted father (kan ¹ tieh ¹).
i ⁴ -fu ⁴	義	婦	a virtuous wife.
i ⁴ -hu ²	義	和	friendly, harmonious.
i ⁴ -hsia ²	義	俠	chivalrous, disinterested, quixotic.
i ⁴ -hsieh ²	義	學	a free or public school.
i ⁴ -i ⁴	義	意	the meaning of anything; good-hearted.
i ⁴ -jên ²	義	人	a righteous man.
i ⁴ -kang ⁴	義	杠	a funeral association.
i ⁴ -li ³	義	理	proper, correct.
i ⁴ -nü ³	義	女	adopted daughter, a slave-girl.
i ⁴ -ping ¹	義	兵	volunteer troops (hsiang ¹ yung ³).
i ⁴ -shih ⁴	義	士	an eminent scholar or soldier, a knight-errant.
i ⁴ -tê ²	義	德	righteous, good, virtuous.
i ⁴ -ti ⁴	義	地	a public cemetery.
i ⁴ -t'ien ²	義	田	land tilled for benefit of poor.
i ⁴ -ts'ang ¹	義	倉	a public granary.
i ⁴ -tu ⁴	義	渡	a public free ferry (pai ³ tu ⁴).
i ⁴ -tzü ³	義	子	an adopted son (kuo ⁴ chi ⁴).
i ⁴ -wai ⁴ -chih ¹ -ts'ai ²	義	外 之 財	unrighteous wealth.
i ⁴	言 議	560b280c	to discuss, to consult, to deliberate, to plan.
i ⁴ chêng ⁴ .chü ²	議	政 局	(French) Chamber or Deputies.
i ⁴ .chêng ¹ -wang ²	議	政 王	a Prince Regent.
i ⁴ .ch'ü ¹ -chang ¹ -ch'êng ⁴	議	出 章 程	regulations the result of discussion.
i ⁴ .ch'ü ⁴	議	處	to consult and decide on penalty (the Boards).
i ⁴ .hsü ⁴	議	恤	consider what honors should be bestowed.
i ⁴ .lun ⁴	議	論	to debate, to discuss, to consult (shang ¹ i ⁴).
i ⁴ .lun ⁴ .jên ¹ .jên ¹	議	論 紛 紛	many different views.
i ⁴ .lun ⁴ .pu ⁴ .tao ⁴	議	論 不 到	cannot be discussed.
i ⁴ .ming ²	議	明	to agree on.
i ⁴ .shih ⁴ .t'ing ¹	議	事 廳	a senate, a ministry.
i ⁴ .tan ¹	議	單	a written agreement.
i ⁴ .ting ⁴	議	定	to deliberate and determine.
i ⁴ .ts'c ²	議	擇	to choose, to select.
i ⁴ .tsou ⁴	議	奏	to deliberate and report to the Throne.

-yüan ⁴	議院	parliament.
-chien ⁴	心意	meaning, purpose, motive, intention, ideas, etc.
-chien ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ho ³	意見不合	an idea, an opinion.
-hsiang ³	意見	opinions differing.
-hsiang ³	意想	to think.
-hui ⁴	意向	intention, end in view.
-i ¹ -ssü ¹ -ssü ¹	意會	to conceive mentally, to imagine.
-liao ² -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴	意思	undecided, irresolute (êrh ⁴ êrh ⁴ hu ¹ hu ¹).
-ma ³	意料不到	cannot be conjectured.
-man ³ hsin ¹ -tsu ²	意馬	ardour, zeal, enthusiasm.
-ssü ¹	意滿心足	satisfied.
-t'ai ⁴	意思	thoughts, intentions, will, meaning.
-ts'un ²	意態	exhibition of thought, ideas, reflections.
-wai ⁴	意存	on purpose, intentionally; wishes, desires.
-wai ⁴ -chih ¹ -hsiang ³	意外	beyond what one thought of, unexpected.
-yüan ⁴	意外之想	unthought of idea (hsiang ³ pu ⁴ tao ⁴).
-chi ⁴	意願	a wish, a desire.
-hsi ³	憶	to think, to consider, to reflect, to remember.
-huai ³	憶記	to recollect (chi ⁴ nien ⁴).
-nien ⁴	憶昔	to remember old times.
-ssü ¹	憶懷	to bear in mind.
-ch'ang ²	憶念	to reflect, to consider, to bear in mind.
-chao ⁴	憶思	same.
-chi ⁴ -ch'i ² -shih ⁴	田異	different from, separated; strange, odd, unusual.
-ch'i ²	異常	strange, unusual, out of the common.
-hsiang ¹	異兆	a strange omen.
-hsiang ¹ -p'u ² -pi ²	異蹟	miracles and strange events.
-hsiang ¹	異奇	to be surprised at; strange (ch'á ⁴ i ⁴).
-hsin ¹	異鄉	a different village.
-hsing ⁴	異香	a peculiar incense strikes the nose.
-hsing ⁴ -t'ung ² -chü ¹	異象	different, a vision.
-jèn ²	異心	estranged minds, hearts not well affected.
-nèng ²	異姓	a different surname.
-pang ¹	異姓同居	of different surname, though living together.
-ts'ao ³ -ch'i ² -hua ¹	異人	strangers; magicians.
-tuan ¹	異能	uncommon abilities.
-wei ²	異邦	a foreign country (fan ¹ pang).
-yang ⁴	異草	rare plants and flowers.
-yen ² -i ⁴ -fu ²	異端	depraved, opposed to principle; heresy.
-yü ⁴	異違	to oppose.
	異樣	of a different sort.
	異言	strange language and strange clothes.
	異域	another place; a foreign country.

i ⁴	帥	執	藝	藝	567b283b	profession, business, trade, art, science; ability
i ⁴ -ch'ing ¹				精		ability, clever, scientific.
i ⁴ -n'eng ²				能		talent, ability, skill.
i ⁴ -pu ⁴ -yu ¹ -sh'én ¹				不		equal to the task.
i ⁴ -yeh ⁴				壓		talent, skill.
i ⁴		彳		業	567c1095b	to send on service; inferior employés (ya ² i ⁴).
i ⁴ -ch'ai ¹				役		to send on government service (ch'ai ¹ i ⁴).
i ⁴ -fu ¹				差		inferior employés.
i ⁴ -j'ên ²				夫		same.
i ⁴ -shih ²				使		to send on messages (ch'ai ¹ shih ²).
i ⁴	手	手		抑	568c1093a	to oppress; perhaps, either, whether, or, if.
i ⁴ -huo ⁴				或		or, whether, perhaps, if.
i ⁴ -huo ⁴ -ju ² -tz'ü ³				或		or perhaps thus.
i ⁴ -lê ⁴				抑		to control, to restrain
i ⁴ -sun ³				損		to injure, to oppress, to repress.
i ⁴		上		亦	553c1093b	also, moreover, likewise, besides (yeh ²).
i ⁴ -hao ³				好		also good.
i ⁴ -jan ²				然		also, moreover, likewise, besides.
i ⁴ -k'o ³ -i ³				可		also do, also right.
i ⁴ -shuo ¹				矣		likewise said.
i ⁴		言		亦		likewise said.
i ⁴ -ch'iang ³				說	565a1094b	to translate; a translator, an interpreter.
i ⁴ -i ⁴				譯		to translate, to explain the meaning. [ing
i ⁴ -kuan ¹				講		to translate the meaning; the translated mean
i ⁴ -yin ¹				義		an official interpreter (fan ¹ i ⁴ kuan ¹).
i ⁴ -shu ¹				官		to translate the sound.
i ⁴				音		translate books.
i ⁴ -chan ⁴		馬		書	565a1094b	post; to post; government couriers.
i ⁴ -kuan ³				驛		post stations (yu ² ch'êng ⁴ ch'ü ²).
i ⁴ -ma ³				站		a post-house.
i ⁴				館		post-horses.
i ⁴ -hsi ²		聿		馬	569b284c	practised in, versed in, well acquainted with.
i ⁴ -lao ²				肄		to render familiar (hsi ² kuan ⁴).
i ⁴ -yeh ⁴				習		to labour (lao ² k'u ³).
i ⁴				勞		to study a profession.
i ⁴ -ch'ing ¹		日		業	565a281b	alteration, change, to exchange, easy.
i ⁴ -hsin ⁴				易		Book of Changes. W. I. 627.
i ⁴				經		easy of belief, credulous (êrl ³ to ³ jüan ³).
i ⁴ -ch'üung ⁴		糸		信	564c1094b	the utmost; unceasingly, uninterruptedly.
i ⁴				繹		to exhaust.
i ⁴ -ch'ü ²		大		窮	553c1093b	a long time, of long continuance; to play.
i ⁴				奕		to play chess (hsia ⁴ eh'i ²).
i ⁴				奕		wing, the flanks; to assist.
i ⁴ -chang ³		羽		翼	566c1093c	a colonel (ts'an ¹ ch'iang ⁴).
				翼		
				長		

ch'ih ⁴	翼翅	wings (ch'ih ⁴ fang ³).
	人 億 ^{550a} 1093c	100,000 ; an indefinite number.
chao ⁴	億兆	100,000,000,000 ; the million, the people.
wan ⁴ wan ⁴	億萬萬	numberless.
ch'ih ⁴	疒 疫 ^{568a} 1095c	an epidemic, plague, pestilence.
ping ⁴	疫氣	a pestilential vapour.
	疫病	an epidemic (wên ¹ i ⁴).
ch'ü ³	弋 弋 ^{547a} 1094c	an arrow, a dart ; to shoot.
huo ⁴	弋取	to take hold of.
	弋獲	to lay hold of at once.
hsien ⁴	邑 邑 ^{563b} 1096c	a town, a city.
jên ²	邑縣	a district city.
tsai ³	邑人	citizens.
	邑宰	a ruler of a city, a magistrate.
ssü ³	糸 縊 ^{564b} 284b	to strangle, to hang one's self.
	縊死	to hang one's self (shang ³ tiao ⁴).
N ²	火 然 ^{570a} 285a	yes, really, truly, naturally ; done ; is, am.
n ² -érh ²	然而	but, nevertheless. M. 257.
n ² -fou ³	然否	whether so or not ; uncertain ; is it so or not ?
n ² -hou ⁴	然後	then, afterwards.
n ² -tsé ²	然則	consequently, just the same.
n ² -yeh ³	然也	it is so.
n ²	火 燃 ^{570b} 285b	to light, to burn, to kindle (tien ³ têng ¹).
n ² -huo ³	燃火	to light a fire (shêng ¹ huo ³).
n ² -mei ² -chih ¹ -chi ²	燃眉之急	in utmost need (fig.).
n ² -têng ¹ -fo ²	燃燈佛	one of the Buddhas.
n ²	髻 髻 ^{570c} 285b	the beard, the hair of the face.
n ² -hsü ¹	髻鬚	beard and moustache (hu ² hsü ¹).
n ² -wêng ¹	髻翁	an old man.
N ³	木 染 ^{570c} 286b	to dye, to stain, to affect, to infect, to pollute.
n ³ -ch'ên ²	染塵	worldly (hung ² ch'ên ²).
n ³ -fang ¹	染坊	a dye-shop.
n ³ -huang ² -ch'üan ²	染黃泉	"died in the yellow spring," dead.
n ³ -huang ² -sha ¹	染黃沙	dead.
n ³ -i ¹ -jan ³	染一染	to give a thing a dye.
n ³ -i ¹ -shang ¹	染衣裳	to dye clothes ; soiled or dyed clothes.
n ³ ping ¹	染病	to affect with disease (chan ¹ jau ³).
n ³ -pu ⁴	染布	to dye clothes.
n ³ -pu ⁴ -chiang ⁴	染布匠	a dyer.
n ³ -tien ¹	染店	dye-shop.
n ³ -wu ¹	染污	to pollute (wu ¹ hui ⁴).

JANG³ 手才 攘 571c290a
 jang³-ch'ang² 攘場
 jang³-ch'u² 攘除
 jang³-lin²-chih¹-chi¹ 攘鄰之鷄
 jang³-pei⁴ 攘臂
 jang³-yang² 攘羊
 jang³ 口 嚷 571b291a
 jang³-jang³ 嚷嚷
 jang³-nao⁴ 嚷鬧
 jang³ (tzu) 瓜 瓢 571c290c

to reject, to throw away ; to seize, to steal.
 to winnow the chaff from the grain.
 to reject.
 to steal a neighbour's fowls.
 to eject a person by force.
 to steal sheep (t'ou¹).
 altercation, wrangling, noise of many voices.
 noise of many voices ; to blab, to let out secret
 to quarrel, to wrangle, to make a row.
 { the edible part of a melon ; the inside, the
 { core (jên² tzü³).

JANG¹ 言 讓 572a291c
 jang¹-cho²-yu³-yü² 讓着有餘
 jang¹-chin³ 讓酒
 jang¹-i¹-pu⁴ 讓一步
 jang¹-jên² 讓人
 jang¹-k'o⁴ 讓客
 jang¹-lu¹ 讓路
 jang¹-t'α¹-chin⁴-lai² 讓他進來
 jang¹-to³-shao³ 讓多少
 jang¹-tsai⁴-shang⁴-tso⁴ 讓在上坐
 jang¹-tso⁴ 讓坐位
 jang¹-wei⁴ 讓位
 jang¹-wo³-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴ 讓我過去

complaisant, polite, yielding, to yield.
 by yielding you get more than you want.
 to invite to drink wine,
 stand aside !
 to politely invite a person ; to excuse.
 to invite a guest.
 to give place in passing on a road.
 beg him to come in.
 what discount will you allow ?
 invite to the seat of honor.
 to press a person to be seated.
 to yield a place or seat (t'ui⁴ wei⁴).
 allow me to pass.

JAO² 食 饒 573a292a
 jao²-kuo⁴-shu⁴-tz'ü⁴ 饒過數次
 jao²-liao³-t'α¹ 饒了他
 jao²-liao³-wo³-pa⁴ 饒了我罷
 jao²-ming⁴ 饒命
 jao²-ni³-chê⁴-tz'ü⁴ 饒你這次
 jao²-shu⁴ 饒恕
 jao²-t'α¹-i¹-tun⁴ 饒他一頓
 jao²-t'ou² 饒頭

overplus, excess ; to spare, to excuse.
 forgiven several times.
 forgive him (shê⁴ mien³).
 forgive me !
 to spare life (hsi¹ shên¹).
 let you off this time.
 to forgive.
 to accept a meal from him.
 overplus, excess, supplementary (yü² shêng⁴)

JAO³ 手才 擾 573b292c
 jao³-hai⁴ 擾害
 jao³-hai⁴-li²-min² 擾害黎民
 jao³-lian⁴ 擾亂

to put to trouble ; confusion, disorder.
 to disturb, to throw into confusion.
 to disturb the people.
 to stir up confusion or disorder (chiao² hun⁴).

JAO⁴ 走 遶 573a292c
 jao⁴-cho²-tsou³ 遶着走

to go about or around, to surround.
 to go round (ch'ao¹ cho² chin⁴ tsou³).

o⁴-k'ou³-ling⁴ 遶口令
 o⁴-pu⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴ 遶不過去
 o⁴-wan¹-rh² 遶彎兒
 o⁴-yüan³ 遶遠
 o⁴ 糸 繞 572c292c
 o⁴-chu⁴ 繞住
 o⁴-i¹-tz'u⁴ 繞一次

rigmaroles, catch talk, jingles.
 cannot be evaded by detour.
 to go round a corner (kuai³ wan¹).
 a long way round.
 to wind silk (same as 遶).
 to stop by tying.
 to go round once.

ē³ 心 惹 5S1b293a
 惹着
 惹仇人
 惹出事
 惹嫌
 惹火 燒身
 惹禍
 惹人笑
 惹亂兒
 惹人罵
 惹惱
 惹怒
 惹是非
 惹他不起
 惹厭

to stimulate, to excite, to induce.
 hiccupping; aggravating.
 to make enemies.
 to provoke something unpleasant.
 to provoke dislike or suspicion (t'ao³ jên² hsien²).
 to stir up fire and burn one's self.
 to bring calamities on one's self.
 to cause people to laugh.
 to get one self into trouble.
 provoke people to revile.
 to provoke to anger.
 same.
 to stir up mischief (t'iao² so¹).
 dare not provoke him.
 to provoke dislike, aversion, etc.

火 熱 熱 581c293a
 熱腸
 熱腸腸的
 熱車
 熱氣
 熱氣 騰騰
 熱酒
 熱決
 熱河
 熱心
 熱呼呼的
 熱渾身汗
 熱鬧
 熱病
 熱殺人
 熱死人
 熱騰騰的
 熱天

warm, hot; ardent, affectionate (wên¹, nuau³).
 affectionate (ch'in¹ jé⁴).
 quite eager, yearning.
 a smart cart.
 steam, hot vapour.
 hot air ascends.
 hot wine.
 immediate execution of criminal (chüeh³ tsui⁴).
 Jehol, one of the Imperial Summer Palaces.
 { affectionate; an ardent mind, a warm
 { heart; zeal.
 quite warm, comfortable.
 heated till in a big sweat.
 noise, bustle, clamour, noisy, bustling.
 fever (shao¹ ping¹).
 unbearably hot (tsao⁴ jê⁴).
 same.
 steaming hot.
 hot weather; a hot day; summer (fu² t'ien¹).

JÈN ²	人 亻 儿	人 577a286a	human beings, a man. M. 125.
jên ² -chia ¹	人家	人家	human beings, persons, families.
jên ² -ch'iang ² ma ³ -chuan ¹	人强马壮	人强马壮	troops in excellent condition, also metaph.
jên ² chien ¹	人間	人間	mankind (fan ² chien ¹).
jên ² -ch'ing ²	人情	人情	the human feelings; kindness; a present.
jên ² -chung ¹	人中	人中	the raphis, middle of upper lip.
jên ² -chung ¹ -huang ²	人中黄	人中黄	a kind of medicine (excrement).
jên ² chung ¹ -pai ²	人中白	人中白	medicine (urine).
jên ² -j'an ⁴	人犯	人犯	a criminal, accused persons.
jên ² -ho ²	人和	人和	popular; a favourite.
jên ² -hsiang ⁴	人像	人像	a likeness (chao ⁴ hsiang ⁴).
jên ² -hsin ¹ pu ⁴ -tsu ²	人心不足	人心不足	man's heart is never satisfied.
jên ² -jên ²	人人	人人	all men, everybody, every one.
jên ² -jên ² -tu ¹ -yu ³	人人都有	人人都有	all have.
jên ² -k'o ⁴	人客	人客	a visitor, a guest.
jên ² -k'ou ³	人口	人口	persons, human beings, individuals.
jên ² -k'un ⁴ -na ³ fa ²	人困馬乏	人困馬乏	troops utterly worn out, also metaph.
jên ² -lao ² -hsi ¹ -t'ü ³	人老惜子	人老惜子	the old dote on their offspring.
jên ² lei ⁴	人類	人類	mankind
jên ² -li ¹	人力	人力	man's or human strength or ability.
jên ² -lün ²	人倫	人倫	the five relations of mankind. See <i>wu²-lün²</i> .
jên ² -ma ³	人馬	人馬	man and horse, troops generally.
jên ² -mao ⁴	人貌	人貌	the human countenance (hsiang ⁴ mao ⁴).
jên ² -ming ¹	人命	人命	a human life, a case of life and death.
jên ² -ming ⁴ -kuan ¹ -t'ien ¹	人命關天	人命關天	a man's life is in the care of Heaven.
jên ² -p'in ² -chih ⁴ -tuan ³	人貧志短	人貧志短	when poor, resolution fails (a proverb).
jên ² -p'in ³	人品	人品	a person's conduct or manner (p'in ³ hsing ⁴),
jên ² -p'in ³ -tuan ¹ -fang ¹	人品端方	人品端方	conduct upright.
jên ² -shên ¹	人身	人身	a man's body.
jên ² -shên ¹	人參	人參	ginseng.
jên ² -shên ²	人神	人神	man's spirit.
jên ² -shih ⁴	人氏	人氏	a person's place, name or family.
jên ² -tao ⁴	人道	人道	the principles of human conduct.
jên ² -t'ing ¹	人丁	人丁	a man.
jên ² -t'ing ⁴ -shih ² -hou ⁴	人定時候	人定時候	when all the world was at rest.
jên ² -to ¹ -shih ⁴ -chung ⁴	人多勢衆	人多勢衆	numbers count, e.g., in fight.
jên ² -ts'ai ²	人才	人才	ability, talent (ts'ai ² fên ⁴).
jên ² -ts'ai ² -liang ³ -k'ung ¹	人財兩空	人財兩空	thief and his booty both gone.
jên ² -t'ü ³	人子	人子	a son of man; Christ.
jên ² -wang ² -chia ¹ -pai ⁴	人亡家敗	人亡家敗	utter ruin of a family.
jên ² -wu ¹	人物	人物	men and all other created things, mankind.
jên ² -yu ² -t'ü ³	人牙子	人牙子	a slave dealer.
jên ² -yüan ²	人員	人員	officials (kuan ¹ yüan ²).

人 仁 578b2S7a
 仁愛
 仁政
 仁者壽
 仁者無敵
 仁君
 仁恩
 仁兒
 仁父
 仁心
 仁憲
 仁兄弟
 仁惠
 仁義
 仁義兩全
 仁義廉恥
 仁民
 仁德
 仁子
 仁慈
 仁聞
 仁研
 士 壬 575c2S7b

humane, humanity, benevolence, charity.
 benevolence, charity, kind-hearted.
 humane government.
 the benevolent man lives long.
 the benevolent have no enemies.
 a humane prince (ming² chūn¹)
 loving grace.
 a seed, a kernel.
 an adopted father (i⁴ fu⁴).
 a benevolent heart.
 a just official ; the authorities.
 sworn friend (mêng² hsiang¹ ti⁴).
 benevolence, charity.
 benevolence and justice, honest.
 love and justice both preserved.
 charity and modesty.
 benevolence to the people.
 benevolence, charity, mercy.
 a seed, a kernel (jang³ tzū³).
 benevolence, kindness, kind-hearted, feeling.
 famous for benevolence, a benevolent character.
 arsenic (p'ī¹ shuang¹).
 astronomical character ; north ; black ; water.

心 忍 574c2S7c
 忍飢
 忍氣吞聲
 忍着罷
 忍心
 忍心害理
 忍性
 忍辱報仇
 忍耐
 忍不住
 忍不得
 忍不過去
 忍受
 忍為高

to bear patiently, to endure; fortitude, patience.
 to bear hunger (ai² o⁴).
 to smother one's indignation.
 be patient!
 hard-hearted, callous to suffering, etc.; patient.
 to steel one's heart, and destroy reason.
 a patient disposition. [revenge.
 to put up with insult now, in order to future
 to endure, to put up with, patient (nai⁴ fan²).
 unable to endure, etc.
 unable to endure (nai⁴ pu⁴ chu⁴).
 cannot be put up with (pu⁴ nai⁴ fan²).
 to endure.
 patience is a virtue.

人 任 575c2S9c
 任重
 任性
 任性忍為

a trust, a post, an office. M. 21S.
 an important trust.
 determined, resolute; selfish.
 to act in arbitrary manner.

jĕn⁴-i⁴
 jĕn⁴-i⁴-so³-wei²
 jĕn⁴-k'on³-hu²-shuo¹
 jĕn⁴-mo¹
 jĕn⁴-man³-t'ing¹-shêng¹
 jĕn⁴-m'ing⁴-yu²-t'ien¹
 jĕn⁴-ni¹
 jĕn⁴-p'ing²
 jĕn⁴-p'ing²-ni³-pa⁴
 jĕn⁴-p'ing²-t'u¹-shuo¹
 jĕn⁴-shang⁴
 jĕn⁴-s'ên²-ma¹
 jĕn⁴-shui¹
 jĕn⁴ ts'ung¹
 jĕn⁴-ts'ung¹-ni³
 jĕn⁴-tzŭ'-i⁴
 jĕn⁴-yung⁴
 jĕn⁴ 言
 jĕn⁴-chên¹
 jĕn⁴-chên¹-pan⁴-li³
 jĕn⁴-hên¹-t'ı¹-pan⁴
 jĕn⁴-chien⁴
 jĕn⁴-ch'in¹
 jĕn⁴-chun³-liao³
 jĕn⁴-fu²
 jĕn⁴-pa³
 jĕn⁴-p'iao⁴
 jĕn⁴-pu⁴-ch'ing¹
 jĕn⁴-pu⁴-ch'u¹-lai²
 jĕn⁴-pu⁴ ch'üan²
 jĕn⁴-pu⁴-shih⁴
 jĕn⁴-shêng¹
 jĕn⁴-shih⁴
 jĕn⁴-ta³
 jĕn⁴-tê²
 jĕn⁴-tê²-tzŭ⁴
 jĕn⁴-ting⁴
 jĕn⁴-ts'ô⁴
 jĕn⁴-tsui⁴
 jĕn⁴ 刀 刃
 jĕn⁴-rh²
 jĕn⁴-fêng¹-k'uai¹
 jĕn⁴ 糸

任意
 任意所為
 任口胡說
 任麼
 任滿聽陞
 任命由天
 任你憑
 任憑你罷
 任憑他說
 任上
 任甚麼
 任誰
 任從
 任從你
 任自意
 任用
 言認 575a289a
 認真
 認真辦理
 認真的辦
 認見親
 認準了
 認罰
 認保票
 認不清
 認不出來
 認不全是
 認不是
 認不生
 認識
 認打
 認得
 認得字
 認定
 認錯
 認罪
 刃 574a288b
 刃兒
 刃鋒快
 糸 574b289a

to indulge one's self, selfish.
 same.
 to talk bosh (hu² shuo¹ pa⁴ tao⁴).
 in this way.
 when the term expires, wait promotion.
 fate depends on Heaven.
 as you please.
 at liberty to ; trusting in, confiding in.
 suit yourself !
 let him talk !
 one's post, at one's post.
 anything, no matter what. M. 218.
 no matter who (pu⁴ chü¹).
 at liberty to ; trusting in, confiding in.
 do as you please.
 to indulge one's self, selfish.
 use it as you like ?
 to recognise, to know, to be acquainted with,
 with diligence, diligently ; to acknowledge.
 to act according to facts.
 to take energetic action.
 to recognize
 to be sanguine, to be certain.
 to recognise with certainty.
 to admit that one deserves punishment.
 a graduate security for candidate (hu³ pa³).
 to acknowledge the bill or note.
 cannot make out for certain.
 cannot make him out.
 do not recognize all the characters.
 to acknowledge one's fault.
 to recognise one to be stranger, as child or dog.
 to know, to be acquainted with.
 to admit you deserve a beating.
 to know.
 to know characters (shih⁴ tzŭ⁴).
 make up one's mind.
 to apologize, to acknowledge one's error.
 to confess one's guilt (hsieh⁴ kuo⁴).
 the edge of a knife, etc.; dangerous.
 the edge of a knife, etc.
 sharp point and edge.
 to thread, as a needle.

- ⁴-chén¹ 紉針 to thread a needle (ch'uan¹ chén¹).
 (shén) 禾 稔 578c2SSb corn ears, ripe grain.
⁴-ku³ 稔 穀 grain in ear, ripe grain; good crops.
 (shén, chén) 木 葚 椹 55a737c the mulberry fruit.
- ⁷G¹ 手 才 扌 擲 579b291b to throw, to throw away (p'ao¹ p'ieh¹).
¹ 擲 191b71c same. See *chih*⁴.
¹-ch'í⁴ 擲 棄 to throw away, to abandon.
¹-ch'ü⁴ 擲 去 to throw away.
¹-hai²-tzü³ 擲 孩 子 to lose a baby by death.
¹-hsia⁴ 擲 下 to throw down.
¹-liao³-t'ü¹ 擲 了 他 throw it away?
¹-shai³-tzü³ 擲 骰 子 to throw dice.
¹-shang¹ 擲 傷 to wound by throwing.
¹-shih²-t'ou² 擲 石 頭 to throw stones.
¹-tiao⁴ 擲 掉 to throw aside.
¹-tsai⁴-ti⁴ 擲 在 地 to throw on the ground.
- ²G² 人 仍 579a291a again, still as before, same as formerly. M. 263.
²-chiu⁴ 仍 舊 as of old, as formerly.
²-chiu⁴-huan²-shih⁴ 仍 舊 還 是 after all, still.
²-fu⁴ 仍 復 again, as before. [before.
²-jan² 仍 然 still, yet, continuing the same, as formerly, as
²-shih⁴-pu⁴-t'ing¹ 仍 是 不 聽 as disobedient as ever.
²-tao⁴-ch'ien²-ché² 仍 踏 前 轍 again treading in the old paths.
- ⁴ (tzü) 日 日 579c293b the sun; the day. R 75.
⁴-ch'ang² 日 長 the days long or lengthening.
⁴-ch'ang²-t'ien¹-hsien⁴ 日 長 添 線 in long days more can be spun.
⁴-chao⁴ 日 照 an umbrella or parasol, the sun shining.
⁴-chi²-yüeh⁴-lei⁴ 日 積 月 累 gradually increasing as time goes on.
⁴-chi⁴-pu⁴ 日 記 簿 log-book, diary.
⁴-ch'i¹ 日 期 a day, a date (hsien⁴ ch'i¹).
⁴-chien⁴-tsêng¹-chan³ 日 見 增 長 to increase daily.
⁴-chin⁴-tou³-chin⁴ 日 進 斗 金 may a peck of gold come in daily.
⁴-chiu³ 日 久 many days, a long time.
⁴-chiu³-mien²-shén¹ 日 久 年 深 a long time.
⁴-ch'u¹ 日 出 sunrise.
⁴-érh³-man² 日 耳 曼 Germany (tê² kuo³).
⁴-fei⁴ 日 費 daily expenditure.
⁴-hsia⁴ 日 下 these past few days.
⁴-hsin¹-yüeh⁴-shêng⁴ 日 新 月 盛 constant flourishing.

<i>jih⁴-jih⁴</i>	日日	every day, daily (t'ien ¹ t'ien ¹ , chien ⁴ t'ien ¹).
<i>jih⁴-k'ou⁴</i>	日課	a daily task.
<i>jih⁴-kuang¹</i>	日光	the light of the sun; daylight.
<i>jih⁴-kuei¹</i>	日晷	a sun-dial.
<i>jih⁴-kung¹</i>	日工	work done by the day (ch'ang ² kung ¹).
<i>jih⁴-lao⁴</i>	日落	sunset (p'ing ² hsi ¹).
<i>jih⁴-lun²</i>	日輪	the sun's disc.
<i>jih⁴-mou⁴</i>	日沒	the sun sets (jih ⁴ lao ⁴).
<i>jih⁴-mu⁴</i>	日暮	day and night; evening (before the sun sets).
<i>jih⁴-nuan³</i>	日暖	the sun is warm.
<i>jih⁴-pao⁴</i>	日報	daily paper.
<i>jih⁴-pên³</i>	日本	Japan (tung ¹ yang ²).
<i>jih⁴-p'ing²-hsi¹</i>	日平西	the sun level with the west, the sun setting.
<i>jih⁴-shih³</i>	*日食	an eclipse of the sun.
<i>jih⁴-shih²</i>	日蝕	same.
<i>jih⁴-t'ou²</i>	日頭	the sun (t'ai ⁴ yang ²).
<i>jih⁴-ts'ê⁴</i>	日側	the sun declining to the westward.
<i>jih⁴-tuan³</i>	日短	the days short or shortening.
<i>jih⁴-t'ü³ pao²</i>	日子薄	poor; difficulty in getting.
<i>jih⁴-t'ü³-tuan³</i>	日子短	the days are short.
<i>jih⁴-wang⁴-yüeh¹-lai²</i>	日往月來	the flight of time.
<i>jih⁴-yeh⁴</i>	日夜	day and night (chou ⁴ yeh ⁴).
<i>jih⁴-yüeh⁴</i>	日月	the sun and moon; days and months.
<i>jih⁴-yüeh⁴-hsing¹-ch'ên²</i>	日月星辰	sun, moon, and stars.
<i>jih⁴-yüeh⁴-ho²-pi⁴</i>	日月合璧	sun and moon in conjunction (lucky).
<i>jih⁴-yüeh⁴-ju²-so¹</i>	日月如梭	time flies, as the shuttle (kuang ¹ yin ¹ ssü ⁴ chien ⁴).
<i>jih⁴-yung⁴</i>	日用	daily expenditure, daily use.

JO ¹ (jê)	卅	若 ^{580c296a}	if, as. M. 35. 552.
<i>jo⁴-kun¹</i>		若干	countless, numerous; so much (hsü ³ to ¹).
<i>jo⁴-lun¹</i>		若論	if it be argued, as regards, with reference to, etc.
<i>jo⁴-nai³</i>		若乃	as to, but as to.
<i>jo⁴-pu⁴</i>		若不	if not.
<i>jo⁴-pu⁴-jan²</i>		若不然	if not so.
<i>jo⁴-pu⁴-shih⁴</i>		若不是	if it is not.
<i>jo⁴-shih⁴</i>		若是	if, if it is.
<i>jo⁴-shih⁴-pu⁴-hao³</i>		若是不好	if it is not good.
<i>jo⁴-yao⁴</i>		若要	if you want, etc.
<i>jo⁴-yu³</i>		若有	if there are, if you have, etc.
<i>jo⁴</i>	弓	弱 ^{582a295a}	weak, delicate, fragile (jüan ³).
<i>jo⁴-chih²</i>		弱質	a weak constitution.
<i>jo⁴-kuan¹</i>		弱冠	a young man from sixteen to twenty years of age
<i>jo⁴-pu⁴-ti²-ch'iang²</i>		弱不敵強	weak, unable to resist the strong (a proverb).

00 ²	木	柔 ^{582b294a}	soft, tender, pliable, gentle (wên ¹ jou ²).
u ² -ho ²		柔和	mild, forbearing.
u ² -jo ⁴		柔弱	pliable, soft, flexible.
u ² -juan ³		柔軟	same.
u ² -k'o ⁴ -kang ¹		柔克剛	the soft can wear away the hard.
u ² -mao ²		柔毛	soft hair; sheeps' wool.
t ² -mien ²		柔綿	easy-going, compliant.
t ² -shun ⁴		柔順	yielding.
t ⁵ -yü ³		柔語	soft speech.
t ² -yüan ³ -jên ³		柔遠人	to show kindness to men from afar.
t ²	手 才	揉 ^{582b294c}	to rub between the hands; to bend by fire.
t ² -liao ³		揉了	finished, settled, manipulated.
t ² -ts'o ¹		揉搓	to rub between the hands; to worry.
t ²	足	蹂 ^{582c295a}	to tread, to stamp; misfortune, calamity.
t ² -chien ⁴		蹂踐	to trample on (chien ⁴ t'a ⁴).
U ¹	月 肉	肉 ^{583a300b}	meat, flesh.
t ⁴ -an ⁴ -t-zü ³		肉案子	a butcher's block or table.
t ⁴ -chia ⁴ -t-zü ³		肉架子	a butcher's shop.
t ⁴ -hsing ²		肉刑	punishments consisting in mutilation.
t ⁴ -kao ⁴ -shih ⁴		肉告示	a tattler.
t ⁴ -kuei ⁴		肉桂	cinnamon (tou ⁴ k'ou ⁴).
t ⁴ -k'ou ⁴		肉蔻	nutmegs.
t ⁴ -lai ¹ -lai ¹ -ti ¹		肉穰穰的	gross, lubberly. M. 500.
t ⁴ -lin ² -t-zü ³		肉瘤子	a wen, a tumor (fên ² tz'ü ²).
t ⁴ -ma ²		肉麻子	the flesh creeps.
t ⁴ -pao ¹ -t-zü ³		肉包子	meat dumpling.
t ⁴ -p'ien ⁴		肉片	a slice or slices of meat.
t ⁴ -p'u ⁴		肉舖	a butcher's shop.
t ⁴ -shên ¹		肉身	the body.
t ⁴ -shih ⁴		肉市	a meat market, shambles.
t ⁴ -ssü ¹		肉絲	shreds of lean meat.
t ⁴ -tê ² -huang ¹		肉得慌	lazy, lifeless (lan ³ to ⁴).
t ⁴ -ting ⁴		肉疔	an ulcer, a chancre.
t ⁴ -t'ou ²		肉頭	male adulterer.
t ⁴ -wan ² -t-zü ³		肉丸子	meat balls.
t ⁴ -yen ³		肉眼	"flesh eyes," dull sighted, blind (abusive).
t ⁴ -yen ³ -fan ² -t'ai ¹		肉眼凡胎	a mortal man.
	女	如 ^{583c297a}	if, as, like, according to, in accordance with.
t ⁴ -chiao ¹ -ssü ⁴ -ch'i ¹		如膠似漆	inseparably joined together (fig.).
t ⁴ -chin ¹		如今	now, at present.

[M. 381.]

ju²-chin¹-ti¹-jên² 如今的人
 ju².ch'u¹ 如初
 ju²-fa³-p'ao¹-chih⁴ 如法泡製
 ju²-ho² 如何
 ju²-ho²-shih⁴-hao³ 如何是好
 ju²-hsin¹ 如心
 ju²-hsinung¹ 如兄
 ju²-hua⁴-êrh²-ch'êng² 如話而成
 ju²-i⁴ 如意
 ju³-t⁴-ts'uo³ 如意草
 ju²-jan² 如然
 ju²-jih⁴-chih¹-shêng¹ 如日之升
 ju²-jo⁴ 如若
 ju²-ku⁴ 如故
 ju²-kuan¹-ju²-fu³ 如官如府
 ju²-kwo³ 如果
 ju²-lai²-fo² 如來佛
 ju²-ming⁴ 如命
 ju²-shih⁴ 如是
 ju²-mêng⁴-ch'u¹-hsing³ 如夢初醒
 ju²-shih⁴-êrh²-hsing² 如式而行
 ju²-shu³-chi³-t'a¹ 如數給他
 ju²-t'ang¹-p'o¹-hsüeh³ 如湯潑雪
 ju²-ti⁴ 如弟
 ju²-tsai⁴-ch'i²-shang⁴ 如在其上
 ju²-t'ung² 如同
 ju²-tz'ü³ 如此
 ju²-tz'ü³-fang¹-hao³ 如此方好
 ju²-tz'ü³-k'an⁴-lai² 如此看來
 ju²-tz'ü³-pan⁴-li³ 如此辦理
 ju²-yüeh¹-chih¹-hêng² 如月之恒
 ju² 入 儒 585b297c
 ju²-chê³ 儒者
 ju²-chia¹ 儒家
 ju²-chiao⁴ 儒教
 ju²-chiao⁴-chih¹-shou⁴ 儒教之首
 ju²-hsüeh²-lao³-shih¹ 儒學老師
 ju²-hsüeh² 儒學
 ju²-i⁴ 儒醫
 ju²-jên² 儒人
 ju²-shih⁴ 儒士
 ju²-shih⁴-tao⁴ 儒釋道
 ju²-ya³ 儒雅

men of the present day.
 as at first, as before.
 concocted correctly (drugs).
 as what? how.
 how will it do?
 according to one's mind, satisfactory.
 like an elder brother.
 no sooner said than done. [sceptre
 agreeable to onc's wishes, as you like it ;
 trefoil, clover, shamrock.
 if, if it is, etc.
 like the rising of the sun to the zenith.
 if, as if, like as.
 same.
 perfectly satisfactory.
 if indeed, in case.
 an honorary title of the Buddhas.
 according to order.
 thus, so.
 as if recently awakened from a dream.
 to do according to pattern.
 give him according to the number.
 like water spilt in snow.
 like a younger brother.
 as if upon it.
 like .
 thus, as this, in this manner.
 in this manner, and then it will be well.
 thus we see, from which it appears.
 managed thus.
 like the steadfastness of the moon.
 learned, a scholar, literati; a Confucianist.
 men of the learned professions generally.
 scholars; Confucianists.
 Confucianism (shêng⁴ chiao⁴).
 Confucius.
 Director of studies.
 a Director of studies.
 a learned physician.
 men of the learned professions generally.
 same
 Confucianism, Buddhism, and Taoism.
 learned, elegant, accomplished.

	乙	乳 ^{587b298b}	milk ; the breasts ; to suck.
-chih ¹		乳汁	milk (nai ³).
fu ³		乳哺	to give the breast, to suckle.
-hsiang ¹		乳香	olibanum, frankincense. [(hsüeh ² ming ²).
-ming ²		乳名	"milk name," name given a few days after birth
mu ³		乳母	"milk mother," a wet-nurse, a foster-mother.
-nai ³		乳孀	the breast ; milk,
-niang ²		乳娘	a wet-nurse.
-yü ⁴		乳嫗	a wet-nurse (nai ³ ma ¹).
	水	汝 ^{583c298c}	you, your.
	入	入 ^{586c299a}	to enter, to put in, to receive.
-chang ⁴		入賬	receipts (chin ⁴ hsiang ¹).
-ch'ang ²		入場	"to enter the arena," to be examined.
-lien ⁴		入殮	to put the body in the coffin.
ch'ang ³ -k'ao ³ -shih ⁴		入場考試	to enter the arena for examination.
ch'ao ² -mien ⁴ -chün ¹		入朝面君	to have an audience.
-chi ²		入籍	to acquire citizenship.
-chiao ⁴		入教	to enter the church (fêng ⁴ chiao ⁴).
-ch'ien ²		入錢	receipts (chin ⁴ hsiang ⁴).
-ch'ü ⁴		入去	to enter (chin ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
-chui ⁴		入贅	to marry and live with the wife's family. See door on left (theatre).
-hsiang ⁴		入相	income.
-hsiang ⁴		入項	[B. A. (chin ⁴ hsiao ²).
-hsiao ²		入學	"to enter on learning," to attain the first grade
-hua ²		入華	to invade or enter China.
-kao ¹ -mang ²		入膏肓	disease has reached fatal stage.
-k'ao ³		入考	to be examined for a degree.
-k'ou ³ -huo ⁴		入口貨	imports,
-k'ou ⁴		入寇	to invade (of rebels).
-kuan ¹		入官	to be confiscated to government.
-li ³ -mien ⁴		入裡面	to go inside or within.
-mên ²		入門	to enter a door ; to commence study.
-mu ⁴		入幕	a secretary (tso ⁴ mu ⁴).
-nei ⁴ ti ⁴		入內地	to go into the interior.
-p'an ⁴		入泮	to gain the degree of <i>hsiu⁴ ts'ai²</i> .
-fu ¹ -chün ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴		入不進	cannot enter.
-shan ¹ -hsün ⁴ -hsing ²		入山修行	to go to the mountains and be a hermit.
-shang ⁴ -ko ⁴ -ming ²		入上個名	to enter one's name.
-shêng ¹		入聲	the entering tone.
-tsai ⁴ -hsün ⁴ -li ³		入在心裏	to enter the heart.
-tsai ⁴ -nei ⁴		入在內	put it within.
-wei ⁴		入味	interested, appreciative.

[Note 1.

to marry and live with the wife's family. See door on left (theatre).

income.

[B. A. (chin⁴ hsiao²).

"to enter on learning," to attain the first grade

to invade or enter China.

disease has reached fatal stage.

to be examined for a degree.

imports,

to invade (of rebels).

to be confiscated to government.

to go inside or within.

to enter a door ; to commence study.

a secretary (tso⁴ mu⁴).

to go into the interior.

to gain the degree of *hsiu⁴ ts'ai²*.

cannot enter.

to go to the mountains and be a hermit.

to enter one's name.

the entering tone.

to enter the heart.

put it within.

interested, appreciative.

- ju⁴* 辰 辱 586a.299c to insult, to shame, to disgrace, to disgrace. 1e.
ju^{3.4}-chien⁴-jên² 辱賤人 to disgrace a person.
ju⁴-ch'iu¹ 辱親 to disgrace one's parents.
ju^{3.4}-kuo² 辱國 disgrace one's country.
ju⁴-ma⁴ 辱罵 to insult and revile (ling² ju⁴).
ju^{3.4}-mu^{2.4}-liao³-t'ao¹ 辱沒了他 put him to utter shame.
ju⁴-shên¹ 辱身 to disgrace one's self.
ju⁴ (tzu) 衣 褥 586b.300a a mattress, a mat.
ju⁴-t'ao⁴ 褥套 a bed-bag (used when travelling) (pei⁴ t'ao⁴).
ju⁴-tien⁴ 褥墊 a cushion, a pad (tso⁴ ju⁴).
- JUAN³** 車 軟 588a.305b soft, flexible, yielding, weak.
juan³ 軟 588b same.
juan³-ch'ieh⁴ 軟怯 timid, weak.
juan³-ho²-ho²-ti¹ 軟和和的 quite soft, yielding.
juan³-hsin¹-ti¹-jên² 軟心的人 soft hearted.
juan³-jo⁴ 軟弱 weak, feeble.
juan³-lei⁴ 軟肋 the floating ribs.
juan³-lien²-chih³ 軟氈紙 a kind of writing paper.
juan³-lien²-tzü³ 軟簾子 a flexible door-screen.
juan³-mao⁴-tzu³ 軟帽子 soft hat.
juan³-mei² 軟煤 manufactured coal (of coal dust and clay).
juan³-p'êng²-tzü³ 軟棚子 barber's sheds, places for boys, etc. (catamites).
juan³-t'i⁴ 軟梯 a rope ladder.
juan³-ying⁴ 軟硬 soft and hard.
juan³-ying⁴-pu⁴-ch'ih¹ 軟硬不吃 cross-grained (person).
- JUI³** 艸 卅 { 蕊 589a.301b petals, centre of a flower.
ju³ 蕊 same.
ju³ 蕊 same.
ju³-pang³ 蕊榜 a list of chin-shih graduates.
- JUI⁴** 玉 瑞 589b.782b an auspicious omen, good fortune, blessings.
ju⁴-ch'ü⁴ 瑞氣 an auspicious omen, good fortune, blessings.
ju⁴-ch'ü⁴-ch'ien²-t'iao² 瑞氣千條 glowing rays, e.g., of setting sun.
ju⁴-hsüeh³ 瑞雪 seasonable snow. [(chi² jih
ju⁴-jih⁴ 瑞日 an auspicious day; good or pleasant weather.
ju⁴-kuo² 瑞 瑞 Sweden (瑞典).
ju⁴ 金 銳 589b.302a a pointed weapon; sharp, keen, piercing.
ju⁴-ch'ü⁴ 銳氣 valour.
ju⁴-li⁴ 銳利 sharp, pointed and sharp.
ju⁴-min³ 銳敏 acute, keen, vigorous, sharp.
ju⁴ 目 叡 睿 589c.301c clever, profound.

chih ⁴	睿	智	great wisdom.
閏	閏	589c302a	an intercalary month; an additional one.
chih ³	指	閏	six-fingered, an additional finger.
liang ³ -ko ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	閏	兩個月	to intercalate two months.
sui ⁴	閏	歲	an intercalary year.
yüeh ⁴	閏	月	an intercalary month.
水	潤	590a302b	moist, to moisten, to instil into; to benefit.
tsü ³	潤	澤	moist, to moisten, to enrich with moisture.
yü ³	潤	雨	to moisten with rain.
榮	榮	590c1146b	honor, rank, glory; gay, brilliant.
ch'ung ³	寵	榮	to love, to honour.
hua ²	華	榮	splendour, splendid, glorious.
hua ² -fu ⁴ -kuei ⁴	華	富貴	splendour, riches, and honours.
hua ² -shu ⁴	華	樹	name of a beautiful flowering tree.
ju ⁴	辱	榮	honour and disgrace.
kuang ¹	光	榮	splendour, glorious
kuei ¹	歸	榮	to retire honorably from public life.
ming ²	名	榮	a glorious name.
tsung ¹ -yao ⁴ -tsu ³	宗	耀祖	to do honor to one's ancestors.
wei ¹	威	榮	glory, honour; noble-looking.
yao ⁴	耀	榮	brilliant, splendid.
戈	戎	591b303a	a weapon; to campaign; military.
chuang ¹	裝	戎	military clothing, equipments, military array.
fu ³	服	戎	military clothing (hao ⁴ i ¹)
hang ²	行	戎	the army, the ranks.
i ¹	衣	戎	military clothes.
ping ¹	兵	戎	military weapons (ping ¹ jên ⁴).
wu ³	伍	戎	the ranks, the army (tui ⁴ wu ³).
糸	絨	591c303b	velvet, cloth, worsted flannel, coarse silk.
hsien ⁴	線	絨	silk thread.
hua ¹	花	絨	silk embroidered flowers.
hua ¹ -shu ⁴	花	樹	silk tree (acacia).
mao ²	毛	絨	wool.
mien ² -pu ⁴	綿	布	woollen and cotton mixtures, lustres, etc.
t'an ³ -tzü ³	毯	子	woollen rug.
tzü ⁴	字	絨	characters made of velvet.
毛	氈	591c303c	felt, cloth.
chan ¹ -tzü ³	氈	子	felt rugs.
hsieh ²	鞋	氈	felt shoes.
mao ⁴	帽	氈	felt hats.
容	容	592a1146c	the countenance, aspect; to countenance. See [yung ² .

<i>jung²-chih³</i>	容止	carriage, address, behaviour.
<i>jung²-hsiang⁴</i>	容像	a portrait (chao ⁴ hsiang ⁴).
<i>jung²-i⁴</i>	容易	easy.
<i>jung²-jang⁴</i>	容讓	polite, complaisant, yielding.
<i>jung²-jên³-chih¹-liang⁴</i>	容人之量	capacity for bearing with others.
<i>jung²-jên²-ti¹-kuo⁴</i>	容人的過	to forgive people's faults.
<i>jung²-jên³</i>	容忍	to endure, to tolerate.
<i>jung²-liu²</i>	容留	to allow to remain.
<i>jung²-mao⁴</i>	容貌	figure, appearance, countenance or aspect.
<i>jung²-nu⁴</i>	容納	to receive and contain, to endure, to tolerate.
<i>jung²-ping³</i>	容稟	to allow to petition.
<i>jung²-pu¹-hsia⁴</i>	容不下	not large enough to hold it.
<i>jung²-shu⁴</i>	容恕	to forgive, to pardon (shé ⁴ mien ³ , jao ² shu ⁴).
<i>jung²-t'í³</i>	容體	a person's figure and manner (hsiang ⁴ mao ⁴).
<i>jung²-wo³-chí³-t'ien¹</i>	容我幾天	grant me a few days.
<i>jung²-yen²</i>	容顏	the countenance.
<i>jung²</i>	人備	1322b1148a to serve for hire ; to hire.
<i>jung²-jên²</i>	備人	a person hired (ku ⁴ kung ¹).
<i>jung² kung¹</i>	備工	to hire for labour ; hired labour.
<i>jung²-lin⁴</i>	備賃	to be let out for hire (ch'u ¹ lin ⁴).
<i>jung²</i>	木榕	592c1147a the bastard banyan.
<i>jung²-ch'êng²</i>	榕城	Foochow.
<i>jung²-shu⁴</i>	榕樹	banyan tree.
<i>jung²</i>	金鎔	593a1147a to mould, to smelt.
<i>jung²-hua⁴</i>	鎔化	to melt metal.
<i>jung²</i>	虫融	593b1147b to blend. Also <i>jung</i> .
<i>jung²-ho²</i>	融和	mixed together.
<i>jung²-hua⁴</i>	融化	to melt, destroy.
<i>jung²-hua⁴-kuan⁴-t'ung¹</i>	融會貫通	brought together and thoroughly understood.
<i>jung²</i>	艸廿蓉	593a1147a African marigold (fu ² gung ²).
<i>jung²</i>	茸	590b304a tinder ; horn ; thick, confused (ln ⁴ gung ²).

JUNG³

<i>jung³-fei⁴</i>	冗	冗 593b304b odds and ends ; scattered ; hurried.
<i>jung³-kuan¹</i>	冗費	extra expenditure.
<i>jung³-li⁴</i>	冗官	officers off duty or not employed.
<i>jung³-pin¹</i>	冗吏	same.
<i>jung³-shih²</i>	冗兵	extra troops.
<i>jung³-shih²-chih¹-jien²</i>	冗食	sinecures.
<i>jung³-tsa²</i>	冗食之員	officers who hold sinecures.
<i>jung³</i>	冗雜	confused, scattered.
<i>jung³-chi¹</i>	毛毳	593c303c down, fur ; to fledge.
<i>jung³-mao²</i>	毳雞	a chicken (fledgling).
	毳毛	fine soft hair, down, fur.

ng³-yü³
 A¹
 1-chih¹-i¹-shêng¹
 1-niu⁴
 1-pêng¹-ts'ui⁴
 1-ka¹
 1-la¹-êrh²

翫羽

down.

口 嘎 593a357c
 嘎吱一聲
 嘎謬
 嘎引棚危
 嘎嘎
 噤 ○ ○
 噤拉兒

noise of chirping birds, laughter, etc.
 there was a crash.
 eccentric, queer.
 very brittle (ts'ui⁴ shêng¹ shêng¹ ti¹).
 imitation of a certain sound.
 (used in combination following).
 a corner, e. g., of a room (Pekingese).

A¹
 1-k'ua¹
 1-k'a¹-ti¹-hsiao⁴
 1-pa¹
 1-pa¹-tang¹
 1-tsa²-tzü³
 1 (ch'ia)
 1-fung²
 1-lun²
 1-lu⁴
 1 (or ha)
 1-la¹

嘎 593a357c
 嘎嘎
 嘎嘎的笑
 嘎巴
 嘎巴襠
 嘎雜子
 卜 卡 118b940b
 卡房
 卡倫
 卡路
 口 哈 386a218a
 哈喇

noise of laughter.
 same.
 a roar of laughter.
 an angle, a fork of a tree (mu⁴ ch'a¹).
 fork of the trousers.
 cross-grained man; bastard. [chia¹.
 a pass, a barrier, a station, a guard-house. See
 a guard-house (kuan¹ ch'ia¹).
 a Customs' barrier.
 an important pass.
 sound of laughter.
 broad-cloth (ha¹ la¹, ta⁴ ni²).

I¹
 1-chan³
 1-chung⁴-ti¹
 1-ch'ien²
 1-ch'ien²-pu⁴-huan²
 1-ch'ien⁴
 1-cho²
 1-jun²
 1-pan¹
 1-pu⁴-kai¹
 1-pu⁴-i⁴-ch'u³
 1-pu⁴-i⁴-tsou⁴
 1-sha¹-ti¹
 1-ssü³
 1-ta³
 1-ta³-chiu⁴-ta³
 1-ta⁴-ch'ên²
 1-ta⁴-ju²-tz'ü³
 1-t'a¹-ti¹
 1-to¹-shao³

言 該 594b306a
 該斬
 該賬的
 該錢
 該錢不還
 該欠
 該著
 該然
 該班
 該不該
 該部議處
 該部議奏
 該殺的
 該死
 該打
 該打就打
 該大臣
 該他如此
 該他的
 該多少

to owe; ought, shouts, right, proper.
 ought to be beheaded.
 a debtor (chai⁴ jên²).
 to owe money.
 refusing to pay your debts.
 to owe.
 ought, right, proper; owing, to owe.
 ought, right, proper.
 one's turn on duty.
 should you or not? expecting negative.
 let the said Board consult and settle case.
 let the said Board consult and report.
 ought to die, a good for nothing.
 same.
 deserves a beating.
 merits a beating and gets it.
 the said high official.
 thus is his fate (ming⁴).
 to owe him.
 how much is owing? etc.

kai¹-tang¹ 該當
 kai¹-tan¹-ho²-tsui⁴ 該當何罪
 kai¹-ying¹ 該應

KAI³ 支 改^{595a307a}
 kai³-ch'ao²-huan⁴-ti⁴ 改朝換帝
 kai³-chêng⁴ 改正
 kai³-ch'i¹ 改期
 kai³-chia⁴ 改嫁
 kai³-chuang¹-i¹-fu² 改裝衣服
 kai³-hang² 改行
 kai³-hsiao¹ 改削
 kai³-hsieh²-kuei¹-chêng³ 改邪歸正
 kai³-hsing² 改形
 kai³-huan⁴ 改換
 kai³-i² 改移
 kai³-i⁴ 改易
 kai³-jên² 改人
 kai³-jih⁴ 改日
 kai³-jih⁴-lai² 改日來
 kai³-jih⁴-tsai⁴-chien⁴ 改日再見
 kai³-jung² 改容
 kai³-kuo⁴ 改過
 kai³-kuo⁴-tzi⁴-hsin¹ 改過自新
 kai³-ming² 改名
 kai³-ming²-huan⁴-hsing⁴ 改名換姓
 kai³-o⁴-ts'ung²-shan⁴ 改惡從善
 kai³-pien⁴ 改變
 kai³-sê⁴ 改色
 kai³-t'ou²-huan⁴-mien⁴ 改頭換面
 kai³-tsao⁴ 改造
 kai³-tun⁴ 改頓

ought, should, it is my duty (polite).
 what penalty should be given?
 ought (ying¹ kai¹).

to change, to alter, to reform.
 a change of dynasty.
 to reform, to correct, to alter.
 to change the date.
 to marry a second husband (êrh⁴ lai² lai²).
 to adopt a disguise.
 to change one's trade or occupation.
 to amend and erase.
 to change from corrupt to right courses.
 to alter in appearance, etc.
 to change.
 to shift, to remove.
 to alter.
 to banter a person.
 another day, some other time.
 come some other day.
 I'll see you again shortly, good bye!
 to change colour (through sickness).
 to reform, to amend; reformation, altered.
 to reform, to become a new man.
 to change one's name.
 same.
 to reform, to turn over a new leaf.
 to change, to alter.
 to change colour, changed colour.
 "alter head change face," to disguise one's self
 to additionally do, to rebuild.
 to change regular diet.

KAI⁴ 艸 廿 蓋 { 蓋^{595b307c}
 kai⁴ 蓋
 kai⁴-ch'ien¹ 蓋愆
 kai⁴-chu¹-wo¹ 蓋猪窩
 kai⁴-t'rh² 蓋兒
 kai⁴-fan²-tzi³ 蓋房子
 kai⁴-kai⁴-t'ou² 蓋蓋頭
 kai⁴-miao⁴-chu²-t'a³ 蓋廟築塔
 kai⁴-pei¹-wo¹ 蓋被窩
 kai⁴-pu⁴-yen³ 蓋不掩

to cover; a cover; to build.
 same.
 to screen a fault.
 to built a pigsty.
 a cover.
 to build a house (hsiu¹ kai⁴).
 to cover the head with the bed clothes.
 to build temples and rear pagodas.
 to pull up the bed clothes.
 to cover incompletely.

i³-shang⁴ 蓋上
i³-shang⁴-kai⁴ 蓋上蓋
i³-shih⁴.chih¹-ts'ai³ 蓋世之才
i³-shih⁴-wu²-shuang¹ 蓋世無雙
i⁴.ti¹-érh²-lai² 蓋地而來
i⁴-ting³-rh² 蓋頂兒
i⁴-t'ou² 蓋頭
i⁴-yen³-lioo² 蓋掩了
 木 { 槩 596a307b
 { 概
i⁴-chun³-hsing² 概准行
i⁴-hsing² 概行
i⁴-hsing²-huo⁴-mien³ 概行豁免
i⁴-hsing²-mien³-shui⁴ 概行免稅
i⁴-pu⁴-chun³-hsing² 概不准行
i⁴-pu⁴-shê¹-chang⁴ 概不賒賬
i⁴-pu⁴-shih¹-shê³ 概不施捨
 一 句 丐 596a307a
i⁴-t'zū³ 丐子
 頁 蓋 595b309c

to cover,
 to put on the cover.
 talents which overtop all others.
 no match in the whole world,
 coming on like a flood (e. g., men, insects).
 to roof or cover a house.
 a bride's head-dress (mien³ liu²).
 to cover up completely, to conceal.
 collectively, generally; a strike; to level.
 same (ta⁴ kai⁴).
 allowed everywhere.
 all will answer; everywhere.
 a general pardon.
 all exempted from duty.
 will not be allowed anywhere.
 gives credit to no one.
 never gives charity.
 to beg.
 a beggar (ch'ei³ kai⁴).
 fontanelle (t'ien¹ ling² kai⁴).

AI¹ 門 開 596b30Sa
i¹-cha² 開開
i¹-chai¹ 開齋
i¹-ch'ai¹ 開差
i¹-ch'ai¹ 開拆
i¹-ch'ai¹-shu¹-hsin⁴ 開拆書信
i¹-chang¹ 開張
i¹-chang⁴ 開賬
i¹-ch'éi¹-t'zū³ 開車子
i¹-chéng¹ 開徵
i¹-ch'ei¹ 開襖
i¹-chia¹ 開枷
i¹-chiang³ 開講
i¹-ch'iang¹ 開腔
i¹-ch'iang¹ 開鎗
i¹-ch'ien² 開錢
i¹-chih⁴ 開智
i¹-chin⁴ 開禁
i¹-chüan⁴ 開卷
i¹-ch'üan² 開拳
i¹-ch'uan² 開船
i¹-ch'üeh¹ 開缺

to open, unloose; to begin. M. 190.
 to open the sluice.
 to break fast, i.e., cease the practice (fang⁴ [chieh⁴]).
 to send a runner anywhere.
 to break open.
 to break open a letter.
 to beg.
 to open an account.
 to drive aside to let another pass.
 to begin collection of taxes.
 opening at the side of coat, a gusset (or chieh¹ [or hsieh⁴]).
 to release from the wooden collar.
 to explain, to begin to expound.
 to begin to sing (theatre).
 to fire, to open fire on.
 to give out money, to pay off.
 to open (the people's) minds.
 to remove restrictions or prohibitions.
 to begin one's studies.
 to cuff, to box.
 to set sail, etc.
 to leave a post vacant.

<i>k'ai¹-ên¹</i>	開恩	to be gracious, to show favor.
<i>k'ai¹-fu¹</i>	開發	to disperse, to distribute.
<i>k'ai¹-fan⁴</i>	開飯	to set forth or serve a meal (pai ³ fan ⁴).
<i>k'ai¹-fang⁴</i>	開放	to release, to liberate.
<i>k'ai¹-fang¹-tzi³</i>	開方子	to write a prescription.
<i>k'ai¹-fang¹-pien⁴</i>	開方便	to begin charity.
<i>k'ai¹-hang²</i>	開行	to open a firm.
<i>k'ai¹-ho²</i>	開河	to open the river (bound by frost).
<i>k'ai¹-hsiao¹</i>	開消	to expend, to dispose of; to manage, to settle.
<i>k'ai¹-hsin¹-chieh³-mên⁴</i>	開心解悶	to cheer up and dispel eunni (san ⁴ mên ⁴).
<i>k'ai¹-hsin⁴</i>	開信	to write a letter (hsieh ³ hsin ⁴).
<i>k'ai¹-hua¹</i>	開花	an opening flower.
<i>k'ai¹-hua¹-p'ao⁴</i>	開花砲	a gun which throws a shell.
<i>k'ai¹ hui²</i>	開懷	joyful.
<i>k'ai¹-huang¹</i>	開荒	to break up ground for cultivation.
<i>k'ai¹-k'ên³-ti⁴</i>	開墾地	to plough new land.
<i>k'ai¹-k'o¹-ch'ü³-shih⁴</i>	開科取士	to examine and select scholars.
<i>k'ai¹-k'ou³</i>	開口	to open the mouth, to commence speaking.
<i>k'ai¹-k'ou³-wei⁴</i>	開口味	appetizing (hou ⁴ wei ⁴).
<i>k'ai¹-k'u⁴-tang¹</i>	開褲襠	child's split-pants.
<i>k'ai¹-kuan¹</i>	開關	to open and shut; to open the gates of the city.
<i>k'ai¹-kuang¹</i>	開光	dedication of temple with theatricals, etc.
<i>k'ai¹-k'uang⁴</i>	開塲	to dig a grave.
<i>k'ai¹-kung¹</i>	開弓	to draw a bow.
<i>k'ai¹-kuo²</i>	開國	to inaugurate a dynasty (ch'uang ⁴ kuo ² chi ¹).
<i>k'ai¹-kuo²-yüan²-hsün¹</i>	開國元勳	ministers who found a state.
<i>k'ai¹-k'uo⁴</i>	開闊	clear-headed, judicious.
<i>k'ai¹-k'uo⁴-hua⁴</i>	開闊話	judicious words.
<i>k'ai¹-lieh⁴</i>	開列	to arrange in a row; to make out a list of.
<i>k'ai¹-lieh⁴-yü³-hou⁴</i>	開列于後	stated in order as follows.
<i>k'ai¹-lien²</i>	開鎌	to begin to reap.
<i>k'ai¹-lien³</i>	開臉	to shave and dress the hair as a married woman.
<i>k'ai¹-lu⁴-hsien¹-fêng¹</i>	開路先鋒	to open a path in battle.
<i>k'ai¹-mên²</i>	開門	to open a door, open the door!
<i>k'ai¹-mêng²</i>	開蒙	to enter school for first time.
<i>k'ai¹-p'ang²</i>	開磅	to boast (k'ua ¹ k'ou ³).
<i>k'ai¹-pao¹</i>	開包	to open a bundle; to get obstreperous, etc.
<i>k'ai¹-p'ao⁴</i>	開砲	to begin cannonade (fang ⁴ p'ao ⁴).
<i>k'ai¹-p'ü¹-i³-lai²</i>	開闢以來	from the foundation of the world (ch'uang ⁴ shih ⁴ [i ³ lai ²]).
<i>k'ai¹-pu¹-k'ai¹</i>	開不開	cannot open.
<i>k'ai¹-pu⁴-tê²</i>	開不得	must not be opened.
<i>k'ai¹-p'u⁴-ta⁴-chi²</i>	開鋪大吉	a lucky period for opening a shop (a placard).
<i>k'ai¹-san³</i>	開傘	to open an umbrella.

ai ¹ -shan ⁴ -mên ²	開善門	to be benevolent, philanthropic, etc. (山門 also used).
ai ¹ -shih ⁴	開市	to open a shop or market.
ai ¹ -shih ⁴ -ta ⁴ -chi ²	開市大吉	a lucky day for opening a shop or market.
ai ¹ -shih ⁴	開釋	to release, to let go (shih ⁴ fang ⁴).
ai ¹ -shou ³	開手	to begin; to open the hand.
ai ¹ -shu ³	開水	to boil water, boiling water (chu ³ kun ³ shui ³).
ai ¹ -so ⁴	開鎖	to unlock, to release.
ai-tan ¹	開單	to make out a bill.
ai-t'ang ¹ -chiang ³ -tao ¹	開堂講道	to open a hall and preach.
ai-tao ¹	開刀	to open a knife; to kill.
ai-tao ⁴	開道	to open a way, to clear the way; forerunner.
ai too ⁴	開導	to explain clearly, to instruct.
ai ¹ -tê ³	開得	able to open.
ai ¹ -t'ing ¹	開燈	to begin smoking opium (hsi ¹ ta ⁴ yen ¹).
ai ¹ -t'ien ¹ -p'í ¹ -tí ¹	開天闢地	the creation.
ai-t'ou ²	開頭	at first (ch'í ³ ch'u ¹).
ai ¹ -tu ³	開賭	to gamble, to open a den (tu ³ p'o ²).
ai ¹ -tuan ¹	開端	the first principles.
ai ¹ -t'ui ³	開腿	to stretch the legs, at full speed.
ai ¹ -t'ung ¹	開通	clear-headed, judicious (ts'ung ¹ ming ²). [wei ⁴].
ai ¹ -wei ⁴	開味	to enjoy one's self, to have an appetite (k'ai ¹ k'ou ³
ai ¹ -yao ¹ -fang ¹	開藥方	to write a prescription (k'ai ¹ fang ¹ tzū ³).
ai ¹ -yen ³	開眼	to open the eyes, to be up to, to gain experience.
ai ¹ -yin ⁴	開印	{ "to open the seal," to recommence business { (official).

AI ³ (ch'iai)	木 楷	119b362b	round text; a pattern, a mould, an example.
ai ³ -hsieh ³	楷寫		round text; to write legibly.
ai ³ -shu ¹	楷書		same.
ai ³	心 小 慨	598b309b	generous, magnanimous, liberal (ta ⁴ fang ¹).
ai ³ -t'an ⁴	慨嘆		oh, dear! what a pity!
ai ³	金 鎧	598a308c	armor, mail.
ai ³ -chiu ³	鎧甲		armor (k'uei ¹ chia ³).
ai ³	几 凱	597c308c	a victory.
ai ³ -ko ¹	凱歌		a triumphal song.

AN ¹	乙 乾	598c311c	dry, dried up. See ch'ien ² .
n ¹ -chê ²	乾折		to substitute, to commute, e.g., presents (chê ²
n ¹ ch'in ¹ -ch'í ¹	乾親戚		a sort of adopted relative. [kan ¹].
n ¹ -ching ⁴	乾淨		clean, tidy.
n ¹ -êrh ² -t'zū ³	乾兒子		adopted son (informal) (í ¹ tzū ³).
n ¹ -fan ⁴	乾飯		dry food, i. e., rice without gravy.
n ¹ -han ⁴	乾旱		drought.

<i>kan¹-k'u¹</i>	乾枯	withered (tiao ¹ hsieh ⁴).
<i>kan¹-kwo³-tzū³</i>	乾菓子	dried fruits.
<i>han¹-li³</i>	乾禮	dry presents, i.e., money (shui ³ li ³).
<i>kan¹-liang²</i>	乾糧	dry bread, or provision carried by travellers.
<i>kan¹-liao³-sang³-tzū³</i>	乾了嗓子	parched throat.
<i>kan¹-lieh⁴-liao³</i>	乾裂了	cracked from dryness.
<i>kan¹-ma¹</i>	乾媽	an adopted mother; a procress, a bawd.
<i>kan¹-pa¹-pa¹ ti¹</i>	乾巴巴的	very dry; stern (hsien ³ kan ¹).
<i>kan¹-shih¹</i>	乾濕	dry and wet.
<i>kan¹-tieh¹</i>	乾爹	an adopted father (informal) (i ⁴ fu ⁴).
<i>kan¹-ts'ai⁴</i>	乾菜	dry vegetables.
<i>kan¹-tsao⁴</i>	乾燥	dry, parched (pêng ⁴ ts'ai ⁴).
<i>kan¹-ts'ao³</i>	乾草	hay, dried millet straw.
<i>kan¹-t'u³</i>	乾土	dry land.
<i>kan¹-yüeh¹</i>	乾嘔	to retch (o ⁴ hsin ¹).
<i>kan¹</i>	干	a shield; concern, consequences; crime, offence
<i>kan¹-chéng⁴</i>	干證	to depose; a witness (chien ⁴ chéng ⁴).
<i>kan¹-chi³</i>	干己	which concerns one's self.
<i>kan¹-chin⁴</i>	干咎	to be guilty, to bear the guilt.
<i>kan¹-ch'iu²</i>	干求	to entreat, to beg.
<i>kan¹-fan⁴</i>	干犯	to trespass, to offend.
<i>kan¹-hsi⁴</i>	干係	consequences, concern, implication, complicity [kuan ¹ hsi ⁴]
<i>kan¹-hsin¹</i>	干休	to settle, to finish, to drop. [(chiün ¹ ch'ü ⁴)]
<i>kan¹-ko¹</i>	干戈	shields and spears, warlike weapons; war
<i>kan¹-lien²</i>	干連	to implicate, implicated.
<i>kan¹-shé⁴</i>	干涉	same.
<i>kan¹-tsui⁴</i>	干罪	to bear the penalty.
<i>kan¹</i>	甘	sweet, pleasant, agreeable; voluntary, willing
<i>kan¹-ché¹</i>	甘蔗	sugar-cane.
<i>kan¹-chieh²</i>	甘結	a voluntary engagement.
<i>kan¹-hsin¹</i>	甘心	an easy mind; free will, willingly. M. 145.
<i>kan¹-hsin¹-ch'ing²-yüan⁴</i>	甘心情願	perfectly willing.
<i>kan¹-hsin¹-lé⁴-i⁴</i>	甘心樂意	gladly willing.
<i>kan¹-k'u³</i>	甘苦	sweet and bitter. [t'ien ² lai ²].
<i>kan¹-k'u³-pei⁴-ch'ang²</i>	甘苦備嘗	to have experienced sweet and bitter (k'u ³ chin ⁴)
<i>kan¹-lin²</i>	甘霖	seasonable rain (hsi ³ yü ³).
<i>kan¹-lu⁴</i>	*甘露	sweet dew; favour.
<i>kan¹-mei³</i>	甘美	delicious, luscious.
<i>kan¹-shui³</i>	甘水	fresh or sweet water.
<i>kan¹-su⁴</i>	甘肅	the province of Kan suh. W. I. 152.
<i>kan¹ t'ien²</i>	甘甜	sweet (hsi ⁴ t'ien ²).
<i>kan¹-ts'ao³</i>	甘草	liquorice.
<i>kan¹-wei¹</i>	甘味	a sweet flavour (wei ¹ tao ⁴).

kan ¹ -yen ² -mi ¹ -yü ³	甘言蜜語	honeyed words.
kan ¹ -yü ³	甘雨	refreshing rain.
kan ¹	肉月 肝 ^{600c310c}	the liver.
kan ¹ -ch'ang ²	肝腸	to think of, to bear in mind.
kan ¹ -fci ¹	肝肺	liver and lungs.
kan ¹ -huo ³ -shêng ⁴	肝火盛	apt to get angry.
kan ¹ -tan ³	肝膽	the liver and gall.
kan ¹	疔 疔 ^{602a311b}	a sort of spreading sore, venereal sores.
kan ¹ -chi ¹	疔積	rickets, atrophy.
kan ¹ -ch'uang ¹	疔瘡	venereal sores, ulcers.
kan ¹ (tzü)	木 柑 ^{601c311b}	a kind of orange (chü ² , ch'ên ²).
kan ¹ -p'i ²	柑皮	orange peel.
kan ¹ (tzü)	木 杆 ^{600b310b}	a stick, a post, a flag-staff; railings.
kan ¹ (tzü)	竹 竿 ^{601b310b}	a bamboo stick (chn ² ken ¹).
kan ¹	水 泔 ^{602a311b}	to boil thick.
kan ¹ -shui ³ -t'ung ³	泔水桶	dirty water-bucket.
KAN ³	心 感 ^{602c312b}	grateful; to move, to influence, to affect.
kan ² -chi ¹	感激	grateful (chi ¹ fa ¹).
kan ² -chi ¹ -pu ¹ -chin ⁴	感激不盡	extremely grateful.
kan ² -ch'ing ²	感情	gratitude, grateful feelings.
kan ² -ên ¹	感恩	to be grateful for favours, to feel obliged.
kan ² -ên ¹ -pu ¹ -chin ⁴	感恩不盡	to be everlastingly grateful.
kan ² -ên ¹ -pu ¹ -wang ⁴	感恩不忘	always remembering with gratitude.
kan ² -hsieh ⁴	感謝	to be grateful.
kan ² -hua ¹	感化	to reform, to regenerate, to be converted.
kan ² -mao ⁴	感冒	to have caught cold (fêng ¹ mao ⁴).
kan ² -mien ⁴	感念	grateful.
kan ² -p'ei ⁴	感佩	to gratefully remember.
kan ² -tai ¹ wu ² -chi ⁴	感戴無旣	inexpressibly grateful.
kan ² -tê ²	感德	grateful, to excite virtue.
kan ² -tung ⁴	感動	to move or influence the feelings, to affect.
kan ² -ying ¹ -p'ien ¹	感應篇	Book of Rewards and Punishments (Taoist).
kan ² -ying ¹ -pu ¹ -shuang ³	感應不爽	rewards and punishments unerring.
kan ² -yün ¹ -êrh ² -shêng ¹	感孕而生	to conceive supernaturally and bear.
kan ²	支 敢 ^{602b312a}	to venture, to dare; daring, bold, rash. M. 374.
kan ² -ch'ing ²	敢情	sure enough.
kan ² -lai ²	敢來	I venture to come.
kan ² -p'an ¹	敢攀	I venture to drag you to my house (kao ¹ p'an ¹).
kan ² -pao ³	敢保	willing to guarantee.
kan ² -shih ⁴	敢是	of course, really.
kan ² -tang ¹	敢當	I did it, I dare to do it.
kan ² -tso ⁴	敢做	I did it, I venture to do it.

<i>kan³-tso¹-kan³-wei²</i>	敢作敢爲	dares to act and to bear (for 作 also 做) (wu ² so [pu ⁴ wei ²])
<i>kan³-t-zü⁴</i>	敢自	of course, really.
<i>kan³-wên⁴</i>	敢問	I venture to ask.
<i>kan³</i>	走趕	to pursue, to run after, to endeavour to overtake
<i>kan³-chai¹</i>	趕齋	(Buddhist) quickly eat.
<i>kan³-ch'ê¹-ti¹</i>	趕車的	a carter (chang ³ pien ¹ pi ¹).
<i>kan³-chi²</i>	趕集的	to attend a market.
<i>kan³-chiao¹-ti¹</i>	趕腳的	driver of hired animal, e. g., a donkey.
<i>kan³-chin³</i>	趕緊	quickly, at once (ma ³ shang ¹).
<i>kan³-chin¹-ch'êng²-lai²</i>	趕進城來	to drive into the city.
<i>kan³-cho²-ch'ün²-yang³</i>	趕着羣羊	driving a flock of sheep.
<i>kan³-chu²</i>	趕逐	to drive out, to expel.
<i>kan³-ch'u¹-ch'êng²-ch'u⁴</i>	趕出城去	driven out of the city.
<i>kan³-ch'u¹-chiao⁴-wai⁴</i>	趕出教外	expelled from the church.
<i>kan³-ch'u¹-liao³</i>	趕出了	driven out.
<i>kan³-ch'u¹-ssü⁴.ch'ü⁴</i>	趕出寺去	an expelled priest.
<i>kan³-hui²-lui²</i>	趕回來	to hurry back.
<i>kan³-hui⁴</i>	趕會	to attend a fair.
<i>kan³-k'ao³</i>	趕考	to go to examination.
<i>kan³-k'ao²-p'êng²</i>	趕考棚	booths at examination times.
<i>kan³-k'o¹</i>	趕科	to attend the examinations.
<i>kan³-kuei³</i>	趕鬼	to drive out devils, exorcism (sung ⁴ sui ⁴ ti ¹).
<i>kan³-k'uai⁴</i>	趕快	to pursue quickly.
<i>kan³-lai²-kan³-ch'ü⁴</i>	趕來趕去	driven hither and thither.
<i>kan³-lu⁴</i>	趕路	to travel quickly.
<i>kan³-lü²-ti¹</i>	趕驢的	a donkey driver.
<i>kan³-lung³</i>	趕攏	to curry favor, to coax (pa ¹ chieh ²).
<i>kan³-mang²-cho²-ch'ü¹</i>	趕忙着去	to go post-haste.
<i>kan³-mang³-t'ien¹-shuo¹</i>	趕明天說	speak of it to-morrow (ming ² t'ien ¹ tsai ¹ shuo ¹)
<i>kan³-pu⁴-shang⁴</i>	趕不上	unable to overtake or do, etc.
<i>kan³-pu⁴-shang⁴-ch'êng²</i>	趕不上城	can't get in before closing of gates.
<i>kan³-pu⁴-shang⁴-tang⁴</i>	趕不上邊	came late.
<i>kan³-shang⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	趕上去	to pursue after (nien ³ pu ⁴ shang ⁴ , chui ⁴ pu ⁴ tao ¹).
<i>kan³-tao¹</i>	趕到	to overtake, by the time, when. M. 421.
<i>kan³-tê²-shang⁴</i>	趕得上	able to overtake.
<i>kan³-tsao³</i>	趕早	very early on the road.
<i>kan³-tsei²</i>	趕賊	to pursue a thief.
<i>kan³-wan³</i>	趕晚	to go late when travelling
<i>kan³</i>	木橄	olive.
<i>kan³-lan³</i>	橄欖	same.
<i>kan³-lan³-shan¹</i>	橄欖山	Mount of Olives.
<i>kan³</i>	手擀	to roll out, as dough.
<i>kan³-mien⁴-chung⁴</i>	擀麵杖	a rolling pin.

an ³ (tǔ)	木 桿 ^{601b312c}	a post, a flag-staff. Numerative of spears, etc.
KAN ⁴	于 幹 ^{599b313b}	business; to manage, to transact, to do: ability.
u ⁴ .ch'én ⁴	幹 臣	a talented minister.
u ⁴ .pan ⁴	幹 辦	to transact, to manage.
u ⁴ .pu ⁴ lai ²	幹 不 來	unable to manage.
u ⁴ .shén ² -ma ¹	幹 甚 麼	what are you doing? why?
u ⁴ .shih ⁴	幹 事	to manage an affair.
u ⁴ .tǔ ² -lai ²	幹 得 來	able to manage.
u ⁴ .ying ² -shéng ¹	幹 營 生	to work.
u ⁴ .yüan ²	幹 員	an able official (mêng ² yüan ²).
KAN ¹	土 堪 ^{604a314a}	[hear. tolerable; able for, adequate; worthy of; to fit, proper.
an ¹ -i ²	堪 宜	adequate to sustain.
an ¹ .jén ⁴	堪 任	just the thing, suitable; quickly,
an ¹ .k'an ¹ -tǐ ¹	堪 堪 的	tolerable, adequate.
an ¹ .k'o ³	堪 可	adequate to, able or competent for.
an ¹ .k'o ⁴	堪 克	worthy of; ought to be.
an ¹ -tang ¹	堪 當	useful, serviceable.
an ¹ .yung ¹	堪 用	a geomancer.
an ¹ .yü ² .hsien ¹ -shéng ¹	堪 輿 先生	to cut, to carve, to engrave,
u ¹	刀 刊 刊 ^{604c314a}	to engrave, to cut (as types).
u ¹ .k'o ⁴	刊 刻	to fell timber; to carve wood.
u ¹ .mu ⁴	刊 木	to cut blocks for printing.
u ¹ .pan ²	刊 板	to cut character in wood.
u ¹ -tǔ ⁴	刊 字	a niche; a small room; a pagoda.
u ¹	龍 龕 ^{605a314c}	
KAN ³	土 培 坎 ^{605b315a}	a pit; precipice; a threshold.
u ³ .k'én ¹	坎 坑	a pit, den or cave (tung ⁴).
u ³ .k'o ¹	坎 坷	uneven, irregular.
u ³ .ku ⁴	坎 卦	one of the diagrams.
u ³ .kung ¹	坎 宮	the north.
u ³	石 砍 ^{605a315b}	to cut, to chop, to fell (ko ¹ , ch'ieh ¹ tuan ⁴).
u ³ .chien ¹ .rh ²	砍 肩 兒	a waistcoat without sleeves (pei ⁴ hsin ¹).
u ³ .fa ² -shu ¹ -mu ⁴	砍 伐 樹 木	to cut down timber.
u ³ .hsia ¹ -lai ²	砍 下 來	to cut down.
u ³ .k'uai ⁴	砍 快	prompt, peremptory.
u ³ .liao ³ .i ¹ hsiu ⁴	砍 了 一 下	gave a cut.
u ³ .nao ³ -tai ⁴	砍 嚙 袋	decapitate (chan ³ shou ³).
u ³ .p'o ¹ -liao ³	砍 破 了	cut open.
u ³ .pu ¹ .k'ai ¹	砍 不 開	cannot cut open.

k'an³-pu⁴-tung⁴ 砍不動
k'an³-shu⁴ 砍樹
k'an³-ssü³ 砍死
k'an³-t a¹-i¹-tao¹ 砍他一刀
k'an³-tê²-tung⁴ 砍得動
k'an³ 手 砍 ^{605a315b}
k'an³-kou³ 砍狗
k'an³-p'o⁴-la¹ 砍破喇
k'an³-t a¹-i¹-chuan¹ 砍他一磚
k'an³ (chien⁴) 木 檻 ^{461b200c}
k'an³-ch'ê¹ 檻車
k'an³ 人 侃 ^{605c315a}
k'an³-k'an³ 侃侃
k'an³-yen² 侃言

unable to cut.
 to cut down a tree (fa¹ shu⁴),
 to cut down and kill.
 gave him a cut with a knife.
 able to cut
 to strike, or throw stones at.
 throw a stone at a dog.
 smashed.
 hurl a brick at it.
 railings; threshold of a door (cha⁴ lan²).
 a sort of cage cart for prisoners. [chih³]
 straightforward speech (chien³ chih², kêng
 same.
 straightforward and earnest words.

K'AN⁴ 目翰看 看 ^{603b316b}
k'an⁴-ch'ui¹-hui⁴ 看機會
k'an⁴-ch'î²-lai² 看起來
k'an⁴-chia¹-kou³ 看家狗
k'an⁴-ch'ieh¹-tê² 看街的
k'an⁴-chien⁴ 看見
k'an⁴-chien¹-kuo⁴ 看見過
k'an⁴-ch'ien²-kuei³ 看錢鬼
k'an⁴-ch'ing¹-liao³ 看輕了
k'an⁴-cho²-pan⁴ 看着辦
k'an⁴-cho²-jung²-i¹ 看着容易
k'an⁴-cho²-tung¹-hsi¹ 看着東西
k'an⁴-chüan⁴ tzu³ 看卷子
k'an⁴-chün³-liao³ 看準了
k'an⁴-chung¹ 看中
k'an⁴-fêng¹-shui³ 看風水
k'an⁴-fêng¹-shih³-ch'uan² 看風駛船
k'an⁴-hai²-tzu³ 看孩子
k'an⁴-hsi⁴ 看戲
k'an⁴ hua¹ 看花
k'an⁴-i¹-k'an⁴ 看一看
k'an⁴-jê⁴-nao⁴ 看熱鬧
k'an⁴-ku⁴ 看顧
k'an⁴-kuan³ 看管
k'an⁴-kuan⁴-liao³ 看慣了
k'an⁴-kuang¹-ching³ 看光景
k'an⁴-kuo⁴ 看過
k'an⁴-liao³-k'an⁴ 看了看

to look, to see, to observe. M. 538 (kuan¹ k'an⁴)
 seize an opportunity.
 judging from appearance.
 a watch-dog.
 "a looker after streets," a policeman.
 to see.
 seen.
 a miser (shou³ ch'ien² nu²).
 to esteem lightly; to dishonour (k'an⁴ pu⁴ ch'î³)
 to act according to circumstances (sui² shih⁴).
 is easy to look at.
 guarding the things.
 inspector of essays at examinations.
 to be correct in judging.
 pleased with, prefer.
 to exercise the geomantic art.
 to sail according to the wind.
 to take care of a child.
 to look at theatricals.
 to look at flowers. [i¹yen³]
 to have a look, take a look, just look (ch'ou² t'
 to look at any bustle, gaiety, etc.
 to look after, to take care of.
 to look after, to manage.
 used to seeing.
 act according to circumstances.
 seen.
 to look again and again.

‘an¹-mên²-tî¹ 看門的
 ‘an⁴-mîng²-pai² 看明白
 ‘an⁴-mo⁴ 看脈
 ‘an⁴-pan¹-kuan¹ 看班官
 ‘an⁴-ping¹ 看病
 ‘an⁴-ping¹-tî¹-jên² 看病的人
 ‘an⁴-p’o⁴ 看破
 ‘an⁴-p’o⁴-chî¹-kuan¹ 看破機關
 ‘an⁴-p’o⁴-huang³-chên² 看破紅塵
 ‘an⁴-pu¹-ch’i³ 看不起
 ‘an⁴-pu¹-chien⁴ 看不見
 ‘an⁴-pu¹-ch’ing¹-ch’u³ 看不清楚
 ‘an⁴-pu¹-ch’u¹ 看不出
 ‘an⁴-pu¹-mîng²-pai² 看不明白
 ‘an⁴-pu¹-tso⁴-tî³ 看不到底
 ‘an⁴-pu¹-t’o² 看得透
 ‘an⁴-pu¹-t’ou⁴ 看不透
 ‘an⁴-shih⁴ 看柿
 ‘an⁴-shih⁴-tso⁴-shih⁴ 看勢作事
 ‘an⁴-shou² 看守
 ‘an⁴-shu¹ 看書
 ‘an⁴-tai¹-liao³ 看呆了
 ‘an⁴-tai¹ 看待
 ‘an⁴-tê²-chien⁴ 看得見
 ‘an⁴-tê²-ch’ih¹ tai¹ 看得癡呆
 ‘an⁴-tê²-ch’u¹ 看得出來
 ‘an⁴-tê²-lái² 看得來
 ‘an⁴-tî¹-chên⁴ 看的真
 ‘an⁴-t’ou² 看頭
 ‘an⁴-t’ou¹ 看透
 ‘an⁴-ts’au²-nu² 看財奴
 ‘an⁴-wan²-liao³ 看完了
 ‘an⁴-wang⁴ 看望
 ‘an⁴-wu¹-t’ü³ 看屋子
 ‘an⁴-ya¹ 看押
 ‘an⁴-ya¹-ch’i³-lái² 看押起來
 ‘an⁴-yen³ 看眼
 ‘an⁴-ying²-tî⁴ 看塋地
 ‘an⁴ 力 勘^{604b315c}
 ‘an⁴-chang⁴-tî⁴-mon³ 勘丈地畝
 ‘an⁴-fêng¹-shui³ 勘風水

a gatekeeper, a porter (pa⁴ mên² ti¹).
 to see clearly.
 to feel the pulse (hao⁴ mo⁴, p’ing² mo⁴).
 a lock up keeper.
 to attend to a case of illness (ch’iao² ping⁴).
 doctors; patients (i¹ shêng¹).
 to see through an affair, to look thoroughly.
 to see through the trick.
 to see through the vanity of this world.
 to despise, to look down upon (miao³ shih⁴).
 unable to see, invisible.
 cannot see clearly.
 illegible, can’t make out.
 cannot understand (a book).
 can’t see to the bottom.
 not fit to be seen.
 can’t see through, or to the bottom.
 the tomato (fan¹ ch’ieh²). [pan⁴].
 to act as the circumstances require (k’an⁴ cho³).
 to keep guard, to look after (pa⁴ shou³).
 to read books (tu² shu¹).
 lost in admiration.
 to treat (well or ill), to behave to.
 able to see, visible.
 lost in admiration.
 able to see.
 to discover; legible.
 seen clearly.
 something worth seeing,
 to see through.
 miserly, a miser (shou³ ch’ien² nu²).
 finished seeing.
 to visit, to interview (hui⁴ mien⁴).
 to guard the room.
 to look after, to keep in custody.
 arrest him and detain in custody.
 to be a spectator.
 to select site for grave (geomancy).
 investigate.
 to measure land.
 geomancy.

kang¹-chêng⁴ 剛正
kang¹-ch'iang² 剛強
kang¹-chih² 剛直
kang¹-chih⁴ 剛志
kang¹-chih⁴ 剛至
kang¹-ch'ü⁴ 剛去
kang¹-jou² 剛柔
kang¹-kang¹ 剛剛
kang²-kon⁴-yung⁴ 剛剛用
kang¹-kuo⁴-liao³ 剛剛了
kang¹-lai² 剛來
kang¹-lieh⁴ 剛烈
kang¹-pao⁴ 剛暴
kang¹-pi⁴-tzü⁴-yung¹ 剛復自用
kang¹-ta⁴ 剛大
kang¹-tao⁴ 剛到
kang¹-ts'ai² 剛纔
kang¹-ts'ai²-lai²-liao³ 剛纔來了
kang¹-ts'ai²-tao⁴-liao³ 剛纔到了
kang¹-ying¹ 剛硬
kang¹-yung³ 剛勇
kang¹ 網 607b319c
kang¹-ch'ang² 網常
kang¹-chi⁴ 網紀
kang¹-chien⁴ 網鑑
kang¹-ling³ 網領
kang¹-mü⁴ 網目
kang¹ 鋼 607b319b
kang¹-chia³-wên²-tzü³ 鋼甲蚊子
kang¹-pi³ 鋼筆
kang¹-tao¹ 鋼刀
kang¹-t'iao² 鋼條
kang¹ tsuan⁴ 鋼鑽
kang¹-yen³ 鋼眼
kang¹ 缶 606a319a
kang¹-i¹-k'ou³ 缸一口
kang¹ kai⁴ 缸蓋
kang¹-p'ü² 缸盆
kang¹-wa³ shih⁴ 缸瓦市
kang¹-wên⁴ 缸甕
kang¹-yao² 缸窰
kang¹ 肉 606b319b
kang¹-mên³ 肛門

firmness, resolution, fortitude.
 violent, rough, brutal, coarse, headstrong,
 straightforward, upright.
 firmness, resolution, intrepidity, fortitude.
 that very moment arrived.
 just gone.
 hard and soft ; firm and yielding ; odd and even
 just now. M. 161.
 just enough for use.
 just passed by.
 just come (ts'ai² lai²).
 overbearing.
 brutal obstinacy, overbearing (tiao¹ p'i²).
 stubborn and self-opinioned.
 firmness, resolution, intrepidity, fortitude.
 just arrived
 just now, but a moment ago. M. 161.
 just come (fang¹ ts'ai²).
 just arrived.
 headstrong, obstinate, unyielding, hard.
 brave, determined.
 the large cord of a net ; to regulate, to control
 moral obligations (san¹ kang¹ wu³ ch'ang²).
 to regulate, to control ; index of a book.
 history (shih³ chi⁴).
 a head, a director, a bond, a connecting idea,
 a general outline of history, etc.; a head.
 steel (tieh³).
 "mosquito" gunboats.
 steel pens.
 a steel knife.
 a bar of steel.
 a steel drill.
 eye for drawing out wire.
 a large earthenware vessel, a vat.
 a vat.
 a vat cover.
 vats and basins.
 a mart for vats and tiles.
 a vat.
 a kiln for burning vats.
 the rectum, the anus.
 same.

ANG ³	山 崗 ^{606c318a}	the ridge or top of a mountain, a mound.
ANG ⁴	木 杠 ^{606b569b}	a porter's pole; pole of a sedan chair; to carry.
ANG ⁴	杠 ^{606a319a}	same. (See <i>k'ang</i> ²).
ANG ⁴ -ch'iao ² -liang ²	杠橋梁	a small bridge.
ANG ⁴ -fang ²	杠房	funeral paraphernalia shop.
ANG ⁴ -kang ⁴	杠杠	to carry on a pole (by two men).
ANG ⁴ -pu ¹ -tung ⁴	杠不動	unable to carry or move (with a pole).
ANG ⁴	虫 虹 ^{536b}	the rainbow. (Also <i>kung</i> , <i>chiang</i> , <i>lung</i> .)
ANG ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -lai ² -liao ³	虹出來了	the rainbow came out.
ANG ⁴	火 爇 ^{607a319c}	to temper steel.
ANG ⁴	广 康 ^{607c320a}	peace, repose, comfort, strength.
ANG ⁴ -ch'iang ²	康强	stout, hearty, vigorous.
ANG ⁴ -chien ⁴	康健	robust, hearty (<i>ch'iang</i> ² <i>chuang</i> ⁴).
ANG ⁴ -hsi ¹	康熙	the celebrated emperor K'ang-hsi. [1723.
ANG ⁴ -hsi ¹ -tzu ¹ -tien ³	康熙字典	K'ang-hsi's dictionary. W. I. 672.
ANG ⁴ -ning ²	康甯	repose, tranquillity.
ANG ⁴ -t'ai ⁴	康太	same.
ANG ⁴	米 糠 ^{608a320a}	the husk of grain, chaff.
ANG ³	手 才 掙 擱 扛 ^{606a319b}	to carry as on shoulders (<i>t'ai</i> ²). <i>K'ang</i> ² } to carry } on a pole } 1 or 2 men
ANG ³ -chia ¹	扛枷	to wear wooden collar.
ANG ³ -pu ¹ -tung ⁴	扛不動	unable to carry it.
ANG ³	心 小 慷 ^{608a320b}	firm, generous.
ANG ³ -k'ai ³ -i ⁴ -ch'ei ⁴	慷慨義氣	generous and patriotic.
ANG ³ -k'ai ³ -ti ¹ -hén ³	慷慨的很	most noble.
ANG ⁴	手 才 抗 ^{608c321a}	to resist, to oppose, to thwart, to disobey.
ANG ⁴ -hai ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ch'ang ⁴	抗債不償	to refuse to pay a debt.
ANG ⁴ -chia ⁴	抗價	to keep up the price, not sell for less.
ANG ⁴ -chiu ⁴	抗拒	to disobey, disobedience; to thwart, to oppose.
ANG ⁴ -k'ou ³ -tai ³	抗口袋	to carry bags; a coolie.
ANG ⁴ -liang ³	抗糧	to resist or evade the paying of taxes.
ANG ⁴ -ni ⁴	抗逆	to resist, disobey.
ANG ⁴ -ti ²	抗敵	to oppose, to resist.
ANG ⁴ -tuan ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tsun ¹	抗斷不遵	oppose the decisions of the official.
ANG ⁴	火 炕 ^{608c320c}	a stove bed; to dry by a fire.
ANG ⁴ -chan ¹	炕氈	a rug on a kang.
ANG ⁴ -ch'uang ²	炕牀	to warm a bed; a warm bed.
ANG ⁴ -han ⁴	炕旱	dry weather, drought.
ANG ⁴ -hsi ³	炕蓆	the mat on a stove bed.
ANG ⁴ -huo ³	炕火	to dry or warm by a fire (<i>pei</i> ⁴ <i>kan</i> ¹).

k'ang⁴-i¹-k'ang⁴ 炕一炕
 k'ang⁴-lu²-t'zũ³ 炕爐子
 k'ang⁴-mien⁴-t'zũ³ 炕面子
 k'ang⁴-p'ui²-ch'a⁴ 炕排睡
 k'ang⁴-p'ing² 炕屏
 k'ang⁴-pu⁴ 炕布
 k'ang⁴-t'ung⁴ 炕洞
 k'ang⁴-yen⁴ 炕沿
 k'ang⁴ 匠 匠 608b320c
 k'ang⁴-cho¹ 匠棹
 k'ang⁴-ch'uang² 匠牀

to dry or warm by a fire (pei⁴ kan¹),
 a heating stove.
 top of a stove bed.
 wainscoting of stove-bed.
 four-leaved screen.
 to spread out cloth to dry.
 the flues in a stove-bed.
 the edge of a stove-bed.
 the divan in guest room.
 the low table on the divan (i³ cho¹).
 divan.

KAO¹ 高高 高 609a324a
 kao¹-ai³ 矮
 kao¹-ai³-pu⁴-t'eng³ 矮不等
 kao¹ang² 高
 kao¹-ao⁴ 高
 kao¹-chao¹-t'eng¹ 高 燈
 kao¹-h'ao¹ 高 超
 kao¹-chia⁴ 高 價
 kao¹-ch'iang² 高 强
 kao¹-chiao³-pu⁴ 高 脚 步
 kao¹-chiao³-tan⁴-t'zũ³ 高 脚 擔 子
 kao¹-ch'iao² 高 翹
 kao¹-chien⁴ 高 見
 kao¹-ch'in¹-kuei¹-yu³ 高 親 貴 友
 kao¹-chung⁴ 高 中
 kao¹-hang² 高 行
 kao¹-hsiang¹ 高 香
 kao¹-hsien² 高 賢
 kao¹-hsing⁴ 高 興
 kao¹-hsing⁴ 高 姓
 kao¹-hsing⁴-ta⁴-ming² 高 姓 大 名
 kao¹-i¹-tso⁴ 高 一 作
 kao¹-jên² 高 人
 kao¹-kang¹-hsia⁴-wa¹ 高 崗 下 窪
 kao¹-kao¹-ti¹ 高 高 的
 kao¹-k'ou³-wei⁴ 高 口 味
 kao¹-kuan¹-hsien³-chiao² 高 官 顯 爵
 kao¹-kuei⁴ 高 貴
 kao¹-ku⁴-jên²-tou² 高 過 人 頭
 kao¹-li⁴-chil³ 高 麗 紙
 kao¹-li⁴-jên²-shêng¹ 高 麗 人 參

high, eminent, tall ; good (189th radical).
 tall and short ; (high and low).
 different heights.
 rising higher, ambitious.
 haughty, ambitious.
 ornamental lanterns.
 to exceed others.
 high in price.
 better and better, improving.
 high stepping.
 a load tied up close to the pole.
 stilts.
 your opinion (polite).
 your honorable friends and relations,
 to pass high on the list.
 high in price.
 long incense sticks.
 an eminent person.
 elated, pleased, great pleasure (pai⁴ hsing⁴).
 "lofty surname," what is your name ?
 what is your name and surname ? (kuei⁴ hsing⁴)
 superior to others.
 a tall person ; an eminent person.
 hills and valleys.
 lofty, very tall, or high (hsi¹ kao¹ t'iao³).
 extremely savoury, highly seasoned.
 your honorable rank ?
 honorable.
 higher than a man's head.
 Korean paper.
 Korean ginseng.

o ¹ -li ⁴ -kuo ²	高麗國	Corea (chao ² hsien ¹ kuo ²).
o ¹ -liang ²	高粱	millet.
o ¹ -liang ³	高糧	the tall grain, i. e., millet.
o ¹ -liang ² -chiu ³	高糧酒	whiskey made from millet.
o ¹ -lou ² -ta ⁴ -sha ⁴	高樓大廈	a mansion.
o ¹ -mao ⁴ -tzŭ ³	高帽子	tall cap, i. e., great honor.
o ¹ -ming ²	高名	great reputation; what is your name?
o ¹ -ming ⁴ -jen ²	高命人	a lucky man.
o ¹ -p'an ¹	高攀	I have the honour of his acquaintance.
o ¹ -pei ¹	高卑	high and low (tsun ¹ pei ¹).
o ¹ -p'eng ² -man ³ -tso ⁴	高朋滿座	a room full of respected friend.
o ¹ -shan ¹ -chüeh ² -ting ³	高山絕頂	very lofty mountains.
o ¹ -shao ¹ -shao ¹ -ti ¹	高梢梢的	quite high, lofty.
o ¹ -shên ¹ -liang ² -êrh ²	高身量兒	tall in person (hsi ⁴ kao ¹ t'iao ³).
o ¹ -shên ¹	高升	lofty promotion.
o ¹ -shên ¹ -kao ¹ -shên ¹	高升高升	please add more wine money! (runners).
o ¹ -shêng ¹	高聲	in a loud voice.
o ¹ -shên ¹ -lang ³ -sung ⁴	高聲朗誦	to read in loud clear voice.
o ¹ -shou ³	高手	to forgive, to look over; a person of great ability.
o ¹ -shou ⁴	高壽	"lofty age," what is your age? (to elderly people).
o ¹ -ta ⁴	高大	lofty.
o ¹ -t'ai ² -kuei ⁴ -shou ³	高抬貴手	please overlook the offence (fig.).
o ¹ -tan ²	高談	"lofty talk," pomposity; to declaim.
o ¹ -tang ²	高堂	father and mother; a mother-in-law.
o ¹ -têng ¹ -hsia ⁴ -liang ¹	燈下亮	a high lamp casts its light far.
o ¹ -ti ¹	高低	high and low, the height of.
o ¹ -tiaō ⁴ -hsi ⁴	高調戲	high-noted music.
o ¹ -ts'ai ²	高才	great ability.
o ¹ -tsu ³	高祖	ancestors of the 4th degree.
o ¹ -tsung ⁴	高聳	high, elevated.
o ¹ -t'u ²	高徒	an excellent student.
o ¹ -wei ⁴	高位	a high station.
o ¹	膏	fat, lard; greasy; rich food; a plaster.
o ⁴ -ch'ê ¹	膏車	to grease the cart (4th tone).
o ¹ -ên ¹	膏恩	rich favours.
o ¹ -fêi ²	膏肥	fat, greasy.
o ¹ -hua ²	膏滑	greasy, slippery.
o ¹ -huo ³	膏火	"fat and fire," allowance to students.
o ¹ -liang ³	膏梁	rich food.
o ¹ -liang ² -jên ² -chia ¹	膏梁人家	a wealthy person.
o ¹ -liang ² -tzŭ ³ -ti ⁴	膏梁子弟	sons of a rich person (fu ⁴ chia ¹ tzŭ ³ ti ⁴).
o ¹ -lu ⁴	膏露	genial dews.
o ¹ -mang ²	膏盲	dangerously ill, incurable (properly huang ¹).

[(ju⁴ kao¹ mang²).

<i>kaō¹ saō¹</i>		膏燥	lard.
<i>kaō¹ t-ē²</i>		膏澤	rich, moist ; rich favours.
<i>kaō¹-yau⁴</i>		膏藥	plaster (for sores, etc.).
<i>kaō¹-yū²</i>		膏油	to grease the cart.
<i>kaō² (t-zŭ)</i>	羊	羔 ^{610b325b}	a lamb, a kid.
<i>kaō¹-ch'iu²</i>		羔裘	a lamb-skin coat.
<i>kaō¹-yang²</i>		羔羊	a lamb (yang ² kao ¹).
<i>kaō¹</i>	米	糕 ^{610c325b}	a kind of steamed pudding ; a bait ; gruel.
<i>kaō¹</i>	食	饊 ^{610c325b}	same (chi ¹ tan ⁴ kao ¹).
<i>kaō¹-kan¹</i>		饊乾	a pudding (made of rice-flour).
<i>kaō¹-ping³</i>		饊餅	a pudding (made of glutinous rice-flour).
<i>kaō¹</i>	竹	篙 ^{610a324c}	bamboo pole, a pole on boats.

KAO³ (t-zŭ)	禾	稟	稿 ^{610a325c}	straw ; draft of a document, original copy.
<i>kaō³-na⁴</i>		稿案		official papers, archives of an office, clerk of an office for archives. [records.]
<i>kaō³-fung²</i>		稿房		an office for archives.
<i>kaō³-kung¹</i>		稿公		a clerk of records.
<i>kaō³-shu¹</i>		稿書		draft of a letter, etc. (ts'ao ³ kao ³).
<i>kaō³-ti³-tzu³</i>		稿底子		same.
<i>kaō³</i>	木	稿	^{609c325c}	dry, rotten (tsao ¹).
<i>kaō³-k'u¹</i>		稿枯		rotten, decayed.
<i>kaō³</i>	糸	縞	^{610a326a}	plain, white, unadorned ; plain white silk.
<i>kaō³-i¹</i>		縞衣		white clothes ; mourning clothes.
<i>kaō³-su⁴</i>		縞素		plain white ; lavender colour (mourning).

KAO⁴	口	告	^{611a326b}	to tell, to inform, to announce, to order.
<i>kaō⁴-ch'ü¹-tien¹-chia⁴</i>		告幾天假		to ask a few days' leave of absence.
<i>kaō⁴-chia⁴</i>		告假		leave of absence ; to request leave.
<i>kaō⁴-chieh³</i>		告解		"confession" in Roman Catholic Church.
<i>kaō⁴-h'ih¹</i>		告知		to inform (kao ⁴ su ⁴),
<i>kaō⁴-ch'ung⁴</i>		告狀		an accusation, an indictment ; to prosecute
<i>kaō⁴-ch'ün⁴</i>		告竣		to announce the completion.
<i>kaō⁴-chung¹-yang⁴</i>		告終養		to apply, to resign, to care for aged parents.
<i>kaō⁴-hsie⁴</i>		告謝		to inform, to announce ; to return thanks.
<i>kaō⁴-hsiu¹</i>		告休		to intimate resignation.
<i>kaō⁴-jao²</i>		告饒		to apologize, to beg pardon.
<i>kaō⁴-iên²</i>		告人		to accuse or prosecute a person, to tell a person.
<i>kaō⁴-kuan¹</i>		告官		to bring a case before an official.
<i>kaō⁴-lao²-huan²-chia¹</i>		告老還家		to apply to resign on account of age (kuei lao ³).
<i>kaō⁴-pi²</i>		告	曰	a notice, a notification, a placarded notice.
<i>kaō⁴-pei³</i>		告備		to announce the completion of a thing.
<i>kaō⁴-pih²</i>		告別		to take leave.
<i>kaō⁴-pien⁴</i>		告便		to ask leave to perform the offices of nature.

ao⁴-ping⁴
 ao⁴-s'ih⁴
 ao⁴-su⁴
 ao⁴-su⁴-wo³
 ao⁴-ung⁴
 ao⁴-t'a⁴-i²-chuan⁴
 ao⁴-tuo³ liao³
 ao⁴-tsu³
 ao⁴-t'ui⁴
 ao⁴-t-z'ü²
 ao⁴
 ao⁴-chieh⁴
 ao⁴-fêng¹
 ao⁴-ming⁴
 ao⁴-shou⁴
 ao⁴-t'iao²
 ao⁴-ts'ing⁴

言

告病
 告示
 告訴
 告訴我
 告訴
 告訴他
 告訴一狀
 告訴了
 告訴祖
 告訴退
 告訴辭
 告訴
 誥
 誥
 誥封
 誥命
 誥授
 誥條
 誥贈

考
 考案首
 考察場
 考正
 考成
 考教習
 考較
 考究
 考取人才
 考中了
 考繙譯
 考現任
 考秀才
 考官
 考功
 考列一等
 考錄遺才
 考名
 考妣
 考妣三年
 考生
 考試
 考歲
 考掉

to report one's self sick.
 a proclamation.
 to tell, to inform.
 tell me.
 to impeach, to accuse.
 lodge an accusation against him.
 to carry a suit against any one.
 to inform one's ancestors by prayer (t'zü² pieh²).
 to retire from office.
 to take leave; to ask leave to retire. [tion.
 to command, to proclaim, to enjoin; a declara-
 to solemnly enjoin.
 to bestow rank on women, living parents, etc.
 a patent of nobility. Note 61.
 to give title to officer. Note 61.
 inscription at gate of high official's titles.
 to bestow a posthumous distinction.

-AO³
 ao³-un⁴-shou³
 ao³-ch'au²
 ao³-ch'ang²
 ao³-ch'eng¹
 ao³-ch'eng²
 ao³-chiao¹-hsi²
 ao³-chiao⁴
 ao³-chia¹
 ao³-ch'ü³ j'ü²-ts'ai²
 ao³-chung⁴-liao³
 ao³-fan¹-i⁴
 ao³-hsien⁴-jên⁴
 ao³-hsiu⁴-ts'ai²
 ao³-kua¹
 ao³-kung¹
 ao³-ieh⁴-i²-têng³
 ao³-lu⁴-i² ts'ai²
 ao³-ming²
 ao³-pi³
 ao³-pi³-san¹-nien²
 ao³-shêng¹
 ao³-shih⁴
 ao³-sui⁴
 ao³-liao⁴

to examine, to interrogate, to compare.
 to come out first at primary for B.A. G. 469.
 to examine, to search.
 the examination hall (chin⁴ ch'aug²).
 to adjust.
 to complete.
 to examine for teachers.
 to compare and examine, to observe.
 to examine, to investigate.
 to select the worthy by examination.
 passed examination successfully.
 to examine for interpreterships.
 to examine substantive officials.
 to go up for the first degree.
 a chief examiner of graduates.
 to examine merits.
 to pass first at examinations.
 to examine candidates for B. A.
 examination name.
 deceased parents.
 three years' mourning for parents.
 to examine undergraduates (t'ung² shêng¹).
 to examine and try; a literary examination.
 yearly examinations.
 to fail in examinations.

k'ao³-t'ung² 考童
 k'ao³-wên³ 考文
 k'ao³-wên⁴ 考問
 k'ao³-wu³ 考武
 k'ao³-yen⁴ 考驗
 k'ao³-yüan⁴ 考院
 k'ao³ 火 烤 613b327b
 k'ao³-chi¹ 烤雞
 k'ao³-chiao¹ 烤焦
 k'ao³-chih² 烤直
 k'ao³-huo³ 烤火
 k'ao³-i¹-k'ao³ 烤一烤
 k'ao³-i¹-k'ao³-kon³ 烤一烤手
 k'ao³-i¹-shang¹ 烤衣裳
 k'ao³-jui³ 烤肉
 k'ao³-mien⁴-pa³ 烤麵包
 k'ao³-mu³ 烤木
 k'ao³-ping³ 烤餅
 k'ao³-shon³ 烤手
 k'ao³-tien³-hsin² 烤點心
 k'ao³ 手 拷 613a327b
 k'ao³-hsin⁴ 拷訊
 k'ao³-ku³ 拷鼓
 k'ao³-ta³ 拷打
 k'ao³-wên⁴ 拷問
 k'ao³-wên⁴-k'ou³-kang¹ 拷問口供

an undergraduate at examinations.
 to examine civil candidates.
 to enquire into, to examine.
 to examine military candidates.
 to examine.
 the examination hall (kung⁴ yüan⁴).
 to warm, to toast, to roast.
 to roast a fowl.
 to burn in baking.
 to straighten bent wood by heat.
 to warm by a fire.
 to warm, to roast, to toast.
 to warm the hands.
 to warm clothes by the fire.
 to roast meat,
 to toast bread. —
 to bend wood by heat.
 to bake a cake.
 to warm the hands.
 to bake cakes.
 to beat, to torture.
 to examine by torture.
 to beat a drum (lei¹ ku³).
 to beat, to torture.
 to examine by torture.
 to torture in order to force evidence.

K'AO⁴ 非 靠 612b327c
 k'ao⁴-chên³ 靠枕
 k'ao⁴-cho² 靠著
 k'ao⁴ cho²-tzu⁴-chi³ 靠著自己
 k'ao⁴-ch'uan² 靠船
 k'ao⁴-i³ 靠椅
 k'ao⁴-jên²-chia¹ 靠人家
 k'ao⁴-lai¹ 靠賴
 k'ao⁴-pu⁴-chui⁴ 靠不住
 k'ao⁴-shan¹-ch'ih¹-shan¹ 靠山吃山
 k'ao⁴-shui³-ch'ih¹-shui³ 靠水吃水
 k'ao⁴-t'ü²-chui⁴ 靠得住
 k'ao⁴-t'ien¹-c'ih¹-fan⁴ 靠天吃飯
 k'ao⁴-t'ou² 靠頭
 k'ao⁴ 牛 犒 612a327c
 k'ao⁴-lao⁴ 犒勞

to lean against, to depend on, to trust to.
 to lean on a pillow.
 leaning against, depending on.
 relying on one's self.
 to moor a boat.
 a chair with a back.
 to depend on a person.
 to rely upon (i³ lai¹).
 not to be depended on.
 adapt yourself to circumstances.
 same.
 to be depended on (ping² hsin⁴).
 trust in Heaven for food.
 a support, as the back of a chair.
 to grant rewards, to feast workmen. [ch'ien²
 feast or extra donation to workmen (chiu

t'ao⁴-shang³ 犒賞
 t'ao⁴-shang³-san¹-chün¹ 犒賞三軍
 t'ao⁴ (t'ü) 金 銬 ○ ○

to give rewards.
 a largess to the army.
 manacles (shou³ k'ao⁴).

KEI³ 糸 給^{SSc393c}
 ei³ jên²-shih³-huan⁴ 給 人 使 喚
 ei³ ko¹-p'ing²-chü⁴ 給 個 憑 據
 ei³ ni³-k'o¹-t'ou² 給 你 磕 頭
 ei³-ni³-shuo¹-hua⁴ 給 你 說 話
 ei³-pieh²-jên² 給 別 人
 ei³-pu⁴-ch'i³-liao³ 給 不 起 了
 ei³-shih⁴-chung¹ 給 事 中
 ei³-shih⁴-pu⁴-kei³ 給 是 不 給
 ei³-t'u¹-ti¹ 給 他 的
 ei³-wo³ 給 我
 ei³-wo³-hsieh³ 給 我 寫
 ei³-wo³-mai³ 給 我 買
 ei³-wo³-pu⁴ 給 我 罷 做
 ei³-wo³-tso⁴ 給 我 做
 ei³-yin⁴ 給 印

to give; to, for (also *chi*). M. 62, 179. (t'zū⁴).
 to give him to use.
 to give a proof.
 I will knock my head to you.
 to speak to you.
 to give another person.
 cannot afford to give.
 supervising censors.
 whether you give or not, will *not* give.
 to give him.
 give me.
 write for me (dative. M. 62).
 buy for me.
 give it me.
 do it for me.
 to affix a seal.

Ê and K'Ê. See KO and K'O.

ÊN¹ 木 根^{613c317a}
 n¹ chi¹ 根 其
 n¹ chiao³ 根 脚
 n¹ chin¹ 根 究
 n¹-êrh²-li³ 根 兒 裏
 n¹-miao² 根 苗
 n¹-mo⁴ 根 末
 n¹-pên² 根 本
 n¹-pên²-lai²-li⁴ 根 本 來 歷
 n¹-shao¹ 根 稍
 n¹-shên¹-yeh⁴-mao⁴ 根 深 葉 茂
 n¹-ti³ 根 底
 n¹-tzi³-ying⁴ 根 子 硬
 n¹-yu² 根 芽
 n¹-yüan² 根 源
 n¹-yu² 根 由
 n¹ 足 跟^{614a317b}
 n¹-chê⁴-li³-tsou³ 跟 這 裏 走
 n¹-ch'ien² 跟 前
 n¹-ch'ien²-yu³-tzi³ 跟 前 有 子
 n¹-cho² 跟 着

the root of a tree; source, origin, foundation.
 the foundation, the origin of.
 foundation, e. g., of wall.
 to investigate thoroughly.
 in the root.
 shoots, sprouts; origin, source.
 root and topmost bough; beginning and end.
 root, source or origin.
 origin and history.
 root and branches, beginning and end of.
 when root is deep, leaves are numerous.
 the bottom, to the bottom; origin, source, cause.
 dangerous characters.
 sprouts, shoots, origin, source.
 origin, source, cause (pên² yüan²).
 same (ch'ing² yu²).
 the heel; to follow, to accompany.
 to go this way.
 before; in front of (of child and parent).
 I have sons.
 following.

kĕn¹-i¹
 kĕn¹-jĕn²-hsiao²
 kĕn¹-kuan¹-tĭ³
 kĕn¹ ma³ jĕn³
 kĕn¹ nĭ³ yao⁴
 kĕn¹-pan¹-tĭ¹
 kĕn¹-pu¹-shung⁴
 kĕn¹-shui²-siao²-shui²
 kĕn¹-su²
 kĕn¹-wo³-ch'ü⁴

跟役
 跟人學
 跟官的
 跟馬人
 跟你要
 跟班的
 跟不上
 跟誰學誰
 跟隨
 跟我去

servants, followers.
 to learn from anyone.
 followers of an official.
 running footmen, horse followers (ting³ ma³ ti¹).
 to require from you.
 a servant, a follower (chang³ pan²).
 cannot keep up to.
 we imitate our associates.
 to accompany, to follow.
 go with me (hau⁴ wo³).

KĒN⁴ 良 良 613b317c
 kĕn⁴-ying⁴-ying⁴-tĭ¹ 良 硬 硬的

one of 8 Diagrams; hard.
 gluey, tough.

KĒN³ 肉 月 肯 614b324a
 k'ĕn³-hsü³ 肯 許
 k'ĕn³ 手 才 措 614c324b
 k'ĕn³-lĕ⁴ 措 勒
 k'ĕn³-t'ui¹ 措 吞
 k'ĕn³ 心 懇 615a318a
 k'ĕn³-ch' i² 懇 祈
 k'ĕn³-ch'ieh⁴ 懇 切
 k'ĕn³-ch'iu² 懇 求
 k'ĕn³-ĕn¹ 懇 恩
 k'ĕn³ 土 墾 615a318a
 k'ĕn³ li⁴ 墾 力
 k'ĕn³-tĭ⁴ 墾 地
 k'ĕn³ 口 啃 614c324c
 k'ĕn³-ts'ao³ 啃 草

[yüan⁴].
 to wish, to be willing, to choose to (ch'ing²
 willing to consent, agreeable.
 to oppress, to extort.
 to extort money, to squeeze (lĕ⁴ so³)
 to monopolize.
 to beg, to entreat, to request earnestly.
 to beg earnestly.
 earnest, urgently entreat.
 to beseech, to entreat.
 to importune a favour.
 to bring waste ground into cultivation.
 to exert strength.
 newly cultivated land (k'ai¹ k'ĕn³).
 to gnaw, to nibble, to bite.
 to nibble grass.

KĒN⁴ 衣 褶 614c318c

gusset under the arm.

KĒNG¹ 日 更 更 615b321b
 kĕng¹-chĕng⁴ 更 正
 kĕng¹-chi¹-pai²-pei⁴ 更 加 百 倍
 kĕng¹-ch'iang³ 更 强
 kĕng¹-chien¹ 更 兼
 kĕng¹-jiang² 更 房
 kĕng¹-fu¹ 更 夫
 kĕng¹-hsiang¹ 更 香
 kĕng¹-huan¹ 更 換
 kĕng¹-i¹ 更 衣

[142].
 to alter; night watches; more. See ching¹. M.
 to reform.
 a hundred fold more.
 better, stronger.
 in addition, besides, moreover.
 watchman's room.
 a watchman (ta³ ching¹ ti²).
 incense to mark the night watches.
 to change, to alter, to exchange.
 to change one's clothes (huan¹ i¹ fu²).

kêng ¹ -kai ³	更改	to change, to alter, to transform.
kêng ¹ -ku ³	更鼓	watchman's drum.
kêng ¹ -li ³ -hai ⁴	更利害	still worse, more severe.
kêng ¹ -lou ²	更樓	a watch tower.
kêng ¹ -lou ⁴	更漏	a clepsydra or water time-keeper.
kêng ¹ -ming ²	更名	to change one's name.
kêng ¹ -ming ² -kai ³ -hsing ⁴	更名改姓	to change one's name and surname.
kêng ¹ -pien ⁴	更變	to change, to alter.
kêng ¹ -shên ¹ -yeh ⁴ -chün ⁴	更深夜靜	in the deep stillness of the night.
kêng ⁴ -t'ê ² -chün ³ -shên ¹	更得謹慎	we must be still more careful.
kêng ¹ -to ¹	更多	more, a greater number or quantity.
kêng ¹	耒 畊	to till, to plough, to cultivate.
kêng ¹ -chung ⁴	耕種	to plough and sow, to cultivate.
kêng ¹ -un ²	耕牛	a plough bullock.
kêng ¹ -niú ² -chan ⁴ -ma ³	耕牛戰馬	the peaceful ox and the war-horse.
kêng ¹ -nou ⁴	耕耨	agricultural operations, cultivation.
kêng ¹ -ti ⁴	耕地	to plough land (li ² ti ⁴ , chiang ³ ti ⁴).
kêng ¹	羊 羹	broth, soup.
kêng ¹ -ch'ih ²	羹匙	a soup-ladle or spoon (t'iao ² kêng ¹).
kêng ¹ -t'ang ¹	羹湯	soup, broth.
kêng ¹ -tiêh ²	羹碟	a soup-plate.
kêng ¹	广 庚	one's age; 7th of the 天干.
kêng ¹ -chün ¹	庚金	the west.
kêng ¹ -hsün ¹ -chün ¹	庚辛金	term in geomancy.
kêng ¹ -nien ²	庚年	year of one's birth; one's age.
kêng ¹ -t'ieh ¹	*庚帖	a paper containing the 8 natural characters.
kêng ¹	禾 稔	a kind of rice, common rice.
kêng ¹	{ 稔	same.
kêng ¹ -mi ³	稔米	same.
KĒNG ³	耳 耿	bright, straightforward, resolute.
kêng ³ -chieh ⁴	耿介	alone, single.
kêng ³ -chih ²	耿直	straightforward (k'an ³ yen ²).
kêng ³ -kêng ³	耿耿	firm, resolute, determined.
kêng ³ -kuang ¹	耿光	bright, clear.
kêng ³	口 哽	the gullet; a stoppage in the throat; sobbing.
kêng ³ -kêng ³	哽哽	to sob.
kêng ³ -yeh ¹	哽噎	to sob, sobbing.
kêng ³ -yen ⁴	哽咽	same.
kêng ³ (kên)	二 互	an extreme limit; from.
kêng ³ -kū ³ -chih ⁴ -chün ¹	互古至今	from of o'd till now.
kêng ³ -kū ³ -i ¹ -jên ²	互古一人	Kuan Ti, so called.
kêng ³ -kū ³ -i ³ -lui ²	互古以來	from the highest antiquity.

kéng³ 艸 廿 莖^{219b170c}
 kéng³ 頁 頸^{219b406}
 kéng³-hsiang⁴ 頸項
 kéng³ 土 埂^{615c322b}
 kéng³ (tzǔ) 木 梗^{616a322b}
 kéng³ (tzū) 糸 綆^{616b322c}

the stem of plants, flowers, etc.
 the neck (po³ kēng³).
 same.
 a bank, a ridge, a footpath.
 stem of a plant, flower, etc., blunt, obstinate.
 a rope (shéng² tzu³).

K'ĒNG¹ (tzǔ) 土 坑^{617c323a}
 k'éng¹-hai⁴ 坑害
 k'éng¹-jên² 坑人
 k'éng¹-k'an³ 坑坎
 k'éng¹-k'éng¹-wa¹-wa¹ 坑坑窪窪
 k'éng¹-p'ien⁴ 坑騙
 k'éng¹-sha¹ 坑砂
 k'éng¹-wa¹ 坑窪

a pit, a hole (tung⁴).
 to hurt, to injure, to entrap.
 to do people mischief.
 a pit, hole, den or cavern; a dip in a road.
 full of holes and hollows.
 to entrap, to cheat.
 manure cakes.
 same.

KO¹ 手 才 擱^{619c426b}
 ko¹-chéng⁴-liao³ 擱正了
 ko¹-chi⁴ 擱記
 ko¹-ch'i³-lai² 擱起來
 ko¹-ch'ien³ 擱淺
 ko¹-chū² 擱局
 ko¹-hsia⁴ 擱下
 ko¹-i¹-pien⁴ 擱一邊
 ko¹-k'ai¹ 擱開
 ko¹-mu⁴ 擱木
 ko¹-pan³ 擱板
 ko¹-pu⁴-chu⁴ 擱不住
 ko¹-pu¹-hia⁴ 擱不下
 ko¹-tsai³-cho¹-shang⁴ 擱在桌上
 ko¹-tsai³-na³-li³ 擱在那裏
 ko¹-tsai⁴-i¹-h'ia¹ 擱在地下
 ko¹-wên³-tang⁴ 擱穩當
 ko¹ 割^{621a428c}
 ko¹-chi¹ 割雞
 ko¹-chi¹ chin¹-jou⁴ 割幾斤肉
 ko¹-ch'i²-chieh² 割齊截
 ko¹-i¹-k'uai⁴ 割一塊
 ko¹-jou⁴ 割肉
 ko¹-k'ai¹ 割開
 ko¹-li³ 割禮
 ko¹-mai⁴-tzu³ 割麥子
 ko¹-p'êng¹ 割烹

to put down, to place (fang⁴ hsia⁴).
 placed straight.
 to be anxious about (tien⁴ huai²).
 to put aside, to remove.
 to strand, to run aground or ashore (as a vessel).
 a gambling establishment, "a hell."
 to put down.
 to lay aside.
 to remove (ch'ê⁴).
 the plate above the door or window.
 a shelf (shu¹ chia⁴).
 unable to discontinue or leave off.
 unable to put down or in.
 put it on the table.
 where shall I put it?
 put it on the ground.
 placed firmly. [k'an³, chieh⁴].
 to cut, to cut off; to wound, to injure, to ruin.
 to kill a fowl (tsai³ chi¹).
 to buy a few catties of meat.
 to cut off evenly.
 to cut off a piece.
 to cut meat, to buy meat.
 to cut open (p'ou³ k'ai¹).
 circumcision.
 to reap wheat.
 "cut and fry," viands.

o ¹ -shé ³	割捨	to sever, to part with.
o ¹ -shé ³ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴	割捨不下	cannot part with.
o ¹ -shih ⁴	割勢	to castrate (shan ⁴).
o ¹ -shou ³	割首	to decapitate (chan ³ shou ³).
o ¹ -ti ⁴	割地	to cut off territory.
o ¹ -t'ou ² -huan ⁴ -ling ³	割頭換項	confusing two things together.
o ¹ -tuan ⁴	割斷	to cut asunder.
o ¹	口 哥 ^{620b423a}	an elder brother.
o ¹ -érh ² -lia ³	哥兒倆	two brothers, both brothers.
o ¹ -érh ² -mên ¹	哥兒們	brothers (hsiang ¹ ti ⁴).
o ¹ -ko ¹	哥哥	an elder brother.
o ¹ -lao ³ -hui ⁴	哥老會	a famous secret society.
o ¹ -suo ³	哥嫂	an elder brother's wife; elder brother and his [wife.]
o ¹	欠 謳 歌 ^{620c423a}	to sing, to chant songs.
o ¹ -ch'ang ⁴	歌唱	to sing.
o ¹ -ch'ü ¹	歌曲	to sing songs.
o ¹ -hsiao ⁴	歌笑	to sing and laugh.
o ¹ -pên ³	歌本	a song (ch'ang ⁴ pên ³).
o ¹ -shih ¹	歌詩	to sing hymns.
o ¹ -sung ⁴	歌誦	to chant.
o ¹ -wu ³	歌舞	to sing and dance.
o ¹ -yao ²	歌謠	to lampoon in verse.
o ¹	肉 月 髀 脛 脛 ^{621a427b}	the elbow, armpit.
o ¹ -chih ¹ -wo ⁴	脛肢窩	the armpit.
o ¹ -hsing ¹ -érh ⁴	脛星兒	a defect, fault (mao ² ping ⁴).
o ¹ -pang ³ -chou ³	脛膀肘	the elbow.
o ¹ -pang ³ -chou ³ -wan ¹	脛膀肘彎	the bend in the elbow.
o ¹ -pei ⁴	脛臂	the upper arm.
o ¹ -po ²	脛膊	forearm (ch'ien ¹ pang ³ tzü ³).
o ¹ -po ² -chou ³ -érh ²	脛膊肘兒	the armpit.
o ¹ -yeh ⁴	脛腋	same.
o ¹	疔 疔 ^{620c427b}	pimples, boils; silly, idiotic.
o ¹ -ch'ih ²	疔癡	silly, idiotic, foolish.
o ¹ -ta ²	疔痞	a knot (as in string,) a knob of a cap, etc; a [ear.]
o ¹	戈 戈 ^{621c489a}	a lance, a spear (kan ¹ ko ¹).
o ¹ -mou ²	戈矛	same.
o ¹ (t-ü)	鳥 鴿 ^{621c428b}	the pigeon or dove (pan ¹ chiu ¹).
o ¹	口 咯 ^{618b553a}	to cough, to hawk. See lo ⁴ .
o ¹ -chih ¹	咯吱	to creak, hum.
o ¹	足 跔 ^{621a427c}	thumping noise.
o ¹ -têng ⁴ -cho ² -tson ³	跔蹬着走	to go jolting along.
o ²	木 格 ^{618c426c}	a bound or rule; to understand; to teach.

<i>ko²-chih⁴</i>	格致	researches, especially in natural science.
<i>ko²-chên¹</i>	格針	thorns (<i>chi² li²</i>).
<i>ko²-li⁴</i>	格例	a statute or rule (<i>t'iao² li⁴</i>).
<i>ko²-shih⁴</i>	格式	a form, a pattern (<i>yang⁴ shih⁴</i>).
<i>ko²-t'zū¹-chih³</i>	格字紙	ruled paper.
<i>ko²-wai⁴</i>	格外	extraordinary, enormous; out of rule.
<i>ko²-wai⁴-chia¹-ên¹</i>	格外加恩	extraordinary grace.
<i>ko²-wai⁴-shih¹-ên¹</i>	格外施恩	same.
<i>ko²-wai⁴-ta⁴</i>	格外大	extraordinarily large (<i>hao⁴ ta⁴</i>).
<i>ko²-wu⁴-ju⁴-mên²</i>	格物入門	elementary physics.
<i>ko²</i>	皇 隔 ^{622a427c}	separated, apart from. See <i>chih⁴</i> .
<i>ko²-ch'iang²-kao⁴-chuan²</i>	隔牆告狀	going to law under difficulties.
<i>ko²-ch'iang²-lin²-shê³</i>	隔牆鄰舍	next door neighbors.
<i>ko²-chiao⁴</i>	隔教	Mohammedan religion (<i>hui² hui² chiao⁴</i>).
<i>ko²-chih¹-ko²-chih¹</i>	隔肢隔肢	to tickle (<i>yang³</i>).
<i>ko²-fêng¹</i>	隔風	to keep out wind, e. g., cloth (<i>t'ou⁴ fêng¹</i>).
<i>ko²-ho²</i>	隔河	separated by the river.
<i>ko²-i¹-tao⁴-chieh¹</i>	隔一道街	separated by a street, in the next street.
<i>ko²-k'ai¹</i>	隔開	to separate or put apart.
<i>ko²-mien²-t'î¹-shih⁴</i>	隔年的事	next year's affairs.
<i>ko²-pi³</i>	隔壁	a partition wall; next-door neighbours (<i>chien¹</i>).
<i>ko²-pi³-lin²-shê⁴</i>	隔壁鄰舍	next-door neighbours.
<i>ko²-san¹-t'iao⁴-lia³</i>	隔三跳兩	by fits and starts, irregularly.
<i>ko²-shan⁴</i>	隔扇	a screen, or movable partition.
<i>ko²-têng⁴</i>	隔餒	to hiccup.
<i>ko²-ti¹-yüan³</i>	隔的遠	far apart.
<i>ko²-tuán⁴-liao³</i>	隔斷了	shut off, to separate.
<i>ko²</i>	革 ^{622c428a}	to flay; to degrade, to reject; hide.
<i>ko²-chih²</i>	革職	to degrade an official (<i>ch'ia¹ yin¹</i>).
<i>ko²-chih²-liu²-jên⁴</i>	革職留任	rank taken away, but left at post.
<i>ko²-ch'u²</i>	革除	to reject, to deduct.
<i>ko²-ch'ü¹-ting³-tai⁴</i>	革去頂戴	to take away the bottom (<i>hsiao¹ liao³ ting³</i>).
<i>ko²-fêng⁴-liu²-jên⁴</i>	革俸留任	docked of salary, but left at post.
<i>ko²-kuan¹</i>	革官	to degrade official.
<i>ko²-liao³-ting³-êrh²</i>	革了頂兒	to have taken away the bottom.
<i>ko²-mien⁴</i>	革面	"to flay the face," to reform thoroughly.
<i>ko²-mien⁴-hsi³-hsin¹</i>	革面洗心	to thoroughly reform.
<i>ko²-ming⁴-tang³</i>	革命黨	the revolutionary party.
<i>ko²-t'ui⁴</i>	革退	to degrade and discharge, to reject.
<i>ko² (ka)</i>	虫 ^{621b428b}	cockles, clams, oysters, mussels, etc.
<i>ko²-fên³</i>	蛤粉	powder made from oyster shells (a medicine).
<i>ko²-k'o¹</i>	蛤壳	cockle shells.
<i>ko²-ku⁴</i>	蛤固	crabbed disposition, fierce. See <i>ka ku³</i> .

ko ² -li ⁴	蛤	species of clam.
ko ² -pa ¹ -ko ² -pa ¹	蛤吧蛤吧	to crack, to crepitate.
ko ² -pang ¹	蛤蚌	oysters (pêng ³ ko ²).
ko ² -pang ⁴ -p ⁴ i ²	蛤蚌皮	oyster shells.
ko ² -t-zũ ³	蛤子	a frog; clams (ha ² ma ⁴).
ko ² -t-zũ ³ -jou ⁴	蛤子肉	clams (without shell).
ko ²	艸 廿 葛 622b423c	creeping plants.
ko ² -kên ¹	葛根	a sort of medicine
ko ² -pu ⁴	葛布	a kind of grass cloth (hsia ⁴ pu ⁴).
ko ² -t'êng ²	葛藤	creepers; complications.
ko ² -ts'ao ³	葛草	the plant of which grass cloth is made.
ko ²	門 閣 619b426a	an upper room; a council chamber.
ko ² -hsia ⁴	閣下	sir, master, you (tsun ¹ chia ⁴). X
ko ² -lao ² -tsav ³ -hsiang ⁴	閣老宰相	secretary of state under Ming emperors.
ko ²	口 噁 622a428a	to belch; unable to swallow.
ko ² -ch'êng ⁴	噁症	vomiting; colic.
ko ² -yeh ¹	噁噎	unable to swallow.
ko ² (t-zũ)	木 榻 622a423a	a partition, a screen; a press or case.
ko ² -shan ⁴	榻扇	a folding screen.
ko ²	肉 月 膈 622a428a	the breast, the diaphragm.
ko ² (o)	口 呃 36a2c	a sound of repletion, to belch, to chirp.
ko ⁴ (2, 3)	口 各 618a426b	each, every, various.
ko ⁴ -ch'u ¹	各處	everywhere.
ko ⁴ -ch'u ⁴ -ko ⁴ -tao ⁴	各處各道	every place.
ko ⁴ -fang ² -ko ⁴ -wu ¹	各房各屋	every house and room.
ko ⁴ -hang ²	各行	every trade.
ko ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	各項	every sort or kind.
ko ⁴ -hsing ² -ch'i ² -tao ⁴	各行其道	each go his own road.
ko ⁴ -jên ²	各人	each person, every one.
ko ⁴ -jên ² -ti ¹	各人的	one's private or personal property (t'i ³ chi ³).
ko ⁴ -ko ⁴	各各	every one; each singly.
ko ⁴ -kuan ³ -ch'i ² -shih ⁴	各管其事	each attends to his own affairs.
ko ⁴ -kuan ² -i ¹ -t'iao ²	各管一條	each mind his own or one affair.
ko ⁴ -kuei ¹ -ko ⁴ -sé ⁴	各歸各色	sorted according to color.
ko ⁴ -kung ¹ -i ¹ -t-zũ ²	各供一詞	each to tell a different story (in evidenc).
ko ⁴ -kuo ²	各國	each or every country.
ko ⁴ -mên ² -ko ² -hu ⁴	各門各戶	every family.
ko ⁴ -pei ⁴	各襍	pieces of cloth glued together.
ko ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -jao ³	各不相擾	mutually refuse invitations.
ko ⁴ -sé ⁴	各色	various colors, variegated; every kind.
ko ⁴ -shêng ³	各省	all the provinces.
ko ⁴ -shih ⁴	各式	every sort.

ko² 榻
tsun¹ chia⁴

+

ko⁴-ti⁴-fan¹ 各地方
 ko⁴-tzi⁴ 各自
 ko⁴-tzi⁴-k'o⁴-êr^h 各自各兒
 ko⁴-tzi⁴-liu²-shên² 各自留神
 ko⁴-tzi⁴-sui²-pien⁴ 各自隨便
 ko⁴-yang⁴ 各樣
 ko⁴-yang⁴-chü⁴-ch'üan² 各樣俱全
 ko⁴-yang⁴-tu¹-yu³ 各樣都有
 ko⁴-yo⁴-hsiao¹-hsin¹ 各要小心
 ko⁴-yu³-ch'ü²-nêng² 各有其能
 ko⁴-yu³-i¹-lu⁴ 各有一路
 ko⁴-yu³-i¹-shuo¹ 各有一說
 ko⁴-yu³-so³-ch'ang² 各有所長
 ko⁴ 竹个箇 623b423c
 ko⁴ 人 (個 623a
 ko⁴-chung¹-jên² 個中人
 ko⁴-huan¹-ko⁴ 個換個
 ko⁴-ko⁴ 個個
 ko⁴-ko⁴-ju²-tzi³ 個個如此
 ko⁴-pan¹-yüeh⁴ 個半月
 ko⁴-tzi³-ta⁴ 個子大
 ko⁴ 虫 蛇 621a427a
 ko⁴-tsao³ 吃蚤
 ko⁴ 手才 搗 622c429b

every place.
 one's self.
 by one's self.
 let each take care.
 let each follow his own convenience.
 each or every sort.
 to have of every sort.
 same.
 we must each be careful.
 each has his special ability.
 singular, sui generis.
 each has a different tale.
 each has his own strong point.
 a piece, a particle-numerative. M. 2.
 same.
 middlemen in this affair of ours.
 to exchange piece for piece.
 all, every one.
 every one thus.
 a month and a half.
 of tall stature (shên¹ liang⁴).
 an insect.
 a flea (t'iao⁴ tsao³, ch'ou² ch'ung²).
 to sew together parts of a garment; twist a rope

K'OO¹ 禾 科 624c424a
 k'o¹-ch'ang² 科場
 k'o¹-chia³ 科甲
 k'o¹-chia³-ch'ü¹-shên¹ 科甲出身
 k'o¹-chü³ 科舉
 k'o¹-fang² 科房
 k'o¹-k'ao³ 科考
 k'o¹-p'ai⁴ 科派
 k'o¹-shih² 科食
 k'o¹-shui⁴ 科稅
 k'o¹-tao⁴ 科道
 k'o¹-tao⁴-kuan¹ 科道官
 k'o¹-ti⁴ 科第
 k'o¹-t'iao² 科條
 k'o¹-tou³-ch'ung² 科斗虫
 k'o¹-ton³-tzi⁴ 科斗字
 k'o¹-tsui⁴ 科罪
 k'o¹-luan⁴ 科斷

practice, profession; class, series; a rank.
 examination arena.
 having 2nd and 3rd degrees.
 to enter official life via the examinations.
 provincial examination of chü-jên.
 an office in a yamên.
 provincial examination. G. 472.
 compulsory service or taxation.
 sacrificial leavings.
 taxation by compulsion.
 a censor's yamên.
 a censor (yü⁴ shih²).
 having literary degrees (2nd or 3rd).
 the rules observed at the literary examinations
 the toad (ha² ma¹).
 the toad character,
 to decide and punish, to judge, to sentence.
 to examine and decide.

k'o¹ 刀 刻^{626a430a}
 k'o¹-hna⁴-pu⁴-tun⁴ 刻化不動
 k'o¹-ku²-ming²-hsin¹ 刻骨銘心
 k'o¹-k'u³-jên² 刻苦人
 k'o¹-pan³ 刻版
 k'o¹-pao² 刻剝
 k'o¹-po¹ 刻薄
 k'o¹-pu⁴-yung²-huan³ 刻不容緩
 k'o¹-t'u²-shu¹ 刻圖書
 k'o¹-tzu⁴-chiang¹ 刻字匠
 k'o¹ 石 磕^{627a430c}
 k'o¹-ko¹-hsiang³-t'ou² 磕個响頭
 k'o¹-k'o¹-pa¹-pa¹ 磕磕巴巴
 k'o¹-k'o¹-pan⁴-pan⁴ 磕磕絆絆
 k'o¹-p'êng⁴ 磕並
 k'o¹-t'ou² 磕頭
 k'o¹-yen¹-hui¹ 磕烟灰
 k'o¹ 手 搥^{627a430c}
 k'o¹-ko⁴-hsi¹-lan¹ 搥個稀爛
 k'o¹-pien¹-liao³ 搥扁了
 k'o¹-shang¹-liao³ 搥傷了
 k'o¹-sui¹-liao³ 搥碎了
 k'o¹ 木 棵 ○ ○
 k'o¹ 禾 稞^{625b425c}
 k'o¹ 頁 顆^{625c425a}
 k'o¹ 士 殼^{626b160a}
 k'o¹ 殼^{626c412a}
 k'o¹ 支 可^{624b425c}
 k'o¹-ta³ 可打
 k'o¹ 土 坳^{624a425b}

to cut into, to carve. See k'o¹.
 unable to digest (hsi¹ w¹ hua⁴ pu⁴ tung⁴).
 engraved on my bones and heart.
 oppressive, tyrannical (ts'an² jên³).
 to cut type blocks.
 to use injuriously and insultingly, to ill-treat.
 to extort, to oppress; avaricious, overbearing.
 the fixed time must not be postponed.
 to engrave a map, or private seal.
 a type-cutter.
 to knock, to thump (ta³ p'ai¹). To crack (nuts)
 to knock your head till it sounds on the floor.
 stammering (ch'eh² pa¹).
 trembling, tottering from age.
 to knock, to bump. [erence.
 "bump head," the Chinese highest mark of rev-
 to knock the ashes out of a pipe.
 to strike, pat, beat.
 broken to pieces, K'o'
 to flatten. t'ou
 injured by a blow.
 to smash to pieces.
 numerative of trees.
 wheat, grain.
 a bead. Numerative of beads, grain, etc.
 the lower part of the face, the chin.
 shell, skin, husk (also ch'üeh⁴).
 same.
 to thump, to beat lightly.
 to knock out, as ashes from a pipe.
 uneven, rough.

k'o² (hai) 口 咳^{626b429c}
 k'o²-sou⁴ 咳嗽
 k'o²-sou⁴-fa¹-ch'uan³ 咳嗽發喘
 k'o² 目 瞌^{627a430c}
 k'o²-shui⁴ 瞌睡
 k'o² (ch'iu) 手 掙^{629a} ○
 k'o²-ch'u¹-ch'ü¹ 掙出去

to cough, a cough.
 cough, to cough (hai¹ sou⁴).
 asthma and cough.
 sleepy, worn out.
 sleepy, drowsy (ch'ang⁴ tun³).
 to seize.
 drag him away !

k'o³ 口 可^{623b425a}
 k'o³-ai¹ 可哀
 k'o³-ai⁴ 可愛

may, can, might, could; fit, proper. M. 545.
 lamentable.
 amiable, worthy*to be loved, loveable.

<i>k'ŏ³-ch'iang²</i>	可牆	along the whole wall.
<i>k'ŏ³-ch'iao³</i>	可巧	fortunately.
<i>k'ŏ³-chien⁴</i>	可見	able to see, visible; whence it is evident.
<i>k'ŏ³-chih³</i>	可止	that which may be dispensed with.
<i>k'ŏ³-ch'in³-chin⁴</i>	可親近	attractive.
<i>k'ŏ³-ching⁴</i>	可敬	worthy of respect, respectable.
<i>k'ŏ³-ch'ü³</i>	可取	worthy, good qualities.
<i>k'ŏ³-ch'ü⁴-ch'iao²-ch'iao²</i>	可去瞧瞧	we may go and have a look.
<i>k'ŏ³-fou³</i>	可否	whether possible or not.
<i>k'ŏ³-hén⁴</i>	可恨	worthy of detestation, detestable (k'ŏ ³ wu ⁴).
<i>k'ŏ³-hsi²</i>	可惜	alas! lamentable, pitiable.
<i>k'ŏ³-hsi²-liao³-érh²</i>	可惜了兒	pity, a pity to waste.
<i>k'ŏ³-hsi³</i>	可喜	true cause for joy.
<i>k'ŏ³-hsiao⁴</i>	可笑	laughable (chien ⁴ hsiao ⁴).
<i>k'ŏ³-hsin¹</i>	可心	after one's heart.
<i>k'ŏ³-hsin¹-k'ŏ² i⁴</i>	可心可意	according to one's heart.
<i>k'ŏ³-hsin⁴</i>	可信	credible.
<i>k'ŏ³-hsing²</i>	可行	may be done.
<i>k'ŏ³-i²</i>	可疑	suspicious, doubtful.
<i>k'ŏ³-i³</i>	可以	may, can, it will do.
<i>k'ŏ³-i³ pi⁴ pi⁴</i>	可以不必	not absolutely necessary, can be dispensed with
<i>k'ŏ³-jên²</i>	可人	a competent person.
<i>k'ŏ³-k'an⁴-tê²-lai²</i>	可看得來	visible, able to see.
<i>k'ŏ³-k'ao⁴</i>	可靠	trustworthy.
<i>k'ŏ³-k'ou³</i>	可口	good to eat, palatable.
<i>k'ŏ³-k'ua⁴</i>	可誇	praiseworthy.
<i>k'ŏ³-kuan¹</i>	可觀	worth seeing.
<i>k'ŏ³-liao³-pu⁴-tê²</i>	可了不得	terrible (liao ³ pu ⁴ tê ²).
<i>k'ŏ³-lien²</i>	可憐	pitiable.
<i>k'ŏ³-lien³-wo³</i>	可憐我	pity me! (ai ¹ ts'an ³).
<i>k'ŏ³ lin²</i>	可留	deserving to be spared.
<i>k'ŏ³-nao³</i>	可惱	provoking, aggravating.
<i>k'ŏ³-p'ä⁴</i>	可怕	to be feared.
<i>k'ŏ³-p'ing²</i>	可憑	reliable, it may be relied on.
<i>k'ŏ³-pu¹-k'ŏ³</i>	可不是	may or can it be done or not?
<i>k'ŏ³-pu¹-shih⁴</i>	可不是麼	to be sure, right, correct, certainly. M. 52
<i>k'ŏ³-pu⁴-shih⁴-mo²</i>	可不是麼	is it not right?
<i>k'ŏ³-pu⁴-tsuo³ liao³</i>	可不早了	how late it is!
<i>k'ŏ³-shên¹</i>	可身	a good fit (k'ŏ ¹ t'i ³).
<i>k'ŏ³-shih⁴</i>	可是	but, however.
<i>k'ŏ⁴-t'an⁴</i>	可嘆	deplorable, sad.
<i>k'ŏ³-tao⁴</i>	可道	every road.
<i>k'ŏ³-tao⁴-yu³-jên²</i>	可道有人	the whole road full of people.

k' o³-tê²
 k' o³-t' o¹
 k' o³-t' i³
 k' o³-t' ing¹
 k' o³-tsên⁴
 k' o³-tsun¹
 k' o³-wan²-liao³
 k' o³-wei⁴
 k' o³-wu¹
 k' o³-yao¹-hsiao³-hsin¹
 k' o³-yüan²
 k' o³ yung⁴
 k' o³
 k' o³-hsiang³
 k' o³-ssü³
 k' o³-tê²-huang¹
 k' o³

水 彳
 艸 廿

可得
 可託
 可體
 可聽
 可憎
 可尊
 可完了
 可畏
 可惡
 可要小心
 可原
 可用
 渴 629a-430a
 渴想
 渴死
 渴得慌
 苛 624b-215b

must, M. 218.
 reliable (k' ao⁴ tê² chu⁴).
 a good fit (of clothes) (hsiao³ k' o³ k' o³ ti¹).
 worth hearing.
 abominable.
 worthy of honor.
 finished.
 dreadful, fearful.
 detestable, abominable.
 you must mind what you are about.
 excusable (yüan² liang⁴).
 of use.
 thirsty; anxious to obtain, to long for.
 to anxiously expect, longingly think upon.
 die of thirst.
 extremely thirsty.
 petty, annoy (also ho).

k' o⁴
 k' o⁴-chan⁴
 k' o⁴-ch' i¹
 k' o⁴-huo⁴
 k' o⁴-jên²
 k' o⁴-kuan¹
 k' o⁴-lü³
 k' o⁴-pu¹-li²-huo⁴
 k' o⁴-t' u⁴-sung⁴-k' o⁴
 k' o⁴-shang¹
 k' o⁴-shê¹
 k' o⁴-sui⁴
 k' o⁴-t' ang²
 k' o⁴-t' ao¹-hua⁴
 k' o⁴-tien⁴
 k' o⁴-t' ing¹
 k' o⁴-tsai³
 k' o⁴-wu¹-tzü³
 k' o⁴-yeh²
 k' o⁴-yü¹
 k' o⁴
 k' o⁴-ch' i²
 k' o⁴-ch' üan⁴
 k' o⁴-kua⁴
 k' o⁴-shih¹

客 628b-429a
 客棧
 客氣
 客貨
 客人
 客官
 客旅
 客不離貨
 客不送客
 客商
 客舍
 客歲
 客堂
 客套話
 客店
 客廳
 客載
 客屋子
 客爺
 客寓
 客課 625b-425b
 課期
 勸
 課卦
 課詩

a guest, a visitor; a stranger, a traveller,
 a lodging-house
 modest, retiring, diffident; formal, conventional.
 a merchant's goods, merchandise.
 a visitor, a guest; a traveller.
 an official who is a guest.
 a stranger, a traveller.
 the merchant must not leave his untended goods.
 guests do not escort guests.
 a travelling merchant, a commercial traveller.
 a traveller's or guest's room; lodgings.
 the by-gone year.
 a guest hall.
 mere complimentary phrases.
 an inn, a lodging house.
 a visitor's room.
 merchandise.
 a traveller's room.
 a guest; a traveller; a lodger.
 a lodging for travellers, etc., an hotel.
 to examine; to attempt; to plan; to counsel.
 the time of examination.
 to exhort, to advise.
 form of divination (chan¹ pu³).
 to make verses.

k'ŏ ⁴ -shih ⁴	課試
k'ŏ ⁴ -shui ⁴	課稅
k'ŏ ⁴ -t'ung ³	課筒
k'ŏ ⁴ -wén ²	課文
k'ŏ ⁴	刀 刻 ^{626a430a}
k'ŏ ⁴ -hsia ⁴	刻下
k'ŏ ⁴ -jih ⁴	刻日
k'ŏ ⁴ -lon ⁴	刻漏
k'ŏ ⁴ -son ¹	刻搜
k'ŏ ⁴	儿 克 ^{627b430b}
k'ŏ ⁴ -chi ³	克己
k'ŏ ⁴ -chi ³ -fu ⁴ -li ³	克己復禮
k'ŏ ⁴ -chien ³ -k'ŏ ⁴ -ch'in ²	克儉克勤
k'ŏ ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴ -ssü ¹ -yü ⁴	克去私慾
k'ŏ ⁴ cnuang ¹	克壯
k'ŏ ⁴ -k'an ¹	克堪
k'ŏ ⁴ -tang ¹	克當
k'ŏ ⁴	刀 剋 ^{627c430b}
k'ŏ ⁴ -ch'ü ¹	剋期
k'ŏ ⁴ -fu ¹	剋伐
k'ŏ ⁴ -k'ou ⁴	剋扣
k'ŏ ⁴ -isê ²	剋擇
k'ŏ ⁴	馬 騾 ^{625c425c}
k'ŏ ⁴ -lo ²	騾騾
k'ŏ ⁴ -lü ²	騾驢
k'ŏ ⁴ -ma ³	騾馬
k'ŏ ⁴ (t'zũ)	金 鏹 ^{625c489c}

to try, to experiment (shih⁴ yen⁴),
 a tax or duty.
 a tube used in fortune-telling,
 to compose, composition,
 time, 15 minutes. See k'ŏ⁴.
 now.
 a fixed day.
 a clepsydra or water time-keeper.
 to annoy, to act vexatiously to.
 to be able, competent to, to subdue
 to overcome one's self (cheap).
 to deny one's self and return to propriety,
 very thrifty and diligent.
 to overcome the passions,
 overpowering force.
 adequate to, able or competent for; to sustain
 to sustain.
 to overcome, to subdue; to injure, to kill.
 an appointed time; to appoint a day.
 to transport, to banish,
 to deduct, to discount (ché² k'ou⁴).
 to choose a propitious day.
 a mare (êrh² ma³).
 a she-mule.
 a she-ass.
 a mare.
 small silver ingots.

KOU ¹	勺 勾 ^{629b328a}
kou ¹ -'hung ⁴	勾賤
kou ¹ -chieh ²	勾結
kou ¹ -ch'ing ²	勾情
kou ¹ -chüeh ²	勾除
kou ¹ -fu ²	勾扶
kou ¹ -ch'u ²	勾決
kou ¹ -ch'uan ⁴	勾串
kou ¹ -hsiao ¹	勾消
kou ¹ -hnn ²	勾魂
kou ¹ -ta ¹ -shang ¹ -liao ³	勾搭上了
kou ¹ -tang ¹	勾當
kou ¹ -t'ung ¹	勾通
kou ¹ -t'zũ ³	勾子
kou ¹ -yin ³	勾引

a hook, to hook, to entice, to exclude.
 to cancel an account.
 to entangle, to implicate.
 intrigue, liaison (ssü¹ t'ung²).
 to reject.
 to draw into a conspiracy.
 to sentence to death (ch'ü¹ chüeh²).
 to plaster.
 to cancel.
 to bewitch (mi² hnn²).
 formed an illicit connection.
 a job, affairs, business (bad sense).
 to be in a plot.
 a hook.
 to entice, to inveigle (yin³ yu⁴).

kou ¹	金 鈎	鈎 ^{630a32Sb}
kou ¹ -chih ³		鈎止
kou ¹ -chih ⁴		鈎致
kou ¹ -hu ¹		鈎住
kou ¹ -ta ¹ lien ² -huan ²		鈎搭連環
kou ¹ -t'ei ¹		鈎梯
kou ¹	手 才	才 ^{630a32Sb}
kou ¹ -ch'ien ¹		拘牽
kou ¹ -chih ²		拘執
kou ¹ -ch'uan ⁴ -lai ² -ti ¹		拘串來的
kou ¹ -jiao ³ -t'ai ¹ -lai ³		拘了他來
kou ¹ -liu ²		拘留
kou ¹ -mo ³ -ch'iang ² -feng ⁴		拘抹牆縫
kou ¹ -na ²		拘拿
kou ¹ -shou ³		拘手
kou ¹ -shu ⁴		拘束
kou ¹ -t'ung ¹		拘通
kou ¹	水 汜	溝 ^{632a32Sc}
kou ¹ -ch'ih ²		溝池
kou ¹ -ch'ü ²		溝渠
kou ¹ -ho ⁴		溝壑
kou ¹ -man ³ -hao ² -p'ing ³		溝濶壕平
kou ¹ -yen ²		溝沿

a hook, a sickle ; a spear ; to hook, to detain.
 to detain.
 to cause, to induce, to influence.
 to hook fast,
 closely linked together in evil.
 a hook ladder, a scaling ladder.
 to hook, to adhere to, to grasp, to restrain.
 to drag along.
 to grasp.
 obtained by collusion with.
 drag him here ! beguile him here.
 to detain, to keep.
 to plaster up the cracks in wall.
 to seize ; to apprehend.
 be partners with, etc.
 to restrain.
 to entice, to inveigle.
 a gutter, a drain, a sewer, a ditch, a moat,
 a ditch, a moat.
 ditches, gutters, drains.
 " gutters and edges," banks of a ditch, etc.
 high flood in the water-courses.
 banks of gutters, etc.

KOU ³	犬	狗 ^{630b329b}
kou ³ -chang ¹ -jên ² -shih ⁴		狗仗人勢
kou ³ -ch'in ⁴		狗嘔
kou ³ -fei ⁴		狗吠
kou ³ -fei ⁴		狗肺
kou ³ -hsieh ³ -p'ên ¹ -t'ou ²		狗血噴頭
kou ³ -hsüny ²		狗熊
kou ³ -pa ³ -shih ⁴		狗把勢
kou ³ -p'i ⁴		狗屁
kou ³ -shih ² -ch'ung ²		狗食虫
kou ³ -t'ou ¹ -t'zũ ³		狗豆子
kou ³ -t'ou ¹ -shu ³ -ch'ieh ⁴		狗偷鼠竊
kou ³ -tsao ³		狗蚤
kou ³ -t'ni ³ -ya ² -i ⁴		狗腿衙役
kou ³ -t'nyy ⁴ -rh ²		狗洞兒
kou ³ -t'zũ ³		狗子
kou ³ -yu ²		狗牙
kou ³ -ya ² -t'ao ¹ -t'zũ ³		狗牙條子
kou ³ -yao ³		狗咬

the dog (ch'üan³).
 a dog relies on his master's influence.
 the dog vomits.
 the dog barks (kou³ yao³).
 villainous.
 furious reviling.
 the black bear.
 boast, all talk and no do.
 trash, bosh (abusive).
 the fire fly ; worms (in children).
 " dog beans," ticks.
 stealing on the sly.
 the flea (ko⁴ tsao³).
 nick name for yamên runners.
 dog's hole (cut in doors).
 the flea ; dog !
 dog's teeth.
 dog-teeth edging.
 the bite of a dog, the dog barks.

kou³ 艸 卮 苟^{631b329a} hurried, precipitate; to catch fish.
kou³-ch'ieh³ 苟且 disreputable, careless, illicit intercourse.
kou³-chien³ 苟儉 stingy, skinflint.
kou³-ho² 苟合 illicit intercourse.
kou³ 木 枸^{630b329b} a fruit, a kind of medlar.

KOU⁴ 弓 夠 (殼^{633a} enough (tsu²).
kou⁴ 夕 (够^{631c331b} same.
kou⁴-ch'ih¹-ti¹ 够吃的 enough to support one.
kou⁴-pén³ 够本 selling at cost price.
kou⁴-san¹-shih² 够三十 exactly thirty.
kou⁴-t'a¹-shou⁴-ti¹ 够他受的 all that he can bear (of suffering).
kou⁴-yung¹-liao³ 殼用了 enough for use.
kou⁴ 土 垢^{632c330a} filth, dirt, mud, scurf, impurity.
kou⁴-mien⁴ 垢面 dirty face.
kou⁴-wu¹ 垢污 filth, dirt.
kou⁴ 手 才 搆^{632a330b} to pull, drag, to draw; to scheme, to plot.
kou⁴-cho²-liao³ 搆着了 able to reach.
kou⁴-ju -cho² 搆不着 unable to reach.
kou⁴-pu⁴-shang¹-lai² 搆不上來 not able to reach up to.
kou⁴-tsao³-érh² 搆棗兒 to pick dates.
kou⁴-yüan⁴ 搆怨 to bring dislike on one's self.
kou⁴ 貝 購^{632c330b} to seek; to buy.
kou⁴-mai³ 購買 to buy.
kou⁴-pan⁴ 購辦 to buy up, e g., wholesale.
kou⁴ 言 詢 詬^{633a330a} to reproach, rail at.
kou⁴-ma⁴ 詬罵 to rail at, revile.
kou⁴ 女 姤^{633a330b} meeting, occurring, coming in contact.

K'OU¹ 手 才 摳^{633b331a} to lift up; to pull, drag, or dig out.
k'ou¹-ch'ih³-lai² 摳起來 to raise up (as clothes).
k'ou¹-hsin¹ wu¹-ian³ 摳心挖膽 much alarmed (hsia⁴ p'ou⁴ tau³ tzü³).
k'ou¹-i¹ 摳衣 to lift up the clothes.
k'ou¹-ping³-ch'ih¹ 摳餅吃 to sponge upon others.
k'ou¹-p'o⁴-liao³ 摳破了 to work a hole with a nail.
k'ou¹-pu⁴-ch'w¹-lai² 摳不出來 unable to get hold of it.
k'ou¹-pu⁴-tung⁴ 摳不動 cannot scratch a hole.
k'ou¹ 刀 刃 剮^{633b331a} to pick out with a knife.

K'OU³ 口 口^{633c331b} the mouth. Numerative of persons, etc.
k'ou³-chan¹ 口占 to dictate to an amanuensis; to recite.
k'ou³-chan¹-ti¹ 口占的 an improvisatore. See Note 59.
k'ou³-ch'ih⁴ 口氣 speech, sentiments. See Note 60.
k'ou³ an⁴ 口岸 a port

k'ou ³ -chiao ¹	口角	quarrel, dispute (fen ¹ chêng ¹).
k'ou ³ -chiao ¹ -tzi ⁴ -yen ³	口角字眼	a term applied to particles.
k'ou ³ -chih ¹	口枝	a mimic, a ventriloquist.
k'ou ³ -ch'ih ¹	口吃	to stammer (chieh ³ pa ¹).
k'ou ³ -ch'ih ³	口齒	the teeth; speech, utterance.
k'ou ³ -ch'ih ³ -hao ³	口齒好	good speech, clear enunciation.
k'ou ³ -ch'ing ² -ti ¹	口輕的	young age of animals.
k'ou ³ -ch'ou ⁴	口臭	foul-mouthed.
k'ou ³ -ch'uang ¹	口瘡	a gumboil.
k'ou ³ -chüeh ³	口訣	a charm (words).
k'ou ³ -fu ⁴	口腹	food, necessities.
k'ou ³ -hao ⁴	口號	a watch-word, a pass-word.
k'ou ³ -hsiao ³	口小	young in age (of animals).
k'ou ³ -hua ⁴	口話	style of speech.
k'ou ³ -kung ¹	口供	[chien ⁴ chêng ⁴]. evidence, deposition, confession, of a criminal
k'ou ³ -li ³	口裏	in the mouth.
k'ou ³ -liang ²	口糧	food, provisions (ch'ih ¹ shih ² , kuo ³ liang ²).
k'ou ³ -pei ³	口北	Mongolia; beyond the frontiers (k'ou ³ wai ⁴ , inclined to lying. [mêng ² ku ³].
k'ou ³ -pu ⁴ -wên ³ -tang ¹	口不穩當	"mouth and tongue," altercation.
k'ou ³ -shê ²	口舌	specious, plausible, loquacious.
k'ou ³ -shê ² -li ⁴ -pien ⁴	口舌利便	deceitful, double-faced.
k'ou ³ -shih ⁴ -hsin ¹ -fei ¹	口是心非	a bag or sack.
k'ou ³ -tai ⁴	口袋	the tongue of animals (for food) (shê ³ t'ou ²).
k'ou ³ -t'iao ³	口條	a sore behind the neck.
k'ou ³ -ting ¹	口疔	flavor, talk.
k'ou ³ -t'ou ²	口頭	a mere verbal acquaintance.
k'ou ³ -t'ou ² -chiao ¹ -rh ²	口頭交兒	mere compliment, common talk.
k'ou ³ -t'ou ² -ti ¹ -hua ⁴	口頭的話	a common saying, a pet phrase.
k'ou ³ -t'ou ² -yü ³ -êrh ²	口頭語兒	eloquence (pien ⁴ shih ⁴).
k'ou ³ -ts'ai ³	口才	to state verbally to the emperor.
k'ou ³ -tsou ⁴	口奏	oral, verbal language.
k'ou ³ -tz'ü ²	口詞	[t'ou ²].
k'ou ³ -tzü ³	口子	a jetty; a port; a breach in river banks (ma ³
k'ou ³ -wai ⁴	口外	beyond the frontiers; out of port; Mongolia.
k'ou ³ -wei ⁴ -rh ²	口味的	taste, flavour (wei ⁴ tao ⁴).
k'ou ³ -yin ¹	口音	pronunciation.
k'ou ³ -yüan ⁴	口愿	a verbal vow.

K'OU ⁴	叩	634c333a	to strike, to tap, to knock; to ask, to discuss.
'ou ⁴ -chien ⁴	叩見		to visit a superior.
'ou ⁴ -ch'ing ³	叩請		to request.
'ou ⁴ -hsieh ⁴	叩謝		to thank with much earnestness.
'ou ⁴ -mên ³	叩門		to knock at a door (p'ai ¹ mên ²).

k'ou⁴-ping³ 叩稟
k'ou⁴-shou³ 叩首
k'ou⁴-t'ou² 叩頭
k'ou⁴ 手才敏 扣^{635a332a}
k'ou⁴-ch'ê¹ 扣車
k'ou⁴-chu¹ 扣住
k'ou⁴-ch'u² 扣除
k'ou⁴-ch'uan² 扣船
k'ou⁴-kung¹-ch'ien² 扣工錢
k'ou⁴-kuo⁴-liao³ 扣過了
k'ou⁴-liu² 扣留
k'ou⁴-mên² 扣門
k'ou⁴-niu³ 扣鈕
k'ou⁴-pa¹-liang³ 扣八兩
k'ou⁴-pi⁴ 扣布
k'ou⁴-shang⁴ 扣上
k'ou⁴-shu⁴ 扣數
k'ou⁴-shui³ 扣水
k'ou⁴-suan⁴ 扣算
k'ou⁴-ti³-tzu³ 扣底子
k'ou⁴-tzu³ 扣子
k'ou⁴ 金 釦^{635b332b}
k'ou⁴-mên² 釦門
k'ou⁴-p'an⁴ 釦攀
k'ou⁴-pi²-tzu³ 釦鼻子
k'ou⁴ 冠
k'ou⁴ 冠^{635c332b}
k'ou⁴-ch'ou² 冠讎
k'ou⁴-tang³ 冠黨
k'ou⁴-tsei² 冠賊
k'ou⁴ 卍 寇^{635c332c}
k'ou⁴-jên³ 寇仁

to humbly petition.
 to bump the head in salutation,
 same (k'o¹ t'ou²).
 to strike, to hit, to knock against; to deduct,
 official impressing of carts,
 to take, to seize,
 to deduct, subtract.
 impressing of boats.
 to cut one's wages.
 it is already subtracted.
 to keep, to detain, to deduct.
 to knock at a door.
 to button, to clasp.
 deduct eight taels.
 a narrow kind of cotton—T-cloths.
 to cover over.
 the sum deducted.
 discount.
 to calculate and deduct (chê² k'ou⁴).
 deducting discounts.
 a button (see 釦, next entry).
 to ornament or inlay with gold, etc.; a button
 a button loop (niu³ k'ou⁴).
 same.
 a button loop.
 robbers, banditti; to pillage.
 same (tao⁴ k'ou⁴).
 an enemy.
 banditti, rebels.
 same.
 the nutmeg (tou⁴ k'ou⁴).
 same.

KU¹ 女 姑^{638b432a}
ku¹-chih⁴-wu⁴-lun² 姑置勿論
ku¹-ch'ieh¹ 姑且
ku¹-chiu⁴ 姑舅
ku¹-fu¹ 姑夫
ku¹-hsi² 姑息
ku¹-ku¹ 姑姑
ku¹-ku¹-tzu³ 姑姑子
ku¹-ma¹ 姑媽
ku¹-mu³ 姑母

a father's or husband's sisters; a girl, a maiden
 to drop the subject,
 for a time.
 cousins.
 a father's sister's husband.
 indulgent, forgiving; to spoil, as a child.
 a father's sister's aunts.
 a nun (ni² ku¹).
 a father's elder sister,
 a father's sisters, aunts.

ku ¹ -nai ³ -nai ³	姑奶奶	a great-aunt (a girl having married is called so).
ku ¹ -niang ²	姑娘	Miss, a girl, a young lady (hsiao ³ chieh ³).
ku ¹ -niang ² -mên ¹	姑娘們	ladies, girls, you ladies, the ladies.
ku ¹ -nien ⁴	姑念	to take into consideration.
ku ¹ -piao ³ -ti ⁴ -hsiang ¹	姑表弟兄	cousins.
ku ¹ -piao ³ -tzũ ³ -mei ⁴	姑表姊妹	father's sister's daughters and sons.
ku ¹ -sao ³	姑嫂	sisters-in-law.
ku ¹ -su ¹	姑蘇	Soochow.
ku ¹ -t'ai ¹ -t'ai ⁴	姑太太	an elderly lady's title in her own family.
ku ¹ -tzũ ³ -an ¹	姑子庵	a Buddhist nunnery.
ku ¹ -yeh ²	姑爺	a father's sister's husband; a son-in-law.
ku ¹	子孤 ^{639b431a}	an orphan; single, alone, solitary; destitute.
ku ¹ -ai ¹ -tzũ ³	孤哀子	an orphan; a child bereft of both parents.
ku ¹ -chang ³ -nan ² -ming ²	孤掌難鳴	a single palm cannot make a noise.
ku ¹ -chia ¹	孤家	I, the emperor.
ku ¹ -chou ¹	孤舟	a single boat.
ku ¹ -érh ²	孤兒	an orphan boy, a fatherless boy.
ku ¹ -fên ²	孤墳	a lonely grave.
ku ¹ -hun ² -hui ⁴	孤魂會	a society for help of orphaned souls.
ku ¹ -ku ¹ -tan ¹ -tan ¹	孤孤單單	orphanlike; isolated, alone (kuan ¹ kua ³ ku ¹ tu ²).
ku ¹ -k'u ³ -jên ²	孤苦人	one with no relatives.
ku ¹ -kua ³	孤寡	orphans and widows; a lonely widow.
ku ¹ -li ¹ -jên ²	孤立人	alone, unassisted.
ku ¹ -nü ³	孤女	an orphan girl, a fatherless girl.
ku ¹ -p'in ²	孤貧	lonely and poor, destitute.
ku ¹ -shan ¹	孤山	a solitary rock.
ku ¹ -shên ¹	孤身	a solitary individual, a person alone.
ku ¹ -shên ¹ -wu ² -k'ao ⁴	孤身無靠	without any support, alone in the world.
ku ¹ -shuang ¹	孤孀	a forlorn widow, orphans and widows.
ku ¹ -tan ¹	孤單	isolated, lonely, orphanlike.
ku ¹ -ting ¹ -ting ¹	孤丁丁	same.
ku ¹ -tu ²	孤獨	alone, solitary; without relations.
ku ¹ -tzũ ³	孤子	a fatherless boy, an orphan.
ku ¹ -tzũ ³ -lin ² -yang ³	孤子留養	a murderer spared to support his mother.
ku ¹	人估 ^{636b433a}	to value, to reckon, to conjecture, to price.
ku ¹ -chi ⁴	估計	to reckon, to conjecture.
ku ¹ -chia ⁴	估價	to estimate the price.
ku ⁴ -i ¹ -p'u ⁴	估衣舖	an old clothes shop.
ku ⁴ -liang ³	估量	to conjecture, to reckon (liao ⁴ ku ⁴).
ku ¹ -mo ¹	估摸	to conjecture, to imagine.
ku ¹ -ts'ai ¹	估猜	to conjecture; to regard doubtfully.
ku ¹ -tsui ¹ -mai ³ -ti ¹	估堆買的	bought in the lump.
ku ¹	水 沽	to buy; to sell; to lessen, to retrench, to abridge.

ku¹-chiu³ 沽酒
 ku¹-hsü-ming² 沽虛名
 ku¹ 口 咕^{636c}
 ku¹-nang¹ 咕囔
 ku¹-tu¹-êrh² 咕都兒
 ku¹ 竹 箠 篋^{640c431c}
 ku¹-hsi³-tsao³-p'ên² 篋洗澡盆
 ku¹-mu⁴-t'ung³ 篋木桶
 ku¹ 辛 辜^{637b432c}
 ku¹-fu⁴ 辜負
 ku¹-fu⁴-ên¹-tien³ 辜負恩典
 ku¹-fu⁴-kuang¹-yin¹ 辜負光陰
 ku¹ 車 軛^{637b432c}
 ku¹-lu⁴ 軛輓
 ku¹ 艸 廿 菇^{639a432a}
 ku¹ 虫 蚶 咕^{637b431b}

to sell wine.
 to get credit to which one is not entitled.
 to mutter.
 to mutter, to speak to one's self.
 buds of flowers, etc. (ya²).
 a hoop, to hoop.
 to hoop a bath-tub
 to hoop a barrel.
 fault, crime, guilt; to oppose.
 to be ungrateful for or to.
 to be ungrateful.
 to waste time.
 a carriage. See ku³ lun².
 a wheel; to revolve, to go round (lun² tzü³)
 a gourd, pumpkin or melon; fungus.
 mole cricket (蠓 咕 lou² ku¹).

KU³ 口 古^{636a432c}
 ku³-chi¹ 古跡
 ku³-chi⁴-êrh² 古記兒
 ku³-chiao⁴ 古教
 ku³-ch'ien² 古錢
 ku³-chin¹ 古今
 ku³-chung³ 古塚
 ku³-êrh²-tz'ü² 古兒詞
 ku³-jên² 古人
 ku³-ku³-ti¹ 古古的
 ku³-kuai⁴ 古怪
 ku³-lai²-ti¹ 古來的
 ku³-lai²-yu³ 古來有
 ku³-li³ 古禮
 ku³-miao⁴ 古廟
 ku³-pa¹ 古巴
 ku³-pan³-p'ei²-ch'ü⁴ 古板脾氣
 ku³-pei³-k'ou³ 古北口
 ku³-shêng⁴-jên² 古聖人
 ku³-shih¹ 古詩
 ku³-shin²-hou⁴ 古時候
 ku³-shih⁴ 古事
 ku³-shu¹ 古書
 ku³-tiao² 古調
 ku³-tien³ 古典
 ku³-tung³ 古董

old, ancient; long ago; antiquity, remote (chi
 traces of antiquity, ruins, etc.
 old tales, records, etc.
 ancient doctrines or principles.
 ancient cash.
 ancient and modern.
 an ancient grave.
 old tales, legends, etc.
 the ancients.
 old, ancient.
 strange, curious, odd, monstrous,
 ancient.
 have been of old,
 an old custom.
 an ancient temple.
 Cuba.
 old-fashioned, bigoted, obtuse.
 a pass to Mongolia.
 the ancient sages.
 an ancient ode.
 ancient times, old times.
 old affairs.
 ancient books.
 an ancient tune.
 maxims from historical works or fables (ti
 curios, old curiosities, antiquities.

u³-tung³-érh² 古董兒
 u³-tung³-p'u⁴ 古董舖
 u³-tung³-wan²-ch'i⁴ 古董玩器
 u³-t'ung³ 古銅
 u³-tzū⁴ 古字
 u³-t'z'ü² 古瓷
 u³-wan² 古玩
 u³-wan²-ch'i⁴ 古玩器
 u³-wang³ 古往
 u³-wang³-chin¹-lai² 古往今來
 u³-wên² 古文
 u³-yao² 古窯
 u³-yü³ 古語
 u³ 骨
 u³-chieh² 骨節
 u³-hsüen⁴ 骨血
 u³-jou⁴ 骨肉
 u³-lo² 骨格
 u³-li⁴ 骨力
 u³-lou²-k'u¹ 骨鑊骷
 u³-p'ai² 骨牌
 u³-shih¹ 骨屍
 u³-shou⁴-ju²-ch'ai² 骨瘦如柴
 u³-su¹-jou⁴-ma² 骨酥肉麻
 u³-sui³ 骨髓
 u³-t'i³ 骨體
 u³-t'ou² 骨頭
 u³-t'ou²-chieh²-rh² 骨頭節兒
 u³ 鼓
 u³-chang³ 鼓
 u³-chang³-ta⁴-hsiao⁴ 鼓掌大笑
 u³-ch'i³-lai²-liao³ 鼓起來了
 u³-chia¹-tzu³ 鼓架子
 u³-ch'in² 鼓琴
 u³-huan² 鼓簧
 u³-li⁴ 鼓勵
 u³-lo² 鼓鑼
 u³-lou² 鼓樓
 u³-pan³-chéng⁴-chuan⁴ 鼓板正傳
 u³-p'êng²-p'êng²-ti¹ 鼓膨膨的
 u³-sê⁴ 鼓瑟
 u³-shou³ 鼓手
 u³-tung⁴ 鼓動

curios, old curiosities, antiquities.
 a curiosity shop.
 curios.
 a bronze antique.
 ancient characters.
 old porcelain.
 curiosities, antiques.
 same.
 of old, in olden times.
 past and present.
 ancient literature.
 an old furnace; old China ware.
 an old saying, a proverb.
 a bone.
 joints of the bones, the joints.
 "bone and blood," one's children.
 "bone and flesh," near relationship.
 the features (hsiang⁴ mao⁴).
 vigorous (style of penmanship).
 a skeleton.
 dominoes.
 a corpse (shih¹ shou³).
 as thin as a stick.
 paralysed (with fright).
 bones and marrow; marrow.
 a skeleton.
 a bone, bones.
 the joints.
 a drum; a measure; a star; a state.
 to clap the hands.
 to clap the hands and laugh loudly.
 bulged out.
 a drum stand.
 to play on the dulcimer; harmony, concord.
 "pipe and drum," to deceive by specious language.
 "drum to exertion," to stimulate, to excite.
 drums and gongs.
 a drum tower (chung¹ lou²).
 to talk seriously.
 quite distended, plump, round.
 "drums and harps," to play on the harp.
 a drummer.
 to stimulate, to excite to rouse.

<i>ku³-wu³</i>	鼓舞	to stimulate, to excite, to rouse.
<i>ku³-yo⁴</i>	鼓樂	music generally (yo ⁴ ch'í ⁴).
<i>ku³-yo⁴.hsüan¹-t'ien¹</i>	鼓樂喧天	loud sound of instruments (lo ² ka ³ hsüan ¹ t'ien ¹).
<i>ku³</i>	未穀	grain; real, solid, substantial; good; wealthy
<i>ku³-k'ang¹</i>	穀糠	grain and husk.
<i>ku³-lu⁴</i>	穀祿	income, salary (fêng ⁴ lu ⁴).
<i>ku³-shan⁴</i>	穀善	good, excellent.
<i>ku³-ts'ao³</i>	穀草	rice or oat straw.
<i>ku³-tzü³</i>	穀子	grain; small millet.
<i>ku³-ya²</i>	穀芽	rice steeped till it buds.
<i>ku³-yü³</i>	穀雨	"corn rain," one of the terms. See Note 21.
<i>ku³</i>	谷	a valley, bed of a stream; a bamboo spout.
<i>ku³-fêng¹</i>	谷風	the east wind.
<i>ku³-hsüeh⁴</i>	谷穴	the hollow of the foot; a valley.
<i>ku³-shên³</i>	谷神	to nourish the animal spirits.
<i>ku³-shui³</i>	谷水	mountain streams.
<i>ku³-tao⁴</i>	谷道	the perinæum, the anus.
<i>ku³-yü³</i>	谷雨	"nourishing rain," one of the terms. See Note 21.
<i>ku³</i>	具	to buy; to sell; a dealer, a merchant; a shop.
<i>ku³-mai³</i>	買	to buy.
<i>ku³-shih⁴</i>	買市	a market (chich ¹ shih ⁴).
<i>ku³-shou⁴</i>	買售	to sell (mai ⁴).
<i>ku³</i>	肉月肱	the thighs; a division, a body; a gang or band.
<i>ku³-ch'iang²</i>	股	firm, stable.
<i>ku³-fên⁴</i>	股強	share in business.
<i>ku³</i>	月	dropsical, swollen.
<i>ku³-chang⁴</i>	臃	swollen out.
<i>ku³-p'êng²</i>	臃脹	sails belly out with the wind.
<i>ku³</i>	車	the nave of a wheel, an axletree; a wheel.
<i>ku³-lun³</i>	轂	a wheel (see ku ¹ lu ⁴).
<i>ku³</i>	目	blind.
<i>ku³-mu⁴-yüan⁴</i>	瞽目院	asylum for the blind.
<i>ku³ sou³</i>	瞽瞍	Shun's father.
<i>ku³</i>	口	projection, convex, also <i>tu, t'ieh</i> .

KU⁴	支	故	636c434c	a cause, because; on purpose; old.
<i>ku⁴-chiu⁴</i>		故舊		an old friend.
<i>ku⁴-fan⁴</i>		故犯		to offend on purpose.
<i>ku⁴-hsiang¹</i>		故鄉		one's native place.
<i>ku⁴-i⁴</i>		故意		design, purpose, purposely.
<i>ku⁴-jên²</i>		故人		an old friend; a person dead.
<i>ku⁴-kuo³</i>		故國		one's native country, the old country.
<i>ku⁴-li³</i>		故里		one's native place.

u⁴-sha¹ 故殺
 u⁴-shih⁴ 故事
 u⁴-ssũ⁴ 故似
 u⁴-tien³ 故典
 u⁴-tz'ũ³ 故此
 u⁴-wên⁴ 故問
 u⁴ 口 固 637c435a
 u⁴-ch'êng³ 固城
 u⁴-chí² 固疾
 u⁴-chũ¹ 固知
 u⁴-chih³ 固執
 u⁴-j⁴ 固意
 u⁴-jan³ 固然
 u⁴-lou⁴ 固陋
 u⁴-pên³ pao³-yüan³ 固本保元
 u⁴-shou³ 固守
 u⁴-tz'ũ² 固辭
 u⁴ 佳 僱 雇 643b435c
 u⁴-ch'ê¹ 雇車
 u⁴-chiao³ 雇脚
 u⁴-ch'uan² 雇船
 u⁴-hao³-liao³ 雇好了
 u⁴-jên²-k'an¹-shou³ 雇人看守
 u⁴-kung¹-jên³ 雇工人
 u⁴-mu⁴ 雇募
 u⁴-pu⁴-ch'u¹-lai² 雇不出來
 u⁴-t'o³-liao³ 雇妥了
 u⁴ 頁 顧 顧 643c435c
 u⁴-chia¹ 顧家
 u⁴-ch'ien³-ku⁴-hou⁴ 顧前顧後
 u⁴-chu³ 顧主
 u⁴-hou⁴ 顧後
 u⁴-hsü⁴ 顧恤
 u⁴-k'an⁴ 顧看
 u⁴-k'o⁴ 顧客
 u⁴-k'ou³ 顧口
 u⁴-lien³-mien⁴ 顧臉面
 u⁴-nien⁴ 顧念
 u⁴ pu⁴-tê²-ch'ü⁴ 顧不得去
 u⁴-tsui³ 顧嘴
 u⁴ 金 錮 錮 638b435b
 u⁴-lu⁴-kuo¹ 錮鑪鍋
 u⁴ 手 才 摺 508a234c

murder with malice aforethought.
 an old affair ; a legend, a story.
 because of this.
 historical precedent (tien³ ku⁴).
 wherefore, therefore.
 ask intentionally.
 hard, solid, stony, firm, obstinate, constant.
 defences, outworks of a city.
 a chronic disease.
 I will know ; determined to know.
 obstinate.
 purposely, with fixed intention, determined.
 certainly, unquestionably, positively.
 rude, vulgar, ignorant, uninformed.
 to protect one's constitution.
 to maintain firmly ; to strengthen defences.
 to refuse firmly ; on account of that.
 to hire, to obtain labour for money (lin¹).
 to hire a cart.
 to hire coolies or conveyances.
 to hire a vessel.
 hired successfully.
 to hire a man as caretaker.
 to hire labourers ; a labourer.
 to hire (as soldiers) (chao¹ ping¹).
 cannot be hired.
 hired satisfactorily.
 to look at ; to regard ; to care for.
 to look out for one's family.
 i.e., very careful.
 a customer.
 regard for consequences.
 to pity.
 to look at, to look after.
 a customer, a visitor.
 to look out for a subsistence (hu¹ k'ou³).
 to have regard to face.
 to think upon, to consider.
 can't find time to go (tieh² pu⁴ tê² ch'ü⁴).
 to look for a living.
 to pour metal into cracks, to caulk.
 to mend old kettles.
 to dig ; to stir.

ku⁴-jung³-pu⁴-tung⁴ 搨攏不動

can't wriggle or stir (*jung³ chi³ pu⁴ t'ou⁴*).

K'U¹ 口 哭^{645a455a}

to weep, to cry loudly (*ai¹ k'u¹*).

k'u¹-ch'i³-lai² 哭起來

to burst out crying, to begin to cry.

k'u¹-ch'i⁴ 哭泣

to cry, to weep.

k'u¹-hsiao⁴ 哭笑

crying and laughing, hysterical.

k'u¹-huang²-t'ien¹ 哭皇天

to call on heaven for aid.

k'u¹-jên² 哭人

to weep for a man.

k'u¹-k'u¹-t'i²-t'i² 哭哭啼啼

weeping and lamentation.

k'u¹-sung¹ 哭喪

to wail for the dead.

k'u¹-shên²-mo² 哭甚麼

what are you crying for?

k'u¹-shêng¹ 哭聲

the sound of weeping.

k'u¹-ssü³ 哭死

to cry to death.

k'u¹-ssü³-k'u¹-huo² 哭死哭活

to weep bitterly.

k'u¹-t'ien¹-k'u¹-ti⁴ 哭天哭地

to weep bitterly (*hao² t'ao² ta⁴ k'u¹*).

k'u¹-yeh³-wu²-i² 哭也無益

no use to cry about it.

k'u¹ 窟^{645c455a}

a hole, a cave or cavern, rat-hole.

k'u¹-hsüeh⁴ 窟穴

to dig a hole; a hole or cavern.

k'u¹-lung² 窟窿

a hole.

k'u¹-lung²-yen³ 窟窿眼

mouth of the hole.

k'u¹ 木 枯^{644a436a}

rotten wood, a dead tree; decayed, rotten.

k'u¹-kan¹ 枯乾

dried up

k'u¹-shou⁴ 枯瘦

lean, shrivelled.

k'u¹-shu⁴ 枯樹

a dead tree.

k'u¹ 骨 骷^{645a436a}

a skeleton; the shoulder blade; the collar-bone

k'u¹-lou² 骷髏

a skeleton.

k'u¹-lou²-ku³ 骷髏骨

same.

k'u¹ 骨 髑^{1190b922a}

skull (Giles = tu).

k'u¹-lou²-ku² 髑髏骨

the skull.

K'U³ 艸 廿 苦^{644b436b}

bitter, unpleasant, distressing, painstaking.

k'u³-ch'ai¹ 苦差

hard service.

k'u³-chi² 苦急

urgent.

k'u³-chi²-liao³ 苦極了

extremely hard or distressing.

k'u³-ch'ieh⁴ 苦切

misery, distress, wretchedness.

k'u³-chin⁴-t'ien²-lai² 苦盡甜來

bitter ended comes the sweet.

k'u³-ch'üung² 苦窮

wretchedly poor (*p'in² han²*).

k'u³-chu³ 苦主

the injured person or party.

k'u³-ch'u³ 苦楚

bitterness, sorrow.

k'u³-ch'üan⁴ 苦勸

to severely lecture, etc.

k'u³-hai³-wu²-pien¹ 苦海無邊

the sea of woe is shoreless.

k'u³-han³ 苦寒

wretchedly poor, poverty, etc.

k'u³-hsiang⁴ 苦像

a woe-begone expression.

k'u³-hsin¹-jên³ 苦心人
 k'u³-huan⁴ 苦患
 k'u³-k'ou³-hsiang¹-ch'üan⁴ 苦口相勸
 k'u³-k'ou³-liang²-yen³ 苦口良言
 k'u³-k'u³-ai¹-kao⁴ 苦苦哀告
 k'u³-kung⁴ 苦功
 k'u³-la⁴-la⁴-ti¹ 苦辣辣的
 k'u³-lê⁴ 苦勒
 k'u³-liao³-wo³-liao³ 苦了我了
 k'u³-mai⁴-ts'ai⁴ 苦賣菜
 k'u³-ming⁴ 苦命
 k'u³-nan⁴ 苦難
 k'u³-nao³ 苦惱
 k'u³-pa²-k'u³-yeh⁴ 苦拔苦掖
 k'u³-ping⁴-k'u³-chih⁴ 苦病苦治
 k'u³-pu⁴-k'o³-nai⁴ 苦不可耐
 k'u³-p'u⁴-k'o³-yen³ 苦不可言
 k'u³-pu¹-kuo⁴-ti¹ 苦不過的
 k'u³-shih⁴-liang²-yao⁴ 苦是良藥
 k'u³-shou³-ch'ing¹-kuei¹ 苦守清規
 k'u³-shui³ 苦水
 k'u³-ssü¹-huang³-lien² 苦似黃連
 k'u³-ssü³ 苦死
 k'u³-tai⁴-t'ai¹ 苦待他
 k'u³-tan³ 苦膽
 k'u³-t'ien²-suan¹-la⁴ 苦甜酸辣
 k'u³-tsai⁴-hsin¹-li³ 苦在心裡
 k'u³-tsai⁴ 苦菜
 k'u³-ts'an¹-ts'an¹-ti¹ 苦參參的
 k'u³-lu²-hun²-chu'ang¹ 苦讀寒窗
 k'u³-wei⁴ 苦味

a very diligent man.
 distressing, bitter.
 to lecture soundly.
 good advice harshly delivered.
 bitterly entreat.
 hard labor.
 very bitter.
 to distress, to molest, to ill-use, to oppress.
 this does me a great injustice.
 sowthistle, dandelion, hawkweed.
 a bitter fate, a wretched lot in life.
 misery, calamity (huan⁴ uan⁴).
 trouble.
 to do one's utmost for.
 bad disease needs bitter remedy.
 unendurable poverty.
 unspeakable agony.
 extreme of misery.
 good medicine is bitter.
 woman strictly chaste.
 bitter water (t'ien² shui³).
 as bitter as wormwood.
 to die of grief, trouble, etc.
 to maltreat him.
 the gall; courage.
 bitter, sweet, sour, and acrid.
 he keeps his troubles to himself.
 the sowthistle, dandelion, hawkweed.
 bitter, as ginseng, decidedly bitter.
 a poor student suffers.
 a bitter taste (wei⁴ tao⁴).

K'U⁴ 庫 646a436c
 k'u⁴-fang² 庫房
 k'u⁴-kuan¹ 庫官
 k'u⁴-li⁴ 庫吏
 k'u⁴-ping²-yin³ 庫平銀
 k'u⁴-ta⁴-shih² 庫大使
 k'u⁴-ting¹ 庫丁
 k'u⁴-t'ing¹ 庫廳
 k'u⁴ (tzü) 衣袴 646b437b
 k'u⁴ 褲
 k'u⁴-tai⁴-tzü³ 褲帶子

a treasury, a store house (fu³ k'u⁴).
 a treasurer; a treasury or storehouse.
 treasury officer.
 a treasury-clerk.
 silver according to Treasury scale.
 a treasurer, keeper of provincial yamên. G. 297.
 treasury labourers.
 a treasury keeper. G. 297.
 trowsers, drawers, pantaloons.
 same.
 a trowser's belt or string.

k'u⁴-tang⁷
k'u⁴-t'ui³
k'u⁴-t'ui³-tai⁴-rh²
k'u⁴-yao¹
l'u⁴ 酉 酷 645b456b
k'u⁴-hao⁴ 酷好
k'u⁴-hsing²-k'ao³-tu³ 酷刑拷打
k'u⁴-jê⁴ 酷熱
k'u⁴-li⁴ 酷吏

the seat of trowsers,
 the legs of trowsers,
 strings for tying the legs of trowsers,
 a waist-belt.
 cruel, tyrannical (ts'an² pao⁴).
 to have a passion for.
 cruel punishments and tortures,
 very hot.
 cruel underlings.

KUA¹ 刀 可 腐 刮 647b469a
kua¹-ching⁴
kua¹-cho²
kua¹-ch'ü⁴-p'i²-mao²
kua¹-hsiao¹
kua¹-hsia¹-hia⁴-ch'ien² 刮削價錢
kua¹-i¹-shang¹ 刮衣裳
kua¹-kou⁴ 刮垢
kua¹-lien³ 刮臉
kua¹-mo² 刮摩
kua¹-mu⁴ 刮木
kua¹-shu¹ 刮痧
kua¹-tuo¹-tzü³ 刮刀子
kua¹-t'ou²-pi²-tzü³ 刮頭篋子
kua¹-tzü⁴ 刮字
kua¹ 瓜 瓜 646b466a
kua¹-fên¹ 瓜分
kua¹-jany² 瓜瓤
kua¹-ko² 瓜葛
kua¹-kuo³ 瓜菓
kua¹-tien² 瓜田
kua¹-tzü³ 瓜子
kua¹-t-ü²-lien³ 瓜子臉
kua¹ 風 刮 颶 648a470a
kua¹-ch'ên²-liao³ 颶沉了
kua¹-ching¹-liao³-t'ien¹ 颶晴了天
kua¹-jan¹-liao³ 颶翻了
kua¹-fêng¹ 颶風
kua¹-hsüan¹-fêng¹ 颶颶風
kua¹-pu¹-k'ai¹-t'ien¹ 颶不開天
kua¹-tu¹-fêng¹ 颶大風
kua¹ 虫 蝸 645c466c
kua¹-niu² 蝸牛

to scrape, to pare off, to rub off (hsiao¹),
 even, smooth.
 a carter's cry—look out!
 to scrape off skin and hair.
 to scrape or pare off.
 to abate the price of anything.
 to brush clothes (shua¹ i¹ shang¹).
 to scrape off the dirt.
 to shave the face (t'i⁴ t'ou²).
 to scrape or pare off, to rub off.
 to plane wood.
 to scarify for cholera,
 a razor.
 a fine comb for the head.
 to erase or scratch out characters.
 cucumbers, melons, gourds, etc.
 to partition, e. g., China.
 the edible inside of melons.
 concerned, implicated.
 melons and fruit, fruit generally.
 melon land.
 melon seeds.
 an oval face; handsome (applied to women).
 to blow; a strong wind.
 foundered in storm.
 wind has cleared the sky.
 capsized by the wind.
 to blow, windy (sou¹ sou¹ ti¹ fêng¹).
 to blow a whirlwind.
 (wind) fails to clear the sky.
 to blow a gale or typhoon.
 a snail.
 same.

kua¹ 鳥舌 648b469c
 kua¹ 刀 瓜 647a466b
 kua¹ (kua) 耳 聒 647c469b
 kua¹-t'è²-huang¹ 聒得慌

the rook (lao³ kua¹, lao¹ ya¹).
 to slice, to cut out.
 clamor, din.
 unpleasantly affected by the noise.

KUA³ 寡 648c467a
 kua³-ch'í¹ 寡妻
 kua³-chü¹ 寡居
 kua³-chün¹ 寡君
 kua³-fú⁴ 寡婦
 kua³-ho² 寡合
 kua³-jên² 寡人
 kua³-mu³ 寡母
 kua³-pu⁴-tí²-chung⁴ 寡不敵衆
 kua³-t'è² 寡德
 kua³-wên² 寡聞
 kua³-yên² 寡言
 kua³-yü⁴ 寡慾
 kua³ 刀 剛 648b466c
 kua³-ch'u¹-t'á¹-lai² 剛他出來
 kua³-ssü³ 剛死
 kua³-tsui⁴ 剛罪

[M. 117.]
 few, little; seldom, rarely; alone; a widow.
 a rare wife.
 to live in widowhood; to live alone.
 our sovereign (the one sovereign).
 a widow (shuang¹ fu⁴).
 to join in society rarely.
 I, myself, the sovereign (the single person).
 a widow.
 the few cannot oppose the many.
 possessed of but little virtue.
 to have heard but little; unacquainted.
 to speak little, reticent.
 few desires (ch'ing¹ hsin¹ kua³ yü⁴).
 to hack to pieces; to cut the flesh from the bones.
 cut him to pieces!
 to hack to death.
 to punish by hacking to death (ling² ch'ih²).

KUA⁴ 手 挂 手 挂
 ua⁴ 挂 649b467b
 ua⁴-chang³ 挂鞦韆 (32b24)
 ua⁴-chang⁴ 挂賬
 ua⁴-chang⁴-tzü³ 挂帳子
 ua⁴-ch'ao²-chü¹ 挂朝珠
 ua⁴-ch'è¹ 挂車
 ua⁴-ch'í¹ 挂起
 ua⁴-ch'í¹-lai² 挂起來
 ua⁴-ch'ien⁴ 挂劍
 ua⁴-ch'ien¹ 挂牽
 ua⁴-ch'ien¹ 挂欠
 ua⁴-ch'ih³ 挂齒
 ua⁴-chü⁴-liao³ 挂住了
 ua⁴-ch'u¹-p'ai²-tzü³ 挂出牌子
 ua⁴-hao⁴ 挂號
 ua⁴-hsiao⁴ 挂孝
 ua⁴-hsin¹ 挂心
 ua⁴-hua¹ 挂花
 ua⁴-hua⁴ 挂畫

to suspend, to hang up; to be separated by.
 same.
 to shoe an animal (ting⁴ ma³ chang³).
 to run a bill, to buy on credit (la¹ chang⁴).
 to hang up curtains.
 to wear court beads.
 a pulley, a block.
 to hang up, to suspend (tiao⁴ ch'í³ lai³).
 same.
 to wear a sword.
 to think of, to regard.
 to hang up one's score.
 "to hang on the teeth," to speak of.
 held up, to hold up.
 the notice of the appointment is hung out.
 to register, e. g., name.
 to wear mourning (ch'uan¹ hsiao⁴).
 "suspended heart," suspense, anxiety.
 to dress gaily or in bright colors (ch'uan¹ hung²
 [kua⁴ lü⁴].

kua⁴-huang³-tzu³ 掛幌子
 kua⁴-hung² 掛紅
 kua⁴-i⁴ 掛意
 kua⁴-kuan¹ 掛冠
 kua⁴-lien²-tzu³ 掛簾子
 kua⁴ li⁴ 掛慮
 kua⁴-mien⁴ 掛麪
 kua⁴-mien⁴ 掛念
 kua⁴-mien¹-t'^a¹ 掛念他
 kua⁴-pien³ 掛匾
 kua⁴-p'ing² 掛屏
 kua⁴-pu⁴-chu⁴ 掛不住
 kua⁴-shang⁴ 掛上
 kua⁴-shih¹-p'iao⁴ 掛失票
 kua⁴-shuai⁴ 掛帥
 kua⁴-têng¹ 掛燈
 kua⁴-ts'ai³ 掛彩
 kua⁴-wei²-tzu³ 掛帷子
 kua⁴-wu⁴ 掛誤
 kua⁴-yin⁴ 掛印
 kua⁴ 卜 卦 649b467c
 kua⁴-ho³ 卦盒
 kua⁴-ming⁴ 卦命
 kua⁴-ming⁴-hsien¹-shêng¹ 卦命先生
 kua⁴-p'an²-tzu³ 卦盤子
 kua⁴-wei⁴ 卦位
 kua⁴ 穴 罣 649a467a
 kua⁴-ai⁴ 罣碍
 kua⁴-hsin¹ 罣心
 kua⁴-huai² 罣懷
 kua⁴ (tzu³) 衣 褂 650a468b
 kua⁴ 言 註 649a467a
 kua⁴-wu⁴ 註誤

to hang up a sign-board (chao¹ p'ai²).
 to decorate for festal occasions (kua⁴ ts'ai²).
 anxious thoughts; to be in suspense.
 "to hang up the hat," to resign office.
 to suspend a screen (ch'ui³ lien²).
 suspense.
 long strips of dough boiled in soup.
 suspense; anxious, thoughtful (hsüan² hsin¹).
 to feel anxious about him.
 to hang up a tablet, as doctors do.
 to hang up a screen.
 cannot hang upon.
 to hang up.
 to advertise a lost bank note.
 to become commander-in-chief (yüan³ shuai⁴).
 to hang up a lamp; a hanging lamp.
 to decorate for festal occasions.
 to hang curtains.
 to trouble, to involve in.
 to become commander-in-chief.
 a prognostic; divination, to divine; the diagram
 a lottery case or box
 to tell fortunes (suan⁴ kua⁴).
 a fortune-teller (suan⁴ ming⁴).
 a dish for throwing lots in.
 a divination diagram
 to hook on to; to fall into a net; to rush against
 to affect, concern.
 to think of, to regard.
 to be anxious about.
 an outercoat.
 impose on, deceive.
 to mislead.

K'UA¹ 言 誇 650b468a
 k'ua¹-chang¹ 誇張
 k'ua¹-chiang³ 誇獎
 k'ua¹-fu⁴ 誇富
 k'ua¹-hai³-k'ou³ 誇海口
 k'ua¹-k'ou³ 誇口
 k'ua¹-kung¹ 誇功
 k'ua¹-tsan⁴ 誇讚
 k'ua¹-tsui² 誇讚

to boast, to brag, boasting.
 same.
 to praise one's self or another (tsan⁴ mei²).
 the boast of one's wealth.
 to boast, to brag.
 same (chang¹ k'uang²).
 to boast one's merits.
 to praise, to extol.
 to brag.

- ua¹-tzũ³ 誇子 a broad speaking person ; brogue, *patois*.
- UA⁴ 肉月髀 胯^{650b468b} legs, thighs or hips.
 ua⁴-hsia⁴ 胯下 between the legs, under the thigh.
 ua⁴-ku³ 胯骨 the hip-bones.
 ua⁴-ku³-chiv⁴ 胯骨臼 acetabulum.
 ua⁴-tang¹-lẽ³ 胯當裡 the space between the thighs.
 ua⁴-tzũ³ 胯子 same.
 ua⁴ 足 跨^{650c468b} to bestride, to pass over ; to surpass.
 ua⁴-ch'ê¹-yen² 跨車浴 to sit on the shaft of a cart.
 ua⁴-hai³ 跨海 on the coast ; to coast ; to cross the sea.
 ua⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴ 跨過去 to pass over.
 ua⁴-liang² 跨樑 a cross beam.
 ua⁴-ma³ 跨馬 to bestride a horse (ch'i² ma³).
 ua⁴-tao¹ 跨刀 to wear a sword.
 ua⁴-tzũ³-ch'uan² 跨子船 houseboat for travelling on rivers.
- UA¹ 乖^{651a470a} eccentric, strange, extraordinary ; very.
 uai¹-chang¹ 乖張 unreasonable (tiao¹ p'i²).
 uai¹-ch'iao³ 乖巧 clever, ingenious, artful (ch'i² kuai⁴).
 uai¹-ch'uan³ 乖舛 mistaken, error.
 uai¹-hua² 乖滑 crafty.
 uai¹-i⁴ 乖異 strange, odd, unaccountable.
 uai¹-k'ou³ 乖口 eloquent, plausible, glib (k'ou³ ts'ai²).
 uai¹-kuai¹ 乖乖 a kiss (ch'in¹ tsui³).
 uai¹-kuai¹-ti¹ 乖乖的 keep quiet ! (to children).
 uai¹-lei² 乖戾 perverse.
 uai¹-niu⁴ 乖謬 same.
 uai¹-p'i⁴ 乖僻 perverse, bad.
- UA¹ 手才 拐^{651a470a} to swindle, to kidnap ; to turn.
 uai³-chou³ 拐肘 the elbow.
 uai³-ch'ü¹ 拐去 to kidnap, to swindle.
 uai³-fan⁴ 拐販 to kidnap and sell.
 uai³-hui²-lai² 拐回來 to turn back.
 uai³-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴ 拐過去 to go round (jao⁴ wan¹).
 uai³-p'ien⁴ 拐騙 to swindle, to defraud ; to beguile, to decoy.
 uai³-tai⁴ 拐帶 to kidnap, to swindle.
 uai³-tzũ³ 拐子 a kidnapper, a swindler.
 uai³-wan¹-'rh² 拐彎兒 a corner, to turn a corner (huai³ wan¹ 'rh²).
 uai³ 木 拐^{651a470} a staff, a stick (with a handle).
 uai³-chang⁴ 拐杖 same.
 uai³-kun⁴ 拐棍 a long stick, a crutch.

kuai³-pang⁴ 柺棒
KUAI⁴ 心中怪 怪^{651b470b}
 kuai⁴-ching¹ 怪精
 kuai⁴-hao³ 怪好
 kuai⁴-hsing⁴ 怪性
 kuai⁴-i⁴ 怪異
 kuai⁴-jên² 怪人
 kuai⁴-k'u³ 怪苦
 kuai⁴-la⁴ 怪辣
 kuai⁴-li⁴-luan⁴-shên² 怪力亂神
 kuai⁴-mou²-kuai⁴-yang⁴ 怪模怪樣
 kuai⁴-nan² 怪難
 kuai⁴-pu⁴-tê² 怪不得
 kuai⁴-pu⁴-tê²-wo³ 怪不得我
 kuai⁴-sê⁴-ti¹ 怪澁的
 kuai⁴-shih⁴ 怪事
 kuai⁴-suan¹ 怪酸
 kuai⁴-tao⁴ 怪道
 kuai⁴-tsai⁴ 怪哉
 kuai⁴-wu⁴ 怪物
 kuai⁴-yao¹ 妖怪

a stick, a staff.
 strange ; to blame ; very (ch'í² kuai⁴).
 supernatural.
 very good.
 a strange disposition.
 strange, singular, monstrous, unnatural.
 a singular or strange person.
 very bitter.
 very pungent. [avoided by Confucius
 strange, strength, disorder, spirits (subject)
 very strange appearance.
 very hard,
 no wonder that.
 must not blame me.
 very rough to the taste.
 a strange affair.
 very sour.
 strange ! strange to say.
 strange !
 a monster, a monstrosity.
 bogey, apparition (yao¹ ching¹).

K'UAI³ 手才 擺^{652a471a}
 k'uai³-k'uang¹-tzü³ 擺筐子
 k'uai³-lan²-tzü³ 擺籃子
 k'uai³-p'oi⁴-la¹ 擺破喇
 k'uai³-yang³-yang³ 擺癢癢

to wipe, to rub ; to scratch ; to carry on the arm
 to carry a basket on arm.
 same.
 scratched a wound.
 to scratch as itching (nao² yang³).

K'UAI⁴ 心忡 快^{652a471a}
 k'uai⁴-ch'ang⁴ 快暢
 k'uai⁴-ch'ê¹ 快車
 k'uai⁴-ch'iang¹ 快鎗
 k'uai⁴-hsüeh¹ 快靴
 k'uai⁴-huo² 快活
 k'uai⁴-k'ou³ 快口
 k'uai⁴-k'uai⁴ 快快
 k'uai⁴-lai² 快來
 k'uai⁴-lai²-liao³ 快來了
 k'uai⁴-lê⁴ 快樂
 k'uai⁴-li⁴ 快利
 k'uai⁴-ma³-ch'ing¹-tao¹ 快馬輕刀
 k'uai⁴-man⁴ 快慢

fast, quickly, soon, shortly ; sharp ; cheerful
 delightful, happy, comfortable.
 a fast cart.
 quickfiring guns.
 fastboots with thin soles.
 lively, cheerful ; delight.
 quick, hasty in speech.
 make haste ! be quick.
 come quickly !
 he will soon come.
 pleased, delighted (hsi³ lê⁴).
 smart, expert ; sharp, a keen edge.
 a sprightly superficial style.
 quick and slow, the speed of.

[(su² su²)

t'uai⁴-mang²-ch'ü⁴ 快忙去
 t'ua⁴-pan¹ 快班
 t'uai⁴-tang¹ 快當
 t'uai⁴-tao¹ 快刀
 t'uai⁴-t'ou² 快頭
 t'uai⁴-tsui³-k'uai¹-shü² 快嘴快舌
 t'uai⁴ (tzñ) 竹 筴^{652b} ○
 t'uai⁴-lung²-tzä³ 筴籠子
 t'uai⁴ 土 塊^{652c471c}
 t'uai⁴-jan² 塊然
 t'uai⁴-jan²-i¹-wu⁴ 塊然一物

go quickly !
 thief catchers, policemen.
 prompt, quick.
 a sharp knife.
 a head licitor or constable.
 too ready to talk.
 chopsticks,
 a case for chopsticks.
 a bit, a piece ; doltish. Num. of land, etc. M. 66.
 doltish, stupid, ignorant.
 a doltish, stupid thing.

KUAN¹ 发 官^{653a472a}
 kuan¹-chai² 官宅
 kuan¹-ch'ai¹ 官差
 kuan¹-chang² 官長
 kuan¹-ch'ang² 官場
 kuan¹-ch'ê¹ 官車
 kuan¹-chên¹ 官箴
 kuan¹-chia¹ 官價
 kuan¹-ch'ien² 官錢
 kuan¹-chih² 官職
 kuan¹-ch'ih² 官尺
 kuan¹-chui²-tzü¹-fu⁴ 官久自富
 kuan¹-chü¹ 官居
 kuan¹-chüeh² 官爵
 kuan¹-fu² 官法
 kuan¹-fên² 官粉
 kuan¹-fêng⁴ 官俸
 kuan¹-fu¹ 官夫
 kuan¹-fu² 官服
 kuan¹-fu³ 官府
 kuan¹-hsien² 官銜
 kuan¹-hsien²-p'ai² 官銜牌
 kuan¹-hua⁴ 官話
 kuan¹-huai⁴-liao² 官壞了
 kuan¹-huan¹ 官宦
 kuan¹-kuan¹-jên²-chia¹ 官宦人家
 kuan¹-i¹-shang¹ 官衣裳
 kuan¹-jên² 官人
 kuan¹-kao⁴ 官誥
 kuan¹-k'o⁴ 官客
 kuan¹-li¹ 官吏

an officer, official, government ; the senses, mandarin's residence.
 official messengers, servants, etc.
 the authorities.
 official arena.
 official cart.
 maxims for the guidance of officials.
 official price (less than that of others).
 official pay.
 an official appointment ; officials.
 official foot-measure.
 if long in office you will be rich.
 to draw official rank (yang² lien²).
 official rank.
 the law.
 carbonate of lead (poisonous).
 official salaries (fêng⁴ lu⁴).
 an officer, a mandarin.
 official clothing.
 an official residence.
 brevet rank, full title of an official (p'in² chih²).
 a board with title of official on it.
 the mandarin dialect.
 the official loses his office.
 a gentleman ; a gentleman's family.
 official people.
 official clothing (pu³ fu²).
 an official ; my husband ; prostitutes.
 rank bestowed on women. See kao⁴-ming².
 male guests (t'ang² k'o⁴).
 government officers.

kuan¹-liao² 官僚
 kuan¹-lu² 官爐
 kuan¹-lu⁴ 官路
 kuan¹-lu⁴ 官綠
 kuan¹-lu⁴ 官祿
 kuan¹-mao⁴ 官帽
 kuan¹-mei² 官媒
 kuan¹-ming² 官名
 kuan¹-pan²-rh² 官板兒
 kuan¹-pan²-ch'ien² 官板錢
 kuan¹-pao⁴-ssü¹-ch'ou² 官報私仇
 kuan¹-pi⁴ 官婢
 kuan¹-pi⁴-min²-pien⁴ 官逼民變
 kuan¹-p'in² 官品
 kuan¹-ping¹ 官兵
 kuan¹-shih⁴ 官事
 kuan¹-shih⁴-kuan¹-pan⁴ 官事官辦
 kuan¹-shou² 官守
 kuan¹-so³ 官所
 kuan¹-shu² 官署
 kuan¹-ssü¹ 官司
 kuan¹-ssü¹-ta³-shu¹ 官司打輸
 kuan¹-ssü¹-ta³-ying² 官司打贏
 kuan¹-ssü¹ 官司私
 kuan¹-t'ai¹-t'ai⁴ 官太太
 kuan¹-t'ang² 官塘
 kuan¹-t'i³ 官體
 kuan¹-t'ing¹ 官廳
 kuan¹-ts'ao² 官曹
 kuan¹-wên²-shu¹ 官文書
 kuan¹-ya² 官衙
 kuan¹-yang⁴ 官樣
 kuan¹-yen² 官鹽
 kuan¹-yin² 官銀
 kuan¹-yin⁴ 官印
 kuan¹-yüan⁴ 官員
 kuan¹-yün⁴ 官運

 kuan¹ 見規 觀 656a474a
 kuan¹-chên⁴ 觀陣
 kuan¹-ch'i⁴-hsiang⁴ 觀氣象
 kuan¹-ch'i⁴-mien⁴ 觀其面
 kuan¹-hsi⁴ 觀戲

a fellow officer.
 a mint.
 a government road.
 Saxon green.
 official income.
 the official hat.
 female police officers, matron of gaol (mei² p'ou officials ; official name.
 cash, copper money ; official editions.
 cash minted by government.
 an official who avenges private grudges.
 assistant female police officers.
 misgovernment leads to rebellion.
 the rank of officers, civil or military.
 government troops, soldiers.
 official affairs.
 official business should be managed by official to hold office ; the office held.
 a government office.
 same.
 a law-suit, to go to law.
 to lose a law-suit.
 to win a law-suit.
 public and private, etc.
 a mandarin wife.
 public reservoir of water.
 the respectability becoming a mandarin.
 a government office.
 officers of government generally.
 government despatches.
 a government office (ya² mên²).
 official dignity, genteel, gentlemanly.
 government salt.
 one's salary ; to draw official salary.
 seal of office, official credential, one's name.
 officers of government generally.
 chance of preferment.
 { to look ; external appearance ; a Taoist temple (temple=4th tone).
 to inspect the ranks, to look at a battle.
 to note physiognomy.
 physiognomy (hsiang⁴ mien⁴).
 to look at theatricals or sports.

kuan¹-hsiang⁴-t'ai² 觀象臺
 kuan¹-hsing¹ 觀星
 kuan¹-hsing¹-ti¹ 觀星的
 kuan¹-k'an⁴ 觀看
 kuan¹-ssū⁴ 觀寺
 kuan¹-têng¹ 觀燈
 kuan¹-wang⁴ 觀望
 kuan¹-yin¹ 觀音
 kuan¹-yin¹-p'u²-su¹ 觀音菩薩
 kuan¹ 門 關 關 657a472c
 kuan¹-ai¹ 關碍
 kuan¹-ai⁴-tu¹-k'ou³ 關隘渡口
 kuan¹-chao⁴ 關照
 kuan¹-ch'ia¹ (k'a) 關卡
 kuan¹-chieh² 關節
 kuan¹-ch'ieh⁴ 關切
 kuan¹-chin¹ 關津
 kuan¹-ch'uong¹-hu⁴ 關窗戶
 kuan¹-fang² 關防
 kuan¹-féng⁴ 關俸
 kuan¹-fu¹-tzu³ 關夫子
 kuan¹-hsi⁴ 關係
 kuan¹-k'ou³ 關口
 kuan¹-lao²-yeh² 關老爺
 kuan¹-li² 關裏
 kuan¹-mên² 關門
 kuan¹-mên²-yen²-shih³ 關門嚴實
 kuan¹-mo⁴ * 關脈
 kuan¹ shé⁴ 關涉
 kuan¹-shuo¹ 關說
 kuan¹-ti⁴ 關帝
 kuan¹-t'ou² 關頭
 kuan¹-tung¹ 關東
 kuan¹ 魚 鰥 658b473b
 kuan¹-chü¹ 鰥居
 kuan¹-fu¹ 鰥夫
 kuan¹-kua³-ku¹-tu² 鰥寡孤獨
 kuan¹-kun⁴ 鰥棍
 kuan¹ 冠 658b473c
 kuan¹-chê³ 冠者
 kuan¹-ch'in¹ 冠巾
 kuan¹-li³ 冠禮
 kuan¹-mien³ 冠冕

an observatory.
 astronomy (t'ien¹ wên⁴).
 astronomers (li¹ chia¹).
 to look, to observe.
 a Taoist temple, and Buddhist monastery.
 to look at the lamps (on the 15th of 1st month).
 to look with expectation; remiss, negligent.
 the goddess of mercy
 the goddess of mercy (Buddhist).
 to shut, to bar; suburb; to concern; a bolt.
 to affect, to be prejudicial to.
 a strategic ferry.
 a passport; to look after (hu⁴ chao⁴, chih² chao⁴).
 a Customs' barrier.
 must be done.
 related, connected.
 passes and fords.
 to shut a window, shut the window!
 concerns, consequence; a seal.
 to draw one's pay.
 the god of war. R. 92.
 to concern, to affect, to implicate; result.
 a border Custom house; a pass.
 the god of war. R. 92.
 in the suburbs.
 to shut a door, shut the door! fail in business.
 to shut the door closely.
 the neighbourhood of the pulse.
 to concern, to affect, to implicate.
 to refer, to allude to, to use influence for.
 the god of war. R. 92.
 a bond; a juncture.
 Manchuria. W. I. 187 (liao² tung¹).
 an old bachelor; a widower.
 to live alone; a widower.
 a widower.
 widowers, widow, orphans and heirless.
 a widower; a bachelor.
 a cap, a crown; to cap; to dress female's hair.
 to attain majority; capping.
 a cap, a head-dress (fêng⁴ kuan¹).
 the ceremony of capping, attaining majority.
 a crown, coronet.

kuan¹-mien³-t'ang²- 冠冕堂皇
 kuan¹-shang¹[huang² 冠裳
 kuan¹.shih⁴ 冠世
 kuan¹-shou³ 冠首
 kuan¹-tai⁴ 冠戴
 kuan¹-tzu³ 冠子
 kuan¹ 木 棺^{654b472}
 kuan¹-chao⁴ 棺罩
 kuan¹-hui²-t'ou² 棺懷頭
 kuan¹-kuo³ 棺槨
 kuan¹-ts'ai² 棺材
 kuan¹ 心 小 懼^{655c476c}
 kuan¹-hsi² 懼喜
 kuan¹-hsin¹ 懼心
 kuan¹-hsin¹ 懼欣
 kuan¹-yüeh⁴ 懼悅
 kuan¹ 髮 髻 ○ ○

with all the ceremony of full dress.
 "caps and robes," fine clothes.
 "to cap the age," superior talents.
 to dress female's hair.
 to put on the cap; to dress smart; fine clothes
 a woman's head-dress.
 a coffin; to close or shut up.
 a pall.
 end piece of a coffin (tu³ t'ou²).
 a coffin and its shell.
 a coffin (shou⁴ mu⁴).
 joy, pleasure, delight, satisfaction (huan¹).
 same.
 a delighted mind.
 joy, pleasure, delight, satisfaction,
 same.
 tonsure of a Taoist priest.

KUAN³ 竹 管^{654c474c}
 kuan³-chang¹-ti¹ 管賬的
 kuan³-chia¹-ti¹ 管家的
 kuan³-chiao⁴ 管教的
 kuan³-ch'uan²-ti¹ 管船的
 kuan³-fan⁴ 管飯
 kuan³-ho²-ch'ih¹-shui³ 管河吃水
 kuan³-hsia² 管轄
 kuan³-hsia⁴ 管下
 kuan³-hsien²-shih⁴ 管閒事
 kuan³-hsi³ 管許
 kuan³-kung¹ 管工
 kuan³-li³ 管理
 kuan³-ling³ 管領
 kuan³-pao¹ 管包
 kuan³-pao¹-hui²-huan⁴ 管包回換
 kuan³-pao³ 管保
 kuan³-pu¹-chu⁴-t'ai¹ 管不住他
 kuan³-shan¹-shao¹-ch'ai² 管山燒柴
 kuan³-shih⁴ 管事
 kuan³-shih⁴-ti¹ 管事的
 kuan³-shu⁴ [huan⁴ 管束
 kuan³-t'iao¹-kuan³- 管挑管換
 kuan³-yüeh⁴ 管篇

a tube; to rule, to control. Num. of pens, et
 accountant.
 a majordomo, a steward, etc.
 to keep in order, to correct.
 captain of a boat (ch'uan² chu³).
 to provide with food, as workmen.
 if you superintend a river, live of it.
 to regulate, to govern.
 under authority; accountable
 to mind or manage other people's difficulties.
 probably, quite likely (ta⁴ yo⁴).
 to superintend work.
 to manage, to take care of.
 to govern, to rule.
 guarantee.
 { exchange guaranteed (of goods) (pao¹ kua
 { lai² hui²).
 to guarantee.
 can't manage or control him.
 if you have charge of a mountain, live of it.
 to manage affairs.
 a steward, butler or housekeeper.
 to restrain, to check, to control (yo¹ shu⁴).
 may be exchanged if unsatisfactory.
 fies.

an ³	舌	{ 館 館 館 館	655b475b	a tea or eating house, an inn; a hall; a school.
an ³			same.	
an ³ .i ⁴			館驛	post-houses (i ⁴ kuan ³).
an ³ -shé ⁴			館舍	a lodging house.
an ³	肉脰	脰	655a475a	a duct in body.

UAN ⁴	貫	貫	659a475c	to string, to connect; to involve, to implicate.	
an ⁴ -ch'ien ²		貫錢		to string cash (ch'uan ⁴ ch'ieu ²).	
an ⁴ -ch'uan ⁴		貫串		to string, to connect.	
an ⁴ -chung ⁴		貫中		to hit the centre.	
an ⁴ -chung ⁴		貫衆		the whole together; a disinfectant.	
an ⁴ -t'ung ¹		貫通		to pass through; to understand.	
an ⁴		心忮	慣	659b476a	accustomed to, practised in, used to.
an ⁴ -cho ² -t'a ¹			慣着他		accustom him to it.
an ⁴ -hsi ²			慣習		to be accustomed to, inured in (hsi ² kuan ⁴).
an ⁴ -hsing ⁴			慣性		an indulgent disposition.
an ⁴ -huai ¹ -liao ³			慣壞了		spoiled (as a child), spoiled through indulgence.
an ⁴ -hui ¹ -so ¹ -huang ³			慣會撒謊		in the habit of lying.
an ⁴ -nung ⁴			慣弄		practised in.
an ⁴ -shu ²		慣熟		fully acquainted with, thoroughly versed in.	
an ⁴ -tsei ³		慣賊		an old thief.	
an ⁴	水勺	灌	655c476a	to drink; to flow; to assemble, to collect to- [gether.	
an ⁴ -chiang ¹		灌漿		to pour liquid mortar into interstices.	
an ⁴ -ch'ien ¹		灌鉛		to insert lead into silver.	
an ⁴ -chin ³		灌酒		to press one to drink wine (jang ⁴ chin ³).	
an ⁴ -chü ⁴		灌聚		to assemble (chü ⁴ hui ⁴).	
an ⁴ -i ¹ -hu ² -chui ³		灌一壺酒		to buy a pot of wine.	
an ⁴ -shui ³		灌水		to water (as flowers); to blow water into meat.	
an ⁴ -ssü ³		灌死		to strangle by pouring water into mouth.	
an ⁴ -tsui ⁴		灌醉		to make drunk, thoroughly drunk.	
an ⁴ -yao ⁴		灌藥		to force medicine down the throat.	
uan ⁴	鳥	鶴	657a476c	the crane.	
an ⁴ -ch'iao ³		鶴鴉		rooks, magpies.	
an ⁴ (tzü)	缶	罐	656a476b	a tea cannister; a jar, mug or jug.	

'UAN ¹	宀	寬	659c477a	[easy. broad, wide, roomy; liberal, forgiving, large,
uan ¹ -chai ³		寬窄		broad and narrow, the breadth of.
uan ¹ -chéng ¹		寬徵		to give more time to pay taxes (k'ai ¹ chéng ¹).
uan ¹ -ch'i ¹		寬期		to extend a time limit.
uan ¹ -chin ³ -tai ⁴		寬緊帶		an elastic belt.
uan ¹ -ch'o ⁴		寬綽		comfortable, in easy circumstances.
uan ¹ -én ¹		寬恩		extensive benevolence; to forgive.
uan ¹ -fung ² -ta ⁴ -wu ¹	寬房大屋		large, roomy apartments (kao ¹ lou ² ta ⁴ sha ⁴).	

k'uan¹-hai³-ta⁴-liang⁴ 寬海大量
 k'uan¹-hsin¹ 寬心
 k'uan¹-hsin¹-wan² 寬心丸
 k'uan¹-hsien⁴ 寬限
 k'uan¹-huan² 寬懷
 k'uan¹-huan³ 寬緩
 k'uan¹-hung² 寬宏
 k'uan¹-hu²-ta⁴-liang⁴ 寬洪大量
 k'uan¹-i¹-fu² 寬衣服
 k'uan¹-j'uo² 寬饒
 k'uan¹-jung² 寬容
 k'uan¹-kuang³ 寬廣
 k'uan¹-k'uo⁴ 寬闊
 k'uan¹-mien³ 寬免
 k'uan¹-p'ao²-ta⁴-hsin⁴ 寬袍大袖
 k'uan¹-pei⁴-chai³-yung⁴ 寬備窄用
 k'uan¹-shu⁴ 寬恕
 k'uan¹-ta⁴ 寬大
 k'uan¹-t'uo⁴-wu²-pien¹ 寬大無邊
 k'uan¹-tai⁴ 寬待
 k'uan¹-tai⁴ 寬貸
 k'uan¹-tsung¹ 寬縱
 k'uan¹-yu⁴ 寬宥
 k'uan¹-yü⁴ 寬裕
 k'uan¹-yung³-ch'ien² 寬永錢

broad-minded, generous.
 to make the mind easy.
 sedative pill.
 to enlarge the time allowed.
 to be easy in mind (fang⁴ hsin¹).
 liberal; slowly.
 broad and extensive.
 broad-minded, generous (ta⁴ fang¹).
 take off upper garments in hot weather.
 indulgent, forgiving.
 indulgent, liberal.
 extensive, large, broad.
 same.
 gracious remission, to forgive.
 large robe and sleeves.
 large preparations, and small outlay.
 to excuse, to forgive (jao² chu⁴).
 extensive, large.
 large, boundless.
 to treat leniently (han² liang⁴).
 to forgive.
 to be easy going.
 to forgive.
 liberal, kind, abundant.
 a certain sort of old cash.

K'UAN³

k'uan³ 欠 (款 660b477b)
 k'uan³-ch'ü¹ 款曲
 k'uan³-hsiang⁴ 款項
 k'uan³-i¹-fu² 款衣服
 k'uan³-k'uo⁴ 款客
 k'uan³-lin² 款留
 k'uan³-shih⁴ 款式
 k'uan³-shih⁴ 款事
 k'uan³-tai⁴ 款待
 k'uan³-tai⁴-k'uo⁴ 款待客

[detain
 real, sincere, affectionate; to extend to; t
 same.
 a wrong, a difficulty.
 larger and smaller items; expenditure.
 to take off clothes (t'uo¹ i¹ shang¹).
 to treat a guest well.
 to detain hospitably.
 a specimen, a pattern (yang⁴ shih⁴).
 an affair (shih⁴ t'ü³).
 to treat well, good treatment, to entertain.
 to treat a guest well.

KUANG¹

kuang¹-chao⁴ 光
 kuang¹-chiao³ 光腳
 kuang¹-ching³ 光景

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 light, shining; plain, naked; barely, only. M
 to illumine (chao⁴ liang⁴).
 naked feet; a swindler (ch'ih⁴ chao³).
 f prospect, scenery; circumstances, state of;
 (time (ching³ k'uang⁴).

uang ¹ -cho ² -chi ³ -liang ²	光着脊梁	stripped or bare to the waist, bare backed.
uang ¹ -hsien ³	光顯	to manifest, to display.
uang ¹ -hsü ⁴	光緒	the present Emperor (1903).
uang ¹ -hua ¹	光花	plain and flowered, bright, gay.
uang ¹ -hua ²	光華	bright, light, splendid, gay.
uang ¹ -hui ¹	光輝	same.
uang ¹ -jun ⁴	光潤	bright, glossy.
uang ¹ -kun ⁴	光棍	"bare stick," a swindler, a pettifogger (hua ² li ⁴).
uang ¹ -kun ⁴ -han ⁴	光棍漢	an unmarried male.
uang ¹ -kun ¹ -pei ¹ -ch'ü ²	光棍背鋤	name of bird from its note.
uang ¹ -lang ²	光朗	bright, spotless, unblemished.
uang ¹ -liang ⁴	光亮	bright, splendid, lustrous, lustre.
uang ¹ -liao ³	光了	destitute, stripped, naked.
uang ¹ -lin ³	光臨	visit of esteemed guest.
uang ¹ -lin ¹ -lin ¹ -ti ¹	光溜溜的	stark naked (ch'ih ⁴ shên ¹ lou ⁴ t'i ³).
uang ¹ -ming ² [ta ⁴	光明	bright, light, splendid; intelligent.
uang ¹ -ming ² -chêng ⁴	光明正大	above board and straightforward.
uang ¹ -sü ⁴ -ting ¹ -rh ³	光色丁兒	naked, in a state of nudity.
uang ¹ -sü ⁴ -yen ² -sü ⁴	光色顏色	same.
uang ¹ -shên ¹	光身	naked, the naked body.
uang ¹ -shih ² [ti ¹	光射	beam or rays of light.
uang ¹ -t'ang ² -t'ang ²	光堂堂的	very smooth, sleek.
uang ¹ -tao ⁴	光道	the ecliptic.
uang ¹ -t'ien ¹ -hua ⁴ -jih ⁴	光天化日	in broad daylight.
uang ¹ -t'on ²	光頭	a bald head; bare-headed (t'u ¹ tzi ³).
uang ¹ -ts'ai ³	光彩	splendid, brilliant, gay, light, elegant.
uang ¹ -tsü ²	光澤	glossy, glittering.
uang ¹ -tsung ¹ -yao ⁴ -tsu ³	光宗耀祖	to render one's family illustrious, etc.
uang ¹ -yao ⁴	光耀	resplendent; respectable.
uang ¹ -yen ⁴	光豔	bright and fair, splendid, gay.
uang ¹ -yin ¹	光陰	bright and shady; time.
uang ¹ -yin ¹ -ssü ⁴ -chien ⁴	光陰似箭	time flies like an arrow (yih ⁴ yüeh ⁴ ju ² so ¹).
uang ¹	水 洑	sparkling water, 661c478b
uang ¹ -tang ⁴	洑蕩	to wobble, to slop over,
uang ¹	月 脬	the bladder (niao ⁴ pao ¹).

UANG ³	广	廣 662a478c	large, great, wide, extensive; to extend.
uang ³ -chiao ¹		廣交	an extensive acquaintance.
uang ³ -chou ¹ -fu ³		廣州府	Canton.
uang ³ -hsi ¹		廣西	the province of Kuang-hsi. W. I. 176.
uang ³ -hsing ² -shan ⁴		廣行善事	extensive charity.
uang ³ -huo ⁴		廣貨	goods from Canton and Kuang-hsi.
uang ³ -kao ¹		廣膏	Canton opium, opium paste prepared for smok- [ing.]

kuang³ k'ou⁴
 kuang³-k'uo¹
 kuang³-o²
 kuang³-pu⁴-fu² yin¹
 kuang³-ta⁴
 kuang³-t'w³
 kuang³-tung¹

廣扣
 廣闊
 廣額
 廣布福音
 廣大
 廣土
 廣東

Canton buttons.
 broad, extensive.
 to extend or enlarge a fixed number.
 extensive evangelization.
 extensive, large; many.
 foreign opium, i. e., from Canton. [shêng³]
 province of Kuang Tung. W. I. 158 (yüeh³)

KUANG⁴ 逛 逛 662a480b
 kuang⁴-ching³
 kuang⁴-kuang⁴-ch'ü⁴
 kuang⁴-miao⁴
 kuang⁴-shan¹
 kuang⁴-têng¹
 kuang⁴-t'ou²
 kuang⁴-yao²-tzü³

逛景
 逛逛去
 逛廟
 逛山
 逛燈
 逛頭
 逛窰子

to walk for pleasure, to stroll,
 to stroll for recreation.
 to take a walk (liu² ta³).
 to visit temples on fête days.
 to stroll on mountains.
 to view the illuminations.
 worth visiting.
 to frequent brothels (ch'uan¹ ch'u¹ mên² tzü³)

K'UANG¹ 匡 匡 662b479a
 k'uang¹-chiu¹
 k'uang¹-fang¹
 k'uang¹-t'ien¹-hsia⁴
 k'uang¹
 k'uang¹-hung³
 k'uang¹-lai²-liao³
 k'uang¹-p'ien⁴
 k'uang¹ tsui³-ch'ih¹
 k'uang¹ (tzü) 竹 筐 662c479a

匡救
 匡方
 匡天下
 誑
 誑哄
 誑來了
 誑騙
 誑嘴吃
 筐

square; right, to rectify; to assist.
 to rescue, to save.
 square; regular. [hsia⁴]
 to bring the empire into order (p'ing² t'ien¹)
 to lie, to deceive, cheat (p'ien⁴).
 to deceive, to cheat.
 to coax him to come.
 to defraud by falsehood, to humbug.
 to live by deceitful speech.
 a large basket without cover (lan² tzü³).

K'UANG² 犬 狂 663a479c
 k'uang²-ao⁴
 k'uang²-ch'ü¹
 k'uang²-ch'ü¹
 k'uang²-ch'üan³
 k'uang²-fêng¹
 k'uang²-ping⁴
 k'uang²-shih⁴
 k'uang²-tsao³
 k'uang²-t'u²
 k'uang²-mang⁴
 k'uang²-yen²
 k'uang²
 k'uang²-hua¹

狂傲
 狂氣
 狂癡
 狂犬
 狂風
 狂病
 狂士
 狂躁
 狂徒
 狂妄
 狂言
 言 誑 663b479b
 誑話

mad, madness, insanity; proud, ambitious.
 conceited, snpercilious; arrogant, proud.
 arrogant insolence.
 silly, foolish, conceited.
 a mad dog; a conceited person.
 a furious gale of wind (pao⁴ fêng¹).
 hysterics.
 a pedant; an enthusiast.
 incoherent, extravagant.
 a profligate (ch'ih³ shé¹).
 fits of passion or madness.
 extravagant talk.
 lies, falsehood; levity of speech; incoherence
 deceitful language.

k'uang ² -yen ²	誑言	extravagant talk, falsehood.
K'UANG ⁴	日 曠 ^{664a480c}	clear, bright, vacant ; distant.
k'uang ⁴ -fei ⁴	曠費	waste, prodigality.
k'uang ⁴ -fu ¹	曠夫	an old bachelor ; an unemployed person.
k'uang ⁴ -jih ⁴	曠日	a long time.
k'uang ⁴ -ko ²	曠隔	far separated.
k'uang ⁴ -kung ¹	曠功	to neglect one's duty.
k'uang ⁴ -tang ⁴	曠蕩	to swagger, to strut, etc.
k'uang ⁴ -yeh ³	曠野	desert, wilderness, the country (hng ¹ chiao ¹).
k'uang ⁴	二 况 ^{663a254a}	more, further, moreover, still, besides. M. 506.
k'uang ⁴ -ch'ieh ³	况且	same (ping ⁴ ch'ieh ³ , êrh ² ch'ieh ³ , shang ⁴ ch'ieh ³).
k'uang ⁴ (tzu)	木 框 ^{662c479b}	the end of a coffin ; the frame of door or window.
k'uang ⁴	目 眶 ^{662c480a}	the socket of the eye.
KUEI ¹	止 归 歸 ^{664b480a}	to belong to, to revert to ; to add to.
kuei ¹ -ch'í ¹	歸期	after all, finally. M. 364 (chiu ¹ ching ⁴).
kuei ¹ -chia ¹	歸家	to return home ; to die.
kuei ¹ -chia ² -ch'êng ²	歸佳城	"return to the excellent city," to be buried.
kuei ¹ -ch'u ²	歸除	division and subtraction, arithmetic.
kuei ¹ -ch'u ⁴	歸處	a home ; to return to a place.
kuei ¹ -fa ²	歸法	multiplication, arithmetic.
kuei ¹ -fu ²	歸服	to revert to ; to submit (fu ² ts'ung ¹).
kuei ¹ -hsiang ²	歸降	to surrender (t'ou ² hsiang ²).
kuei ¹ -hsiang ⁴ -chu ³	歸向主	to return to the Lord.
kuei ¹ -huan ²	歸還	to send back, to repay.
kuei ¹ -kên ¹	歸根	in the end, finally.
kuei ¹ -kuan ¹	歸官	to be confiscated to government (ju ⁴ kuan ¹).
kuei ¹ -lai ²	歸來	to return. [chia ¹]
kuei ¹ -lao ²	歸老	to resign office on account of age (kao ⁴ lao ³ huan ²)
kuei ¹ -ning ²	歸甯	a bride visiting her parents after her nuptials.
kuei ¹ -pên ² -huan ² -yüan ²	歸本還原	to restore to the original.
kuei ¹ -pên ³ -sa ³ -li ⁴	歸本撒利	to put capital to interest.
kuei ¹ -shun ⁴	歸順	to return and submit to. [(pêng ¹ chia ⁴).
kuei ¹ -t'ien ¹	歸天	"to return to heaven," to die (the emperor)
kuei ¹ -tsung ¹	歸宗	to be readmitted into the family.
kuei ¹ -wei ⁴	歸位	to die (the emperor), to go back to one's seat.
kuei ¹	見 規 ^{665c482a}	compasses ; rule, custom, usage ; a fee ; to rule.
kuei ¹ -chéng ⁴	規正	to adjust exactly.
kuei ¹ -chien ⁴	規諫	to admonish ; rules. [fees.
kuei ¹ -chü ⁴	規矩	"compasses and rule," custom, usage, conduct ;
kuei ¹ -hua ⁴	規畫	to mark.
kuei ¹ -kuei ¹ -chü ⁴ -chü ⁴	規規矩矩	very careful of custom, very proper (fêng ¹ su ²).

kuei¹-kuo⁴
 kuei¹-mo²
 kuei¹-mon²
 kuei¹-t'iao²
 kuei¹-tu⁴
 kuei¹
 kuei¹-fang²
 kuei¹-hsiu⁴
 kuei¹-ko²
 kuei¹-k'un¹
 kuei¹-k'un³
 kuei¹-mên²
 kuei¹-nü³
 kuei¹-wei²
 kuei¹
 kuei¹-k'o¹
 kuei¹-k'uei²
 kuei¹-kung¹
 kuei¹-pan²
 kuei¹-pei¹-chin³
 kuei¹-san¹
 kuei¹
 kuei¹-yü⁴
 kuei¹

門

龜 龜

圭

日

規過
 規模
 規謀
 *規條
 規度
 閨
 閨房
 閨秀
 閨閣
 閨壺
 閨闈
 閨門
 閨女
 閨帷
 龜
 龜壳
 龜葵
 龜公
 龜板
 龜背
 龜錦
 龜係
 圭
 圭玉
 日
 日晷

to reprove (tsê² pei⁴).
 the external appearance, deportment; a rule,
 a scheme (chi¹ mou²).
 regulations (t'iao² kuei¹).
 a plan, a measure or rule.
 ladies' private apartments,
 same
 maidens, women generally.
 ladies' private apartments.
 a virtuous, accomplished woman.
 feminine, whatever belongs to woman.
 door leading to the ladies' apartment; maiden
 a maiden, an unmarried woman (ch'u⁴ nü³).
 "inner apartment curtains," sexual intercourse
 the tortoise (pieh¹, wang² pa¹).
 tortoise shell.
 nightshade.
 a cuckold.
 tortoise shell.
 embroidery like tortoise back marks.
 abusive epithet.
 a kind of sceptre.
 a jade sceptre,
 a sun-dial.

KUEI³ (tzu) 鬼
 kuei³-chieh²-jih⁴-tzu³
 kuei³-fu⁴-cho²
 kuei³-hua⁴
 kuei³-hun²
 kuei³-hun⁴
 kuei³-huo³
 kuei³-k'u¹-lang²-hao²
 kuei³-kuai⁴
 kuei³-lien³
 kuei³-mo²
 kuei³-nan²-na²
 kuei³
 kuei³-cha¹
 kuei³-chi⁴-to¹-tuan¹
 kuei³-hui³
 kuei³-sui²
 kuei³-tz'ü²

言

鬼
 鬼節
 鬼日子
 鬼附着
 鬼話
 鬼魂
 鬼混
 鬼火
 鬼哭
 鬼號
 鬼怪
 鬼臉
 鬼魔
 鬼難
 鬼拿
 詭
 詭詐
 詭計
 詭多
 詭端
 詭毀
 詭隨
 詭辭

a ghost, spirit, demon or devil.
 清明 七月十五 十月初一 festival of the dead.
 devil-possessed (hsieh² ch'i⁴).
 soliloquy.
 a ghost, a spirit.
 to be fool.
 "demon fire," ignis-fatuus, will o' the wisp.
 crying and shrieking (quarreling).
 supernatural, uncanny (yao¹ ching¹).
 a mask.
 evil spirits.
 a clever rascal.
 to reprimand, to blame; to deceive, to insult,
 artful, deceitful.
 full of stratagems.
 to defame, to backbite (hui³ pang⁴).
 a trifling offence; sycophantic,
 lying words.

* Note 63.

uei³ → 宄^{668b483c}
 uei³-chien¹ 宄奸
 uei³-chien¹ 宄姦
 uei³ 癸^{668c483a}
 uei³-shui³ 癸水

conspiracies, traitorous plots ; a traitor.
 traitorous plots ; villains.
 traitorous plots ; villains ; to ravish.
 one of the ten stems.
 the menses (t'ien¹ ching).

KUEI⁴ 貝 貴^{669b484a}
 uei⁴-chia³-tzu³ 貴甲子
 uei⁴-chia⁴ 貴價
 uei⁴-chien⁴ 貴賤
 uei⁴-cho¹ 貴州
 uei⁴-ch' u⁴ 貴處
 uei⁴-chung⁴ 貴重
 uei⁴-ju³ 貴府
 uei⁴-hsi² 貴席
 uei⁴-hsien⁴ 貴縣
 uei⁴-hsing⁴ 貴姓
 uei⁴-hsing⁴-kao¹-ming² 貴姓高名
 uei⁴-hu¹ 貴乎
 uei⁴-huo⁴ 貴貨
 uei⁴-jên² 貴人
 uei⁴-jên²-yü³-ch'ih² 貴人語遲
 uei⁴-kan⁴ 貴幹
 uei⁴-kêng⁴ 貴庚
 uei⁴-k'o¹ 貴科
 uei⁴ kuo² 貴國
 uei⁴-shêng³ 貴省
 uei⁴-tung¹-shih⁴-shui² 貴東是誰
 uei⁴-wu⁴ 貴物
 uei⁴-yel⁴ 貴業
 uei⁴-yang⁴ 貴恙
 uei⁴-yü² 貴寓
 uei⁴-yü⁴-tsai⁴-na³ 貴寓在那
 uei⁴ (tzu) 木相櫃櫃^{670a486a}
 uei⁴-ch'ou¹-t'ü¹ 櫃抽屜
 uei⁴-fang² 櫃房
 uei⁴-hsiang¹ 櫃箱
 uei⁴-t'ai² 櫃臺
 uei⁴-tung³ 櫃桶
 uei⁴ 木 桂^{667b484b}
 uei⁴-chih¹ 桂枝
 uei⁴-hua¹ 桂花
 uei⁴-hua¹-pu⁴ 桂花布

dear, valuable ; honorable, high, noble.
 how old are you ? (to middle-aged).
 a high price.
 noble and base ; dear and cheap, etc.
 the province of Kueichou. W. I. 178.
 "honorable place," your place.
 valuable, honorable, respectable (ch'ing¹ k'an¹).
 your home (fu³ shang³).
 what is your office ? (to yamên assistants).
 a magistrate ; your native hsieu city.
 what is your name ? (tsun¹ hsing⁴).
 what is your name and surname ?
 to value, to regard as valuable.
 valuable goods.
 imperial concubines ; respectable persons.
 the words of the upper class come slowly.
 what is your business ?
 what is your age ? (up to 40).
 what was your class ? (to degree men).
 your country.
 to which province do you belong ?
 who is your honorable master ?
 valuable things.
 what profession or trade are you ?
 your disease is ?
 where are your lodgings ?
 where is your honorable abode ? (fu³ shang⁴).
 a box, press, counter, cabinet, or wardrobe.
 the drawer of a counter, a till.
 a counting house (chang³ huei⁴ ti¹).
 wardrobes and boxes.
 counter of a shop.
 a table or counter drawer, a till.
 cassia, the cinnamon tree. R. 94.
 cinnamon (jou⁴ knei⁴).
 the olea fragrans.
 spotted stuffs.

k'uei⁴-hua -yu² 桂花油
 k'uei⁴-p'i² 桂皮
 k'uei⁴-p'i²-yu² 桂皮油
 k'uei -shu⁴ 桂樹
 k'uei⁴-tai⁴ 桂帶
 k'uei⁴-tzü³ 桂子
 k'uei⁴-yüan² 桂圓
 k'uei⁴-yüan²-jou⁴ 桂圓肉
 k'uei⁴-yüeh⁴ 桂月
 k'uei⁴ 足 跪 669b484c
 k'uei⁴-chieh⁴ 跪接
 k'uei⁴-hsia⁴ 跪下
 k'uei⁴-hsiang⁴ 跪香
 k'uei⁴-kuan⁴ 跪官
 k'uei⁴-mên²-ch'ing³-tsui⁴ 跪門請罪
 k'uei⁴-pai⁴ 跪拜
 k'uei⁴-tao³ 跪倒
 k'uei⁴-t'ieh²-lien⁴-tzü³ 跪鐵鍊子
 k'uei⁴ 刀 剮 670b485a
 k'uei⁴-tzü³ 劊子
 k'uei⁴-tzü³-shou³ 劊子手
 k'uei⁴ 玉 瑰 667b482c

cassia oil.
 cassia-bark.
 cassia oil.
 the cinnamon tree,
 silk ribbons.
 cassia buds,
 lung-ngan.
 lung-ngan pulp (without the stones).
 cassia month, the 8th month. See Note 32.
 to kneel.
 to receive on the knees.
 to kneel down (ch'ü¹ hsi²).
 to kneel while a stick of incense burns out.
 to kneel before the official.
 to kneel at one's door and beg punishment.
 to kneel and bow.
 to kneel down.
 to kneel on chains (illegal punishments).
 to cut or break asunder.
 an executioner (tao¹ fn³ shou³).
 same.
 a pearl; rare; precious; extraordinary (mei² kne)

K'J'EI¹ 虜 671b486a
 k'uei¹ 虜
 k'uei¹-ch'ien⁴ 虧欠
 k'uei¹-fu⁴ 虧負
 k'uei¹-hsin⁴ 虧心
 k'uei¹-hsin⁴-shih⁴ 虧心事
 k'uei¹-k'ung⁴ 虧空
 k'uei¹-liao³-liang²-hsin⁴ 虧了良心
 k'uei¹-liao³-ni³-liao³ 虧了你了
 k'uei¹-p'ei² 虧賠
 k'uei¹-sun³ 虧損
 k'uei¹-tou³ 虧斗
 k'uei¹ 皿 盔 671a487a
 k'uei¹-chia³ 盔甲
 k'uei¹-t'ou² 盔頭

to fail, to lose, to lessen; injure, defect.
 same.
 to be in debt; deficient of.
 to fail; to desert or abandon.
 to lose heart, wicked; ungrateful.
 unprincipled conduct, discreditable affair.
 default, failure of payment.
 conscienceless conduct.
 thanks to you (hsing⁴ k'nei¹).
 to make up a deficiency or loss.
 to injure, to fail; an injury, failure.
 short measure, to lose measure.
 a helmet; general term for vessels.
 helmet and mail, armour (k'ai³ chia³).
 a helmet, a head-dress (t'ou² k'uei¹).

K'UEI² 魁 762c486b
 k'uei²-shou³ 魁手
 k'uei²-shou³ 魁首
 k'uei²-shuai⁴ 魁帥

great, eminent; the head, headmost, worst.
 a head, a chief, a foreman.
 a head, a chief, facile princeps.
 a general-in-chief (yüan² shuai⁴).

k'uei ² -ta ¹	魁	大	great, eminent.
k'uei ² -wei ³	魁	偉	gigantic, stalwart, great in stature.
k'uei ² -wu ³	魁	武	same (ta ¹ shên ¹ liang ¹).
k'uei ² -yüan ²	魁	元	a chief of the <i>chü-jên</i> ; a head, a chief (hui ⁴ yüan ²).
k'uei ²	穴	窺	672b487b to peep, to spy, to look furtively.
k'uei ² -k'an ⁴		窺	看 same.
k'uei ² -shih ⁴		窺	視 to pry into, to look narrowly.
k'uei ² -t'an ⁴		窺	探 to spy.
k'uei ² -t'ü ⁴		窺	伺 to waylay.
k'uei ²	艸	苳	葵 672a487c the mallow, the sun-flower. [k'uei ²].
k'uei ² -hua ¹		葵	花 the sun-flower (chao ⁴ jih ⁴ k'uei ² , hsiang ⁴ jih ⁴
k'uei ² -shan ⁴		葵	扇 palm leaf fans.
k'uei ²	手	才	揆 671c488a to surmise, to conjecture, to guess, to calculate.
k'uei ² -tu ⁴		揆	度 to estimate, to measure, to conjecture (tu ⁴ liang ⁴).
k'uei ²	大	奎	魁 673a487b between the legs; in the midst of.
k'uei ² -hsing ¹		奎	星 the constellation of Andromeda.
k'uei ² -hsing ¹ -ko ²		奎	閣 hall for worship of god of literature.
K'UEI ³	人	傀	672b488b strange, extraordinary; monstrous, great.
k'uei ³ -lei ³		傀	儡 puppets, dolls; an ill-looking person.
			[(see below 餽).
K'UEI ⁴	食	饋	674a488b food, victuals; to prepare food; to present to
k'uei ⁴ -li ³		饋	禮 to make presents.
k'uei ⁴ -shih ²		饋	食 food, victuals.
k'uei ⁴ -sung ⁴		饋	送 to present to.
k'uei ⁴ -yao ⁴		饋	藥 to hand medicine to.
k'uei ⁴	口	喟	674a488b to sigh, to groan.
k'uei ⁴ -jan ²		喟	然 same (t'an ⁴ hsi ²).
k'uei ⁴ -t'an ⁴		喟	嘆 same.
k'uei ⁴	心	小	媿 672c484c shame, ashamed, abashed, conscience-stricken.
k'uei ⁴ -hui ³		媿	悔 ashamed (hsiu ¹ k'uei ⁴).
k'uei ⁴		餽	673a488 a sacrifice; presents of food.
UN ³	水	滾	675a494c water bubbling or boiling; to roll, to flow.
un ¹ -jê ⁴		滾	熱 boiling hot.
un ³ -k'ai ¹		滾	開 to boil, to bubble; be off with you!
un ¹ -kang ¹ -shui ³		滾	崗水 water falling over hills, etc.
un ³ -kun ³		滾	滾 water flowing or rolling along.
un ³ -lui ²		滾	來 to come rolling along.
un ³ -pa ⁴		滾	罷 clear out! (abusive).
un ³ -shui ³		滾	水 boiling water (k'ai ¹ shui ³).
un ³ -tao ¹ -jou ⁴		滾	刀肉 obstinate, pig-headed (chan ¹ chih ²).
un ³ (t'ü)	車	輓	674c495 to roll, a stone roller for threshing floors.

- KUN⁴** (*tzǎ*) 木 棍^{674b495b}
kun⁴.foi³ 棍匪
kun⁴.pang⁴ 棍棒
kun⁴.p'ien⁴ 棍騙
kun⁴.ta³ 棍打
kun⁴.t'ü² 棍徒
- a stick, a club.
a swindler. a sharper, a bully (kuang¹ kun⁴).
a club (kuai³ chang⁴).
to defraud (hung³ p'ien⁴).
to beat with a stick.
a swindler, a sharper, a bully.
- K'UN¹** 日 昆^{675b494a}
k'un¹.ch'iang¹ 昆腔
k'un¹.chuan⁴ 昆壯
k'un¹.chung¹ 昆仲
k'un¹.ming²-hu² 昆明湖
k'un¹.ti¹ 昆弟
k'un¹ 土 壘 坤^{675a495a}
k'un¹.kua⁴ 坤卦
k'un¹.mên² 坤門
k'un¹.mu³ 坤母
k'un¹.tao⁴ 坤道
k'un¹.wei²-ti¹ 坤爲地
k'un¹ 士 壺 壺^{676c495b}
k'un¹.fan⁴ 壺範
k'un¹ 山 崑 崑^{675b494a}
k'un¹.lun²-shan¹ 崑崙山
k'un¹-shan¹.p'ien⁴-yii¹ 崑山片玉
k'un¹ 虫 蝨 蝨^{675b494a}
k'un¹.ch'ung² 蝨蟲
k'un¹ 彡 髡^{676c495a}
k'un¹-shu⁴ 髡樹
- together, at the same time; an elder brother
name of a class of tunes.
robust, stalwart. [ti⁴]
brothers, an elder and second brother (hsiung
a lake in the Palace grounds (Peking).
an elder and a younger brother.
the earth; inferior; compliance, obedience.
the diagram k'un.
women generally (fu⁴ tao¹).
mother earth; a mother (ch'ien² k'un¹).
female; earth; moon; female principles.
the earth is mother.
a path in the ladies' apartments of the palace,
behaviour or acquirements of ladies.
name.
Koukoun mountains.
a piece of jade from Koukoun mountains.
insects.
insects, including crabs, lizards, etc.
leafless, bare.
to trim trees.
- K'UN³** 手 扃 扃^{676a495c}
k'un³.ch'i³-lai² 扃起來
k'un³.pang³ 扃綁
k'un³.shang⁴ 扃上
k'un³-tzǎ³ 扃子
k'un³ 糸 網^{576b496a}
k'un³.shih¹ 網織
k'un³.pang³ 網綁
k'un³ 門 闔^{676b496b}
k'un³.nei⁴ 闔內
k'un³.wai⁴ 闔外
- to take; to beat; to tie, to bind (pang³).
to tie up.
to tie, to bind (shuan¹).
same.
a bundle, e.g., of firewood.
to weave (chih¹).
same.
to tie, to bind (shuan¹).
door posts; ladies' apartments (kuei¹ ko²).
within the threshold.
without the threshold.
- K'UN⁴** 口 困^{675b496b}
k'un⁴.ch'êng² 困城
- fatigued, exhausted; weak, poor.
besiege, blockade a city (wei² jao⁴).

k'un⁵-ch'ung² 困窮
 k'un⁴-chu⁴ 困住
 k'un⁴-chüan⁴ 困倦
 k'un⁴-êrh²-pu⁴-hsiao² 困而不學
 k'un⁴ fu² 困乏
 k'un⁴-k'n³ 困苦
 k'un⁴-k'n³-liu²-li² 困苦流離
 k'un⁴-liao²-chiao³ 困了覺
 k'un⁴-shou³ 困守
 k'un⁴-ssü³ 困死
 k'un⁴-wei² 困圍
 k'un⁴ 目 睏 676a496

exhausted ; very poor (p'in² han²).
 to surround ; to weaken, to disable.
 fatigued, wearied (lei⁴ liao³).
 to be stupid and not learn.
 fatigued, wearied (p'i² chüan⁴).
 in distress, very poor (p'im² han²).
 in distress and scattered abroad.
 slept.
 surrounded, besieged.
 to kill by too close confinement.
 surrounded, besieged.
 to nod, to doze (k'o² shui⁴).

KUNG¹ 工 676c460b
 kung¹-ch'êng² 工程
 kung¹-chia⁴ 工價
 kung¹-chiang⁴ 工匠
 kung¹-ch'ien² 工錢
 kung¹-ch'ih¹-tzu⁴ 工尺字
 kung¹-fang² 工房
 kung¹-fu¹ 工夫
 kung¹-jên² 工人
 kung¹-k'o⁴ 工課
 kung¹-pao¹-kung¹ 工包工
 kung¹ pu⁴ 工部
 kung¹-pu⁴-chü² 工部局
 kung¹-ting¹ 工丁
 kung¹ 力 功 677b460c
 kung¹-ch'ên² [chui⁴] 功臣
 kung¹-ch'êng²-ming² 功成名就
 kung¹-fu¹ 功夫
 kung¹-fu¹-ch'un² 功夫純
 kung¹-hsiao⁴ 功效
 kung¹-hsün¹ 功勳
 kung¹-k'o⁴ 功課
 kung¹-kuo⁴ 功過
 kung¹-lao² 功勞
 kung¹-lieh⁴ 功烈
 kung¹-ling⁴ 功令
 kung¹-ming² 功名
 kung¹-p'ai² 功牌

work ; to work ; a workman, a mechanic.
 work ; to work ; public works.
 price of work, wages.
 an artisan.
 wages.
 the notes in music.
 a workshop, etc.
 work, labour ; leisure ; business (k'ung⁴ rh).
 a labourer, an artisan.
 work, a task.
 workmen go security for workmen.
 the Board of Works at Peking, G. 15S.
 Municipal Council at Shanghai.
 a laborer, a mechanic.
 merit, meritorious service ; work.
 a meritorious minister.
 merit attained.
 meritorious employment ; rank ; work.
 very diligent (ch'in² shih⁴).
 merit, meritorious results, efficacious (medicine).
 an exploit, an achievement ; great merit.
 a task, work, service, employment.
 the meritorious and the unworthy.
 merit, meritorious service.
 meritoriously enterprising, dashing.
 the laws (lü⁴ li⁴, lü⁴ fa³).
 merit and fame ; rank ; a reward ; a degree.
 a badge of merit. (given to soldiers).

kung¹-pu⁴-ti¹-kuo⁴ 功不抵過
 fmerits do not counterbalance demerits (chiang⁴ kung¹ ché² tsui⁴).

<i>kung¹-tê²</i>	功德	merit, virtuous deeds, meritorious virtue.
<i>kung¹-yeh⁴</i>	功業	merit, an achievement; success.
<i>kung¹-yung⁴</i>	功用	effect, use, activity, power in action.
<i>kung¹</i>	支攻 ^{677c461a}	to assault, to attack; to rouse; to put in order.
<i>kung¹-ch'êng²</i>	攻城	to assault or storm a city.
<i>kung¹-chi¹</i>	攻擊	to attack, to assault.
<i>kung¹-chieh²</i>	攻劫	to capture by assault.
<i>kung¹-chih⁴</i>	攻至	to reach to, to arrive at.
<i>kung¹-ch'ü³</i>	攻取	to capture, to seize.
<i>kung¹-hsi²</i>	攻習	practised in (<i>lien⁴ hsi²</i>)
<i>kung¹-p'o⁴</i>	攻破	to carry by assault, to take by storm.
<i>kung¹-p'o⁴-ch'êng²-ch'ih²</i>	攻破城池	to carry a city by storm.
<i>kung¹-sha¹</i>	攻殺	to assault, to storm, to charge.
<i>kung¹-shu¹</i>	攻書	to study (<i>tu¹ shu¹</i>).
<i>kung¹-ta³</i>	攻打	to attack, to assault.
<i>kung¹-yü²-i⁴-tuan¹</i>	攻於異端	to spend time (attack?) strange doctrines (Lun-
<i>kung¹</i>	八公 ^{679b459a}	public; just, fair, equitable; general; male.
<i>kung¹-ch'ai¹</i>	公差	official employees.
<i>kung¹-chêng³-lien²-ming²</i>	公正廉明	just, correct, clean, clear (official).
<i>kung¹-chia¹</i>	公家	the imperial family.
<i>kung¹-chu³</i>	公主	a princess.
<i>kung¹-chü²</i>	公局	office, Board.
<i>kung¹-chüeh²</i>	公爵	the first of the five ranks of nobility, a duke.
<i>kung¹-fa³</i>	公法	laws of a nation.
<i>kung¹-fei⁴</i>	公費	public expenditure.
<i>kung¹-fu²</i>	公服	official clothing (<i>k'uan¹ i¹</i>).
<i>kung¹-hou²</i>	公侯	1st and 2nd ranks of nobility, dukes and mar-
<i>kung¹-hsin¹</i>	公心	public spirited (<i>i⁴ ch'í⁴</i>).
<i>kung¹-hsing²</i>	公行	to act equitably.
<i>kung¹-i⁴</i>	公議	a public meeting, a public discussion and con-
<i>kung¹-jan²</i>	公然	publicly, in the market; just.
<i>kung¹-jên²</i>	公人	arbitrator, official underlings (<i>chung¹ jên²</i>).
<i>kung¹-kan⁴</i>	公幹	public affairs, official business.
<i>kung¹-kuan³</i>	公館	a public office, private house of officials.
<i>kung¹-kung¹</i>	公公	a woman's husband's father; just, fair.
<i>kung¹-kung¹-êrh²-ti¹</i>	公公兒的	justly, equitably.
<i>kung¹-li³</i>	公理	to manage fairly; fair, just.
<i>kung¹-li³-hui⁴</i>	公會	Congregational Body.
<i>kung¹-li⁴</i>	公利	fair profit, just gain.
<i>kung¹-lun⁴</i>	公論	to discuss fairly, public discussion.
<i>kung¹-mên²</i>	公門	official gate.
<i>kung¹-mên²-li³</i>	公門裏	yamên people.
<i>kung¹-mu³</i>	公母	male and female; father and mother.

<i>kung¹-mu³-lia³</i>	公母	father and mother; husband and wife.
<i>kung¹-pan⁴</i>	公辦	to manage equitably.
<i>kung¹-pien⁴</i>	公便	just and expedient.
<i>kung¹-p'ing²</i>	公平	fair, just, equitable.
<i>kung¹-p'ing²-chia¹-i⁴</i>	公平交易	strict fairness in business.
<i>kung¹-p'o²</i>	公婆	a husband's father and mother.
<i>kung¹-shih³</i>	公使	an envoy, one sent on public business.
<i>kung¹-shih⁴</i>	公事	public affairs or business.
<i>kung¹-shih⁴-kung¹-pan⁴</i>	公事公辦	public affairs should be strictly managed.
<i>kung¹-shu³</i>	公署	a public office.
<i>kung¹-so³</i>	公所	public offices.
<i>kung¹-ssü¹</i>	公司	to manage public business; a public company.
<i>kung¹-ssü¹-chü²</i>	公司局	a municipal council.
<i>kung¹-ssü¹-kuan³</i>	公司館	hall of a public company.
<i>kung¹-ssü¹</i>	公私	public and private; just and selfish, etc.
<i>kung¹-t'an¹</i>	公攤	a public rating.
<i>kung¹-t'ang²</i>	公堂	a public hall in a yamên.
<i>kung¹-tao⁴</i>	公道	just, equitable, fair; justice, justly, cheap.
<i>kung¹-têng³</i>	公等	you, gentlemen.
<i>kung¹-têng³</i>	公燈	a lantern for use on public occasions.
<i>kung¹-t'ung²-shang³-i¹</i>	公同商議	conjointly deliberate.
<i>kung¹-tsu³-ta⁴-jen²</i>	公祖大人	your worship, the prefect (pên ³ fu ³).
<i>kung¹-tzu³</i>	公子	a nobleman's son, a young gentleman.
<i>kung¹-wên⁴</i>	公問	equitably examined.
<i>kung¹-wu⁴</i>	公務	public business.
<i>kung¹-yeh²</i>	公爺	an earl; 5th prince.
<i>kung¹-yen¹</i>	公煙	first class opium.
<i>kung¹-yung⁴-shih¹-wu⁴</i>	公用之物	things for public or general use.
<i>kung¹</i>	宮	a palace; a temple; a dwelling.
<i>kung¹-chin⁴</i>	禁	the prohibited imperial chambers.
<i>kung¹-ch'in³</i>	宮寢	a bedchamber for ladies.
<i>kung¹-chüeh¹</i>	宮闕	door of the palace.
<i>kung¹-hsing²</i>	宮刑	the punishment of castration.
<i>kung¹-nü³</i>	宮女	ladies of palace, female attendants.
<i>kung¹-o²</i>	宮娥	same.
<i>kung¹-o²-ts'ai³-nü³</i>	宮娥彩女	same.
<i>kung¹-pao³</i>	宮保	Guardian of the Heir Apparent. G. 142.
<i>kung¹-p'i¹</i>	宮辟	emasculation, castration.
<i>kung¹-shih⁴</i>	宮室	imperial apartments; a house, a dwelling.
<i>kung¹-tien⁴</i>	宮殿	large hall in the palace.
<i>kung¹-t'ing³</i>	宮庭	the palace (ch'ao ² t'ing ²).
<i>kung¹-yüan⁴</i>	宮院	same.
<i>kung¹</i>	人	to give, to depose (1st tone) sacrifice, nourish

(4th).

kung¹-chao¹ 供招
 kung¹-ch'i⁴ 供器
 kung¹-chih² 供職
 kung¹-cho¹ 供檟
 kung¹-fêng⁴ 供奉
 kung¹-hsien⁴ 供獻
 kung¹-kei³ 供給
 kung¹-ou³-hsiang⁴ 供偶像
 kung¹-p'an¹ 供攀
 kung¹-shên²-fo² 供神佛
 kung¹-shih⁴ 供事
 kung¹-tsü³-shih¹ 供祖師
 kung¹-t'ü² 供詞
 kung¹-yang³ 供養
 kung¹-yang⁴ 供養
 kung¹ 弓 弓 678c461b
 kung¹-chien⁴ 弓箭
 kung¹-chien⁴-shou³ 弓箭手
 kung¹-hsieh² 弓鞋
 kung¹-hsien² 弓弦
 kung¹-kung¹ yao¹ 弓弓 腰兒
 kung¹ pei¹-êrh³ 弓背兒
 kung¹-shung⁴-hsien² 弓上弦
 kung¹-shih¹ 弓矢
 kung¹-tao¹-shih² 弓刀石
 kung¹ 心 恭 681c462a
 kung¹-ching⁴ 恭敬
 kung¹-êrh²-yu³-li³ 恭而有禮
 kung¹-fêng⁴ 恭奉
 kung¹-ho⁴ 恭賀
 kung¹-hou⁴-t'ai²-chia¹ 恭候台駕
 kung¹-hsi³ 恭喜
 kung¹-lu⁴ 恭錄
 kung¹-têng⁴ 恭凳
 kung¹ 身 躬 679b461c
 kung¹-hsing² 躬行
 kung¹-shên¹ 躬身
 kung¹ 虫 蚣 6850b460a

to confess, to owe to a crime, etc. (k'ou³ kung¹)
 utensils of worship.
 to resume official duties.
 table for offerings.
 to present, to supply, to tender, to dedicate.
 to present or supply.
 to give to, to supply with.
 to worship idols.
 to depose and implicate others.
 to worship Buddha, etc.
 clerks, copyists.
 to worship ancestors.
 to give evidence, to depose.
 to support, to nourish one's parents.
 to offer in sacrifice (fêng⁴ yang³).
 a bow; cover to a carriage; a land measure.
 bow and arrows, an arrow.
 archers.
 women's shoes (bow-shaped).
 a bowstring.
 a hunchback (wau¹ yao¹).
 the back of a bow, an arch.
 to string a bow; to prepare.
 bow and arrows, archery.
 bow, sword, and stone (exercised by the military)
 courteous, sedate, serious, respectful, reverent
 courteous, respectful. [tial
 respectful and polite.
 to receive with due respect.
 to congratulate (ch'ing⁴ ho⁴).
 to respectfully wait your honor.
 to congratulate (tao⁴ hsi³).
 to respectfully copy out.
 a commode (ma³ t'ung³).
 the body; one's self, one's own person.
 to do one's self.
 to bend the body; politeness.
 the centipede (wu² kung¹).

KUNG³ 升 井 683b463a
 kung³ 手 才 拱 682a463b
 kung³-chao⁴ 拱照
 kung³-li⁴ 拱立

to salute by folding the hands (55th radical).
 same.
 to afford protection.
 to stand with the hands folded.

kung ³ -pieh ²	拱別	a make a salutation on leaving.
kung ³ -shou ³	拱手	to fold the hands in salutation.
kung ³ -shou ³ -tso ⁴ -i ¹	拱手作揖	to fold the hands and salute.
kung ³ (tū) 石鑛	礦 ^{6783a463b}	a mine.
kung ³ -hui ¹	礦灰	lime (shih ² hui ¹).
kung ³ -shih ¹	礦師	a mining engineer.
kung ³	虫 蟻	to wriggle, to root; insects (cut).
kung ³ -ti ⁴	蟻地	(hog) roots up the ground.
KUNG ⁴	八 共	collectively, generally, all; with. M. 468.
kung ⁴ -chi ⁴	共計	the sum total; the whole number reckoned up.
kung ⁴ -ch'ien ³	共錢	the total amount of money, the sum total.
kung ⁴ -ho ²	共合	all united.
kung ⁴ -lui ² -wang ³	共來往	to have regular business with.
kung ⁴ -shih ⁴	共事	to have business together.
kung ⁴ -tsung ³	共總	all together, the whole collectively, all.
kung ⁴ -t'ung ²	共同	same.
kung ⁴ -yu ³ -to ¹ -shao ³	共有多少	how much together.
kung ⁴	貝 貢	tribute merit, to offer up.
kung ⁴ -ch'a ²	貢茶	tribute tea.
kung ⁴ -chin ⁴ -fang ¹ -wu ⁴	貢進方物	to send the products of a region, as tribute.
kung ⁴ -ch'ou ²	貢紬	silk sent as tribute, fine silk.
kung ⁴ -chu ²	貢燭	candles for ceremonial uses.
kung ⁴ -fēn ³	貢粉	tribute sugar.
kung ⁴ -fū ⁴	貢賦	tribute, taxes (ch'ien ² liang ²).
kung ⁴ -ko ³	貢葛	a kind of fine grass cloth (hsia ⁴ pu ⁴).
kung ⁴ -p'in ³	貢品	articles of tribute.
kung ⁴ -shang ⁴	貢上	to offer up to (hsien ⁴ chang ⁴).
kung ⁴ -shēng ¹	貢生	a senior licentiate (B.A.). G. 471 (lin ³ shēng ¹).
kung ⁴ -tuan ⁴	貢緞	tribute satin, fine satin.
kung ⁴ -t'z'ū ⁴	貢賜	to present, to bestow. [(k'ao ³ yüan ⁴).
kung ⁴ -yüan ⁴	貢院	the place for examining graduates (provincial)
KUNG ¹	穴 空	empty, to empty, great, leisure (4th).
kung ¹ -ca'uan ²	空船	an empty boat.
kung ¹ -ch'üan ²	空拳	the empty fist; poor.
kung ¹ -chung ¹	空中	in the firmament; the sky.
kung ¹ -chung ¹ -lou ³ -ko ²	空中樓閣	castles in the air.
kung ¹ -rh ²	空兒	leisure (kung ¹ fu ¹).
kung ¹ -fan ⁴ -cho ²	空放着	empty, useless, worthless.
kung ¹ -hsiang ³ -fa ¹ -ts'ai ²	空想發財	to vainly wish for riches.
kung ¹ -hsien ²	空閒	unoccupied, at leisure.
kung ¹ -hsin ¹	空心	a vacant mind; an empty stomach.

k'ung¹-hsing²-jên² 空行人
 k'ung¹-hsü¹ 空虛
 k'ung¹-i¹-ko² 空一格
 k'ung¹-jên² 空人口
 k'ung¹-k'ou³ 空口
 k'ung¹-k'ou³-wu²-p'ing² 空口無憑
 k'ung¹-k'uang⁴ 空曠
 k'ung¹-mên² 空門
 k'ung¹-pei⁴ 空背
 k'ung¹-shên¹ 空身
 k'ung¹-shou³ 空手
 k'ung¹-t'an² 空談
 k'ung¹-ti⁴ 空地
 k'ung¹-tui⁴ 空對
 k'ung¹-tzü³ 空子
 k'ung¹-wu¹-tzü³ 空屋子
 k'ung¹-yen² 空言

a traveller without any baggage.
 empty, cleaned out, void.
 leave a column blank.
 empty handed, nothing but the person.
 "empty mouth," no proof, no evidence.
 words alone being no proof (deeds).
 waste, void.
 gate of Nirvana.
 to stand to "attention."
 to stand to "attention;" nothing on the person.
 empty handed; poor.
 boast, empty talk.
 vacant ground.
 vainly, uselessly (wang³ jan²).
 a stupid, a dolt.
 an empty room.
 empty talk.

K'UNG³ 子 孔 684c465b
 k'ung³-ch'iao³ 孔雀
 k'ung³-ch'iao³-mao² 孔雀毛
 k'ung³-ch'iao³-ling²-tzü³ 孔雀翎子
 k'ung³-ch'iao³-p'ing² 孔雀屏
 k'ung³-ch'iao⁴ 孔竅
 k'ung³-fang¹-hsiung¹ 孔方兄
 k'ung³-fu¹-tzü³ 孔夫子
 k'ung³-hsüeh⁴ 孔穴
 k'ung³-mên² 孔門
 k'ung³-shêng⁴-jên² 孔聖人
 k'ung³-tao⁴ 孔道
 k'ung³-tzü³ 孔子

a hole, an orifice, very. Confucius. R. 100.
 the peacock (hua¹ ling²).
 peacock's feathers.
 the peacock's feather worn by mandarins. G 46
 a peacock's feather screen.
 openings, pores, ducts.
 (fig.) a cash.
 Confucius: (557-479 B. C.).
 a hole, a cavern.
 Confucianists; the family of Confucius.
 Confucius the sage.
 a highway; a drain; Confucian principles.
 Confucius. W. I. 658.

K'UNG⁴ 心 恐 684c422b
 k'ung⁴-ch'ü³ 恐其
 k'ung⁴-chü⁴ 恐懼
 k'ung⁴-k'ou³-wu²-p'ing² 恐口無憑
 k'ung⁴-p'ü⁴ 恐怕
 k'ung⁴-wei⁴-pi⁴-jan² 恐未必然
 k'ung⁴ 手 控 684b465c
 k'ung⁴-kao⁴ 控告

fear, alarm; suspicion. M. 377.
 I fear, lest, probably. M. 377.
 fear, apprehension, alarm, affright; suspicion.
 lest words should be no proof (in documents).
 I fear, lest, probably. M. 377.
 I'm afraid it is not so.
 to strike; to pull, to draw; to accuse, to impeach
 to accuse (kao⁴ chuang⁴).

KUO¹ 金 鍋 686b489a
 kuo¹-kai⁴-rh² 鍋蓋兒

a cooking pan or pot.
 lid of a cooking pan.

uo¹-ko¹-tzu³ 鍋痞子
 uo¹-pa¹ 鍋疤
 uo¹-pa¹-rh³ 鍋把兒
 uo¹-ping³ 鍋餅
 uo¹-t'ai² 鍋臺
 uo¹-tsao⁴ 鍋灶
 uo¹ 虫 蝻 686a492b
 uo¹-kuo¹-rh³ 蝻 蝻兒
 uo¹ 邑 郭 686a492

fur, crust adhering to a pan.
 same.
 handle of a pan.
 a large circular bannock
 the brickwork round a copper or cooking pan.
 same.
 a sort of locust.
 same.
 suburbs, a waste, a common; a town.

uo³ 口 國 685b491a
 uo²-chang⁴ 國丈
 uo²-chéng¹ 國徵
 uo²-chéng⁴ 國政
 uo²-chi⁴ 國計
 uo²-chia¹ 國家
 uo²-chia¹-t'ai⁴-p'ing² 國家太平
 uo²-chu³ 國主
 uo²-fu³ 國法
 uo²-fei⁴ 國費
 uo²-fêng¹ 國風
 uo²-hao⁴ 國號
 uo²-k'o⁴ 國科
 uo²-mu³ 國母
 uo²-pien⁴ 國變
 uo²-pao³ 國寶
 uo²-shih³ 國史
 uo²-shih³-kuan³ 國史館
 uo²-shui⁴ 國稅
 uo²-t'ai⁴-min²-an¹ 國泰民安
 uo²-t'ang³ (nu²) 國帑
 uo²-t'i³ 國體
 uo²-tu⁴ 國度
 uo²-tzu³-chien¹ 國子監
 uo²-yung⁴-pu⁴-tsu² 國用不足

a country, state or kingdom (pang¹).
 Emperor's father-in-law.
 Government revenue.
 administration of government.
 the finances of a country; politics.
 the state, the government.
 the state at peace.
 the lord of a country, a king.
 the laws of the state.
 the national expenditure.
 the customs of a country.
 the designation of a sovereign or reign.
 the national revenue
 the empress (huang² hou⁴).
 a revolution.
 copper coin, cash.
 historical records (shih³ chi⁴).
 the Record office at Peking. (G. 215).
 the revenue of a country.
 a general peace (t'ien¹ hsia⁴ t'ai⁴ p'ing³).
 the national treasury
 the reputation of a country.
 a kingdom.
 the national college at Peking. G. 247.
 national revenue insufficient.

[M. 393.

uo³ 木 果 687c489a
 uo³-êrh² 果兒
 uo³-ho² 果盒
 uo³-hsien⁴-êrh² 果餡兒
 uo³-jan² 果然
 uo³-kan³ 果敢
 uo³-p'an³ 果盤

really, truly; to exceed, to overcome; bear fruit.
 eggs (Peking) (chi¹ tzu³).
 a box for fruit.
 the inside of a fruit.
 certainly, indeed, truly, really, positively.
 bold, venturesome, daring.
 a fruit plate,

kuo³-pu⁴-jan² 果不然
 kuo³-shih² 果實
 kuo³ 艸 葉 688b489b
 kuo³-mu⁴ 葉木
 kuo³-mu⁴-yüan² 菓木園
 kuo³-p'in² 菓品
 kuo³-shih² 菓實
 kuo³-shu⁴ 菓樹
 kuo³-t'an¹ 菓攤
 kuo³-tzü³ 菓子
 kuo³-yüan²-tzü³ 菓園子
 kuo³ 衣 裹 688c490a
 kuo³-chiao³ 裹脚
 kuo³-liang² 裹糧
 kuo³ 木 梲 榔 686b492b

really, in fact. M. 3⁰³.
 certainly, truly, really; a kernel.
 fruit of any kind. (Used for 果 also).
 fruit trees.
 an orchard.
 fruits generally.
 fruit; result; the fruit formed; a kernel.
 fruit trees (shu⁴ hang² tzü³).
 a fruit-stall.
 fruit.
 an orchard.
 to swathe, to bandage, to bundle up; a bundle
 to bind the feet (as Chinese women) (ch'an² tsu³)
 provisions for the road, etc. (k'ou² liang²).
 shell of coffin (kuan¹ kuo³).

[M 96 (yüeh⁴)

KUO⁴ 走 過 686b490b
 kuo⁴-ch'êng⁴ 過秤
 kuo⁴-chi⁴ 過繼
 kuo⁴-chiang¹ 過江
 kuo⁴-chiang¹ 過獎
 kuo⁴-ch'iao² 過橋
 kuo⁴-chieh² 過節
 kuo⁴-ch'üung²-jih⁴-tzü³ 過窮日子
 kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴ 過去
 kuo⁴-fa² 過法
 kuo⁴-fan⁴ 過犯
 kuo⁴-fên⁴ 過分
 kuo⁴-hai² 過海
 kuo⁴-ho² 過河
 kuo⁴-ho²-ch'ai¹-ch'iao² 過河拆橋
 kuo⁴-hou⁴ 過後
 kuo⁴-hsien¹ 過仙
 kuo⁴-huo² 過活
 kuo⁴-i⁴-pu⁴-ch'ü⁴ 過意不去
 kuo⁴-jên² 過人
 kuo⁴-jih⁴-tzü³ 過日子
 kuo⁴-k'o⁴ 過客
 kuo⁴-kuan¹ 過關
 kuo⁴-liang² 過量
 kuo⁴-liao³-ch'i¹ 過了期
 kuo⁴-lu¹-ts'ai²-shên² 過路財神
 kuo⁴-lü⁴ 過慮

to pass, to exceed; past; perfect tense; error
 to be weighed.
 to be adopted (i⁴ tzü³)
 to cross a river (tu⁴ chiang¹).
 excessive praise (self-depreciatory).
 to cross a bridge. [(yüeh⁴ li³)
 to pass the bounds of decorum; the new year
 to be a poor man.
 to pass by, bygone.
 mode of living.
 a sin, a transgression (tsui⁴).
 beyond one's duty, excessive.
 to cross the sea.
 to cross a river.
 destroy the bridges behind you.
 afterwards.
 "to pass over to the fairies," to die.
 to get one's living.
 cannot get over the idea.
 beyond others, extraordinary.
 to get a livelihood.
 a passing traveller.
 to pass Customs (ch'uang³ kuan¹).
 beyond the ordinary capacity.
 having passed the time.
 a windfall.
 over anxious,

<i>kuo⁴-mên²</i>	過門	to be married—of girls (<i>ch'u¹ mên²</i>).
<i>kuo⁴-mu⁴-pu⁴-wang⁴</i>	過目不忘	glance over and not forget.
<i>kuo⁴-niên²</i>	過年	the new year, next year (<i>hsin¹ niên², lai² niên²</i>).
<i>kuo⁴-p'in²</i>	過品	to exceed one's rank or sphere ; excessive.
<i>kuo⁴-p'in⁴</i>	過聘	to send the marriage gift (<i>p'in⁴ li³</i>).
<i>kuo⁴-pu⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	過不去	unable to pass ; unable to bear ; unable to subsist.
<i>kuo⁴-shih¹</i>	過失	a fault, an error.
<i>kuo⁴-shih⁴</i>	過世	"to pass from the world," to die (<i>ch'ü¹ shih⁴</i>).
<i>kuo⁴-tang¹</i>	過當	excessive, more than what is proper.
<i>kuo³-t'ang²</i>	過堂	to be tried by the magistrate.
<i>kuo⁴-tê²-ch'ü⁴</i>	過得去	able to pass ; able to bear ; able to subsist.
<i>kuo⁴-to¹</i>	過多	excessive in number or quantity.
<i>kuo⁴-t'ing¹</i>	過庭	a large passage way (<i>ch'uan¹ lang²</i>).
<i>kuo⁴-tsai⁴-hang²</i>	過載行	guild for handling boat cargoes.
<i>kuo⁴-t'so⁴</i>	過錯	fault, error.
<i>kuo⁴ tu⁴</i>	過度	to exceed, excessive, etc.
<i>kuo⁴-tu⁴</i>	過渡	to cross a ferry.
<i>kuo⁴-yin¹-yü³</i>	過陰雨	appearance of rain which passes.
<i>kuo⁴-yin³</i>	過癮	to satisfy the craving, e. g., for opium.
<i>kuo⁴-yu²-pu⁴-chi²</i>	過猶不及	to exceed is the same as not to come up to.
<i>kuo⁴-yü¹</i>	過於	excessive. M. 59.
<i>kuo⁴-yü⁴</i>	過愈	to exceed, excessive. <i>kuo⁴ yü⁴ -</i>
<i>uo⁴ (kua)</i>	耳 聒	noise of talking, hubbub.
<i>uo⁴-tê²-huang¹</i>	聒得慌	tired of the clatter or din.
<i>uo⁴-ts'ai³</i>	聒睬	to notice, to heed (<i>li³ hui⁴</i>).
<i>'uo⁴</i>	門 闊	闊 689b493a
<i>'uo⁴-chia¹-chu³</i>	闊家	a well-to-do family.
<i>'uo⁴-ta⁴</i>	闊大	liberal ; large, broad, wide, etc.
<i>'uo⁴-yüan³</i>	闊遠	far apart, distant.
<i>'uo⁴</i>	手 才 擴	擴 689c493c
<i>'uo⁴-ch'ung¹</i>	擴充	to enlarge ; to fill ; to beat, to strike.
<i>'uo⁴-ta⁴</i>	擴大	to carry out to the utmost, to fill.
<i>'uo⁴-ta⁴</i>	擴大	to enlarge.
<i>A¹</i>	手 才 拉	拉 690c497a
<i>'¹-chang⁴</i>	拉賬	to pull, to draw, to drag ; to break, to destroy.
<i>'¹-ch'ê¹</i>	拉車	to run up an account (<i>kua⁴ chang⁴</i>).
<i>'¹-ch'ê³</i>	拉扯	to draw a cart.
<i>'¹-la¹-ch'ê²-ch'ê³</i>	拉拉扯扯	to pull, to drag, to draw, to implicate.
<i>'¹-chieh²-shih²</i>	拉結實	to work into each other's hands.
<i>'¹-ch'ien⁴</i>	拉牽	draws heavily (as a cart in ruts).
<i>'¹-ch'u³.ku⁴</i>	拉主顧	to track a vessel, to tow.
<i>'¹-chü⁴</i>	拉鋸	to draw or get a customer.
		to work a two-handed saw.

la ¹ -chuai ⁴	拉拽	to pull, to drag, to draw.
la ¹ -ch'uan ²	拉船	to haul a boat.
la ¹ -érh ⁴ -chiao ³ .tzũ ³	拉二腳子	to act as second fireman.
la ¹ -fêng ¹ -hsia ²	拉風櫃	to work a bellows.
la ¹ -fêng ¹ -hsiang ¹	拉風箱	same
la ¹ -hu ² -ch'in ²	拉胡琴	to play the violin.
la ¹ -huai ⁴	拉壞	to spoil by pulling about.
la ¹ -k'ou ³ -tzũ ³	拉口子	to offer bribes (hui ⁴ lu ¹).
la ¹ -kua ⁴	拉聒	to tell yarns, chit-chat.
la ¹ -kung ¹	拉弓	to draw the bow, to shoot.
la ¹ -k'ung ⁴	拉空	to run into debt.
la ¹ -la ¹	拉攏	noise of breaking.
la ¹ -lo ⁴	拉落	to spill, to scatter (sa ³).
la ¹ -lung ³	拉攏	to bring a thing about; to delay.
la ¹ -mai ³ -mai ⁴	拉買賣	to ply for hire—carts.
la ¹ -mei ²	拉煤	to mine coal.
la ¹ -mo ²	拉磨	to turn the millstone.
la ¹ -p'êng ²	拉篷	to haul up the sail.
la ¹ -p'i ²	拉疲	dilatory (man ¹ han ¹).
la ¹ -pu ⁴ -liao ³	拉不了	unable to pull or draw.
la ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'in ¹	拉不出	unable to pull out.
la ¹ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴	拉不動	cannot move it.
la ¹ -shé ² -t'ou ²	拉舌頭	to carry tales on one, to slander.
la ¹ -shih ³	拉屎	to go to stool (ch'u ¹ kung ¹).
la ¹ -shou ³	拉手	to take hold of the hand.
la ¹ -shou ³ .ti ¹ -shih ⁴	拉手的事	an affair of mutual benefit.
la ¹ -ssũ ¹	拉絲	to draw out silk, to dilly-dally.
la ¹ -ta ⁴ -hua ⁴	拉大畫	peep-shows.
la ¹ -t'a ¹ .i ¹ .pa ¹	拉他一把	to give him a pull.
la ¹ -tao ³	拉倒	to pull down; of no consequence, never mind.
la ¹ -t'ao ⁴	拉套	to pull in the traces (of an animal).
la ¹ -tê ² -liao ³	拉得了	able to draw.
la ¹ -t'ê ⁴ .shên ¹ -érh ²	拉替身兒	to get hold of substitute, e.g., the drowned.
la ¹ -luan ³ -érh ²	拉短兒	to ply for short fares.
la ¹ -yang ² .p'ien ⁴	拉洋片	peep shows of foreign scenes (hsi ¹ hu ² ching ³).
la ¹ -ying ⁴ -kung ¹	拉硬弓	to draw the stiff bow.
la ¹	手才 擱	攞 691a497c
la ¹ -ch'ih ²		攞持
la ¹ -p'o ⁴		攞破
la ¹	手才 擱	擱 690b498b
la ² -tzũ ³		擱子
la ¹	米	糲 717b523a
la ¹	疥	癩 690b498c

la¹ 口 喇 690a498b

a final. See la³.

LA² 刀 刺 690a498a

to cut. See *tz'ü'* (ko¹, k'an³, ch'ieh⁴).

la²-hsia⁴

to cut off, to amputate.

la²-jou⁴

to cut meat.

la²-p'ou⁴-liao³

cut so that blood flows.

la² pu⁴-k'ai¹

cannot cut open.

la²-pu⁴-tung⁴

knife makes no impression on.

la²-shou³

to cut one's hand.

la²-tuan⁴-la¹

cut off.

la² 走 刺斷喇 691c497c

slovenly, untidy, dirty.

la²-t'a¹

邋邋遢遢

same.

LA³ 口 喇 690a498b

loquacity; to chat

la³-k'ou³-tzü³

to offer bribes (hui⁴ lu⁴).

la³-la³

loquacity (ch'ung² san¹ tao⁴ ssü⁴).

la³-la³-pu⁴-hsiu¹

unceasing chatter (hsü⁴ tao¹ tao¹).

la³-ma¹

the Lama priests (sêng¹).

la³-ma¹-miao⁴

a Lama temple.

la³-pa¹

a military trumpet (pieh³ li⁴, hao² t'ung³).

la³-pa¹-tsui³

the mouth of a trumpet; loquacious.

la³-tsui³

to boast, to brag.

LA⁴ 肉月腊 臘 691a497b

the winter sacrifice.

la⁴-jou⁴

salt meat.

la -mei²

a sort of flower.

la⁴-pa¹-chou¹

congee eaten on the 8th of the 12th month.

la⁴-ya¹

salt ducks.

la⁴-yüeh⁴

the 12th month, the winter month. See *Note 32*.

la⁴ 辛 辣 690b498c

sharp, pungent, acrid, hot.

la⁴-chiao¹

pepper, the chili or capsicum (hu² chiao¹).

la⁴-shih²

dangerous, cruel (ts'an² pao⁴).

la⁴-shou³

dangerous, cruel.

la⁴-su¹-su¹-ti¹

tingling sharp, quite pungent.

la⁴-suan⁴

garlic (suan³).

la⁴-ts'ung¹

onions.

la⁴-wei³-rh²

acrid flavour.

la⁴ 虫蜡 蠟 691b497b

wax, beeswax; waxed; a sort of resin.

la⁴-ch'ien¹-tzü³

tall candlestick, on altars, etc.

la⁴-chih³

glazed paper.

la⁴-chu²

a candle, a wax candle.

la⁴-nieh⁴-tzü³

a candle snuffer.

la⁴-shu⁴

the wax tree.

la⁴-t'ai²
 la¹-têng¹
 la⁴-yu²
 la⁴ 艸 廿
 la⁴-êrh²
 la¹-hsia⁴
 la⁴-hsiang⁴
 la⁴-liao³
 la⁴-liu³-i¹-ko⁴
 la⁴ 金 鐵^{691c498a}

a kind of high candlestick.
 a candle; a candlestick.
 wax and oil, the dripping of a candle. [and la⁴
 to leave out or behind; to put down. See lao
 error, fault, misdemeanour; subsistence.
 to leave out or behind.
 income (chin⁴ hsiang⁴).
 left behind, forgotten.
 leave out one, left one behind.
 tin, copper, pewter.

LAI² 人 來 來^{692a498c}
 lai²-che²-pu⁴-chü⁴ 來者不拒
 lai²-che²-pu⁴-shan⁴ 來者不善
 lai²-ch'ü⁴ 來去
 lai² han² 來函
 lai²-hui²-ti¹-tsou³ 來回的走
 lai²-hsi⁴-i¹-jêng¹ 來信一封
 lai²-hsi⁴-mo²-yu³ 來信沒有
 lai² jên² 來人
 lai²-k'o⁴ 來客
 lai²-lai²-lai² 來來來
 lai²-lai²-wang³-wang³ 來來往往
 lai²-li⁴ 來歷
 lai²-liao³ 來了
 lai²-liao³-mo²-yu³ 來了沒有
 lai²-liao³-mo¹ 來了麼
 lai²-lin² 來臨
 lai²-lu⁴ 來路
 lai²-lu⁴-pu⁴-ming² 來路不明
 lai²-nien² 來年
 lai²-p'ai⁴ 來派
 lai² pu¹-chi² 來不及
 lai² pu¹-lai² ti¹ 來不來的
 lai² pu⁴-liao³ 來不了
 lai² pu¹-tê² 來不得
 lai²-shêng¹ 來生
 lai²-shih² 來時
 lai²-shih³ 來使
 lai²-shih⁴ 來世
 lai²-tao⁴ 來到
 lai²-tao⁴-ché⁴-rh² 來到這兒
 lai²-tê²-chi² 來得急

to come; nearly; to effect. M. 25, 316.
 he can come if he likes.
 he is a bad man, it has a bad origin.
 to come and go.
 the letter which has come.
 going backward and forward.
 then came one letter.
 any word or not?
 a messenger, a person come.
 a guest, a visitor.
 help yourselves! (at feasts).
 frequent intercourse. [stances.
 the origin and progress of a thing; circum-
 come, come.
 has it come? etc.
 has it come? have you come? hollo! are you here?
 to draw near (condescension of the deity).
 the source (yüan² pên³).
 antecedents not clear.
 next year (kuo⁴ nien²).
 symptomatic.
 not practicable in the time. [tung⁴).
 at every chance, on all occasions (tung⁴ pu⁴
 unable to come.
 same.
 the life to come.
 the future
 a messenger who comes.
 the life to come.
 to arrive at.
 come here! come here.
 urgent, pressing; came hurriedly.

lai ² -tê ² -ch'ih ²	來得遲	came late.
lai ² -tê ² -chin ³	來得緊	came hurriedly.
lai ² -tê ² -ch'in ²	來得勤	came frequently.
lai ² -tê ² -k'uai ⁴	來得快	came quickly.
lai ² -tê ² -tsao ³	來得早	to have come early.
lai ² -tê ² -ts'ou ⁴ -ch'iao ³	來得湊巧	arrived opportunely.
lai ² -t'ou ²	來頭	source, origin, that from which a thing proceeds.
lai ² -tsung ¹ -ch'ü ⁴ -chi ¹¹	來踪去跡	the traces of coming and going.
lai ² -t'ü ²	來此	come here! come here.
lai ² -wang ³	來往	coming and going, intercourse (ch'uan ¹ huan ⁴).
lai ² -wên ²	來文	a despatch received, a despatch that comes.
lai ² -wu ² -ying ³	來無影	came mysteriously, e. g., a spirit.
lai ² -ya ¹	來呀	come here!
lai ² -yu ²	來由	the original cause, source, origin (kên ¹ yu ²).
lai ² 彳勑係	徠徠係	to encourage, to meet.
lai ² -tai ¹ -ch'ou ⁴	徠獸臭	a clown.
lai ² 艸廿	萊菜	name of a plant the leaves of which are edible.
lai ² -ts'ao ³	萊草	same.
AI ⁴ 疒瘰	癩癩	a virulent disorder; a sore head; itch; scabs.
ai ⁴ -ch'uang ¹	癩瘡	a sort of itch, blotches.
ai ⁴ -hsüan ³	癩癬	a spreading sore.
ai ⁴ -ping ⁴	癩病	leprosy.
ai ⁴ -tai ³	癩歹	unkempt, dirty.
ai ⁴ 貝頰	賴賴	to lean on, to trust to; to deny.
ai ⁴ -hun ¹	賴婚	to break off marriage engagement.
ai ⁴ -i ¹ -ch'iu ² -shih ³	賴衣求食	to sorn on others for a living.
ai ⁴ -pao ⁴	賴抱	to sit on an empty nest.
ai ⁴ -pieh ² -jên ²	賴別人	to throw the blame on another.
ai ⁴ -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	賴不過去	can't get out of it.
ai ⁴ 貝賚	賚賚	to give, to confer, to bestow on an inferior.
ai ⁴ -yü ²	賚予	same.
ai ⁴ 力勑	勑勑	toil, also ch'ih ⁴ .
AN ² 手扌	攔攔	to stop, to intercept.
an ² -chiao ⁴	攔轎	to stop a chair and present petition.
an ² -chieh ¹	攔街	to stop the passage of a street.
an ² -chueh ²	攔截	to stop, to intercept.
an ² -chu ⁴	攔住	same.
an ² -lu ⁴	攔路	to obstruct the thoroughfare.
an ² -lu ⁴ -hu ³	攔路虎	obstruction—unrecognised character so called.
an ² -tang ³	攔擋	to stop, to intercept.
an ² -tang ³ -pu ⁴ -chü ⁴	攔擋不住	unable to intercept.

<i>lan²-təŋ³-tê²-chu⁴</i>		攔擋得住	able to stop or intercept.	[fang ¹ ai ⁴]
<i>lan²-tsu³</i>		攔阻	to impede, to prevent, to hinder	(chih ⁴ chu ⁴)
<i>lan⁵-yao¹</i>		攔腰	to gird the waist,	
<i>lan²-yü²</i>		攔輿	to stop a mandarin's chair—to present petition	
<i>lan²-yü⁴</i>		攔御	to stop the Emperor's ear, as suppliant.	
<i>lan²</i>	艸 廿	蘭	the epidendrum.	
<i>lan²-chiao³-êrh²</i>		蘭角兒	the larkspur.	
<i>lan²-hua¹</i>		蘭花	the epidendrum.	
<i>lan²-shê¹</i>		蘭奢	to praise, to flatter.	[water]
<i>lan²</i>	彳	瀾	streams flowing and mixing together, thick	
<i>lan²man⁴</i>		瀾漫	heavy showers of rain; an inundation.	
<i>lan³-shui³</i>		瀾水	muddy, turbid water.	
<i>lan²</i>	卅	藍	blue.	
<i>lan²-fan²</i>		藍礬	blue alum (pai ² fan ²).	
<i>lan²-hua¹-shou³-chin¹</i>		藍花手巾	blue figured handkerchiefs.	
<i>lan²-hua¹-tou⁴</i>		藍花苴	broad beans.	
<i>lan²-shan¹</i>		藍衫	"blue shirt," a <i>hsiu ts'ai</i> .	
<i>lan²-shêng¹-shêng¹-ti¹</i>		藍生生的	bright blue.	
<i>lan²-tien⁴</i>		藍靛	indigo.	
<i>lan² (t-ü)</i>	竹	籃	a basket with handle (k'nan ¹ tzü ³).	
<i>lan²-k'uang¹</i>		籃筐	baskets with and without handles.	
<i>lan²</i>	衣	襪	ragged, tattered; a single coverlet.	
<i>lan²-lū⁴</i>		襪樓	same.	
<i>lan³</i>	木	欄	a rail, a railing, a balustrade.	
<i>lan²-kan¹</i>		欄杆	same.	
<i>lan²</i>	影	鬚	a horse's mane; hair rising up; long hair.	
LAN³	手 才 舉	攬	to hoard up, to grasp at everything.	
<i>lan³-ch'ü³</i>		攬取	to seize, to grasp, to take more than one ought	
<i>lan³-fêng¹</i>		攬風	(boat) keeps close to the wind.	
<i>lan³-p'u¹</i>		攬撲	to seize, to grasp; to beat.	
<i>lan³-tao⁴</i>		攬稻	to reap.	
<i>lan³-tao⁴-shên¹-shang⁴</i>		攬身上	got involved in it.	
<i>lan³-ts'ai³</i>		攬采	to seize; to monopolize.	
<i>lan³</i>	心 中	懶	idle, lazy, indolent, negligent, remiss.	
<i>lan³-jên²</i>		懶人	an idler.	
<i>lan³-sun⁴</i>		懶散	idle and careless.	[(hsieh ⁴ tai ⁴)]
<i>lan³-tū⁴</i>		懶怠	negligent, careless, remiss; unwilling, loth	
<i>lan³-tū⁴-tung⁴-t'an²</i>		懶怠動彈	loth to work, lazy.	
<i>lan³-to⁴</i>		懶惰	idle, lazy.	
<i>lan³-ts'ai³-t-ü³</i>		懶崽子	an idle young scamp, a lazy young animal.	
<i>lan³-tung⁴</i>		懶動	unwilling to move, idle, lazy.	
<i>lan³</i>	見 覽	覽	to look at, to observe, to inspect.	

lan ³ kuan ¹	覽觀	to look at (kuan ¹ k'an ⁴).
lan ³ -pi ⁴	覽畢	to have looked or inspected.
lan ³ -shih ⁴	覽視	to observe, to look at, to inspect.
lan ³	木 欖 697a503a	the olive (kan ³ lau ³).
lan ³ -jên ²	欖仁	olive seeds.
lan ³	女 婪 697b502b	covetous, greedy; fraud, extortion (t'au ¹).
lan ³ -so ³	婪索	to extort greedily (lê ⁴ so ³).
lan ³ -tsang ¹	婪賊	to hoard up or amass by extortion.
lan ³	水 溲 697b503a	to ripen (persimmons) by steeping in hot water.

LAN ⁴	火 爛 695a503c	clear, bright; boiled to rags; to break, to tear.
an ⁴ -chih ¹ -ma ²	爛芝蔴	spoilt sesameum; rotten, useless.
an ⁴ -chih ³	爛紙	waste paper.
an ⁴ -i ¹	爛衣	ragged clothes (p'o ⁴ i ¹).
an ⁴ -h'ü ¹ -jung ² -mao ³	爛去茸毛	singe off the pin feathers.
an ⁴ -jou ⁴	爛肉	meat boiled to rags (as we say).
an ⁴ -t'ou ² .ch'uang ¹	爛頭瘡	a scabby head.
an ⁴ -tsui ³ -chiao ¹	爛嘴角	to scorch one's lips.
an ⁴ -tsui ⁴	爛醉	very drunk (tsui ⁴ hsün ¹ hsün ¹ ti ¹).
an ⁴ -yen ³ -pien ¹	爛眼邊	blear-eyed (ch'ih ¹ ma ² hu ²).
an ⁴	水 溲 696a503b	a drain; to overflow; superficial; to exceed.
an ⁴ -chiao ¹	溲交	to make friends at random.
an ⁴ -chih ¹	溲支	to branch out; to expend too much.
an ⁴ -h'ü ³	溲取	to take too much.
an ⁴ -hsieh ³	溲寫	to scribble.
an ⁴ -hsing ²	溲刑	excessive torture.
an ⁴ -shih ⁴	溲事	unimportant affairs.
an ⁴ -yung ⁴	溲用	to use profusely.
an ⁴	乙 亂 亂 758c570c	to confuse, to disorder; to regulate. See luan ⁴ .
an ⁴ -ch'ên ²	亂臣	an efficient minister.
an ⁴ -shih ⁴	亂世	anarchy.
an ⁴	糸 纜 697b503c	big rope, hawser (shêng ² tzü ³).

ANG ²	犬 狼 698b505a	the wolf; the name of a plant; to swindle.
ang ² -ch'ung ² -hu ³ -pao ⁴	狼蟲虎豹	wild animals generally.
ang ² -hsin ¹	狼心	"wolf's heart," wolf-hearted, merciless.
ang ² -hsin ¹ -kou ³ -f'êi ⁴	狼心狗肺	cruel and unscrupulous.
ang ² -hu ³	狼虎	"wolves and tigers," ravenous, fierce, cruel.
ang ² -jên ²	狼人	to swindle a person.
ang ² -o ⁴	狼惡	cruel (ts'an ² pao ⁴).
ang ² -pei ⁴	狼狽 (872b)	a wolf; in ruins, disorderly; poor.
ang ² -p'i ²	狼皮	wolf skin.
ang ² -ts'ai ³ -tzu ³	狼崽子	the wolf's progeny.

lang²-tu² 狼毒
 lang²-t'un¹-hu³-yen⁴ 狼吞虎咽
 lang²-wo¹ 狼窩
 lang²-yen¹ 狼烟^{698b}
 lang²-yen¹-ti⁴-tun⁴ 狼煙地動
 lang²-yen¹-tun¹ 狼烟墩
 lang²-yen³-shu³-mei² 狼眼鼠眉
 lang² 邑 郎 郎^{699b504a}
 lang²-chün¹ 郎君
 lang²-chung¹ 郎中
 lang² (t-zñ) 广 廊^{699b504a}
 lang²-fang² 廊房
 lang²-miao⁴ 廊廟
 lang²-tzü³-ti³-hsia⁴ 廊子底下
 lang²-yen² 廊檐
 lang² 木 榔^{699c504b}
 lang² 虫 螂^{699c504b}
 lang² 玉 瑯^{698c504e}

LANG³ 月 朗^{699a505b}
 lang³-chao⁴ 朗照
 lang³-yao⁴ 朗耀

LANG⁴ 水 浪^{698b505c}
 lang⁴-fei⁴ 浪費
 lang⁴-hua¹-lang⁴-fei⁴ 浪花浪費
 lang⁴-shui² 浪水
 lang⁴-tang⁴ 浪蕩
 lang⁴-t'ou² 浪頭
 lang⁴-tzü³ 浪子
 lang⁴-yung⁴ 浪用

LAO¹ 手 掬^{701b507b}
 lao¹-h'ei³ 掬起
 lao¹-hui²-lai²-lai¹ 掬回來喇
 lao¹-mao²-ti¹ 掬毛的
 lao¹-t'ên³ 掬本
 lao¹-pu⁴-cho² 掬不着
 lao¹-shang⁴-lai²-liao³ 掬上來了
 lao¹-yü² 掬魚

LAO² 力 勞 勞^{701c507a}
 lao²-chi⁴ 勞瘵

cruel.
 fig. swallowing people's property.
 a wolf's den.
 a beacon (signal of rebellion),
 fierce fighting.
 pile of wolf dung anciently used in beacons.
 wicked-looking.
 a complimentary term applied to persons; a son
 my husband; a young student. [(tai' fu'¹
 senior secretary of one of the boards; a docto
 apartments built east and west; passages. porch
 apartments built east and west. [verandal
 a palace (kung¹).
 under the verandah.
 the eaves of the verandah.
 the betel nut (pin¹ lang²).
 the beetle (shih³ k'o¹ lang²).
 a whitish stone.

clear, bright; lofty.
 to solicit assistance; the moon; bright, clear.
 bright, clear.

waves; unsettled; profligate, dissipated.
 to waste, wasteful, extravagant (ch'ih³ shò
 wasteful expenditure. [shè¹ fei⁴
 waves; semen (female).
 profligate, dissipated.
 waves, crests of waves (po¹ lang⁴).
 a prodigal (tang¹ tzü³).
 extravagant.

to drag out of the water, to take or hook up.
 to pull out of the water.
 recovered, got back.
 a pimp.
 to get one's money back.
 have no chance or opportunity.
 pulled up from the water.
 to fish (tiao⁴ yü²).

to give trouble to; to toil, to labor; wearied
 consumption, sickness from over anxiety.

lao ² -chia ⁴	勞駕	to give trouble or annoyance to; thank you (fan ²
lao ² -chin ¹	勞金	"labour gold," wages; to recompense. [chia ⁴].
lao ² -êrh ² -wu ² -kung ¹	勞而無功	trouble without result.
lao ² -fa ²	勞乏	trouble, labour; weary.
lao ² -hsin ¹	勞心	mental labour, labour of mind.
lao ² -hsin ¹ -kuo ⁴ -tu ⁴	勞心過度	to overwork oneself.
lao ² -k'u ³	勞苦	toilsome labour, fatigue; distress.
lao ² -k'u ³ -huan ⁴ -nan ⁴	勞苦患難	difficulties and distress, misfortunes.
lao ² -k'un ⁴	勞困	wearied by labour, fatigued.
lao ² -lai ⁴	勞賚	to encourage by rewards,
lao ² -li ⁴	勞力	bodily labour.
lao ² -lu ⁴	勞碌	hard work, labour, toil.
lao ² -min ² -shang ¹ -ts'ai ¹	勞民傷財	to weary the people and waste their money.
lao ² -nin ² -chia ⁴	勞慫駕	I am giving you trouble.
lao ² -ping ⁴	勞病	consumption, sickness from over anxiety.
lao ² -shên ²	勞神	to weary oneself.
lao ² -tung ⁴	勞動	to give trouble or annoyance to, to disturb.
lao ²	牢 牢 702a507c	a prison, a pen or fold; lasting, strong.
lao ² -chi ⁴	牢記	to have a strong recollection.
lao ² -chi ⁴ -pu ⁴ -wang ⁴	牢記不忘	to firmly fix in the memory.
lao ² -hien ¹	牢監	a prison (chien ¹ lao ²).
lao ² -k'ao ⁴	牢靠	firm.
lao ² -ku ⁴	牢固	strong, firm.
lao ² -lung ²	牢籠	a cage, a prison.
lao ² -lung ² -chi ⁴	牢籠計	a scheme to deceive a person.
lao ² -t'ou ² -chin ¹ -tsu ²	牢頭禁卒	a turnkey (chien ¹ tsu ²).
lao ² -tso ⁴	牢作	to do or make strongly.
lao ² -wên ³	牢穩	steady, fixed.
lao ² -yü ³	牢獄	a prison (nau ² lao ²).
lao ²	勞 701b509a	emaciated, consumptive, declining.
lao ² -chêng ⁴	癆症	consumption, inflammation of the lungs.
lao ² -chi ²	癆瘵	same.
lao ² -ping ⁴	癆病	same.
lao ² -ping ⁴ -ch'iang ¹ -t'ü ³	癆病腔子	a person with consumption.
lao ² -ping ⁴ -ti ³ -t'ü ³	癆病底子	the original disease is consumption.
lao ² -shang ¹	癆傷	to injure oneself by over exertion.
lao ²	口 702b507c	noise, clamor.
lao ²	嘴	same.
lao ² -lao ² -lao ¹ lao ¹	嘵嘵叨叨	noisy, clamorous; to find fault.
lao ² -lao ¹	嘵嘵	noise, clamour; to find fault.
AO ³	老 老 699c508a	old, venerable, a term of respect. M 414 (ch'ên ² ,
lao ³ -chang ⁴	老丈	you, old gentleman.

[chin⁴].

lao³ ch'ang²
 lao³-ch'ên²
 lao³-ch'êng³
 lao³-ch'í⁴
 lao³-chiang¹-rh²
 lao³-chiang¹-hu²
 lao³-ch'ien¹
 lao³-sh'in¹
 lao³-chiün¹
 lao³-fu¹
 lao³-fu¹-lao³-ch'í¹
 lao³-fu¹ jên²
 lao³ fu¹-tzü³
 lao³-hsi¹
 lao³-hsien¹-shêng¹
 lao³-hu³
 lao³-hu²-p'êng²
 lao³-huo⁴-chi⁴
 lao³-jên²
 lao³-jên²-chia¹
 lao³-jo¹
 lao³-jo -ts'an²-ping⁴
 lao³-kuo¹
 lao³-ku¹ niang²
 lao³ kua¹
 lao³ kung¹
 lao³-kung¹-kung¹
 lao³-kung¹-tsu³
 lao³ kung¹
 lao³-lui²-shao³
 lao³-lao³
 lao³-liao³
 lao³-lien⁴
 lao³-lien¹-wên³-p'o²
 lao³-ma¹
 la³-ma¹-ma¹
 lao³-mai⁴-liao³
 lao³-mei²-k'an⁴-chien⁴
 lao³-mi²
 lao³-mo¹-chien⁴-kuo⁴
 lao³-nai³-nai³
 lao³-nên⁴
 lao³-niang²

老長
 老臣
 老成
 老契
 老將 兒
 老將 湖
 老江
 老牽
 老親
 老君 夫
 老夫 老妻
 老夫 人
 老夫 子
 老西
 老先 生
 老虎
 老虎 棚
 老夥 計
 老人
 老人家
 老弱
 老弱 殘兵
 老高
 老姑娘
 老話
 老公
 老公 公
 老公 祖
 老宮
 老來 少
 老老
 老老 了
 老練
 老練 穩婆
 老媽
 老媽 媽
 老邁 了
 老沒 見
 老米
 老米 見過
 老奶 奶
 老嫩
 老娘

very long.
 a venerable minister.
 experienced, discreet.
 an old friend ; a whoremonger ; an original deed
 soldiers not belonging to either of the banners.
 experienced traveller.
 pimps.
 father and mother, parents (shuang¹ ch'in¹),
 the founder of the Taoist sect. R. 110.
 I, me.
 an aged couple.
 elderly wife of mandarin,
 venerable teacher, sir,
 a Shansi man.
 venerable teacher or sir.
 the tiger ; the stocks (like those of Europe).
 brothel hut by the road side.
 an old partner.
 an elderly person.
 father and mother, parents, an elderly person,
 old and weak.
 useless soldiers.
 ever so high (t'ing³ kao³).
 an old maid ; the youngest girl of a family.
 the rook (wu¹ ya¹).
 a eunuch ; an old man
 a father-in-law (son's wife styles him so).
 Your Excellency, the " Taotai."
 a eunuch (yen¹). [debauchee
 a beautiful plant with variegated leaves, ol
 a maternal grandmother.
 old, aged.
 old and experienced (ching¹ lien⁴).
 an experienced midwife (chich¹ shêng¹ p'o²).
 a female servant, a nurse.
 same.
 old, aged. [wei²
 I have not seen you for a long time, etc. (chi
 old rice.
 have not seen for a long time.
 a father's mother, a grandmother,
 tough and tender ; old and young.
 a mother (elderly).

lao ³ -niang ² -p'o ²	老娘婆	a midwife (chieh ¹ shêng ¹ p'o ²).
lao ³ niên ²	老年	an old person, old in years.
lao ³ -niên ² -hsinung ¹	老年兄	"old brother," a term of respect used by officials.
lao ³ -pa ¹ -shih ⁴	老把事	experienced hand.
lao ³ -pan ¹ -chang ³	老班長	head of a class of runners.
lao ³ -pan ³	老板	captain of a boat (lao ³ ta ⁴).
lao ³ -pan ⁴ -t'ien ¹	老半天	a long time.
lao ³ -pan ⁴	老伴	wife.
lao ³ -pei ⁴	老輩	grandfather, ancestors (tsu ³ tsung ¹).
lao ³ -po ² -fu ⁴	老伯父	a paternal uncle.
lao ³ p'o ² -rh ²	老婆兒	an old woman, a wife.
lao ³ -p'o ² -tzū ³	老婆子	same.
lao ³ -pu ⁴	老不	never.
lao ³ -pu ⁴ -hsieh ¹ -hsin ⁴	老不歇心	though old, does not rest.
lao ³ -pu ⁴ -lai ²	老不來	never comes.
lao ³ -si ⁴	老色	a deep colour.
lao ³ -shan ¹ -yü ⁴ -tsui ³	老山玉嘴	a valuable jade mouth-piece.
lao ³ -shao ⁴	老少	old and young, the whole of a family.
lao ³ -shao ⁴ -niên ²	老少年	a beautiful plant with variegated leaves.
lao ³ -shao ⁴ -ta ¹ -hsiao ³	老少大小	old and young.
lao ³ -shêng ¹	老生	old graduates; in theatricals, the long-beard.
lao ³ -shêng ¹ -tzū ³	老生子	the youngest child.
lao ³ -shih ¹	老師	an instructor; an imam; superintendent. [263.
lao ³ -shih ²	老實	honest (as a man); without vice (as a horse).
lao ³ -shih ⁴ -pu ¹ -yao ⁴	老是不	persistently refuses to have.
lao ³ -shou ³	老手	"an old hand," experienced.
lao ³ -shou ⁴	老壽	an old person, person over 70 years of age.
lao ³ -shou ⁴ -hsing ¹	老壽星	the star of longevity.
lao ³ -shu ³	老鼠	a rat, a mouse (hao ⁴ tzū ³).
lao ³ -shu ³ -tung ⁴	老鼠洞	rat trap.
lao ³ -shu ³ -k'ên ³	老鼠啃	the rat gnaws.
lao ³ -sou ³	老叟	venerable sir, reverend sir, [(lao ³ pan ³).
lao ³ -ta ⁴	老大	elder brother; a chief, a head (as head boatman)
lao ³ -ta ⁴ -jên ²	老大人	your venerable excellency.
lao ³ -t'ai ²	老台	venerable sir.
lao ³ -t'ai ¹ -t'ai ⁴	老太太	an old lady, mother of an official.
lao ³ -t'ai ⁴ -yeh ²	老太爺	father of an officer.
lao ³ -tan ⁴	老旦	the role of "old woman" in theatricals.
lao ³ -t'i ¹ -êrh ³	老的兒	the old folks.
lao ³ -t'i ⁴	老弟	my young friend (hsien ² ch'i ⁴).
lao ³ -t'ien ¹ -yeh ²	老天爺	"the old lord of Heaven," the Supreme Being.
lao ³ -ton ³	老斗	sodomites; theatrical tutors, etc.
lao ³ -t'ou ³ -êrh ³	老頭兒	an old man (disrespectful).

lao³-t'ou²-tzü³ 老頭子
 lao³-tsao³ 老早
 lao³-tung¹-chia¹ 老東家
 lao³-tzü³ 老子
 lao³-tzü³-niang² 老子娘
 lao³-wêng¹ 老翁
 lao³-ya¹ 老鴉
 lao³-yeh² 老爺
 lao³-yeh²-miao⁴ 老爺廟
 lao³-yeh²-rh² 老爺兒
 lao³-yu⁴ 老幼
 lao³-yüan¹ 老冤
 lao³-yüan² 老圓
 lao³-yüan³ 老遠
 lao³ 女姆
 lao³-lao³ 姥 S11b606a
 姥姥

an old man (disrespectful).
 long since, very early.
 a master.
 father; the founder of the Taoist sect. R. 110
 parents (shuang¹ ch'in¹).
 old man, patriarch of the family.
 the ringed raven, a rook, a crow (wu¹ ya¹).
 "old lord," sir, a gentleman; a term of respect
 Kuantie temple.
 "the old gentleman," the sun.
 old and young.
 a person constantly cheated or oppressed.
 turtle (pieh¹).
 ever so far.
 grandmother on the mother's side,
 same.

LAO⁴ 艸 卅 落 748b553b
 lao⁴-ch'ao² 落潮
 lao⁴-hsia⁴ 落下
 lao⁴-hsia⁴-lei⁴ 落下淚
 lao⁴-hsia⁴-lei⁴-lai² 落下淚來
 lao⁴-hsia⁴-liao³ 落下了
 lao⁴-hsia⁴-ta⁴-yü³ 落大雨
 lao⁴-k'ung¹ 落空
 lao⁴-lao⁴-shih²-shih² 落落實實
 lao⁴-lei⁴ 落淚
 lao⁴-liu² 落流
 lao⁴-pang³ 落榜
 lao⁴-pang³-t'ung³-shêng¹ 落榜童生
 lao⁴-p'ing² 落平
 lao⁴-p'ing²-shui³ 落平水
 lao⁴-pu⁴-hsia⁴ 落不下
 lao⁴-pu⁴-liao³ 落不了
 lao⁴-t'ai⁴ 落胎
 lao⁴-ti⁴ 落地
 lao⁴-tso⁴ 落坐
 lao⁴ 水 滌 滌 701c508c
 lao⁴-han⁴ 潦旱
 lao⁴-huai⁴-liao³ 潦壞了
 lao⁴-ssü³ 潦死
 lao⁴-t'ien¹ 潦天

to sink, to fall, to settle, to set. See la⁴ and lo
 low water, ebb tide (chang⁴ ch'ao²).
 to fall, to settle (as a bird).
 to weep, to shed tears (liu² lei⁴).
 same.
 fell, settled, alighted.
 a heavy fall of rain (hsia⁴ t'ou⁴).
 to come to naught.
 very steady, firm (wên³ tang¹).
 the falling of tears, to weep.
 low ebb, with the ebb tide.
 an M.A. who failed to pass.
 a "plucked" student.
 to commence writing; to leave off writing.
 low water, low ebb.
 low water.
 unable to fall or settle.
 unable to settle; not to eat.
 a falling womb, an abortion.
 to fall to earth, to be born (of infants).
 to sit down.
 to sink in water; running water; an inundation
 flood and drought.
 spoilt by an inundation (yen¹ pai⁴).
 to drown (yen¹ ssü³).
 excessive rains.

lao ⁴	火 烙 ^{702b553a}	to burn ; a red-hot iron point ; red-hot, burning.
lao ⁴ -chiao ¹ -liao ³	烙焦了	burnt, dried up.
lao ⁴ -hu ² -liao ³	烙糊了	same.
lao ⁴ -hng ² -liao ³	烙紅了	red-hot.
lao ⁴ -i ¹ -shang ¹	烙衣裳	to iron clothes.
lao ⁴ -ping ³	烙餅	a sort of pancake.
lao ⁴ -p'ing ² -chéng ⁴	烙平正	iron it evenly.
lao ⁴ -t'ieh ³	烙鐵	an iron (for ironing clothes) (yün ⁴ tou ³).
lao ⁴ -t'ieh ³ -yin ⁴	烙鐵印	a brand.
lao ⁴ -yin ⁴	烙印	to brand, to sear.
lao ⁴	糸 絡 ^{747c553a}	a net ; silk or hemp thread. See lo ⁴ .
lao ⁴ -i ¹ -pu ¹ -chüeh ²	絡繹不絕	one after the other, in uninterrupted succession.
lao ⁴ -t'zū ³	絡子	netted case.
lao ⁴ -wang ³	絡網	a net, net work on the top of a sedan, etc.
lao ⁴	酉 酪 ^{747c553b}	cream ; a liquor made from milk.
lao ⁴ -chiang ⁴	酪醬	a kind of soy.
LÊ ⁴	力 勒 ^{747a509b}	to bind, to coerce, to bridle, to restrain (or lei).
lê ⁴ -chū ⁴	勒住	to check, to restrain.
lê ⁴ -chuan ⁴	勒賺	to extort, to "squeeze."
lê ⁴ -chüan ¹	勒捐	enforced subscriptions.
lê ⁴ -hsiu ¹	勒休	to force to stop ; to suspend an officer.
lê ⁴ -k'ên ⁴	勒措	to extort, to "squeeze." [once.
lê ⁴ -ling ⁴	勒令	to insist upon, to force to do, to expect done at
lê ⁴ -ma ³	勒馬	to check or stop a horse ; to bridle a horse.
lê ⁴ -pei ¹	勒碑	to engrave on stone (shih ² t'ou ² tso ⁴ ti ¹).
lê ⁴ -pi ¹	勒逼	to force, to compel (ch'iang ³ pi ¹).
lê ⁴ -pi ¹ -jên ² -ming ⁴	勒逼人命	to force one to commit suicide.
lê ⁴ -ping ¹	勒兵	to stay or check the advance of troops.
lê ⁴ -p'o ¹ -liao ³	勒破了	cut., e. g., by a bit.
lê ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chū ⁴	勒不住	cannot rein in with bit and bridle.
lê ⁴ -shih ²	勒石	to engrave on stone.
lê ⁴ -so ³	勒索	to extort, to "squeeze."
lê ⁴ -ssü ³	勒死	to strangle (chiao ³ ssü ³).
lê ⁴	木示 樂 ^{749a554a}	joy, delight, pleasure. See yo ⁴ (hsi ³ lê ⁴).
lê ⁴ -chi ² -liao ³	樂極了	extremely delighted.
lê ⁴ -chi ² -shêng ¹ -pei ¹	樂極生悲	excessive joy is akin to grief.
lê ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	樂處	cause for joy (ch'ü ⁴ ch'u ⁴).
lê ⁴ -êh ² -wang ² -fan ²	樂而忘返	so joyful as to forget to return.
lê ⁴ -i ³ -wang ² -yu ¹	樂以忘憂	in joy to forget griefs.
lê ⁴ -i ³	樂意	pleased (ju ² i ⁴).
lê ⁴ -i ⁴ -chüan ¹ -shu ¹	樂意捐輸	pleased to subscribe.
lê ⁴ -hêng ¹ -p'ing ²	樂昇平	enjoying prosperity and tranquillity.

lê⁴.tê².hên³
lê⁴.yeh⁴

樂得狠
樂業

highly delighted.
content with one's lot (an¹ chü¹ lê⁴ yeh⁴).

LEI²

雨 雷 703b510a

thunder, a loud noise; to echo, to reiterate

lei²-chü¹

雷擊

struck by thunder; to blast; blast you! (abusive)

lei²-kung¹

雷公

god of thunder.

lei²-shên²

雷神

the god of thunder.

lei²-ta³.ti¹

雷打的

blasted; blast you! you blasted —!

lei²-tien⁴

雷電

thunder and lightning.

lei²-tien⁴-chiao¹-tso¹

雷電交作

thunder and lightning together.

lei²-t'ing²-chih¹-nu⁴

雷霆之怒

a towering passion, e. g., of the Emperor.

lei²-tsu³

雷祖

god of thunder.

lei²-t'ung²

雷同

to plagiarise, to copy.

lei²

手才搨

播 704a510b

to strike, to rub, to grind, to pound.

lei²-ku³

播鼓

to beat a drum (chua¹ ku³).

lei²-ku³-shai¹-lo²

播鼓搨鑼

beating drums and gongs (lo² ku³ hshün' t'ien¹).

lei²-yen³

播硯

to rub Chinese ink on the slab (yen² t'ai²).

lei²

羸 705a511a

lean, infirm (shon⁴).

lei²-tui¹

羸堆

wearisome; feeble, doting.

LEI³

土 壘

壘 704b512a

a wall, a rampart, a fence; piled up; reiterated

lei³-ch'iang²

壘牆

to build a wall (ch'ia⁴ ch'iang²).

lei³-shih²

壘石

a heap of stones, stones piled up.

lei³-shih²-shan¹

壘石山

artificial mountains.

lei³

石

磊 705b511b

rocks or stones piled up.

lei³ lao⁴

磊落

unsettled, wavering; irregular, uneven.

lei³.lei³-lao⁴.lao⁴

磊磊落落

same.

lei³

糸

縲 703b510c

to bind with ropes.

lei³-hsieh⁴

縲綫

in bonds.

lei³

耒

耒 705a512b

a plough (li²).

lei³

人

偶 704b511a

to injure, to destroy; puppets (k'uci³ lei³).

LEI⁴

糸

累 703a511c

to implicate, to embarrass, to trouble (also 2nd tone)

lei⁴-chi²

累及

to implicate.

lei⁴-chui⁴

累贅

troublesome, boring, embarrassing, (lo² so¹).

lei⁴-hsin¹-ti¹-shih⁴

累心的事

a troublesome affair.

lei⁴-lei⁴.ju²-tz'ü³

累累如此

repeatedly like this.

lei⁴-lei⁴-tsa²-tsa²

累累雜雜

very multifarious and troublesome.

lei⁴-liao³

累了

hard worked, fatigued (k'un⁴ fa²).

lei⁴-shih⁴

累事

to embarrass affairs; multitudinous affairs.

lei⁴-sui²

累累

to perseveringly follow.

lei⁴-tê²-hên³

累得狠

very embarrassed, troubled or tired.

[(tien⁴

struck by thunder; to blast; blast you! (abusive)

god of thunder.

the god of thunder.

blasted; blast you! you blasted —!

thunder and lightning.

thunder and lightning together.

a towering passion, e. g., of the Emperor.

god of thunder.

to plagiarise, to copy.

to strike, to rub, to grind, to pound.

to beat a drum (chua¹ ku³).

beating drums and gongs (lo² ku³ hshün' t'ien¹).

to rub Chinese ink on the slab (yen² t'ai²).

lean, infirm (shon⁴).

wearisome; feeble, doting.

a wall, a rampart, a fence; piled up; reiterated

to build a wall (ch'ia⁴ ch'iang²).

a heap of stones, stones piled up.

artificial mountains.

rocks or stones piled up.

unsettled, wavering; irregular, uneven.

same.

to bind with ropes.

in bonds.

a plough (li²).

to injure, to destroy; puppets (k'uci³ lei³).

[and 3rd tones

to implicate, to embarrass, to trouble (also 2nd tone)

to implicate.

troublesome, boring, embarrassing, (lo² so¹).

a troublesome affair.

repeatedly like this.

very multifarious and troublesome.

hard worked, fatigued (k'un⁴ fa²).

to embarrass affairs; multitudinous affairs.

to perseveringly follow.

very embarrassed, troubled or tired.

lei ⁴ -tê ² -huang ¹	累得慌	very embarrassed, troubled or tired.
lei ⁴ -t'z'ü ⁴	累次	time after time, repeatedly, often (lü ³ t'z'ü ⁴).
lei ⁴ 水 洎	淚 706a512c	tears, weeping (liu ² lei ⁴).
lei ⁴ -chu ¹	淚珠	tears.
lei ⁴ -chu ¹ -kun ³ -kun ³	淚珠滾滾	copious tears raining down.
lei ⁴ -chu ¹ -ti ¹ -ti ¹	淚珠滴滴	the dropping of pearly tears.
lei ⁴ -hên ²	淚痕	traces of tears.
lei ⁴ -hsia ⁴	淚下	to drop tears, to weep.
lei ⁴ -ju ² -yü ³	淚如雨	tears like rain.
lei ⁴ -ju ² -yung ² -ch'üan ²	淚如湧泉	tears flowed like a fountain.
lei ⁴ -liu ² -man ³ -sui ¹	淚流滿腮	cheeks bedewed with tears.
lei ⁴ -sa ³ -hsiung ¹ -ch'ien ²	淚洒胸前	tears falling down the breast.
lei ⁴ -wang ¹	淚汪	to weep bitterly.
lei ⁴ -wang ¹ -wang ¹ -ti ¹	淚汪汪的	weeping bitterly (hao ² t'ao ² ta ⁴ k'u ¹).
lei ⁴ 手 才	搗 704b512a	to strike a drum; to rub, to grind; to reprimand.
lei ⁴	搗	same.
lei ⁴ -ch'üan ⁴	搗勸	to reprimand severely.
lei ⁴ -ku ³	搗鼓	to beat or roll a drum (ch'ui ku ³ , ch'iao ¹ ku ³).
lei ⁴ -yen ²	搗研	to rub Chinese ink on the slab.
lei ⁴ 頁 類	類 705b512b	class, species, kind, sort, category, genus.
lei ⁴ -h'u ² -na ⁴ -ko ⁴	類手那個	like that.
lei ⁴ -ssü ⁴	類似	resembling, as if, same as (fang ³ fu ²).
lei ⁴ -t'ui ¹	類推	to reason by analogy.
lei ⁴ -t'ung ²	類同	resembling, as if, same as.
lei ⁴ -t'ü ³	類此	like this.
lei ⁴ 人	儂 705a512a	idle, lazy; sickly; bending down.
lei ⁴ -hsieh ⁴	儂懈	weakly, delicate.
lei ⁴ -ping ⁴ -la ¹	儂病喇	ill through over-exertion.
lei ⁴ -ssü ³ -jên ²	儂死人	to kill with weariness.
lei ⁴ -ti ¹ -huang ¹	儂的慌	very tired.
lei ⁴ 月 肉 脊	肋 705b509c	the ribs, the sides. Also read chin.
lei ⁴ -p'ang ² -ku ³	肋旁骨	ribs (hsieh ² pang ²).
lei ⁴ -t'iao ²	肋條	the ribs.
lei ⁴ 酉	酌 694a500c	to pour wine upon the ground in sacrifice.
lei ⁴ -chiu ³	酌酒	same.
LÈNG ² 木	楞 706c506a	edge and corner.
êng ² -chia ¹	楞加	Ceylon.
êng ² -chiao ¹	楞角	edge and corner.
êng ² -jêng ⁴	楞縫	peccadilloes.
êng ² -mu ⁴	楞木	floor joists.
êng ² -t'ou ² -ch'ing ¹	楞頭青	pig-headed, stupid, doltish.
êng ² -yen ² -ching ¹	楞嚴經	famous Buddhist sūtra.

- lêng² 椽^{706b506a}
 lêng² 禾 (稜^{706b506}) rafters, square beams; an edge.
 an edge; a corner. (Also called *ling*.)
- LĒNG³ 冷^{706c506b}
 lêng³-ch'í-kung¹-hsin¹ 冷氣攻心 cold, frigid, indifferent; still, clear, pure.
 cold air attacking the heart.
 lêng³-ch'ing¹ 冷清 lonely, dull (ch'í² liang²).
 lêng³-chiu³ 冷酒 cold wine.
 lêng³-han⁴ 冷汗 a cold sweat (ch'u¹ han⁴).
 lêng³-ho¹-ho¹-ti¹ 冷呵呵的 shivering with cold.
 lêng³-hua⁴ 冷話 rude language.
 lêng³-hsiao⁴ 冷笑 a sneer, a smile of derision (ch'ih³ hsiao⁴).
 lêng³-hsin¹ 冷心 cold-hearted, a cold heart. [ture
 lêng³-jê⁴ 冷熱 cold and hot; indifferent and zealous; tempera
 lêng³-jê⁴-pu⁴-yün² 冷熱不勻 unequal cold and heat.
 lêng³-k'o³ 冷客 to ill-treat a guest (tai⁴ man⁴).
 lêng³-ku¹-ting¹-ti¹ 冷孤丁的 suddenly, unexpectedly (mêng³ ku¹ ting¹ ti¹).
 lêng³-lêng³-ch'ing¹-ch'ing¹ 冷冷清清 very quiet and lonesome.
 lêng³-liao³ 冷了 cold.
 lêng³-liao³-ni¹ 冷了呢 if it is cold; is it cold?
 lêng³-lo⁴ 冷落 dull, dismal; cool; distant.
 lêng³-ping¹-ping¹ 冷冰冰 cold as ice, icy cold.
 lêng³-pu⁴-fang² 冷不防 suddenly, unexpectedly (hu jan² chien¹).
 lêng³-shou³ 冷手 a new hand.
 lêng³-sou¹-sou¹-ti¹ 冷颼颼的 whistling cold, quite chilly, piercing.
 lêng³-tan⁴ 冷淡 "cold and insipid," coolness, indifference.
 lêng³-tê²-hên³ 冷得狠 very cold.
 lêng³-tê²-li⁴-hai⁴ 冷得利害 dreadfully cold.
 lêng³-t'ien¹ 冷天 a cold day.
 lêng³-t'ien¹-ch'í⁴ 冷天氣 cold weather.
 lêng³-tsai¹-san¹-chiu³ 冷在三九 it is cold in the 3 nines (winter).
 lêng³-tzū³ 冷子 sleet (pao² tzu³).
 lêng³-tzū⁴ 冷字 an unusual character (shéng¹ tzū⁴).
 lêng³ yen²-lêng³-yü³ 冷言冷語 rude, unmannerly language.
 lêng³-yen³ 冷眼 to look helplessly or coldly.
- LĒNG⁴ 目 稜^{706b506b}
 lêng⁴-chéng¹-chéng¹-ti¹ 稜睜睜的 to stare at (têng⁴ cho² yen³).
 lêng⁴-lêng⁴-lêng⁴-têng⁴ 稜登登的 a sullen look, a sinister expression.
 lêng⁴-yen³ 稜眼 staring.
 to stare; staring eyes.

LI ²	佳	離 ^{711a517a}	to leave, to separate; from, distant from.
li ² -an ¹ -hsia ⁴ -ma ³		離鞍下馬	to dismount.
li ² -chê ⁴ -rh ² -chin ⁴		離這兒近	not far from here, near here.
li ² -chê ⁴ -rh ² -yüan ³		離這兒遠	distant from here, far from here.
li ² -chia ¹		離家	to leave home.
li ² -chien ⁴		離間	dissension, to separate friends.
li ² -ch'ü ⁴		離去	to leave, to separate.
li ² -ch'uang ²		離床	to get up; to recover; convalescent.
li ² -ho ³		離合	to separate and to join.
li ² -hsi ¹		離溪	to play, to romp; badinage.
li ² -hsiang ¹		離鄉	away from home.
li ² -hsin ¹ -li ² -tê ³		離心雜德	divided in heart and practice.
li ² -k'ai ¹		離開	to leave, to separate.
li ² -k'ai ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		離開去	same.
li ² -kuai ⁴		離卦	one of the diagrams; the dragon.
li ² -kung ¹ chêng ¹ -wei ¹		離宮正位	Emperor or god of fire.
li ² -liao ³		離了	separated.
li ² -mien ² -chin ⁴ -liao ³		離年近了	near the new year.
li ² -p'an ⁴		離叛	to emigrate; to abscond; to desert, to rebel.
li ² -pieh ²		離別	to separate, to leave, to go away from (t'zũ unable to part with. [pieh ²].
li ² -pu ⁴ -k'ai ¹		離不開	cannot part with
li ² -pu ¹ -liao ³		離不了	cannot part with
li ² -san ⁴		離散	to be scattered (liu ² li ²).
li ² -shu ¹		離書	a deed of divorce (by mutual consent) (hsiu ¹ [shu ¹].
li ² -tê ² -k'ai ¹		離得開	able to part with.
li ² -tso ⁴		離坐	to get up from one's seat.
li ²	牛	犁 ^{710a515b}	a plough; to plough, to cultivate.
li ² -chang ⁴		犁杖	the handle of a plough.
li ² -hua ²		犁鏟	coulter.
li ² -pa ¹ -yü ³		犁把雨	about a furrowful of rain.
li ² -ping ⁴		犁柄	the handle of a plough.
li ² -tao ¹		犁刀	a coulter.
li ² -t'ien ²		犁田	to plough the land (kêng ¹ ti ⁴).
li ²	木	梨 ^{710a515c}	the pear (see li ³ , plum).
li ² -hua ¹		梨花	pear blossom.
li ² -kao ¹		梨膏	fruit dipped in melted sugar.
li ² -kuo ³		梨菓	pears.
li ² -t'zũ ³		梨子	same.
li ² -yüan ² -t'zũ ³ -t'ü ¹		*梨園子弟	players, comedians (hsi ⁴ t'zũ ³).
li ²	黍	黎 ^{714a515a}	black hair; many, numerous; all; daybreak.
li ² -min ²		黎民	"the black-haired people," the Chinese.
li ² -min ² -pai ³ -hsing ⁴		黎民百姓	the Chinese people.
li ² -ming ²		黎明	day-break.

li²-ming²-chi¹-ch⁴i³ 黎明即起
 li² 厘 厘 707b516a
 li² 瓦里 釐 713c516
 li²-chin¹ 釐金
 li²-fün⁴ 釐分
 li² 狸犬 狸 707c518a
 li²-mao¹ 狸猫
 li² 鳥 麗 712b518a
 li²-huang²-ch⁴iao³ 麗黃雀
 li² 黑 黛 714a515a
 li²-hua¹ 花
 li² 玉瓊 瑤 710c515b

LI³ 亦礼 禮 714b520b
 li³-chi⁴ 禮記
 li³-chieh² 禮節
 li³ ch⁴ing¹-i⁴-chung⁴ 禮輕義重
 li³-jü² 禮法
 li³-fang² 禮房
 li³-hsiang⁴ 禮相
 li³-hsing⁴ 禮性
 li³-i² 禮儀
 li³-i⁴ 禮義
 li³-i⁴-lien²-ch⁴ih³ 禮義廉恥
 li³-jang⁴ 禮讓
 li³-jên² 禮人
 li³-lu⁴-pu⁴-tao⁴ 禮路不到
 li³-mao⁴ 禮貌
 li³-pai⁴ 禮拜
 li³-pai⁴-chi³ 禮拜幾
 li³ pai⁴-ssü⁴ 禮拜寺
 li³-pai⁴-t'ang² 禮拜堂
 li³-pai⁴-t'ien¹ 禮拜天
 li³-pu⁴ 禮部
 li³-shang⁴-wang⁴-lai² 禮尚往來
 li³-shêng¹ 禮生
 li³-tan⁴ 禮單
 li³-t'ieh¹ 禮帖
 li³-to¹-pi¹-cha³ 禮多必詐
 li³-to¹-pu⁴-kuai⁴ 禮多不怪
 li³-tsang⁴ 禮葬
 li³-wu⁴ 禮物
 li³-yo⁴ 禮樂

to get up at day-break.
 to subject, to regulate, to govern; copper coin
 same.
 likin, or tax on goods.
 few, scarce, scanty. smallest of all.
 the fox, the wild-cat (hu² li²).
 the wild-cat.
 the mango bird.
 same.
 a dark sallow colour.
 brindled (pan¹ tien³).
 glass; gloss; glare (po¹ li²).
 rites, ceremonies; politeness, propriety, decorum
 the book of Rites. W. I. 643-647.
 etiquette (ying⁴ ch'ou²).
 though the gift is trifling, the goodwill is great
 politeness, decorum; ceremonies, etc.
 department in yaméns. Cf. li³-pu⁴ below.
 master of ceremonies at funerals.
 politeness, etiquette.
 rites and observances; politeness.
 decorum; civilization.
 the four principles of morals.
 complaisant, polite.
 a master of ceremonies. See Note 55.
 wanting in politeness.
 polite, politeness, manners.
 to worship; Sunday, the Sabbath.
 what day of the week is it?
 a Mahomedan temple or mosque.
 a place of worship (Protestant).
 Sunday (an¹ hsi² jih⁴).
 the Board of Ceremonies at Peking. G. 155.
 social intercourse cannot be one-sided.
 a master of ceremonies. See Note 55 (i³ chieh²)
 an inventory accompanying presents.
 same.
 over politeness conceals deceit.
 no one is offended at too much courtesy.
 to bury with funeral rites (pin⁴ tsang⁴).
 presents.
 ceremonial music (as at weddings, etc.).

玉 理^{707e519a}
 理正
 理家
 理直氣壯
 理合
 理會
 理論
 理偏
 理是
 理事官
 理所當然
 理他
 理當
 理當如此
 理文
 理問
 理應
 衣 { 裡
 裏^{708e519b}
 裏脊肉
 裏奸外曹
 裏鈞外連
 裏面
 裏班子
 裏表
 裏邊
 裏舵
 裏頭
 裏走
 裏子
 裏外
 裏外合式
 裏外能
 裏外受敵
 裏應外合
 尸 履^{715b520a}
 履險
 履信
 履行
 履歷
 履德
 履底
 木 李^{709a520a}

reason, right, principle ; to manage, to regulate.
 the argument is fair ; to set right.
 to regulate the family (ch'i² chia¹).
 my cause good, and will firm (ehih⁴ eh'i⁴).
 right, proper, suitable.
 to observe, to notice (kuo⁴ ts'ai³).
 to reason, to argue.
 the reasoning is forced,
 you are right, etc.
 Consuls (Chinese).
 quite in accord with right (tang¹ jan² chih¹ li³).
 to notice him.
 right, proper, in duty bound.
 this is according to right.
 veins or streaks, grain in wood, vein in marble.
 law secretary.
 right, proper.
 the inside of anything, in, within.
 same.
 the tender-loin.
 foes within and without.
 collusion between inside and outside, treachery.
 inside, within.
 inner yamên followers, etc.
 inside and outside.
 inside, within.
 port the helm (the left).
 inside, within.
 turn to the left.
 lining of clothes, etc.
 inside and outside.
 suitable on all sides.
 all sorts of ability.
 opposition within and without.
 collusion between inside and outside. [li³.
 shoes, slippers ; to shoe ; to tread, to walk. Also
 to tread in danger.
 to walk in the path of truth,
 to walk, to tread.
 pedigree, etc.
 to walk in the path of virtue.
 the sole of a shoe.
 plums (see li², pear).

li³-hua¹li³li³-chang³li³-shé⁴li³li³

李花
里里^{707a518b}
里長
里社
女媪^{707c518c}
魚鯉^{708c519c}

plum blossom.

Chinese mile ($\frac{1}{3}$ of English) ; a lane.a kind of village headborough (hsiang¹ yo¹).

a village altar ; a place of assembly.

a brother's wife (chou² li³).

the carp.

LI⁴li⁴li⁴-chieh¹li⁴-chieh²li⁴-jih⁴li⁴-lui²-mo⁴-yu⁴li⁴-li⁴li⁴-lien⁴li⁴-luan⁴li⁴-nien²li⁴-nien²-chang⁴li⁴-tai⁴li⁴-tai⁴-ti¹-wang²li⁴li⁴-chia¹li⁴-fu³li⁴-jih⁴li⁴-shu¹li⁴-shu⁴li⁴li⁴-ai⁴li⁴-chi⁴li⁴-chi⁴-tan¹li⁴-chia¹li⁴-chien⁴li⁴-chih³li⁴-chih⁴li⁴-ch'iu¹li⁴-chu⁴li⁴-chü³li⁴-chüeh²li⁴-ch'üan⁴li⁴-ch'uan¹li⁴-fa²-k'uan¹li⁴-fu³li⁴-fên¹-shu¹

止 { 歷^{712b537a}
歷階
歷節
歷日
歷來沒有
歷歷
歷練
歷亂
歷年
歷年賬
歷代
歷代帝王
日 曆^{712b537a}
曆家
曆法
曆日
曆書
曆數
立^{715c538b}
立愛
立繼
立繼單
立家
立見
立止
立志
立秋
立住
立櫃
立決
立券
立春
立罰款
立法
立分書

same as next ; so written to avoid an Emperor's

to calculate, to pass through, successive.

progressive steps.

to act according to rule, etc.

a diary, a journal (jih⁴ chi⁴ pu⁴).

hitherto there have not been).

arranged in order ; constantly, incessantly.

experienced. ~~known~~

confused.

progressive years.

a ledger.

successive generations.

successive emperors.

signs of the heavens, motions of the heavenly

astronomers (kuan¹ hsing¹ ti¹).

rules for astronomical calculations.

an almanack (huang² li⁴).

same.

astronomical calculations.

erect ; to establish, instantly.

to implant love ; to prefer ; to adopt.

to adopt a son (kuo⁴ chi⁴).

an adoption certificate.

to establish one's family.

immediately seen.

to come to a stand, to stop.

to fix one's resolution (ting⁴ chil⁴).

the beginning of autumn, a term. See Note 2)

to stand up ; to erect.

standing press.

summary execution (jê⁴ chüeh²).to make an agreement (ch'ü⁴).

the beginning of spring, a term. See Note 2

to make rules for fines.

to establish a law.

to make a distribution of property by agreement

[name.

[bodies

⁴ .hao ⁴ -kên ¹ -chî ¹	立好根基	to lay a good foundation.
⁴ .ho ² -t'ung ²	立合同	to form a partnership in trade, etc.
⁴ .hsia ⁴	立下	to establish, to found.
⁴ .hsia ⁴	立夏	the beginning of summer, a term. See Note 21.
¹ .hsin ¹	立心	to resolve, to determine; to make up one's mind.
⁴ .han ¹ -shu ¹	立婚書	to make marriage contract.
⁴ .i ¹ -pên ³ -chang ⁴	立一本賬	to open an account book.
⁴ .jên ² -p'in ³	立人品	to establish a good character.
⁴ .kan ¹ -chien ⁴ -ying ³	立竿見影	fig. set up a pole and it will cast a shadow.
⁴ .k'ü ⁴ -chang ¹ ch'êng ²	立個章程	to make rules.
⁴ .k'ü ⁴	立刻	directly, immediately, instantly. M. 482 (ch'ing ³).
⁴ .k'ü ⁴ -chiu ⁴ -li ²	立刻就來	I will come immediately.
⁴ .k'ü ⁴ -chiu ⁴ -tso ⁴	立刻就做	I will do it directly.
⁴ .kuei ⁴	立櫃	a press, a wardrobe (ch'ü ² kuei ⁴ , wo ⁴ kuei ⁴).
⁴ .kung ¹	立功	to establish one's merit.
⁴ .kuo ²	立國	to found or establish a country (ch'uang ⁴ kuo ²).
¹ .ming ³	立名	to establish a reputation.
⁴ .mu ⁴	立木	to plant a piece of wood.
⁴ .pa ¹ -t'ou ²	立巴頭	a green-horn (chü ² wai ⁴ , wai ⁴ hang ²).
⁴ .pi ¹	立逼	to urge, to force, to compel.
⁴ .pi ⁴ -chang ⁴ -hsia ⁴	立斃杖下	he died under the bamboo.
⁴ .pien ¹ -tzü ³	立辯子	the queue to stand up with fright.
⁴ .pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	立不住	cannot stand firmly.
⁴ .shên ¹ -i ⁴	立生意	to set up in business.
⁴ .shêng ¹ -tzü ²	立生祠	to erect temple to the living.
⁴ .shih ²	立時	instantly, immediately (ch'ing ³ k'ü ⁴).
⁴ .shih ² -chien ⁴ -kung ¹	立時見功	at once efficacious.
⁴ .shui ³	立水	rain (yü ¹ shui ³).
⁴ .tan ²	立壇	to erect an altar.
⁴ .tê ²	立德	to establish virtue (li ⁴ kung ¹).
⁴ .ting ⁴	立定	directly, immediately, instantly.
⁴ .ting ⁴ -chih ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	立定志向	to form a fixed resolve.
⁴ .ting ⁴ -chiao ³ -pu ⁴	立定脚步	to fix the feet firmly.
⁴ .ting ⁴ -chu ³ i ⁴	立定主意	to make up one's mind.
⁴ .tsai ⁴ -tang ¹ -chung ¹	立在當中	to stand in the middle
⁴ .tang ¹	立冬	the beginning of winter; a term. See Note 21.
⁴ .wên ² -shu ¹	立文書	to write a deed or other document.
⁴ .yeh ⁴	立業	to found a patrimony,
-yo ¹	立約	to make an agreement.
力	力 (See 536a)	strength, vigour, power, spirit, effort.
⁴ .ch'ü ⁴	力氣	strength, vigour, spirit.
⁴ .ch'iang ²	力強	robust, strong (chuang ⁴ shih ²).
⁴ .chien ⁴	力健	same.

<i>li⁴-chüan⁴</i>	力倦	wearied, fatigued (k'ün ⁴ chüan ⁴).
<i>li⁴-hsiao²</i>	力學	to learn assiduously (ch'in ² hsiao ²).
<i>li⁴-hsing²</i>	力行	to practise sedulously (yen ³ hsi ²).
<i>li⁴-liang⁴</i>	力量	strength of body or mind, talent, capacity.
<i>li⁴.pao²</i>	力薄	deficiency of strength, weak.
<i>li⁴-p'ei¹</i>	力劈	to split, to rend, to divide.
<i>li⁴-pien⁴</i>	力辯	to argue strenuously.
<i>li⁴-pu⁴-tsu⁴</i>	力不足	strength is insufficient.
<i>li⁴-pu⁴-ts'ung¹-hsin¹</i>	力不從心	strength not equal to the will.
<i>li⁴-shuai¹</i>	力衰	worn out.
<i>li⁴-ta¹-wu²-ch'iu²</i>	力大無窮	great strength.
<i>li⁴-t'ien²</i>	力田	to labour in the fields.
<i>li⁴-tso⁴</i>	力作	to do with earnest endeavour.
<i>li⁴</i>	利 ^{709b521b}	a sharp hedge or point; acute; profit, interest
<i>li⁴-chi³</i>	利己	to benefit oneself.
<i>li⁴-ch'ien²</i>	利錢	interest, profit, gain.
<i>li⁴-hai⁴</i>	利害	profit and injury; dangerous, formidable, severe
<i>li⁴-hai⁴.tê²-hên³</i>	利害得狠	very severe or dangerous.
<i>li⁴-hsi²</i>	利息	profit on trade; interest on money.
<i>li⁴-i²</i>	利益	advantage, gain, profit.
<i>li⁴-k'ou³</i>	利口	"sharp mouth," loquacious; quick at repartee
<i>li⁴-ling⁴-chih⁴-hun¹</i>	利令智昏	blinded by greed.
<i>li⁴-lo²</i>	利羅	clean, quick, smart, sharp.
<i>li⁴-lu⁴</i>	利路	means of living, occupation.
<i>li⁴-pu²</i>	利薄	little profit.
<i>li⁴-shang³-kun³-li⁴</i>	利上滾利	compound interest.
<i>li⁴-shih⁴</i>	利市	a good market.
<i>li⁴-tao¹</i>	利刀	a sharp knife (k'uai ⁴ tao ¹).
<i>li⁴-wu⁴</i>	利物	to do good to others; useful articles. [stern
<i>li⁴</i>	厲 ^{717a522c}	a grindstone; to grind, to rob; sharp, severe
<i>li⁴-f'ên⁴</i>	厲風	a violent wind; a severe custom.
<i>li⁴-min²</i>	厲民	to oppress the people.
<i>li⁴-ping¹</i>	厲兵	to sharpen weapons; brave troops.
<i>li⁴-sê⁴</i>	厲色	to become grave.
<i>li⁴-shêng¹</i>	厲聲	to speak sharply or sternly, etc. [severe
<i>li⁴</i>	木栗 ^{717c539a}	the chestnut; firm, enduring; commanding
<i>li⁴-kuo³</i>	栗菓	the chestnut.
<i>li⁴-tzū³</i>	栗子	chestnuts (see li ³ , li ²).
<i>li⁴-tzū³-kao¹</i>	栗子糕	cake made of chestnuts. [stor
<i>li⁴</i>	戶戾 ^{719a523b}	crime, fault; perverse, crooked; to stoop; t
<i>li⁴-chih³</i>	戾止	to stop.
<i>li⁴-pieh³</i>	戾瀉	distorted, awry (wai ¹).
<i>li⁴</i>	心慄 ^{718a539b}	fear, apprehension, dread.

⁴ .rhü ⁴	懼		fear, apprehension, dread.
⁴ .lieh ⁴	慄烈		a cold bitter wind.
⁴	力	勵 717a523a	[courage. to exert one's strength ; to stimulate, to en- to stimulate, to excite.
⁴ .ching ¹	勵精		to encourage the people.
⁴ .min ²	勵民		a magistrate, a recorder, a writer ; a ruler.
⁴	口	吏 720a522a	officials are partial to officials.
⁴ .hsiang ⁴ .li ⁴	吏向吏		civil office of a yamên,
⁴ .k'oi ¹	吏科		inspector of police.
⁴ .mu ⁴	吏目		the Board of Civil Offices at Peking. G. 153.
⁴ .pu ¹	吏部		the President of the Board of Civil Office, Vice-President of same.
⁴ .pu ⁴ .shang ⁴ .shu ¹	吏部尚書		President of the Board of Civil Office. [Peking, officials formerly clerks in Government Boards,
⁴ .pu ⁴ .shih ⁴ .lang ²	吏部侍郎		laws, regulations, amendments, bye-laws (lü ⁴ li ⁴).
⁴ .pu ⁴ .t'ien ¹ .kuan ¹	吏部天官		laws.
⁴ .yüan ²	吏員	例 720b521c	the law ought to be thus.
⁴	人	例 720b521c	attendants in public offices ; to be attached to.
⁴ .t'iao ²	例條		the official style of writing, introduced A. D. 200.
⁴ .ying ¹ .ju ² .tz'ü ³	例應如此		attendants, jailers, etc. (chin ⁴ tsu ²)
⁴	求	隸 720a524a	a kind of rush for making brooms of.
⁴ .shu ¹	隸書		the lichee (a well known fruit).
⁴ .tsu ²	隸卒	荔 718c522c	dripping of water, to drop, to pour out.
艸 廿 楊	荔支		toshed one's blood, blood dropping from a wound.
⁴ .chih ¹	瀝	瀝 713a537b	elegant, graceful, beautiful, good, fair ; flowery.
⁴	水 彳	瀝血	beautiful (hua ² li ⁴).
⁴ .hsieh ³	鹿	麗 711c524b	coarse food, the refuse of pounded rice.
⁴ .mei ³	米	麗美 717b523a	the refuse of rice.
⁴ .mi ³	米	糲米 709c521c	clever, ingenious (ling ² li ⁴).
⁴ .shu ⁴	人	俐 710b521c	in order, satisfactory.
⁴ .chi ²	疒	痢 710b521c	a purging, dysentery or flux.
⁴	艸 廿	痢疾 710b516a	same (hsieh ⁴ tu ³).
⁴ .hua ¹	竹	莉花 711b517b	name of a plant, and of a flower ; thorns, burrs.
⁴ .pa ¹	籬	籬笆 711b517b	a kind of jessamine (mo ⁴ li ⁴).
⁴	雨	籬笆 713b537c	a hedge, a fence made of bamboo,
⁴	米	籬籬 716b539a	same.
⁴	艸 廿	籬籬 714b515b	noise of thunder (p'ü ¹ li ⁴).
IA ³	人	倆 720b526b	a grain of rice ; food, particularly rice.
a ³ .jên ²	倆人		a stem, a branch, fork or prong ; a plant.
a ³ .sa ¹	倆三		familiar abbreviation of liang ³ , two, both, two or both men (êrh ¹ jên ²), two or three.

lia³-shih²-ch'ên²
lia³-yüeh⁴

倆時辰
倆月

two 2-hour periods.
two months.

LIANG²

良 良⁷²¹c524a

liang²-chang³

良長

good, virtuous, naturally good, to be able to do a superior.

liang²-ch'ên²

良辰

a fortunate day or hour.

liang²-chiang⁴

良將

a commander-in-chief (yüan² shuai⁴, Chiang [chün⁴]

liang²-chiang¹

良姜

galangal, the ginger family.

liang²-chih⁴

良知

to know naturally.

liang²-chiu³

良久

a long time.

liang²-fang¹

良方

a good prescription

liang²-hsin¹

良心

a good heart; conscience (t'ien¹ liang²).

liang²-i¹

良醫

a first-rate physician.

liang²-jên²

良人

a good man or woman; my husband.

liang²-kung¹-ch'iao³

良工巧匠

good workman.

liang²-ma³

良馬

a good horse (one without vice) (shan⁴ ma³).

liang²-min²

良民

good people, respectable people.

liang²-néng²

良能

capable, able to do, natural capability.

liang²-p'ên²

良朋

a good friend.

liang²-shan⁴

良善

good, virtuous, naturally good.

liang²-t'ien²

良田

a fertile or productive field.

liang²-yao⁴

良藥

good medicine.

liang²-yen²

良言

good advice.

liang²-yu³

良友

a good moral friend.

liang²-yüan²

良員

good officials, etc.

liang²-yüeh⁴

良月

the tenth month

liang²

米糧

糧⁷²¹c524c

grain; a daily ration; pay of troops.

liang²-chi²

糧集

a corn exchange or market.

liang²-ch'u¹-tao⁴

糧儲道

a Grain Intendant. G. 278.

liang²-chüan¹

糧捐

gifts of grain to government.

liang²-fu⁴

糧賦

land tax for military purposes.

liang²-hang²

糧行

the market price of grain; a grain firm.

liang²-hsian³

糧餉

rations for troops.

liang²-mi³

糧米

grain, rice.

liang²-mi³-t'ai⁴-kuei⁴

糧米太貴

grain is too dear.

liang²-shih²

糧食

grain.

liang²-shih²-fan⁴

糧食販

grain broker.

liang²-shih⁴

糧市

a corn market; market price of grain.

liang²-t'ai²

糧臺

the place of the colors in the camp.

liang²-tan¹

糧石

grain in general.

liang²-tao⁴

糧道

a Grain Intendant: G. 278.

liang²-t'uan²

糧團

cakes of grain.

liang²-ts'ao³

糧草

grain and straw, etc., forage, provender.

ng² 里 量 721b526b
 ng²-chai³ 量 窄
 ng²-hsiao³ 量 小
 ng²-i¹-liang² 量 一 量
 ng²-ju⁴-wei²-ch'u¹ 量 入 爲 出
 ng²-li⁴-êrh².hsing² 量 力 而 行
 ng²-liang².shih² 量 糧 食
 ng²-ti⁴ 量 地
 ng²-ti¹.kuang³ 量 的 廣
 ng²-t'ien¹.chih³ 量 天 尺
 ng²-ts'ai²-ch'ü³-jyng⁴ 量 才 取 用
 ng³ 涼 涼 723a525a
 ng²-ch'a² 涼 茶
 ng²-ch'i⁴ 涼 氣
 ng²-ching⁴-ching⁴-ti¹ 涼 淨 淨 的
 ng² chiu³ 涼 酒
 ng²-fên³ 涼 粉
 ng² fêng¹ 涼 風
 ng²-han⁴ 涼 汗
 ng² hsi² 涼 蓆
 ng² i¹-liang² 涼 一 涼
 ng²-jê⁴ 涼 熱
 ng²-k'ai¹.shui³ 涼 開 水
 ng²-k'uai⁴ 涼 快
 ng²-mao⁴ 涼 帽
 ng².pao¹ 涼 薄
 ng²-p'êng² 涼 棚
 ng²-san³ 涼 傘
 ng²-sên¹.sên¹-ti¹ 涼 森 森 的
 ng²-shuanj¹ 涼 爽
 ng²-shui³ 涼 水
 ng²-ts'ut⁴ 涼 菜
 ng²-yin¹-yin¹-ti¹ 涼 陰 陰 的
 ng³ 米 梁 722c525
 ng²-chieh¹ 梁 稽
 ng²-mi³ 梁 米
 ng² 梁 722b525b
 ng² 木 梁 722c525c
 ng²-chu⁴ 梁 柱
 ng²-lin³ 梁 椽

a measure; to measure, to calculate the capacity.
 poor judgment.
 narrow views.
 to measure.
 to regulate expenditure by receipts.
 measure your action by your strength.
 dry measure; to measure grain.
 to measure land; land measure (chang⁴ liang²).
 broad views.
 rod for measuring heaven.
 to use men according to their talent.
 cool, cold (lêng³).
 cold tea.
 cold air.
 lonely.
 cold wine.
 a kind of jelly.
 a cool wind (han² fêng¹).
 a cold sweat.
 a mat for warm weather.
 to let a thing cool.
 cold and hot.
 cold boiled water.
 cool and pleasant.
 a summer hat.
 meagre, sparing, stingy.
 an awning.
 a sun shade, parasol or umbrella.
 quite cool, chilly.
 cool and refreshing, pleasantly cool.
 cold water.
 a salad.
 quite cool, chilly.
 millet (kao¹ liang²).
 millet stalks.
 millet and rice, grain.
 the spine; a horizontal beam.
 same.
 beams and pillars,
 beams and cross-beams.

ANG³ 入 兩 面 兩 720c526a
 ng³-ch'i¹ 兩 訖

two, both, a pair, a few; an ounce, a tael.
 both sides clear (of accounts).

<i>liang³.ch'ü².chien¹</i>	兩歧間	in two different directions.
<i>liang³.chia¹.chien¹</i>	兩夾間	in between two things.
<i>liang³.chiang¹</i>	兩江	the provinces of Kiangsu and Anhui.
<i>liang³.chien¹</i>	兩間	"heaven and earth," man, everything.
<i>liang³.chien¹.fung².tzü³</i>	兩間房子	two rooms or houses.
<i>liang³.chih¹.chi¹</i>	兩隻鷄	two chickens.
<i>liang³.chih¹.ch'uan²</i>	兩隻船	two boats.
<i>liang³.ch'in¹</i>	兩親	parents (shuang ¹ ch'in ¹).
<i>liang³.ch'ing¹</i>	兩清	both sides square (accounts).
<i>liang³.ch'üan²</i>	兩全	all, the whole.
<i>liang³.ch'üan³.ch'i².mei³</i>	兩全齊美	advantageous to both sides.
<i>liang³.êrh³.ch'ui².chien¹</i>	兩耳垂肩	pendulous ears, e.g., Confucius.
<i>liang³.ho².shih⁴</i>	兩合式	agreeable to both sides.
<i>liang³.hsia¹.lê³ {yüan⁴</i>	兩下裡	both parties; on both sides.
<i>liang³.hsiang¹.ch'ing²</i>	兩相情願	both parties are willing. [in a hsien
<i>liang³.hsiao²</i>	兩學	(教諭, 訓導) Director and sub-director of studies.
<i>liang³.hsin⁴.ch'ing¹.fêng¹</i>	兩袖清風	literary pauper of good parts.
<i>liang³.hu²</i>	兩湖	Hupei and Hunan.
<i>liang³.hu².tsung³.tu²</i>	兩湖總督	governor-general of the Liang Hu.
<i>liang³.i²</i>	兩儀	heaven and earth. R. 293.
<i>liang³.ko⁴</i>	兩個	two, both.
<i>liang³.k'o³.chih¹.chien¹</i>	兩可之間	[ch'u ² pu ⁴ ting ¹] having two courses open; in a dilemma (ch'o
<i>liang³.k'ou³.tzi³</i>	兩口子	husband and wife.
<i>liang³.kuang³</i>	兩廣	Kuang Tung and Kuang Hsi provinces.
<i>liang³.pai¹.chi¹.shang¹</i>	兩敗俱傷	both sides beaten and all injured.
<i>liang³.pang³</i>	兩榜	to take both 2nd and 3rd degrees.
<i>liang³.pien⁴</i>	兩便	let us drop ceremony.
<i>liang³.pu¹.chao³</i>	兩不找	to trade even, no boot.
<i>liang³.pu⁴.hsiang⁴.kan¹</i>	兩不相干	no connection between them.
<i>liang³.shih⁴.wei².jên²</i>	兩世爲人	passed through great tribulation.
<i>liang³.ssü¹</i>	兩司	Judge and Treasurer.
<i>liang³.ta⁴</i>	兩大	heaven and earth.
<i>liang³.tang¹.êrh⁴.i⁴</i>	兩當二意	a mistake, a misunderstanding.
<i>liang³.t'ien¹</i>	兩天	a few days.
<i>liang³.t'ou²</i>	兩頭	both ends.
<i>liang³.t'ou².mang²</i>	兩頭忙	busy at both ends.
<i>liang³.tsao¹.shu²</i>	兩遭熟	both well acquainted.
<i>liang³.tsao⁴</i>	兩造	plaintiff and defendant; male and female.
<i>liang³.wei⁴</i>	兩位	two gentlemen, etc.
<i>liang³.wei⁴.hsien¹.shêng¹</i>	兩位先生	two teachers, etc.
<i>liang³.yang⁴</i>	兩樣	different; both ways; two sorts.
<i>liang³.yang⁴.tu¹.yu³</i>	兩樣都有	some of both sorts.
<i>liang³.yüan⁴</i>	兩院	the governor-general and the governor.

LIANG ⁴	日	晾 ^{723b527c}	to air or dry in the sun.
ang ⁴ -i ⁴ -liang ⁴		晾一晾	to air a thing in the sun.
ang ⁴ -kuan ¹ -liao ³		晾乾了	aired or dried properly.
ang ⁴ -shai ⁴		晾晒	to air or dry in the sun.
ang ⁴	上	亮 ^{723c526c}	clear, bright, open (ming ²).
ang ⁴ -chiu ⁴		亮轎	an open sedan-chair.
ang ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -pu ⁴		亮青布	glazed cotton.
ang ⁴ -lan ² -ting ³ -tai ⁴		亮藍頂戴	transparent blue button.
ang ⁴ -ming ²		亮明	clear, bright.
ang ⁴ -suo ⁴	[t ²]	亮操	light, roomy.
ang ⁴ -t'ang ² -t'ang ²		亮堂堂的	very bright.
ang ⁴ -tzũ ³		亮子	a body of 500 soldiers.
ang ⁴	言	諒 ^{723b527a}	to believe, to confide in, to trust; to suppose.
ang ⁴ -ch'ing ²		諒情	to examine into the circumstances of a case.
ang ⁴ -hsiang ³		諒想	probably, suppose (ta ⁴ yo ¹).
ang ⁴ -lai ²		諒來	to trust or confide in, to believe; to think.
ang ⁴ -pi ⁴		諒必	to examine; to throw light on; probably.
ang ⁴ -pi ⁴ -ju ² -tz'ũ ³		諒必如此	I think it must necessarily be thus.
ang ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chien ⁴ -kuai ⁴		諒不見怪	I trust you will not think me rude.
ang ⁴	車	輻 ^{721a526b}	a pair of wheels; cart. Numeral of carts.
ang ⁴ (liao)	手才	掠 ^{768b547b}	to rob, to take by violence; to punish. See lüo ⁴ .

AO ¹	手才	撩 ^{724b527c}	to grasp, to manage, to lift up; to cure.
ao ¹ -ch'ü ² -lai ²		撩起來	to pull or raise up.
ao ¹ -chiao ¹		撩交	to make a friendship (chiao ¹ p'êng ² ju ²).
ao ¹ -chih ⁴		撩治	to manage, to control, to regulate; to cure.
ao ¹ -i ¹ -shang ¹		撩衣裳	to raise the clothes.
ao ¹ -jên ²		撩人	to pull a person about in play.
ao ¹ -li ³		撩理	to manage, to control, to regulate.
ao ¹ -pien ¹		撩邊	to hem.
ao ¹ -ping ⁴		撩病	to cure sickness.
ao ¹ -pu ⁴ -k'ai ¹ -shou ³		撩不開手	cannot let go.
ao ¹ -shui ³		撩水	to throw up water by the hand.

AO ²	辵辵	遼 ^{725a527a}	remote, distant, far off.
ao ² -ho ³		遼河	the Liao river in Manchuria.
ao ² -k'uo ⁴		遼闊	extensive.
ao ² -tung ¹		遼東	Manchuria. W. I. 187 (kuan ¹ tung ⁴).
ao ² -wan ⁴		遼望	look far off.
ao ² -yüan ³		遼遠	distant, remote, far off.
ao ²	→	寥 ^{724a528c}	empty, vacant, wide; silent, solitary.
ao ² -lang ²		寥廊	a vast portico.
ao ² -lao ⁴		寥落	solitary and deserted.

<i>liao²-liao²-wu²-pan⁴</i>	寥寥無伴
<i>liao²</i>	耳聊 ^{726b, 528b}
<i>liao²-chai¹-chih⁴-i⁴</i>	聊齋志異
<i>liao²-lui⁴</i>	聊賴
<i>liao²-lang⁴</i>	聊浪
<i>liao²-piao²-ts'un⁴-hsin¹</i>	聊表寸心
<i>liao²</i>	人僚 ^{724a, 527b}
<i>liao²-shu³</i>	僚屬
<i>liao²-yu³</i>	僚友
<i>liao²</i>	疔療 ^{724c, 530c}
<i>liao²-chi¹</i>	療饑
<i>liao²-chih⁴</i>	療治
<i>liao²-ping⁴</i>	療病
<i>liao²-yü¹</i>	療愈
<i>liao²-yung¹</i>	療癰
<i>liao²</i>	尸屨 ^{724b, 528a}
<i>liao²</i>	寮 ^{724b, 527b}
<i>liao²-fang²</i>	寮房

LIAO³	了 ^{726b, 529c}
<i>liao³-an⁴</i>	了案
<i>liao³-chieh²</i>	了結
<i>liao³-chien⁴</i>	了見
<i>liao³-jan²</i>	了然
<i>liao³-jan²-ming²-pai²</i>	了然明白
<i>liao³-liao³</i>	了了
<i>liao³-liang⁴</i>	了亮
<i>liao³-pu⁴-ch'ü²</i>	了不成
<i>liao³-pu⁴-liao³</i>	了不了
<i>liao³-pu⁴-tê²</i>	了不得
<i>liao³-shih⁴</i>	了事
<i>liao³-shou³</i>	了手
<i>liao³-tang¹</i>	了當
<i>liao³-tuan⁴</i>	了斷
<i>liao³-wu⁴</i>	了悟
<i>liao³-yüan⁴</i>	了願
<i>liao³</i>	火燎 ^{724, 529b}
<i>liao³-chiaug¹-p'ao¹</i>	燎漿泡
<i>liao³-kuang¹</i>	燎光
<i>liao³-yüan²</i>	燎原
<i>liao³</i>	日瞭 ^{724, 529c}
<i>liao³-chien⁴</i>	瞭見
<i>liao³-liang⁴</i>	瞭亮

silent and solitary, without a companion.
carelessly, anyhow; a desire, a wish.
name of popular novel.
to depend on, dependence on.
dissolute, licentious; to let run to waste.
for a time manifest my feelings.
a companion, a comrade, a colleague.
same.
same.
to cure; the practice of medicine.
to allay hunger.
to cure.
to cure illness.
convalescent, well, cured.
to cure an abscess.
<i>membrum virile</i>
a fellow-officer; a small window.
a public office; a room in which officers meet.

[234, 1]

final particle; finished; intelligent; fixed, M
to close a case at law.
to finish, to terminate; to die.
to see clearly.
certainly, evidently, clearly (i ¹ mu ⁴ liao ³ jan ²)
to understand clearly.
completely finished; clear, distinct.
intellectual brightness, sense.
unable to complete; no help for it, etc.
unable to finish; irreparable, irretrievable.
irretrievable, irreparable, no help for it.
to conclude an affair.
to finish, to bring one's work to an end.
finished or arranged well.
the decision of a case, decide definitively.
to understand clearly.
to obtain one's wish, to finish what one wishes
beacon-lights; a hanging-lamp.
a blister, raised by burn.
beacon light.
a fire (as of a jungle, etc.)
good eye-sight, able to see to a distance.
to see.
intelligent.

o ³ -wang ⁴	瞭望	to look off.	[liao ³].
o ³ (tzu)	金 鏢 ^{725b528b}	fetters, irons, silver; fine white metal	(chiao ³)
IAO ⁴ (lüeh)	田 畧 ^{768a547a}	a boundary; to partition, to share; to plan.	a little
o ⁴	畧	same.	
o ⁴ -chieh ⁴	畧界	a border, a boundary (pien ¹ chieh ⁴).	
o ⁴ -ch'in ²	畧求	to seek after.	
o ⁴ -ch'ü ³	畧取	to take a few; to select.	
o ⁴ -liao ⁴	畧略	a little; to reflect.	
o ⁴ -lu ⁴	畧路	a road, a way.	
o ⁴ -pao ²	畧薄	a little, a trifle; trifling, etc.	
o ⁴ -tao ⁴	畧道	principles.	
o ⁴ -ti ⁴	畧地	to seize territory (chan ⁴ fên ² t'ien ¹ ti ⁴).	
o ¹ -to ¹	畧多	rather many or more.	
o ¹ -t'ung ²	畧同	generally, for the most part; the same; all alike.	
o ¹ -yu ³	畧有	only a few.	
o ¹ -yung ⁴	畧用	to use but a little.	[sider.
o ¹	米 料 ^{725c530b}	to measure; to calculate, to estimate; to count.	glass-ware (liu ² li ²).
o ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	料器	glass beads.	
o ¹ -chu ¹	料珠	to set a saw.	
o ¹ -chü ⁴	料鋸	to reflect, to consider, to deem.	
o ¹ -hsiang ³	料想	glass-ware.	
o ¹ -huo ⁴	料貨	to calculate.	
o ¹ -i ¹ -liao ⁴	料一料	to estimate, to calculate (ku ⁴ liang ²).	
o ¹ -ku ⁴	料估	to manage, to attend to (kan ⁴ li ³).	
o ¹ -li ³	料理	to estimate one's strength (liang ² li ⁴ êrh ² hsing ²).	
o ¹ -li ³	料力	to measure.	
o ¹ -liang ²	料量	could not have thought of this.	
o ¹ -pu ¹ -tao ⁴ -tz'ü ³	料不到此	a glass-ware shop; a forage shop.	
o ¹ -p'u ⁴	料舖	beyond what one thought of.	
o ¹ -shih ¹ -pu ¹ -tao ⁴	料事不到	bangles, glass armlets or bracelets.	
o ¹ -shou ² -cho ²	料手鐲	to see through this world.	
o ¹ -t'ou ⁴ -shih ¹ -chieh ⁴	料透世界	materials (ts'ai ² liao ⁴).	
o ¹ -ts'ai ²	料材	materials; glass-ware.	
o ¹ -wu ⁴	料物	to seize, to lay down; to pull together.	
o ¹	手 才 擊 ^{768c547c}	same.	
o ¹	擄	to seize.	
o ¹ -ch'ü ³	擄取	to give or leave a present for the priest.	
o ¹ -hsiang ¹ -ch'ien ²	擄香錢	to rob, to plunder (ch'iang ² tao ⁴).	
o ¹ -liao ⁴	擄掠		
EH ¹	口 咧 ^{727b531c}	a final particle.	
i ¹ -lieh ¹	咧咧	same.	

lieh¹-tsui³

咧嘴

to grimace, to mimic.

LIEH⁴

刀 列^{727a531a}

to separate, to distinguish ; to arrange in order

lieh⁴-chên⁴

列陣

to place in order, to form in ranks,

lieh⁴-ch'êng²

列成

to arrange properly.

lieh⁴-kung¹

列公

you, gentlemen, all you gentlemen,

lieh⁴-kuo²

列國

the various kingdoms,

lieh⁴-tsai⁴-hou⁴-t'ou²

列在後頭

enumerated below.

lieh⁴-tso⁴-ch'i²-tz'ü¹

列坐其次

to sit in order.

lieh⁴-wei⁴

列位

you, gentlemen (chu¹ wei⁴).

lieh⁴

火 烈^{727b531a}

ardent, impetuous, enthusiastic, daring, fierce

lieh⁴-chih⁴

烈志

resolution, determination, etc.

lieh⁴-fêng¹

烈風

a violent wind (k'uang² fêng¹).

lieh⁴-fu⁴

烈婦

a chaste wife ; widow who does not marry again

lieh⁴-hsing⁴

烈性

energetic, energy.

lieh⁴-huo³

烈火

a fierce fire.

lieh⁴-k'u³

烈苦

very bitter.

lieh⁴-mêng³

烈猛

ferocious, fierce (mêng³ lieh⁴).

lieh⁴-nü³

烈女

a maiden, a virgin, virtuous women (sho

lieh⁴-shih⁴

烈士

a patriot, a hero (i⁴ ch'i⁴).

lieh⁴

衣 裂^{727c531c}

to tear, to split, to crack ; remnants of cloth, et

lieh⁴-i¹

裂衣

torn clothes (p'o⁴ i¹).

lieh⁴-k'ai¹

裂開

to crack, to split, to burst.

lieh⁴-p'o⁴

裂破

broken, torn.

lieh⁴-wên²

裂紋

a crack.

lieh⁴

力 劣^{728b560a}

weak, infirm, feeble ; just enough, barely suf

lieh⁴-chi¹

劣跡

traces of faults, proof of misconduct.

lieh⁴-chüeh⁴

劣蹶

obstinate, big-headed, wilful, vicious.

lieh⁴-po²

劣薄

weak, feeble ; without ability.

lieh⁴

犬 獵^{728c532b}

to hunt wild animals, to pursue.

lieh⁴-hu⁴

獵戶

hunters (ta³ lieh⁴).

lieh⁴-kou³

獵狗 (犬)

a hunting dog.

lieh⁴-shou⁴

獵獸

to hunt wild animals.

lieh⁴

走 趔^{727c531c}

to slip, to stumble (shih¹ chiao³, tieh¹ tao³).

lieh⁴-ch'ieh¹

趔趔

same (ta³ lieh⁴ ch'ieh¹).

LIEN²

辮 連^{729a532a}

to connect, to unite, to join ; even. M. 305.

lien²-ch'an²-pu¹-luan⁴

連纏不斷

unbroken connection.

lien²-chia³-tai⁴-chên¹

連假帶真

both true and false.

lien²-chiao⁴-chi³-shêng¹

連叫幾聲

and also called out several times.

lien²-chieh¹

連接

to affix, to join together.

lien²-chieh²

連捷

to overcome, to win successive victories.

lien²-chîn¹

連襟

a wife's sister's husband, brother-in-law.

en ² -chuang ¹ -hui ⁴	連莊會	an association of villages.	[(first place).
en ² -chung ⁴ -san ¹ -yüan ²	連中三元	to gain the three highest degrees in succession	
en ² -hao ⁴	連號	connected shops ; numbers in regularity,	
en ² -ho ²	連合	united together.	
en ² -hsin ¹ -jou ⁴	連心肉	the flesh next the heart.	
en ² -huan ² -pao ³	連環保	to give security one for another.	
en ² -huan ²	連環	to link, to connect ; several rounds or links.	
en ² -huo ³	連夥	in partnership (huo ³ chi ⁴).	
en ² -jên ² -tai ⁴ -ma ³	連人帶馬	both men and horse.	
en ² -kên ¹ -pa ²	連根拔	to tear out even the root.	
en ² -k' o ¹	連科	to gain successive degrees (2nd and 3rd).	
en ² -lei ⁴	連累	to implicate, to entangle, to involve (t' o ¹ lei ⁴).	
en ² -li ³	連理	intimate, friendly (shu ² shih ⁴).	
en ² -li ⁴	連利	quick.	
en ² -lien ²	連連	joined together, in succession (ch'ien ¹ lien ²).	
en ² -lien ² -pu ⁴ -tuan ⁴	連連不斷	in uninterrupted succession.	
en ² -mang ³	連忙	instantly, hastily, at once.	
en ² -nan ² -tai ⁴ -nü ³	連男帶女	both male and female.	
en ² -nien ² -pu ⁴ -shou ¹	連年不收	successive bad harvests.	
en ² -pao ²	連保	a number of joint securities,	
en ² -p' in ⁴ -hu ² -tzü ³	連鬚鬍子	side whiskers,	
en ² -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴	連不上	it does not join on.	
en ² -san ¹ -tao ⁴ -ssü ⁴	連三倒四	in close succession.	
en ² -shêng ¹ -kuei ⁴ -tzü ³	連生貴子	two successive famous sons.	
en ² -shêng ¹ -san ¹ -chi ⁴	連陞三級	promoted three times in succession.	
en ² -shou ³	連手	a connexion which is a help.	
en ² -shu ³	連屬	related to.	
en ² -t' a ¹	連他	he also.	
en ² -t' a ¹ -tai ⁴ .wo ³	連他帶我	he and I.	
en ² -têng ¹	連登	to ascend in succession (e. g., in examinations).	
en ² -tung ¹	連東	several shops owned by one master.	
en ² -yeh ⁴ -kan ³ -huo ² , ⁴	連夜趕活	to work successive nights.	
en ² -yin ¹ -yü ³	連陰雨	continuous rains.	
en ²	蓮	the lotus or water-lily.	
en ² -fên ³	蓮粉	ground lotus roots, arrowroot.	
en ² -hua ¹	蓮花	the lotus blossom.	
en ² -hua ¹ -ch' ih ²	蓮花池	a lily-poud.	
en ² -hua ¹ -ching ¹	蓮花經	a famous Buddhist Classic.	
en ² -hua ¹ -t' ang ³	蓮花塘	a lotus pond.	
en ² -jou ⁴	蓮肉	water-lily seeds.	
en ² -mi ³	蓮米	lotus seeds.	
en ² -ou ² -ho ³	蓮藕荷	the lotus.	
en ² -p' êng ²	蓮蓬	the lotus head containing the seed.	

<i>lien²-tũ³</i>		蓮子		water-lily seeds, lotus nuts.
<i>lien²</i>	耳	聯 ^{731b533b}		to join, to connect, to unite; to arrange.
<i>lien²-chieh²</i>		聯捷		to pass examinations one after the other.
<i>lien²-ch'ün²</i>		聯羣		to flock together.
<i>lien²-ho²</i>		聯合		to attach, to join.
<i>lien²-hang²</i>		聯行		{ to combine, as tradesmen to keep up prices { etc. (ch'ü ² hang ² pa ⁴ shih ⁴).
<i>lien²-kuan⁴</i>		聯貫		strung together.
<i>lien²-lo⁴-i¹-p'ien⁴</i>		聯絡一片		to bind together in one bundle.
<i>lien²-mien² pu⁴-tuan⁴</i>		聯綿不斷		surely connected together.
<i>lien²-ming²-pao³-chuang⁴</i>		聯名保狀		joint bail.
<i>lien²-shou³</i>		聯手		united strength.
<i>lien²-shu³</i>		聯屬		related to, connected with.
<i>lien²-yin¹</i>		聯姻		a connection by marriage.
<i>lien²</i>	心 小	憐 ^{733b534a}		[love] compassion, pity; to pity, to commiserate; to
<i>lien²-ai⁴</i>		憐愛		to love; kind-hearted.
<i>lien²-hsi²</i>		憐惜		to sympathize.
<i>lien²-hsü¹</i>		憐恤		to compassionate, to pity (ching ¹ lien ²).
<i>lien²-min³</i>		憐憫		same.
<i>lien²-nien⁴</i>		憐念		same.
<i>lien²-p'in²</i>		憐貧		to pity the poor.
<i>lien²</i>	广	廉 ^{730c534a}		a corner; economical; pure, uncorrupted.
<i>lien²-chieh³</i>		廉節		moderate, sparing; unavaricious, not grasping
<i>lien²-ch'ih³</i>		廉恥		modest, bashful (li ³ i ⁴ lien ² ch'ih ³).
<i>lien²-shih⁴</i>		廉士		a disinterested person.
<i>lien²</i>	金 鐘	鏈 ^{733b533b}		a chain; connected, locked together; to link
<i>lien²-huan³</i>		鏈環		linked.
<i>lien²-huan²-kun⁴</i>		鏈環棍		a sort of flail.
<i>lien² (tzü) 竹 帘 簾</i>		簾 ^{731a534b}		a screen, a curtain (chang ⁴).
<i>lien²-lung³</i>		簾攏		same.
<i>lien²-nei⁴</i>		簾內		within the screen, private.
<i>lien²-wai⁴</i>		簾外		without the screen, public.
<i>lien²</i>	金 鎌	鎌 ^{731b534c}		a hook, a sickle.
<i>lien²-pa¹-rh²</i>		鎌把兒		the handle of a sickle.
<i>lien²-tao¹-tzü³</i>		鎌刀子		a hook, a sickle.
<i>lien²</i>	巾	帘 ^{731b533c}		a booth, a flag hung up where liquors are sold
<i>lien²-mêng²</i>		帘盟		to swear eternal friendship.
<i>lien²-tsung¹</i>		帘宗		to join, as one family having the same surname
<i>lien⁵</i>	肉 月	腓 ^{730c534c}		the sides of the leg.
<i>lien² jou⁴</i>		腓肉		the calf of the leg.
<i>lien²</i>	大	奩 ^{731c533c}		a toilet box, a lady's toilet.
<i>lien²-ching⁴</i>		奩敬		words on present to bride's parents,
<i>lien² i²</i>		奩儀		money given to a bride.

EN³ 肉月 臉^{732a535a}
 en³-fa¹-liao³-hung² 臉發了紅
 en³-han³ 臉罕
 en³-hung²-liao³ 臉紅了
 en³-juan³ 臉軟
 en³-mien⁴ 臉面
 en³-mien⁴-fa¹-kuang¹ 臉面發光
 en³-mien⁴-ch'ien² 臉面錢
 en³-p'ên² 臉盆
 en³-p'i²-hou⁴ 臉皮厚
 en³-p'i²-pao² 臉皮薄
 en³-shang¹-fa¹-fu² 臉上發福
 en³-shang⁴-mu²-kuang¹ 臉上沒光
 en³-suan¹ 臉酸
 en³-tan¹ 臉單
 en³-tan⁴·r^h² 臉蛋兒
 EN³ 手才 捷^{729c535c}
 en³-tsai⁴-i¹-k'uai⁴ 捷在一塊
 en³-t'u³ 捷土

the cheek, the face ; reputation.
 to colour up, to blush.
 shameless (ssü³ p'i² lai⁴ lien³).
 blushing, the face red.
 considerate, soft-hearted.
 the face, influence.
 bright countenance.
 "face" money.
 "face basin," a wash-hand basin.
 "face skin thick," shameless.
 bashful (mien³ t'ien³).
 a prosperous look.
 lost face, disgraced (tiu¹ lien³).
 a sour looking face, crabbed looking.
 bashful (mien³ t'ien³).
 the cheeks (sai¹ pang¹ tzü³).
 to take, to remove.
 to gather together.
 to clear away earth.

EN⁴ 糸 練^{733a536a}
 en⁴-ch'u¹-lai²-ti¹ 練出來的
 en⁴-chün¹-tui⁴ 練軍隊
 en⁴-fu² 練服
 en⁴-hsi² 練習
 en⁴-pa¹-shih⁴ 練把式
 en⁴-ping¹ 練兵
 en⁴-ta² 練達
 en⁴-ti¹-pu⁴-tao⁴ 練的不到
 en⁴-tsai⁴-i¹-ch'u⁴ 練在一處
 en⁴-wu³ 練武
 en⁴-yüeh⁴ 練閱
 en⁴-yung³ 練勇
 EN⁴ 火 煉^{732c536b}
 en⁴-ch'i⁴ 煉氣
 en⁴-chu¹-yu² 煉猪油
 en⁴-shih³-pu¹-t'ien¹ 煉石補天
 en⁴-tan¹ [kang¹ 煉丹
 en⁴-t'ieh³-ch'ên²- 煉鐵成鋼
 EN⁴ 金 鍊^{733a536b}
 en⁴-chin¹ 鍊金
 en⁴-shou² 鍊熟
 EN⁴ 支 斂^{732b534c}

to experiment, to learn by experience.
 successfully practised.
 specially drilled troops (t'uan² lien⁴).
 one year's mourning for an uncle or aunt, etc.
 to practise, practised in.
 to practice gymnastics.
 to drill troops (ts'ao² ping¹).
 to practise, experienced.
 not well enough drilled.
 to tie up together.
 to drill troops.
 to inspect troops.
 to drill militia.
 to melt, to refine metals by fire.
 to refine the vital principle.
 to try pork fat.
 to melt stones and mend the skies, as nü wa did.
 to prepare the magic drug--of immortality.
 iron melted becomes steel (fig.).
 to melt metals, to refine, to purify ; matured.
 to melt or refine gold.
 experienced.
 to amass, to hoard up ; to harvest, to reap.

<i>lien⁴-chi¹</i>	斂跡	to conceal one's self,
<i>lien⁴-ch'ien²</i>	斂錢	to collect money.
<i>lien⁴-chü⁴</i>	斂聚	to collect together; to extort avariciously.
<i>lien⁴-pai³-chia¹-so³</i>	斂百家鎖	to collect a certain charm for child.
<i>lien⁴-ping¹-chü⁴-chian⁴</i>	斂兵聚將	to gather soldiers and generals (for war).
<i>lien⁴-sé⁴</i>	斂齋	to hoard up; miserly, niggardly (<i>lin⁴ sé⁴</i>).
<i>lien⁴-ts'ang²</i>	斂藏	to hoard up (<i>chi¹ hsü⁴</i>).
<i>lien⁴</i>	戀心小	warm affection for, attachment to. See <i>lian⁴</i> .
<i>lien⁴-ai⁴</i>	戀愛	to love tenderly (<i>ai⁴ hsi²</i>).
<i>lien⁴-chü⁴</i>	戀妓	a hankering after prostitutes.
<i>lien⁴-chia¹</i>	戀家	to be a stay-at-home.
<i>lien⁴-chiu³</i>	戀酒	overfond of wine.
<i>lien⁴-chu⁴-shên¹-tzu³</i>	戀住身子	bound by a hankering after.
<i>lien⁴-lien⁴-pu⁴-shê⁴</i>	戀戀不舍	hankering after, unable to part with.
<i>lien⁴-mu⁴</i>	戀幕	to hanker after.
<i>lien⁴-sé⁴</i>	戀色	lecherous.
<i>lien⁴-té²-chu⁴-jên²</i>	戀得住人	can captivate men (orator).
<i>lien⁴</i>	殮 歹	to dress the dead, to enshroud (<i>ch'êng² lien⁴</i>).
<i>lien⁴-chü⁴</i>	殮具	various things used when confining a corpse.
<i>lien⁴-mai²</i>	殮埋	to bury, to inter.
<i>lien⁴-tsang⁴</i>	殮葬	same (<i>pin⁴ tsang⁴</i>).

LIN²	臣 臨	734b540c	to descend to; to approach; about to (<i>chiang⁴</i>).
<i>lin²-chên⁴</i>	臨陣		about to enter into action.
<i>lin²-chên⁴-mo²-ch'iang¹</i>	臨陣磨槍		sharpening sword on entering battle (too late).
<i>lin²-ch'î¹</i>	臨期		near the time.
<i>lin²-chin⁴</i>	臨近		to draw near (of time), approach.
<i>lin²-chung¹</i>	臨終		about to die.
<i>lin²-fan²</i>	臨凡		to come down to earth (<i>chiang⁴ lin²</i>).
<i>lin²-fang¹</i>	臨坊		neighbouring places, close vicinity.
<i>lin²-hsü⁴</i>	臨下		to descend to the people.
<i>lin²-hsing³</i>	臨行		about to start.
<i>lin²-jên²</i>	臨人		neighbours, approaching persons.
<i>lin²-ko³-chüeh¹-ching³</i>	臨渴掘井		to dig a well when thirsty—too late (<i>lai² pu⁴ chi²</i>).
<i>lin²-lai²</i>	臨來		about to come.
<i>lin²-liao³-rh²</i>	臨了兒		at last, after all, at the end.
<i>lin²-mo⁴-mo⁴-liao³</i>	臨末了		at the very end.
<i>lin²-p'ên²</i>	臨盆		near confinement. See <i>Note 52</i> .
<i>lin²-pu⁴-tao⁴</i>	臨不到		cannot draw near.
<i>lin²-shih²</i>	臨時		near the time.
<i>lin²-shih⁴-k'ao⁴-chi²</i>	臨事靠急		when the test comes.
<i>lin²-ssü³</i>	臨死		about to die, at the point of death.
<i>lin²-tu⁴</i>	臨大		great.

lin ² -t'ieh ¹	臨帖	to copy from copy-slips.
lin ² -t'ou ²	臨頭	to come to a head.
lin ² -tsou ³	臨走	about to go.
lin ² -wei ²	臨危	about to die (ch'ui ² wei ²).
lin ²	邑 卩 隣 鄰	near to, connected; neighbors; 5 families.
lin ² -chü ¹	隣居	a neighbour.
lin ² -fêng ¹	鄰封	neighboring districts (hsien).
lin ² -kuo ²	鄰國	neighbouring countries.
lin ² -li ³	鄰里	neighbouring villages.
lin ² -li ³ -hsiang ¹ -tang ³	鄰里鄉黨	neighbours and fellow-villagers.
lin ² -pang ¹ -hsiang ¹ -chu ⁴	鄰邦相助	neighboring states mutually help.
lin ² -shê ⁴	鄰舍	neighbours.
lin ² -ts'un ¹	鄰村	neighbouring villages.
lin ²	魚 鱗	the scales of fishes.
lin ² -chia ³	鱗甲	fish-scales.
lin ² -ch'ung ²	鱗蟲	snakes and dragons.
lin ² -lei ⁴	鱗類	the fish class.
lin ² -pu ⁴	鱗部	same.
lin ² -shê ²	鱗蛇	a boa constrictor (mang ³ ch'ung ²).
lin ² -wu ⁴	鱗物	the scaly tribes.
lin ²	水 瀝 淋	water dripping, to drip, to wet, to soak; a pool.
lin ² -ch'ih ²	淋池	a pool, a pond.
lin ² -chiu ³	淋酒	to strain wine.
lin ² -hua ¹	淋花	to water flowers (chiao ¹ hua ¹).
lin ² -hui ¹	淋灰	to slake lime; to leach ashes.
lin ² -li ⁴	淋瀝	moistened, thoroughly wet, dripping wet.
lin ² -lin ²	淋淋	slight rain.
lin ² -shih ¹ -liao ³	淋濕了	wet through.
lin ² -shui ³	淋水	to filter water.
lin ² -t'ou ⁴ -liao ³	淋透了	soaked with rain.
lin ² -ts'u ⁴	淋醋	to make vinegar.
lin ² -yü ³	淋雨	to be drenched with rain; to rain.
lin ²	鹿 麋 麟	a large stag (fabulous); splendour, light. G. 127.
lin ² -chih ³	麟趾	a son and heir.
lin ² -fêng ⁴ -kuei ¹ -lung ²	麟鳳龜龍	the chilin, phoenix, tortoise, dragon. [was born].
lin ² -t'u ¹ -yü ⁴ -shu ¹	麟吐玉書	the chilin spat out a slip of jade (when Confucius
lin ² (tzü)	木 林	a grove, a wood, a forest, a clump of trees; many.
lin ² -hsia ⁴	林下	an official who has retired.
lin ² -mu ⁴	林木	groves, trees in a grove (shu ⁴ lin ² tzü ³).
lin ²	雨 霖	abundant, genial rain (kan ¹ lin ²).
lin ² -yü ³	霖雨	genial showers.
lin ²	疝 痲	diseases of the bladder, gravel, stone.
lin ² -chêng ⁴	痲症	same.

- lin² 遴 遴 735b542c to walk or act with difficulty ; stingy ; to desire
lin²-hsüan³ 遴 遴 to select carefully.
- LIN³ 廩 廩 736a542a a public granary ; name of an office.
lin³-lu⁴ 廩 廩 allowances of government to inferior graduate
lin³-pao³ 廩 保 { a surety for the respectability of a candidate
(jên⁴ pao³).
- lin³-shan⁴ 廩 膳 allowances of government to inferior graduate
lin³-shêng¹ 廩 生 a literary graduate (hsiu⁴ ts'ai¹). G. 470 (pu³ lin³)
lin³ (tzŭ) 木 標 736b542b a cross-beam, purlin.
lin³-ch'uan³ 木 標 椽 cross-beams and rafters.
- LIN⁴ 吝 吝 吝 736b542b mean, niggardly, stingy, sparing ; ashamed
lin⁴-hsü² 吝 惜 saving, sparing, economical (chien³ shêng³).
lin⁴-sé⁴ 吝 嗇 mean, niggardly, stingy, sparing, frugal.
lin⁴-ts'ai²-pu⁴-shé³ 吝 財 不 捨 parsimonious.
lin⁴ 具 賃 736c636c to rent a house, to pay for the loan of anything
lin⁴-chia¹-huo³ 賃 傢 伙 to hire furniture (ku⁴).
lin⁴-fung²-t.ŭ³ 賃 房 子 to rent a house (tsu¹ fang² tzŭ³).
- LING² 兩 靈 靈 739a543a spiritual, subtle, ethereal, intelligent ; efficacious
ling²-ch'ü¹ 靈 機 the faculties.
ling²-ch'ü⁴ 靈 氣 efficacy ; ethereal, spiritual.
ling²-ch'iao³ 靈 巧 ingenious, clever (min³ chieh²).
ling²-ch'iao⁴ 靈 竅 cleverness.
ling²-ch'iao⁴ 靈 竅 quick-witted, smart, gifted.
ling²-ch'ien¹ 靈 籤 divination slips in temples (ch'ou¹ ch'ien¹).
ling²-ch'ien² 靈 籤 before the coffin or ancestral tablet.
ling²-chih¹-ts'ao³ 靈 芝 草 the plant of immortality (a fungus).
ling²-chü¹ 靈 柩 corpse (shih¹ shou³).
ling²-hui¹ 靈 慧 quick perception, intelligent.
ling²-hun² 靈 魂 the soul (hun² ling², chiao² hun²).
ling²-miao⁴ 靈 妙 ingenious, clever, extremely intelligent.
ling²-ming² 靈 明 clear, intelligent ; the soul, the mind. [wei⁴]
ling²-p'ai² 靈 牌 the tablet of a deceased person. See Note 2 (p'ai²)
ling²-pien⁴ 靈 便 clever
ling²-pien⁴ 靈 變 versatile (yüan² t'ung¹).
ling²-shan⁴ 靈 善 good, handy.
ling²-tan¹ 靈 丹 life preserving pills.
ling²-t'ang² 靈 堂 the place for worshipping ancestral tablets.
ling²-t'u² 靈 徒 your (clever) pupil.
ling²-tung⁴ 靈 動 an inventive, ingenious mind, intelligent.
ling²-wei¹ 靈 位 the tablet of a deceased person. See Note 2.

ling²-yen⁴ 靈驗
 ling²-ying⁴ 靈應
 ling² 人 伶 737a544b
 ling²-ch'iao³ 伶巧
 ling²-jên² 伶人
 ling²-kung¹ 伶工
 ling² li⁴ 伶俐
 ling²-pien⁴ 伶便
 ling²-shih⁴-ling²-ting¹ 伶式伶行
 ling²-ting¹ 伶丁
 ling²-ya²-li⁴-ch'ih³ 伶牙俐齒
 ling² 雨 零 738a545b
 ling²-ch'ieu² 零錢
 ling²-hsing¹ 零星
 ling²-hua¹-fei⁴ 零花費
 ling²-lao⁴ 零落
 ling²-mai⁴ 零賣
 ling²-sui⁴ 零碎
 ling²-ting¹ 零丁
 ling²-wu³-ko⁴ 零五個
 ling²-wu⁴ 零物
 ling² 艸 廿 菱 740b544a
 ling²-chiao³ 菱角
 ling²-hua¹-ching⁴ 菱花鏡
 ling²-hua¹-mi³ 菱花米
 ling² 凌 739c543c
 ling²-ch'ih² 凌遲
 ling²-jên² 凌人
 ling²-ju⁴ 凌辱
 ling²-nio⁴ 凌虐
 ling² pi⁴ 凌逼
 ling²-shih⁴ 凌室
 ling²-yin¹ 凌陰
 ling² 阜 卩 陵 740b543c
 ling²-ch'in³ 陵寢
 ling²-ch'iu¹ 陵邱
 ling²-hsia⁴ 陵下
 ling²-hu⁴ 陵戶
 ling² (tzu) 糸 綾 740a544a
 ling²-chüan⁴ 綾絹
 ling²-lo² 綾羅
 ling²-lo² tuan⁴-p'i³ 綾羅緞疋

efficacious, a miracle (hsiao⁴ yen⁴),
 a sure response to prayer.
 clever; alone; to play, to act the buffoon.
 clever, ingenious.
 a buffoon, a clown; a musician.
 musicians. [ch'iao³].
 clever, intelligent, quick of apprehension (hsin¹
 handy, convenient (fang¹ pien⁴).
 tottering, carefully.
 alone and disconsolate (ch'i¹ liang²).
 eloquence, eloquent, glib, plausible.
 small rain; the residue; fractional, odd numbers.
 odd cash. [neous.
 scattered, odds and ends, fragments, miscella-
 sundry expenses.
 the fall of the leaf; poor, poverty.
 to retail, to sell in small quantities.
 odds and ends, fragments, miscellaneous,
 solitary, unprotected, disconsolate.
 and five (of numbers).
 odds and ends of things.
 the water chestnut (pi² hsi⁴, lêng² chiao¹).
 the water chestnut.
 a looking glass, a toilet glass.
 kernel of the water chestnut.
 ice; to insult, to put to shame; struck with fear.
 { death by hacking to pieces (for patricide).
 (Also 凌刷).
 a person to take care of ice; to insult a person.
 to disgrace, to insult, abuse, to dishonour, etc.
 to tyrannize over (pao⁴ nio⁴).
 to insult, to tyrannize over, to oppress, to extort.
 an ice-house.
 same.
 the imperial tombs; high, eminent; to aspire to
 imperial tombs (huang² ling²).
 same.
 to tyrannize over inferiors.
 keepers of the imperial tombs.
 a fine sort of silk, damask silk.
 silk gauze.
 same.
 silk and satin.

ling ² (tzu)	羽	翎 ^{737b545a}	wings, feathers, peacock's feathers,
ling ² -kuan ³		翎管	quills; a tube for containing the feathers in a hat
ling ² -muo ²		翎毛	feathers.
ling ²	齒	齡 ^{738b545c}	the teeth: the years of a person's age.
ling ² -nien ²		齡年	the years of one's age (a young person).
ling ² -shou ⁴		齡壽	the years of one's age (elderly); 90 years of age
ling ² -sui ⁴		齡歲	the years of one's age.
ling ²	玉	玲 ^{737b544c}	to tinkle.
ling ² -lung ²		玲瓏	elegant, regular in appearance.
ling ² -lung ² -pao ¹ -t'au ³		玲瓏寶塔	an elegant pagoda.
ling ²	金	鈴 ^{738a545b}	a small bell; empty words.
ling ² -tang ¹		鈴鐺	a bell (small) (chung ²).
ling ² (tzu)	木	櫺 ^{739c544b}	the cross-bars of windows.
ling ²	虫	蛉 ^{738a545a}	a flying insect like a mosquito (pai ² ling ²).
ling ²	耳	聆 ^{737c545a}	to hear.

LING ³	頁	領 ^{738b545c}	<i>To receive.</i> a collar, the neck, to govern, to direct.
ling ³ -chên ⁴		領賑	to receive famine relief (fang ⁴ chên ¹).
ling ³ -chiang ³		領港	to pilot a vessel.
ling ³ -chiang ³ -ti ¹		領港的	a pilot.
ling ³ -chiao ¹		領教	may I ask? to receive instruction (ch'ing ³ chiao ¹)
ling ³ -ch'ien ²		領錢	to receive money.
ling ³ -chih ³ -i ⁴		領旨意	to receive the Emperor's will.
ling ³ -ch'ing ²		領情	to be indebted to (mêng ² ch'ing ²).
ling ³ -fan ⁴		領飯	to take food in famine times.
ling ³ -hsi ³		領洗	to receive baptism.
ling ³ -hsieh ⁴		領謝	to accept with thanks.
ling ³ -hsiu ⁴		領袖	"collar and cuffs," the best hand, the manager
ling ³ -i ¹ -tzu ³		領衣子	the pieces put down the front and back of a
ling ³ -lu ⁴		領錄	a record. [coat
ling ³ -lu ⁴		領路	to show one the road.
ling ³ -ming ⁴		領命	to receive commands; I receive your commands
ling ³ -no ⁴		領諾	to assent, to promise.
ling ³ -pan ¹		領班	the head of runners.
ling ³ -ping ¹		領兵	to lead troops; a general.
ling ³ -ping ¹ -yüan ² -shua ⁴		領兵元帥	a generalissimo.
ling ³ -p'ing ²	[jên ⁴	領憑	testimonials, credentials, to receive credentials
ling ³ -p'ing ² -shang ⁴		領憑上任	receive credentials and go to one's post.
ling ³ -shang ³		領賞	to receive rewards.
ling ³ -shih ⁴ -kuan ¹		領事官	a Consul.
ling ³ -shou ¹		領收	to receive, to accept.
ling ³ -shou ⁴		領受	same.
ling ³ -tai ¹		領帶	to lead, to direct.

ng³-tai⁴-yin³-chien⁴ 領帶引見
 ng³-t'iao¹ 領條
 ng³-t'on²-érh² 領頭兒
 ng³-tso¹-ti¹ 領作的
 ng³ 凜凜 740c542b
 ng³-tsun¹ 凜遵
 ng³ 山嶺 739a546b

to lead into the imperial presence.
 binding round collar.
 a leader.
 done under guidance.
 to shiver with cold.
 tremblingly obey! (proclamations).
 a mountain top (fêng¹ ling³).

ING⁴ 人 { 令 736c546b
 ng⁴ 令
 ng⁴-ai¹ 令愛
 ng⁴-chéng⁴ 令正
 ng⁴-chéng⁴-fu¹-jên² 令正夫人
 ng⁴-ch'í² 令旗
 ng⁴-chien⁴ 令箭
 ng⁴-ch'ien¹-chin¹ 令千金
 ng⁴-chih² 令姪
 ng⁴-hsing² 令行
 ng⁴-hsiung¹ 令兄
 ng⁴-jên²-hsiu¹-ch'ih³ 令人羞耻
 ng⁴-jên²-k'o³-hên⁴ 令人可恨
 ng⁴-jên²-shêng¹-ch'í¹ 令人生氣
 ng⁴-kao¹-t'ang² 令高堂
 ng⁴-k'un¹-chung⁴ 令昆仲
 ng⁴-kung¹-tzü³ 令公子
 ng⁴-lang² 令郎
 ng⁴-mei⁴ 令妹
 ng⁴-shu² 令叔
 ng⁴-sun¹ 令孫
 ng⁴-t'an³ 令坦
 ng⁴-t'ang² 令堂
 ng⁴-ti⁴ 令弟
 ng⁴-tsun¹ 令尊
 ng⁴-tsun¹-wêng¹ 令尊翁
 ng⁴-tz'ü² 令慈
 ng⁴-wên² 令聞

to order, to cause, law; your honored. M. 179.
 same.
 your daughter.
 a wife, your wife (to a teacher).
 same.
 a signal flag to direct the movement of troops.
 an arrow used to direct or levy troops, etc. G. [736c.
 your daughter.
 your cousin or nephew.
 to order to do; to act justly or well.
 your elder brother.
 to abash, to cause shame to a person.
 to cause people to hate him.
 to make people angry.
 your father and mother.
 your worthy brothers.
 your son.
 same.
 your sister.
 your uncle.
 your grandson.
 your son-in-law.
 your mother.
 your younger brother.
 your father.
 same.
 your mother.
 a good character.
 additional, besides, moreover; another.
 to engage another high scholar.
 to live separate or apart.
 to take another wife.
 devise another good plan.
 to write a separate copy.
 to change for another.

ng⁴ 另 740c546c
 ng⁴-ch'ing³-kao¹-ming² 另請高明
 ng⁴-chü¹ 另居
 ng⁴-ch'ü³ 另娶 [fa²
 ng⁴-hsiang³-shan⁴- 另想善法
 ng⁴-hsieh³-i¹-chang¹ 另寫一張
 ng⁴-huun⁴ 另換

ling⁴-jên² 另人
 ling⁴-jih⁴ 另日
 ling⁴-kai³-mân²-t'ing² 另改門庭
 ling⁴-mai³-hao³-ti¹ 另買好的
 ling⁴-t'ou²-mân²-lu⁴ 另投門路
 ling⁴-tso⁴ 另做
 ling⁴-wai¹ 另外
 ling⁴-wai¹-chia¹-ch'ien² 另外加錢
 ling⁴-yen³-hsiang¹-k an¹ 另眼相看
 ling⁴-yu³ 另有
 ling⁴-yu³-i¹-fan¹ 另有一番
 ling⁴-yu³-pan⁴-fa² 另有辦法
 ling⁴-yu³-pieh²-ch'ing² 另有別情

LIU¹ 水 溜 743a550a
 liu¹-fêng¹-jên² 溜奉人
 liu¹-hung¹-jên² 溜哄人
 liu¹-hsieh³ 溜血
 liu¹-kou¹-tzu³ 溜溝子
 liu¹-kuang¹-êrh² 溜光兒
 liu¹-nung² 溜膿
 liu¹-p'ing² 溜平
 liu¹-shu⁴-shu⁴-ti¹ 溜豎豎的
 liu¹-ta³-liu¹-ta³ 溜打溜打

LIU² 水 流 741b549a
 liu²-ch'ang¹ 流娼
 liu²-chih¹ 流支
 liu²-chuan³ 流轉
 liu²-ch'uan² 流傳
 liu²-fang¹-pai³-shih⁴ 流芳百世
 liu²-han⁴ 流汗
 liu²-hsieh³ 流血
 liu²-hsing¹ 流星
 liu²-k'ou⁴ 流寇
 liu²-kuang⁴ 流逛
 liu²-lei⁴ 流淚
 liu²-li²-shih¹-so³ 流離失所
 liu²-lien² 流連
 liu²-liu² 流流
 liu²-liu²-ti¹-fêng¹ 流流的風
 liu²-lo⁴ 流落
 liu²-min³ 流民

another person.
 another day (kai³ jih⁴).
 to change (fig.).
 buy other good ones.
 to seek another employment.
 make another.
 besides, exclusive of, additionally; separately
 extra money added.
 special regard for each other.
 there is another.
 there is another matter.
 there is another way of doing it.
 there are other circumstances.

to flow gently; to issue forth. M. 415.
 to flatter.
 same.
 to bleed.
 a sycophant (pa¹ chieh²). = a hanger-on of great people
 a slippery customer.
 to discharge pus.
 perfectly smooth.
 staring, glaring.
 to take a walk, to stroll (mo² yu²).

to flow, to glide; to descend; the course of.
 a prostitute (ch'ang¹ chi¹).
 rivulets.
 to wander backwards and forwards.
 handed down, etc.
 a fragrant name for a hundred generations.
 to sweat (ch'u¹ han⁴).
 to bleed. [(tsei² hsing¹)]
 a meteor; strings and balls, used by jugglers, et
 brigands, banditti (tao⁴ k'ou¹).
 to walk, to ramble, to stroll (mo² yu²).
 to shed tears (han² lei⁴).
 homeless, vagrant.
 to delay one's departure.
 slowly, glidingly, gently.
 a gentle breeze (sou¹ sou¹ ti¹ fêng¹).
 to stray, to wander, to stroll.
 vagrants, tramps, vagabonds (or 氓 mang²).

liu ² -ming ² -ch'ien ¹ -ku ³	流名千古	everlasting fame.
liu ² poi ² -tai ⁴	流白帶	the whites.
liu ² -ping ¹	流冰	to skate (p'ao ³ ping ¹).
liu ² -p'ing ² -ti ⁴	流平地	the level ground (p'ing ² yüan ²).
liu ² -pu ⁴ -tieh ²	流不迭	(water) can't flow away.
liu ² -sha ¹	流沙	shifting sands.
liu ² -shui ³	流水	flowing water (t'ang ³ shui ³).
liu ² -shui ³ -chung ⁴	流水賬	day-book; current accounts.
liu ² -shui ³ -hsi ³	流水席	a succession of guests
liu ² -tung ⁴	流蕩	to wander, to rove about.
liu ² -tung ⁴ -chu ³ -i ⁴	流蕩主意	without resolution or purpose,
liu ² -tsei ²	流賊	roving banditti.
liu ² -tsui ⁴	流罪	banishment for life.
liu ² -t'u ²	流徒	banishment (ch'ing ¹ chün ¹).
liu ² -yen ²	流言	rumor (yao ³ yen ²).
liu ² -yen ³ -lei ⁴	流眼淚	to let fall tears.
liu ²	玉瑠	a pearl, a bead; vitreous, glazed; shining, bright.
liu ² -ch'iu ²	琉球	the Loochoo islands.
liu ² -ch'iu ² -kuo ³	琉球國	same.
liu ² -li ²	琉璃	a pearl, a bead; glazed, shining, bright, glossy.
liu ² -li ² -h'ang ³	琉璃廠	a celebrated street in Peking for books, etc.
liu ² -li ² -chu ⁴	琉璃珠	glass beads; <i>swells, flush</i> characters.
liu ² -li ² -la ¹ -pa ¹	琉璃喇叭	a strass trumpet.
liu ² -li ² -p'ing ²	琉璃瓶	a dark bottle.
liu ² -li ² -wa ³	琉璃瓦	glazed tiles.
liu ² -li ² -yao ³	琉璃窑	a kiln for strass.
liu ²	石硫	sulphur, brimstone.
liu ² -huang ²	硫黃	same.
liu ² -huang ² -ch'uang ²	硫黃强水	sulphuric acid.
liu ² -huang ² -mien ⁴ -tzu ³	硫黃麪子	flour of brimstone.
liu ² -huang ² -mo ⁴	硫黃末	same.
liu ²	田畝畱	to stop, to keep, to delay; slowly; a long time.
liu ² -ch'ing ²	留情	to make allowance for social ties, etc.
liu ² chiu ³	留久	to detain long, a length of time.
liu ² -chu ⁴	留住	to keep, to detain.
liu ² chüeh ²	*留訣	a parting keepsake, parting words.
liu ² -fa ³	留髮	"to leave hair," the tonsure of a Taoist priest.
liu ² -hou ⁴ -shou ³	留後手	to leave for posterity
liu ² -hsia ⁴	留下	to take care of; to keep.
liu ² -hsia ⁴ -i ² -yen ²	留下遺言	to leave behind a will.
liu ² -hsin ¹	留心	careful, carefully; to apply the mind to.
liu ² -hsin ¹ -pan ⁴ -shih ⁴	留心辦事	mind what you are about! to manage carefully.
liu ² -hsin ³	留宿	to keep for the night.

<i>liu</i> ² - <i>i</i> ²		留遺
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>i</i> ⁴		留意
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>jên</i> ⁴		留任
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>k'o</i> ⁴		留客
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>k'ung</i> ¹ - <i>êrh</i> ²		留空兒
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>lien</i> ² - <i>pu</i> ⁴ - <i>shé</i> ³		留連不捨
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>liun</i> ⁴ - <i>pu</i> ¹ - <i>shé</i> ³		留戀不舍
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>mên</i> ²		留門
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>ming</i> ²		留名
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>pieh</i> ²		留別
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>pien</i> ⁴ - <i>tzŭ</i> ³		留辮子
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>pin</i> ⁹ ¹		留兵
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>pu</i> ⁴		留步
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>pu</i> ¹ - <i>chu</i> ⁴		留不住
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>shŭn</i> ²		留神
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>tŭ</i> ⁴ - <i>pu</i> ⁴		留地步
<i>liu</i> ² <i>tsai</i> ⁴ - <i>hsin</i> ¹		留在心
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>yang</i> ³		留養
<i>liu</i> ²	木	榴 743a547c
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>huo</i> ³		榴火
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>yŭeh</i> ³		榴月
<i>liu</i> ² (<i>tzŭ</i>)	疒	瘤 743b548a
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>ch'uang</i> ¹		瘤瘡
<i>liu</i> ²	辵	遯 743b548b
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>ma</i> ³		遯馬
<i>liu</i> ² - <i>tu</i> ³ - <i>liu</i> ² - <i>tu</i> ³		遯打遯打
<i>liu</i> ²	刘刀	劉 743a548b
<i>liu</i> ²	方	旒 548c
<i>liu</i> ²	風	颶 744a548b

LIU ³	木	柳 742a549b
<i>liu</i> ³ - <i>chih</i> ¹ - <i>jan</i> ³ - <i>i</i> ¹		柳汁染衣
<i>liu</i> ³ - <i>ch'üan</i> ¹ - <i>i</i> ³		柳圈椅
<i>liu</i> ³ - <i>hsiang</i> ¹ (or <i>hang</i>)		柳巷
<i>liu</i> ³ - <i>hsü</i> ¹		柳絮
<i>liu</i> ³ - <i>lin</i> ²		柳林
<i>liu</i> ³ - <i>t'iao</i> ²		柳條
<i>liu</i> ³ - <i>t'iao</i> ² - <i>k'uang</i> ³ - <i>tzŭ</i> ³		柳條筐子
<i>liu</i> ³ - <i>t'iao</i> ² - <i>pu</i> ¹		柳條布
<i>liu</i> ³ - <i>geh</i> - <i>mei</i> ²		柳葉眉
<i>liu</i> ³	糸	綌 744a549c

to leave, to bequeath.
to notice (*li*³ *hui*⁴).
to retain in office under censure.
to detain a guest, e. g., over night.
to leave a space.
cannot spare him.
loth to part with.
keep the door open until I come.
to immortalize.
a parting keepsake.
to grow a queue.
to keep troops, to garrison.
restrain your steps! (to host escorting guest)
unable or unwilling to detain.
to take care, to bear in mind.
to leave an opportunity.
to bear in mind; bear in mind!
keep and rear him.
the pomegranate.
the pomegranate blossom.
“pomegranate moon,” 5th month. See Note 32
a swelling, a tumour, a wen.
same (*chü*¹ *yang*¹).
to linger or lurk about, to saunter (*tou*⁴ *liu*²).
to lead a horse up and down.
to stroll for pleasure (*kuang*⁴).
a weapon; to kill; to arrange; good,
pennants (*mien*³ *liu*²).
sighing of the wind.

the willow.
to become a B. A. (*chin*⁴ *hsiao*⁴).
arm-chair.
“willow lane,” brothels.
willow down.
willow groves.
a willow wand or switch.
baskets of willow osier.
dimities, quiltings.
“willow leaf eye-brows,” handsome eye-brows
a strand, one hundred silk threads, a lock, a tress

<i>liu⁴-ch⁴-i¹-jên²</i>	六七八	six or seven men.
<i>liu⁴-ch⁴-u⁴</i>	六畜	the six kinds of domestic animals. R. 322.
<i>liu⁴-j²ung²</i>	六房	the Six Departments in a yamên. [der, etc.].
<i>liu⁴-j²u³</i>	六腑	the abdominal viscera (stomach, intestines, blad-
<i>liu⁴-ho²</i>	六合	{ "6 points"—east, west, south, north, above { and below.
<i>liu⁴-hsün²</i>	六旬	six decades of days or years, a complete cycle.
<i>liu⁴-i⁴</i>	六藝	the six departments of knowledge.
<i>liu⁴-ko⁴</i>	六個	six.
<i>liu⁴-k⁴-o¹</i>	六科	the six offices at Peking (of censors). G. 188.
<i>liu⁴-ku³</i>	六穀	the six kinds of grain. R. 324.
<i>liu⁴-lêng²-tzü³</i>	六楞子	hexagonal.
<i>liu⁴-liu⁴</i>	六六	six times six, thirty-six.
<i>liu⁴-lü⁴</i>	六律	the six upper musical accords.
<i>liu⁴-po²</i>	六博	to play at chess (hsia ⁴ ch ⁴ -i ²).
<i>liu⁴-pu⁴</i>	六部	the 6 Boards in Peking. G. 153-159.
<i>liu⁴ shan¹-mên²</i>	六扇門	a door of six leaves.
<i>liu⁴-shih²</i>	六十	sixty.
<i>liu⁴-shih²-hua¹-chia³</i>	六十花甲	a cycle of sixty years.
<i>liu⁴-shu¹</i>	六書	the six classes of characters.
<i>liu⁴-ting¹-lin⁴-chia³</i>	六丁六甲	Taoist gods of darkness and light.
<i>liu⁴-ts⁴-ai²-tzü³</i>	六才子	name of a certain book.
<i>liu⁴-ts⁴-uo²</i>	六曹	the public offices of censors.
<i>liu⁴-yüeh⁴-liu¹</i>	六月六	6th of 6th moon.
<i>liu⁴</i>	食 餹	to steam rice or bread.
<i>liu⁴-mo²</i>	餹 饅	same (chêng ³ mo ²).
<i>liu⁴</i>	阜 陸	six. See <i>lu⁴</i> .
<i>lo¹</i>	手才虜擄	to tuck up; to take captive; to seize.
<i>lo¹-ch⁴-i³-hsiu⁴-tzü³</i>	擄起袖子	to tuck up the sleeves.
<i>lo¹-ch⁴-ü⁴</i>	擄去	to seize, to plunder.
<i>lo¹-ch⁴-ü⁴-ping¹-ch⁴-uan³</i>	擄去兵船	to capture war-ships.
<i>lo¹-liao⁴</i>	擄掠	to seize, to plunder.
<i>lo¹-tao⁴-pieh²-kuo²</i>	擄到別國	to carry captive to another kingdom.
<i>lo²</i>	虫 螺	a shell-fish, a kind of periwinkle or whilk.
<i>lo²-shih¹</i>	螺師	same.
<i>lo²-ssü¹</i>	螺絲	a screw.
<i>lo²-ssü¹-tao¹</i>	螺絲刀	screw-driver.
<i>lo²-ssü¹-ting¹</i>	螺絲釘	a screw.
<i>lo²</i>	馬 驢	a mule.
<i>lo²-ma³</i>	驢馬	mules and horses.
<i>lo²-ma³-ch⁴-cung²-ch⁴-üü²</i>	驢馬成羣	a great many horses and mules.

lo ² .ma ³ -shih ⁴		騾馬市	a horse and mule market.
lo ² .to ¹		騾馱	a mule's load.
lo ² -to ⁴ .chiao ⁴		騾馱橋	mule-litter (shan ² tzū ²).
lo ²	网四罗	羅 745b550a	a net; a sort of silk; to arrange in order.
lo ² -ching ¹		羅經	a compass (ting ⁴ nan ⁴ chên ¹).
lo ² -ch'üan ¹ .i ³		羅圈椅	an arm-chair.
lo ² .han ⁴		*羅漢	Buddhist deities.
lo ² .kuo ¹		羅鍋	humpbacked, a humpback.
lo ² -lieh ⁴		羅列	spread out, arranged.
lo ² .ma ³ -kuo ²		羅馬國	Roman Empire.
lo ² .mien ⁴		羅麪	to sift flour.
lo ² -p'an ²		羅盤	a compass (ting ⁴ nan ² chên ¹).
lo ² -pu ¹ .i ¹ shang ¹		羅布衣裳	gauze clothing.
lo ² -sau ³		羅傘	official or state umbrella.
lo ² -ti ³		羅底	the silk bottom of a sieve.
lo ² -wang ³		羅網	a net (wang ³ lo ²).
lo ² -wên ²	十	羅紋	gauze, silk; impress of the finger; wrinkles.
lo ²	金	鑼 746b551b	a gong.
lo ² -ch'ui ²		鑼槌	a stick to beat a gong with.
lo ² ku ³		鑼鼓	gongs and drums.
lo ² -ku ³ -hsüan ¹ -t'ien ¹		鑼鼓喧天	the din of gongs and drums (lei ² ku ³ shai ¹ lo ²).
lo ² -kuo ¹		鑼鍋	a cooking-pan (shallow).
lo ²	竹	籬 746a551a	bamboo basket for carrying on a pole.
lo ² -k'uang ¹		籬筐	same.
lo ² -shai ¹		籬篩	a sieve.
lo ²	口	囉 746a551a	a tone, note; prattle of a child; troublesom
lo ² -li ³ -lo ² -so ¹		囉裏囉唆	prolonged and confused, complicated.
lo ² -so ¹		囉唆	troublesome, annoying (lei ⁴ chui ⁴).
lo ²	人	囉 746a551a	superior ability; strong, active; clever.
lo ²	廿	蘿 746b551b	the turnip; a sort of creeper; to entwine; mo
lo ² -po ¹		蘿葡	the turnip. [(t'êng ² lo ²)]
lo ²	辵辵	邏 746b552c	to cruise, to patrol; a patrol; to surround (hsü ² lo ²)
LO ³	手才	掙 728a560b	to pluck, to take hold of; to rob, to feel.
lo ³ -ju ³		掙乳	to draw milk, to milk (as a cow).
lo ³ -kuan ¹ -rh ²		掙管兒	onanism.
lo ³ -niu ² -nai ³		掙牛奶	to milk a cow (chi ³ nai ³).
lo ³	衣裸	裸 746c551c	naked (ch'ih ⁴ shên ¹).
lo ³ -ch'ung ²		裸蟲	"naked insects," the human species (naked)
lo ³ -shên ¹		裸身	stark naked, the naked body.
lo ³	疔	癩 745a552c	a gathering, a fester.
lo ³ -li ⁴		癩瘰	scrofula.
lo ³	才手	攞 746a552b	to split, to rend; to take, to choose, to select

* Note 66.

† Note 67.

lo ³	口 咯	618b553a	noise of wrangling, disputing; a final sound. See [ko ¹].
LO ³	艸 卅	落 748b553b	to let fall, to fall, to drop. See lao ⁴ and la ⁴ .
lo ⁴ -chiao ³	落 脚		to rest the legs (ta ¹ ta ¹ chiao ³).
lo ⁴ -fei ³	落 廢		to set aside, to abolish.
lo ⁴ -hu ³	落 戶		an emigrant, to take up residence (hsia ⁴ hu ⁴).
lo ⁴ -hua ³	落 花		falling of flowers (tiao ¹ hsieh ⁴).
lo ⁴ -hua ¹ -liu ² -shui ³	落 花 流 水		happy-go-lucky.
lo ⁴ -hua ¹ -shêng ¹	落 花 生		ground-nuts, pea-nuts (ch'ang ² shêng ¹ kuo ³).
lo ⁴ -k'uan ³	落 欵		to affix your name to scrolls, etc. (of the writer to drop tears, to weep (liu ² lei ⁴), [only].
lo ⁴ -lei ³	落 淚		
lo ⁴ -ma ³	落 馬		to fall from a horse.
lo ⁴ -mo ⁴	落 墨		"to drop ink," to write.
lo ⁴ mo ⁴	落 寞		"fallen into silence," decayed.
lo ⁴ -pang ³	落 榜		unsuccessful candidates.
lo ⁴ -pên ³ -ch'ien ²	落 本 錢		to advance capital.
lo ⁴ -p'o ⁴	落 魄		no energy, utterly, without life or spirit.
lo ⁴ -pi ³	落 筆		to begin to write.
lo ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴	落 不 是		to have fault found with.
lo ⁴ -shui ³	落 水		to fall into water; water sinks or falls.
lo ⁴ -shui ³ -ch'w ¹ -shih ²	落 水 出 石		figurative for "the truth will out"
lo ⁴ -ti ³	落 地		to fall to earth, e. g., new-born child.
lo ⁴ -ti ³ -p'ao ⁴	落 地 砲		a bomb-shell.
lo ⁴ -ti ³	落 第		fails to pass for chin shih.
lo ⁴ -ting ³ -yin ²	落 定 銀		to pay earnest-money.
lo ⁴	馬 駱	748a553b	the camel.
lo ⁴ -t'o ²	駱 駝		same.
lo ⁴ -t'o ² -jung ²	駱 駝 絨		camel's wool.
lo ⁴ -t'o ² -mao ²	駱 駝 毛		camel's hair.
lo ⁴ -t'o ² -yao ¹	駱 駝 腰		hump-back (lo ³ kuo ¹).
lo ⁴	手 搽	744c552b	to pile up.
lo ⁴ -li ⁴	搽 利		steady (wên ³ tang ¹).
lo ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -i ¹ -k'ua ⁴	搽 在 一 塊		to pile together, as bricks.
lo ⁴ (t'ü)	糸 絡	747c553a	a net; threads; blood vessels. See lao ⁴ .
OU ² (t'ü)	木 樓	樓 750a513a	an upper story, a tower.
u ² -fang ²	樓 房		a house with an upper story.
u ² -tsia ⁴	樓 下		a ground floor.
u ² -ko ²	樓 閣		an upper chamber.
u ² -mên ² -lou ¹ -ch'uang ¹	樓 門 樓 窗		doors and windows of fine house.
u ² -shang ⁴	樓 上		up-stairs, in an upper story.
u ² -shang ⁴ -lou ²	樓 上 樓		the mallow; three-storied, many-storied.
u ² -t'ai ² -lien ⁴ -ko ²	樓 臺 殿 閣		fine buildings.

<i>lou²-t'í¹</i>		樓梯	a staircase (hu ² ti ¹).
<i>lou²</i>	骨	髑 ^{751a513c}	the skull (tu ² lou ²).
<i>lou²-ku³</i>		髑骨	the skull (nao ³ kai ⁴).
<i>lou²</i>	耒	耨 ^{750b513c}	a dibbling machine.
<i>lou²</i>	虫	螻 ^{750c513c}	mole cricket.
LOU³	手扌	搜 ^{750a513b}	to draw, to pull, to drag; to embrace, to enfold
<i>lou¹-ch'ai²-huo³</i>		搜柴火	to rake fuel together.
<i>lou²-cho²-hai²-tzǐ³</i>		搜着孩子	to carry a child in arms.
<i>lou³-cho²</i>		搜著	to embrace, embracing.
<i>lou³-chū⁴</i>		搜住	to hold fast in the arms (huai ² pao ⁴).
<i>lou³-ch'u³-tzǐ³</i>		搜處子	to elope with a virgin.
<i>lou¹-jǐn¹-tí¹</i>		搜糞的	to collect manure.
<i>lou³-i¹-shang¹</i>		搜衣裳	to hold up the dress.
<i>lou¹-pao¹-êrh²-tí¹</i>		搜包兒的	one who carries children about.
<i>lou³-pao⁴</i>		搜抱	to embrace, enfold.
<i>lou¹-t'ou²-i¹-kang⁴</i>		搜頭一槓	a blow on the head.
<i>lou³-tsai⁴-huai²-chung¹</i>		搜在懷中	to embrace, to hold to one's bosom.
<i>lou¹-tsai⁴-t'a¹-shou³</i>		搜在他手	to embrace.
<i>lou³ (tzǐ)</i>	竹	篾 ^{750b514a}	a bamboo basket, a hamper (lan ² tzǐ ³).
<i>lou³-k'uang¹</i>		篾筐	same.
LOU⁴	水氵	漏 ^{751a514b}	to leak, to drip, to ooze; to let out, to disclose
<i>lou⁴-chih¹</i>		漏卮	a syphon.
<i>lou⁴-fang²-tzǐ³</i>		漏房子	a leaky house.
<i>lou⁴-hsia⁴</i>		漏下	to drip down; to leave behind.
<i>lou⁴-hsieh⁴</i>		漏洩	to leak; to let out a secret (hsieh ⁴ lou ⁴).
<i>lou⁴-k'o⁴</i>		漏刻	a water time keeper.
<i>lou⁴-kuei⁴</i>		漏櫃	leakages in the till (pilfering).
<i>lou⁴-k'ung⁴</i>		漏空	to be off one's guard (lêng ² pu ⁴ fang ²).
<i>lou⁴-pi³</i>		漏筆	an omission from an account.
<i>lou⁴-shao²</i>		漏勺	a cullender, a strainer.
<i>lou⁴-shao²-wai³-shui²</i>		漏勺昏水	of no advantage, nothing gained.
<i>lou⁴-t'ien³</i>		漏天	to leak, as a roof, the sky showing through.
<i>lou⁴-tzǐ³</i>		漏子	a funnel (liu ² shui ³).
<i>lou⁴-wang³</i>		漏網	to escape out of the net, to escape (as a criminal)
<i>lou⁴</i>	雨	露 ^{752b557c}	to disclose, to discover, to divulge. See <i>lu⁴</i> .
<i>lou⁴-cho²-jou⁴</i>		露着肉	his skin is seen through his clothes.
<i>lou⁴-ch'u¹-lai²</i>		露出來	to disclose, to discover. [ch'u ¹ shih ²
<i>lou⁴-ch'u¹-ma³-chiao³</i>		露出馬脚	to be found out; to show one's hand (lo' shu
<i>lou⁴-liao³-hsiang⁴</i>		露了像	the appearance is revealed.
<i>lou⁴-liao³-hsien⁴-tzǐ³</i>		露了餡子	fig. the cat is out of the bag.
<i>lou⁴-liao³-pai²</i>		露了白	the thing is revealed.

lou ⁴ -mien ⁴	露	面	to show or disclose the face.
lou ⁴ -mien ⁴ -ts'ang ² -ssü ¹	露	面藏私	deceit.
lou ⁴ -t'i ³	露	體	to expose the naked body (ch'ih ⁴ shên ¹).
lou ⁴ -t'ien ⁴	露	天	exposed to the sky; clear sky through rain clouds.
lou ⁴ -t'ou ³	露	頭	to show the head. [etc.
lou ⁴	疔	瘻	an ulcer, a swelling, an old sore, <i>fistula in ano</i> , same (chih ⁴ ch'uang ¹).
lou ⁴ -ch'uang ¹	痛	瘡	same.
lou ⁴ -yung ¹	痛	癰	same.
lou ⁴	阜	陋	ugly; low, mean; petty, obscure; a dirty alley.
lou ⁴ -chien ⁴	陋	賤	base, mean (ch'ou ³ lou ⁴)
lou ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	陋	巷	a narrow lane, an alley (hu ² t'ung ⁴).
LU ¹	口	噲	speech; to flatter; to speak indistinctly.
u ¹ -liao ³ -tsui ³	噲	了嘴	pout out the lips (ch'ueh ¹ tsui ³).
LU ²	火	爐	a stove, a fireplace, a furnace (tsao ⁴).
u ² -fang ²	爐	房	a mint; a government assay shop.
t ² -hui ¹	爐	灰	ashes.
u ² -t'iao ²	爐	條	the bars of a grate.
u ² -t'ou ²	爐	頭	overseer in a mint or foundry.
u ² -tsao ⁴	爐	灶	a kitchen stove.
u ² -tzü ³	爐	子	a fireplace.
u ²	肉	臚	the skin; arranged in order; to report.
u ² -ch'ang ²	臚	腸	the stomach swollen.
u ² -chén ⁴	臚	陣	spread out; arranged.
u ² -nsü ⁴	臚	叙	set in order.
u ² -lieh ² -t'iao ² -k'uan ³	臚	列條欸	the items in order.
u ² -yen ²	臚	言	to hand down sayings, to communicate maxims.
u ²	广	廬	a cottage, a mat hut,
u ² -fang ²	廬	房	same.
u ² -shé ⁴	廬	舍	same.
u ²	艸	蔴	a kind of reeds (wei ³ lu ²).
u ² -hsi ²	蔴	席	reed mats
u ² -hua ¹	蔴	花	the flowers of reeds.
u ² -kén ¹	蔴	根	reed roots (a medicine).
u ² -t'ü ³	蔴	子	reeds.
u ² -t'ü ³ -ts'ao ³	蔴	子草	reeds partially grown.
u ² -wei ³	蔴	葦	reeds, rushes.
u ² -wei ⁴	蔴	葦	a sort of medicine.
u ²	車	轆	a windlass to draw water, a block, a pulley.
u ² -chou ²	轆	軸	axle of a windlass.
u ² -lu ²	轆	轆	a windlass (see lu ⁴ lu ⁴).
u ²	金	鑪	stove, a censer.

lu ²	頁 體 顱	755c556a	the head, the skull, the forehead.
LU ³	鹵	鹵 756a556a	salt, natural salt ; coarse, rude.
lu ³ -mang ³		鹵 莽	rough, careless, abrupt, uncivil, rude.
lu ³ -yen ²		鹵 鹽	natural salt
lu ² -yü ²		鹵 魚	salted fish.
lu ³	水 𩺰	鹵 756b556b	salt laud, bitter, salt.
lu ³ -chi ¹		鹵 雞	salted chicken.
lu ³ -hsia ¹		鹵 蝦	a kind of shrimp sauce ; salted shrimps.
lu ³ -mien ⁴		鹵 麵	vermicelli with thick gravy
lu ³ -shui ³		鹵 水	lye (used in making bean curd, etc.).
lu ³ -t'ang ¹ -tzu ³		鹵 湯 子	same.
lu ³	魚	魯 754a556c	stupid, dull, blunt ; mixed, confused ; Shantung
lu ³ -kuo ²		魯 國	Shantung.
lu ³ kuo ² -jên ²		魯 國 人	a native of Shantung.
lu ³ -mang ³		魯 莽	dull, stupid, blunt (yü ¹ cho ¹ , ch'un ³ pên ⁴).
lu ³ -tun ⁴		魯 鈍	vulgar, ill-behaved, unmannerly.
lu ³	木 櫓 櫓 櫓	櫓 754a557a	a large oar, a scull.
lu ³	石	礪 756b556b	sand, pebbles, shingle.
LU ⁴	足	路 751c557a	a road, a track, a path, a passage, a way.
lu ⁴ -an ⁴		路 案	a case of highway robbery.
lu ⁴ -chai ³ -jên ² -ch'ou ²		路 窄 人 稠	the road is narrow and people many.
lu ⁴ -ch'êng ²		路 程	route by which a person travels.
lu ⁴ -ch'êng ² -tan ¹		路 程 單	a road-guide.
lu ⁴ -chi ⁴		路 祭	sacrifice by road side.
lu ⁴ -chieh ²		路 截	highway-robbery (tuan ⁴ lu ⁴ chieh ² ching ³).
lu ⁴ -chin ³		路 緊	road is dangerous.
lu ⁴ -ching ⁴		路 徑	a road, a cross-road or short cut.
lu ⁴ -ching ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shu ²		路 徑 不 熟	not familiar with the road.
lu ⁴ -ching ⁴ -pu ⁴ -t'ung ¹		路 徑 不 通	no thoroughfare.
lu ⁴ -ching ⁴ -jên ¹ -hsi ¹		路 路 靜 人 稀	very few people about on the roads.
lu ⁴ -chiu ³		路 酒	a parting glass, stirrup cup.
lu ⁴ -chiü ¹ -mai ⁴ -tang ⁴		路 居 賣 當	cheats, quacks, etc.
lu ⁴ -fei ⁴		路 費	travelling expenses (p'an ² ch'an ²).
lu ⁴ -jên ²		路 人	traveller, outsider.
lu ⁴ -kuo ⁴		路 過	to pass through a place.
lu ⁴ -pi ⁴		路 斃	one found dead on the road.
lu ⁴ -p'iao ⁴		路 票	a way-bill.
lu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shih ² -i ²		路 路 不 拾 遺	not to pick up things dropped (golden age).
lu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -t'ung ¹		路 路 不 通	the road is not passable.
lu ⁴ -sé ⁴		路 澁	same.
lu ⁴ -tao ³		路 倒	the dead body of an outcast.

lu ⁴ -tên ¹	路燈	lamps to show the road.
lu ⁴ -t'u ²	路途	roads (tao ⁴ lu ⁴).
lu ⁴ -t'u ² -yao ² -yüan ³	路途遙遠	the way is very long.
lu ⁴ -tuan ⁴ -jên ² -hsi ¹	路斷人稀	a state of anarchy.
lu ⁴ -yao ²	路遙	the road is far.
lu ⁴ -yin ³	路引	a passport, a route, a guide for the road.
lu ⁴ -yü ⁴	路遇	to meet one on the road.
lu ⁴ -yüan ³	路遠	the road is long.
lu ⁴	八陸	six. See <i>lin</i> ⁴ .
lu ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	六畜	the six kinds of domestic animals. R. 322.
lu ⁴ -chüan ⁴	六眷	relative, kindred.
lu ⁴ -ku ³	六穀	the six kinds of grain, grain in general. R. 324.
lu ⁴ -pu ⁴	六部	the six Boards at Peking. G 153-159.
lu ⁴	阜陸	six; dry land; in succession. See <i>liu</i> ⁴ .
lu ⁴ -hsü ⁴	陸續	following in succession.
lu ⁴ -hsü ⁴ -lai ² -ti ¹	陸續來的	coming in succession.
lu ⁴ -lu ⁴	陸路	dry land, a road by land, a land journey.
lu ⁴ -lu ⁴	陸陸	following in succession; dice.
lu ⁴ -tao ⁴	陸道	a road by land (han ⁴ lu ⁴).
lu ⁴ -ti ⁴ -hsing ² -chow ¹	陸地行舟	row a boat on land—impossible.
lu ⁴	糸綠	green. See <i>li</i> ⁴ .
lu ⁴ -chu ²	綠竹	green bamboo.
lu ⁴ -i ¹	綠衣	"green clothes," a chief of the <i>Han-lin</i> .
lu ⁴ -i ¹ -lang ²	綠衣郎	a chief of the <i>Han-lin</i>
lu ⁴ -liu ³	綠柳	the green willow; willow green.
lu ⁴ -p'ao ²	綠袍	green robe worn by a <i>Han-lin</i> chief.
lu ⁴ -po ¹	綠波	green waves, spring waves.
lu ⁴ -ya ¹	綠鴨	wild ducks.
lu ⁴ -ying ²	綠營	Chinese troops (not bannermen); barracks.
lu ⁴	金錄	to transcribe, to record; a record; a list or a record, a register (ts'ê ⁴). [index.
lu ⁴ -chi ²	錄籍	an index (mu ⁴ lu ⁴).
lu ⁴ -mu ⁴	錄目	three times recorded for merit (an official).
lu ⁴ -san ¹ -t'z'ü ⁴	錄三次	to copy a stanza.
lu ⁴ -shih ¹ -i ¹ -shou ³	錄詩一首	a series, an order, a list; to record.
lu ⁴ -ti ⁴	錄第	the deer.
lu ⁴	鹿	antlers.
lu ⁴ -chi ¹ -chiao ¹	鹿犄角	deers' horns.
lu ⁴ -chiao ¹	鹿角	a sort of vegetable.
lu ⁴ -chiao ² -ts'ai ⁴	鹿角菜	deers' sinews.
lu ⁴ -chin ¹	鹿筋	young deers' horns (medicine).
lu ⁴ -jung ²	鹿茸	a banquet to successful M.A.'s.
lu ⁴ -ming ⁴ -yen ⁴	鹿鳴宴	to kill, to execute; to hack, to mangle; foolish.
lu ⁴	戮	

lu⁴-chu¹ 戮 誅
lu⁴-min² 戮 民
lu⁴-shih¹ *戮 尸
lu¹ 雨 露 752b557c
lu⁴-chu¹ 露 珠
lu⁴-shui³ 露 水
lu⁴-shui³-fu¹-ch¹-i¹ 露 水 夫 妻
lu⁴ 石 碌 753a563c
lu⁴-lu⁴ 碌 碌
lu⁴-lu⁴-wu²-néng² 碌 碌 無 能
lu⁴ 示 祿 753b563a
lu⁴-chiüeh² 祿 爵
lu⁴-wei¹-kao¹-shéng¹ 祿 位 高 陞
lu⁴ 鳥 鷺 752c558a
lu⁴-ssü¹ 鷺 鷺
lu⁴-ssü¹-pu³-pu²²¹ 鷺 鷺 補 服
lu⁴ 車 輓 輓 757b562c
lu⁴-lu² 輓 轆 751c557b
lu⁴ 貝 賂 747a551c
lu⁴ 毛 氍 752a558c
lu⁴ 金 鏹

LÜ² 馬 馱 驢 765c558a
lü²-ch¹-é⁴ 馱 車
lü²-chiao⁴ 馱 叫
lü²-chiü¹-tzü³ 肉 月 馱 駒 子
lü²-ma³ 馱 馬
lü²-ming² 馱 鳴
lü²-p¹-i² 馱 皮

LÜ³ 方 旅 766a559b
lü³-hsing² 旅 行
lü³-k¹-o⁴ 旅 客
lü³-shé⁴ 旅 舍
lü³-shun⁴ 旅 順
lü³-shun⁴-k¹-ou³ 旅 順 口
lü³-tao¹ 旅 道
lü³-tien¹ 旅 店
lü³-yü⁴ 旅 寓
lü³- 尸 屢 764b559c
lü³-chan⁴ 屢 戰
lü³-i⁴ 屢 易
lü³-iü³ 屢 屢

to kill, to exterminate.
 to injure or oppress the people.
 to behead a corpse (one who has died in prison).
 dew. See *lou⁴*.
 "dew pearls," dew drops.
 dew.
 illicit intercourse
 uneven, rocky, uneven ground; small; busy.
 no ability, stupid; busy (*tao² lu⁴*).
 stupid, with no ability.
 blessedness; emoluments, official income.
 rank and pay (*féng⁴ lu⁴*).
 may pay and rank be increased.
 a kind of pelican, a heron.
 same.
 the eastern egret, breast decoration of sub-prince.
 a pulley, a block, a pulley.
 a windlass for raising water.
 to bribe; a means or opportunity of doing (h).
 a sort of hair or woollen cloth (Thibetan).
 to stop up, plug (*ku⁴ lu⁴ kuo¹*).

the donkey.
 a donkey cart; a grasshopper.
 the bray of a donkey.
 a young donkey.
 donkeys and horses.
 the bray of a donkey.
 obstinate, mulish.
 a stranger, a guest, brothers; an assemblage.
 to travel.
 a visitor, a guest, a trader.
 an inn (*tien⁴*)
 to go straight or direct.
 Port Arthur (Manchuria).
 a road.
 an inn (*k¹o⁴ chan⁴*).
 an inn, a lodging house.
 many times, repeatedly, frequently (*lei⁴ tzü¹*)
 frequent battles.
 frequently changing.
 constantly, continually, time after time.

* Note 68.

† 車 Pronounced *chiü*.

lü ³ shêng ⁴	屢勝	to gain frequent victories.
lü ³ shih ⁴ -lü ³ -yen ⁴	屢試屢驗	(or 效) as often as you try it, it will succeed.
lü ³ -tsao ¹ -hsiung ¹ -hsien ³	屢遭凶險	oft in perils. [tz'ü] ⁴ .
lü ³ -t'zū ⁴	屢次	several times, repeatedly, often. M. 298 (tieh ²)
lü ³	口呂 764a559a	the spine; notes in music.
lü ³ -sung ⁴	呂宋	Manila, Spain.
lü ³ -sung ⁴ -p'iao ⁴	呂宋票	Manila lottery tickets.
lü ³ -tung ¹ -pin ¹	呂洞賓	one of the Eight Immortals.
lü ³ -tsu ¹ -t'z'ü ²	呂祖祠	temple to Lü Tung-pin.
lü ³	人侶 765a559a	an associate, a companion, a fellow traveller.
lü ³ -hsing ²	侶行	to go in company with another.
lü ³ -pan ⁴	侶伴	companions, associates.
lü ³	糸縷 764b559c	silk thread (ssü ¹ hsien ¹).
lü ³ -ma ³	縷麻	silk and flax thread.
lü ³	肉月脊 766a559b	the spine, backbone; strength.
lü ³ -li ⁴	脊力	main strength, great strength.
lü ⁴	彳律 766c564a	statutes, laws; to record; to distinguish.
lü ⁴ -fa ³	律法	laws.
lü ⁴ -li ⁴	律例	statutes, laws, laws in general. Penal Code.
lü ⁴ -lü ³	律呂	the notes of music (six sharp and six flat).
lü ⁴ -t'iao ²	律條	laws, statutes.
lü ⁴	糸綠 766b563b	green. See lu ⁴ .
lü ⁴ -chu ²	綠竹	green bamboo.
lü ⁴ -fan ²	綠礬	green vitriol.
lü ⁴ -tou ⁴	綠豆	green beans.
lü ⁴	心慮 765b560a	to think; thoughts, anxiety, concern; to desire.
lü ⁴ -hsiang ³	慮想	anxious; to think with anxiety.
lü ⁴ -nien ⁴	慮念	anxious thoughts (ssü ¹ lü ⁴).
lü ⁴	水漉 765b560c	to strain.
lü ⁴ -shui ³ -cha ¹	漉水渣	strain off the sediment.
lü ⁴ -shui ³ -lo ²	漉水羅	a cloth to strain liquids through; a filter.
lü ⁴	衣褸 764c559c	folds, pleats; ragged, tattered clothes,
lü ⁴ -lieh ⁴	褸裂	spoiled or torn clothes.
UAN ²	金鑾 758a570a	an imperial carriage; bells. [nalia,
uan ² -chia ⁴	鑾駕	the imperial carriage; state or official parapher-
uan ² -chia ⁴ -k'u ⁴	鑾駕庫	imperial state carriage department in Peking.
uan ² -i ² -wei ⁴	鑾儀衛	imperial equipage department.
uan ² -ling ²	鑾鈴	carriage bells.
uan ² -lien ⁴	鑾殿	the imperial hall where the emperor gives au- [dience,
uan ²	鳥鸞 758a570b	a fabulous bird.
uan ² -chi ¹	鸞鷄	a kind of pheasant.

- luan²-fêng⁴* 鸞鳳 male and female ; sexual intercourse,
- LUAN³** (*tzü*) 卵 758b570c eggs of birds, testicles of animals, roes of fishes.
luan³-i⁴ 卵翼 to cherish, to nourish.
luan³-pao¹-t'ü³ 卵包子 the scrotum.
luan³-shêng¹ 卵生 produced from an egg, oviparous.
luan³-tan⁴ 卵蛋 eggs.
- LUAN⁴** 乙 亂 亂 758c570c to confuse, to disorder ; confusion. See *lan⁴*.
luan⁴-chi²-ssü¹-chih⁴ 亂極思治 at the height of disorder we think of peace.
luan⁴-ch'ü¹-pa¹-tsao¹ 亂七八糟 topsy-turvy (*ch'ü¹ tung¹ pa¹ hsi¹*).
luan⁴-hung¹-hung¹-ti¹ 亂哄哄的 confused noise and uproar.
lung⁴-jang¹-luan⁴-chiao⁴ 亂嚷亂叫 uproarious noises.
luan⁴-ju²-ma² 亂如麻 as confused as hemp.
luan⁴-lün² 亂倫 incest.
luan⁴-pan³-ch'ü³-ssü³ 亂板處死 beaten to death.
luan⁴-p'ao³ 亂跑 to run wildly about.
luan⁴-shih⁴-mo²-wang² 亂世魔王 a world-disturbing devil.
luan⁴-shuo¹-ti¹ 亂說的 to babble, to talk incoherently.
luan⁴-ssü¹-t'ou² 亂絲頭 silk refuse ; a blockhead.
luan⁴-t'an² 亂談 confused chatting.
luan⁴-t'an²-ch'iang¹ 亂彈腔 noise without tune.
luan⁴-tao³ 亂搗 in disorder, unquiet.
luan⁴-tao⁴ 亂道 same.
luan⁴-t'ou²-hsü⁴ 亂頭緒 tangled ; to lose the clue (*mo² t'ou² hsü⁴*).
luan⁴-ts'ü²-hang¹-t'ü³ 亂材岡子 poor man's burial ground.
luan⁴-t'ü³ 亂子 a disturbance.
luan⁴-ts'ao³-i¹-pan¹ 亂草一般 as confused as grass.
- LÜAN²** 手才 攀 767c561a to tie, to bind, to attach as by ligatures.
luan² 心恋 戀 733b561c warm affection for, attachment to. See *lien⁴*.
- LÜEH⁴** 田略 畧 768a547a a little, in general. See *liao⁴*.
lüeh⁴-têng³-i¹-têng³ 畧等一等 wait a little.
lüeh⁴-t'ien¹-tien³-êh² 畧添點兒 add a very little.
lüeh⁴-wei¹-chih¹-tao⁴ 畧微知道 a slight knowledge.
lüeh⁴ 手才 掠 768b547b to plunder. See *liang⁴*.
- LUN³** 手才 逾 掄 759b565b to choose ; to connect, to join ; to wield. See *lün*.
lun²-ch'iang¹-wa³-chien¹ 掄槍舞劍 brandishing spear and sword.
lun²-ch'üan² 掄拳 to flourish the fists.
lun²-hsüan⁴-jên²-ts'ai² 掄選人才 to select men of ability.
lun²-ta³ 掄打 to swing, to flourish, e.g., a whip.

lun ² -tsé ²	揀擇	to choose, to select.
lun ² -ts'ai ²	揀才	to select men of ability.
lun ² -ts'ai ²	揀材	to select materials.
lun ² -yüan ²	揀元	to come out first at an examination.
lun ²	車輪 ^{760b566a}	a wheel; large, great; north and south. See lün ² .
lun ² -chuan ³	輪轉	to go through a series.
lun ² -h'uan ²	輪船	a steamer.
lun ² -huan ⁴	輪換	to change alternately; to serve in turn.
lun ² -hui ²	輪迴	"turn of the wheel," to die, transmigration.
lun ² -liu ²	輪流	to change alternately; to serve in turn.
lun ² -liu ² -k'an ¹ -shou ³	輪流看守	to mount guard by turns.
lun ² -pan ¹	輪班	to serve in turn.
lun ² -tzi ³	輪子	a wheel (ku ¹ lun ²).
lun ² -yüeh ⁴	輪月	alternate months.
lun ²	糸綸 ^{759c566a}	to wind silk; to classify, to adjust. See lün ² .
lun ² -hsi ⁴	綸絮	a clue, a thread.
lun ² -shêng ²	綸繩	a fishing line.
lun ² (or lim)	山輪	Kunlun mountains (Kouk'un).
lun ² (lün)	口圖	whole. See hu ¹ lun ² .
lun ² (lün)	水滄	lost. See ch'en ² lün ² .
lun ⁴	言論 ^{760a566c}	to discuss, to consult, to reason. See lün ⁴ .
lun ⁴ -ch'ang ⁴ -lun ⁴ -tuan ³	論長論短	to canvass the merits and demerits.
lun ⁴ -chêng ⁴	論政	to discuss politics.
lun ⁴ -ch'i ³ -ché ⁴ -ko ⁴	論起這個	with reference to this.
lun ⁴ -chin ¹	論斤	by the pound.
lun ⁴ -kung ¹	論工	work done by the day.
lun ⁴ -kung ¹ -lun ⁴ -kuo ¹	論功論過	to estimate the merit or demerit—of official.
lun ⁴ -lai ² -lun ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	論來論去	to consider in all its bearings.
lun ⁴ -li ³	論理	to reason or argue, to be reasonable (chiang ³ li ³).
lun ⁴ -pu ⁴ -lun ⁴ -li ³	論不無理	unreasonable argument.
lun ⁴ -sui ⁴ -shu ⁴	論歲數	according to age.
lun ⁴ -tao ⁴	論道	to discourse on right principles.
lun ⁴ -tao ⁴	論到	as to, with reference to. M. 421.
lun ² -ling ⁴	論定	to settle.
lun ² -tuan ⁴	論斷	same.
lun ² -yü ³	論語	[656. the Discourses or Analects of Confucius. W. I.
lün ² (lun)	車輪 ^{760b566a}	a wheel; large, great; north and south.
lün ² -chuan ³	輪轉	to revolve, to circulate.
lün ² -ch'uan ³	輪船	a steam vessel.
lün ² -hui ³	輪迴	the doctrine of metempsychosis (t'o ¹ shêng ¹).
lün ² -liu ²	輪流	to serve in turn or alternately.

<i>lün²-liu²-chih²-jih⁴</i>	輪流值日	to serve alternate days.
<i>lün²</i>	人倫 759a565a	species, class, kindred, relation; right, proper
<i>lün²-ch'ang²</i>	倫常	"relations and virtues." See 五倫 and 五常
<i>lün²-li³</i>	倫理	proper, right.
<i>lün²-tun¹</i>	倫敦	London.
<i>lün²-t'z'ü⁴</i>	倫次	order, in order.
<i>lün²</i>	手才逾掄 759b565b	to choose, to connect, to join together. See lun
<i>lün²</i>	口圍 759b565b	round, complete, entire (lu ¹ lun ²).
<i>lün²</i>	糸綸 759c566a	to wind silk; to classify, to adjust. See lun
<i>lün²</i>	水淪 759c565c	eddy, whirl, lost.
<i>lün²</i>	水淋 734a540b	to get wet. Also <i>lin²</i> .
<i>lün²-liao³-i¹-su⁴</i>	淋了一宿	rained on for a whole night
LÜN⁴ (lun)	言論 760a566c	to discuss, to consult. See <i>lun⁴</i> .
LUNG²	龍 760c567a	the dragon; imperial. R. 141. 212th radical
<i>lung²-chao³</i>	龍爪	dragon's claws; the emperor's hands.
<i>lung²-chao³-huai²</i>	龍爪槐	a sort of locust tree.
<i>lung²-ching¹-hu³-mu⁴</i>	龍睛虎目	fierce looking. [81
<i>lung²-ch'uan²</i>	龍船	dragon boats in 5th of 5th moon festival. W.]
<i>lung²-ch'üan²-chien⁴</i>	龍泉劍	swords from Lungch'uan.
<i>lung²-ch'uang²</i>	龍床	the imperial bed.
<i>lung²-fêng⁴-ch'êng²-hsiang²</i>	龍鳳呈祥	very auspicious.
<i>lung²-fêng⁴-ping³</i>	龍鳳餅	wedding cake.
<i>lung²-fêng⁴-shan⁴</i>	龍鳳扇	a fan with dragons and phoenixes.
<i>lung²-hsing²-hu³-pu⁴</i>	龍行虎步	majestic movements.
<i>lung²-hsing⁴</i>	龍性	spirited, nettlesome (of horses).
<i>lung²-hsü¹-ts'ai⁴</i>	龍鬚菜	asparagus.
<i>lung²-hu³-pang³</i>	龍虎榜	the list published of successful M.A. graduates
<i>lung²-i¹</i>	龍衣	imperial robes.
<i>lung²-kan¹-fêng⁴-sui³</i>	龍肝鳳髓	delicious viands.
<i>lung²-ku²</i>	龍骨	a keel.
<i>lung²-kuai⁴</i>	龍挂	a water-spout.
<i>lung²-lun²</i>	龍鱗	the dragon's scales.
<i>lung²-mên²</i>	龍門	gate of examination hall.
<i>lung²-mo⁴</i>	龍脈	the dragon's pulse.
<i>lung²-nü³</i>	龍女	a wonderful daughter.
<i>lung²-p'ao²</i>	龍袍	imperial robe.
<i>lung²-pu³</i>	龍筆	the imperial pencil.
<i>lung²-shé²</i>	龍蛇	dragons and serpents; flourishes (in writing).
<i>lung²-shé²-hun¹-tsa²</i>	龍蛇混雜	dragons and snakes mixing promiscuously.
<i>lung²-shêng¹-fêng⁴-yang</i>	龍生鳳養	his parents are very high-born.
<i>lung²-shêng¹-lung²</i>	龍生龍	like produces like.

lung ² -t'ai ² -t'ou ²	龍抬頭	·on the 2nd of the 2nd moon.
lung ² -tan ³	龍膽	gentian.
lung ² -tan ³ -ts'ao ³	龍胆草	a sort of medicine.
lung ² -t'ou ² -kuai ³ -chang ⁴	龍頭拐杖	a staff with dragon's head.
lung ² -tzu ³ -lung ² -sun ¹	龍子龍孫	wonderful children.
lung ² -wang ²	龍王	·dragon king, god of rain.
lung ² -wei ⁴	龍位	the imperial throne.
lung ² -yen ²	龍涎	the dragon's spittle.
lung ² -yen ² -ta ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	龍顏大悅	the imperial face showed much joy.
lung ² -yen ³	龍眼	"dragon's eyes," lung-ngan; the imperial glance.
lung ² -yen ³ -jou ⁴	龍眼肉	lung-ngan pulp.
lung ² -yen ³ -yu ²	龍眼魚	a kind of spotted gold-fish.
lung ²	阜 隆	隆 763b567c
lung ² -hou ⁴	隆厚	imperial, high, eminent, glorious; abundant, thick, substantial; wealthy.
lung ² -kuei ⁴	隆貴	noble.
lung ² -s'êng ⁴	隆盛	full, abundant.
lung ² -to ¹	隆多	numerous, abundant.
lung ² -tung ¹	隆冬	the depth of winter.
lung ²	革 籠	籠 763b568c
lung ² -chiang ¹	籠疆	same.
lung ² -t'ou ²	籠頭	same.
lung ³ -tsui ³	籠嘴	a muzzle, to muzzle.
lung ³	竹 籠	籠 762c568a
lung ³ -lo ⁴	籠絡	a cage, a basket; to hoard up; to monopolize.
lung ³ -t'ei ⁴	籠屉	to entice, to tempt; to negotiate.
lung ³	耳 聾	聾 763a568b
lung ³ -êrh ³ -to ³	聾耳朵	deaf, deafness (ya ³ pa ¹).
lung ³ -tzu ³ -ta ³ -ch'a ³	聾子打岔	same.
lung ³	火 爇	爇 〇 〇
lung ³ -huo ³	爇火	a deaf man misunderstanding.
lung ³ -lu ² (tzu)	爇爐	fire; to light; to warm.
lung ³ -p'ên ² -t'an ⁴ -huo ³	爇盆炭火	to light a fire (shêng ¹ huo ³).
lung ³	月 臃	臃 762b568a
lung ³ -fei ²	臃肥	to light the stove.
lung ³	口 嚨	嚨 761c568a
lung ³	穴 窿	窿 762a567c
		light a dish of charcoal.
		confused, drowsy; fat.
		fat (p'ang ⁴).
		throat (hou ² lung ²).
		a hole (k'u ¹ lung ²).

UNG³ 手 攏 攏 762a568c

ng³-t'ai¹-ti¹-hsin¹ 攏他的心

ng³-t'ou² 攏頭

ng³-tsung³ 攏總

ng³-tzu³ 攏子

ng³-yung³ 攏攏

to collect together, to grasp, to seize.

to guess his intention.

to comb the head.

total, altogether.

a woman's comb.

to collect or crowd together.

<i>lung³</i>	阜 卩	隴 763L568c	a bank, a dyke, a ridge.
<i>lung³-hsi¹</i>		隴 西	S. E. corner of Kansu.
<i>lung³-hsi¹-shih⁴</i>		隴 西 氏	the family 李
<i>lung³-huo⁴</i>		隴 貨	to monopolize goods.
<i>lung³-tuan⁴</i>		隴 斷	to monopolize.
<i>lung³-tzü³</i>		隴 子	a bank, a dyke.
<i>lung³</i>	人 悞	侇 764a569c	ignorant, stupid, silly; to do.
<i>lung³-yü²</i>		侇 愚	to make a fool of, etc.
<i>lung³</i>	土	壟 762a568c	a grave, a mound, a hillock.
<i>lung³-ch'iu¹</i>		壟 丘	same.
<i>lung³</i>	木 槩	櫛 762b568a	a cage; a railing.
LJNG¹	升 弄	弄 763c569b	see <i>nung⁴</i> .
LÜO¹	手 才	掠 768b547b	to rob, to plunder, to take by violence. [<i>liang</i>
<i>lüo⁴-ch'ü³</i>		掠 取	to take by violence (lo ¹ lüo ⁴).
<i>lüo⁴-min²</i>		掠 民	to oppress, and extort from the people.
<i>lüo⁴-to²</i>		掠 奪	to rob, to plunder, to take by violence.
MA¹	女	媽 770a572a	mama, mother, dame.
<i>ma¹-ma¹</i>		媽 媽	mama, mother.
<i>ma¹-ma¹-tzü³</i>		媽 媽 子	a dame; dame.
<i>ma¹</i>	虫	蟆 771a571b	the frog (ha ² ma ¹).
<i>ma¹</i>	彥 脉	麼 803b602c	interrogative particle. See <i>mo¹</i> .
MA²	麻	麻 771a571a	hemp; numbness.
<i>ma²-ch'iao³-érh³</i>		麻 雀 兒	sparrow.
<i>ma²-fan²</i>		麻 繁	cantankerous.
<i>ma²-hsien⁴</i>		麻 綫	hemp thread.
<i>ma²-ku¹-hsie¹</i>		麻 姑 仙	a female immortal.
<i>ma²-liao³</i>		麻 了	numb, asleep (as the hand or foot).
<i>ma²-ma²-mu¹-mu⁴</i>		麻 麻 木 木	same.
<i>ma²-mu⁴</i>		麻 木	same.
<i>ma²-su⁴-su¹-ti¹</i>		麻 棘 棘 的	petrified by fright; quaking.
<i>ma²-tao¹</i>		麻 刀	chopped rope for mixing with mortar.
<i>ma²-tzü³</i>		麻 子	hemp seeds, pock-marks.
<i>ma²-tzü³-érh²</i>	艸 卩	麻 子 兒	pock-marks.
<i>ma²</i>		蔴 771b571b	hemp.
<i>ma²-fan²-pu⁴</i>		蔴 帆 布	canvas, sailcloth.
<i>ma²-hua¹</i>		蔴 花	twist (made of dough) crullers.
<i>ma²-i¹</i>		蔴 衣	linen clothes.
<i>ma²-li⁴-mu⁴</i>		蔴 栗 木	teak.
<i>ma²-li⁴-shu⁴-pan³</i>		蔴 栗 樹 板	teak planks.

<i>ma²-liao³-hua¹</i>	麻了花	threadbare, frayed (as clothes).
<i>ma²-lien²</i>	麻蓮	coarse hempen sacking.
<i>ma²-lien²-pu⁴</i>	麻蓮布	same.
<i>ma²-pu⁴</i>	麻布	linen.
<i>ma²-shêng³</i>	麻繩	hempen string or cord.
<i>ma²-tai⁴</i>	麻袋	a sack, a liuen bag.
<i>ma²-tzū³-rh²</i>	麻子兒	hemp seed.
<i>ma²-tzū³-yu²</i>	麻子油	hemp seed oil.
<i>ma²</i>	目	to see indistinctly.
<i>ma²-hu¹</i>	磨 磨	same.
MA³	馬	
<i>ma³-an¹-tzū³</i>	馬鞍子	the horse.
<i>ma³-ch' a¹-i³</i>	馬叉椅	a saddle.
<i>ma³-chang³</i>	馬鞡	a camp or folding stool.
<i>ma³-ch' ê¹</i>	馬車	horse-shoes,
<i>ma³-ch' ê³-shou³</i>	馬扯手	horses and carts ; farmer's large cart.
<i>ma³-ch' ien²</i>	馬錢	reins, bridle.
<i>ma³-ch' ien²-k' o⁴</i>	馬前課	a doctor's fee.
<i>ma³-ch' ih³-hsien⁴</i>	馬齒莧	auguries before a journey.
<i>ma³-fan⁴-tzū³</i>	馬販子	spinach.
<i>ma³-fang²</i>	馬房	a horse dealer.
<i>ma³-fang⁴-nan²-shan¹</i>	馬放南山	a stable.
<i>ma³-fêng¹</i>	馬蜂	i. e., a time of peace.
<i>ma³-fêng¹-wo¹</i>	馬蜂窩	the horse-fly, hornet, a wasp.
<i>ma³-fêng¹-yao¹</i>	馬蜂腰	a wasp's nest ; honey-combed (as a gun).
<i>ma³-fu¹</i>	馬夫	wasp-waisted (of men).
<i>ma³-hao⁴</i>	馬號	a groom.
<i>ma³-hou⁴-k' o⁴</i>	馬後課	a stable.
<i>ma³-i¹</i>	馬衣	wise after the event.
<i>ma³-i³-êrh²</i>	馬尾兒	horse clothes.
<i>ma³-i³-pa¹</i>	馬尾把	horse hair, horse tails.
<i>ma³-i³-tsuan³</i>	馬尾纂	same.
<i>ma³-i³-lo²</i>	馬尾羅	false hair worn by women.
<i>ma³-ju⁴</i>	馬褥	a horse-hair sieve (for flour).
<i>ma³-k' ou³</i>	馬口	a pad, seat of a Chinese saddle.
<i>ma³-k' ou³-t' ieh³</i>	馬口鐵	mouth of the urethra.
<i>ma³-kua⁴</i>	馬褂	tin plates.
<i>ma³-k' uai⁴</i>	馬快	a short coat, a riding jacket.
<i>ma³-lang²</i>	馬螂	runners, thief-catchers.
<i>ma³-lê⁴</i>	馬勒	a dragon-fly (ching ¹ t'ing ¹).
<i>ma³-li⁴</i>	馬利	a bridle, reins.
<i>ma³-lien²-hua¹</i>	馬蓮花	quickly.
		a sort of wild blue-flag.

ma³-liu²
 ma³-lu⁴
 ma³-ma³-li⁴-li⁴
 ma³-ni²-yang²
 ma³-pa¹-shih⁴
 ma³-p'a²
 ma³-p'ai²-tzü³
 ma³-pang⁴
 ma³-p'êng²
 ma³-p'i³
 ma³-piao³
 ma³-pieh¹
 ma³-pien¹ tzü³
 ma³-pu⁴-chien⁴
 ma³-pu⁴-t'i¹
 ma³-pu⁴-t'ing²-t'i²
 ma³-sa¹-huan¹
 ma³-shang¹
 ma³-shang¹-chao³-ma³
 ma³-shang¹-chiu⁴-lai²
 ma³-shang¹-ts'o⁴
 ma³-shao²-ts'ai⁴
 ma³-shua¹-tzü³
 ma³-shou³-ch'iang¹
 ma³-tao⁴-ch'êng²-kung¹
 ma³-t'eng⁴
 ma³-t'i²
 ma³-t'i²-fên³
 ma³-t'i²-su¹
 ma³-t'ou²-tiuo⁴-êrh²
 ma³-tn³-tai⁴
 ma³-ts'uan⁴
 ma³-ts'ao²
 ma³-ts'é⁴
 ma³-tui⁴
 ma³-t'ung³
 ma³-wei³-sung¹
 ma³-ying¹
 ma³-yu³-lou⁴-t'i²
 ma³ 石碼 770b572a
 ma³-nao³
 ma³-t'ou²
 ma³-tzü³

馬流
 馬路
 馬馬利利
 馬馬牛羊
 馬把勢
 馬爬
 馬牌子
 馬棒
 馬棚
 馬匹
 馬表
 馬鼈
 馬鞭子
 馬步箭
 馬不踢
 馬不定蹠
 馬撒歡
 馬上
 馬上我馬
 馬上就來
 馬上做
 馬杓菜子
 馬刷子
 馬手鎗
 馬到成功
 馬蹬
 馬蹄
 馬蹄粉
 馬蹄酥
 馬頭調兒
 馬肚帶
 馬驢槽
 馬槽
 馬策
 馬隊
 馬桶
 馬尾松
 馬膺
 馬有漏蹄
 碼碼
 碼頭
 碼子

dissolute, profligate.
 a high-road, roads generally.
 quickly.
 cattle.
 horse breaking or training; a horse-trainer.
 a curry-comb.
 a mounted courier.
 a large endgel carried by mounted robbers.
 a shed for horses.
 horses.
 hunting-case watch.
 horse-leeches.
 a horsewhip.
 horse and foot archery.
 the horse does not kick.
 without cessation.
 the horse prances, pushes about in play.
 on horse back, quickly, at once.
 absence of mind,
 I will come immediately.
 to do anything quickly.
 name of a milky sort of weed.
 a horse-brush.
 carbines.
 no sooner there than done; promptly.
 stirring irons;
 a horses' hoof; water-chestnuts.
 arrowroot.
 cakes made of arrowroot.
 the name of a tune.
 a girth or surcingle.
 the horse prances,
 a horse trough, a manger.
 a horsewhip.
 cavalry.
 a commode.
 horse-tail pine.
 a girth, a breastplate.
 the horse's footing is unsteady.
 the carnelian; weights; a yard.
 the carnelian.
 a jetty, a mart on a river.
 weights; a farm of the taxes.

ma³-tzu⁴ 碼字
 ma³-i³ 玉 瑪 770b572b
 ma³-nao³ 瑪 瑙
 ma³-nao³-chu¹ 瑪 瑙 珠
 ma³ 虫 螞 770c572b
 ma³-cha³ 螞 蚱
 ma³-fên¹ 螞 蜂
 ma³-i³ 螞 蟻
 ma³-i³-pu⁴ 螞 蟻 布
 ma³-shê³-tzu³ 螞 蛇 子
 ma³ 疒 痲 771b571b
 ma³-chên⁴ 痲 症
 ma³-fên¹ 痲 瘋
 ma³-tzu³ 痲 子
 ma³ 口 嗎 770a572b

the weighing character ; standard weights.
 the carnelian.
 same.
 carnelian beads.
 a leech ; the ant.
 the locust, the grasshopper.
 a hornet.
 the ant.
 cottonades or cottons unclassified.
 a kind of lizard.
 the small-pox, the measles.
 the measles.
 leprosy.
 the small-pox ; a pock-marked person.
 an interrogative particle. M. 20.

MA⁴ 网 罵 770b572b
 ma⁴-chi¹-chi¹-ti¹ 罵 唧 唧 的
 ma⁴-chieh¹ 罵 街
 ma⁴-ma⁴-lieh²-lieh² 罵 罵 咧 咧
 ma⁴-ming² 罵 名
 ma⁴-ming²-ch'ien¹-tsai³ 罵 名 千 載
 ma⁴-pu⁴-chüeh³-k'ou³ 罵 不 絕 口
 ma⁴-t'u¹-i¹-tun⁴ 罵 他 一 頓
 ma⁴ (tzu) 衣 襦 770b572c

to rail, to abuse, to revile.
 continual scolding;
 to get drunk and abuse anybody.
 constantly railing.
 an execrated name.
 forever execrated name
 to curse without ceasing.
 give him a scolding.
 paper effigy of a god.

MAI³ 土 埋 770a573a
 nai²-fu² 埋 伏
 nai²-jên² 埋 人
 nai²-mo⁴ 埋 沒
 nai²-t'ou² 埋 頭
 nai²-t'ou²-mai²-nao³ 埋 頭 埋 腦
 nai²-tsang⁴ 埋 葬
 nai²-ts'ang² 埋 藏
 nai²-tui¹ 埋 堆

to bury, to conceal ; to lay up. See man².
 an ambush, an ambuscade.
 to bury a person ; to conceal a person.
 to conceal, to hide.
 to pretend not to know.
 same.
 to bury, to inter.
 to conceal, to hoard in secret, to store up.
 to heap up.

MAI³ 貝 買 772b573c
 nai³-chien⁴ 買 賤
 nai³-chu³ 買 主
 nai³-fên⁴ 買 奉
 nai³-fu²-jên²-hsin¹ 買 服 人 心
 nai³-hui⁴ 買 賄
 nai³-k'ou⁴ 買 客

to buy, to purchase.
 to buy cheap.
 the purchaser.
 to curry favor with, to bribe.
 to capture people's hearts, e. g., unfairly.
 to bribe.
 a customer.

mai³-mai⁴
 mai³-mai⁴-jên²
 mai³-mai⁴-tao³-liao³
 mai³-mai⁴-p'ei²-liao³
 mai³-ming²
 mai³-pan⁴
 mai³-pu⁴-ch'i³
 mai³-pu⁴-lai²
 mai³-pu⁴-liao³
 mai³-pu⁴-tao⁴
 mai³-shang³-tang¹-la¹
 mai³-shou⁴
 mai³-shu¹-fu²-êrh²
 mai³-ti¹-kung¹-ming²
 mai³-ti¹-p'ien⁴-i⁴
 mai³-ting⁴
 mai³-t'ing²-tang¹-liao³
 mai³-tsui³-ch'ih¹
 mai³-t'ung¹-la¹

買賣
 買賣人
 買賣倒了
 買賣賠了
 買賣名
 買辦
 買不起
 買不來
 買不了
 買不到
 買上當喇
 買受
 買舒服
 買兒
 買的功名
 買的便宜
 買定
 買停當了
 買嘴吃
 買通喇

to buy and sell, to trade.
 a trader.
 failed in business.
 the business is a failure.
 to buy a name, to try to obtain notoriety.
 a compradore.
 unable to buy, unable to afford it.
 can't be had for money.
 unable to buy.
 cannot buy (referring to absence of article) [sought]
 cheated in a purchase.
 to acquire by purchase.
 to purchase ease.
 bought degrees.
 bought cheap.
 bought, and bargain fixed.
 bought, and settled.
 to make a living by talking.
 purchased outright (bribery).

MAI⁴
 mai⁴-ch'ang⁴-ti¹
 mai⁴-ch'i³-lai²
 mai⁴-ch'i⁴
 mai⁴-chiên⁴
 mai⁴-chu³
 mai⁴-ch'ü⁴
 mai⁴-fan⁴
 mai⁴-fung⁴-tsui⁴-jên²
 mai⁴-hsieh⁴-ti¹
 mai⁴-hua¹-p'io²
 mai⁴-i⁴-ti¹
 mai⁴-jên²-ch'ing²
 mai⁴-kuai¹
 mai⁴-kuan¹
 mai⁴-kuei⁴
 mai⁴-kuo²
 mai⁴-lung²-yen¹
 mai⁴-li⁴
 mai⁴-nung⁴
 mai⁴-pu⁴-liao³
 mai⁴-pu⁴-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴
 mai⁴-pu⁴-tung⁴

賣
 賣
 賣唱
 賣的
 賣起來
 賣契
 賣賤
 賣主
 賣去
 賣飯
 賣放
 賣罪人
 賣獬
 賣的
 賣花
 賣婆
 賣藝
 賣的
 賣人
 賣情
 賣乖
 賣官
 賣貴
 賣國
 賣煙
 賣狠
 賣力
 賣弄
 賣不
 賣了
 賣不
 賣出
 賣不
 賣動

to sell.
 a street minstrel.
 to begin to sell; to rise in price.
 a bill of sale.
 to sell cheap.
 the seller.
 to sell off.
 to sell food.
 to release a criminal for money.
 acrobats.
 a flower-woman.
 an athlete, a tumbler, an acrobat.
 to make a show of kindly feeling.
 to make a boast.
 to sell offices in the state.
 to sell at a high price.
 to sell one's country.
 a braggart (fig.).
 to work as a coolie, etc.
 to betray, to befool; to swagger, to show off.
 unable to sell.
 can't sell off.
 can't find sale for goods.

mai ⁴ -shên ¹	賣身	prostitution for money.	[one's father.
mai ⁴ -shên ¹ -tsang ⁴ -fu ⁴	賣身葬父	to sell oneself in order to get money to bury	
mai ⁴ -shou ⁴	賣售	to sell.	
mai ⁴ -tai ¹	賣跌	to dawdle, to fool away time.	
mai ⁴ -tê ² -kuei ⁴	賣得貴	sold dear.	
mai ⁴ -t'ou ² -hao ³	賣頭好	a good salesman.	
mai ⁴ -tsui ³ -ti ¹ -jên ²	賣嘴的人	quacks, etc.	
mai ⁴ -tzü ⁴ -hna ⁴	賣字畫	to sell fine writing, etc.	
mai ⁴ -wên ² -chang ¹	賣文章	to sell essays.	
mai ⁴ -yu ² -ti ¹	賣油的	an oil seller; a "skip-jack".	
mai ⁴ (tzü)	麥	wheat, 199th radical.	
mai ⁴ -chieh ¹	麥稽	wheat-straw.	
mai ⁴ -ch'iu ¹	麥秋	wheat harvest.	
mai ⁴ -fu ¹ -tzü ³	麥麩子	chaff.	
mai ⁴ -huang ² -liao ³	麥橫了	the wheat is rusted.	
mai ⁴ -k'o ¹	麥科	a tuft of wheat.	
mai ⁴ -k'ang ¹	麥糠	wheat husk, chaff	
mai ⁴ -man ²	麥芒	the awn (or beard) of wheat.	
mai ⁴ -mên ² -tung ¹	麥門冬	a sort of medicine.	
mai ⁴ -miao ²	麥苗	young wheat.	
mai ⁴ -mien ⁴ -tzü ³	麥麪子	wheaten flour.	
mai ⁴ -shu ² -i ¹ -shang ³	麥熟一晌	(fig.) fleeting time.	
mai ⁴ -sui ⁴ -tzü ³	麥穗子	a wheat ear.	
mai ⁴ -shên ¹ -tzü ³	麥參子	tailings of wheat.	
mai ⁴ -t'ing ²	麥莖	culm of wheat.	
mai ⁴ -t'ou ² -tzü ³	麥頭子	a wheat ear.	
mai ⁴ -yu ²	麥芽	wheat germs or sprouts.	
mai ⁴ -yao ¹ -tzü ³	麥襖子	binders for wheat sheaves.	
mai ⁴ -yü ² -tzü ³	麥餘子	chaff.	
mai ⁴	邁	to go, to walk; to pass, to exceed; to disregard.	
mai ⁴ -chung ⁴ -ch'ao ¹	邁衆超羣	to excell all others.	
mai ⁴ -i ¹ -pu ⁴ [ch'ün ²	邁一步	to go a step.	
mai ⁴ -kno ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴ -liao ³	邁過去了	to pass beyond (yüeh ⁴).	
mai ⁴ -pu ⁴	邁步	to go a step (chin ¹ pu ⁴).	
mai ⁴ -pu ⁴ -k'ai ¹ -pu ⁴	邁不開步	unable to move a step.	
mai ⁴ -ssü ⁴ -fung ¹ -pu ⁴	邁四方步	the stately walk of a <i>literatus</i> .	
mai ⁴ -ta ⁴ -pu ⁴	邁大步	to take long steps.	
mai ⁴	買	sort of milky plaut, dandelion sow thistle (k'u ³	
AN ¹	頁	dawdling; a large face; to put on a bold face.	
un ¹ -han ¹	頁	dilatory, apathetic, phlegmatic.	
AN ²	目	to blind, to deceive, to impose on (hung ² p'ien ⁴).	

man².ho² 瞞着
 man².hsin¹-mei³-chi³ 瞞心昧己
 man².hung² 瞞哄
 man³.liao³ 瞞了
 man².liao³.sui⁴.shu⁴ 瞞了歲數
 man².mei⁴ 瞞昧
 man²-p'ien⁴ 瞞騙
 man²-pu⁴-chu⁴-ni³ 瞞不住你
 man²-pu⁴-kuo⁴ 瞞不過
 man²-tê²-kuo⁴ 瞞得過
 man²-ts'ang² 瞞藏
 man² 土 埋 772a573a
 man²-ts'ang² 埋藏
 man²-yüan⁴ 埋怨
 man² 虫 蠻 775c574a
 man²-i³ 蠻夷
 man²-jên² 蠻人
 man²-tzü³ 蠻子
 man²-yü³ 蠻語
 man² 食 饅 775b575a
 man².t'ou² 饅頭
 man² (wan) 艸 蔓 1231a1040c
 man²-ching¹ 蔓菁

to deceive, to hoodwink, etc.
 to deceive and muddle one's self.
 to blind, to deceive.
 to deceive, to hoodwink, etc.
 deceived as to his age.
 deceived, blinded, concealed.
 to beguile, to deceive, to cheat.
 you cannot be deceived.
 unable to deceive.
 able to deceive.
 dishonest concealment of anything.
 to conceal, to harbour. See mai².
 to conceal, to hide.
 to harbour resentment (pao⁴ yüan⁴)
 rude, barbarous, unreasonable; barbarians.
 barbarians.
 same (nan² man² tzü³).
 same.
 barbarous talk
 cakes, bread, a dumpling.
 bread, loaves of bread.
 a kind of turnip.
 a sort of turnip, a beet.

MAN³ 水 滿 773c575b
 man³-chao¹-sun³ 滿招損
 man³-chieh¹-yao²-yen² 滿街謠言
 man³-ch'ien² 滿錢
 man³-chou¹ 滿洲
 man³-ch'u⁴ 滿處
 man³-fu² 滿福
 man³-fu² 滿服
 man³-fu⁴-wên²-chang¹ 滿腹文章
 man³-han¹ 滿漢
 man³-han⁴-chiu²-hsi² 滿漢酒席
 man³-hsin¹ 滿心
 man³-hsin¹-yüan⁴-i⁴ 滿心願意
 man³-hsing³ 滿行
 man³-jih⁴ 滿日
 man³-k'ou³-hu² shuo¹ 滿口胡說
 man³-li³ 滿理
 man³-lien³-hsiao⁴-jung² 滿臉笑容
 man³-lien³-p'ei³-hsiao⁴ 滿臉陪笑

full, completed, enough, sufficient. M. 228.
 pride brings loss.
 the street filled with evil reports.
 the full number on each string of cash.
 Manchou, Tartary. [tao⁴ ch'u⁴]
 from place to place, everywhere (pien⁴ ch'u⁴)
 complete blessedness
 expiration of mourning (ch'u² fu²).
 full of learning.
 Manchoo and Chinese.
 dinners in Chinese and Manchoo styles.
 the whole heart.
 wholly desirous.
 will do excellently, will fill the bill.
 the whole day. [shuo¹ po⁴ tao⁴]
 the mouth full of nonsense and absurdity (hu¹)
 all the right on his side.
 a face wreathed with smiles,
 a face full of smiles.

nan ³ -liu ²	滿流	full tide.
nan ³ -man ³ -ti	滿滿的	full.
nan ³ -mien ⁴	滿面	the whole face.
nan ³ -mien ⁴ -hung ² -kuang ¹	滿面紅光	a face covered with a ruddy light.
nan ³ -mien ⁴ -liu ² -han ¹	滿面流汗	the whole face covered with perspiration.
nan ² -nien ²	滿年	a whole year.
nan ³ -shên ¹	滿身	the whole body (chou ¹ shên ¹ , hun ⁴ shên ¹).
yan ³ -shên ¹ -chieh ⁴ -ch'uan ¹	滿身疥瘡	covered with itch,
nan ³ -shih ²	滿實	completely full.
nan ³ -ta ³ -man ³ -suan ⁴	滿打滿算	full calculations.
nan ³ -ti ⁴	滿地	all over the ground (pien ⁴ ti ⁴).
nan ³ -ti ⁴ -chuan ¹ -chia ¹	滿地莊稼	the land covered with harvest.
nan ³ -tien ¹ -hsing ¹ -lou ³	滿天星斗	a very clear sky.
nan ³ -lou ³ -fên ² -hsiang ¹	滿斗焚香	plenty of incense.
nan ³ -tu ³ -wei ³ -ch'ü ⁴	滿肚委曲	full of a sense of injustice.
nan ³ -wu ¹	滿屋	the whole room.
nan ³ -wu ¹ -hsiang ¹ -chi ⁴	滿屋香氣	the room is full of incense scent.
nan ³ -yen ³ -nu ²³ -hu ¹	滿眼瞢瞢	his eyes are blurred.
nan ³ -ying ¹ -man ³ -hsü ³	滿應滿許	profuse promises.
nan ³ -ying ²	滿盈	full.
nan ³ -yüan ⁴ -hua ¹ -ts'ao ³	滿院花草	a court full of flowers, etc.
nan ³ -yüeh ⁴	滿月	a full month ; a full moon (yüan ² yüeh ⁴).

AN ⁴	心 小	慢 774c576a	slowly, leisurely, easily ; disrespectful, rude.
an ⁴ -cho ²		慢 着	slowly, gently, etc.
an ⁴ -hsing ⁴		慢 性	a slow, easy disposition.
an ⁴ -man ⁴		慢 慢	slowly ; stop a little.
an ⁴ -man ⁴ -ti ³		慢 慢 的	slowly, leisurely (ch'ih ² man ⁴).
an ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ching ¹ -hsin ¹		慢 不 經 心	wanting in care.
an ⁴ -toi ⁴		慢 待	to treat haughtily or discourteously (tai ⁴ hao ³).
an ⁴ -yu ¹ -yu ¹ -ti ¹		慢 悠 悠 的	quite slowly, self-possessed.
an ⁴	水 湯	漫 775a576b	filled with water, flood ; set loose,
an ⁴ -lin ²		漫 流	full tide (ch'ao ² shui ³).
an ⁴ -pu ¹ -ku ⁴ -ch'iao ²		漫 不 過 橋	(the water) does not rise above the bridge.
an ⁴ -shui ³		漫 水	slack water.
an ⁴ -shuo ¹		漫 說	do not say so ; to speak at random, unreason- [ably.]
an ⁴ -wu ¹		漫 污	smearred, soiled.
an ⁴	土	漫 774b576c	to cover, as with plaster.
an ⁴ -chuan ¹		漫 輒	to pave with bricks.
an ⁴ -ti ³		漫 地	to cover the earth, e. g., with brick.
an ⁴ -ti ⁴ -pan ³		漫 地 板	to lay boards down for a floor.
an ⁴ -yung ³ -lu ⁴		漫 甬 路	to make a raised walk.
an ⁴	金	漫 775b576c	a trowel.

man⁴-i¹-man⁴ 鏝一鏝
 man⁴ (tʃǻ) 巾 幔 774c576a

to plaster with a trowel.
 a curtain, a screen (chang⁴).

MANG² 心 忡 忙 775c578c
 mang²-chung¹-yu³ ts'o⁴ 忙中有錯
 mang²-hsien² 忙閒
 mang²-huo²-huo²-ti¹ 忙活活的
 mang²-lɿ³-t'ou⁴-hsien² 忙裏偷閒
 mang²-liang² 忙糧
 mang²-liao³ 忙了
 mang²-luan⁴ 忙亂
 mang²-mang² 忙忙
 mang²-mang²-lu⁴-lu⁴ 忙忙碌碌
 mang²-mang²-ti¹ 忙忙的
 mang²-po⁴ 忙迫
 mang²-pu⁴-kno⁴-lai² 忙不過來
 mang²-pu⁴-tich² 忙不迭
 mang²-shên²-ma¹ 忙甚麼
 mang²-tao²-tao²-ti¹ 忙忒忒的
 mang²-tê²-hên³ 忙得很
 mang²-tsu² 忙卒
 mang² 艸 廿 芒 776b578c
 mang²-chung⁴ 芒種
 mang²-mang²-jan² 忙忙然
 mang²-shên² 芒神
 mang² 石 砵 砵 776b579a
 mang²-hsiao¹ 砵硝
 mang² 牛 犛 776c578b
 mang²-niu² 犛牛
 mang² 金 鎗 776c579a
 mang² 目 眈 盲 776a609b
 mang² 艸 廿 茫 776b578c

busy, hurried, fluttered ; occupation.
 an error through haste,
 occupation and leisure.
 quite busy, pressed with work,
 to snatch a little leisure.
 extra taxes.
 busied.
 fluttered, hurried, confused, etc.
 hurried, flurried (tsu² jan²).
 to bustle, in a bustle.
 hurried, flurried, in a bustle.
 very busy or flurried.
 I have no time for (ku⁴ pu⁴ tê²).
 cannot get through with (tich² pu⁴ tê²).
 what are you in a hurry about ?
 in a hurry (ma³ shang¹).
 very busy.
 in a bustle, to bustle
 a beard of grain ; a sharp point,
 bearded grain ; a term. See Note 21.
 hurriedly, in confusion. [festive]
 master of husbandry ; clay figure at spring
 saltpetre (hsiao¹).
 crude saltpetre,
 a bull.
 same.
 point of a weapon. [sic]
 severe illness ; the thorax ; indistinctness of
 uncertainty, vagueness, doubt ; vastness.

MANG³ 虫 蟒 777a579c
 mang³-ch'ün² 蟒裙
 mang³-chung² 蟒蟲
 mang³-lung²-i¹ 蟒龍衣
 mang³-p'uo² 蟒袍
 mang³-p'i² 蟒皮
 mang³-shê² 蟒蛇
 mang³ 艸 廿 莽 777a579b
 mang³-chuang⁴ 莽撞

the boa-constrictor. [up]
 a petticoat worn by mandarins (from 5th grade)
 the boa-constrictor,
 Imperial robes,
 a mandarin's robes.
 skin of python (used on violins).
 the boa-constrictor. [fuse]
 brushwood, jungle ; tangled, disorderly, carelessly, recklessly, disorderly, rude.

MAO ²	毛	毛 778a580a	hair, feathers, down, hair on eye-brows.
mao ² -ch'ien ³		毛錢	thin, imperfect cash.
mao ² -chui ¹ -tzü ³		毛錐子	a Chinese pen.
mao ² -ch'uyü ²		毛蟲	caterpillar.
mao ² -fa ³		毛髮	hair.
mao ² -hai ² -êrh ²		毛孩兒	children (boys or girls) who have not yet shaved.
mao ² -ku ² -süny ³ -jan ²		毛骨悚然	horror struck.
mao ² -kuan ³		毛管	quills.
mao ² -k'ung ³		毛孔	pores of the skin.
mao ² -lü ² -tzü ³		毛驢子	a young donkey.
mao ² -nü ³		毛女	[shaved.
mao ² -pao ¹		毛包	a young woman whose face has not yet been
mao ² -pien ¹ -chih ³		毛邊紙	helpless, without resource.
mao ² -piung ⁴		毛病	brown writing paper
mao ² -pu ⁴		毛布	fault, blemish, crime (hsia ³ tz'ü ¹ , ko ¹ hsiung ¹ [êrh ⁴).
mao ² -sé ⁴		毛色	ginghams,
mao ² -shao ¹		毛稍	depreciation of silver.
mao ² -shên ³ -shên ¹		毛忡忡	a hair's point; a trifle. <i>shên</i> (to feel)
mao ² -shih ⁴		毛柿	to feel a shudder (ch'ih ¹ ching ¹)
mao ² -tai ¹ -tai ¹ -ti ¹		毛呆呆的	camogon wood.
mao ² -t'an ³		毛毯	harum-scarum (tsao ⁴ chi ²).
mao ² -tao ⁴ -êrh ²		毛道兒	hair or skin rugs.
mao ² -t'ou ² -chih ³		毛頭紙	the lie or quality of a fur.
mao ² -ts'ao ³		毛草	a sort of cheap paper.
mao ²	豸 猫	貓 777b581b	coarse.
mao ² -êrh ² -t'ou ²		貓兒頭	the cat (also 1st tone).
mao ² -êrh ² -yeu ³		貓兒眼	the owl (yeh ⁴ mao ¹ tzü ³).
mao ² -kou ³		貓狗	cat's eye beads.
mao ² -k'u ¹ -hao ⁴ -tzü ³		貓哭耗子	cats and dogs,
mao ² -lao ² -ch'ih ¹ -tzü ³		貓老吃子	the cat mourning for the rat—false sympathy.
mao ² -shu ³ -t'ung ² -mien ²		貓鼠同眠	the old cat deserts its offspring.
mao ² -t'ou ² -wa ³		貓頭瓦	collusion of thieves and officers.
mao ² -t'ou ² -ying ¹		貓頭鷹	cat's head-tiles.
mao ² -tung ⁴ -rh ²		貓洞兒	the horned owl.
mao ² -yeu ³ -chü ¹		貓眼珠	hole cut in doors for convenience of cats.
mao ²	金	錨 777c581b	"cat's eye beads," a kind of precious stone.
mao ² -hsia ¹ -liao ²		錨下了	an anchor.
mao ² -lan ³		錨纜	the anchor is dropped.
mao ² -pên ³		錨本	a cable.
mao ² -p'iao ¹		錨漂	an anchor, a hawser.
mao ²	艸 廿	茅 779a581a	an anchor's buoy.
mao ² -fang ²		茅房	reeds, rushes; a water-closet.
mao ² -kên ¹		茅根	a reed hut; reeds, rushes.
			a medicine.

- mao²-lu² 茅蘆 a water-closet.
 mao²-sai¹ 茅塞 obstructing rushes (metaphorical).
 mao²-ssü⁴ 茅廝 厠 a water-closet (or privy).
 mao²-ts'ao³ 茅草 reeds, rushes (not full grown).
 mao²-wu¹ 茅屋 a hut made of reeds
 mao² 方 旄 778c580c a tail, used as a sort of banner; a flag.
 mao²-ko¹ 旄戈 a lance with a flag or tail at top.
- MAO³** 卯 卯 779b581c horary character, 5 to 7 A.M. a period; a mortise.
 mao³-ch'i¹ 卯期 dates of morning roll call (tien³ mao³).
 mao³-k'o⁴ 卯刻 5 to 7 o'clock A.M.
 mao³-pu⁴ 卯簿 a register of employés, a muster-roll.
 mao³-shih² 卯時 5 to 7 o'clock A.M.
 mao³-sun³ 卯榫 mortise and tenon.
 mao³-tzü³-kung¹ 卯子工 work done by the day.
 mao³ yieh⁴ 卯月 the second moon. See note 32.
 mao³ 日 昴 779b582a see following.
 mao³-hsing¹ 昴星 the Pleiades.
- MAO⁴** 冒 冒 779c582b blindly, rashly, heedlessly; to assume.
 mao⁴-chi² 冒籍 a pretender, under false colors.
 mao⁴-ch'o⁴ 冒觸 to give offence inconsiderately.
 mao⁴-ch'ung¹ 冒充 to falsely act as.
 mao⁴-ch'ung¹-tzu⁴-hao⁴ 冒充字號 to feloniously use a firm's name.
 mao⁴-fan⁴ 冒犯 to offend inconsiderately, to affront.
 mao⁴-fan⁴-jên² 冒犯人 to affront a person.
 mao⁴-fêng¹-yü³ 冒風雨 to brave wind and rain.
 mao⁴-hsien³-ti¹-shih⁴ 冒險的事 a risky affair, a brave-danger-matter.
 mao⁴-jê⁴-ch'i⁴ 冒熱氣 hot air rises out (of it).
 mao⁴-jên⁴ 冒認 to claim falsely.
 mao⁴-k'uo⁴ 冒告 to accuse falsely.
 mao⁴-liao³-fêng¹ 冒了風 to have caught cold (tung⁴ cho²)
 mao⁴-ling³-ch'ien²-liang⁹ 冒領錢糧 to receive taxes by false representations,
 mao⁴-mao⁴-ti¹ 冒冒的 suddenly; very nearly, about
 mao⁴-mei⁴ 冒昧 blindly, ignorantly, rashly. [(ting³ ti⁴).
 mao⁴-ming² 冒名 to forge a name, to assume another's reputation
 mao⁴-ming²-ting³-t'ü⁴ 冒名頂替 to impersonate another.
 mao⁴-pien⁴-jên²-ts'ai² 冒騙人財 to rob a man by deceit.
 mao⁴-pu⁴-t'ung¹ 冒不通 unexpectedly, unawares (meng³ ku¹ ting¹ ti¹).
 mao⁴-shih⁴ 冒失 rash, heedless (hu²-t'ü⁴ ma³ ii¹).
 mao⁴-shih⁴-kuei³ 冒失鬼 a rash fool.
 mao⁴-ssü³ 冒死 to brave death, to rush rashly on death.
 mao⁴-t'ü⁴ 冒替 to falsely assume another's place and act for him.

mao³-ting³ 冒頂
 mao⁴-yen¹ 冒烟
 mao⁴ (tzu) 巾 帽 780a582c
 mao⁴-chia⁴ 帽架
 mao⁴-chiang⁴ 帽匠
 mao⁴-chiek²-rh² 帽結兒
 mao⁴-ho²-rh² 帽盒兒
 mao⁴-ko¹-ta² 帽疙瘩
 mao⁴-k'aci¹ 帽盔
 mao⁴-pien⁴-tzu³ 帽辮子
 mao⁴-p'u⁴ 帽舖
 mao⁴-tai⁴ 帽帶
 mao⁴-tien⁴ 帽店
 mao⁴-tin³ 帽頂
 mao⁴-yen² 帽沿
 mao⁴-ying¹-tzu³ 帽纓子
 mao⁴ 艸 廿 茂 779c589b
 mao⁴-lin² 茂林
 mao⁴-shên¹ 茂生
 mao⁴-shêng⁴ 茂盛
 mao⁴-t'êng²-t'êng² 茂騰騰
 mao⁴-ts'ai² 茂才
 mao⁴ 豕 兒 貌 777b582a
 mao⁴-lon⁴ 貌陋
 mao⁴-mei³ 貌美
 mao⁴-t'ang²-t'ang² 貌堂堂
 mao⁴ 玉 瑁 784a586c
 mao⁴ 水 彳 涓 780a582c
 mao⁴-chiang¹-êrh² 涓漿兒
 mao⁴ 貝 質 779c589c
 mao⁴-i⁴ 質易

to falsely assume another's place and act for him.
 the throat parched, smoke issues forth, to smoke
 a hat or cap. [(as a stove).
 hat-rack.
 a hatter.
 knot on the top of a cap (small).
 a hat box.
 knot on the top of a cap (large).
 a hat block or mould; a hat.
 straw braid.
 a hatter's shop.
 a cap string, a chin strap.
 a hatter's shop.
 the knob or button on a cap.
 the rim of a cap.
 tassel of a hat.
 umbrageous, luxuriant, flourishing, strong.
 a thick grove of trees.
 to grow luxuriantly. [(hsing¹ wang⁴).
 to flourish, to abound, flourishing, abundant
 luxuriant growth.
 splendid talents
 air, manner, figure, countenance (hsiang⁴ mao⁴).
 of vulgar appearance, ugly.
 of handsome appearance, elegant, handsome.
 handsome appearance
 tortoise-shell (玳 瑁).
 to rise and overflow.
 the sap is oozing out.
 to deal, to trade, to barter, to buy or sell.
 trade, barter (shêng¹ i⁴, mai³ mai⁴).

MEI² 木 梅 780c584a
 mei² hsiang¹ 梅香
 mei²-hua¹ 梅花
 mei²-hua¹-ch'iao³ 梅花雀
 mei²-hua¹-ch'iao³ 梅花鵲
 mei²-hua¹-lu⁴ 梅花鹿
 mei²-hua¹-ting¹ 梅花疔
 mei²-hung²-chih³ 梅紅紙
 mei²-su¹-wan² 梅蘇丸
 mei² 水 彳 沒 807b606a
 mei²-ch'ang²-kuo⁴ 沒嘗過

prunes, plums, the prune species.
 common name for a slave-girl
 plum blossom.
 the avadavat.
 same.
 spotted deer.
 syphilitic sores.
 Chinese red paper.
 a sort of pill.
 not, there is not; to die, to perish. See mo⁴ & mu².
 never tasted.

<i>mei²-chia⁴-ti¹-jên²</i>	沒架的人	person of no consequence.
<i>mei²-ch'iao² chien⁴</i>	沒瞧見	have never seen.
<i>mei²-chien⁴-kuo¹-mien⁴</i>	沒見過面	never saw him before.
<i>mei²-chien⁴-shih⁴</i>	沒見識	has no experience.
<i>mei²-ch'ien²</i>	沒錢	out of money.
<i>mei²-chih⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	沒志氣	without ambition.
<i>mei²-ch'ü¹-hsi²</i>	沒出息	useless.
<i>mei²-fa³-tzü⁵</i>	沒法子	there is no help for it, etc.
<i>mei²-hsiang³-ch'ü³-lai²</i>	沒想起來	didn't think of it.
<i>mei²-hsiang³-tao⁴</i>	沒想到	same.
<i>mei²-hsin¹-hsiang¹</i>	沒心胸	conscienceless
<i>mei²-k'ai¹-kuo¹-yen³</i>	沒開過眼	never had his eyes opened.
<i>mei²-liao³</i>	沒了	dead ; gone, used up, no more.
<i>mei²-lien³-chien⁴-jên³</i>	沒臉見人	no "face" to see anyone.
<i>mei²-lien²-ch'ü³</i>	沒廉耻	shameless.
<i>mei²-mao²-ping⁴</i>	沒毛病	has no defect.
<i>mei²-nai⁴-ho²</i>	沒奈何	irremediable, no resource, no help for it (wu [nai ⁴ ho ²])
<i>mei²-nien⁴-kuo⁴-shu¹</i>	沒念過書	have never gone to school.
<i>mei²-p'ü¹-lai⁴-lien³</i>	沒皮賴臉	utterly shameless.
<i>mei² shên⁷-mo¹</i>	沒甚麼	nothing.
<i>mei²-t'üng¹-kuo³-tao¹</i>	沒聽過道	have never heard the "doctrine".
<i>mei²-to³-ch'ü²</i>	沒躲及	did not get out of the way in time.
<i>mei²-to¹-shao³</i>	沒多少	not many.
<i>mei² ts'ai¹-ta⁴-liao⁴</i>	沒材大料	a big nincompoop.
<i>mei²-ying²-rh²</i>	沒影兒	not a shadow of, not a sign or vestige of.
<i>mei²-yu³</i>	沒有	not to have, there is not.
<i>mei²-yu³-chih⁴</i>	沒有治	impracticable.
<i>mei²-yu³-lao⁴-rh²</i>	沒有落兒	no luck or success (in trade, etc).
<i>mei²-yu²-liao³</i>	沒有了	none.
<i>mei²-yu³-shên²-mo¹</i>	沒有甚麼	nothing.
<i>mei²-yu³-ti¹-hua⁴</i>	沒有的話	impossible !
<i>mei²</i>	目眉 781a585a	the eye-brows.
<i>mei²-ch'in¹-mu⁴-hsi¹</i>	眉清目秀	handsome, beautiful.
<i>mei²-k'ai¹-yen³-hsiao⁴</i>	眉開眼笑	a happy, cheerful expression.
<i>mei²-lai²-yen³-ch'ü⁴</i>	眉來眼去	exchange of glances--lovers.
<i>mei²-mao²</i>	眉毛	eye-brows.
<i>mei²-mu⁴</i>	眉目	eye brows and eyes.
<i>mei²-p'ü¹</i>	眉批	notes at top of the page
<i>mei²-shou⁴</i>	眉壽	eye-brows which promise longevity.
<i>mei²-t'ou³</i>	眉頭	the eye-brows.
<i>mei²-t'ou³-pu⁴-chan³</i>	眉頭不展	eye-brows knitted with care (ch'ou ² mei ² pu ⁴ [chan ³]).
<i>mei²-yen³</i>	眉眼	eye-brow and eyes ; outline, plan.
<i>mei²</i>	女媒 782a585b	a go-between to arrange marriages.

mei ² -chien ³	媒	媒人	the papers in an engagement (kêng ¹ t'ieh ¹).
mei ² -jên ²		媒理	a go-between to arrange marriages.
mei ² -li ³		媒理	same.
mei ² -pin ¹		媒賓	same.
mei ² -p'o ²		媒婆	a female go-between, official, <i>ya-i</i> (kuan ¹ nei ²).
mei ² -shuo ²		媒妁	a go-between in arranging marriages
mei ²	火	煤 782b585c	coal (cha ³ tzũ ³).
mei ² -ch'ang ²		煤廠	a coal-yard.
mei ² -ch'i ⁴		煤氣	gas.
mei ² -hé ¹ -t'zũ ³		煤黑子	a driver of coal-camels (Peking).
mei ² -kung ³		煤礦	a coal-mine.
mei ² -mi ³		煤米	coals and rice ; means of living.
mei ² -mi ³ -ch'ai ² -t'an ⁴		煤米柴炭	coals, rice and fuel ; means of living.
mei ² -shan ¹		煤山	Coal Hill in Peking.
mei ² -t'an ⁴		煤炭	coal and charcoal.
mei ² -t'ou ²		煤頭	coal in lumps (ying ⁴ mei ²).
mei ² -tzũ ³		煤子	soot, allumette.
mei ² -yao ²		煤窰	a coal-pit.
mei ² -yen ¹		煤烟	lamp-black.
mei ² -yu ²		煤油	kerosene (huo ³ ju ² , yang ² yu ²).
mei ²	玉	玫 782a584c	a red stone.
mei ² -kuei ⁴		玫瑰	a red stone ; mignonette (yüeh ⁴ chi ³ hua ¹).
mei ² -kuei ⁴		玫瑰	the rose (ch'iang ² wei ⁴).
mei ²	雨	霉 781a584b	humid, mouldy (fa ¹ mei ²).
mei ² -lan ⁴		霉爛	decayed and mouldy.
mei ² -t'ien ¹		霉天	the mouldy weather of May and June.
mei ²	木	楣 781c585a	top or lintel of a door ; ribs of a ship. [gag,
mei ²	木	枚 782a584c	a sapling, a switch ; a numeral particle, one ; a
MEI ³	羊	美 782c586a	handsome, beautiful, excellent, fine.
mei ³ -chih ¹ -chi ²		美之極	most delicious.
mei ³ -ching ³		美景	a fine bit of scenery.
mei ³ -chiu ³		美酒	excellent wine.
mei ³ -ch'üeh ¹		美缺	a fine vacancy (official).
mei ³ -êrh ² -chung ⁴ t'ing ¹		美耳中聽	delightful to hear.
mei ³ -hao ³		美好	excellent, beautiful.
mei ³ -jên ²		美人	a beautiful woman.
mei ³ -jên ² -t'u ²		美人圖	a beauty's picture.
mei ³ -k'ou ³ -hsiang ¹ -t'ien ²		美口香甜	pleasant to the taste.
mei ³ -kuo ²		美國	the United States of America (ho ² chung ⁴ kuo ²).
mei ³ -li ⁴		美麗	beautiful, excellent.
mei ³ -mao ⁴		美貌	handsome countenance (of a woman).
mei ³ -miao ⁴		美妙	excellent, admirable.

<i>mei³-pu⁴-k' o³-yen²</i>	美不可言	inexpressibly fine.
<i>mei³-sé⁴</i>	美色	handsome appearance.
<i>mei³-shih⁴</i>	美士	an elegant scholar.
<i>mei³-shih⁴</i>	美事	a good thing.
<i>mei³-t' an²</i>	美談	pleasant chat.
<i>mei³-ti⁴</i>	美地	fine land, splendid land.
<i>mei³-tsai¹-ch' i²-chung¹</i>	美在其中	a beautiful combination.
<i>mei³-ts' ai²</i>	美才	great talent, etc
<i>mei³-wei¹</i>	美味	luscious, delicious.
<i>mei³-yen²</i>	美言	good words.
<i>mei³-yü⁴</i>	美玉	beautiful jade.
<i>mei³</i>	母 每 <small>78Jb586a</small>	each, every ; always, constantly.
<i>mei³-ch' ang²</i>	每常	constantly, continually.
<i>mei³-êrh²-ch' ih⁴</i>	每兒 斥	all, every one.
<i>mei³-fjeng²-san¹</i>	每逢 三	every third (day).
<i>mei³ hui²</i>	每回	each time.
<i>mei³-i²-chien⁴-shih⁴</i>	每一件事	each matter.
<i>mei³ jèn²-i²-fjèn¹</i>	每人一分	each man a share (kø ⁴ jèn ²).
<i>mei³-jih¹</i>	每日	every day, each day.
<i>mei³-mei³</i>	每每	frequently, on every occasion, continually.
<i>mei³-mu³-ti⁴</i>	每畝地	each acre.
<i>mei³-nien²</i>	每年	every year.
<i>mei³ shih¹</i>	每事	each or every affair.
<i>mei³-tao⁴-nien²-hsia⁴</i>	每到年下	at the end of each year.
<i>mei³-t' ien¹</i>	每天	each or every day.
<i>mei³-tz' ü⁴</i>	每次	on each occasion.
<i>mei³ yüeh⁴</i>	每月	every month.
<i>mei³-yüeh⁴-to¹-shao³</i>	每月多少	how much a month ?

MEI⁴ (tzü)	女	妹 <small>783a586b</small>	young sisters.
<i>mei⁴-chang⁴</i>		妹丈	a younger sister's husband, a brother-in-law.
<i>mei⁴-fu¹</i>		妹夫	same.
<i>mei⁴-mei⁴</i>		妹妹	younger sisters (chieh ³ mei ⁴).
<i>mei⁴</i>	女	媚 <small>781c586c</small>	flattering, wheedling, seductive, smiling.
<i>mei⁴-ch' üan²</i>		媚權	to flatter power.
<i>mei⁴-huo⁴</i>		媚惑	to deceive by flattery (ch'an ³ mei ⁴).
<i>mei⁴-jên²</i>		媚人	to flatter a person.
<i>mei⁴-t' ai³</i>		媚態	flattering, seductive manner, a mincing gait.
<i>mei⁴-yen²-mei⁴-yü³</i>		媚言媚語	flattering words.
<i>mei⁴</i>	日	昧 <small>783a587b</small>	stupid, dull, obscure.
<i>mei⁴-ch' i³-lai²</i>		昧起來	to hide, secrete.
<i>mei⁴-liang²</i>		昧良	ungrateful (wang ⁴ ên ¹).
<i>mei⁴-shuang³</i>		昧爽	early in the morning, day-break.

<i>mei⁴-tung¹-hsi²</i>	昧東西	to embezzle things.
<i>mei⁴-yin²-t-ü³</i>	昧銀子	to embezzle money.
<i>mei⁴</i>	目 昧 ^{783b587c}	dullness of sight, indistinctness of vision.
<i>mei⁴-mu⁴</i>	目 昧	same.
<i>mei⁴</i>	目 寐 ^{783b587a}	to close the eye, to rest, to doze, to sleep.
<i>mei⁴.ch'iu³</i>	寐 寐	to sleep, to rest.
<i>mei⁴</i>	寐 瘥 ^{780c587b}	anxiety, care (also <i>hui</i>).
<i>mei⁴-ch'i⁴</i>	瘥 瘥氣	ill-luck (tao ³ mei ²).
MĒN¹	手 捫 ^{785b577b}	to take hold of, to feel; to shake; to stamp.
<i>mĕn¹-hsin¹</i>	捫心	to lay the hand on the heart.
<i>mĕn¹-shih¹</i>	捫虱	to crack lice.
<i>mĕn¹</i>	人 們 ^{785a577a}	plural particle. M. 7, 573.
MĒN²	門 門 ^{784a576a}	a gate, a door, an entrance; a class, a profession.
<i>mĕn²-ch'a¹-kuan¹</i>	門 插關	the bolt of a door.
<i>mĕn²-chĕn³</i>	門 枕	stone support under door frame.
<i>mĕn²-ch'i²</i>	門 旗	a leader's flag; a gate-flag.
<i>mĕn²-chuang¹-huo⁴</i>	門 莊貨	cheap goods exposed before the door.
<i>mĕn²-ch'uang¹</i>	門 窗	doors and windows (ch'uang ¹ hu ⁴).
<i>mĕn²-chün¹</i>	門 軍	a guard at a gate.
<i>mĕn²-fĕng¹</i>	門 風	reputation (of a family).
<i>mĕn²-fĕng¹</i>	門 縫	the crack of a door.
<i>mĕn²-hsia⁴</i>	門 下	in the family; a disciple.
<i>mĕn²-hsin¹</i>	門 心	the centre of a door, to panel.
<i>mĕn²-hsü⁴</i>	門 婿	son-in-law (nü ³ hsü ⁴).
<i>mĕn²-hu⁴</i>	門 戶	a door; a family; an entrance, a pass.
<i>mĕn²-hu⁴ ts'é³-t-ü³</i>	門 戶 冊子	a list of the inmates of a house.
<i>mĕn²-huan³-t-ü³</i>	門 環子	knocker of a door.
<i>mĕn²-jĕn²</i>	門 人	a disciple, a pupil (t'u ² ti ⁴).
<i>mĕn²-k'ai¹-liao³</i>	門 開了	the door is open.
<i>mĕn²-k'an³</i>	門 檻	threshold of a door (<i>k'an</i> , also <i>hsien</i> , <i>chien</i>).
<i>mĕn²-k'ou³-r'h²</i>	門 口 兒	the entrance to a door, a porch.
<i>mĕn²-kuan¹</i>	門 關	the bolt of a door.
<i>mĕn²-kuan¹-liao³</i>	門 關了	the door is shut.
<i>mĕn²-k'uang⁴</i>	門 框	the side posts of a door.
<i>mĕn²-kuci⁴</i>	門 規	fees to door-keepers.
<i>mĕn²-kung¹</i>	門 公	a gate-keeper (pa ⁴ mĕn ²).
<i>mĕn²-li³</i>	門 裏	indoors, within the door.
<i>mĕn²-li⁴</i>	門 吏	a gate-keeper (<i>yamĕn</i>).
<i>mĕn²-lien²</i>	門 簾	door-screens.
<i>mĕn²-lou² (t-ü)</i>	門 樓	story over city-gate.
<i>mĕn²-lu⁴</i>	門 路	an opening; occupation, introduction (t'ou ² [hsiang ⁴]).

mên ² -mei ²	門楣
mên ² -mien ⁴	門面
mên ² -p'ai ²	門牌
mên ² -pao ¹	門包
mên ² -pu ⁴	門簿
mên ² -shan ⁴ -t'zǔ ³	門扇子
mên ² -shang ¹	門上
mên ² -shên ²	門神
wên ² -shéng ¹	門生
mên ² -shih ⁴	門市
mên ² -shou ³	門首
mên ² -shuan ¹	門門
mên ² -so ⁴ -shang ⁴ -liao ³	門鎖上了
mên ² -tang ¹ -hw ⁴ -tui ¹	門當戶對
mên ² -tao ⁴	門道
mên ² -ti ⁴	門第
mên ² -ting ¹	門丁
mên ² -t'ing ²	門庭
mên ² -t'u ³	門徒
mên ² -tun ¹	門墩
mên ² -tun ¹ hu ³	門墩虎
mên ² -t'zǔ ³	門子
mên ² -wai ¹	門外
mên ² -ya ³	門牙

the lintel of a door.
 the front of a door or shop. [door
 a census, list of persons in a house put on the
 gate-keeper's perquisites (mên² kuei¹).
 a visitor's book at the door.
 the leaf of a door.
 a porter, a gate-keeper (pa⁴ mên²).
 the gods of a door (supposed to guard the house)
 pupils, disciples (t'u² ti⁴).
 street frontage of a shop.
 a porchway, an entrance.
 a big bar across the door.
 the door is locked.
 a suitable marriage (yin¹ yüan²).
 occupation (shih⁴ yeh⁴).
 reputation, social position.
 a door-keeper.
 the house, the family, etc.
 pupils, disciples.
 stone at side under door frame.
 stone tiger by doorway. [etc.
 lineal descendants, slaves, gatemen, retainers,
 out of doors, outside the door.
 front teeth.

MĒN ⁴	心 懣 們	悶 785a577c
mên ⁴ -ch'í ⁴		悶氣
mên ⁴ -chü ⁴ liao ³		悶住了
mên ⁴ -chüan ¹		悶倦
mên ⁴ -hsin ¹		悶心
mên ⁴ -huo ³		悶火
mên ⁴ -jê ⁴		悶熱
mên ⁴ -jên ²		悶人
mên ⁴ -kuan ¹		悶確
mên ⁴ -mên ⁴		悶悶
mên ⁴ -mên ⁴ -pu ⁴ -lê ⁴		悶悶不樂
mên ⁴ -ssǔ ³		悶死
mên ⁴ t'é ² hén ³		悶得狠
mên ⁴ -lê ² -huang ²		悶得慌
mên ⁴ -tso ⁴		悶坐

sorry, grieved, melancholy, sad.
 low spirits, dumps (sao⁴ hsing⁴).
 he is puzzled, he can't answer.
 wearied; grieved, melancholy.
 to close the hands in prayer.
 to cover up the fire with ashes.
 stifling hot.
 a melancholy person; to deceive a person.
 a sealed-up jar.
 sorry, grieved, melancholy, sad.
 very melancholy (kao¹ hsing⁴).
 to suffocate to death.
 exceedingly sorry.
 dull, sad, ennui.
 sitting in silence.

MÈNG ¹	心 小 懼	悞 787a610b
mèng ¹ -mèng ¹		悞悞

obscure, undiscerning; afraid.
 an ignorant appearance, stupid looking.

mêng ¹ -tung ³		懵懂		thick-headed, stupid.
mêng ¹	水	濛濛	786b60Sc	mist, thick, foggy ; drizzling rain, Scotch mist.
mêng ¹ -mêng ¹		濛濛		same.
mêng ¹ -sung ¹ -yü ³		濛濛	雨	drizzling rain.
mêng ¹	目	矜	786b609a	dull, obscure, indistinct ; blind ; ignorant.
mêng ¹ -han ⁴		矜汗		medicine to stupefy.
mêng ¹ -han ⁴		矜混		confused, in confusion.
mêng ¹ -liang ⁴		矜亮		break of day (t'ien ¹ ming ²).
mêng ¹	日	矜	786b60Sc	dawn.
mêng ¹ -lung ²		矜朧		dim light before dawn ; to deceive (t'ien ¹ mêng ²) ^[lung³] .
MÈNG²	艸 艸	蒙	785c608a	to receive ; dark, dull, obscure ; ignorant.
mêng ² -ch'ing ²		蒙蒙		to receive a favour from an equal (ling ³ ch'ing ²).
mêng ² -ên ¹		蒙蒙		to receive favours (from superior) (shou ⁴ ên ¹).
mêng ² -hsün ⁴		蒙蒙		to receive instruction (k'ai ¹ mêng ²).
mêng ² -hung ³ -jên ²		蒙蒙	人	to humbug.
mêng ² -jên ²		蒙蒙	人	to humbug a person.
mêng ² -ku ³		蒙蒙	古	Mongolia (k'ou ³ wai ⁴).
mêng ² -kuan ³		蒙蒙	館	a school for young children.
mêng ² -kuo ³		蒙蒙	裹	to wrap (pao ¹ ch'í ³ lai ²).
mêng ² -mei ⁴ -wu ² -chih ⁴		蒙蒙	昧無知	in dense ignorance.
mêng ² -pi ⁴		蒙蒙	蔽	to hoodwink (hung ³ p'ien ⁴).
mêng ² -shang ³ -i ¹ -ts'êng ²		蒙蒙	上一層	put on another layer over it.
mêng ² -t'ou ² -kai ⁴ -lien ³		蒙蒙	頭蓋臉	to cover the head and face.
mêng ² -t'ung ²		蒙蒙	童	ignorant lad, i. e. , a pupil of mine (vs. ling ² t'u ³).
nêng ²	艸 艸	萌	787c579a	plants budding, to bud, to germinate.
nêng ² -chao ⁴		萌	兆	the first sign of budding or incipient action.
nêng ² -hsiang ³		萌	想	the first risings of thought.
nêng ² -nien ⁴		萌	念	same.
nêng ² -t'iao ³		萌	條	to put forth twigs.
nêng ² -ya ²		萌	芽	to put forth buds or shoots (fa ¹ ya ²).
nêng ² (ming)	皿	盟	787c579b	an oath ; to vow, to swear.
nêng ² -hsüung ¹		盟	兄	sworn brothers.
nêng ² -hsüung ¹ -ti ⁴		盟	兄弟	same (pai ⁴ pa ³ tzü ³).
nêng ² -shih ⁴		盟	誓	oaths, vows ; to swear, to vow.
nêng ² -ti ⁴		盟	弟	sworn brothers.
nêng ² -yo ¹		盟	約	a treaty, a compact (ho ² yo ¹ or yüeh ⁴).
MÈNG³	犬	猛	788a610a	fierce, cruel, savage, courageous, vehement.
nêng ³ -chuang ⁴		猛	撞	to fiercely rush into.
nêng ³ -hsing ⁴		猛	性	fierce disposition.
nêng ³ hu ³		猛	虎	a fierce tiger, a tiger ; brave, ferocious.
nêng ³ -jan ²		猛	然	suddenly, rapidly. M. 322 (hu ¹ jan ²).

mĕng³-jĕn² 猛人
 mĕng³-koi³ 猛狗
 mĕng³-ku¹-ting¹-ti¹ 猛狐釘的
 mĕng³-lieh⁴ 猛烈
 mĕng³-shou⁴ 猛獸
 mĕng³ 虫 蒙 786c610a
 mĕng³-ch'ung² 蒙虫

a ferocious person,
 a savage dog.
 suddenly (lĕng³ ku¹ ting¹ ti¹).
 ferocious, brutal, brave (hsiang¹ mĕng³).
 a fierce beast;
 a gnat; tadpoles.
 same.

MĒNG⁴ 子 孟 788a580c
 mĕng⁴-ch'iu¹ 孟秋
 mĕng⁴-ch'un¹ 孟春
 mĕng⁴-fu¹-tzu² 孟夫子
 mĕng⁴-hsia⁴ 孟夏
 mĕng⁴-k'o¹ 孟軻
 mĕng⁴-lang⁴ 孟浪
 mĕng⁴-mu³-san¹-ch'ien¹ 孟母三遷
 mĕng⁴-mu³-tsé²-lin² 孟母擇鄰
 mĕng⁴-tung¹ 孟冬
 mĕng⁴-tzu² (mĕng⁴ k'o¹) 孟子
 mĕng⁴ 夕 夢 夢 787a610b
 mĕng⁴-chao⁴ 夢兆
 mĕng⁴-chien¹ 夢間
 mĕng⁴-chien⁴ 夢見
 mĕng⁴-hsiang³ 夢想
 mĕng⁴-hsiang¹-pu⁴-tao⁴ 夢想不到
 mĕng⁴-hua⁴ 夢話
 mĕng⁴-i¹-ch'ang² 夢一場
 mĕng⁴-mei⁴ 夢寐
 mĕng⁴-ya¹ 夢壓

the beginning of; senior, superior, large, great.
 the first month of autumn.
 the first month of spring.
 Mencius.
 the first month of summer.
 Mencius (B. C. 372-289 B. C.).
 careless.
 the mother of Mencius moved three times.
 the mother of Mencius selected her neighbors.
 the first month of winter.
 Mencius; last of the "Four Books." R 153.
 a dream; to dream; obscure.
 some prognostic in a dream (yü⁴ chao⁴).
 in a dream (tso¹ mĕng⁴).
 to see in a dream,
 dreaming thoughts, reveries
 should never have dreamed of.
 visionary language; ravings of a dream.
 a dream; the present world.
 to dream; dreamy, visionary,
 the nightmare (ya¹ shui⁴).

MI² 走 迷 789a589a
 mi²-chĕng⁴ 迷症
 mi²-hun² 迷魂
 mi²-hun²-chĕn⁴ 迷魂陣
 mi²-hun²-t'ang¹ 迷魂湯
 mi²-huo¹ 迷惑
 mi²-lu⁴ 迷路
 mi²-hsin¹ 迷心
 mi²-hu¹-hu¹ 迷忽忽
 mi²-shih¹ 迷失
 mi²-t'u² 迷途
 mi² 弓 彌 789b589b
 mi²-fĕng¹ 彌封

to puzzle, to stupefy; stupid; deceived; to lose.
 a sort of idiocy.
 deceived, puzzled, bewildered (kou¹ hun²).
 infatuated.
 draught of oblivion (in transmigration).
 to be deceived, deluded (yin³ yu⁴).
 to have lost the road, way, place, etc.
 infatuation.
 foolish, absent-minded.
 to lose, to stray (shih¹ mi²).
 to have lost the road, way, place, etc.
 to reach, to extend to, to spread everywhere.
 to paste slip over name, e. g., on essay.

<i>mi²-fêng⁴</i>	彌縫		to mend ; to fill up a crack.
<i>mi²-lé²-fo²</i>	彌勒佛		a Buddha still to come.
<i>mi²-lé⁴-yüan⁴</i>	彌勒院		a Buddhist temple.
<i>mi²-pu³</i>	彌補		to fill up.
<i>mi²-yüeh⁴</i>	*彌月		a boy born thirty days ; a full month.
<i>mi²</i>	言 謎	789b591c	a riddle, a puzzle, an enigma ; to puzzle.
<i>mi²-yin³</i>	謎隱		a riddle, an enigma.
<i>mi²-yü³</i>	謎語		same (ts'ai ¹ mi ²).
<i>mi² (nich)</i>	竹 篾	793c593c	bamboo skin ; small.
<i>mi²-hsi²</i>	篾蓆		a mat made of bamboo skin.
<i>mi²-hsiang¹-tzü³</i>	篾箱子		a bamboo box.
<i>mi²-tzü³</i>	篾子		the bamboo ribs of a fan.
MI³	米	788b590b	rice ; seeds (i ¹ li ⁴ mi ³).
<i>mi³-chou¹</i>	米粥		congee, rice gruel.
<i>mi³ chu¹</i>	米珠		"rice pearls," rice.
<i>mi³-fan⁴</i>	米飯		cooked rice or millet.
<i>mi³-fên³</i>	米粉		rice flour.
<i>mi³-jên²</i>	米仁		pearl barley.
<i>mi³-k'ang¹</i>	米糠		rice husks or chaff.
<i>mi³-li⁴</i>	米粒		rice.
<i>mi³-liang²</i>	米糧		food in general, rations (liang ² shih ²).
<i>mi³-mien⁴</i>	米麪		rice and flour, rice flour.
<i>mi³-sê¹-i¹-shang¹</i>	米色衣裳		straw colored clothing.
<i>mi³ shêng¹</i>	米升		a rice measure (about 1 catty 12 ounces).
<i>mi³-t'ang¹</i>	米湯		congee ; flattery.
<i>mi³-tien⁴</i>	米店		a rice shop.
<i>mi³-tou³</i>	米斗		a rice measure (10 shêng).
<i>mi²</i>	非 靡	790a591a	to scatter, extravagant, selfish ; not having, etc.
<i>mi²-li⁴</i>	靡麗		beautiful, elegant
<i>mi²-man⁴</i>	靡漫		vague, loose.
<i>mi²-mi²</i>	靡靡		slowly, leisurely ; obedient.
<i>mi²-wu²</i>	靡無		not.
<i>mi²</i>	目 眯	789a590c	blinded, obscured, closed ; to dislike ; sand in eyes blinded (with dust). [eyes.
<i>mi² yen³</i>	眯眼		
MI⁴	宓	791a596a	thick, close, secret ; still, silent, profound.
<i>mi⁴-chü²</i>	宓劄		a secret despatch.
<i>mi⁴-ch'ên²</i>	宓陳		a secret statement to, e. g., the Throne.
<i>mi⁴-hou⁴</i>	宓厚		close or intimate friendship.
<i>mi⁴-mi¹-shih²-shih²</i>	宓密實實		very closely, thickly.
<i>mi⁴-tsü²-tsü²</i>	宓密雜雜		many and multifarious (lei ⁴ lei ⁴ tsa ² tsa ²).
<i>mi⁴-shih⁴</i>	宓室		a secret or private apartment.

mi⁴-yen² 密言
 mi⁴-yu³ 密友
 mi⁴-yü⁴ 密諭
 mi⁴-yün²-pu⁴-yü⁴ 密雲不雨
 mi⁴ 虫 蜜 790c596b
 mi⁴-chien⁴ 蜜餞
 mi⁴-chih¹ 蜜汁
 mi⁴-fang² 蜜房
 mi⁴-fêng¹ 蜜蜂
 mi⁴-la⁴ 蜜蠟
 mi⁴-li³ t'iao²-yu² 蜜裡調油
 mi⁴-po¹-lo² 蜜菠蘿
 mi⁴-t'ien² 蜜甜
 mi⁴-t'o²-sêng¹ 蜜陀僧
 mi⁴-tsui³ 蜜嘴
 mi⁴-wo¹ 蜜窩
 mi⁴-yü³ 蜜語
 mi⁴ 米 糜 789c590a
 mi⁴-chou¹ 糜粥
 mi⁴-fei⁴ 糜費
 mi⁴-lan⁴ 糜爛
 mi⁴ pai⁴ 糜敗
 mi⁴-san⁴ 糜散
 mi⁴ 見 覓 790c596c
 mi⁴-fang³ 覓訪
 mi⁴-han⁴ 覓汗
 mi⁴-jên² 覓人
 mi⁴-so³ 覓索

secrets, private talk.
 an intimate friend (chih¹ chi³ p'êng² yu³).
 a secret decree.
 dense clouds hold no rain.
 honey; sweet; flattering.
 comfits, preserves, sweetmeats.
 honey, syrup.
 the honey-combs.
 the honey bee, the bee (huang² fêng¹).
 bees-wax.
 to mix oil in honey (fig.).
 the pine-apple, the jack fruit (po¹ lo² mi⁴).
 sweet as honey (kan¹ t'ien²).
 litharge.
 flattering, specious (ch'an³ mei⁴).
 cells; a beehive.
 "sweet talk," flattery.
 congee, rice-water; scum; entirely.
 congee, rice-gruel.
 to waste, to spend extravagantly (k'uang² fei⁴).
 boiled to rags; harrassed, oppressed.
 completely ruined.
 scattered, dispersed, wasted.
 to seek for, to search; to enquire after.
 to enquire after.
 a hired man. (ku⁴ kung¹ jên²).
 to search for a person; to hire a man.
 to search; to enquire; to entreat.

MIAO¹ 口 喵 ○ ○
 miao¹-miao¹-chiao - 喵喵叫喚
 [huan]

MIAO² 艸 廿 苗 792a591a
 miao²-ho² 苗禾
 miao²-hua²-shih² 苗華實
 miao²-i⁴ 苗裔
 miao²-tzŭ³ 苗子
 miao² 手 才 描 792a591c
 miao²-chin¹ 描金
 miao²-chin¹-kuei⁴ 描金櫃
 miao²-ch'ing²-hsieh³- 描情寫景
 miao²-hsieh³ [ching³] 描寫
 miao²-huc⁴ 描畫

mew of a cat.
 mewling of a cat.
 sprouts, shoots, first budding of any plants.
 young corn, blades of corn,
 blade, flower, and fruit.
 descendants (hou⁴ ssü⁴).
 barbarians (a race in S-sŭ-ch'uan, etc.).
 to paint, to draw, to sketch, to pourtray.
 to gild figures, to gild on porcelain.
 a gilt box.
 to describe emotions and write of scenery.
 to sketch, to trace.
 to paint a picture.

<i>miao²-hung²-ko²</i>	描紅格	red characters for children to copy.	
<i>miao²-hung²-mo¹-tzü³</i>	描紅模子	to write with black ink over red characters.	
<i>miao²-mei²</i>	描眉	to paint the brows.	
<i>miao²-tzü⁴</i>	描字	to copy writing, to trace characters.	
MIAO³	艸 廿	藐 ^{793a592b}	small, petty; contemptuous.
<i>miao³-hsiao³</i>	藐小	same.	
<i>miao³-shih⁴</i>	藐視	contempt; to despise (k'an ⁴ pu ⁴ ch'i ³).	
<i>miao³-shih⁴-jên²</i>	藐視人	to despise a person (ch'ing ¹ k'au ⁴).	
<i>miao³</i>	水 彡	渺 ^{792c592a}	small; white; glittering; vast, indistinct.
<i>miao³-mang²</i>	渺茫	an immense distance, boundless; indistinct, baseless.	
<i>miao³-mang²-wu².p'ing²</i>	渺茫無憑	boundless, indistinct.	
<i>miao³-miao³</i>	渺渺	boundless, indistinct.	
<i>miao³</i>	木 杪	^{792b592b} the highest point of a tree, a twig; small.	
MIAO⁴	女	妙 ^{792b592b}	admirable, excellent, good, delicate, fine.
<i>miao⁴-chi⁴</i>	妙計	a capital plan.	
<i>miao⁴-ch'i²</i>	妙奇	admirable! wonderful!	
<i>miao⁴-ch'i²-ti¹</i>	妙奇的	admirably, wonderfully.	
<i>miao⁴-chüeh²</i>	妙絕	admirable!	
<i>miao⁴-fa³</i>	妙法	an admirable plan.	
<i>miao⁴-jên²</i>	妙人	a beautiful or excellent person.	
<i>miao⁴-ling²-chü³-ho²</i>	妙齡幾何	[nien ³]. how old are you; (to young persons) (chuang ⁴	
<i>miao⁴-nien²</i>	妙年	at the best time of life, youthful.	
<i>miao⁴-pu⁴-k'o³-yen²</i>	妙不可言	indescribably wonderful.	
<i>miao⁴-shên²</i>	妙甚	admirable in the extreme.	
<i>miao⁴-shou³</i>	妙手	an admirable skillful hand, a clever hand.	
<i>miao⁴-shou³-hui²-ch'un¹</i>	妙手回春	compliment to a doctor (on a tablet).	
<i>miao⁴</i>	广 庙 廟	^{793a592c} a temple (ssü ⁴ yüan ⁴).	
<i>miao⁴-chü³</i>	廟主	the lay manager of a temple.	
<i>miao⁴-hao⁴</i>	廟號	posthumous name of an emperor.	
<i>miao⁴-huo⁴</i>	廟貨	fairings; trumpery; rubbish; worthless.	
<i>miao⁴-t'ang²</i>	廟堂	hall of audience in the palace; a temple.	
<i>miao⁴-yü³</i>	廟宇	a Taoist temple, temples in general (ni ² ku'an ¹	
EH¹	口 咩	咩 ^{793b583b}	bleating of sheep.
<i>eh¹-mieh¹</i>	咩咩	same.	
<i>eh¹</i>	乜 ^{793b583b}	eyes crossing.	
<i>eh¹-hsieh²-cho²-yen³</i>	乜斜着眼	squint-eyed.	
EH⁴	水 滅	滅 ^{793c593a}	to extinguish, to exterminate.
<i>eh⁴-chih⁴-ch'i⁴</i>	滅志氣	to weaken one's resolution.	
<i>eh⁴-chüeh³</i>	滅絕	to exterminate.	

mieh⁴-hsi² 滅息
 mieh⁴-huo² 滅火
 mieh⁴-k'ung³-tzü³ 滅孔子
 mieh⁴-kuo² 滅國
 mieh⁴-liao³ 滅了
 mieh⁴-liao³-mei²-yu³ 滅了沒有
 mieh⁴-mei² 滅沒
 mieh⁴-mân² 滅門
 mieh⁴-mên²-chün³-tsu¹ 滅門九族
 mieh⁴-pu⁴-liao³ 滅不了
 mieh⁴-tê²-liao³ 滅得了
 mieh⁴-têng¹ 滅燈
 mieh⁴-tsu² 滅族
 mieh⁴-wang² 滅亡
 mieh⁴ 竹 篾 793c593c

to extinguish.
 to extinguish a fire or light.
 to abolish the influence of Confucius.
 to destroy a country.
 extinguished, etc.
 is it extinguished?
 to extinguish; dead. [lion] (ch'ao¹ chia¹)
 the whole of a family exterminated (for rebel
 to wholly exterminate a family.
 unable to extinguish, etc.
 able to extinguish, etc.
 to put out a candle or lamp (ch'ui¹ têng¹).
 to cut off a whole family or clan (for rebellion
 exterminated, annihilated, dead. [(ch'ao¹ chia¹)
 splints. See mi².

MIEN² 木 棉 794b594a
 mien²-ao³ 棉襖
 mien²-fan²-pu⁴ 棉帆布
 mien²-hsieh² 棉鞋
 mien²-hsien⁴ 棉線
 mien²-hsü⁴ 棉絮
 mien²-hua¹ 棉花
 mien²-hua¹-pu⁴ 棉花布
 mien²-i¹-fu² 棉衣服
 mien²-i¹-shang¹ 棉衣裳
 mien²-k'u⁴ 棉褲
 mien²-p'ao²-tzü³ 棉袍子
 mien²-pei¹-t'ai¹-rh² 棉被胎兒
 mien²-tzü³ 棉子
 mien²-tzü³-ping³ 棉子餅
 mien²-tzü³-yu² 棉子油
 mien²-yü³-ling² 棉羽綾
 mien² 系 縣 794c593a
 mien²-ch'ang² 綿長
 mien²-chih³ 綿紙
 mien²-ch'ou² 綿綢
 mien²-hsien⁴ 綿線
 mien²-juan³ 綿軟
 mien²-li⁴ 綿力
 mien²-lien²-chih³ 綿連紙
 mien²-mien² 綿綿
 mien²-sha¹ 綿紗

cotton.
 a wadded coat.
 cotton duck.
 wadded shoes (wêng¹ hsieh²).
 cotton thread, sewing cotton.
 cotton, down; to quilt.
 raw cotton.
 cotton cloth, calico.
 cotton clothes (chia¹ tan¹)
 same.
 wadded trousers.
 wadded gown.
 cotton bed quilts.
 cotton seed.
 cotton seed cakes.
 cotton seed oil.
 cotton lastings. [weak.
 cotton; floss silk; connected; enduring; thick
 lasting, perpetual.
 coarse paper.
 fine silk, colored silk.
 silk thread.
 soft, pliant, flexible.
 weak, of little strength.
 soft sort of paper.
 small, minute; lasting, perpetual.
 fine muslin.

mien²-ssŋ¹ 綿絲
 mien²-tzu³ 綿子
 mien²-yang² 綿羊
 mien²-yang²-jung² 綿羊絨
 mien² 目眠^{794b594a}
 mien²-hsia⁴ 眠下
 mien²-mū⁴ 眠目
 mien²-shui⁴ 眠睡
 mien²-wo⁴ 眠臥

silk thread, sewing silk.
 silk quilting.
 the sheep (shan¹ yang³).
 foreign woollen cloth.
 to shut the eyes, to sleep; confused, bewildered.
 to lie down (t'ang³ hsia⁴).
 to close the eyes.
 to sleep (an¹ mien³).
 same.

MIEN³ 儿 免^{796b594b}
 mien³-chan⁴ 免戰
 mien³-chan⁴-ch'ei³ 免戰旗
 mien³-chan⁴-p'ai² 免戰牌
 mien³-chien⁴ 免見
 mien³-chih² 免職
 mien³-ch'ü⁴ 免去
 mien³-hsing² 免行
 mien³-hsing²-chiu⁴-fa³ 免行舊法
 mien³-k'ar¹ tsun¹-k'ou³ 免開口
 mien³-kuan¹ 免官
 mien³-kuan¹ 免冠
 mien³-lan² 免勞
 mien³-li³ 免禮
 mien³-liao³ 免了
 mien³-pu⁴-liao³-ti¹ 免不的了
 mien³-pu⁴-tê² 免不得
 mien³-shê⁴ 免赦
 mien³-shui⁴-chih²-chao⁴ 免稅執照
 mien³-shui⁴-tan¹ 免稅單
 mien³-tê³ 免得
 mien³-t'o¹ 免脫
 mien³-tsu¹ 免租
 mien³-ts'u⁴ 免醋
 mien³-tsui⁴ 免罪
 mien³-wei² 免桅
 mien³ 力 勉^{797a594b}
 mien³-ch'iang² 勉强
 mien³-jên²-wei²-shan⁴ 勉人爲善
 mien³-li³ 勉力
 mien³-li³ 勉厲
 mien³-li⁴-nien⁴-shu¹ 勉厲念書
 mien³-li⁴ 勉勵

to avoid, to dispense with; to prevent, to stop.
 to avoid a battle.
 a flag of truce.
 a flag of truce (tablet of wood).
 to decline seeing (tang³ chia⁴).
 to put out of office.
 to reject.
 to abrogate, to abolish, to repeal.
 to abolish old laws.
 I give no credit, please don't ask.
 to remove from office.
 to put off the cap (chai¹ mao⁴ tzü³).
 to prevent trouble (shêng³ shih⁴).
 to remit the ceremony.
 don't use it, dispense with it.
 can't be avoided.
 indispensable, etc.
 to forgive (shê⁴ mien³, jao² shu⁴).
 an "exemption certificate."
 same.
 to avoid, lest.
 to put away, to escape, to avoid.
 to remit rent or taxes on account of bad crops.
 to put no vinegar in food.
 to forgive an offence, to absolve from guilt.
 to let down the mast. [late.
 to use effort, to endeavour; to urge to, to stimu-
 effort, force, compulsion; to force.
 to urge to goodness.
 to exert one's strength. [(ch'üan⁴ mien³).
 strenuous effort; to urge to strenuous exertion
 exert yourself to study hard.
 strenuous effort; to urge to exertion.

<i>mien³-mien³-ch'iang²-</i>	勉勉强强	constant effort, force, compulsion.
<i>mien³</i> 心 小 [<i>ch'iang²</i>]	恇恇	shy, timid; to consider.
<i>mien³-huai³</i>	恇懷	to think of, to bear in mind.
<i>mien³-mien⁴</i>	恇念	same.
<i>mien³-t'ien³</i>	恇慚	shy, timid, bashful (<i>han³ so⁴</i>).
<i>mien³</i> 糸	緬	name.
<i>mien³-tien⁴</i>	緬甸	Burmah.
<i>mien³ (wan)</i>	女 婉	to bear a child; effeminate; slow, sauntering
<i>mien³-shêng¹</i>	婉生	to bear a child.
<i>mien³</i> 口	冕	crown, diadem.
<i>mien³-liu²</i>	冕旒	a crown, e. g., bridal.

MIEN⁴	面	面	the face, the surface; the front, towards.
<i>mien⁴-ch'ao²-li³</i>	面	面朝裏	inside out.
<i>mien⁴-chian³</i>	面	面講	discuss verbally.
<i>mien⁴-chien⁴</i>	面	面見	to visit; to see.
<i>mien⁴-ch'ien²</i>	面	面前	before, in front of.
<i>mien⁴-ch'ih⁴</i>	面	面赤	a red face; to blush, to colour up.
<i>mien⁴-ch'ing³</i>	面	面請	to personally request.
<i>mien⁴-chün¹</i>	面	面君	to have an audience of the emperor (<i>yin³ chien⁴</i>).
<i>mien⁴-hsiang⁴</i>	面	面像	a portrait (<i>chao⁴ hsiang⁴</i>).
<i>mien⁴-hsieh⁴</i>	面	面謝	to thank one personally.
<i>mien⁴-hsiü⁴</i>	面	面叙	to chat (<i>t'an² t'an²</i>).
<i>mien⁴-i¹</i>	面	面衣	"face clothes," a veil.
<i>mien⁴-jou²</i>	面	面柔	"face soft," bashful, sheepish, soft-hearted.
<i>mien⁴-juan³</i>	面	面軟	same.
<i>mien⁴-k'ung³</i>	面	面孔	ears, eyes, nostrils, and mouth; the face.
<i>mien⁴-lao⁴</i>	面	面絡	"face net," a veil.
<i>mien⁴-mao⁴</i>	面	面貌	the countenance.
<i>mien⁴-mao⁴-hsiang¹-tui⁴</i>	面	面貌相對	face to face, <i>vis-a-vis</i> .
<i>mien⁴-mên²</i> [<i>kuan¹</i>]	面	面門	the forehead (<i>o² t'ou²</i>).
<i>mien⁴-mien⁴-hsiang¹-</i>	面	面相觀	looking at one another.
<i>mien⁴-mu⁴</i>	面	面目	"face and eyes," the face.
<i>mien⁴-p'i²-hou⁴</i>	面	面皮厚	barefaced, shameless.
<i>mien⁴-sê⁴</i>	面	面色	complexion, countenance.
<i>mien⁴-sê⁴-pai²</i>	面	面色白	pale-faced.
<i>mien⁴-shan⁴</i>	面	面善	well acquainted with a person.
<i>mien⁴-shang⁴</i>	面	面上	the surface.
<i>mien⁴-shang³-t'ai⁴-lêng³</i>	面	面上太冷	too cold and formal.
<i>mien⁴-shang³-wu³-kuang¹</i>	面	面上無光	I lose credit or prestige.
<i>mien⁴-ng¹</i>	面	面生	a stranger whom we do not know by face.
<i>mien⁴-shêng¹-t'ai³-pao³</i>	面	面生討保	identification required (bank note).
<i>mien⁴-shih⁴</i>	面	面試	a trial at examinations.

<i>mien⁴-shu²</i>	面熟	one whose face is familiar.
<i>mien⁴-tai⁴-hsia⁴-jung²</i>	面帶夏容	a face like summer.
<i>mien⁴-tsou⁴</i>	面奏	to state verbally to the emperor.
<i>mien⁴-tui⁴-mien⁴</i>	面對面	face to face.
<i>mien⁴-tzü³</i>	面子	facing, the outside of clothing ; social status.
<i>mien⁴-tzü³-ch'ing²-êrh²</i>	面子情兒	a merely outside friendship.
<i>mien⁴-yu³-hsi³-sé⁴</i>	面有喜色	a joyful countenance.
<i>mien⁴-yu³-k'uei³-sé⁴</i>	面有愧色	a shamefaced appearance.
<i>mien⁴-yü¹-jên²</i>	面譽人	to flatter a person before his face.
<i>mien⁴</i>	麵	796a595c flour ; vermicelli.
<i>mien⁴</i>	麵	same.
<i>mien⁴-an⁴</i>	麵案	a kneading-board, a trencher.
<i>mien⁴-chang⁴</i>	麵杖	a rolling-pin.
<i>mien⁴-chiang⁴</i>	麵醬	a sort of sauce made of flour.
<i>mien⁴-chiao⁴</i>	麵酵	yeast (fa ¹ mien ⁴).
<i>mien⁴-chin¹</i>	麵筋	a kind of hash made of flour ; dough, dumplings.
<i>mien⁴-fan⁴</i>	麵飯	victuals composed of flour.
<i>mien⁴-fên³</i>	麵粉	flour.
<i>mien⁴-hsi⁴</i>	麵細	fine flour.
<i>mien⁴-hui¹</i>	麵灰	slaked lime.
<i>mien⁴-man²-t'ou²</i>	麵饅頭	wheaten bread.
<i>mien⁴-puo¹</i>	麵包	same.
<i>mien⁴-pao¹-kan¹</i>	麵包乾	biscuits.
<i>mien⁴-p'ien⁴</i>	麵片	slices of dough.
<i>mien⁴-ping³</i>	麵餅	wheaten cakes.
<i>mien⁴-shih²</i>	麵食	victuals made of flour.
<i>mien⁴-tan⁴</i>	麵蛋	mealy.
<i>mien⁴-t'ang¹</i>	麵湯	soup made of flour.
<i>mien⁴-t'iao²</i>	麵條	strips of dough boiled.
<i>mien⁴-ts'u¹</i>	麵粗	coarse flour.

MIN²	民	797b597a	the people, subjects of a country.
<i>min²-chi²</i>	民籍		a register of the people (hu ⁴ pan ³).
<i>min²-chien¹</i>	民間		among the people.
<i>min²-ch'ing²</i>	民情		popular feeling.
<i>min²-ch'ing²-pu⁴-an¹</i>	民情不安		popular feeling, restless.
<i>min²-chu³</i>	民主		President of a Republic
<i>min²-chu³-kuo²</i>	民主國		a Republic.
<i>min²-chuan⁴</i>	民壯		local militia (hsiang ¹ yung ³).
<i>min²-fang²</i>	民房		private houses, as opposed to government.
<i>min²-fu¹</i>	民夫		forced labourers (by government).
<i>min²-fu¹ mu³</i>	民父母		[trate. "father and mother of the people," a magis-
<i>min²-jên²</i>	民人		the people, one of the people.

min² li⁴ 民力
min²-ni³ 民女
min²-pien⁴ 民變
min²-ting¹ 民丁
min²-wei²-pang¹-pên³ 民爲邦本
min²-wu²-êrh⁴-wang² 民無二王
min² 門 閩 798c597c
min²-chê⁴ 閩浙
min²-chiang¹ 閩冀
min²-shêng³ 閩省
min²-yüeh⁴ 閩粵
min² (or³) 龜 甬 799a598c
min²-mien³ 甬勉

MIN³ 手 搥 扞 797c598b
min³-t'ou² 扞頭
min³-tsui³-hsiao⁴ 扞嘴笑
min³-tzu³ 扞子
min³ 心 忪 憫 憫 798c597c
min³-hsü⁴ 憫恤
min³-lien² 憫憐
min³-ts'ê⁴ 憫惻
min³ 支 勑 敏 798c598a
min³-chieh² 敏捷
min³-êrh²-hao⁴-hsiao² 敏而好學
min³-hui⁴ 敏慧
min³-shên⁴ 敏慎
min³-shih⁴-shên⁴-yen² 敏事慎言
min³ 水 泯 泯 797c598b
min³-mu² 泯沒
min³ 皿 皿 799a601a
min³ 肉 脰 脰 1242b1042a
min³-cho²-tsui¹-hsiao⁴ 脰着嘴笑

MING² 日 明 明 800b599a
ming²-an⁴ 明暗
ming²-ch'a² 明察
ming²-ch'a²-an⁴-fang³ 明查暗訪
ming²-ch'a²-ju²-shên² 明察如神
ming²-chao¹ 明朝
ming²-ch'ao² 明朝
ming²-ch'i² 明齊
ming²-ch'i²-lien³ 明齊臉

the people's energies.
 a wife of one of the people.
 a rebellion of the people.
 the people.
 the people are the root of a state.
 the people have no two kings.
 a kind of snake; official name of Fuhkien.
 Fuhkien and Chekiang under one governor.
 Fuhkien preserved ginger. [general.
 the province of Fuhkien.
 Fuhkien and Canton.
 the frog; to use effort, energy. 205th radical.
 to use effort, energy (mien³ li⁴).

to soothe; disorderly.
 to brush the hair (using water, etc.).
 to compress the lips and laugh (chüeh¹ tsui³).
 a kind of hair-brush used by women.
 grief, sorrow, pity, to feel for.
 same.
 same (lien² min³).
 same (ts'ê⁴ yin³).
 quick of perception, acute; grave, serious.
 quick, sharp, acute (hou² kuai⁴).
 clever and fond of learning.
 perspicuity, sharpness; to understand.
 careful, attentive (ehin³ shên⁴).
 clever in act and careful in word.
 destroyed, confused.
 to obliterate.
 crockery, earthenware (Radical 108).
 join. See wên³.
 puckering the lips in smiles.

bright, clear, intelligent, plain, brilliant.
 bright and dull, clear and obscure, etc.
 to examine clearly.
 to investigate openly.
 a power of sight equal to the gods.
 to-morrow morning.
 the Ming dynasty (A. D. 1368-1644).
 a raised hem.
 raised hem of socks (Chinese).

ming ² -ch'iang ¹ -i ¹ -to ³	明槍易躲	an open spear is easy to avoid.
ming ² -chih ¹ -ku ⁴ -fan ⁴	明知故犯	with full knowledge, to intentionally transgress.
ming ² -chih ¹ -ku ⁴ -wên ¹	明知故問	to quiz, not for information, but to embarrass.
ming ² -ch'in ¹ -an ⁴ -tsung ⁴	明擒暗縱	openly make prisoner, and secretly release.
ming ² -ching ⁴ -an ¹ -nung ²	明敬暗弄	to injure under guise of honor.
ming ² -ching ¹ -chin ⁴ -shih ⁴	明經進士	a graduate (chin ⁴ shih ⁴) so called.
ming ² -chiang ⁴ -kao ¹ -hsüan ²	明鏡高懸	fig. very wise.
ming ² -ch'iu ¹ (chiu)	明樞	the coffin.
ming ² -chu ⁴	明柱	a free pillar.
ming ² -ch'ü ⁴ -yeh ⁴ -lai ²	明去夜來	e. g., the stars, darkness has come.
ming ² -chün ¹	明君	a good sovereign (hun ¹ chün ¹ , jên ² chün ¹).
ming ² -êrl ² -ko ⁴	明兒個	to-morrow.
ming ² -fan ²	明礬	alum (pai ² fan ²).
ming ² hsien ³ -i ⁴ -chien ⁴	明顯易見	self-evident, clear.
ming ² -huang ²	[ti ¹] 明黃	bright yellow, jonquil.
ming ² -huan ³ -huan ³	明晃晃的	dazzling bright.
ming ² -huo ³	明夥	daring robbers, burglars, etc.
ming ² -huo ³ -chih ² -chang ⁴	明火執仗	armed robbers with torches (hsiang ³ ma ³).
ming ² -jên ²	明人	the man of light, a wise man.
ming ² -jih ⁴	明日	to-morrow.
ming ² -ju ² -ching ⁴	明如鏡	as clear as in a mirror.
ming ² -kuang ¹	明光	bright, glittering, dazzling.
ming ² -kung ¹	明公	[any art. gentlemen, open and honorable, a professor of
ming ² -lung ³	明朗	bright, brightness, clear.
ming ² -lang ³ -yen ³ -chien ⁴	明朗眼見	evidently, palpably (mu ⁴ tu ³ yen ³ chien ⁴).
ming ² -li ³ -ti ³ -jên ²	明理的人	a man who understands reason.
ming ² -liang ⁴	明亮	bright, splendid.
ming ² -ling ²	明陵	the Ming tombs.
ming ² -lün ² -t'ang ²	明倫堂	a hall in the temple of Confucius.
ming ² -ming ²	明明	clear, bright, evident, plain.
ming ² -ming ² -pai ² -pai ²	明明白白	same (ch'ing ¹ ch'u ³).
ming ² -ming ² -shih ⁴	明明是	it is evidently.
ming ² -mu ⁴	明目	bright eyes.
ming ² -mien ²	明年	next year.
ming ² -pai ²	明白	to understand, to comprehend. M. 302.
ming ² -pai ² -jên ²	明白人	an intelligent man.
ming ² -pien ⁴	明辨	to distinguish clearly.
ming ² -shêng ¹ -an ⁴ -chiang ¹	明陞暗降	apparent promotion, but real degrading.
ming ² -shuo ¹	明說	to state clearly, etc.
ming ² -tan ⁴	明旦	to-morrow morning early.
ming ² -t'ang ²	明堂	hall of audience.
ming ² -t'ien ¹	明天	to-morrow.
ming ² -t'ien ¹ -chien ⁴	明天見	I'll see you to-morrow; good day.

ming²-t'ien¹-tsai⁴-shuo¹ 明天再說
 ming²-wang⁴-wang⁴-ti¹ 明旺旺的
 ming²-wu⁴ 明悟
 ming²-yen² 明言
 ming²-yen⁴ 明驗
 ming²-yüeh⁴ 明月
 ming² 口 名 799a600a
 ming²-ch'í⁴ 名器
 ming²-ch'í⁴ 名氣
 ming²-chiao⁴ 名咭
 ming²-chieh² [ku³ 名節
 ming²-ch'uan²-ch'ien¹- 名傳 千古
 ming²-ch'ui²-pu⁴-hsin¹ 名垂 不休
 ming²-fên³ [kuan¹ 名分
 ming²-fên⁴-hsiang¹- 名分 相關
 ming²-hao⁴ 名號
 ming²-hsien⁴-chi² 名賢集
 ming²-í¹ 名醫
 ming²-jên² 名人
 ming²-jên²-tzū¹-hua⁴ 名人字畫
 ming²-ju² 名儒
 ming²-kuan¹ 名官
 ming²-kuan¹-tz'ü² 名官祠
 ming²-li⁴ 名利
 ming²-le⁴-ch'ien¹-ch'üan² 名利兼全
 ming²-li⁴-liang³-t'u² 名利兩途
 ming²-mu⁴ 名目
 ming²-p'ien⁴ 名片
 ming²-pu³-hsü¹-ch'üan² 名不虛傳
 ming²-sé⁴ 名色
 ming²-shan¹-ta¹-ch'üan¹ 名山大川
 ming²-shêng¹ 名聲
 ming²-shêng¹-pu⁴-hao³ 名聲不好
 ming²-shih⁴ 名士
 ming²-t'ieh³ 名帖
 ming²-tzū³ 名子
 ming²-tzū⁴ 名字
 ming²-wang⁴ 名望
 ming²-wu⁴ 名物
 ming²-yang²-ssü¹-hai³ 名揚四海
 ming² 金 銘 500b599a
 ming²-chi⁴ tsai⁴-hsin¹ 銘記在心
 ming²-ch'in¹ 銘金

let's discuss it to-morrow again.
 very clear.
 talent, genius (t'ien⁴ fên⁴ kao¹) (yao⁴ yao⁴ ti¹).
 a lucid statement, to state clearly.
 a clear proof (ch'ên² ming⁴).
 the bright moon; next month.
 a name, a title; to name; nominal (hsing⁴ ming²).
 a famous article.
 reputation.
 called (such a name).
 upright.
 an everlasting fame.
 his fame handed down forever.
 duty (pên³ fên⁴).
 fame and duty are related.
 name, epithet, title, designation.
 sayings of wise men (a book)
 a famous physician (í¹ shêng).
 famous men.
 writing by famous men.
 a celebrated scholar.
 a famous official.
 a temple sacred to the memory of famous officials.
 fame and profit
 name and fame together.
 fame and profit the two roads.
 register book (of name).
 a visiting card (p'ien⁴ tzū³).
 a true reputation.
 substantiality and reality.
 famous mountains and big rivers.
 fame, reputation (shêng¹ ming²).
 a bad reputation.
 a noted person.
 a visiting card.
 a name (hsing⁴).
 name (of person).
 famous, celebrated.
 a mark of distinction.
 a fame spread abroad in China.
 to engrave, to write, to publish, to record.
 engraven on the mind.
 to engrave on gold.

ing²-ch'ing¹ *銘 旌
 ing²-kan³ 銘 感
 ing²-hsin¹-k'o⁴-ku² 銘 心 刻 骨
 ing²-k'o⁴ 銘 刻
 ing²-kun¹ 銘 功
 ing²-ming² 銘 名
 ing² 冥 S01a600b
 ing²-fu³ 冥 府
 ing²-hai³ 冥 海
 ing²-i¹ 冥 衣
 ing²-wan²-pu⁴-ling² 冥 頑 不 靈
 ing² 鳥 鳴 S02a598a
 ing²-chin¹ 鳴 金
 ing²-ch'un¹ 鳴 春
 ing²-ku³ 鳴 鼓
 ing²-lo² 鳴 鑼
 ing²-lo²-ch'ang¹-tao⁴ 鳴 鑼 唱 道
 ing²-lo²-chi¹-ku³ 鳴 鑼 擊 鼓
 ing²-lo²-hsiang³-ku³ 鳴 鑼 響 鼓
 ing²-sh'eng¹ 鳴 聲
 ing²-yüan¹ 鳴 冤
 ing² 艸 廿 茗 S00a601a
 ing²-ch'a² 茗 茶
 ing² 酉 酪 S00b601a
 ing²-ting¹-tu⁴-tsui⁴ 酪 酏 大 醉

a flag bestowed on deserving persons.
 to record one's gratitude,
 to engrave on the heart and bones,
 to engrave,
 to publish or record one's merit,
 to record one's name.
 obscure, dull, gloomy, dark; a spirit.
 the earth, the grave (huang² ch'üan²).
 the deep sea.
 paper clothes (burnt at one's death).
 doltish (han¹ t'ou² lang²).
 the cry of any bird or animal; a sound; to sound.
 to sound the gong, to beat the "retreat."
 the cry of any bird.
 to beat a drum (lei² ku³).
 to strike a gong (shai¹ lo²).
 with sound of gongs, as at a wedding.
 beating of gongs and drums.
 clanging cymbals, and rattling drums.
 sound of any kind.
 to call attention to one's injuries (han³ yüan¹).
 tea of any sort.
 same.
 a drunk.
 dead drunk.

MING⁴ 口 命 S02a601b
 ming⁴-an⁴ 命 案
 ming⁴-ch'ang² 命 長
 ming⁴-chin⁴ 命 盡
 ming⁴-ch'iu² 命 窮
 ming⁴-chung¹-yu³-érh² 命 中 有 兒
 ming⁴-hao³ 命 好
 ming⁴-hsiu¹ 命 休
 ming⁴-ling⁴ 命 令
 ming⁴-lun⁴ 命 論
 ming⁴-mên² 命 門
 ming⁴-pao² 命 薄
 ming⁴-pu⁴-kao¹ 命 不 高
 ming⁴-pu⁴-yu²-jên² 命 不 由 人
 ming⁴-tu² 命 獨
 ming⁴-tuan³ 命 短
 ming⁴-yu²-t'ien¹-ting⁴ 命 由 天 定

fate, lot, destiny; life; an order.
 a case of murder.
 long life, old age (shou⁴).
 near death, about to die (lin² wei²).
 in bad circumstances.
 fated to have sons.
 a good fortune.
 to die (ssü³).
 orders, commands, precepts (fên¹ fn⁴).
 to discourse on fate.
 an anatomical point between the kidneys.
 a "thin fate," ill-fated.
 no luck.
 fate does not depend on man.
 a person without any family or relatives.
 a short life.
 fate is fixed by Heaven.

ming⁴-yün¹

命運

destiny, fate (yün⁴ ch'í⁴).MIU⁴言 [ching¹ 謬^{803a601a}
m.n⁴-chieh⁴-shên^g¹- 謬^{803a603e} 解聖經error, fallacy (also miao⁴, niu⁴).
to wrest the Scriptures.MO¹手 { 摹^{810c605a}
摸^{805a603c}to feel, to touch, to grasp; a form, a pattern.
same.mo¹-cho²-hei¹-tsou³

摸着黑走

to grope one's way in the dark.

mo¹-fung³

摸倣

a copy, a form, a pattern.

mo¹-hsin¹-êrh³

摸瞎兒

fumbling about like a blind man.

mo¹-hsieh³

摸寫

to draw a likeness.

mo¹-mên²

摸門

to be up to the ropes (tung³ chü²).mo¹-pên³-tuan³

摸本緞

flowered satin.

mo¹-pu¹-chao³

摸不着

unable to make out, nonplussed.

mo¹-pu¹-ch'ing¹

摸不清

can't distinguish clearly.

mo¹-shou³

摸手

sleeve-bargaining.

mo¹-so¹

摸擦

to feel or try with the hand; to dawdle.

mo¹-so¹

摸拏

to rub with the hand, to feel.

mo¹-tê²-cho²

摸得着

can make it out.

mo¹-t'ou²-hsü⁴

摸頭緒

find the clue (lüan⁴ t'ou² hsü).mo¹-yü²

摸魚

to feel about in the water for fish.

mo¹

糢 ○ ○

dimness, indistinct.

mo¹-hu²

糢糊

same.

mo¹-mo¹-hu²-hu²

糢糢糊糊

same.

mo¹

麻 麼

麼^{803b602c}interrogative particle. See ma¹.MO²

石 礮

磨^{804a602a}

to grind, to rub; to afflict; a stone, a mill.

mo²-chuan¹-tui⁴-fêng⁴

磨輓對縫

fig. very apt or fitting.

mo²-chuan¹

磨轉

to loaf, to loiter.

mo²-fung²

磨房

a mill-room.

mo²-kuan¹

磨官

a miller.

mo²-kuang¹

磨光

to burnish.

mo²-kuang¹-ti¹

磨光的

burnished.

mo²-kung¹-fu¹

磨功夫

to dawdle over work (ts'êng⁴ kung¹)mo⁴-kuo⁴-lai²

磨過來

to turn round, as a cart (⁴ in this sense).mo²-li⁴

磨厲

to grind, to sharpen; to discipline, to reform.

mo²-liao³-ti¹-p'uo¹

磨了的泡

blisters caused by rubbing.

mo²-lien⁴

磨鍊

to work or study hard.

mo²-mien⁴

磨麵

to grind flour.

mo²-ming²

磨明

to burnish.

mo²-ming²-ti¹

磨明的

burnished.

mo²-mo⁴

磨墨

to rub Chinese ink (yen² mo⁴).mo²-p'an²

磨盤

the nether millstone.

mo ² -p'an ² -ling ³	磨盤領	a collar worn by women,
mo ² -pu ⁴ -k'ai ¹ -lien ³	磨不開臉	cannot avoid loss of "face."
mo ² -shih ²	磨石	a whetstone, a grindstone, a millstone.
mo ² -tao ¹ -shih ²	磨刀石	a whetstone, a grindstone.
mo ² -ti ¹ -fêng ¹ -k'uai ⁴	磨的鋒快	sharpened to a very keen edge.
mo ² -ts'êng ⁴	磨蹭	to fumble; to be lazy. [wrangle.
mo ² -ya ²	磨牙	to grind the teeth, to chatter; to dispute, to
mo ² -yu ²	磨遊	to saunter about (liu to ³ liu ¹ ta ³).
mo ²	手摩 ^{803b602a}	to feel, to touch; to rub, to grind; to press.
mo ² -nung ⁴	摩弄	to feel and play with.
mo ² -so ¹	摩挲	to rub with the hand, to feel, to dally.
mo ²	艸 廿 磨 ^{803c602c}	a mushroom.
mo ² -ku ¹	磨菇	same
mo ²	鬼 魔 ^{803c602b}	a spirit, demon or devil,
mo ² -kuei ³	魔鬼	evil spirits, the devil.
mo ² -wang ²	魔王	king of devils.
mo ² (tǎ)	木 模 ^{811a605a}	a mould, a pattern. See mu ² .
mo ² -fan ⁴	模範	a model.
mo ² -yang ⁴	模樣	manner, mode, appearance, style; a pattern.
mo ²	言 謨 ^{805c605b}	well organized plans, plans fully matured and
mo ²	食 饜 ^{804b602b}	steamed cakes, [settled.
mo ² -mo ²	饜饜	same.
MO ³	手 抹 ^{806b604b}	to rub, to brush; to obliterate; to cleanse.
mo ³ -chiao ²	抹角	to go round or turn a corner (kuai ³ wan ¹).
mo ³ -cho ¹ -tǎ ³	抹桌子	to wipe the table.
mo ³ -ch'ü ⁴	抹去	to abolish (fei ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
mo ³ -hu ² -têng ⁴	抹糊瞪	very stupid.
mo ³ -i ¹ -lien ³ -hê ¹	抹一臉黑	rubbed his face all black.
mo ³ -kêng ³	抹頸	to cut one's throat.
mo ³ -ling ²	抹零	to deduct the odd number of cash.
mo ³ -mien ⁴ -wu ² -ch'ing ²	抹面無情	to treat with cold indifference.
mo ³ -p'ai ³	抹牌	to play cards (ta ³ p'ai ² , tou ¹ p'ai ²).
mo ³ -po ² -tǎ ³	抹脖子	to cut one's throat.
mo ³ -shung ³ -tien ³ -yu ²	抹上點油	rub on a little oil.
mo ³ -tui ⁴	抹兌	to settle debts for one another; to outset.
mo ³ -tǎ ³	抹子	a trowel (ni ² pan ³).
mo ³ -tǎ ⁴	抹字	to blot out characters.
O ⁴	木 末 ^{806a604a}	afterwards, at last, dust (chung ⁴ mo ⁴).
o ⁴ -chang ¹	末章	the last chapter.
o ⁴ -chieh ²	末節	the last verse, the end of a twig.
o ⁴ -chü ⁴	末句	the last clause.

mo⁴-hou⁴
 mo⁴-jih⁴
 mo⁴-mo⁴-liao³-rh²
 mo⁴-nien²
 mo⁴-shih⁴
 mo⁴-tzū³
 mo⁴-tz'ū⁴
 mo⁴-wei³
 mo⁴-wei⁴
 mo⁴ 土 墨 S08a604c
 mo⁴-chi⁴-wei⁴-kan¹ 墨 迹 未 乾
 mo⁴-ch'ih²
 mo⁴-hei¹
 mo⁴-hui⁴
 mo⁴-shui³
 mo⁴-shui³-ho²
 mo⁴-tou³-tzū³
 mo⁴-yen⁴
 mo⁴-yu²
 mo⁴ 黑 默 S07c605b
 mo⁴-chi⁴
 mo⁴-hsiang³
 mo⁴ hsieh³
 mo⁴-jan²
 mo⁴-mo⁴-wu²-shêng¹
 mo⁴-mo⁴-wu²-yen²
 mo⁴-mu⁴
 mo⁴-nien⁴
 mo⁴-shih⁴
 mo⁴-ssū¹
 mo⁴-tuo³
 mo⁴-tso⁴
 mo⁴-yin¹
 mo⁴-yu⁴
 mo⁴ (mu⁴) 艸 廿 莫 S04b603a
 mo⁴-ch'ih³-hsieh²-nien⁴ 莫 起 邪 念
 mo⁴-ch'in² jen² 莫 求 人
 mo⁴-ch'ou²
 mo⁴-fei¹
 mo⁴-fei¹-t'ai¹
 mo⁴-fei¹ y¹
 mo⁴-hsiao⁴ jên²-p'in²
 mo⁴-jo⁴ 莫 笑 人 貧 莫 若

afterwards, at last.
 the last day, e. g., of world, dynasty, etc.
 the end, afterwards, at last, after all (chih
 the close of one's life. [chung¹]
 last age; end of a person, dynasty, or the world
 dust, of any kind, e. g., of tea.
 the last occasion.
 the rear, the hind part.
 the last seat.
 ink; black, obscure.
 the inkstains not yet dry.
 the hollow for water on a Chinese ink-slab.
 jet black (ch'ih¹ hei¹).
 to conceive mentally (hua⁴ hui⁴).
 ink (fluid).
 an inkstand
 carpenter's marking box and line (hui¹ hsien⁴)
 an ink-stone (yen⁴ tai²).
 cuttle fish
 silent, silently, still; dark; thoughtfully.
 to inwardly remember, to bear in mind.
 to contemplate.
 to write out from memory.
 silently, thoughtfully.
 in solemn silence.
 silently, thoughtfully, without a word.
 to conceive mentally, to ponder over.
 to think silently, to contemplate.
 revelation (divine).
 silent reflection
 secret prayer.
 to sit in silence.
 still, silent, gloomy.
 to secretly protect.
 no, not, do not, negative; a cessation of. M 214
 do not harbor evil thoughts.
 do not depend on others.
 a prostitute; don't be sad!
 isn't it? certainly is, certainly (wu² fei¹).
 it certainly is he; is it really him?
 morphia.
 do not laugh at poverty.
 much better, nothing like, the best way, etc.

0⁴-kuw³-hsien²-shih⁴ 莫管閑事
 0⁴-kuo -yü²-tz'ü³ 莫過於此
 0⁴-lun²-jên²-jêi¹ 莫論人非
 0⁴-ni⁴-chih¹-chiao¹ 莫逆之交
 0⁴-pu⁴ 莫不
 0⁴-pu⁴-shih⁴ 莫不是
 0⁴-ta⁴-ti¹-ên¹ 莫大的恩
 0⁴-t'an²-kuo²-shih⁴ 莫談國事
 0⁴-ting⁴ 莫定
 0⁴-tso⁴ 莫作
 0⁴-tung⁴t'an¹-hsin¹ 莫動貪心
 0⁴-tz'ü³-wei²-shên⁴ 莫此為甚
 0⁴-wei² 莫為
 0⁴-wei³ 莫謂
 0⁴-wên⁴-ch'ien²-ch'êng² 莫問前程
 0⁴ 水 沒 807b606a
 0⁴-êrh⁴-chü⁴-hua⁴ 沒二句話
 0⁴-nai¹-ho² 沒奈何
 0⁴-shih⁴ 沒事
 0⁴-shu⁴ 沒數
 0⁴-t'ou²-t'ueh¹ 沒頭帖
 0⁴-yao⁴ 沒藥
 0⁴ 艸 芥 806c604b
 0⁴-lî⁴-hua¹ 茉莉花
 0⁴ 肉 豚 豚 脈 脈 807a584a
 0⁴ 脈 脈 807a584a
 0⁴-an⁴ 脈案
 0⁴-lo⁴-hsiang¹-lien² 脈絡相連
 0⁴ 寞 805a603b
 0⁴-lo⁴ 寞落
 0⁴ 膜 805b603
 0⁴ 水 漠 805b603b
 0⁴ (t'ü) 水 沫 806b604b

do not interfere with other people's affairs,
 there is nothing beyond this.
 do not discuss people's faults.
 an uninterrupted friendship.
 nothing but, the best, very proper.
 it is certainly ; isn't it ? quite right.
 unbounded grace. [shops].
 do not discuss politics (notice in Peking tea-
 uncertain.
 do not do it.
 do not covet.
 nothing is more so than this.
 do not do it.
 do not say.
 do not ask for a man's rank.
 not, there is not ; to die. See mei² and mu².
 not two ways about it.
 no help for it (wu² nai⁴).
 nothing to do, no trouble.
 innumerable.
 anonymous placards (chieh¹ t'ieh³).
 myrrh.
 the jessamine.
 same.
 the pulse, veins, arteries ; streaks (or mai).
 same.
 "pulse case," a written medical opinion.
 the main and branch blood vessels.
 silent, silence, stillness, quiet.
 fallen into decay.
 a film membrane ; to soothe, to touch delicately.
 a sandy desert, floating sands (sha¹ mo⁴).
 scum, spittle, slaver (t'u⁴ mo⁴).

0⁴ 言 謀 808c507a
 0⁴-chi⁴ 謀計
 0⁴-ch'üan² 謀權
 0⁴-fan³ 謀反
 0⁴-hai⁴ 謀害
 0⁴-ho² 謀合
 0⁴-hua⁴ 謀畫
 0⁴-i¹-shih² 謀衣食
 0⁴-i¹ 謀議

to plan, to plot, to devise, to consult,
 to plot, to scheme, etc.
 to devise, to plan, to plot for power, etc.
 high treason, to plot a rebellion.
 to plot to injure.
 to plan.
 to sketch out.
 to work for a living.
 to plot, to scheme.

mou²-liao⁴ 謀略
mou²-lü⁴ 謀慮
mou²-mo⁴ 謀謨
mou²-p'an⁴ 謀叛
mou²-sha⁴ 謀殺
mou²-shih⁴ 謀士
mou²-shih⁴ 謀事
mou²-shih⁴-tsai⁴-jên² 謀事在人
mou²-shih² 謀食
mou²-suan⁴ 謀算
mou²-tao⁴ 謀道
mou²-ts'ai²-hai⁴-ming⁴ 謀財害命
mou²-ts'ê⁴ 謀策
mou²-yung³-chien¹-ch'üan² 謀勇兼全
mou² 牛 牟 ^{S09b587c}
mou²-ni² 牟尼
mou² 人 侏 ^{S09c588a}
mou² (muo) 矛 矛 ^{779a587b}

military strategy, plan of a campaign.
 to scheme.
 to plan, to devise, to arrange and settle.
 to conspire.
 to plot a murder; to murder; murder.
 a counsellor of state (ta⁴ hsiao² shih⁴).
 to plan an affair.
 men may plan (but God performs).
 to scheme for a living.
 to plot.
 to enquire concerning doctrine.
 to murder for gain.
 to plan.
 strategy and bravery both together.
 usurp, surpass.
 Buddha (shih⁴ chia¹ mon² ni²).
 same sort or class.
 a spear.

MOU³ 木 么 某 ^{S08c588b}
mou³-chia¹ 某家
mou³-ch'u⁴ 某處
mou³-jên² 某人
mou³-jên²-shui² 某人誰
mou³-jih⁴ 某日
mou³-niên² 某年
mou³-shih⁴ 某氏
mou³-ti⁴ fang¹ 某地方
mou³-tso⁴-ti¹ 某做的
mou³-ts'un¹ 某村
mou³-yüeh⁴ 某月
mou³ 田 畝 ^{S09c588b}
mou³ 牛 牡 ^{S13c588c}
mou³ 一 丘 ^{243b416a}

certain (as a certain person, etc.), so and so.
 I, me.
 a certain place; what place?
 a certain person, so-and-so; who?
 so and so.
 a certain day; what day?
 a certain year; what year?
 Mrs. so and so; of what family?
 a certain place.
 I did it! what did it?
 a certain village; what village?
 a certain month; what month?
 (Chinese) acre (mu³).
 male (of quadrupeds) also mu³.
 Confucius name (properly ch'iu¹).

MOU⁴ 心 懋 ^{S09b589a}

great, energetic.

MU² 水 彳 沒 ^{S07b606a}
mu² 木 模 ^{S11a605a}
mu²-tzi³ 模子
mu²-yang⁴ 模樣
mu² 手 摹 ^{S10c605a}
mu² 歹 歿 ^{S10a606c}

not, there is not; to end, to die. See *mie²* and *mo⁴*.
 a mould, a pattern. See *mo²*.
 same.
 manner, mode, appearance, style; a pattern.
 write over copy. See *mo³*.
 to die. Also *mo⁴*.

言	謨	805c605b	consult, imitate. Also mo ² .
毋	母	811a605c	mother; the female.
毋	教		a mother's instructions.
毋	親		mother, a mother.
毋	舅		maternal uncles.
毋	后		the empress (huang ² hon ²).
毋	香		mother cloves (ting ¹ hsiang ¹).
毋	姨		maternal aunts.
毋	女		mother and daughter (niang ² êrh ² liu ³).
毋	丁香		mother cloves
毋	子		mother and son; principal and interest.
毋	慈		maternal tenderness.
女	媪	811b606a	schoolmistress, elderly widow, a matron. [lao ² . Also same.
女	媪		same.
女	婦人		a matron, a schoolmistress.
女	媪		a motherly person, a matron.
女	女		a schoolmistress, governess.
女	師		same.
牛	牡	813c588c	the male of animals; a bolt Also mou ³ .
牛	馬		a stallion (êrh ² ma ³).
牛	牝		male and female of animals.
牛	牡丹		the peony (p'in ³ tau ¹).
牛	羊		a ram
田	畝	809c588b	the Chinese acre. Also mou ³ .
田	畝		acres.
手	拇	811b588c	a finger, the thumb; the great toe. [up.
手	戰		a game by guessing the number of fingers held
手	指		the thumb; the great toe (ta ⁴ mu ³ chih ³).
木	木	812a607b	wood; a tree (75th radical).
木	杈		the fork of a tree (k'a ¹ pa ¹).
木	杖		a club, a bludgeon.
木	廠		a timber yard. 廠
木	器		wood-ware.
木	匠		a carpenter.
木	槿		name of a flower (hibiscus).
木	耳		fungus, mushroom.
木	香		putchuck.
木	香		the white rose.
木	楸		wooden shovel.
木	星		the planet Jupiter.
木	人		a wooden image.

mu¹-kon³-tzü³ 木狗子
 mu⁴-kua¹ 木瓜
 mu⁴-kun⁴ 木棍
 mu⁴-kuŋ¹ 木工
 mu⁴-liu⁴ 木料
 mu⁴-mao¹ 木貓
 mu⁴-ou³ 木偶
 mu⁴-ou³-jêu² 木偶人
 mu⁴-pa¹ 木扒
 mu⁴-p'ai² 木牌
 mu⁴-pau³ 木板
 mu⁴-pau³-lien² 木板簾
 mu⁴-p'ên² 木盆
 mu⁴-p'ieü⁴ 木片
 mu⁴-shih¹ 木虱
 mu⁴-shu¹ 木梳
 mu⁴-t'an⁴ 木炭
 mu⁴-tiao¹-ni²-su⁴ 木雕泥塗
 mu⁴-to² 木鐸
 mu⁴-t'ou² 木頭
 mu⁴-t'ou²-tso⁴-ti¹ 木頭做的
 mu⁴-t'ung³ 木桶
 mu⁴-wei² 木桅
 mu⁴-yü² 木魚
 mu⁴ 目
 mu⁴-ch'ien² 目前
 mu⁴-chin¹ 目今
 mu⁴-chung¹-wu²-jên² 目中無人
 mu⁴-hsia⁴ 目下
 mu⁴-hsia⁴-ch'î³-shên¹ 目下起身
 mu⁴-hun¹ 目昏
 mu⁴-hun¹-pu⁴-ming³ 目昏不明
 mu⁴-jên² 目仁
 mu⁴-k'ung⁴-î¹-ch'ieh¹ 目空一切
 mu⁴-li⁴ 目力
 mu⁴-lu¹ 目錄
 mu⁴-ming² 目明
 mu⁴-pu⁴-chuan³-ching¹ 目不轉睛
 mu⁴-pu⁴-hsieh²-shih⁴ 目不邪視
 mu⁴-pu⁴-shih³-ting¹ 目不識丁
 mu⁴-tu³-yen³-chieü⁴ 目睹眼見
 mu⁴-wu²-fa³-chi³ 目無法紀
 mu⁴-wu²-tsun¹-chang⁴ 目無尊長

wooden handcuffs (shou³ k'uo⁴),
 the quince,
 a club, a bludgeon,
 a carpenter,
 timber.
 "wooden cat," a rat-trap.
 a wooden image.
 a wooden image; a blockhead.
 a wooden rake.
 a raft (fa² tzü³).
 a plank
 venetian blinds.
 a wooden bowl.
 chips of wood.
 a wooden-lice, a bug.
 a large wooden comb (pi² tzü³).
 charcoal.
 wood carved and mud moulded (gods).
 a wooden bell-clapper.
 wood, timber,
 made of wood.
 a barrel, a commode.
 spars, masts
 the hollow wooden fish beaten by Buddha [priest
 the eye; to designate; the principal; the index
 before one's eye; at present.
 now (hsien⁴ tsai⁴).
 supercilious, conceited, contemptuous.
 "beneath the eye," at present, now.
 to start at once.
 dizziness, indistinct vision, dimness of sight.
 same.
 the pupil of the eye.
 everything is vanity.
 strength of sight.
 index of a book, a list of items, an inventory
 eyes clear.
 staring fixedly.
 his eye does not look at evil.
 an ignoramus.
 seen with one's own eyes (ming² lang³ ye
 he has no law before his eyes.
 his eye respects not superiors.

nu ⁴	牛	牧 ^{S11c607c}	a shepherd, a herd, a pastor; to oversee; to feed.
nu ⁴ -ch'ang ²		牧場	a pen, a fold.
nu ⁴ -ma ³		牧馬	to keep horses.
nu ⁴ -niu ²		牧牛	to keep cows.
nu ⁴ -po ²		牧伯	overseer, governor.
nu ⁴ -shih ¹		牧師	pastor (Protestant) (chiao ⁴ shih ¹).
nu ⁴ -shu ⁴		牧豎	a poor lad; a catamite.
nu ⁴ -ssü ¹		牧司	an overseer.
nu ⁴ -t'ung ²		牧童	a shepherd's boy, etc.
nu ⁴ -yang ²		牧羊	to keep sheep.
nu ⁴ -yang ³		牧養	to feed, to nourish.
nu ⁴	心	慕 ^{S10c606b}	to respect, to esteem, to admire; devotion for.
nu ⁴ -ai ⁴		慕愛	to love; devotion for.
nu ⁴ -chün ¹		慕君	to respect the sovereign.
nu ⁴ -fu ⁴ -mu ³		慕父母	to love or respect one's parents.
nu ⁴ -tao ⁴		慕道	to be fond of doctrine.
nu ⁴	土	墓 ^{S10b606c}	a grave, tomb, a hillock (fên ² nu ⁴).
nu ⁴ -pei ¹		墓碑	a tombstone
nu ⁴ -yü ⁴		墓域	limits of a grave.
nu ⁴	日	暮 ^{S10c606b}	evening, night.
nu ⁴ -ku ³ -ch'ên ² -chung ¹		暮鼓晨鐘	the evening drum and morning bell.
nu ⁴ -nien ²		暮年	old age, declining years.
nu ⁴ -yeh ⁴		暮夜	same.
nu ⁴	力	募 ^{S10b606c}	to hire, to enrol; to call upon, to invite, to beg.
nu ⁴ -hua ⁴		募化	subscriptions collected by priests (hua ⁴ chai ¹).
nu ⁴ -hua ⁴ -ch'ung ² -hsin ¹		募化重修	to raise money for repair of temples.
nu ⁴ -hua ⁴ -hsing ¹ -kung ¹		募化興工	collecting for repair of temples.
nu ⁴ -hua ⁴ -shih ² -fang ⁴		募化十方	to collect subscriptions every where. [(chao ¹ mu ⁴).
nu ⁴ -ping ¹		募兵	to invite to join the army, to call out volunteers
nu ⁴ -yüan ²		募緣	appeals made for subscriptions by priests.
nu ⁴	巾幘	幕 ^{S10b603b}	a curtain or screen; a private secretary (shih ¹
nu ⁴ -fu ³		幕府	an encampment; a military secretary. [yeh ²).
nu ⁴ -k'o ⁴		幕客	a private secretary (tso ¹ mu ⁴).
nu ⁴ -pin ¹		幕賓	same.
nu ⁴ -wei ²		幕幃	a screen, a curtain.
nu ⁴ -yu ³		幕友	a friend who acts as private secretary.
nu ⁴	水	沐 ^{S12c607c}	to wash; to enrich; to receive favours.
nu ⁴ -ên ¹		沐恩	to receive favours (mèng ² ên ¹).
nu ⁴ -shou ³		沐手	to wash the hands.
nu ⁴ -yü ⁴		沐浴	to wash and bathe, to bathe (hsi ³ tso ³).
nu ⁴	禾	穆 ^{S13b608b}	grain; grandeur; respect; pleased; cordial.
nu ⁴ -han ² -mo ⁴ -tê ²		穆罕默德	Mohamet.
nu ⁴ -ho ²		穆和	harmonious, cordial.

mu⁴-mu⁴
 mu⁴
 mu⁴-ch'in¹
 mu⁴-ho²
 mu⁴-lin²
 mu⁴
 mu⁴-hsü⁴

目 穆 穆
 陸 S13c608c
 陸 親
 陸 和
 陸 隣
 艸 苜 苜
 苜 苜

respectful ; careful.
 friendly, cordial, kind ; true ; attached to,
 affectionate ; attached to one's parents.
 friendly, cordial (ho² mu⁴).
 agreement among neighbours.
 clover,
 same,

NA¹ 口 哪 S35a611b

interrogative particle ; final sound ; expletive.

NA² 手 拿 拏 S14b610a

na²
 na²-ch'a²-tang¹-chiu³
 na²-ch'i³-chia⁴-t-ü³
 na²-ch'iang¹-tso²-shih⁴
 na²-chin³-chu³-i⁴
 na²-chü⁴
 na² ch'u¹
 na²-ch'u¹ lai²
 na²-ch'ü⁴
 na²-chun³-liao³
 na²-hua⁴-chi-t'ai¹
 na²-huo⁴
 na²-huo⁴-tao⁴-fan⁴
 na²-jên²-ti¹-ts'o⁴
 na²-k'ai¹
 na²-kuo⁴-lai²
 na²-lai²
 na²-liao³-ch'ü⁴
 na²-liao³-ch'ü⁴-liao³
 na²-min²-fu¹
 na²-nieh¹
 na²-pu⁴-chao²
 na²-pu⁴-chin⁴
 na²-pu⁴-chu⁴-ch'ien²
 na²-pu⁴-kuan⁴
 na²-pu⁴-tao⁴
 na²-pu⁴-tung⁴
 na²-pu⁴-wan²
 na²-shou³-tso²-tê²
 na²-ta⁴-chia⁴-êrh²
 na²-tu⁴-tao¹
 na²-tao⁴

拏 S14b610a
 拿
 茶 當 酒
 拿 起 架 子
 拿 腔 作 勢
 拿 緊 主 意
 拿 住
 拿 出
 拿 出 來
 拿 去
 拿 準 了
 拿 話 激 他
 拿 獲
 拿 獲 盜 犯
 拿 人 的 錯
 拿 開
 拿 過 來
 拿 來
 拿 了 去
 拿 了 去 了
 拿 民 夫
 拿 捏
 拿 不 着
 拿 不 盡
 拿 不 住 錢
 拿 不 慣
 拿 不 到
 拿 不 動
 拿 不 完
 拿 手 作 得
 拿 大 價 兒
 拿 大 刀
 拿到

to lay hold of, to seize. M. 27.
 same.
 to look on tea as wine,
 to exact oneself. [adopts to you
 to "squeeze" a man according to the tone h
 to make up one's mind.
 to take, to grasp, to seize.
 to take out, to abstract.
 same.
 to take away.
 to take accurate aim, to correct.
 say something to stir him up.
 to apprehend, to seize (ch'in² huo⁴).
 to capture criminals.
 to pick out people's shortcomings.
 take away.
 bring here.
 to bring.
 to take away.
 taken away.
 to press men to labour.
 to scheme ; to malingering ; to manipulate.
 unable to seize.
 can't take them all at once.
 can't keep hold of cash.
 not used to holding.
 can't arrest, e. g., a thief.
 can't lift off the ground.
 can't take all.
 able to do.
 to overcharge.
 to flourish aloft the big cutlass (milit. exams).
 to apprehend ; to bring.

na²-tu¹-lai²
 na²-tê²-chao²
 na²-ting¹-chu³-i⁴
 na²-tsei²
 na²-tsei²-ti¹
 na²-tung¹-wang⁴-hsi¹
 na²-wên⁴
 na²-wo²-ti¹-hsieh²

拿刀來
 拿得着
 拿定主意
 拿賊
 拿賊的
 拿東忘西
 拿問
 拿我的那

fetch a knife,
 able to seize.
 to come to a decision.
 to apprehend a thief.
 a thief-catcher (pu³ pan¹).
 to take up one thing and forget another.
 to seize and examine.
 to find fault with me.

na³
 na³-êrh²-ni¹
 na³-êrh²-ti¹
 na³-êrh²-ti¹-hua⁴
 na³-hui²-mo⁴-shuo¹
 na³-i¹-ko⁴
 na³ li³
 na³-li³-yeh³-yu³

邑 那^{S14a610c}
 那兒呢
 那兒的
 那兒的話
 那回沒說
 那一個
 那裡
 那裡也有

what? how? where? See na⁴.
 how is that; where is it?
 where?
 what sort of talk? nothing of the kind.
 I always mentioned it.
 which one? which? M. 107.
 where?
 they are everywhere.

na⁴
 na⁴-hsieh¹
 na⁴-ho²-yung⁴-shuo¹
 na⁴-i³-chin¹-ti¹
 na⁴-i¹-k'uai³-êrh²
 na⁴-i³-ting⁴-ti¹
 na⁴-i³-tsai⁴-ti¹
 na⁴ ko⁴
 na⁴-k'uai⁴
 na⁴-li³
 na⁴-mo¹
 na⁴-mo¹-yang⁴
 na⁴-yung⁴
 na⁴-yeh³-hao³
 na⁴
 na⁴-chien⁴
 na⁴-ch'ien²
 na⁴-ch'ung³
 na⁴-fu²
 na⁴-han³
 na⁴-han³
 na⁴-hsiang²
 na⁴-hsiang³
 na⁴-kung⁴
 na⁴-liang²

那^{S14a610}
 那些
 那何用說
 那已就的
 那一塊兒
 那已定的
 那已在的
 那個
 那塊
 那裡
 那麼
 那麼樣
 那樣
 那也好
 糸 納^{S15c611a}
 納諫
 納錢
 納寵
 納福
 納喊
 納罕
 納降
 納餉
 納貢
 納涼

that. See na³.
 those.
 that goes without saying, of course.
 that is certain.
 there, that place.
 same.
 same.
 that.
 that one, that piece; there.
 that place, there. M. 22.
 thus.
 thus, in that way.
 that sort or style.
 that is the next best thing.
 within; to put into; to give; to receive.
 to receive censure or reproof.
 to receive money; to pay money.
 to get a concubine.
 to enjoy happiness (hsiang³ fu²).
 to make a noise, hubbub, to vociferate, etc.
 to be surprised.
 to submit, to give in to (t'ou² hsiang²).
 to pay taxes.
 to pay tribute (chiu⁴ kung⁴).
 to take an airing.

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na⁴-liang² 納糧
 na⁴-mêu⁴ 納悶
 na⁴-shui⁴ 納稅
 na⁴ 手才 捺^{S16a611a}
 na⁴-ti³-tzũ³ 捺底子
 na⁴ 衣 衲^{S16a611a}
 na⁴-i² 衲衣

to pay taxes (wan² liang²).
 sorrowful, melancholy.
 to pay duties.
 to press upon with the hand; to quilt.
 to quilt the soles of shoes.
 a robe of the Buddhist priests (chia² sha²).
 same.

NAI³ 丩 迺迺乃乃乃乃乃乃
 nai³-fu⁴ 乃父
 nai³-jo⁴ 乃若
 nai³-jo⁴-shih⁴ 乃若是
 nai³-laug² 乃郎
 nai³-shih⁴ 乃是
 nai³-tsu³ 乃祖
 nai³ 女姊 (奶^{S16c613a}
 nai³ 孛
 nai³-ch'a² 孛茶
 nai³-cho²-hai²-tzũ³ 孛着孩子
 nai³-chu¹ 孛猪
 nai³-chüan³ 孛捲
 nai³-ma¹-rh² 孛媽兒
 nai³-ming² 孛名
 nai³-nai³ 孛孛
 nai³-nai³-rh² 孛孛兒
 nai³-niang² 孛娘
 nai³-niu² 孛牛
 nai³-p'i² 孛皮
 nai³-p'o² 孛婆
 nai³-tou⁴-fu³ 孛豆腐
 nai³-t'ou² 孛頭
 nai³-t-ũ³ 孛子
 nai³-yu² 孛油
 nai³ 迺
 nai³-mi⁴ 迺密

in, at, is, am, was, but, doubtless. M. 312.
 your father, etc.
 as to, but as to.
 but as it is.
 a son, his son.
 but is, yes.
 your grandfather, etc.
 milk; the female breast; to suckle.
 same.
 tea with milk in it.
 suckling a child.
 a sucking pig.
 cream (Chinese).
 a wet-nurse.
 milk-name (given one month after birth).
 a paternal grandmother; a term of respect.
 a wife, a mother (Manchoo).
 a wet-nurse (ju² niang³).
 a milch-cow, a cow.
 cream.
 a wet-nurse.
 cheese.
 the nipple of the breast.
 the breasts.
 butter (huang² yu²).
 in; at. Same as 乃.
 thick; numerous.

NAI⁴ 大柰 柰^{S17a613b}
 nai⁴-ho² 柰何
 nai⁴-ho²-ch'iao² 柰何橋
 nai⁴-t'a¹-ho² 柰他何
 nai⁴-wu² 柰無
 nai⁴ 而耐^{S17b613c}
 nai⁴-cho² 耐着

the crab-apple; a remedy; a disjunctive particle.
 how able to? unable to do. M. 541.
 No-Alternative Bridge in Hades.
 how able to manage him? unable to do it.
 no help for it, unavoidable, etc. (wu² nai⁴).
 patient; to bear, to endure; to forbear,
 patiently.

nai¹-fun²
nai¹-hsing⁴-êrh²
nai¹-jên³
nai⁴-k'on³
nai¹-lêng³
nai⁴-pu¹-chu⁴
nai⁴-shih²

耐煩
耐性兒
耐忍
耐口
耐冷
耐不住
耐時

to put up with annoyance or trouble.
a patient disposition.
to endure, to put up with, forbearing.
forbearing in language, etc.
to stand the cold.
can't put up with (jên³ pu⁴ tó²).
to bear the ills of the time.

NAN² 佳難

nan²-cho²-pr⁴-hui⁴
nan²-chu⁴-hao³
nan²-ch'u⁴
nan²-hsiu¹-nan²-tí⁴
nan²-j³-ch'ui¹-k'on³
nan²-j³-hsiang¹-ch'u³
nan²-i³-hui²-tu¹
nan²-i³-ts'ê⁴-tu⁴
nan²-i³-wei²-ch'ing²
nan²-jên³
nan²-jung²
nan²-k'an¹
nan²-k'an⁴
nan²-k'u³
nan²-kuo⁴
nan²-li²-nan²-shê³
nan⁴-miao²-nan²-hu¹
nan²-min²-t'ao²-huang¹
nan²-nien⁴
nan²-pan⁴
nan²-pao³
nan²-pu⁴-chu⁴-t'ai¹
nan²-shang'-nan²
nan²-shih⁴
nan²-shou⁴
nan²-shuo¹
nan²-tang¹
nan²-tao¹
nan²-tao⁴-shuo¹
nan²-tê²
nan²-tê²-hên³
nan²-t'ing¹
nan²-tso⁴
nan²-tsou³

難 S1Sc614a
難者不會
難住了
難處
難兄難弟
難以出口
難以相處
難以回答
難以測度
難以爲情
難忍
難容
難堪
難看
難苦
難過
難離難捨
難描難畫
難民逃荒
難念
難辦
難保
難不住他
難上難
難事
難受
難說
難當道
難道說
難得
難得很
難聽
難做
難走

difficult ; difficulty, distress ; grievous.
it is hard if you do not know how.
difficult ; no remedy.
difficulties.
it is difficult to be a younger or elder brother.
difficult to speak about.
difficult to arrange.
difficult to answer.
hard to comprehend.
you are too kind.
difficult to bear.
inexcusable.
intolerable.
hard to see, grievous to look at ; ugly.
difficulty, distress, suffering.
sad, in straits.
hard to part with.
cannot be portrayed.
distressed refugees.
hard to think upon.
difficult to manage.
can't guarantee.
can't trouble him.
extreme difficulty.
a difficult affair.
hard to bear, distressed.
it is hard to say ; you don't mean to say ?
hard to bear ; difficult to do.
it is hard to say ; you don't mean to say ? M. 444.
you don't mean to say so.
difficult to obtain ; seldom, rare.
very difficult.
hard or disagreeable to hear.
difficult to do.
bad travelling, difficult to go.

<i>nan²-wei²</i>	難爲	to molest, to annoy : to oppress ; difficult to do.
<i>nan²-wei²-ni³-la¹</i>	難爲你喇	I am troubling you too much !
<i>nan²-wei²</i>	難聞	hard or disagreeable to hear,
<i>nan²-yang³-huo²</i>	難養活	very poor.
<i>nan²</i>	十南	south.
<i>nan²-ch'ê¹</i>	南車	the compass (ting ⁴ nan ² chên ¹).
<i>nan²-chi²</i>	南極	the south pole.
<i>nan²-chêng¹-pei²-chan⁴</i>	南爭北戰	constantly quarreling with neighbors,
<i>nan²-ch'ian¹-pei³-tia⁴</i>	南腔北調	a foreign brogue.
<i>nan²-ching¹</i>	南京	Nanking.
<i>nan²-chiu³</i>	南酒	wine from Shaoshing.
<i>nan²-fang¹</i>	南方	the southern regions, in the south.
<i>nan²-hsi²</i>	南席	a feast of southern delicacies.
<i>nan²-hsueh²</i>	南學	a school.
<i>nan²-k'o¹-mêng¹</i>	南柯夢	a day-dream, fantastic dream.
<i>nan²-kuo¹</i>	南瓜	a sort of melon.
<i>nan²-kuo³</i>	南饅	pastry (tien ³ hsin ¹).
<i>nan²-tao²</i>	南牢	a prison (chien ¹ tao ²).
<i>nan²-man³</i>	南蠻	southern barbarians.
<i>nan²-mien⁴</i>	南而	towards or facing the south ; the emperor.
<i>nan²-pei³</i>	南北	north and south (as we say).
<i>nan²-pên⁴-pei³-p'ao³</i>	南奔北跑	to hurry hither and thither.
<i>nan²-pien¹</i>	南邊	the south side, in the south
<i>nan²-sha¹-pei³-chan⁴</i>	南殺北戰	furiously slaying (one's enemies).
<i>nan²-ton¹-fu³</i>	南豆腐	southern bean-curd.
<i>nan²-yang²-ta⁴-ch'ên²</i>	南洋大臣	Superintendent of Southern Trade (pei ³ yang ²)
<i>nan²-ying² pei³-ch'iu¹</i>	南營北求	in straits of money.
<i>nan²</i>	田男	male ; fifth title of nobility, a baron.
<i>nan²-chüeh²</i>	男爵	fifty title of nobility, a baron.
<i>nan²-êrh²</i>	男兒	a male child.
<i>nan²-fu⁴</i>	男婦	men and women.
<i>nan²-hun¹-nü³-chia⁴</i>	男婚女嫁	man marries, woman is married.
<i>nan²-jên²</i>	男人	a man ; a husband (hsiang ² tz'ü ²).
<i>nan²-kêng¹-nü³-chih¹</i>	男耕女織	men till and women weave.
<i>nan²-nü²</i>	男女	male and female, men and women, husband and [wife.
<i>nan²-nü³-hun⁴-tsa²</i>	男女混雜	promiscuous mingling of sexes.
<i>nan²-pên¹-nü³-chuan¹</i>	男扮女妝	men dressed in women's clothes.
<i>nan²-sê⁴</i>	男色	sodomy, unnatural crime.
<i>nan²-tao⁴-nü³-ch'ang¹</i>	男盜女娼	bad children.
<i>nan²-tso³-nü³-yu⁴</i>	男左女右	male on left, female on right.
<i>nan²-ts' ai²-nü³-mao⁴</i>	男才女貌	male clever and female pretty (couple).
<i>nan²-tzü³</i>	男子	a boy, youth, a male, a man ; a husband.
<i>nan²-yin⁴</i>	男陰	the male generative organ.

<i>nan</i> ²	木	楠 ^{S18b614c}	a kind of cedar.
<i>nan</i> ² - <i>nn</i> ⁴		楠木	same.
<i>nan</i> ³	口	喃 ^{S18b615a}	to chatter.
<i>nan</i> ² - <i>ni</i> ²		喃呢	same.
NAN ³ (<i>tzǔ</i>)	虫	蝻 ^{6b615b}	immature locusts.
<i>nan</i> ³	口	嗵 ^{6a621c}	to gobble up. Also <i>an</i> ¹ .
NANG ¹ (<i>nung</i>)	口	囔 ^{S37c642b}	to mutter; unintelligible jargon; much talk.
<i>nan</i> ¹ - <i>nan</i> ¹		囔囔	to mutter, muttering (<i>tu</i> ¹ <i>nung</i> ¹).
NANG ²	口	囊 ^{S20a615a}	a purse, a bag, a sack; to hold in a bag.
<i>nan</i> ² - <i>chung</i> ¹		囊中	in a bag.
<i>nan</i> ² - <i>p'ao</i> ⁴		囊泡	soft, spongy, porous (<i>hsüan</i> ¹).
<i>nan</i> ² - <i>tai</i> ⁴		囊袋	a money-bag, a purse (<i>pu</i> ⁴ <i>tai</i> ⁴).
NANG ³	手才攬	攬 ^{S20b615c}	to thrust in, to fill.
<i>nan</i> ³ <i>ssü</i> ³ - <i>jén</i> ²		攬死人	stabbed to death.
<i>nan</i> ³	食	饜 ^{S38b642b}	to eat, to force to eat, to eat ravenously.
<i>nan</i> ³ - <i>san</i> ³		饜搯	to gorge or gobble (<i>t'un</i> ¹ <i>hsia</i> ⁴).
<i>nan</i> ⁴	鼻	鯁 ^{S20b615c}	a stoppage of the nose; a nasal twang.
<i>nan</i> ¹ - <i>pi</i> ² - <i>tzü</i> ³		鯁鼻子	same.
NAO ¹	心半	悻 ○ ○	worthless.
NAO ²	手才拗	拗 ^{S20b617b}	to scratch; to fidget; to twist; to vex.
<i>nao</i> ² - <i>cho</i> ²		拗着	fidgetting or fingering, fiddling with.
<i>nao</i> ² - <i>hsin</i> ¹		拗心	to disturb the mind
<i>nao</i> ² - <i>luan</i> ⁴		拗亂	to pervert; to disturb; to throw into confusion.
<i>nao</i> ² - <i>p'io</i> ⁴		拗破	to scratch and tear.
<i>nao</i> ² <i>t'on</i> ²		拗頭	to scratch the head; difficult to manage.
<i>nao</i> ² - <i>ts'ai</i> ⁴		拗菜	scrape vegetables.
<i>nao</i> - <i>yang</i> ³		拗癢	itching, to scratch an itch (<i>k'uai</i> ⁴).
<i>nao</i> ²	金	鐃 ^{S20c616a}	small cymbals.
<i>nao</i> ² - <i>kou</i> ¹		鐃鈎	a double pronged hook.
<i>nao</i> ² - <i>po</i> ¹		鐃鈸	small cymbals.
NAO ³	心半	惱 ^{S21a617a}	vexation, shame, indignation; trouble.
<i>ao</i> ⁷ - <i>ch'i</i> ⁴		惱氣	anger, indignation.
<i>ao</i> ³ - <i>hên</i> ⁴		惱恨	spite; bother! curse!
<i>ao</i> ³ - <i>nu</i> ⁴		惱怒	extreme anger, rage (<i>shêng</i> ¹ <i>ch'i</i> ⁴).
<i>ao</i> ¹ - <i>shui</i> ²		惱誰	with whom are you angry?
<i>ao</i> ³ - <i>tsui</i> ⁴ - <i>hsin</i> ¹ - <i>li</i> ³		惱在心裡	irritation inside.

<i>nao³</i>	肉	腦	S21a617a	brains ; glossy ; soft ; camphor.
<i>nao³-chiang¹</i>		腦漿		brains.
<i>nao³-kai⁴</i>		腦蓋		the cranium, the top of the head (lou ² ku ³).
<i>nao³-kui¹-t-zü³</i>		腦瓜子		the head.
<i>nao³-mên²-t-zü³</i>		腦門子		the forehead (o ²).
<i>nao³-tai³</i>		腦袋		“brain-bag,” the head.
<i>nao³-tai¹-t-éng²</i>		腦袋疼		the head-ache.
<i>nao³-t-zü³</i>		腦子		the brains.
<i>nao³</i>	玉	腦	S21a617b	the carnelian, agate (ma ³ nao ³).

NAO⁴	門	鬧	S21b617a	bustle, noise, confusion ; to scold.
<i>nao⁴-chi¹-huang¹</i>		鬧飢荒		to make a disturbance.
<i>nao⁴-chiao⁴</i>		鬧教		to make trouble with the missions.
<i>nao⁴-cho²-wan⁴</i>		鬧着玩		playing the fool.
<i>nao⁴-ch-w-shih⁴-lai²</i>		鬧出事來		to create a disturbance.
<i>nao⁴-chung¹</i>		鬧鐘		an alarm-clock.
<i>nao⁴-huai¹-liao³</i>		鬧壞了		spoiled.
<i>nao⁴-hsi⁴</i>		鬧戲		improper plays (farces, etc.).
<i>nao⁴ ko¹-mo⁴-lien³</i>		鬧個沒臉		lost “face.”
<i>nao⁴-kuei³</i>		鬧鬼		to lie ; to deceive.
<i>nao⁴-kung¹-ming¹</i>		鬧功名		to work for a degree.
<i>nao⁴-luan⁴-t-zü³</i>		鬧亂子		to make a disturbance (sa ¹ yeh ³)
<i>nao⁴-p'i²-ch'i⁴</i>		鬧脾氣		to exhibit temper (shih ³ p'i ² ch'i ⁴).
<i>nao⁴-sang³-t-zü³</i>		鬧嗓子		a sore-throat epidemic.
<i>nao⁴-shih⁴</i>		鬧市		a busy market
<i>nao⁴-shih⁴</i>		鬧事		to create a disturbance.
<i>nao⁴-t'è²-hsiang¹</i>		鬧的兇		to make a fearful row.
<i>nao⁴-t'è²-li -hai⁴</i>		鬧得利害		a terrible uproar.
<i>nao⁴ t'ien¹-ch'i⁴</i>		鬧天氣		unseasonable weather.
<i>nao⁴-tu⁴-t-zü³</i>		鬧肚子		bowel trouble (p'ao ³ tu ⁴)
<i>nao⁴-tung⁴-fang²</i>		鬧洞房		chaffing the bride at weddings.
<i>nao⁴-wan²</i>		鬧玩		to play, to romp.
<i>nao⁴-yao¹-ching¹</i>		鬧妖精		the spooks are about.
<i>nao⁴ (t-zü)</i>	石	腦	S21a617a	impure sal-ammoniac (poisonous).

NEI⁴	入	內	S22a618a	inside, internal ; included in (li ³).
<i>nei⁴-chai²</i>		內宅		inner apartments.
<i>nei⁴-chien⁴</i>		內監		a eunuch, eunuchs (lao ³ kung ¹).
<i>nei⁴-chih²</i>		內姪		cousins or nephews by the mother's side.
<i>nei⁴-chih²-nü³</i>		內姪女		cousins or nieces by the mother's side.
<i>nei⁴-ch'in¹</i>		內親		wife's relations.
<i>nei⁴-chu⁴</i>		內助		your wife.
<i>nei⁴-chung¹</i>		內中		in the midst, among them.

nei ⁴ -hang ²	內行	versed in the secrets of a business.
nei ⁴ -ho ² -wai ⁴ -shun ⁴	內和外順	friendly on all sides.
nei ⁴ -hsiang ¹	內相	a eunuch, eunuchs.
nei ⁴ -hsin ¹	內心	the heart.
nei ⁴ -jên ²	內人	"the inner person," a wife, my wife.
nei ⁴ -kang ¹ -wai ⁴ jou ² ³	內剛外柔	velvet glove on iron hand
nei ⁴ -ko ²	內閣	{ "the inner council," a privy councillor. M. { 134 (ko ² lao ² , tsai ³ lsiang).
nei ⁴ -k'o ¹	內科	internal practice, physic (wai ⁴ k'o ¹).
nei ⁴ -kuei ⁴	內櫃	the back part of the shop.
nei ⁴ -kung ¹	內公	a eunuch, eunuchs.
nei ⁴ -kung ¹	內宮	in the palace.
nei ⁴ -li ³	內裏	within; the particulars.
nei ⁴ -nang ²	內囊	private affairs; one's family.
nei ⁴ -ping ⁴	內病	internal disease.
nei ⁴ -san ¹ -ch'ei ²	內三旗	[choos). Household Division of the three banners (Man-
nei ⁴ -shang ¹ -ping ⁴	內傷病	internal disease.
nei ⁴ -shên ⁴	內腎	kidneys.
nei ⁴ -shih ²	內石	barrenness in women.
nei ⁴ -shih ¹	內侍	a eunuch, eunuchs.
nei ⁴ -shih ⁴ -ch'ên ²	內侍臣	chamberlain.
nei ⁴ -shih ⁴	內室	a bedchamber.
nei ⁴ -shu ⁴	內豎	a domestic; a eunuch; a slave; a catamite.
nei ⁴ -ti ³	內弟	wife's younger brother.
nei ⁴ -ti ³	內地	inland, the interior.
nei ⁴ -ts'ai ²	內才	a theorist, not a practical man.
nei ⁴ -tzü ³	內子	a courtier's wife, a wife, my wife.
nei ⁴ -wai ⁴	內外	inside and outside; native and foreign.
nei ⁴ -wai ⁴ -liang ³ -k'o ¹	內外兩科	the practice of physic and surgery.
nei ⁴ -wu ¹	內屋	an inner chamber.
nei ⁴ -wu ⁴ -fu ³	內務府	a yamên for the supply of goods to the palace.
nei ⁴ -ying ⁴	內應	traitors (in camp, etc.).
nei ⁴ -yu ¹ -wai ⁴ -huan ⁴	內憂外患	troubles within and without.

ĒN ⁴ (nun)	女嫵	嫩 822c642a	fresh, tender, soft; young; small, fine (ying ⁴).
ên ⁴ -ch'iao ³ -ch'iao ⁴ -ti ¹	嫩俏俏的	嫩 俏俏的	soft, fresh, youthful.
ên ⁴ -hsi ³	嫩細	嫩 細	small and delicate.
ên ⁴ -jou ¹	嫩肉	嫩 肉	tender meat.
ên ⁴ -ku ³ -t'ou ²	嫩骨頭	嫩 骨頭	small bones.
ên ⁴ -p'i ²	嫩皮	嫩 皮	soft fur or skin.
ên ⁴ -sê ⁴	嫩色	嫩 色	a delicate tint or colour.
ên ⁴ -shou ³	嫩手	嫩 手	soft hands.
ên ⁴ -ya ²	嫩芽	嫩 芽	delicate shoots.

NĒNG² 肉 能 822c616a
 nêng²-chê²-pu⁴-wan¹ 能拆不灣
 nêng²-che³-to¹-lao² 能者多勞
 nêng²-ch'ü¹-hui⁴-suan⁴ 能招會算
 nêng²-ch'ih¹-nêng²-ho¹ 能吃能喝
 nêng²-ch'ü¹-nêng²-shên¹ 能屈能伸
 nêng²-i³ 能以
 nêng²-jên² 能人
 nêng²-kan⁴ 能幹
 nêng²-kou⁴ 能殼
 nêng²-nai⁴ 能耐
 nêng²-shih⁴ 能事
 nêng²-shuo¹ 能說
 nêng²-shuo¹-hui⁴-tao⁴ 能說會道
 nêng²-suan⁴ 能算
 nêng²-ta⁴-nêng²-hsiao³ 能大能小
 nêng²-tao⁴ 能道
 nêng²-wei² 能爲
 nêng²-yüan² 能員
 nêng²-yü³-chi¹-ho² 能有幾何
 nêng² 水 濃 838a642a
 nêng²-ch'a² 濃茶
 nêng²-shui⁴ 濃睡
 nêng²-tan⁴ 濃淡
 nêng²-t'ang¹ 濃湯
 nêng²-yü³ 濃雨
 nêng² (nung) 肉 膿 838a643b
 nêng²-ch'uang¹ 膿瘡
 nêng²-chung³ 膿腫
 nêng²-hsieh³ 膿血
 nêng²-pao¹ 膿胞

able to, competent, can ; ability, power (hui⁴).
 can break, not bend.
 the capable man has most to do.
 possessing mathematical ability.
 able to eat and drink.
 may bend and may straiten.
 able to.
 an able person,
 power, ability.
 can, able to.
 ability, talent.
 able to manage affairs
 able to talk, eloquent (k'ou³ ts'ai²).
 with speaking ability.
 able to calculate.
 capable of expansion and contraction.
 eloquent.
 ability, talent.
 an able official (kan⁴ yüan²).
 how many can there be ?
 mud, muddy, thick. See nung².
 strong tea (yen⁴ ch'a²).
 a deep or sound sleep (ch'ên² shui⁴).
 thick and thin (of liquids).
 thick soup.
 heavy rain.
 matter, corruption, pus.
 an abscess.
 a purulent sore, an ulcer.
 purulent matter.
 a pustule filled with matter.

NĒNG⁴ (ning) 水 濁 832c637c

muddy, sloppy, miry, slippery with mud.

NI¹ 口 呢 823b630a
 ni¹-jung²-hsien⁴ 呢絨線

interrogative final particle; cloth; if. M. 43, 237.
 woolen yarn.

NI² 水 泥 泥 823b630b
 ni²-chi⁴ 泥屨
 ni²-ch'iang² 泥牆
 ni²-chin¹ 泥金
 ni²-ch'iu¹ 泥鰍
 ni²-jên² 泥人

mud, muddy, thick ; clammy ; bigoted ; rotten.
 mud-clogs or pattens.
 a mud wall ; to plaster a wall.
 gilding ; splashed with gold.
 fresh-water eel (shan⁴ yü²).
 clay figures of people.

ni²-man⁴ 泥鎊
 ni²-nêng⁴ 泥濘
 ni²-ou³ 泥偶
 ni²-pi⁴ 泥壁
 ni²-shui³ 泥水
 ni²-shui³-chuang¹-chia¹ 泥水莊稼
 ni²-shui³.huo² 泥水活
 ni²-su⁴-ti¹ 泥塑的
 ni²-tao¹ 泥刀
 ni²-t'u³ 泥土
 ni²-wa³-chiang⁴ 泥瓦匠
 ni² 土 坭 824b630b
 ni²-chuan¹ 坭甌
 ni²-pan³ 坭板
 ni²-p'i¹ 坭坯
 ni²-shui³-chiang⁴ 坭水匠
 ni²-t'u³ 坭土
 ni² 尸 尼 823b630a
 ni²-ch'iu¹-shan¹ 尼邱山
 ni²-ku¹ 尼姑
 ni²-ku¹-an¹ 尼姑庵
 ni²-sêng² 尼僧

a plasterer's trowel.
 muddy, impassable with mud.
 clay images.
 a mud wall.
 mud and water, muddy water.
 the dirty farmer.
 mason's work.
 formed of clay (an image).
 a trowel (mo³ tzū³).
 dirt, mud.
 a bricklayer.
 mud (same as 泥).
 unburnt bricks, adobe.
 a trowel.
 unburnt bricks, adobe.
 a bricklayer or plasterer.
 dirt, mud.
 a nun or Buddhist priestess; stopped; fixed.
 name of the mountain where Confucius was born.
 a Buddhist nun.
 nunnery.
 a Buddhist nun.

NI³ 人你 824b630c
 ni³-ché⁴-ko⁴-jên² 你這個人
 ni³-ching⁴-wo³-ai⁴ 你敬我愛
 ni³-hsing⁴-shên⁴-ma¹ 你姓甚麼
 ni³-k'an⁴-cho²-pa⁴ 你看着罷
 ni³-ken¹-ch'ien² 你跟前
 ni³-ko⁴-jên² 你各人
 ni³-k'uai¹-ch'ü¹ 你快去
 ni³-lao³ 你老
 ni³-lao³-jên²-chia¹ 你老人家
 ni³-mên¹ 你們
 ni³-mên¹-chung⁴-jên² 你們衆人
 ni³-mên¹-lia³ 你們倆
 ni³-mên¹-ti¹ 你們的
 ni³-na⁴ 你納
 ni³-ti¹ 你的
 ni³-pu⁴-hsiao³-té² 你不曉得
 ni³-tsou³-pu⁴ 你走罷
 ni³-tung¹-wo³-hsi¹ 你東我西
 ni³-wo³ 你我

you, thou.
 you (severe).
 mutual respect.
 what is your name?
 just as you like.
 your sons.
 you yourself.
 you go quickly.
 my good sir.
 you, venerable sir!
 you (plural) êrh³ têng³).
 all you people.
 you two, both of you.
 your, yours.
 you, sir.
 your, yours.
 you don't know.
 you go!
 estranged people avoid each other.
 you and I.

ni³-wo³-ju⁴-tui⁴ 你我不對
 ni³-yeu²-wo³-yü³ 你言我語
 ni³ 手擬 556c280a
 ni³-chun³-liao³ 擬准了
 ni³-i⁴ 擬議
 ni³-pi³ 擬筆
 ni³-ting⁴ 擬定
 ni³-t'ou³ 擬妥
 ni³-tsou⁴ 擬奏
 ni³-tsui⁴-ming² 擬罪名

you and I don't agree,
 conversation. [See i².]
 to purpose, to intend; to decide; to suggest,
 decided to allow it.
 to propose, to suggest; to decide.
 to write at pleasure.
 to decide, to settle.
 same.
 settle a case and report to the throne.
 to fix punishment.

NI⁴ 水 彳 炎 溺 S24c635c
 ni⁴-ai⁴ 溺愛
 ni⁴-chiu³ 溺酒
 ni⁴-hsin⁴-ku³-kuai⁴ 溺信古怪
 ni⁴-nü³ 溺女
 ni⁴-shui³ 溺水
 ni⁴-ssü³ 溺死
 ni⁴-yü²-ming²-li⁴ 溺於名利
 ni⁴ 逆 S25b636b
 ni⁴-fei³ 逆匪
 ni⁴-fêng¹ 逆風
 ni⁴-liao⁴ 逆料
 ni⁴-liao²-pu⁴-tao⁴ 逆料不到
 ni⁴-lin² 逆流
 ni⁴-lün² 逆倫
 ni⁴-t'ien¹-che³-wang² 逆天者亡
 ni⁴-tu⁴ 逆度
 ni⁴-tzü³ 逆子
 ni⁴ 匱 S24c635a
 ni⁴-hên⁴-tsai⁴-hsin¹ 匱恨在心
 ni⁴-ming² 匱名
 ni⁴-min²-chieh¹-t'ieh¹ 匱名揭帖
 ni⁴-ming²-hsin⁴ 匱名信
 ni⁴-pi⁴ 匱避
 ni⁴-san¹ 匱喪
 ni⁴-tao²-wei²-ch'ieh⁴ 匱盜爲竊
 ni⁴-ts'ang² 匱藏
 ni⁴-wei¹ 匱微
 ni⁴-yüan⁴ 匱怨
 ni⁴ 肉 膩 S25c631c
 ni⁴-fan² 膩煩
 ni⁴-hsi⁴ 膩細

[niao⁴. See
 weak, foolish; to fall in, to be sunk into. See
 foolishly fond of, to doat on, blind attachment to
 fond of drink.
 superstitious.
 to drown daughters.
 to be drowned in water (yen¹ ssü³).
 to drown; infanticide by drowning.
 occupied only with thoughts of wealth and fame.
 disobedient, rebellious, contrary to, opposed to
 rebels, banditti, etc.
 a contrary wind (ting³ fêng¹).
 to anticipate, to conjecture.
 cannot be conjectured.
 against the stream.
 patricide, fratricide, incest, etc.
 those who oppose Heaven perish.
 to consider beforehand.
 a rebellious son (wu³ ni⁴ pu⁴ hsiao⁴).
 to hide; hidden, clandestine; to abscond.
 secret resentment.
 to conceal the name, anonymous.
 an anonymous placard (mo⁴ t'ou² t'ieh¹).
 an anonymous letter.
 to avoid; to lie concealed.
 official hiding the death of his parents.
 concealed robbery is theft (ch'ieh⁴).
 to conceal.
 to hide, to conceal.
 to harbour hate or resentment (man² yüan⁴).
 fat, glossy, smooth, oily; congealed.
 disgusted with.
 glossy, fine, smooth.

- ni⁴* (tzũ) 黍翻 翻^{S26a636b} Chinese putty.
- NIANG²** 女孃 娘^{S26a631a}
niang²-chia¹ 娘家 a mother, any woman.
niang²-êrh²-lia³ 娘兒倆 a wife's family.
niang²-rh²-mên¹ 娘兒們 mother and daughter.
niang²-niang² 娘娘 ladies, women.
niang²-niang²-miao⁴ 娘娘廟 the Grandam Temple.
niang²-tzū³ 娘子 a female either married or not, a wife.
- NIANG⁴** 酉 釀^{S26c631c}
niang⁴-chien³ 釀奸 to excite, to ferment.
niang⁴-chiu³ 釀酒 to foment conspiracy, etc.
niang⁴-ch'u¹-jên²-ming⁴ 釀出人命 to ferment or make wine.
niang⁴-huo⁴ 釀禍 resulted in a murder.
niang⁴-mi⁴ 釀蜜 to bring on woe or misery.
 bee makes honey.
- NIAO³** 鳥 鳥^{S26c632a}
niao³-chi⁴ 鳥跡 a bird, birds generally.
niao³-chiao⁴-huan⁴ 鳥叫喚 "bird foot-prints," fancy style of writing.
niao³-ch'iang¹ 鳥鎗 the singing of a bird.
niao³-luan³ 鳥卵 a fowling piece.
niao³-ming² 鳥鳴 a bird's egg.
niao³-shou⁴ 鳥獸 the cry of a bird.
niao³-tan⁴ 鳥蛋 birds and beasts.
niao³-wo¹ 鳥窩 bird's eggs.
 a bird's nest.
- NIAO⁴** 水 溺 溺^{S24c635c}
niao⁴-sui¹ 溺尿 urine; to pass urine. See *ni⁴*.
 same.
 尸 尿^{S27b632c}
niao⁴-chieh² 尿結 urine; to pass urine. See *sui¹*.
 strangury.
niao⁴-ch'uang² 尿床 to wet the bed (as children, etc.).
niao⁴-hu² 尿壺 a chamber utensil (pieh¹ tzū³).
niao⁴-kang¹ 尿缸 a private urinal in offices.
niao⁴-k'ang⁴ 尿炕 to wet the bed (as children, etc.).
niao⁴-k'êng¹ 尿坑 a urinal, a pit for urine.
niao⁴-pao¹ 尿胞 the bladder.
niao⁴-p'ên² 尿盆 a chamber utensil.
niao⁴-t'ung³ 尿桶 a urinal, a wooden urine tub.
- NIEH¹** 手才捏 捏^{S27c633a}
ieh¹-cho² 捏着 to hold with the fingers; to rub, to knead.
 holding in the fingers.
ieh¹-nung⁴ 捏弄 to mould, to knead, to work up.

nieh¹-pao⁴ 捏報
 nieh¹-shou³-nieh¹-chiao³ 捏手捏脚
 nieh¹-tsao⁴ 捏造
 nieh¹-tsao⁴-yao²-yen² 捏造謠言
 nieh¹-tso⁴ 捏做
 nieh¹-tz'ü²-kao⁴-jên² 捏詞告人
 nieh¹-wo⁴-wo⁴ 捏握握
 nieh¹ 手才 搨 捻^{S28a633a}
 nieh¹-hua¹ 捻花
 nieh¹-kuo³-tzü³ 捻菓子
 nieh¹-pu⁴-ch'ü³-lai² 捻不起來
 nieh¹-pu³-chu⁴ 捻不住
 nieh¹ 水 澀 滉^{S27c633b}
 nieh¹-lan² 滉藍
 nieh¹-p'an² 滉盤

to forge a statement, to make a false return.
 stealthily (ch'iao⁴ pu⁴ shêng¹ êrh²),
 to forge, to fabricate.
 to invent false stories.
 to forge, to fabricate.
 to accuse a person falsely (wu¹ kao⁴).
 to lie, to make a false statement.
 to nip with the fingers. See nien³.
 to gather flowers (ts'ai³ hua¹).
 to gather fruit (chai¹ kuo³ tzü³).
 cannot pick up.
 cannot take up, e. g., with tongs.
 slime; to defile.
 opaque blue, e. g., button.
 Nirvana.

NIEH² 木 獸 呆^{1044b619b}
 nieh²-tzü³ 呆子

silly, idiotic, foolish. See tai¹.
 an idiot, a simpleton (ch'ih² tai¹).

NIEH⁴ 木 桌^{S28c1080c}
 nieh⁴-fu³ 桌法
 nieh⁴-ssü¹ 桌司
 nieh⁴-t'ai² 桌臺
 nieh⁴ (yeh) 子孽 孽^{S29a1081b}
 nieh⁴-chang⁴ 孽賬
 nieh⁴-chung³ 孽種
 nieh⁴-k'u³ 孽苦
 nieh⁴ (tzü) 金 鑷^{S28c632c}
 nieh⁴ 足 躡^{S28b632b}
 nieh⁴-shou³-nieh⁴-chiao³ 躡手躡脚

[[judge.
 a target; the post of a door; a rule, a law; a
 a law or rule.
 a provincial judge. G. 276.
 same. G. 276. (hsi¹ ssü¹).
 crime, guilt; retribution; to waste (tsui⁴ nieh⁴).
 a debt of guilt; consequences of guilt.
 illegitimate, bastard.
 suffering on account of sin.
 tweezers, nippers, forceps, tongs, snuffers, etc.
 to tread.
 moving hands and feet gingerly.

NIEN¹ 手才 拈^{S29c634a}
 nien¹-chin¹ 拈鬮
 nien¹-hua¹ 拈花
 nien¹-hsiang¹ 拈香
 nien¹-chuan³ 拈轉
 nien¹-pi³ 拈筆
 nien¹-shu¹ 拈書
 nien¹-ting¹-tzü³ 拈釘子

[[or 2nd tone).
 to pluck, to pick; to take hold of with the fingers
 to draw lots; to spin a tee-totum (ch'ê⁴ ch'ien¹).
 to pluck flowers.
 to burn incense (in the hand).
 to twist, to stir, to spin.
 to take up one's pen.
 to take up a book, to turn over the leaves,
 to make nails.

NIEN² 干 年^{S30a634a}
 nien²-chang³ 年長
 nien²-ch'ên²-jih⁴-chui³ 年深日久

a year, years,
 the elder.
 after lapse of time, Ch'ên=shen.

<i>nien²-ch'êng²</i>	年成	the year, the crops, etc.
<i>nien²-ch'êng²-hao³</i>	年成好	a good year for crops, etc.
<i>nien²-ch'i⁴</i>	年紀	years, time, years of age, a person's age.
<i>nien²-ch'i⁴-to¹-ta⁴</i>	年紀多大	how old are you? (kao ¹ shou ⁴).
<i>nien²-chieh²</i>	年節	the new year, winter holidays.
<i>nien²-ch'ien²</i>	年前	previous years.
<i>nien²-ching³</i>	年景	the appearance of the year.
<i>nien²-ching³-hao³</i>	年景好	crops will be good (fêng ¹ shou ¹).
<i>nien²-ch'ing¹-ti¹</i>	年輕的	young in years, youthful.
<i>nien²-fu⁴</i>	年富	"rich in years," middle aged, in one's prime.
<i>nien²-fu⁴-li⁴-ch'iang²</i>	年富力強	youth and strength, in one's prime.
<i>nien²-hao⁴</i>	年號	date of the year.
<i>nien²-hsia⁴</i>	年下	the first month, the close of the year.
<i>nien²-hsiung¹</i>	年兄	a fellow-student (t'ung ² ch'uang ¹).
<i>nien²-kao¹</i>	年高	advanced in years.
<i>nien²-kao¹-yu³-tê²</i>	年高有德	to attain a good age on account of virtue.
<i>nien²-kêng¹</i>	年庚	year of one's birth, how old are you?
<i>nien²-lao³</i>	年老	one advanced in years.
<i>nien²-li³</i>	年禮	new year presents.
<i>nien²-mai⁴</i>	年邁	one advanced in years.
<i>nien²-mao⁴</i>	年貌	youth and beauty.
<i>nien²-nien²</i>	年年	every year, annual.
<i>nien²-piao³</i>	年表	chronological table.
<i>nien²-shao³</i>	年少	young, youthful.
<i>nien²-shou⁴</i>	年壽	aged.
<i>nien²-sui⁴</i>	年歲	years.
<i>nien¹-ti³-hsia⁴</i>	年底下	the end of the year.
<i>nien²-t'ou²</i>	年頭	beginning of the year; crops.
<i>nien²-t'ou²-yüeh⁴-chin⁴</i>	年頭月盡	the end of year and month.
<i>nien²-yu⁴</i>	年幼	young in years (shao ⁴ nien ²).
<i>nien²-yüeh⁴</i>	年月	years and months; lapse of time; the first month.
<i>nien²</i>	黍 黏	S30a634b paste; to paste, to make, to adhere.
<i>nien²-ch'ung²</i>	黏虫	caterpillars, blight (mao ² ch'ung ²).
<i>nien²-hu²-hu²-ti¹</i>	黏糊糊的	very sticky.
<i>nien²-hsien²</i>	黏涎	to run at the mouth, to drivel; to covet.
<i>nien²-mi³</i>	黏米	glutinous rice.
<i>nien²-pu³</i>	黏補	to paste over wrong character, to rewrite it.
<i>nien²-tzü⁴-tzü⁴-ti¹</i>	黏漬漬的	disagreeably sticky.
<i>nien²</i>	米 粘	S30a634b paste, any glutinous substance; to paste. See to adhere.
<i>nien²-chü⁴</i>	粘住	to adhere.
<i>nien²-kan¹-tzü³</i>	粘杆子	a stick with bird-lime on it for catching birds.
<i>nien²-kwo¹</i>	粘糕	a kind of pudding.
<i>nien²</i>	魚 鮎	S30a634b bull-head fish.

[chan¹.

nien²-yü²

鮎魚

bull-head fish.

nien² (yen²) 水 次涎^{461a982a}spittle, saliva. See *hsien*.NIEN³車 輦^{S31b535b}

the imperial chariot; near the Emperor. near the court.

nien³-hsia⁴

輦 下

away through the palace; near the court, same.

nien³-lu⁴

輦 路

nien³-tao⁴-êrh²

輦 道 兒

nien³

手 才

攆^{S31b634c}to expel, to turn out, to drive out, same (chu² ch'u⁴).nien³-ch'u¹-ch'u⁴

攆 出 去

driven out and ran away.

nien³-p'uo³-liao³

攆 跑 了

unable to expel.

nien³-pu⁴-k'ai¹

攆 不 開

able to expel.

nien³-tê²-k'ai¹

攆 得 開

expelled and gone.

nien³-tsou³-liao³

碾 走 了

nien³ (tzü)

石

碾^{S31b634c}

a stone roller (either for fields or grain).

nien³-ch'uan²

碾 船

boat-shaped iron mortar in drug-stores.

nien³-fang²

碾 房

milling room.

nien³-ku³-tzü³

碾 穀 子

to thresh out millet by rolling.

nien³-mo⁴-tzü³

碾 磨 子

a mill-stone.

nien³-mi³

碾 米

to husk rice by rolling.

nien³ 手 才 搥捻^{S31a633a}to nip with the fingers; to fell. See *nieh¹*, rebels, banditti in North China.nien³-fêi³

捻 匪

twist thread silk,

nien³-hsien⁴-ch'ou²

捻 線 綢

a knotted rope.

nien³-kên¹ shêng²-tzü³

捻 根 繩 子

to twist a thing around.

nien³-nien³-chuan⁴-êrh²

捻 捻 轉 兒

can't be twisted.

nien³-pu¹-tung⁴

捻 不 動

mounted bandits of North China.

nien³-tsei²

捻 賊

to pursue.

nien³

走

趁^{S31a635a}can't catch up to (kan³ pu⁴ shang⁴)nien³-pu⁴-shang⁴

趁 不 上

nien³

手 才

撚^{S31b634c}

to roll in the fingers, to twist.

nien³-chih³-nien³

撚 紙 撚

to make paper lights of twisted paper.

nien³

車

輓^{23c44c}to roll on, e. g., a cart, and crush. See *chan³*.NIEN⁴

心

念^{S30c635b}

to think, to study, to consider; to read, to recite.

nien⁴-ching¹

念 經

to pray or chant prayers.

nien⁴-chou⁴

念 咒

to recite charms (tu³ chou⁴).nien⁴-chu¹

念 珠

to count beads, as Catholics or Buddhists; a [rosary.

nien⁴-êrh⁴-nien²-shu¹

念 二 年 書

to study for two years.

nien⁴-fo²

念 佛

to recite the O-mi-to-fo, etc.; to purr.

nien⁴-hui⁴

念 會

to memorize, to master.

nien⁴-nien⁴-pu⁴-wang⁴

念 念 不 忘

in constant remembrance.

nien⁴-san¹-tao⁴-ssü⁴

念 念 二 倒 四

to find fault, to croak.

nien⁴-shih¹

念 詩

to recite verses (fêng³ sung⁴).nien⁴-shu¹

念 書

to study, to read books (tu² shu¹).

nieu⁴-shu²-liao³ 念熟了
nieu⁴-sung⁴ 念誦
nieu⁴-t'ou² 念頭
nieu⁴-tzu³.tsai¹-tzu¹ 念茲在茲

learned by heart.
to recite, to chant.
cogitations, thoughts.
fix your attention on what you are doing.

NIEN² 心 您 S31c636b
nin²-na⁴ 您納

you, sir. M. 222 (a polite term).
same.

NING² 寧 S32c637a
ning² 寧
ning²-ching⁴ 甯靜
ning²-k'ên³ 甯肯
ning²-k'o³ 甯可
ning²-k'o³.pu⁴-tso⁴ 甯可不做
ning²-po¹ 甯波
ning²-pu⁴ 甯不
ning²-ssü³ 甯死
ning²-yüan⁴ 甯願

rest, tranquillity; to prefer. M. 591, 594.
same.
tranquillity, peace.
better, rather. M. 591.
it is better, better to, much rather.
much rather not do it. M. 591.
Ningpo.
rather not, prefer not to, etc.
rather die, better die, to prefer dying.
I would rather, I wish or desire.

NING³ 手 擰 S32c637c
ning³-chiao³ 擰脚
ning³-huai⁴ 擰壞
ning³-kan¹-liao³ 擰乾了
ning³-shou³ 擰手
ning³-têng¹-lung² 擰燈籠

to twist, to wrench, to pull; to throw into con-
to sprain or twist the foot.
to spoil by tampering with.
twisted till dry.
to sprain or twist the hand.
to make a lantern out of twisted wire.

NING⁴ 凝 S33a637a
ning⁴-chieh² 凝結
ning⁴-chü⁴ 凝聚
ning⁴-t'ai¹ 凝胎
ning⁴ 人 佞 S33a637c
ning⁴-k'ou³ 佞口
ning⁴-tang³ 佞黨

[fix.
to freeze, to coagulate; to perfect, to finish; to
to congeal, to freeze (tung⁴).
same.
an embryo.
eloquent, specious, insinuating; quick at rep-
"eloquent mouth," smooth-tongued, plausible.
traitors, a treasonable cabal (chien¹).
[artye.

NIU⁴ (nüch) 虐 S33b638a
io⁴-min² 虐民

[ity.
tyrannical, unfeeling, harsh, fierce, cruel; calam-
to oppress the people (pao⁴ niu⁴).

IU¹ 女 妞 S34a638b

a girl (nü³).

IU² 牛 牛 S33b638a
iu²-ch'ê¹ 牛車
iu²-chiao¹ 牛角
iu²-chiu¹ 牛筋

the ox.
ox-cart.
buffalo horns.
buffalo sinews.

<i>niu²-ch'üan⁴</i>	牛圈	a bullock pen.
<i>niu²-chuang²</i>	牛庄	Newchwang, open port in Manchuria.
<i>niu²-j'ëng¹</i>	牛蜂	the hornet.
<i>niu²-hou³</i>	牛吼	the lowing of oxen.
<i>niu²-hsi²-ts'ao³</i>	牛膝草	hyssop.
<i>niu²-huang²</i>	牛黃	cow bezoar.
<i>niu²-hsü¹</i>	牛宿	ninth zodiacal constellation—Capricornus.
<i>niu²-i³-pa¹</i>	牛尾把	ox-tail.
<i>niu²-jou⁴</i>	牛肉	beef.
<i>niu²-jou⁴-p'a²</i>	牛肉爬	a beef-steak.
<i>niu²-ju³</i>	牛乳	cow's milk.
<i>niu²-k'ëng³</i>	牛頸	stiff-necked, obstinate (chan ¹ chih ²).
<i>niu²-lang³</i>	牛郎	a $\beta\gamma$ in Aquila; the god of agriculture.
<i>niu²-li³-lo²-ma³</i>	牛驢騾馬	four draught animals.
<i>niu²-ma³</i>	牛馬	oxen and horses, cattle.
<i>niu²-mang²</i>	牛芒	ploughing oxen; ox-boys.
<i>niu²-mao³-yü³</i>	牛毛雨	"cow's hair rain," fine rain.
<i>niu²-ming²</i>	牛鳴	lowing of oxen.
<i>niu²-nai³</i>	牛奶	cow's milk.
<i>niu²-nai³-kao¹</i>	牛奶膏	condensed milk.
<i>niu²-nai³-p'i²</i>	牛奶皮	cream.
<i>niu²-nai³-ping³</i>	牛奶餅	"milk cakes," cheese.
<i>niu²-nai³-yu²</i>	牛奶油	butter.
<i>niu²-pai³-yeh⁴</i>	牛百葉	tripe.
<i>niu²-p'ëng²</i>	牛棚	a cattle-shed.
<i>niu²-p'i²-ku³</i>	牛皮鼓	a drum of ox-hide.
<i>niu²-p'i²-t'ëng¹-lung²</i>	牛皮燈籠	lantern of ox-hide, fig., a stupid fellow.
<i>niu²-pieh¹</i>	牛蝨	leeches.
<i>niu²-shé²-t'ou³</i>	牛舌頭	ox-tongue; the common dock,
<i>niu²-so¹</i>	牛梭	wooden yoke.
<i>niu²-tou³</i>	牛斗	a star; high; heaven.
<i>niu²-tou⁴</i>	牛痘	vaccine.
<i>niu²-ts'ai³</i>	牛崽	a calf (chü ¹).
<i>niu²-tu²</i>	牛犢	same.
<i>niu²-yang²</i>	牛羊	oxen and sheep.
<i>niu²-yu²</i>	牛油	animal tallow, beef fat.

NIU³手才 扭^{83+639b}*niu³-chieh³*

扭結

to twist, to wring, to wrench; to grasp.

niu³-chuan³-kuo⁴-lai²

扭轉過來

to twist; to grapple.

niu³-i¹-niu³

扭一扭

he turned around.

niu³-kan¹

扭乾

to give a twist.

niu³-kuo⁴-lien³-ch'ü⁴

扭過臉去

to wring dry (as clothes).

he turned round his face.

niu³-liao³-po²-tzü³ 扭了脖子
niu³-liao³-yao³-la¹ 扭了腰喇
niu³-nich¹ 扭捏
niu³-niu³-nich⁴-nich⁴ 扭扭蹣蹣
niu³-niu³-p'a¹-p'a¹ 扭扭扒扒
niu³-sung⁴ 扭送
niu³-t'ou²-chiu⁴-tson³ 扭頭就走
niu³-tzü³ 扭子
niu³ 金鈕 834c638c
niu³-k'ou³ 鈕口
niu³-k'ou⁴ 鈕扣
niu³-p'an⁴-tzu³ 鈕襪子

he twisted his neck round.
twisted his waist.
to twist; wriggle, to flounce.
twisting and squirming.
same.
to seize and bring a person into court.
turned his head and went off.
a corkscrew.
a button; a knob (k'ou⁴).
a button-hole.
a button, buttons.
a button-loop.

NIU⁴ (yao)(ao) 手才 拗 1276a1077a
niu⁴-ch'i⁴ 拗氣
niu⁴-hsing⁴ 拗性
niu⁴-pich² 拗別
niu⁴-pu⁴ kuo⁴-lai² 拗不過來
niu⁴ t'ien¹-érh²-hsing² 拗天而行
niu⁴-tzu³ 拗子
niu⁴ (niu) 言 謬 803a601a
niu⁴-wu⁴ 謬誤
niu⁴-yen² 謬言
niu⁴ 血 衄 834c640b
niu⁴-pi² 衄鼻

to seize, to grasp, to drag; to break, perverse.
opinionated, quarrelsome.
a perverse disposition.
a cantankerous disposition.
there is no bringing him round or over.
to act contrary to Heaven.
a perverse, refractory child. [cious.
perverse, contrary, mistaken, erroneous, falla-
an error, a mistake (ts'o⁴).
falsehood, lies. [ons.
to bleed at the nose; to wound with sharp weap-
to bleed at the nosc.

NO² 手才 挪 835a639a
no²-chieh⁴ 挪借
no²-i¹-no² 挪一挪
no²-i² 挪移
no²-k'ai¹ 挪開
no² pu⁴-k'ai¹ 挪不開
no²-té²-k'ai¹ 挪得開
no²-tsai⁴-pich²-ch'u⁴ 挪在別處
no²-tung⁴ 挪動
no²-wo⁴ 挪窩

to shift, to remove; to rub.
to borrow.
to shift anything (pan¹ no²).
to shift, to remove; to misapply.
to shift, to remove.
unable to remove.
able to remove.
shift it to another place.
to remove.
to change place or residence, to stir.

NO⁴ 言 諾 835b640a
no¹-no⁴ 諾諾
no⁴ 心小 懦 835c640a
no⁴ fu¹ 懦夫
no⁴-jo⁴ 懦弱
no⁴ 米 稊 835c639c

to answer, to assent, to promise, yes, approbation.
same.
imbecile, infirm of purpose, weak, timid, fearful.
an imbecile, one of no ability.
imbecile, incompetent, of no ability, weak (juan³).
glutinous rice.

- no¹-mi³ 糯米 glutinous rice.
 no⁴-mi²-chou¹ 糯米粥 glutinous rice soup.
 no⁴-mi²-niang¹-chiu³ 糯米釀酒 wine made from glutinous rice.
 no⁴-mi³-nien²-kao¹ 糯米年糕 a new year's cake made of glutinous rice.
 no⁴-mi²-t'ang² 糯米糖 sugar made from glutinous rice.
 no⁴-mi²-yüan²-hsiao¹ 糯米元宵 a new year's cake of glutinous rice.
- NOU⁴** 耒 鐮 標 耨 S36a618b a hoe ; to weed, to dress a field (ch'u² ti⁴).
 nou⁴-k'eng¹ 耨 耕 to hoe and plough, to cultivate.
- NU³** 女 奴 S36b640a a slave.
 nu³-chia¹ 奴 家 a slave, slaves ; I (used by women).
 nu³-pi⁴ 奴 婢 a female slave.
 nu³-p'u² 奴 僕 a slave, a servant.
 nu³-ts'ai² 奴 才 a slave ; I (used by women).
 nu³ 力 努 S36c641b to exert one's strength, effort, exertion.
 nu²-cho²-chin⁴-êrh² 努 着 勗 兒 using the utmost strength.
 nu³-li⁴ 努 力 to exert one's strength.
 nu³-liao³-li⁴ 努 了 力 to have exerted strength.
 nu³-shang¹-t'u¹-hsieh³ 努 傷 吐 血 blood spitting due to overexertion.
 nu³-tsui³ 努 嘴 to make a sign by pursing the lips.
 nu³ 弓 弩 S36c641a a crossbow.
 nu³-chien⁴ 弩 箭 a crossbow arrow.
 nu³-kung¹ 弩 弓 a crossbow.
 nu³-t'an² 弩 彈 pellet of a crossbow.
 nu³ 巾 帑 1065c862a a treasury. See t'ang³ (kuo² t'ang³).
 nu³-hsiang⁴ 帑 頂 treasure for imperial purposes.
 nu³-yin² 帑 銀 same.
- NU⁴** 心 怒 S36c641c anger, passion, to be angry with.
 nu⁴-ch'i¹ 怒 氣 anger, rage, passion.
 nu⁴-ch'i¹-lai² 怒 氣 來 to get angry.
 nu⁴-ch'i¹-wei⁴-hsi² 怒 氣 未 息 his anger not yet over.
 nu⁴-ch'ung¹-ch'ung¹ 怒 冲 冲 in a great rage, very angry (ch'i⁴ ti¹ luan⁴ p'eng¹).
 nu⁴-ch'ung¹-kuan¹ 怒 冲 冠 same.
 nu⁴-hên⁴ 怒 恨 anger, resentment, hatred.
 nu⁴-hên⁴-hên¹-ti¹ 怒 恨 恨 的 thoroughly angry.
 nu⁴-mu⁴-hêng²-mei² 怒 目 橫 眉 angrily eyeing each other.
 nu⁴-mu⁴-hsiang¹-shih⁴ 怒 目 相 視 same.
 nu⁴-nao⁴ 怒 惱 anger, rage.
- NÜ³** 女 女 S38b641a a woman, a daughter, unmarried woman.
 nü³-chên¹-tzü³ 女 真 子 a sort of medicine (tonic).

nü ³ -chung ¹ -chang ⁴ -fu ¹	女中丈夫	a masculine woman.
nü ³ -chung ¹ -yao ² -shun ⁴	女中堯舜	a female paragon Empress.
nü ³ -êrh ²	女兒	a girl, a young woman.
nü ³ -êrh ² -ching ⁴	女兒經	the Girls' Classic.
nü ³ -êrh ² -chiu ³	女兒酒	a sort of very old wine.
nü ³ -êrh ² -lao ²	女兒癆	nymphomania, consumption.
nü ³ -hai ² -rh ³	女孩兒	a female child, a girl.
nü ³ -hsi ³	女戲	an actress.
nü ³ -hsü ⁴	女婿	a son-in-law.
nü ³ -jên ²	女人	a woman, a wife.
nü ³ -kuan ¹	女冠	a Taoist nun ; a woman's cap.
nü ³ -kung ¹	女工	women's work.
nü ³ -la ³ -ma ¹	女喇嘛	Mongolian or Thibetan Buddhist nuns.
nü ³ -liu ²	女流	womankind.
nü ³ -sêng ¹	女僧	Buddhist nuns (ni ² ku ¹).
nü ³ -sun ¹	女孫	a grand-daughter.
nü ³ -tan ⁴	女旦	an actress.
nü ³ -tung ⁴ -tzü ³	女檔子	women ballad singers.
nü ³ -tao ⁴ -shih ⁴	女道士	a Taoist nun.
nü ³ -tzü ³	女子	a girl, a young woman, a daughter.
nü ³ -wu ¹	女巫	a witch, a sorceress.
nü ³ -yin ¹	女陰	the vagina.

UAN ³ (nan) 日 暖	暖	S37b643a	warm, genial, mild, gentle, bland (wên ¹ , jê ⁴).
uan ³ -ho ²	暖和		warm, genial, mild.
uan ³ -mao ⁴	暖帽		the winter cap.
uan ³ -t'ien ¹ -ch'i ⁴	暖天氣		warm, or mild weather.
uan ³	火 煖	S37b643b	warm, warmth of fire.
uan ³ -ch'i ⁴	煖氣		warm vapour (wên ¹ feng ¹).
uan ³ -ho ²	煖和		warm.
uan ³ -huo ³	煖火		to warm at a fire (k'ao ³ huo ³).

ÜEH ⁴ (nio) 虐	虐	S33b638a	maltreat.
ieh ⁴ -tai ⁴ -jên ²	虐待人		to oppress people.
ieh ⁴	言 謔	477b210b	to ridicule, to jist.

JNG ² 辰 農	農	S37c642b	a countryman ; to cultivate, to plant, to sow.
ng ² -chia ¹	農家		farm laborers (kung ¹ jêu ²).
ng ² -fu ¹	農夫		a countryman, a husbandman.
ng ² -sang ¹	農桑		agriculture and the mulberry.
ng ² -shih ⁴	農事		agricultural affairs.
ng ² -ting ¹	農丁		a countryman, a husbandman.
ng ²	水 濃	S38a642a	thick, rich, strong (of fluids). Sec néng ² .

nung²-hou⁴
nung²-mei²-tu⁴-yeu³
nung²-ni²
nung²-shui⁴
nung²-tan⁴

濃厚
濃眉大眼
濃泥
濃睡
濃淡

thick, as fluids.
heavy eyebrows and large eyes.
thick mud.
deep sleep.
deep and faint, thick and thin or watery.

NUNG⁴ 升 弄^{736c569b}
nung⁴-chia³-ch'êng²-chên¹ 弄假成真
nung⁴-ch'iao³ 弄巧
lung⁴-ch'iao³-fan³-cho¹ 弄巧反拙
lung⁴-ch'ien² 弄錢
lung⁴-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴ 弄出去
lung⁴-fan¹-liao¹ 弄翻喇
nung⁴-fan⁴ 弄飯
nung⁴-hao³-liao³ 弄好了
nung⁴-huai⁴ 弄壞
lung⁴-liao³-ch'ü⁴-liao³ 弄了去了
lung⁴-liao³-lai² 弄了來
nung⁴-shên²-nung⁴-kuei³ 弄神弄鬼
nung⁴-shu²-liao³ 弄熟了
nung⁴-sung³ 弄聳
nung⁴-ts'ai⁴ 弄菜
nung⁴-wa³ 弄瓦
lung⁴-wan⁴-i⁴-êrh² 弄玩意兒
lung⁴-yin²-tzi³ 弄銀子
nung⁴ 手才 擰^{S21c617}

to make, to prepare; performing, doing (also [lung]).
to turn false into true.
to affect to be clever.
to bungle a clever thing.
to make money dishonestly.
to make off with.
upset.
to cook rice.
got ready.
to spoil by meddling with; to aggravate.
gone, lost.
to get hold of.
to work on gods and devils, as sorcerers.
cooked thoroughly.
to cozen, to dupe.
to cook or prepare food.
a daughter (fig.).
a play with a toy.
to make money dishonestly.
to prop, to handle, to push down.

O¹ 卓 阿^{1a643a}
o¹-mi²-t'o²-fo² 阿彌陀佛
o¹-niang² 阿娘
o¹ 阿扇^{S40a614}
o¹-shih³ 阿屎

an exclamation. See a¹ (or ê).
Amida Buddha.
a mother.
to defecate.
same.

O² 人 俄^{S39a627a}
o²-ch'ing³ 俄頃
o²-jan² 俄然
o²-kuo³ 俄國
o²-lo³-ssü¹ 俄羅斯
o²-lun²-tai⁴ 俄倫袋
o² 鳥 鵝^{S33a627b}
o²-chang³ 鵝掌
o²-jung² 鵝絨

hasty; momentary, suddenly.
an instant, a moment.
suddenly (ou³ jan²).
Russia.
same.
long-sleeved jacket with fancy border.
the goose.
goose feet.
goose down.

o ² -ling ² -kuan ⁴	鵝翎管	goose quills.
o ² -ling ² -pi ³	鵝翎筆	quill pens.
o ² -ling ² -shan ⁴	鵝翎扇	a goose feather fan.
o ² -mao ²	鵝毛	goose feathers
o ² -mao ² -ta ⁴ -hsüeh ³	鵝毛大雪	great flakes of snow.
o ² -mao ² -ta ⁴ -p'ien ⁴	鵝毛大片	big snow-flakes.
o ² -t'ou ²	鵝頭	a prominent forehead; goose-head, stupid.
o ²	言 譏 訛 <small>333a626a</small>	mistaken, erroneous, false, untrue; to excite, to make false statements.
o ² -cha ⁴	訛 詐	a mistake, an error.
o ² -ch'a ¹	訛 差	to propagate falsehood or error.
o ² -chuan ⁴	訛 傳	a mistake, an error.
o ² -ts'o ⁴	訛 錯	idle stories, rumours.
o ² -yao ²	訛 謠	unfounded declarations (yao ² yen ²).
o ² -yen ²	訛 言	the forehead; a fixed number; incessant.
o ²	頁 額 額 <small>333b628c</small>	the temples.
o ² -chiao ¹	額 角	a mother.
o ² -niung ²	額 娘	a fixed number of troops.
o ² -ping ¹	額 兵	on the brow.
o ² -shang ⁴	額 上	a fixed number.
o ² -shu ⁴	額 數	the top of the head (t'ien ¹ ling ² kai ⁴).
o ² -ting ³	額 頂	forehead (mien ⁴ mên ²).
o ² -t'ou ²	額 頭	beyond the fixed number (fên ⁴ wai ⁴).
o ² -wai ⁴	額 外	an extra branch put forth.
o ² -wai ⁴ -shêng ¹ -chi ¹	額 外 生 枝	the moth.
o ²	虫 蛾 <small>332b627b</small>	same.
o ² -ch'ung ²	蛾 虫	ladies' eyebrows (also use 蛾).
o ² -mei ²	蛾 眉	good, excellent, beautiful.
o ²	女 娥 <small>332a627a</small>	a beautiful woman.
o ² -nü ³	娥 女	high.
o ²	山 峨 峩 <small>339a627a</small>	a peak in Szechuan.
o ² -mei ² -shan ¹	峨 眉 山	to chant, to hum.
o ²	口 誡 哦 <small>332a627a</small>	
o ³	戈 我 <small>1250c627c</small>	I also (wo ³).
o ⁴ (also ¹)	心 惡 <small>1259c1063b</small>	vicious, wicked, coarse. Sec wu ⁴ .
o ⁴ -chi ²	惡 疾	an incurable disease.
o ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	惡 氣	offensive smell.
o ⁴ -ch'ou ³	惡 醜	repulsive, forbidding.
o ⁴ -ch'uang ¹	惡 瘡	a filthy sore, venereal sores.
o ⁴ -fêng ¹	惡 風	a destructive wind.
o ⁴ -fêng ¹ -lou ⁴ -su ²	惡 風 陋 俗	vile customs.
o ⁴ -hên ³ -hên ³	惡 狠 狠	spiteful, vicious, brutal, savage.

o ³ -hsin ¹ (3 this sense)	惡心	
o ⁴ -jên ²	惡人口	
o ⁴ -k'ou ² -shang ¹ -jên ²	惡人傷人	
o ⁴ -k'ü ³	惡苦	
o ⁴ -kuan ⁴ -man ³ -ying ²	惡貫滿盈	
o ⁴ -k'uei ²	惡魁	
o ⁴ -kun ⁴	惡棍	
o ⁴ -pa ⁴	惡霸	
o ⁴ -pa ¹ -pa ¹ -ti ¹	惡巴巴的	
o ⁴ -shih ⁴	惡事	
o ⁴ -shou ⁴	惡獸	
o ⁴ -su ²	惡俗	
o ⁴ -ta ³	惡打	
o ⁴ -ts'ao ³	惡草	
o ⁴ -tu ²	惡毒	
o ⁴ -t'u ²	惡徒	
o ⁴ -yen ²	惡言	
o ⁴	食	餓 ^{332b627c}
o ⁴ -huai ⁴ -liao ³	餓壞了	
o ⁴ -liao ³	餓了	
o ⁴ -liao ² -ni ¹	餓了呢	
o ⁴ -pu ⁴ -o ⁴	餓不餓	
o ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ssü ³	餓不死	
o ⁴ -shou ⁴ -liao ³	餓瘦了	
o ⁴ -ssü ³	餓死	
o ⁴ -ssü ³ -kuei ³	餓死鬼	
o ⁴ -ti ¹ -hsin ¹ -huang ¹	餓的心慌	
o ⁴ -ti ¹ -mo ² -chin ⁴	餓的沒勁	
o ⁴ -tuan ⁴ -ssü ¹ -t'ou ²	餓斷絲頭	
o ⁴ (tzü)	車	軛 ^{841a629c}
o ⁴	魚	鱷 ^{333c628}
o ⁴ -yii ²		鱷魚
OU ¹	毆	毆 ^{842a626a}
ou ¹ -pi ⁴	毆斃	
ou ¹ -shang ¹	毆傷	
ou ¹ -ssü ³	毆死	
ou ¹ -ta ³	毆打	
ou ¹	言	謳 ^{842b625c}
ou ¹ -ch'ang ⁴	謳唱	
ou ¹ -ko ¹ -sung ⁴ -tsan ⁴	謳歌頌讚	
ou ¹ -yin ²	謳吟	
ou ¹ -yung ²	謳詠	

a bad heart; to vomit, to reach (kan ¹ yüeh ¹).
a bad person.
to abuse a person.
pungently bitter (k'u ³ ssü ⁴ huang ² lien ²).
cup of iniquity full.
leader in evil.
vagabonds, ruffians, villains, etc.
same.
very evil.
a wicked business.
a fierce beast.
an abuse, a corrupt custom.
to beat cruelly (pao ⁴ ta ³).
weeds, noxious plants.
cruel, brutal (pao ⁴ nio ⁴).
a bad vicious person.
abusive coarse language.
hungry, hunger, famine.
prostrated by hunger.
hungry (chi ¹ o ⁴).
are you hungry? if hungry.
are you hungry?
will not die of starvation.
thin from want of food.
starved to death.
starved demons or spirits.
nervous from hunger.
weak from starvation or hunger.
term in reference to cocoon.
a yoke (niu ² so ¹ tzü ³).
crocodile.
a crocodile.
to beat, to strike with fist; a club.
to beat to death.
to wound by beating.
to beat to death.
to beat, to fight with fists, to box (ta ³ chia ⁴).
to sing (ch'ang ⁴).
to sing.
to sing hymns of praise.
to sing.
same.

OU ³	人	偶 ^{842b626a}	an image ; accidental ; to unite ; two, a pair.
ou ³ -érh ²		偶爾	suddenly, accidentally, by chance.
ou ³ -ho ²		偶合	to unite, union.
ou ³ -hsi ⁴		偶戲	performance of puppets, etc. (k'uei ³ lei ³).
ou ³ -hsiang ⁴		偶像	an image (p'u ² sa ¹).
ou ³ -jan ²		偶然	suddenly, accidentally, occasionally.
ou ³ -jan ² -ti ¹		偶然的	casual.
ou ³ -jên ²		偶人	an image, a statue, [lei ³].
ou ³ -lei ³ -tzü ³		偶偶子	puppets (similar to our Punch and Judy) (k'uei ³
ou ³ -shu ⁴		偶數	even numbers (ch'i ² shu ⁴).
ou ³ -yu ⁴ -so ³ -kan ³		偶有所感	if perchance there should be any influence.
ou ³ -yü ⁴		偶遇	to meet by chance or accidentally.
ou ³	艸 卅	藕 ^{842c626c}	the lotus or water-lily root.
ou ³ -chieh ²		藕節	joints of the lotus root.
ou ³ -fên ³		藕粉	lily root flour, a kind of arrowroot (na ³ t'i ³ fên ¹).
ou ³ -ho ² -sé ⁴		藕荷色	lotus-root color.
ou ³ -sé ⁴		藕色	lotus-root color.
ou ³ -ssü ¹		藕絲	the fibrous roots of the water lily.
ou ³ -ya ²		藕芽	taper-fingers of a lady (fig.).
ou ³	火	燠 ^{842a626c}	heat and drought.
ou ³ -yen ¹		煙	smoke issues out of it.
OU ⁴	水 彳	漚 ^{842a626c}	to steep, to saturate, to soften by steeping (also 1).
ou ⁴ -huai ⁴		漚壞	spoiled by soaking.
ou ⁴ -jou ²		漚柔	to soften by soaking.
ou ⁴ -lan ⁴ -liao ³		漚爛了	softened to rottenness.
ou ⁴ -ma ²		漚麻	to soak hemp.
ou ⁴ -pien ⁴ -yen ² -sé ⁴		漚變顏色	changed color by soaking.
ou ⁴ -tien ⁴		漚靛	to soak indigo leaves in vat.
ou ⁴ -t'ou ⁴ -liao ³		漚透了	soaked through
ou ⁴ -tsao ¹ -liao ³		漚糟了	rotten through steeping.
ou ⁴	口	嘔 ^{841c626a}	to prattle ; to be pleased ; to vomit (also 1 and 3).
ou ⁴ -ch'i ⁴		嘔氣	to aggravate or provoke to anger.
ou ⁴ -fan ²		嘔煩	to cause one to vomit.
ou ⁴ -t'u ³		嘔吐	to vomit.
ou ⁴	心 亅	慚 ^{842a625a}	to provoke ; respectful, reverential.
OA ¹	八 捌	八 ^{843a647a}	eight (1 before 1, 2, 3 ; 2 before 4) (written 捌 [843c].
a ¹ -ch'êng ²		八成	eight chances out of ten in favor of.
a ¹ -ch'i ²		八旗	the eight banners at Peking. G. 379.
a ¹ -chia ¹		八角	star aniseed ; eight-cornered.
a ¹ -chiao ¹ -yu ²		八角油	aniseed oil.
a ¹ -ch'ün ⁴ -ma ³		八駿馬	eight sorts of fine horses.

<i>pa¹-fang¹</i>	八方	the eight points of the compass.
<i>pa¹-fén⁴</i>	八分	eight-tenths; probably.
<i>pa¹-hang²-shu¹</i>	八行書	Chinese note paper.
<i>pa¹-hsien¹</i>	*八仙	the eight immortals. R. 338.
<i>pa¹-hsien¹-ch'ing⁴</i>	八仙慶壽	the eight immortals celebrate your birthday.
<i>pa¹-hsien¹-cho¹</i>	八仙桌	square dining table for eight persons (<i>fang¹ cho¹</i>)
<i>pa¹-k'ai¹</i>	八開	the eighth of a dollar, sixpence.
<i>pa¹-ko¹</i>	八哥	the raven.
<i>pa¹-ko⁴</i>	八個	eight.
<i>pa¹-ko⁴-tzü⁴-rh²</i>	†八個字兒	the eight characters. R. 339.
<i>pa¹-ku³-wén²-chang¹</i>	八股文章	usual essay with its eight parts.
<i>pa¹-ku⁴</i>	八卦	{ the eight diagrams; the eight points of the { compass. R. 333.
<i>pa¹-liang⁸-pan⁴-chin¹</i>	八兩半斤	six of one and half a dozen of the other.
<i>pa¹-mien⁴</i>	八面	on every side, at all points.
<i>pa¹-mien⁴-chien⁴-kuang¹</i>	八面見光	reflects light on all sides.
<i>pa¹-mien⁴-fêng¹</i>	八面風	a wind from all points of the compass.
<i>pa¹ mien⁴-ling²-lung²</i>	八面玲瓏	open on all sides.
<i>pa¹.pa¹</i>	八八	eight times eight, sixty-four.
<i>pa¹-pao³-rh²</i>	†八寶兒	the runners and clerks.
<i>pa¹-pan¹-liu⁴-fang²</i>	†八班六房	a succulent plant.
<i>pa¹-shih²</i>	八十	eighty.
<i>pa¹-t'ai¹-pa¹-ch'a¹</i>	八擡八插	eight chair-bearers and eight supporters.
<i>pa¹-t'ao⁴</i>	八套	toilet necessaries.
<i>pa¹-tou³-chih¹-ts'ai²</i>	八斗之才	fig. of transcendent talents.
<i>pa¹-t'uan²-hua¹</i>	八團花	the eight embroidered circles on Manchoo bride's [dress]
<i>pa²-tzü⁴</i>	八字	the eight characters. See Note 72.
<i>pa¹-tzü⁴-mei²</i>	八字眉	eyebrows like the figure eight.
<i>pa¹-tzü⁴-ying³-pi³</i>	八字影壁	a screen-wall with the corners cut away.
<i>pa¹-yin¹</i>	八音	eight sorts of musical instruments.
<i>pa¹-yin¹-ch'in²</i>	八音琴	musical boxes.
<i>pa¹-yin¹-ho²</i>	八音盒	same.
<i>pa¹</i>	己 巴	the crust which forms inside a boiler; to adhere
<i>pa¹-chang³</i>	巴掌	the open hand, the palm.
<i>pa¹-chieh³</i>	巴結	{ to exert one's self; to cringe, to fawn, servil { (<i>k'an³ lung³</i>).
<i>pa¹-chieh¹-kung¹-ming²</i>	巴結功名	to strive for a degree.
<i>pa¹-chieh¹-pu⁴-shan⁴</i>	巴結不上	cannot reach by any effort.
<i>pa¹-chieh²-ti¹</i>	巴結的	a parasite, a sycophant (<i>ch'an³ mei⁴, liu¹ kou²</i>) [tzü ²]
<i>pa¹-pu⁴-néng²</i>	巴不能	would that.
<i>pa¹-pu⁴-t'ê²</i>	巴不得	to wish; I wish! may it be! oh, that! M. 387
<i>pa¹-ti³</i>	巴地	Batavia.
<i>pa¹-tou⁴</i>	巴荳	croton oil bean.

* Note 71.

† Note 72.

‡ Note 73.

<i>pa¹-təu⁴-yü²</i>	巴 荳 油	croton oil.
<i>pa¹-t'u²-lün³</i>	巴 圖 魯	the order Baturu for military prowess.
<i>pa¹</i>	口 吧 ^{844a644b}	dumb; wide mouthed (<i>ya³ pa¹</i>).
<i>pa¹-hua⁴</i>	吧 話	the lisping accents of childhood.
<i>pa¹-kou³</i>	吧 狗	Peking lap-dog (<i>ha¹ pa¹ kou³</i>).
<i>pa¹-pa¹-ni¹</i>	吧 吧 呢	obstinate, perverse.
<i>pa¹</i>	艸 廿 芭 ^{845a644b}	plantain palm.
<i>pa¹-chiao¹</i>	芭 蕉	the palm, the plantain.
<i>pa¹-chiao¹-shan⁴</i>	芭 蕉 扇	a palm leaf fan.
<i>pa¹-chiao¹-yeh⁴</i>	芭 蕉 葉	palm leaves.
<i>pa¹</i>	疒 ^{844c644b}	a scar, a cicatrix.
<i>pa¹-la¹</i>	疤 癩	same (<i>pan¹ hēu², shēng¹ hēn²</i>).
<i>pa¹-lien³</i>	疤 臉	a scarred face.
<i>pa¹</i>	手 才 扒 ^{846c649a}	[climb to pull out, to eradicate; to split, to rend; to catching hold of the top of the wall.
<i>pa¹-cho²-ch'iang²-t'ou²</i>	扒 着 牆 頭	catching hold of the top of the wall.
<i>pa¹-cho²-shu⁴-chih¹</i>	扒 着 樹 枝	catching hold of a branch.
<i>pa¹-fan²-tzü³</i>	扒 房 子	to pull down a house.
<i>pa¹-i¹-shang¹</i>	扒 衣 裳	to strip off his clothes (forcibly).
<i>pa¹-p'i²</i>	扒 皮	to take the peelings off.
<i>pa¹-tsui⁴</i>	扒 載	to lighten ship by casting cargo overboard.
<i>pa¹</i>	口 叭 ^{843b646c}	to open the mouth.
<i>pa¹ (tzü)</i>	杷 ^{846c646}	a handle, a rake.
<i>pa¹</i>	竹 笆 ^{845a644c}	<i>li pa</i> hedge.
<i>pa¹</i>	玉 琶 ^{847a646b}	<i>p'i p'a</i> guitar, or <i>pa</i> .
FA³	手 才 拔 ^{845b647b}	to pull out of or up; to excel; to raise.
<i>pa²-ch'u¹</i>	拔 出	to abstract, to extract.
<i>pa²-ch'ü³-jên²-ts'ai³</i>	拔 取 人 才	to select the men of talent.
<i>pa²-ch'ü¹-ling²-tzü³</i>	拔 去 翎 子	stripped of his feathers.
<i>pa²-chuan²-g⁴-yüan²</i>	拔 狀 元	a chief of the Hanlin.
<i>pa²-kan²-yên³</i>	拔 鋼 眼	to settle by trial who is the stronger.
<i>pa²-kên¹</i>	拔 根	to root up, to eradicate.
<i>pa²-kung⁴</i>	拔 貢	to promote to a higher literary degree. G. 471.
<i>pa²-li⁴</i>	拔 力	to exert all one's strength.
<i>pa²-lo²-pu²</i>	拔 蘿 蔔	to pull turnips.
<i>pa²-mai⁴-tzü³</i>	拔 麥 子	to pull wheat out by the roots.
<i>pa²-pu⁴-ch'u¹-t'ui³</i>	拔 不 出 腿	can't extricate one's legs.
<i>pa²-shung⁴-lai²</i>	拔 上 來	to pull up (as water from a well).
<i>pa²-shui³</i>	拔 水	to draw water.
<i>pa²-tao¹</i>	拔 刀	to draw a sword.
<i>pa²-tao⁴-liao³-shu⁴</i>	拔 倒 了 樹	pulled down a tree.
<i>pa²-ts'ui⁴</i>	拔 萃	to exceed all one's fellows (<i>ch'u¹ lei⁴ pa² ts'ui⁴</i>).
<i>pa²-yang¹</i>	拔 秧	to pull young rice (for transplanting).

PA³ (tzü) 革 靶 S45a645b

target.

PA⁴ 手 把 S44b644c

pa⁴-an¹-ch'un²

把 鷓鴣

to take, to grasp; a handle. M. 66, 68 (also 1 [and 3].
to train a quail.

pa⁴-chai¹

把 齋

to practice vegetarianism (ch'ih¹ chai¹).

pa⁴-chai²-mên²

把 宅門

private gate keeper.

pa⁴-ch'ih²

把 持

to monopolize, to engross, to hold fast.

pa⁴-mên²

把 門

to act as gate-keeper (k'an¹ mên²).

pa⁴-mên²-kuan¹-sjan¹

把 門 關 上

shut the door. M. 68.

pa⁴-ping⁴

把 柄

a handle; to grasp; to engross; to be able to.

pa⁴-shih⁴

把 勢

athletic exercises, gymnastics, etc.

pa⁴-shou³

把 守

to guard, to hold fast.

pa⁴-su⁴

把 素

to practice vegetarianism.

pa⁴-tao¹

把 刀

to grasp a knife or sword; to divide spoil, etc.

pa⁴-to⁴

把 舵

to steer.

pa⁴-sung³

把 總

a lieutenant. G. 448.

pa⁴-tzü³

把 子

athletic exercises, gymnastics, fencing, etc. (ta³ [pa⁴ shih⁴].

pa⁴

罽 罷 S46a645c

to desist, to stop; enough; a final sound, M. 148.

pa⁴-chih²

罷 職

to suspend from office (ko² chih²).

pa⁴-hsiu¹

罷 休

to cease, to pay no attention to.

pa⁴-kuan¹

罷 官

to suspend from office.

pa⁴-kung¹

罷 工

to leave off work (hsieh¹ kung¹). [liao³ pa⁴].

pa⁴-liao³

罷 了

enough! it is ended! no more about it! (suan⁴ [to stop trade (to get rid of obnoxious taxes, etc.) (ch'i² hang² pa⁴ shih⁴).

pa⁴-shih⁴

罷 市

to domineer; to usurp, to encroach upon.

pa⁴

雨 霸 S45c645b

to usurp over good subjects.

pa⁴-chan⁴-liang³-mîn²

霸 佔 良 民

to usurp land.

pa⁴-chan⁴-t'ü⁴-t'ü³

霸 占 地 土

audacity, disregard of right.

pa⁴-ch'ü⁴

霸 氣

to control or "corner" the market.

pa⁴-shih⁴

霸 市

to encroach, to usurp; to domineer.

pa⁴-tao⁴

霸 道

the rule by force over the whole country.

pa⁴-t'ien¹-hsia⁴

霸 天 下

"kind Pa's scourge," a kind of cactus.

pa⁴-wan²-pien¹

霸 王 鞭

an embankment (also 埧).

pa⁴

土 埧 S46a645c

same (ho² ti¹).

pa⁴-kang³

壩 欄

same.

pa⁴-lêng²

壩 楞

pa, a father; an aged person.

pa⁴

父 爸 S44c645b

a father.

pa⁴-fu⁴

爸 父

papa, father (tieh¹ tieh¹).

pa⁴-pa⁴

爸 爸

the grasp of a bow.

pa⁴

弓 把 S44a645b

a drag, harrow. Also p'a.

pa⁴

耒 耙 S47a645a

to harrow a priest to death.

pa⁴-ho²-shang⁴

耙 和 尙

the teeth of harrow.

pa⁴-ch'ih³

耙 齒

pa ⁴ -ti ⁴	耙地	to take the ground.
P'A ¹	玉 瑟 ^{847a646b}	a stringed instrument (or p'a ³).
p'a ¹	足 趺 ^{846c646c}	to fall (² to creep).
p'a ¹ -hsia ⁴	趺下	to fall prostrate.
P'A ²	足 𠂔 ^{847a646c}	to climb; to creep, to crouch, to grovel.
p'a ²	𠂔 ^{846c646}	same.
p'a ¹ -ch'êng ²	𠂔城	to scale the city-wall.
p'a ¹ -ch'i ³ -lai ²	𠂔起來	to get up
p'a ¹ -ch'iang ²	𠂔牆	to scale a wall.
p'a ² -ch'iang ² -hu ²	𠂔牆瑚	the Virginian creeper.
p'a ² -ch'iao ³ -tzü ³	𠂔角子	creepers (crabs on human beings).
p'a ¹ -cho ² -lao ³ -hu ³	𠂔着老虎	a crouching tiger.
p'a ² -ch'ung ²	𠂔虫	a creeping insect.
p'a ² -êrh ² -shou ³	𠂔兒手	pickpocket (hsiao ³ lüeh ³ rh, san ¹ chih ¹ shou ³).
p'a ² -hsia ⁴	𠂔下	to crouch. ¹
p'a ² -hsing ²	𠂔行	to crawl along.
p'a ¹ -kan ¹ -êrh ²	𠂔杆兒	to climb a pole.
p'a ² -shan ¹ -hu ²	𠂔珊瑚	"climbing coral," the Virginian creeper.
p'a ¹ -shan ¹ -hu ³	𠂔山虎	Virginian creeper.
p'a ¹ -shan ¹ -yüeh ⁴ -ling ³	𠂔山越嶺	crossing hills and ranges.
p'a ² -shang ¹ -ch'ü ¹	𠂔上去	to climb up.
p'a ¹ -shang ⁴ -shu ⁴ -ch'ü ¹	𠂔上樹去	to crawl up a tree.
p'a ²	爪 爬 ^{846a649b}	to scrape, to scratch, to scrawl; to creep.
p'a ² -ch'i ³ -lai ²	爬起來	to creep up.
p'a ² -hsia ⁴	爬下	to creep down.
p'a ² -shou ³	爬手	to scratch the hand.
p'a ² -shu ⁴	爬樹	to climb a tree.
p'a ² -yang ³	爬癢	to scratch a part that itches.
p'a ²	耒 耙 ^{847a645a}	a rake or harrow; to rake. Also pa ⁴ .
p'a ²	耙	same.
P'A ⁴	心 卹 怕 ^{846a647b}	to fear, to imagine. M. 377.
p'a ⁴ -ch'ien ² -p'a ⁴ -hou ⁴	怕前怕後	to be afraid of everything.
p'a ⁴ -chü ⁴	怕懼	to fear.
p'a ⁴ -hsiu ¹	怕羞	to feel shame, to blush.
p'a ⁴ -p'o ² -êrh ²	怕婆兒	henpecked man (chü ⁴ nei ⁴).
p'a ⁴ -shên ² -mo ¹	怕甚麼	what are you afraid of?
p'a ⁴ -ssü ³	怕死	to fear death.
p'a ⁴ -tê ² -hên ³	怕得很	extremely afraid.
p'a ⁴ (tzü)	巾 帕 ^{846b646}	a handkerchief; a turban (shou ³ p'a ⁴).

PAI¹ 手才 (揀^{852b649c}
pai¹.i¹.tien³.ʔh² 掰一點兒
pai¹-k'ai¹ 掰開
pai¹-liang³-pan⁴ 掰兩半
pai¹-liao³-i¹-k'uai⁴ 掰了一塊
pai¹ 手 擘^{922b710b}
pai¹.kua¹.lou⁴-tzū³ 擘瓜露子
pai¹-liang³-pan⁴ 擘兩半

to break off or open (see next character).
 break off a little.
 to break open.
 to break in half.
 broke off a piece.
 break a part with the hand. Also *po¹*.
 to break the melon and reveal the seeds.
 to break into two with the hands.

PAI² 白 白^{847b706c}
pai²-ch'ieh²-tzū³ 白茄子
pai²-ch'ien¹ 白鉛
pai²-chin¹ 白金
pai²-ching⁴ 白淨
pai²-cho² 白濁
pai²-chou⁴ 白晝
pai²-ch'ü⁴-liao³ 白去了
pai²-fu³ 白髮
pai²-fan² 白礬
pai²-fei⁴-kung¹-fu¹ 白費工夫
pai²-fei⁴-shih⁴ 白費事
pai²-hsiao⁴-lao² 白効勞
pai²-lu²-lao³.t'ou² 白鬚老頭
pai²-hu³ 白虎
pai²-hua¹-hua¹-ti¹ 白花的
pai²-hua⁴ 白話
pai²-hui¹ 白灰
pai²-i¹ 白衣
pai²-jao² 白饒
pai²-jên² 白人
pai²-jih⁴ 白日
pai²-kei³ 白給
pai²-la⁴-kun⁴ 白蠟棍
pai²-la⁴-shu⁴ 白蠟樹
pai²-lai²-i¹-t'ang¹ 白來一邊
pai²-lan³ 白欖
pai²-lien²-chiao⁴ 白蓮教
pai²-lien³ 白臉
pai²-lien³-êrh²-lang² 白臉兒狠
pai²-lien³-mien⁴ 白臉面
pai²-ling³ 白綾
pai²-ling² 白翎
pai²-lu⁴ 白露

white; clear, manifest; in vain. See *po²*.
 the egg-plant.
 spelter.
 silver.
 fair-faced, a clear complexion.
 gonorrhœa, gleet.
 day-time, broad daylight.
 went for nothing.
 white hair; elderly.
 alum.
 useless waste of time.
 trouble in vain.
 to work for nothing.
 a white-headed old man.
 white tiger (term in geomancy).
 abundance of white flowers.
 patois, local dialect.
 lime.
 common clothes; white clothing; of no rank.
 to have forgiven in vain.
 a common person.
 day-time, broad daylight.
 to give for nothing.
 ash poles, stripped of bark.
 ash saplings.
 came once for nothing.
 a sort of olive.
 the White Lily Sect (treasonable).
 male dramatic characters (traitors, etc.).
 fig. wicked man.
 fair-faced, a clear complexion.
 a kind of silk.
 the sand fly; a kind of thrush (*hua¹ mei²*).
 "white dew," one of the terms. See *Note 2*

pai ² -ma ³ .i ³	白螞蟻	a white ant; a good for nothing.
pai ² -mao ³	白毛	mould.
pai ² -mi ³	白米	white rice, new rice.
pai ² -mien ⁴	白麪	white flour.
pai ² -na ² -shou ³	白拿手	pickpocket, sneak-thief (ch ³ shou ³).
pai ² -pai ² .ts'ai ⁴	白白菜	the dandelion (po ¹ po ¹ ting ¹).
pai ² -pao ³	白寶	unalloyed silver, currency.
pai ² -p'ao ³ -i ¹ -t'ang ⁴	白跑一邊	to have your trip for nothing.
pai ² -pêng ¹ -pai ² -p'ien ⁴	白崩白騙	deceit practised in vain.
pai ² -pu ²	白醱	mother on vinegar, etc.
pai ² -pu ⁴	白布	white shirtings.
pai ² -sé ⁴	白色	a white colour.
pai ² -sé ⁴ -pu ⁴	白色布	white shirtings.
pai ² -shêng ¹ -shêng ¹ -ti ¹	白生生的	quite white, fair.
pai ² -shih ⁴	白事	a funeral.
pai ² -shu ³	白薯	a sort of yam.
pai ² -shui ³	白水	plain water vs. tea.
pai ² -shuo ¹	白說	talking in vain.
pai ² -sung ¹	白送	given for nothing.
pai ² -ta ³ -suan ⁴	白打算	calculated in vain.
pai ² -tai ⁴	白癩	the whites.
pai ² -tai ⁴	白帶	same.
pai ² -tan ⁴	白丹	white lead.
pai ² -t'an ³	白檀	white sandalwood.
pai ² -t'ang ³	白糖	white sugar (hung ² t'ang ²).
pai ² -t'i ² -pu ¹	白提布	white brocades.
ai ² -t'ieh ³	白鐵	tin.
ai ² -tien ³ -pu ¹	白點布	white-spotted shirtings.
ai ² -t'ien ¹	白天	day-time, broad daylight.
ai ² -ting ¹	白丁	a common man; a useless person; without a
ai ² -ting ¹ -hsiang ¹	白丁香	avadavat's dung (a medicine).
ai ² -t'ing ¹ -t'ing ¹	白聽聽	head free of charge.
ai ² -t'u ²	白徒	a private individual.
ai ² -ts'ai ⁴	白菜	cabbage.
ai ² -t'ung ²	白銅	pewter.
ai ² -t'ü ¹	白字	an erroneous character, though of same sound.
ai ² -wên ²	白文	the text of any book.
ai ² -wu ¹	白屋	a poor man's house.
ai ² -wu ¹	白烏	the white crow.
ai ² -yen ² -sé ⁴	白顏色	white colour.
ai ² -yen ³ -k'an ¹ -t'ai ¹	白眼看他	to regard with scorn; to despise.
ai ² -yin ²	白銀	silver.
ai ² -yü ²	白魚	a kind of moth that destroys clothes, etc., a fish.

[degree.

a

*pai*²-yü⁴ 白玉
*pai*²-yü⁴-t'ang² 白玉堂
*pai*² 人 伯^{917c707b}
*pai*²-shu²-hsiung¹-ti⁴ 伯叔兄弟

white jade.
 the fleur-de-lis ; great hall in a mandarin's house
 father's elder brother.
 i. e., the whole family.

PAI³ 白 百^{849a707b}
*pai*³-chan⁴-pai³-shêng⁴ 百戰百勝
*pai*³-chia¹-hsing⁴ 百家姓
*pai*³-ch'iao³-pai³-nêng² 百巧百能
*pai*³-êrh²-pa¹-shih² 百兒八十
*pai*³-fai¹-pai³-chung⁴ 百發百中
*pai*³-fu¹-chang³ 百夫長
*pai*³-ho¹ 百合
*pai*³-jih⁴-lung² 百日紅
*pai*³-liao² 百寮
*pai*³-kuan¹ 百官
*pai*³-nien²-chih¹-hou⁴ 百年之後
*pai*³-nien²-pu⁴-yü⁴ 百年不遇
*pai*³-pan¹ 百般
*pai*³-sui⁴ 百歲
*pai*³-shih²-ko⁴ 百十個
*pai*³-shih¹-pu⁴-chü⁴ 百事不就
*pai*³-shih⁴-t'ung² 百事通
*pai*³-shou⁴ 百獸
*pai*³-shu⁴-ch'ien² 百數錢
*pai*³-tsu² 百足
*pai*³-tsung³ 百總
*pai*³-wan⁴ 百萬
*pai*³-wan⁴-chih¹-fu⁴ 百萬之富
*pai*³-yeh-ch'uang 百頁窗
*pai*³ 木 栢^{918a708a}
*pai*³ 柏
*pai*³-hsiang¹-mu⁴ 柏香木
*pai*³-mu⁴ 柏木
*pai*³-shu⁴ 柏樹
*pai*³-sung¹ 柏松
*pai*³-yu² 柏油
*pai*³ 手才 擺^{849c648a}
*pai*³-chên⁴ 擺陣
*pai*³-ch'i² 擺齊
*pai*³-chia⁴-tzu³ 擺架子
*pai*³-chih⁴ 擺治
*pai*³-chiu³-hsi¹ 擺酒席

a hundred ; many ; all. See *po*².
 invariably victorious.
 the Book of Surnames.
 all kinds of ability.
 80 or 100.
 invariably successful.
 a centurion.
 the tuberose.
 a flower blooming for a hundred days.
 all the officers of government.
 same (wên² wu² pai³ kuan¹).
 after death (ssü³ hou⁴).
 an exceedingly rare occurrence.
 many kinds, various.
 the hundredth day of a child's life.
 upwards of 100.
 unsuccessful in everything.
 expert at everything.
 wild animals, beasts (tsou³ shou⁴).
 about a hundred cash.
 the centipede.
 a lieutenant (ch'ien¹ tsung³).
 "a hundred myriads," countless numbers.
 exceedingly wealthy.
 venetian blinds.
 the cypress ; large, great ; to urge.
 same
 the cedar.
 the cypress.
 the cypress tree.
 cypress and fir.
 vegetable tallow.
 to shake ; to spread ; to separate, to distribute
 to arrange the ranks, e. g., for battle.
 arranged evenly, properly, etc.
 to make a display.
 to operate on, to torture.
 to give a feast (shü⁴ chiu³ hsi¹).

<i>pai³-cho¹-ti¹</i>	擺檯的	a waiter, or table boy.
<i>pai³-fui⁴</i>	擺飯	to spread a table; lay the table! (for meals).
<i>pai³-hsia⁴</i>	擺下	arranged, spread out.
<i>pai³-i¹-shang¹</i>	擺衣裳	to rinse or wash clothes (hsi ³ pa ¹).
<i>pai³-k'ai¹</i>	擺開	to set out, to arrange (p'ai ² k'ai ¹).
<i>pai³-liao³-i¹-cho¹</i>	擺了一棹	to lay a table for meals.
<i>pai³-lich⁴</i>	擺列	to array, to arrange in order or ranks.
<i>pai²-nung⁴</i>	擺弄	to busy one's self about, to meddle or play with.
<i>pai³-pu⁴</i>	擺佈	to spread out, to arrange, to torture.
<i>pai³-pu⁴-k'ai¹</i>	擺不開	unable to arrange for want of space.
<i>pai²-p'u¹-êrh²</i>	擺鋪兒	to arrange, e. g., a table cloth.
<i>pai³-shang⁴</i>	擺上	to spread, to arrange.
<i>pai³-shê</i>	擺設	to set out, to arrange, to place; an ornament.
<i>pai³-shou³</i>	擺手	to wave the hands (in token of dissent, etc.).
<i>pai³-ta⁴-chia⁴-tzü³</i>	擺大架子	to put the arms akimbo.
<i>pai³-t'ai²</i>	擺臺	set the table.
<i>pai³-t'ai¹</i>	擺攤	to spread out wares for sale.
<i>pai³-t'ai¹-shih⁴</i>	擺的是	arranged quite properly.
<i>pai³-tu⁴</i>	擺渡	to ferry over; a ferry (i ⁴ tu ⁴).
<i>pai³-yang⁴-tzü³</i>	擺樣子	to arrange in a certain way.
<i>pai³-yen⁴</i>	擺宴	to spread a banquet (pai ³ chin ³ hsi ⁴).
PAI ⁴	支退 敗	S50L64Sb
<i>pai⁴-chang⁴</i>	敗仗	to break, to spoil, to ruin; defeat.
<i>pai⁴-chên⁴</i>	敗陣	defeat, to lose a battle.
<i>pai⁴-chia¹</i>	敗家	same.
<i>pai⁴-chia¹-tzü³</i>	敗家子	to ruin one's family (p'o ⁴ chia ¹).
<i>pai⁴-chiang⁴</i>	敗將	spendthrift son (lang ⁴ tzü ³).
<i>pai⁴-che³-tsei²</i>	敗考賊	a defeated general.
<i>pai⁴-chiün¹-chih¹-chiang⁴</i>	敗軍之將	defeated soldiers turn robbers.
<i>pai⁴-fêng¹-su²</i>	敗風俗	the general of a defeated army.
<i>pai⁴-hsing⁴</i>	敗興	to corrupt public manners; corrupt manners.
<i>pai⁴-hu⁴</i>	敗戶	to mar one's pleasure, prospects, etc. (kao ⁴ hsing ⁴).
<i>pai⁴-hua¹-shang¹-fêng¹</i>	敗化傷風	to ruin one's family; a ruined family.
<i>pai⁴-hua¹</i>	敗壞	injurious to morals.
<i>pai⁴-hua¹-mên²-fêng¹</i>	敗壞門風	corrupt; to destroy.
<i>pai⁴-jou¹</i>	敗肉	ruined in character and respectability.
<i>pai⁴-liao³</i>	敗了	stale meat.
<i>pai⁴-liao³-pên³-rh²</i>	敗了本兒	beat, defeated, ruined, spoiled.
<i>pai⁴-lin³-ts'an²-hua¹</i>	敗柳殘花	to lose in trade, loss in trade (p'ei ² liao ³ pên ³).
<i>pai⁴-lo³</i>	敗落	fig. beauty faded, e.g., woman.
<i>pai⁴-lou⁴</i>	敗露	ruined, spoiled.
<i>pai⁴-mich⁴</i>	敗滅	discovered, ruined.
		to ruin; ruined, gone, destroyed.

<i>pai⁴-pei³</i>	敗北	to be defeated.
<i>pai⁴-shih⁴</i>	敗事	to ruin an affair; an affair ruined,
<i>pai⁴-sun³</i>	敗損	to ruin, to destroy.
<i>pai⁴-tsou³</i>	敗走	to be routed
<i>pai⁴-tzü³</i>	敗子	a spendthrift (<i>lang⁴ tzü³</i>).
<i>pai⁴-tzü³-hui²-t'ou²</i>	敗子回頭	return of the prodigal.
<i>pai⁴-wang²</i>	敗亡	destroyed, dead.
<i>pai⁴</i>	手拜	to bow, to salute; to worship; to visit.
<i>pai⁴-chieh²</i>	拜節	to visit and congratulate on festivals, etc.
<i>pai⁴-chien⁴</i>	拜見	to pay a visit, to go to see a person.
<i>pai⁴-chü⁴</i>	拜祝	to pray, to offer up prayers.
<i>pai⁴-fên²</i>	拜墳	to worship at the graves (<i>shang⁴ fên²</i>).
<i>pai⁴-fo²</i>	拜佛	to worship Buddha.
<i>pai⁴-fu²</i>	拜服	to submit, to own allegiance to.
<i>pai⁴-ho⁴</i>	拜賀	to congratulate (<i>ch'ing⁴ ho⁴, tao⁴ hsi²</i>).
<i>pai⁴-ho⁴</i>	拜候	to call upon, to visit.
<i>pai⁴-hsia²</i>	拜匣	a case to hold visiting-cards.
<i>pai⁴-hsiang⁴</i>	拜相	a minister of state (<i>tsai³ hsiang⁴</i>).
<i>pai⁴-hsieh⁴</i>	拜謝	to return a compliment.
<i>pai⁴-hui⁴</i>	拜會	to assemble on ceremony; ceremonial visits.
<i>pai⁴-i¹</i>	拜揖	to bow (<i>tso⁴ i¹</i>).
<i>pai⁴-k'ou⁴</i>	拜客	to visit a person; to wait on a visitor (<i>pai⁴ wang⁴</i>).
<i>pai⁴-ling³</i>	拜領	to accept with courtesy.
<i>pai⁴-mêng²</i>	拜盟	to swear brotherhood.
<i>pai⁴-miao⁴</i>	*拜廟	official worship at temples.
<i>pai⁴-mien²</i>	拜年	new year's congratulations. [<i>hsiung¹ ti⁴</i>]
<i>pai⁴-pa³-tzü³</i>	拜把子	to take an oath, to vow; sworn brothers (<i>mêng</i>)
<i>pai⁴-pai⁴</i>	拜拜	to salute (as women).
<i>pai⁴-pei³-tou³.hsing¹</i>	拜北斗星	to worship the Dipper.
<i>pai⁴-pieh²</i>	拜別	to take leave (<i>kao⁴ tz'ü²</i>).
<i>pai⁴-sao³</i>	拜掃	to worship at the graves of relatives.
<i>pai⁴-shang⁴</i>	拜上	to salute superiors.
<i>pai⁴-shên²</i>	拜神	to worship the gods.
<i>pai⁴-shih¹</i>	拜師	to pay respects to tutor, on becoming his pupil.
<i>pai⁴-shou³</i>	拜手	to bow down to one's hands.
<i>pai⁴-shou⁴</i>	拜壽	to visit a person on his birthday.
<i>pai⁴-t'ang²</i>	拜堂	ceremonial worship of bride and bridegroom.
<i>pai⁴-t'ieh³</i>	拜帖	a visiting card (<i>ming² p'ien³, p'ien⁴ tzü³</i>).
<i>pai⁴-tien⁴</i>	拜墊	a cushion or hassock.
<i>pai⁴-t'ien¹-ti⁴</i>	拜天地	worship of heaven and earth at marriage.
<i>pai⁴-t'o²</i>	拜托	kindness of so and so, to request (<i>fêng⁴ t'o¹</i>).
<i>pai⁴-tsu²-tsung¹</i>	拜祖宗	to worship ancestors.
<i>pai⁴-tz'ü²</i>	拜辭	to take leave.

<i>pai⁴-wan¹-shou⁴</i>	拜萬壽	to perform homage on the emperor's birthday,
<i>pai⁴-wang⁴</i>	拜望	to pay respects to.
<i>pai⁴-yeh¹</i>	拜謁	to visit, to pay one's respects to.
<i>pai⁴-yu³</i>	拜友	to visit a friend.
<i>pai⁴-yüeh⁴</i>	拜月	to worship the moon.
<i>pai⁴</i>	禾 稗 ^{S50a64Sc}	tares; small, minute.
<i>pai⁴-kuan¹</i>	稗官	[thing. a minor office; to write a rough draft of any-
<i>pai⁴-shuo¹</i>	稗說	a novel; careless chat, to talk carelessly.
<i>pai⁴-ts'ao³</i>	稗草	green tares; the rough draft of anything.
<i>pai⁴</i>	心 憊 ^{S51a64Sc}	wearied, exhausted, extreme lassitude.
<i>pai¹-lai⁴</i>	憊賴	slatternly, filthy; vixenish.
<i>pai⁴-lei³</i>	憊累	wearied, exhausted, extreme lassitude.
P'AI¹	手 才 拍 ^{924b711b}	to clap, to pat, to strike, to touch; to inveigle
<i>p'ai¹-an⁴</i>	拍案	to strike the table.
<i>p'ai¹-an⁴-ching¹-ch'ü²</i>	拍案驚奇	to strike the table in astonishment.
<i>p'ai¹-chang¹</i>	拍張	shuttlecock.
<i>p'ai¹-chang³</i>	拍掌	to clap the hands (to bind a bargain, etc.).
<i>p'ai¹-cho¹-t'z'ü³</i>	拍桌子	to strike the table.
<i>p'ai¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	拍去	to inveigle away.
<i>p'ai¹-hua¹-t'z'ü³</i>	拍花子	kidnappers (kuai ³ tai ⁴).
<i>p'ai¹-mai⁴</i>	拍賣	to sell by auction.
<i>p'ai¹-mên²</i>	拍門	to knock at a door (ch'iao ¹ mên ²).
<i>p'ai¹-pa¹-chang³</i>	拍巴掌	to hit a slap.
<i>p'ai¹-p'a²-mu¹</i>	拍爬木	a flail.
<i>p'ai¹-pan³</i>	拍板	castanets.
<i>p'ai¹-pu⁴-hsiang³</i>	拍不響	emits no sound if struck.
<i>p'ai¹-shou³</i>	拍手	to clap the hands.
<i>p'ai¹-ta³</i>	拍打	to tap, to pat.
<i>p'ai¹-ta³-p'ai¹-ta³</i>	拍打拍打	to tap, to rap.
<i>p'ai¹-tung¹-r'h²</i>	拍東兒	to clap the hands (he who stands treat).
<i>p'ai¹-wang³-t'z'ü³</i>	拍網子	a bird-trap, a snare, a gin.
P'AI²	片 牌 ^{S51b649b}	a warrant, a permit, a card; an arch; a shield. <i>A che</i>
<i>p'ai²-fang¹</i>	牌坊	a tablet; a memorial arch; a monument. <i>fang</i>
<i>p'ai²-ku³</i>	牌骨	the ribs; mutton—or pork-chops.
<i>p'ai²-lou²</i>	牌樓	a memorial arch (p'ai ² fang ¹).
<i>p'ai²-pang³</i>	牌榜	a tablet, a notice board.
<i>p'ai²-p'iao⁴</i>	牌票	a written order, a warrant.
<i>p'ai²-pien³</i>	牌匾	a tablet, a signboard
<i>p'ai²-pien³-yin²-t'z'ü³</i>	牌匾銀子	Imperial allowance to M. A's.
<i>p'ai²-shih⁴</i>	牌示	a notification (kao ⁴ shih ⁴).
<i>p'ai²-t'ou²</i>	牌頭	the head man.

p'ai²-tun⁴ 牌盾
 p'ai²-t-ü³ 牌子
 p'ai²-wei⁴ 牌位
 p'ai² 手排^{851c649a}
 p'ai²-ch'ai⁴ 排插
 p'ai²-ch'ang² 排場
 p'ai²-chên⁴ 排陣
 p'ai²-ch'i² 排齊
 p'ai²-ch'i³-lai² 排起來
 p'ai²-chieh³ 排解
 p'ai²-ch'uan² 排船
 p'ai²-fan⁴ 排飯
 p'ai²-hang² 排行
 p'ai²-hang²-ti⁴-wu³ 排行第五
 p'ai²-hsi⁴ 排戲
 p'ai²-hsiang¹-an⁴ 排香案
 p'ai²-k'ai¹ 排開
 p'ai²-lich⁴ 排列
 p'ai²-nan²-chieh³-fên¹ 排難解紛
 p'ai²-pan¹-shih⁴-li⁴ 排班侍立
 p'ai²-ping¹ 排兵
 p'ai²-tui⁴ 排隊
 p'ai²-t-ü⁴ 排字
 p'ai²-yen³-chên⁴-shih⁴ 排演陣勢

a shield (tun⁴ p'ai²).
 a ticket, a label. [wei⁴]
 tablet of a deceased person. See Note 2 (ling)
 to arrange in order, to settle; to push.
 wainscoting of stove-bed.
 to do properly or in order; elegant.
 to draw up in line of battle.
 all arranged in order.
 to arrange, to settle.
 to arrange, to settle; to explain.
 to build a boat.
 to spread a meal; set the table!
 in what order do you stand? (age).
 I am the fifth (age).
 to arrange theatricals.
 to arrange the incense table. See Note 57.
 to spread, to arrange (pai³ k'ai¹).
 to arrange, to put in order, to spread out.
 to settle difficulties between people.
 to arrange attendants on each side.
 to draw up troops in order or ranks.
 same.
 to set up type.
 to exhibit the form of battle.

P'AI⁴ 水 派^{852a650a}
 p'ai⁴-ch'ai¹ 派差
 p'ai⁴-cho² 派著
 p'ai⁴-ch'u¹ 派出
 p'ai⁴-fên¹ 派分
 p'ai⁴-kuan¹ 派官
 p'ai⁴-kung¹-k'o⁴ 派功課
 p'ai⁴-pao³ 派保
 p'ai⁴-pieh² 派別
 p'ai⁴-ping¹ 派兵
 p'ai⁴-po¹ 派撥
 p'ai⁴-pu⁴-shih⁴ 派不是
 p'ai⁴-t'an¹ 派攤
 p'ai⁴-ting⁴ 派定
 p'ai⁴-t'ou² 派頭

to send, appoint; to distribute; to branch off
 to send, to appoint (ch'ien³ p'ai⁴).
 same.
 sent out.
 to diverge, to branch off, distribute.
 to appoint an official.
 to assign lessons.
 a second or sub-security for a candidate.
 to diverge, to branch off, to distribute.
 to detach troops.
 to allot to every one their several duties.
 to set forth another's faults.
 to contribute *pro rata*.
 to settle.
 the scale on which a thing is done.

PAN¹ 舟 般^{853b650c}
 pan¹-fên¹ 般分

manner, way, class.
 to distribute.

pan ¹ -huan ²	般還	to return.
pan ¹ -ta ⁴ -pan ¹ -hsiao ³	般大般小	some large, some small.
pan ¹ -tz'ü ⁴	般賜	to confer.
pan ¹ -yang ¹	般樣	sort, kind.
pan ¹	手才搬 ^{53b650c}	to shift, to remove, to put away.
pan ¹ -chia ¹	搬家	to remove furniture, etc., to change one's residence. [ence.
pan ¹ -ch'ien ¹	搬遷	to shift, to remove.
pan ¹ -chih ³	搬指	a thumb-ring (chieh ⁴ chih ³).
pan ¹ -ch'u ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	搬出去	carried out.
pan ¹ -ch'ü ³	搬取	to shift, remove.
pan ¹ -hsia ¹ -lai ²	搬下來	remove down.
pan ¹ -huo ¹ -hsia ⁴ -ch'uan ²	搬貨下船	to put goods on board ship.
pan ¹ -i ¹ -pa ¹ -i ³	搬一把椅	bring a chair.
pan ¹ -i ³	搬移	to shift, to remove.
pan ¹ -kung ¹ -tu ¹ -chien ⁴	搬弓搭箭	archery.
pan ¹ -lai ² -pan ¹ -ch'ü ¹	搬來搬去	to carry to and fro.
pan ¹ -no ²	搬挪	to shift, to remove.
pan ¹ -nung ⁴	搬弄	to carry tales; constantly shift things.
pan ¹ -p'o ¹	搬廢	to put everything in its proper place.
pan ¹ -pu ¹ -tao ³	搬不倒	a self-righting doll.
pan ¹ -pu ¹ -tung ⁴	搬不動	cannot be budged.
pan ¹ -sung ⁴	搬送	to accompany, to escort.
pan ¹ -tao ⁴ -pieh ² -ch'u ⁴	搬到別處	remove to another place.
pan ¹ -tou ⁴	搬鬪	to squabble, to strive; to egg on; to excite.
pan ¹ -tsui ³	搬嘴	to wrangle, to quarrel; altercation (pan ⁴ tsui ³).
pan ¹ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	搬東西	to carry things (to another place).
pan ¹ -yün ⁴	搬運	to transport, to convey, to remove.
pan ¹ -yün ⁴ -liang ² -hsian ³	搬運糧餉	to convey military stores.
pan ¹	王班 ^{53c650a}	a troop; a rank, a row; class, a set; a turn.
pan ¹ -fang ² -tzü ³	班房子	a messenger's room.
pan ¹ -jên ²	班人	a company of men.
pan ¹ -kuan ² -mên ²	班館門	inspector of prisoners.
pan ¹ -mao ¹	班貓	cantharides.
pan ¹ -pieh ²	班別	to distinguish (fên ¹ pieh ²).
pan ¹ -shih ⁴	班師	to retreat with troops
pan ¹ -tzü ³	班子	a company of actors or runners.
pan ¹ -tz'ü ⁴	班次	a regular gradation, in steps.
an ¹ -wei ⁴	班位	a rank, a row, a regular gradation.
an ¹	文斑 ^{53b650b}	streaks, stripes; spotted; variegated.
an ¹ -chiu ¹	斑鳩	a species of partridge; a pigeon.
an ¹ -chu ² -lien ²	斑竹簾	a screen of spotted bamboo.
an ¹ -i ¹	斑衣	variegated clothes; theatrical costumes.
an ¹ .pan ¹ -tien ³ -tien ³	斑斑點點	speckled and spotted.

<i>pan¹-sê¹</i>		斑色	variegated colours.
<i>pan¹-tien³</i>		斑點	striped and spotted.
<i>pan¹-wên²</i>		斑文	streaks.
<i>pan¹</i>	頁	頒 ^{S54c651a}	to send away, to disperse; to disseminate; [confer
<i>pan¹-chao⁴-ko⁴.shêng³</i>		頒詔各省	Imperial Proclamation to all the provinces.
<i>pan¹-hsing²</i>		頒行	to publish, e. g., an edict.
<i>pan¹-fa¹</i>		頒發	to bestow, to confer, to present.
<i>pan¹-pai²</i>		頒白	a white head—one old man.
<i>pan¹-ping¹</i>		頒兵	to march back an army.
<i>pan¹-shih¹</i>		頒師	same.
<i>pan¹-sun⁴</i>		頒送	to bestow, to confer, to present.
<i>pan¹-tzū⁴</i>		頒賜	to distribute to all, to bestow.
<i>pan¹</i>	疔	癩 ^{S54a650b}	a scar, marks, marks of the small-pox.
<i>pan¹-hên²</i>		癩痕	same (pa ¹ la ¹).
<i>pan¹-tien³</i>		癩點	a scar or mark.
<i>pan¹</i>	鳥	分 ^{S59a130a}	wild pigeon,
<i>pan¹-chiu¹</i>		分鳩	same.
PAN³	木	板 ^{S52c651a}	a plank, a board; a register. <i>a thick</i>
<i>pan³-ch'ang³</i>		板廠	a wood yard.
<i>pan³-ch'iang²</i>		板牆	a wooden fence or wall.
<i>pan²-ch'iao²-shuang¹</i>		板橋霜	fig. evanescent.
<i>pan³-chih⁴</i>		板滯	a slow uninventive mind; stagnant.
<i>pan³-kuei⁴</i>		板櫃	a press, cabinet or wardrobe.
<i>pan³ pi⁴</i>		板壁	a wooden fence or wall.
<i>pan³-piao³</i>		板表	slabs.
<i>pan³-p'ien⁴</i>		板片	small boards.
<i>pan³-shang⁴-ting⁴-ting¹</i>		板上釘釘	immovable (fig.).
<i>pan³-têng⁴</i>		板櫈	a stool, form or bench (wu ⁴ t'êng ⁴ tzū ³).
<i>pan³-tzū³</i>		板子	a flat bamboo cudgel used for beating offenders
<i>pan³-tzū³-hao³</i>		板子好	the type is clear.
<i>pan³-ya²</i>		板牙	grinders (ts'ao ² ya ²)
<i>pan³-yen³</i>		板眼	the "bones" which mark time in plays.
<i>pan³</i>	片	版 ^{S53a651b}	same as 板.
<i>pan³-chi³</i>		版籍	a register of population (min ² chi ²).
<i>pan³-p'ai²</i>		版牌	same.
<i>pan³-p'an⁴</i>		版判	to unite, to join; a notice, a placard.
<i>pan³-t'u³</i>		版圖	a map, a plan (ti ⁴ t'u ²).

PAN⁴十 半^{S54c651c}*pan⁴-chiao⁴-yin⁴*

半角印

pan⁴-chieh²

半截

pan⁴-chin⁴

半斤

half.

a cheque, half the impress of a stamp taken

a half, a large piece (of something broken).

half a catty.

[tw

<i>pan¹-chin¹-pa¹-liang³</i>	半斤八兩	six of one and half a dozen of the other.
<i>pan⁴-ch⁴-un¹</i>	半春	slightly indecent pictures.
<i>pan⁴-chung¹-yao¹</i>	半中腰	the waist.
<i>pan⁴-han¹-tzū³</i>	半憨子	a half idiot.
<i>pan⁴-han²-pan¹-t'u⁴</i>	半含半吐	half-concealed, half-confessed.
<i>pan⁴-hsien¹-chih¹-t'i³</i>	半仙之體	an etherealized body.
<i>pan⁴-hsin¹-pu⁴-chiu⁴</i>	半新不舊	the worse for wear.
<i>pan⁴-hsin⁴-pan⁴-i²</i>	半信半疑	half-believing, half-doubting.
<i>pan⁴-hsüan²-k'ung¹</i>	半懸空	in mid-air.
<i>pan⁴-jên²-pan⁴-kuei³</i>	半人半鬼	half human, half ghost.
<i>pan⁴-jih⁴</i>	半日	half a day.
<i>pan⁴-ko⁴</i>	半箇	half.
<i>pan⁴-k'o¹</i>	半刻	a little while, a brief space.
<i>pan⁴-kung¹-pan⁴-ssü¹</i>	半公半私	half public, half private.
<i>pan⁴-k'ung¹</i>	半空	in mid-air.
<i>pan⁴-lu⁴</i>	半路	half-way.
<i>pan⁴-lu¹-fu¹-h'i¹</i>	半路夫妻	married in middle life.
<i>pan⁴-lun²-ming²-yüeh⁴</i>	半輪明月	half moon.
<i>pan⁴-ming²-pan¹-an⁴</i>	半明半暗	half clear and half dark.
<i>pan⁴-nien²</i>	半年	half a year, six months.
<i>pan⁴-pai²</i>	半百	half a hundred; fifty years of age.
<i>pan⁴-pao³</i>	半飽	half satisfied (with food).
<i>pan⁴-pei⁴-tzū³</i>	半輩子	a middle-aged person.
<i>pan⁴-pi⁴-tien⁴</i>	半壁店	a very small inn.
<i>pan⁴-piao¹-tzū³</i>	半彪子	a fool, a crack-brain.
<i>pan⁴-pien¹</i>	半邊	on one side.
<i>pan⁴-pi⁴-ing²-tzū³-ts'u⁶</i>	半瓶子醋	a half and half scholar.
<i>pan⁴-pu⁴-tao¹-rh²</i>	半不道兒	not half the way.
<i>pan⁴-shang⁴</i>	半晌	half-a-day, a long time.
<i>pan⁴-shih²</i>	半時	a little while.
<i>pan⁴-shui⁴-ts'un²-p'iao⁴</i>	半稅存票	a 'half drawback.'
<i>pan⁴-shên⁴-pu⁴-sui²</i>	半身不隨	one side paralysed, hemiplegia (chung ⁴ fêng ¹ pu ⁴ [yü ³]).
<i>pan⁴-shêng¹</i>	半生	middle-aged.
<i>pan⁴-shêng¹-pu³-shu²</i>	半生不熟	half-ripe, half-cooked.
<i>pan⁴-ssü³-pu⁴-huo²</i>	半死不活	dead and alive, lifeless (tai ⁴ ssü ³ pu ⁴ huo ²).
<i>pan⁴-tao⁴-êrh²</i>	半道兒	half the way.
<i>pan⁴-tiao⁴-tzū³</i>	半吊子	a half-witted fellow, simpleton.
<i>pan⁴-tien³</i>	半點	"half-a-drop," the least, the merest trifle.
<i>pan⁴-t'ien¹</i>	半天	"half-a-day," a long time.
<i>pan⁴-tsai³</i>	半載	half a year.
<i>pan⁴-t'u²-êrh²-fei⁴</i>	半塗而廢	to break down half-way.
<i>pan⁴-tzū³</i>	半子	a son-in-law.
<i>pan⁴-yeh⁴</i>	半夜	"half the night," midnight.

<i>pan⁴-yin¹-pa⁴-yang²</i>	半陰半陽	half black, half white.
<i>pan⁴-yin¹-pan⁴-ch'ing²</i>	半陰半晴	half clear and half cloudy.
<i>pan⁴-yü³-t'ü³</i>	半語子	a stutterer.
<i>pan⁴-yüeh⁴</i>	半月	half a month.
<i>pan⁴</i>	辛办	to administer, to manage, to transact, to do.
<i>pan⁴-an⁴</i>	辦案	to deal with cases, lawsuits, etc.
<i>pan⁴-ch'ai¹-ti¹-jên²</i>	辦差的人	those transacting official business.
<i>pan⁴-chêng⁴-chîng⁴-shih⁴</i>	辦正經事	to do respectable things.
<i>pan⁴-ch'êng²</i>	辦成	way of managing; the conditions.
<i>pan⁴-chih⁴</i>	辦置	to get ready; to provide, to procure.
<i>pan⁴-hung²-shih⁴</i>	辦紅事	to manage a marriage.
<i>pan⁴-huo⁴</i>	辦貨	to buy or import goods.
<i>pan⁴-kung¹ shih⁴</i>	辦公事	to transact official business.
<i>pan⁴-li³</i>	辦理	to manage, to administer (liao ⁴ li ³).
<i>pan⁴-li³-me⁴-shan⁴</i>	辦理不善	to mismanage.
<i>pan⁴-liao³</i>	辦了	managed, transacted
<i>pan⁴-mei²-pan⁴</i>	辦沒辦	have you transacted it?
<i>pan⁴-pai²-shih⁴</i>	辦白事	to manage a funeral.
<i>pan⁴-pu⁴-ch'êng²</i>	辦不成	unsuccessful.
<i>pan⁴-pu⁴-ch'i³</i>	辦不起	cannot afford to do.
<i>pan⁴-pu⁴-lai²</i>	辦不來	unable to be done, impracticable.
<i>pan⁴-pu⁴-pan⁴</i>	辦不辦	will you manage it? etc.
<i>pu⁴-pu⁴-tuo⁴</i>	辦不到	unable to manage, impracticable.
<i>pu⁴-pu⁴-t'o³</i>	辦不妥	mismanaged.
<i>pan⁴-sang¹-shih⁴</i>	辦喪事	to manage a funeral.
<i>pan⁴-shan⁴-hui⁴</i>	辦善會	to run a charitable society.
<i>pan⁴-shan⁴-shih⁴</i>	辦善事	to do good works.
<i>pan⁴-shên²-mo¹-shih⁴</i>	辦甚麼事	what affair are you engaged in?
<i>pan⁴-shih⁴</i>	辦事	to manage affairs.
<i>pan⁴-shih⁴-ch'ing²</i>	辦事情	same.
<i>pu⁴-shih⁴-pu¹-kung¹</i>	辦事不公	to manage unfairly.
<i>pan⁴-tê²-lai²</i>	辦得來	able to do, practicable.
<i>pan⁴-ti¹-hên³-kung⁴</i>	辦的很公	he managed very justly.
<i>pan⁴-t'o³</i>	辦妥	to manage satisfactorily.
<i>pan⁴-tsui¹</i>	辦罪	to punish.
<i>pan⁴-t'uan²-lien⁴</i>	辦團練	to have militia drills.
<i>pan⁴-wan²-liao³</i>	辦完了	finished, transacted.
<i>pan⁴-yen²-hsi²</i>	辦筵席	to manage a feast.
<i>pan⁴</i>	手去	to dress up, to dress one's person.
<i>pan⁴-hsi⁴</i>	扮戲	to dress in character.
<i>pan⁴-ü²-shih⁴</i>	扮故事	old style dress on the stage.
<i>pan⁴-mi²-ssü¹-fang⁴</i>	扮私訪	to investigate <i>incognito</i> .
<i>pan⁴-tso⁴</i>	扮作	to make up for, to personate.

pan ⁴ -yen ³		扮演		to "make up" in theatricals, to dress in
pan ⁴	糸	絆	855c652a	a loop, a sort of lasso; to trip up. [character.
pan ⁴ -chia ³		絆脚		to strike the foot against.
pan ⁴ -chu ⁴		絆住		to trip up; to prevent, to hinder.
pan ⁴ -chu ⁴ -t'ui ³ -lia ³		絆住腿了		his legs were entangled.
pan ⁴ -ma ³ -so ³		絆馬索		a lasso.
pan ⁴ -ta ³ -lia ³		絆倒了		to trip and fall.
pan ⁴	辛	辯	905b688c	to dispute, to debate, to quarrel. See pien ⁴ .
pan ⁴ -lun ⁴		辯論		to discuss, to debate, to controvert.
pan ⁴ -sung ⁴		辯訟		to dispute, to debate.
pan ⁴ -tsui ³		辯嘴		to wrangle, to quarrel.
pan ⁴	人	伴	855a652a	a partner, an associate, a companion; to follow.
pan ⁴ -chia ⁴		伴駕		attendants of the emperor.
pan ⁴ -hsi ⁴		伴宿		to watch by a corpse night before burial.
pan ⁴ -lang ²		伴郎		groomsman at weddings.
pan ⁴ -lü ³		伴侶		an associate.
pan ⁴ -p'o ²		伴婆		female coroner (kuan ¹ mei ² p'o ²).
pan ⁴	手才	拌	855b654b	to separate; to throw away.
pan ⁴ -liang ² -ts'ai ⁴ -êrh ²		拌凉菜兒		a cold salad.
pan ⁴ -shan ⁴ -ts'ao ³ -lia ³		拌上草料		to mix straw and grain
pan ⁴ -shui ³		拌水		to mix water with fodder.
pan ⁴ -tu ³ -tzü ³		拌肚子		pork tripe salad
pan ⁴ -yün ²		拌勻		to mix evenly.
pan ⁴	瓜	瓣	856a652c	the section of a melon, orange, etc., petals.

P'AN ¹	手扳	攀	858a653a	to drag, to draw, to pull, to lead; to climb.
p'an ¹ -ch'ê ³		攀扯		to implicate, to drag into matter.
p'an ¹ -chi ⁴		攀躋		to climb up.
p'an ¹ -kuei ⁴		攀桂		to attain an M.A. degree; to marry a wife.
p'an ¹ -kung ¹		攀弓		to draw a bow (la ¹ kung ¹).
p'an ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'i ³		攀不起		can't afford to be friends with.
p'an ¹ -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴		攀不到		unable to climb or reach up to; cannot haul in.
p'an ¹ -yüan ²		攀援		to climb up to anything; to attach to.
p'an ¹	水	潘	857b653c	dregs; spots on the face.

P'AN ² (tzü)	皿	盤	856c653c	a vessel, tub, dish, plate, etc., to coil up.
p'an ² -ch'a ²		盤查		to examine, to search.
p'an ² -ch'a ² -chien ¹ -kuei ³		盤查奸宄		to question bad characters.
p'an ² -ch'a ² -hsing ² -jên ²		盤查行人		to question travellers.
p'an ² -ch'an ²		盤纏		travelling expenses.
p'an ² -ch'iang ¹		盤鎗		to twist the barrel of a gun (to make it).
p'an ² -ch'ien ²		盤踐		travelling expenses.
p'an ² -ch'ü ¹		盤曲		coiled up as a snake.

p'an²-fei⁴ 盤費
 p'an²-hsiang¹ 盤香
 p'an²-huan²-chi¹-jih⁴ 盤桓幾日
 p'an²-jao⁴ 盤繞
 p'an²-kang⁴-t-ü³ 盤槓子
 p'an²-k'ang⁴ 盤炕
 p'an²-ku³-shih⁴ 盤古氏
 p'an²-lu⁴ 盤路
 p'an²-lung⁴ 盤弄
 p'an²-pien⁴-t-ü³ 盤辮子
 p'an²-shang⁴ 盤上
 p'an²-tao³ 盤倒
 p'an²-tao⁴ 盤道
 p'an²-tao⁴-rh² 盤道兒
 p'an²-t-ü³ 盤子
 p'an²-t-ü³-ch'êng⁴ 盤子秤
 p'an²-t-ü³-wan³ 盤子碗
 p'an²-wên⁴ 盤問
 p'an²-yü² 盤盂
 p'an² 足 躐 盤 857a653c
 p'an²-cho² 盤着
 p'an²-hsi²-tu³-tso⁴ 盤膝打坐
 p'an²-t'ui³ 盤腿
 p'an²-t'ui³-tso⁴-cho² 盤腿坐着
 p'an² 虫 蟠 857c653b
 p'an²-t'ao² 蟠桃
 p'an²-t'ao²-hui⁴ 蟠桃會
 p'an² 石 磐 857a654a
 p'an²-shih² 磐石
 p'an² 木 槃 856b654a

P'AN⁴ 刀 判 858b654b
 p'an⁴-rh² 判兒
 p'an⁴-fan³ 判做
 p'an⁴-ho² 判合
 p'an⁴-kuan¹ 判官
 p'an⁴-pieh²-chi²-hsiang⁴ 判別吉凶
 p'an⁴-shu¹ 判書
 p'an⁴-tuan⁴ 判斷
 p'an⁴-tuan⁴-an⁴-chien⁴ 判斷案件
 p'an⁴-yen² 判言
 p'an⁴-yü³ 判語
 p'an⁴ 又 叛 858c652a

travelling expenses.
 coiled incense stick,
 to stroll about a few days.
 to wind or circle round.
 to coil round the bar (gymnastics).
 to build a stove-bed.
 Chinese Adam. Note 75.
 a road up a mountain.
 to use up, to harass. [tzü³].
 to coil the queue around the head (wan⁴ pien⁴).
 to wind up, to coil round.
 to overthrow in argument.
 to discuss doctrine.
 a winding road.
 a tub, vessel, plate, dish, etc.
 a balance with pans.
 dishes and bowls.
 to interrogate
 a basin, cup or bowl.
 to sit cross-legged, to squat.
 squatting, sitting cross-legged.
 to sit cross-legged.
 same.
 sitting cross-legged
 to coil around spirally.
 whorled peach.
 a feast in Paradise.
 a huge rock, firm.
 a huge rock, solid rock.
 a tray (t'o¹ p'an²).
 to decide, to judge; to divide (shên³ p'an⁴).
 the recording angels (Buddhist).
 to mark copy writing—as good or bad.
 conjunction, union.
 the recording angels (Buddhist).
 to decide between good and evil omens,
 book containing record of criminal cases, etc.
 to determine, to decide.
 to decide a case in law.
 the sentence after decision, judgment.
 same.
 to separate from, to revolt, to desert, to emigrate

p'an⁴-fei³ 叛匪
 p'an⁴-luan⁴ 叛亂
 p'an⁴-ni⁴ 叛逆
 p'an⁴-tsei² 叛賊
 p'an⁴ 目 盼 S558c654c
 p'an⁴-hsiang³ 盼望
 p'an⁴-ni³-lai² 盼你來
 p'an⁴-t'ou² 盼頭
 p'an⁴-wang⁴ 盼望
 p'an⁴-yü³ 盼雨
 p'an⁴ 水 泮 S558b654b
 p'an⁴-ch'ih² 泮池
 p'an⁴ (t-ü) 衣 襟 S558a654c

rebels (fan³ luan⁴).
 rebellion and anarchy.
 insurrection, rebellion ; rebels.
 rebels.
 to hope, to expect, to look towards or for.
 to long for, to hope.
 longing for your coming (k'ou³ hsiang³).
 something to hope for.
 to hope, to expect (chih³ wang⁴).
 to long for rain.
 the chief college of a State (ju⁴ p'an⁴).
 semi-circular pool in Confucian temple.
 a loop, a catch ; a sash ; chiu-strap.

PANG¹ 巾 幫 (S59b657a
 pang¹ 幫
 pang¹-ch'iang¹ 幫腔
 pang¹-ch'ien² 幫錢
 pang¹-chü⁴ 幫助
 pang¹-chü⁴-ti¹ 幫助的
 pang¹-ch'ü²-t'ou² 幫兒頭
 pang¹-hu³-ch'ih¹-shih² 幫虎吃食
 pang¹-kuan¹ 幫官
 pang¹-i¹-chü⁴-hua⁴ 幫一句話
 pang¹-jên²-ta³.chia¹ 幫人打架
 pang¹-kung¹ 幫工
 pang¹-mang² 幫忙
 pang¹-pan⁴ 幫辦
 pang¹-pu³ 幫補
 pang¹-pu⁴-ch'ü³ 幫不起
 pang¹-pu⁴-liao³-ch'ien² 幫不了錢
 pang¹-shou⁵ 幫手
 pang¹-t'ao⁴ 幫套
 pang¹-ts'ou⁴-p'an²-ch'au² 幫湊盤纏
 pang¹-tsui³ 幫嘴
 pang¹-yen² 幫言
 pang¹ 邑 邦 S59a656a
 pang¹-ch'ü¹ 邦畿
 pang¹-chia¹ 邦家
 pang¹-chün¹ 邦君
 pang¹-jên² 邦人
 pang¹-kuo³ 邦國
 pang¹-wu²-tao⁴ 邦無道

to help, to assist.
 same.
 chorus ; choristers.
 to assist with money.
 to help, to assist (ch'an¹ fu²).
 an assistant, an abetter.
 name of a kind of beetle.
 fig. helping a tiger to a meal.
 a helper to the official.
 to put in a word in favor of.
 to help another to fight.
 to assist in work (not wanting payment).
 to help with any extra work, as at busy times.
 to assist in managing ; an assistant.
 to aid, to help.
 cannot afford to help.
 cannot assist with money.
 an assistant.
 leading-mule or mules of a team.
 help in getting together travelling expenses.
 to take part with one in an altercation.
 to assist by speaking.
 a country, state or nation (kuo³).
 the Imperial capital.
 the reigning family ; the state.
 a king (chün¹ wang²).
 the people of a country.
 a state, a nation, nations generally.
 a state in which injustice is rampant.

pang¹-yu⁴-tao⁴ 邦有道
 pang¹ (tzü) 木 梆^{S60a657b}
 pang¹-cho¹ 梆槩
 pang¹-pang¹ 梆梆
 pang¹-tzu³-ch'iu¹ 梆子腔
 pang¹-tzu³-mien⁴ 梆子麵

a state which has right prevailing.
 a watchman's rattle or clapper.
 a small narrow table.
 the sound of a rattle or clapper.
 castanet, of slow airs (theatres).
 flour of Indian corn.

PANG³ 糸 綁^{S59c657c}
 pang³ ch'ü³-lai² 綁起來
 pang³-chieh²-shih² 綁結實
 pang³-chu⁴ 綁住
 pang³-shang⁴ 綁上
 pang³-ü¹-chin³ 綁的緊
 pang³-t'ui³ 綁腿
 pang³-t'ui³-tai⁴ 綁腿帶
 pang³ 木 榜^{S50.657b}
 pang³-ch'ih³ 榜答
 pang³ lüo⁴ 榜掠
 pang³-shang⁴ 榜上
 pang³-wên² 榜文
 pang³-yang⁴ 榜樣
 pang³-yen³ 榜眼
 pang³ 糸 縳^{S60b657c}
 pang³-hsieh² 縳鞋
 pang³-li³ 縳履
 pang³ 舟 榜^{S60b657c}
 pang³-ch'uan² 榜船
 pang³-jên² 榜人
 pang³ 骨 髑^{S60b657b}
 pang³-pei⁴ 髑臂
 pang³-ta⁴-li⁴-kuan¹ 髑大力寬
 pang³-tzu³ 髑子
 pang³-tzu³-ku³ 髑子骨

to tie, to bind (k'un³).
 to tie up, to bind.
 to securely bind (chiao³ chin³ hsieh³).
 tied tightly.
 to tie up, to bind.
 tied tightly.
 to bind the legs.
 a garter for the legs.
 a list of successful candidates.
 to flog, to bastinado.
 to flog; to plunder (with violence).
 on the published list as a successful candidate.
 a notice, a proclamation, etc.
 an example, a pattern.
 second of the literati at the *Han-lin* examination.
 to bind shoes, shoe-binding.
 same.
 same.
 to board a vessel; two vessels side by side.
 same.
 a boatman accustomed to the water.
 the shoulders; the hips, the thighs (chien¹ pang³).
 "shoulders and arms," help, assistance
 broad shoulders and great strength,
 the shoulders.
 hip, thigh or shoulder bones.

PANG⁴ 言 謗^{S60b657c}
 pang⁴-hui³ 謗毀
 pang⁴-shu¹ 謗書
 pang⁴-tiao¹ 謗刁
 pang⁴-ü⁴-shêng⁴-tao⁴ 謗讒聖道
 pang⁴-yen² 謗言
 pang⁴ (tzü) 木 棒^{S59c657c}
 pang⁴-ch'ui² 棒槌
 pang⁴-ta³ 棒打

to backbite, to villify, to slander.
 to calumniate (hui³ pang⁴).
 a scurrilous pamphlet.
 to backbite.
 to revile the Holy Religion.
 slander.
 a drumstick, a staff, stick, or cudgel
 a beater used in washing clothes.
 to beat with a cudgel.

- pang*⁴ 虫 (蚌) S59a657c the oyster. See *p'eng*³.
*pang*⁴ 蚌 same (ko² li').
*pang*⁴-ko² 蚌蛤 same.
*pang*⁴-k'o¹ 蚌殼 oyster shells.
*pang*⁴ 人 傍 S61a658b near. Also *p'ang*².
*pang*⁴-wan³ 傍晚 near evening.
- P'ANG¹**
*p'ang*¹-chang⁴ 肉 胖 S61c658c stout, fleshy, fat; large; ugly. See *p'ang*⁴.
*p'ang*¹-chung³ 胖脹 a swelled stomach; swollen; putrid.
*p'ang*¹-fei² 胖腫 swollen (as a finger, etc.).
*p'ang*¹-hsiao³-êrh² 胖肥 fat, lusty.
*p'ang*¹-tun¹-tun¹-ti¹ 胖小兒 a fat little son.
*p'ang*¹ 石 磅 S61a658a excessively fat.
imitation of English pound.
- P'ANG²**
*p'ang*²-ch'a¹-hua¹ 方 旁 S60c658b the sides; by the sides; near to.
*p'ang*²-ch'iu² 旁插花 flower on side of head.
*p'ang*²-ch'u¹ 旁求 to seek everywhere.
*p'ang*²-ch'u¹ 旁出 diverging from the side (as a bye-road).
*p'ang*²-ch'u¹ 旁處 another or neighbouring place.
*p'ang*²-jên² 旁人 a bystander; to accompany.
*p'ang*²-jo⁴-wu²-jên² 旁若無人 proud, conceited.
*p'ang*²-kuan¹ 旁觀 to look on.
*p'ang*²-kuan¹-che³ 旁觀者 a looker on.
*p'ang*²-mên²-tso³-tao⁴ 旁門左道 heretical sects.
*p'ang*²-ming² 旁明 near down.
*p'ang*²-pien¹ 旁邊 the side; by the side of.
*p'ang*²-pien¹-ti¹ 旁邊的 by the side of.
*p'ang*²-pien¹-ti¹-jên² 旁邊的人 bystander.
*p'ang*²-pu⁴-hsiang¹-kan¹ 旁不相干 no one else's business.
*p'ang*²-tao¹-êrh² 旁道兒 a diverging road.
*p'ang*²-tso⁴ 旁坐 to sit by the side of.
*p'ang*²-wan³ 旁晚 near evening (read *pang*⁴).
*p'ang*²-wu³ 旁午 near noon (read *pang*⁴).
*p'ang*² 人 傍 S61a658b the sides; to approach to; to lean against; left.
*p'ang*²-cho² 傍着 to draw near to; to recline against.
*p'ang*²-chou¹-li⁴ 傍州例 the same style, fashion, etc.
*p'ang*²-jên² 傍人 bystanders; to depend on a person.
*p'ang*² 肉 膀 S61b658c the loins, the groin.
*p'ang*²-kuang¹ 膀胱 the bladder.
*p'ang*² 虫 螃 S61b659b a crab, crabs
*p'ang*²-hsieh⁴ 螃蟹 same.
*p'ang*² 金 鏟 S61b658a to scrape off; to rake.

p'ang².ti⁴
p'ang² 口 鏟^{S61a} ○

to hoe over the ground (ch'u² ti⁴).
to boast; to backbite.

P'ANG¹ 肉 胖^{S61c659c}
p'ang¹.hai² 胖孩
p'ang¹.jên² 胖人
p'ang¹.shou⁴ 胖瘦
p'ang¹.tê².hên³ 胖得狠
p'ang¹.t'ü³ 胖子

stout, fleshy, fat; large. See *p'ang¹*.
a plump child (fei²).
a stout person
fat and lean, stout and thin.
very stout.
a stout person.

PAO¹ 勺 包^{S62b663a}
pao¹.ch'ê¹ 包車
pao¹.ch'i³.lai² 包起來
pao¹.chiao³ 包腳
pao¹.chin¹.t'ü¹ 包金的
pao¹.ch'uan¹ 包船
pao¹.chuang¹ 包莊
pao¹.chung³ 包種
pao¹.rū² 包兒
pao¹.fan⁴ 包飯
pao¹.jên¹ 包封
pao¹.jū² 包袱
pao¹.han² 包含
pao¹.han² 包涵
pao¹.hsiu¹.fang².wu¹ 包修房屋
pao¹.jung² 包容
pao¹.kuan³ 包管

a bundle; to wrap up, to enclose.
to guarantee carts.
to wrap up (mêng² kuó³).
to bind the feet, as Chinese girls (ch'an² chiao³).
gilt with gold (tu⁴ chin¹).
to guarantee boats.
a storehouse, a shed; to guarantee, to warrant.
Powchong (tea).
a bundle, a parcel.
to contract for food.
a sealed enclosure.
a bundle, a wrapper.
to contain in the mouth; to say nothing, reticent.
to bear with patiently (pao¹ jung²).
to contract for repairing a house.
to bear with patiently.
to warrant, to guarantee, to be answerable for.
{ privilege of returning goods if unsuitable (kuan³
{ pao¹ hui² huan⁴).

pao¹.kuan³.wu².shih⁴ 包管無事
pao¹.kung¹ 包工
pao¹.kuo³ 包裹
pao¹.lan³ 包攬
pao¹.lan³.hsien².shih⁴ 包攬閒事
pao¹.lan³.t'zu².sung¹ 包攬詞訟
pao¹.ling³ 包領
pao¹.man².cho² 包瞞着
pao¹.pan⁴ 包辦
pao¹.pan⁴.chiu².hsi² 包辦酒席
pao¹.p'ci² 包賠
pao¹.pi⁴ 包庇
pao¹.sung¹.hsin⁴.wên² 包送信文
pao¹.ta³.t'ing¹ 包打聽

to guarantee there will be no trouble.
piece work, to work by the job.
to wrap up or round; a parcel.
to monopolize; a broker.
to meddle with what does not concern.
to undertake responsibility of another's lawsuit.
to be security for any one.
conceited.
to undertake, to transact.
to contract for feasts.
to compensate; compensation; to guarantee.
to protect, to shelter.
to undertake to forward letters.
detectives, spies (tso⁴ hsien⁴).

pao ¹ -ti ¹ -kuang ³	包的廣	includes a great deal.
pao ¹ -t'ou ²	包頭的	a wrapper for the head; to wrap the head.
pao ¹ -t'ou ² -ti ¹	包頭的	men who personate women.
pao ¹ -ts'ang ²	包藏	to be stored up or contained; to conceal.
pao ¹ -ts'ao ²	包漕	to guarantee the grain-tribute.
pao ¹ -t'zǎ ³	包子	a dumpling, a pudding.
pao ¹ -yüan ²	包元	to include all the lot; to be responsible for the
pao ¹ -yung ¹	包用	to guarantee a thing to be suitable.
pao ²	肉 胞 ^{863a663b}	the womb (t'ai ¹ i ¹).
pao ¹ -chieh ³	胞姐	an elder sister by the same parents.
pao ¹ -hsiung ¹	胞兄	an elder brother by the same parents.
pao ¹ -hsiung ¹ -ti ⁴	胞兄弟	brothers by the same parents (t'ung ² pao ²).
pao ¹ -i ¹	胞衣	the womb.
pao ¹ -mei ⁴	胞妹	a younger sister by the same parents.
pao ¹ -ti ¹	胞弟	a younger brother by the same parents.
pao ¹	衣褒 褒 ^{865a663b}	to praise, to commend; large garments
pao ¹ -chiang ³	褒獎	to praise, to extol.
pao ¹ -j'eng ¹	褒封	to promote after death.
pao ¹ -pien ³	褒貶	praise and blame, to criticize; fault-finding.
pao ¹	刀 剝 ^{919a708b}	to flay. See po ¹ .
pao ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	剝去	same.
pao ¹ -ch'ü ⁴ -p'ü ² -mao ²	剝去皮毛	to flay skin and hair.
pao ¹ -li ⁴ -t'zǎ ³	剝栗子	to shell a chestnut.
pao ¹ -p'ü ²	剝皮	to peel, to skin.
pao ¹ -yang ³	剝羊	to flay a sheep.
PAO ²	艸 廿 薄 ^{921a705a}	thin, light, poor, bad; few; single. See po ² .
pao ² -ho ⁴	薄厚	thin and thick.
pao ² -i ¹ -tien ³ -rh ²	薄一點兒	a little thinner.
pao ² -j'ên ²	薄人	prostitutes.
pao ² -li ³	薄禮	poor presents.
pao ² -lo ⁴ -j'ên ²	薄落人	prostitutes (ch'ang ¹ chi ¹).
pao ² -tai ⁴ -j'ên ²	薄待人	to treat people slightly.
pao ² -tan ⁴	薄淡	thin, weak.
pao ² (t'zǎ)	雨 雹 ^{863b708c}	hail (l'eng ³ t'zǎ ³).
pao ² -ping ¹	雹水	hail-stones.
pao ² -shên ² -miao ⁴	雹神廟	temple of the God of Hail.
PAO ³	人保 保 ^{864a664b}	to nourish, to protect; to guarantee.
pao ³ -chang ¹	保長	a kind of constable or overseer, a head-man.
pao ³ -ch'êng ³	保正	head borough (ti ⁴ pao ³).
pao ³ -ch'êng ²	保呈	a security, a guarantee.
pao ³ -chia ¹	保家	a surety, one who is answerable, a bail.

pao³-chia³ 保甲
 pao³-chia³-chü² 保甲局
 pao³-chia⁴ 保駕
 pao³-chieh² 保結
 pao³-cho² 保着
 pao³-ch'ü¹-lai² 保出來
 pao³-chü³ 保舉
 pao³-ch'üan² [ming⁴ 保全
 pao³-ch'üan²-shêng¹- 保全生命
 pao³-chuang⁴ 保狀
 pao³-chung⁴ 保重
 pao³-chung²-shên¹-t'i³ 保重身體
 pao³-hao³ 保好
 pao³-hu⁴ 保護
 pao³-huo² 保活
 pao³-jên² 保人
 pao³-kuan³ 保管
 pao³-lin³ 保廩
 pao³-ling³ 保領
 pao³-pên³ 保本
 pao³-pi⁴ 保庇
 pao³-piao¹-ti¹ 保標的
 pao³-pu⁴-chu⁴ 保不住
 pao³-pu⁴-ting⁴ 保不定
 pao³-shên¹ 保身
 pao³-shou³ 保守
 pao³-tan¹ 保單
 pao³-t'iao⁰-tzü³ 保條子
 pao³-ting⁴ 保定
 pao³-tsou⁴ 保奏
 pao³-ts'un² 保存
 pao³-yang³ 保養
 pao³-yu⁴ 保佑
 pao³ 食 飽 S63b664c
 pao³-fan⁴ 飽飯
 pao³-han⁴-tzü¹ 飽漢子
 pao³-hsüeh² 飽學
 pao³-ku³-ku³-ti¹ 飽鼓鼓的
 pao³-man³ 飽滿
 pao³-man³-fêng¹-ying² 飽滿豐盈
 pao³-nuan³ 飽暖
 pao³-shih² 飽食
 pao³-shih²-chung¹-jih¹ 飽食終日

tithing system.
 the office of tithing system.
 an imperial guardian ; to escort the emperor.
 a contract, a bond.
 to be security for.
 answerable or responsible for.
 to recommend ; to be security for (chien⁴ chü³).
 to preserve entire.
 to preserve life.
 to give security.
 to take care of yourself (to a friend).
 to take care of one's person.
 keep safe. [(shou³ hu⁴).
 to protect, to succour, to preserve, to guard
 to guarantee life.
 a security, a bail.
 to guarantee. [tions.
 the graduate security for students at examina-
 to secure, to guarantee.
 letters of guarantee, etc.
 to protect.
 escort, convoy, guards (fang⁴ ch'ia¹ tzü³).
 cannot guarantee.
 cannot certainly assure.
 to take care of one's person, to nurse one's self.
 to defend.
 a written guarantee, a warranty.
 same.
 properly guaranteed, etc.
 to recommend to the Throne—for reward.
 to preserve.
 to protect, to preserve.
 to protect.
 to eat to fullness, satiated, indolent.
 a full hearty meal, satiated (ho¹ tsu² liao³).
 a man satisfied with food.
 "full of learning," well read, learned.
 bulging, distended, bellied.
 to eat to the full (ch'ih¹ pao³).
 satisfied fully with food.
 full and warm, fed and clothed.
 a full hearty meal, satiated.
 satiated the whole day.

pao³-yen⁴ 飽厭
 pao³ 喜 (寶) S65a663c
 pao³-an¹ 寶庵
 pao³-ch' a⁴ 寶利器
 pao³-ch' i⁴ 寶劍
 pao³-chien⁴ 寶珠
 pao³-chu¹ 寶莊
 pao³-chuang¹ 寶眷
 pao³-chüan⁴ 寶號
 pao³-hao⁴ 寶盒
 pao³-ho² 寶觀
 pao³-kuan⁴ 寶貴
 pao³-kuei⁴ 寶藍
 pao³-lan² 寶貝
 pao³-pei⁴ 寶貝 東西
 pao³-pei⁴-tung¹-hsi¹ 寶色
 pao³-sé⁴ 寶石
 pao³-shih² 寶石 頂子
 pao³-shih²-ting³ tsü³ 寶寺
 pao³-ssü⁴ 寶座
 pao³-tso⁴ 寶物
 pao³-wu⁴ 鳥 鵠 S65c664a
 pao³-êrh² 鵠兒

satiated, satisfied.
 precious, valuable ; to value.
 same.
 your convent or monastery (Buddhist).
 your monastery (Buddhist).
 precious articles.
 a trusty blade, a double-edged sword.
 precious gem (chên¹ chu¹).
 your firm.
 your wife ; a family.
 name of your firm.
 a cup used in gambling.
 your monastery (Taoist).
 precious, valuable, etc.
 sapphire blue.
 precious (chên¹ pao³).
 a precious thing.
 beautiful appearance.
 precious stone.
 a button of precious stone.
 your fine temple (complimentary).
 the throne (lung² wei⁴).
 a precious commodity.
 bustard, cuckold.
 bustard ; brothel keeper.

PAO⁴ 手 抱 S63c665a
 pao⁴-chin⁴-lai² 抱進來
 pao⁴-ch' ü¹ 抱屈
 pao⁴-chu⁴ 抱住
 pao⁴-hai²-rh² 抱孩兒
 pao⁴-hên⁴ 抱恨
 pao⁴-huai² 抱懷
 pao⁴-kao⁴ 抱告
 pao⁴-k' uei⁴ 抱愧
 pao⁴-ping⁴ 抱病
 pao⁴-pu⁴-ping² 抱不平
 pao⁴-tan⁴ 抱蛋
 pao⁴-t'ou²-t'ung⁴-k' u¹ 抱頭痛哭
 pao⁴-t'ou⁴-shu³-ts'uan⁴ 抱頭鼠竄
 pao⁴-wu¹-tzü³ 抱娃子
 pao⁴-wei³-ch' ü¹ 抱委屈
 pao⁴-yang³ 抱養

[chih⁴ shih²].
 to nurse, to embrace ; to cherish ; to feel (pao⁴
 to carry in the arms.
 to feel aggrieved.
 to embrace.
 to nurse a child.
 to harbour resentment.
 to encompass, to enfold ; one's own ability.
 an attorney ; to prosecute for another.
 to feel ashamed (t'ao³ k' uei⁴).
 to be sick.
 to take one's part and assist when aggrieved.
 to incubate (fu² wo²).
 to hold one's head and cry bitterly.
 to steal off, to skulk away.
 to nurse a baby.
 to feel aggrieved, to suffer injustice.
 to adopt, to bring up another's child.

<i>pao⁴-yüan⁴</i>	抱怨	to feel resentment (<i>mai² yüan⁴</i>).
<i>pao⁴</i>	土報	to announce, to report to ; to repay, to requite
<i>pao⁴-ch'ang²</i>	報償	to revenge, to avenge.
<i>pao⁴-chih¹</i>	報知	to acquaint, to inform.
<i>pao⁴-ch'ou²</i>	報讎	to revenge, to avenge.
<i>pao⁴-ch'ou²-hsüeh³-hên⁴</i>	報仇雪恨	to avenge oneself.
<i>pao⁴-ên¹</i>	報恩	to be grateful, to make a return for favours.
<i>pao⁴-hsi³</i>	報喜	to congratulate (<i>ch'ing⁴ ho⁴, tao⁴ hsi³</i>).
<i>pao⁴-hsin⁴</i>	報信	to announce, to tell news.
<i>pao⁴-hsin⁴-ti¹</i>	報信的	a letter carrier.
<i>pao⁴-huo⁴-tan¹</i>	報貨單	an "application," a permit.
<i>pao⁴-ko⁴-hsin⁴</i>	報個信	to bring news.
<i>pao⁴-k'o⁴</i>	報客	to announce a visitor.
<i>pao⁴-kuan¹</i>	報官	to inform the magistrate.
<i>pao⁴-miao⁴</i>	報廟	burn paper at temple on a death.
<i>pao⁴-ming²-shang⁴-ts'ê⁴</i>	報名上册	to register your name.
<i>pao⁴-sang¹</i>	報喪	to announce a death.
<i>pao⁴-shih⁴-pu⁴-shuang¹</i>	報事不爽	unerring report.
<i>pao⁴-shui⁴</i>	報稅	to pay duties on moving goods.
<i>pao⁴-ta²</i>	報答	to recompense, to make a return ; to retort.
<i>pao⁴-tan¹</i>	報單	a paper announcing something, a report.
<i>pao⁴-tao⁴</i>	報盜	to report a theft.
<i>pao⁴-tao⁴</i>	報道	to announce, to inform.
<i>pao⁴-tao⁴-ti¹</i>	報道的	an informant.
<i>pao⁴-t'iao³</i>	報條	a notice, as of honor conferred.
<i>pao⁴-t'ieh¹</i>	報帖	same.
<i>pao⁴-t-zh³</i>	報子	a placard ; a scout.
<i>pao⁴-ying⁴</i>	報應	to recompense, to make a return.
<i>pao⁴-yüan⁴</i>	報怨	to take revenge.
<i>pa⁴</i>	日讒	fierce, passionate, cruel ; a storm, a tempest.
<i>pao⁴-chuan⁴</i>	暴傳	instantaneous, suddenly, etc.
<i>pao⁴-fa¹-huo³-yen³</i>	暴發火眼	fierce prominent eyes.
<i>pao⁴-fêng¹</i>	暴風	a violent wind (<i>k'uang³ fêng¹</i>).
<i>pao⁴-k'o⁴</i>	暴客	robbers, desperadoes.
<i>pao⁴-lieh⁴</i>	暴烈	terrific—as a storm.
<i>pao⁴-mên³</i>	暴猛	brutal, ferocious.
<i>pao⁴-nio⁴</i>	暴虐	to tyrannize over.
<i>pao⁴-nio⁴-chih¹-chun¹</i>	暴虐之君	a tyrant.
<i>pao⁴-nu⁴</i>	暴怒	fierce anger.
<i>pao⁴-ping⁴</i>	暴病	sudden illness.
<i>pao⁴-tu³</i>	暴打	to beat violently (<i>o⁴ ta³</i>).
<i>pao⁴-tsao⁴-ju²-lei²</i>	暴噪如雷	fierce as thunder.
<i>pao⁴-t'u³</i>	暴土	dust flying in air, e. g., travelling.

<i>pao⁴ yü³</i>	暴雨	S66b666c	a violent shower, heavy rain.
<i>pao⁴</i>	火 爆	S66b666c	the sound of fireworks, to fizz; fireworks.
<i>pao⁴-chu²</i>	爆竹		fireworks, crackers (pien ¹ pao ⁴ , huo ³ pien ¹).
<i>pao⁴-chang¹</i>	爆 燗		a fire-cracker.
<i>pao⁴-lieh⁴</i>	爆裂		cracked, chapped.
<i>pao⁴-mei²</i>	爆煤		crackling coal.
<i>pao⁴</i>	魚 鮑	S63b665a	stinking fish; a surname; awabi.
<i>pao⁴-yü²</i>	鮑魚		stinking fish; awabi.
<i>pao⁴-yü²-k'o¹</i>	鮑魚壳		clam shells.
<i>pao⁴ (tzü)</i>	金 刨	S62c665b	a plane (also 刨).
<i>pao⁴-ch'uang²-tzü³</i>	刨床子		the frame of a plane.
<i>pao⁴</i>	水 瀑	S66a718a	heavy rain.
<i>pao⁴-pu⁴</i>	瀑布		waterfall.
<i>pao⁴-pu⁴-ch'üan²</i>	瀑布泉		waterfall spring.
<i>pao⁴</i>	日 曝	S66c666c	fierce heat.
<i>pao⁴-jê⁴</i>	曝熱		excessively hot.
<i>pao⁴-jih⁴-ju²-huo³</i>	曝日如火		the sun as hot as fire.
<i>pao⁴</i>	豸 豹	S62a665b	the leopard, panther, etc.
<i>pao⁴-hu³</i>	豹虎		leopards and tigers (lang ² ch'ung ² hu ³ pao ⁴).
<i>pao⁴</i>	艸 廿 妮 刁	S64a665b	hatching.
<i>pao⁴-wo¹</i>	菹窩		(hen) sitting.
P'AO¹	手 才 抛	S68b666a	to throw; to let go; to put down; to spread out.
<i>p'ao¹-ch'i⁴</i>	拋棄		to cast away, to reject (jêng ¹ , p'ieh ¹).
<i>p'ao¹-chia¹-shih¹-yeh⁴</i>	拋家失業		to leave home and abandon property.
<i>p'ao¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	拋去		to throw away, to abandon.
<i>p'ao¹-chuan¹-yin³-yü⁴</i>	拋磚引玉		to cast a brick and get jade (fig.).
<i>p'ao¹-fei⁴</i>	拋費		to squander, extravagance (ch'ih ³ shé ¹).
<i>p'ao¹-mao²</i>	拋錨		to cast anchor.
<i>p'ao¹-p'ieh¹</i>	拋撇		to reject, to throw away or aside.
<i>p'ao¹-sa¹</i>	拋撒		to separate, to distribute.
<i>p'ao¹-san⁴</i>	拋散		to squander, extravagance.
<i>p'ao¹-shê³</i>	拋捨		to reject, to abandon.
<i>p'ao¹-t'ou² lou⁴-mien⁴</i>	拋頭露面		[t'ou ² lou ⁴ mien ⁴]. to expose one's self to view (said of women) (ch'u ¹
<i>p'ao¹-ch'i⁴-hung²-ch'ên²</i>	拋棄紅塵		to reject the world.
<i>p'ao¹</i>	肉 脬	S68c666b	bladder (shui ³ p'ao ¹).
<i>p'ao¹</i>	肉 胞	S63a663b	placenta. See <i>pao¹</i> .
P'AO²	刀 刈 刨	S62c665b	to dig, to hoe; to plane, to pare off.
<i>p'ao²-ch'u¹</i>	刨出		to dig up.
<i>p'ao²-ch'u¹-lai²</i>	刨出來		same.
<i>p'ao²-ch'ü⁴-ling²-êrh²</i>	刨去零兒		to throw off the fractional amount.
<i>p'ao⁴-hua¹-tzü³</i>	刨花子		wood shavings.

p'ao²-kên¹-êrh² 刨根兒
 p'ao²-kên¹-wên⁴-tî³ 刨根問底
 p'ao²-k'êng¹ 刨坑
 p'ao²-p'í² 刨皮
 p'ao²-têng⁴ 刨凳
 p'ao²-tî⁴ 刨地
 p'ao²-t-zũ³ 刨子
 p'ao²-wa¹ 刨挖
 p'ao² 口 咆 S67a666c
 p'ao²-hsiao¹ [t'ang² 咆哮
 p'ao²-hsiao¹-kung¹- 咆哮公堂
 p'ao²-hsiao¹-shih¹-t-zũ³ 咆哮獅子
 p'ao² (t-zũ) 衣 袍 S68a667a
 p'ao²-kua⁴ 袍褂
 p'ao²-tai⁴-hsi⁴ 袍帶戲
 p'ao²-t'ao⁴ 袍套
 p'ao² 火 炮 S67b667a
 p'ao²-chih⁴ 炮製
 p'ao²-lao⁴ 炮烙
 p'ao²-lien⁴-yao⁴-ts'ai² 炮煉藥材
 p'ao² (t-zũ) 鹿 麇 S68b667b

to dig out the root.
 to ferret out the particulars.
 to dig a hole or pit. [(ch'u² p'í²).
 to deduct weight of bag, etc., to find net weight
 a carpenter's bench.
 to dig the ground (chūeh² k'ai¹).
 a curry comb.
 to dig up or out.
 to roar, bluster.
 roaring, blustering.
 disorderly behaviour in court.
 a roaring lion.
 a long outer garment.
 outer coat (men's).
 plays in which official robes are worn.
 an overcoat. [Also pao¹.
 to roast, to burn, to bake; a cannon; a rocket.
 to compound medicines, to decoct.
 to roast a person alive (an ancient punishment).
 to bake raw drugs.
 a kind of deer (spotted).

P'AO³ 足 跑 S68a667b
 p'ao³-chang⁴-tî¹ 踭賬的
 p'ao³-chên¹ 跑鍼
 p'ao³-chiang¹-hu² 跑江湖
 p'ao³-ch'iao² 跑橋
 p'ao³-hai³ 跑海
 p'ao³-han⁴-h'uan²-tî¹ 跑旱船的
 p'ao³-hang²-shih⁴-tî¹ 跑行市的
 p'ao³-hsi⁴-liao³-t'ui³ 跑細了腿
 p'ao³-hsieh⁴-tî¹ 跑獍的
 p'ao³-hsin⁴ 跑信
 p'ao³-hui²-lai²-liao³ 跑回來了
 p'ao³-hung²-ch'í² 跑紅旗
 p'ao³-i¹-shên¹-han⁴ 跑一身汗
 p'ao³-k'ai³ 跑開
 p'ao³-kêng³-t-zũ³ 跑瘦子
 p'ao³-lu⁴ 跑路
 p'ao³-má³ 跑馬
 p'ao³-má³-ch'ang² 跑馬場
 p'ao³-má³-shih²-chien⁴ 跑馬射箭
 p'ao³-pao⁴-tî¹ 跑報的

to run, to run away, to race; to evacuate,
 debt collectors.
 to run a seam.
 an extensive traveller.
 e. g., priests at funerals.
 carters.
 to disport a ship-shape in procession,
 compradores, etc.
 run till legs are thin.
 circus riders (mai¹ hsieh⁴ tî¹).
 a messenger, a courier.
 came racing back.
 to announce a victory.
 ran so as to be wet with sweat.
 to run from.
 military practice on horseback in the furrow.
 a messenger, a runner, to travel.
 to gallop, to race; nocturnal emissions.
 a race-course.
 mounted archery.
 a mounted messenger or courier.

p'ao ³ -pin ¹	跑冰	to skate; to run on ice (liu ² ping ¹).
p'ao ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -ch'üan ¹	跑不出圈	cannot escape from the circle.
p'ao ³ -pu ⁴ -k'ai ¹	跑不開	can't run so as to get away.
p'ao ³ -pu ⁴ -liao ³ -la ¹	跑不了喇	cannot escape.
p'ao ³ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴	跑不動	unable to run or go.
p'ao ³ -t'an ¹	跑灘	to pass quickly over, e. g., quicksand.
p'ao ³ -t'ang ² -rh ² -ti ¹	跑堂兒的	an eating-house waiter.
p'ao ³ -tê ² -k'uai ⁴	跑得快	to run fast.
p'ao ³ -tien ¹ -tien ¹ -ti ¹	跑顛顛的	running in breathless haste.
p'ao ³ -t'o ¹	跑脫	to run off or away.
p'ao ³ -tu ⁴	跑肚	looseness, a bowel complaint (hsieh ⁴ li ⁴).
p'ao ³ -t'ui ³	跑腿	to run.

P'AO ⁴	水	泡	S67b667c	bubbles, blisters, pustules; to soak (chu ³ ao ²).
p'ao ⁴ -ch'a ²		泡茶		an infusion of tea; to make tea (ch'i ¹ ch'a ²).
p'ao ⁴ -ch'i ⁴		泡氣		froth.
p'ao ⁴ -êrh ²		泡兒		a bubble, blister (shui ³ p'ao ⁴).
p'ao ⁴ -mi ³ -chu ³ -fan ⁴		泡米煮飯		to soak rice and boil it.
p'ao ⁴ -shih ¹		泡濕		to moisten.
p'ao ⁴ -t'ou ⁴		泡透		soaked thoroughly.
p'ao ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -p'ên ² -li ³		泡在盆裏		soak it in the basin.
p'ao ⁴	石砲	礮	S68c667b	a cannon (ch'iang ¹).
p'ao ⁴ -ch'ê ¹		礮車		a gun carriage.
p'ao ⁴ -chia ⁴		礮架		same.
p'ao ⁴ -chü ²		礮局		arsenal.
p'ao ⁴ -ch'uan ²		礮船		a gun-boat.
p'ao ⁴ -hua ² -tzü ³		礮划子		river gun-boat.
p'ao ⁴ -shou ³		礮手		a gunner, an artilleryman.
p'ao ⁴ -t'ai ²		礮臺		a battery; a fortress.
p'ao ⁴ -tui ⁴		礮隊		a company of artillery.
p'ao ⁴ -tzü ³ -rh ²		礮子兒		shot, cannon balls.
p'ao ⁴ -wei ³		礮位		cannons, guns.

PEI ¹	十卑	卑	S69a668b	low, lowly, inferior, mean, base.
pei ¹ -chien ⁴ -ti ¹		卑賤的		abject cringing, servile, mean.
pei ¹ -chih ³		卑職		"low office," I, used by inferior officials.
pei ¹ -ch'u ¹		卑處		my humble place is — (chien ⁴ hsing ⁴).
pei ¹ -ch'ü ¹		卑屈		mean, servile, cringing; to cringe.
pei ¹ -jang ⁴		卑讓		humble, lowly; to humbly decline.
pei ¹ -lou ⁴		卑陋		mean, vile, vulgar, low (ch'ou ³ lou ⁴).
pei ¹ -ma ² -tzü ³		卑麻子		castor-oil seed.
pei ¹ -ma ² -yu ²		卑麻油		castor-oil.
pei ¹ -pei ¹		卑卑		very mean.

<i>pei¹-; ei¹-ch'ü¹-ch'ü¹</i>	卑卑屈屈	mean, servile, cringing; to cringe.
<i>pei¹. pei⁴</i>	卑輩	inferiors, low class of persons,
<i>pei¹-pi⁴</i>	卑鄙	mean, vile, vulgar, low.
<i>pei¹-wei¹</i>	卑微	low, mean, base.
<i>pei¹-wu¹</i>	卑污	base, filthy, mean.
<i>pei¹-yu⁴</i>	卑幼	a junior.
<i>pei¹</i>	心悲 ^{S71a668a}	mournful, sad; sympathy; to pity, to sympathize.
<i>pei¹-ai¹</i>	悲哀	to compassionate, to deplore (t'ü ² pei ¹).
<i>pei¹ ch'ü¹</i>	悲淒	mournful, sad, melancholy.
<i>pei¹-ch'ieh⁴</i>	悲切	same.
<i>pei¹-ch'o⁴</i>	悲悼	same.
<i>pei¹-ch'ou²</i>	悲愁	same.
<i>pei¹-hsi³ chiao¹-chi²</i>	悲喜交集	grief and joy in rapid succession.
<i>pei¹-shang¹</i>	悲傷	sad, melancholy (ai ¹ chi ²).
<i>pei¹-t'an⁴</i>	悲嘆	sad, distressed.
<i>pei¹-t'i²</i>	悲啼	to weep silently.
<i>pei¹-tsai¹</i>	悲哉	alas (ai ¹ ts'ai ¹).
<i>pei¹-ts'an³</i>	悲慘	melancholy, mournful; to mourn.
<i>pei¹-t'ung⁴</i>	悲痛	to weep bitterly (ai ¹ t'ung ²).
<i>pei¹</i>	石碑 ^{S69b668c}	a stone tablet (large and small) (i ¹ t'ung ³ pei ¹).
<i>pei¹-chi⁴</i>	碑記	inscription on a stone tablet.
<i>pei¹-chieh²</i>	碑碣	stone tablets (large and small).
<i>pei¹-lou²</i>	碑樓	a pavilion over a pei ¹ .
<i>pei¹-wên²</i>	碑文	the inscription on a tablet.
<i>pei¹-yin¹-t'i²-ming²</i>	碑陰題名	names written on back of stone.
<i>pei¹</i>	阜陂 ^{S70a704a}	a bank; a dam; a shore.
<i>pei¹-ch'ih²</i>	陂池	an artificial pond.
<i>pei¹ (t'zū)</i>	木盃 ^{S71b668a}	a cup (wan ³).
<i>pei¹-ming²-hou⁴-hsü¹</i>	杯茗候叙	with cups and tea I await you.
<i>pei¹</i>	人俾 ^{S69a669a}	to enable, to follow, to give; to benefit. See p ¹ .
<i>pei¹-tê²</i>	俾得	to enable to obtain or do.

PEI³

七

<i>pei³-ch'ên²</i>	北 ^{S70a709a}	north; to oppose, to retreat; perverse.
<i>pei³-chi²</i>	北辰	North Pole Star.
<i>pei³-ching¹</i>	北極	the north pole.
<i>pei³-ching¹.ch'êng²</i>	北京	the northern capital, Peking. K. I. 60.
<i>pei³-fang¹</i>	北京城	the city of Peking.
<i>pei³-hsing¹</i>	北方	the north.
<i>pei³-k'ou³</i>	北星	the north star,
<i>pei³-mien¹</i>	北口	Mongolia (k'ou ³ wai ⁴).
<i>pei³-mien¹-êrh²-ch'ao²</i>	北面	northerly; to have an audience with the emperor
<i>pei³-mo⁴</i>	北面而朝	to have an audience with the emperor.
	北額	aborigines on the north.

pei ³ -pien ¹ -rh ²	北邊兒	the north side, in the north.
pei ³ -ping ¹ -yang ²	北冰洋	North Arctic Ocean.
pei ³ -ti ²	北狄	Northern Ti tribes.
pei ³ -tou ³	北斗	Charles's-wain.
pei ³ -tou ³ -hsing ¹	北斗星	same.
pei ³ -yang ² -ta ⁴ -ch'ên ²	北洋大臣	Superintendent of Trade for northern ports.
PEI ⁴	衣	
pei ⁴ -chia ¹ -so ³ -lei ⁴	被家所累	to endure, to bear, to cover. M. 128. <i>to cause</i> , embarrassed by home affairs.
pei ⁴ -ch'ü ¹	被屈	wronged.
pei ⁴ -ch'ing ² -so ³ -kan ³	被情所感	moved by the circumstances.
pei ⁴ -ju ⁴	被負	to sustain, to bear, to endure.
pei ⁴ -huo ³ -so ³ -shao ¹	被火所燒	burnt by fire.
pei ⁴ -i ⁴	被議	an official talked about by other officials.
pei ⁴ -jên ² so ³ -hai ⁴	被人所害	injured by some one.
pei ⁴ -ju ⁴	被褥	coverlet and mattress bedding.
pei ⁴ kao ⁴	被告	a defendant.
pei ⁴ -ko ¹	被擱	a low cabinet for bedding on k'ang.
pei ⁴ -kua ¹	被掛	to become involved in another's affair.
pei ⁴ -lei ⁴	被累	harassed, reduced to poverty (lien ³ lei ⁴).
pei ⁴ -li ³	被裏	the lining of a coverlet.
pei ⁴ -liao ³ -shui ³ -tsai ¹	被了水災	suffered from flood.
pei ⁴ -lo ¹	被擄	a captive; to be made captive.
pei ⁴ -mien ⁴	被面	the outside or face of a coverlet.
pei ⁴ -na ²	被拿	to be apprehended (cho ¹ na ²).
pei ⁴ -nan ⁴ ti ¹ jên ²	被難的人	a sufferer.
pei ⁴ -piao ³	被表	the outside or face of a coverlet.
pei ⁴ -shang ¹	被傷	to receive a wound, to be wounded (chung ⁴ 中 [shang ¹]).
pei ⁴ -shih ⁴ -so ³ -ch'an ³	被事所纏	entangled by business.
pei ⁴ -t'a ¹ -ti ¹ -shang ¹	被他的傷	hurt by him.
pei ⁴ -t'a ¹ -t'ing ¹ -chien ¹	被他聽見	he overheard it.
pei ⁴ -t'a ¹ -tsê ¹ -fû ²	被他責罰	fined and beaten by him.
pei ⁴ -tan ¹	被單	a sheet, a coverlet.
pei ⁴ -t'ai ¹	被胎	a cotton bed-quilt.
pei ⁴ -tao ⁴	被盜	to be robbed.
pei ⁴ -t'ao ⁴	被套	bedding-bag (ju ⁴ t'ao ⁴).
pei ⁴ -tsei ² -t'ou ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	被賊偷去	a thief stole it away.
pei ⁴ -tzü ³	被子	coverlet.
pei ⁴ -wo ¹	被窩	upper clothing of a bed.
pei ⁴ -wo ¹ -ju ⁴ -tzü ³	被窩褥子	bedding and mattress, bedding.
pei ⁴	背	{ the back; to turn the back upon; to oppose (also 1st=carry on back).
pei ⁴ -chi ²	背集	the days on which there is no market (yü ⁴ chi ²).

pei⁴-chiao⁴
 pei⁴-chiao⁴-ti¹
 pei⁴-cho
 pei⁴-cho²-ch'ai²-huo³
 pei⁴-cho²-k'uang¹-tzü³
 pei⁴-f'u⁴
 pei⁴-f'u⁴-chung⁴-jên⁴
 pei⁴-f'u⁴-chung⁴-tsai³
 pei⁴-hou⁴
 pei⁴-hou⁴-tso⁴-i¹³
 pei⁴-hsiao²
 pei⁴-hsin¹
 pei⁴-hsiang⁴
 pei⁴-hui¹
 pei⁴-jên²
 pei⁴-kao¹-kan³-ch'uan²
 pei⁴-k'ou³-êrh²-hua⁴
 pei⁴-kuo⁴-ho²
 pei⁴-li³-wang²-jên³
 pei⁴-mien⁴
 pei⁴-ni⁴
 pei⁴-nien⁴
 pei⁴-p'an⁴
 pei⁴-pao¹-f'u²⁴
 pei⁴-pên³
 pei⁴-pu⁴-chü⁴
 pei⁴-pu⁴-tung⁴
 pei⁴-shu¹
 pei⁴-tao⁴
 pei⁴-têng¹-ying³-êrh²
 pei⁴-ti⁴
 pei⁴-ti⁴-li³
 pei⁴-tu²
 pei⁴-wang⁴
 pei⁴-yin¹-rh²
 pei⁴-yo⁴
 pei⁴-yün⁴ (see pei¹)
 pei⁴
 pei⁴
 pei⁴-an¹-tzü³
 pei⁴-êrh²-u⁴-yung⁴
 pei⁴-hsia⁴-liao³
 pei⁴-luan⁴

背教
 背教的
 背着
 背着柴火
 背着筐子
 背負
 背負重任
 背負重載
 背後
 背後作揖
 背學
 背心
 背巷
 背晦
 背人
 背篙趕船
 背口兒話
 背過河
 背理忘本
 背面
 背逆
 背念
 背叛
 包袱
 背本
 背不住
 背不動
 背書
 背道
 背道
 背燈影兒
 背地
 背地裏
 背讀
 背望
 背陰兒
 背約
 背運
 人
 備 S73a677c
 備 S73a677
 備鞍子
 備而不用
 備下了
 備亂

to apostatize.
 an apostate (fan³ chiao⁴).
 carrying on the back.
 carrying a load of fuel on the back.
 carrying a basket on the back.
 to carry on the back ; ungrateful (wang² en¹).
 bearing a heavy responsibility.
 carrying a heavy thing.
 behind the back.
 bow behind his back.
 to learn by heart.
 a waistcoat ; ungrateful (k'an¹ chin³ 'rh²).
 a retired lane.
 doting, drivelling, stupid.
 clandestinely (ssü¹ hsia⁴).
 lift an oar, and be a sailor.
 talk behind one's back.
 carried on the back across a river.
 contrary to reason, and forgetting the root.
 back to back ; a profile ; to disagree with.
 opposed to.
 to repeat by heart.
 to revolt, to desert from, to rebel.
 to carry a bundle on the back.
 to turn one's back on one's parents.
 cannot but be, cannot avoid.
 can't carry it on the back.
 to repeat a lesson by heart.
 opposed to the doctrine.
 the shadow behind a lamp.
 "back ground," underhand, clandestine.
 same.
 to repeat by heart.
 despair, to despair.
 "a back shade," a place that catches no sun,
 treaty-breaker.
 contrary to one's luck.
 to prepare, to provide ; ready, prepared,
 same.
 to saddle a horse, etc.
 ready even if not required.
 prepared, ready (yü⁴ pei⁴).
 to prepare for a rebellion, etc.

pei ⁴ -ma ³	備馬	to saddle and bridle a horse.
pei ⁴ -pan ⁴	備辦	to make ready, to prepare.
pei ⁴ -ping ¹	備兵	to prepare troops.
pei ⁴ -shang ⁴ -lü ²	備上驢	get the ass ready.
pei ⁴	人倍 871c670a	a multiple; to double; low, vulgar; to oppose.
pei ⁴ -chia ¹	倍加	twice as much; to add to.
pei ⁴ -chiu ¹ -chéng ⁴ -su ⁴	倍加整肅	to put in it extra good order.
pei ⁴ -li ⁴	倍利	double profit.
pei ⁴ -p'an ⁴	倍判	to rebel (fan ³ p'an ⁴).
pei ⁴ -ping ¹	倍兵	to increase or double troops.
pei ⁴ -tao ⁴	倍道	to make double stages in a journey.
pei ⁴	火焙 872a670a	to dry with fire; to hatch eggs with fire.
pei ⁴ -hu ² -liao ³	焙糊了	burnt, scorched.
pei ⁴ -kan ¹	焙乾	fire dried (huang ¹ huo ³).
pei ⁴ -luan ³	焙卵	to hatch eggs with fire.
pei ⁴ -shou ² -liao ³	焙熟了	properly cooked.
pei ⁴	衣裨 869c680b	to give to; to assist; to supply; to benefit.
pei ⁴ -chiang ⁴	裨將	an adjutant-general.
pei ⁴ -i ²	裨益	to benefit.
pei ⁴ -pu ³	裨補	to assist.
pei ⁴	心悖 872a671b	perverse, disobedient, rebellious; anarchy.
pei ⁴ -ju ⁴ -pei ⁴ -ch'u ¹	悖入悖出	obtained unfairly and lost unfairly.
pei ⁴ -li ³ -érh ² -hsing ²	悖理而行	acting contrary to what is right.
pei ⁴ -ni ⁴ -fu ⁴ -mu ³	悖謬父母	rebellious against parents.
pei ⁴ -ni ⁴	悖逆	refractory.
pei ⁴ -p'an ⁴	悖叛	to revolt, to rebel.
pei ⁴	車輩 871b670b	a generation; a sort, a class, a series; a company.
pei ⁴ chang ³	輩長	superiors, seniors (chang ³ pei ⁴).
pei ⁴ -rh ² -ta ⁴	輩兒大	a grandfather; superiors, seniors. [(pao ³ pei ⁴).
pei ⁴	貝貝 872a670a	pearls; valuable, precious; a duke; tortoise shell
pei ⁴ -lê ⁴	貝勒	a duke (3rd rank of princes) (Mauchoo).
pei ⁴ -lo ¹ -lo ² ching ¹	貝多羅經	Buddhist Scriptures.
pei ⁴ -t'ü ¹	貝資	wealth, property.
pei ⁴ -t'ü ³	貝子	a duke (4th rank of princes) (Manchoo).
pei ⁴ -yeh ⁴	貝葉	Buddhist Scriptures.
pei ⁴ -yü ⁴	貝玉	gems and valuables.
pei ⁴ (pi)	禾秕 884c674c	grain not come to perfection, empty grain.
pei ⁴ -k'ang ¹	秕糠	empty grain and chaff.
pei ⁴ -t'ü ³	秕子	grain not come to perfection, empty grain.
pei ⁴	方旆 872c671a	banners, streamers, flags.
pei ⁴ -ch'ü ²	旆旗	same.
pei ⁴	肉臂 872a678a	the fore-arm, the arm in general.
pei ⁴ -chou ³	臂肘	same (ko ¹ pei ⁴).

pei³ 𤝵 了 須^{872b670b}
 pei⁴ (t-ǎ) 衣 絹 被 裙^{871a669c}
 pei⁴ (pi⁴) 女 婢^{869b675c}

P'EI¹ 手 才 披^{892b678a}
 p'ei¹-chia¹-tai³-so³ 披 枷 帶 鎖
 p'ei¹-chia³ 披 甲
 p'ei¹-chia³¹-tai⁴-tao¹ 披 甲 帶 刀
 p'ei¹-chih² 披 執
 p'ei¹-fa³ 披 髮
 p'ei¹-hung² 披 紅
 p'ei¹ i¹-shang¹ 披 衣 裳
 p'ei¹-kua⁴ 披 掛
 p'ei¹-lan³ 披 籠
 p'ei¹-ma² 披 蓆
 p'ei¹-ma⁵-mêng²-hui¹ 披 蓆 蒙 灰
 p'ei¹-ma³-tai⁴-hsiao⁴ 披 蓆 帶 孝
 p'ei¹-mi² 披 靡
 p'ei¹-na⁴ 披 納
 p'ei¹-san⁴-cho²-t'ou² 披 散 着 頭
 p'ei¹-shu¹ 披 書
 p'ei¹-shu¹-ching¹ 披 樹 精
 p'ei¹-so¹-i¹ 披 蓑 衣
 p'ei¹-t'ou²-sa⁴-fa³ 披 頭 散 髮
 p'ei¹ 𠵼^{874b671a}
 p'ei¹-pu⁴ hai⁴-sao⁴ 𠵼 不 害 臊
 p'ei¹-t'u⁴ 𠵼 唾
 p'ei¹ 肉 胚 胚^{895a671c}
 p'ei¹-hün⁴ 胚 渾
 p'ei¹-t'ai¹ 胚 胎
 p'ei¹ 一 丕^{874b671a}
 p'ei¹-yün⁴ 丕 運

P'EI² 阜 陪^{874a672b}
 p'ei²-cho²-ni³-ch'ü¹ 陪 着 你 去
 p'ei²-chi⁴ 陪 祭
 p'ei²-chu⁴ 陪 助
 p'ei²-ch'ü⁴ 陪 貳
 p'ei²-fang² 陪 房
 p'ei²-hsiao⁴ 陪 笑
 p'ei²-k'o⁴ 陪 客
 p'ei²-pan⁴ 陪 伴
 p'ei²-pin³ 陪 賓

Je:boa; embarrassment. See lany²-pei⁴.
 paste-board (piao³).
 maid-servant.
 [cover. See p'f
 to carry on one's person; to open, to spread;
 wearing a collar and lock (criminal).
 to put on armour.
 put on armour and sword.
 in full uniform.
 dish-velled hair.
 to wear red clothing.
 to throw the clothes on carelessly.
 in full uniform.
 to open and read.
 to put on sackcloth.
 sackcloth and ashes.
 clad in sackcloth mourning.
 an army routed.
 to put on the priest's robe.
 dishevelled hair.
 to open a book.
 a tree-rooting sprite.
 (fig.) marry a prostitute and live on her earning
 dishevelled hair (p'êng²-sung¹). [pool
 a tone of insult, defiance, or contempt; psal
 Bah! you are not ashamed!
 to spit at (t'u¹ mo⁴).
 an unformed mass, an embryo; clouds, vapour
 an unformed mass (as floating clouds).
 an embryo of one month; incomplete, unfinish
 great.
 great luck.
 to bear company; to second; to double.
 I shall bear you company thither.
 the person assisting at an act of worship.
 to assist (pang¹ chu¹).
 a deputy, an assistant, a second.
 side rooms; bridesmaid.
 to greet with a smile.
 to keep a visitor company.
 to bear one company, to be comrade to.
 to attend upon, to keep a person company.

'ei²-shang¹-ti⁴ 陪上帝
 'ei²-sung¹ 陪送
 'ei² ts'cn¹ 陪親
 'ei²-tso⁴ 陪坐
 'ei² 具 陪 873c672b
 'ei²-ch'ien²-huo⁴ 賠錢貨
 'ei²-ch'ien²-ti'-shih⁴ 賠錢的事
 'ei²-chuan⁴ 賠賺
 'ei²-hua⁴ 賠話
 'ei²-huan² 賠還
 'ei²-ko¹-pu¹-shih⁴ 賠個不是
 'ei² k'uei¹ 賠虧
 'ei²-lei² 賠累
 'ei²-li³ 賠禮
 'ei² liao¹-pên³-rh² 賠了本兒
 'ei²-mien⁴ ch' u²-tzi³ 賠麪厨子
 'ei²-pu³ 賠補
 'ei²-pu¹ ch' i³ 賠不是齊
 'ei²-pu¹-shih⁴ 賠不是
 'ei²-sung¹ 賠送
 'ei²-tien⁴ 賠墊
 'ei²-tsêng⁴ 賠贈
 'ei²-tsui⁴ 賠罪
 'ei² 土 培 873b672a
 'ei²-mên²-sai¹-hu¹ 培門塞戶
 'ei² t' u³ 培土
 'ei²-yung³ 培養
 'ei²-yung³ 培壅
 'ei² 土坯 培 895a671b

the mate of Shang Ti. [ents.
 to accompany a guest when leaving; bridal pres-
 to double, to second, additional illustration.
 to sit with a person.
 to make up a deficiency or loss; to restore.
 (fig) daughters—a loss,
 a losing affair.
 losing and gaining.
 to apologise with a word.
 to repay.
 to make an apology.
 to lose; to suffer, to fail in.
 involved by pecuniary losses,
 to make an apology.
 to lose in trade, etc (pai¹ liao³ pên³).
 a cook who pays for spoilt flour,
 to compensate; compensation, indemnity.
 unable to indemnify, compensate, etc.
 to make an apology (jên⁴ tsui⁴).
 to give as a free gift (the woman's dowry).
 to make up a deficiency.
 to lose and to make or gain.
 to make an apology. [roots.
 to assist, to nourish, to benefit, to put earth to
 to block up the doors.
 to put earth on.
 to nourish, to support.
 to put mould to the roots of plants (tsai¹ p'ei²).
 pile up earth. Also p'ei¹.

'EI⁴ 人 佩 875a670c
 'ei¹-chien⁴ 佩劍
 'ei¹-ching¹ 佩經
 'ei¹-ju² 佩服
 'ei¹-tai¹ 佩帶
 'ei¹-tao¹ 佩刀
 'ei¹-yao¹-tao¹ 佩腰刀
 'ei¹ 酉 配 875b672e
 'ei¹-cho¹ 配着
 'ei¹-chün¹ 配軍
 'ei¹-ho² 配合 [miao¹
 'ei¹ hsiung³-shung¹- 配享聖廟
 'ei¹-hun¹-yin¹ 配婚姻

to respect, to esteem, to admire; to girt.
 to gird on a sword, to wear a sword.
 a spell or charm (hu⁴ shên² fu²)
 to regard, to respect (pin¹ fu²).
 things attached to girdle.
 to gird on a sword.
 same. [mate.
 to mate, to match; a pair; to pair; an equal, a
 to match.
 banishment.
 to join together, to unite, harmonious.
 the worthies in Confucian temple.
 to make a match. to marry.

p'ei⁴-ou³ 配 偶
p'ei⁴-i²-ko⁴-lai² 配 一 個 來
p'ei⁴-pa¹-yio⁴-shih² 配 把 鑰 匙
p'ei⁴-pu¹-ch¹i³ 配 不 起
p'ei⁴-pu⁴-sh¹ng³ 配 不 上
p'ei⁴-t¹-êrh² 配 搭 兒
p'ei⁴-t¹ien¹-ti⁴ 配 天 地
p'ei⁴-tu⁴ 配 對
p'ei⁴-yao⁴ 配 藥
p'ei⁴ 水 沛 S75a673b
p'ei⁴-jan² 沛 然
p'ei⁴-jan²-hsia⁴-yü³ 沛 然 下 雨
p'ei⁴-tsê² 沛 澤
p'ei⁴ 玉 珮 S75a670c
p'ei⁴-hwm² 珮 環
p'ei⁴-yü¹ 珮 玉
p'ei⁴ 車 轡 S75c675a
p'ei⁴-t¹ou² 轡 頭
p'ei⁴ 巾 帔 S74a673c
p'ei⁴-chien¹ 帔 肩
p'ei⁴-ch'ün² 帔 裙

to be mated with ; well matched ; husband and
 fetch me another to match it. [wife
 to fit a key to the lock.
 cannot afford to keep company with.
 it does not match.
 an accompaniment.
 the equal of Heaven and earth. [animals
 to couple, to pair, to mate, to copulate (also 配
 to make up medicines. (also 配
 abundant showers ; increasing ; large ; sudden
 suddenly, overwhelmingly, precipitate.
 to rain heavily or suddenly.
 marshy, swampy ; great favour.
 a girdle, or sash with stones attached to it.
 an ornament of jade worn on the breast,
 jade ornaments attached to the girdle.
 reins (ma³ ch'ê³ shou³).
 same.
 a kind of vest, a cape.
 same.
 a petticoat or skirt.

PÉN¹ 大 奔 奔 S76a655a
pên¹-ch'ü¹ 奔 出
pên¹-lai²-pên¹-ch'ü⁴ 奔 來 奔 去
pên¹-mang² 奔 忙
pên¹-ming⁴ 奔 命
pên¹-pei³ 奔 北
pên¹-po¹ 奔 波
pên¹-po¹-lao²-lu¹ 奔 波 勞 碌
pên¹-sun⁴ 奔 散
pên¹-t'ou² 奔 頭
pên¹-tsou³ 奔 走
pên¹-tsou³-t'ien¹-yai² 奔 走 天 涯
pên¹ (tzu) 金 銚 S76b655a
pên¹-chü⁴ 銚 鋸
pên¹-tsuo² 銚 鑿
pên¹-tsuo²-fû³-chü⁴ 銚 鑿 斧 鋸
pên¹ 具 賁 S76b677c
pên¹-nu⁴ 賁 怒

to run ; hurry, precipitation (tung¹ p'ao³ hs
 to run out or abroad.
 to run hither and thither.
 running in haste, hurried, busy, bustling.
 to run for one's life.
 to retreat, to run away. [bustle
 "running waves," to run about, to hurry, t
 the bustle and toil of life.
 run away and dispersed.
 something worthy of pursuit, aim.
 to run away, to flee, to abscond,
 to scour the earth.
 an adze.
 adze and saw.
 adze and chisel.
 carpenter's tools.
 rage, anger ; ardent, impetuous.
 anger, rage.

PÉN³ 木 本 S76b655b
pên³-ch'ao² 本 朝

root, origin ; a document ; this ; I, my, our. M
 the present dynasty. [360

pên ³ -chia ¹	本家	blood relations
pên ³ -ch'ien ²	本錢	capital ; prime cost.
pên ³ -fên ⁴	本分	duty, duties of one's station, etc.
pên ³ -fu ³	本府	I (the prefect) (ch'ih ¹ fu ³).
pên ³ -hsien ⁴	本縣	I (the district magistrate) (ch'ih ¹ hsien ⁴).
pên ³ -hsin ¹	本心	original intention.
pên ³ -hsing ⁴	本姓	one's original surname before adoption.
pên ³ -hsing ⁴	本性	the disposition (p'i ² ch'i ⁴).
pên ³ -jén ²	本人	the proper person, I.
pên ³ -kai ¹	本該	it ought.
pên ³ -kai ¹ -ju ² -t'zū ³	本該如此	it is properly so.
pên ³ -ku ¹ -chih ¹ -jung ²	本固枝榮	when the root is firm, the branch flourishes.
pên ³ -kuo ²	本國	one's native country.
pên ³ -lai ²	本來	original, originally (yüan ² lai ²).
pên ³ -lai ² -mien ⁴ -mu ⁴	本來面目	the original features, the natural expression.
pên ³ -li ⁴	本利	capital and interest,
pên ³ -li ⁴ -tao ⁴ -shêng ¹	本立道生	when the root is fixed, doctrine is produced.
pên ³ -ming ²	本名	one's own name (hsing ⁴ ming ²).
pên ³ -mo ⁴	本末	root and branch ; beginning and end (ch'u ¹ mo ⁴).
pên ³ -mien ²	本年	this year (chin ¹ nien ²)
pên ³ -pu ⁴ -t'ang ²	本部堂	I, the governor (hsün ² fu ³).
pên ³ -sê ⁴	本色	original colour, unbleached.
pên ³ -sê ⁴ -yang ² -pu ⁴	本色洋布	grey shirtings.
pên ³ -shên ¹	本身	I, myself.
pên ³ -shih ³	本始	the origin, the beginning.
pên ³ -shih ⁴	本事	ability (ch'üan ² ping ⁴).
pên ³ -shih ⁴	本是	are, is, am.
pên ³ -ta ⁴ -li ⁴ -k'uan ¹	本大利寬	a big principal produces big interest.
pên ³ -tang ¹	本當	ought, should.
pên ³ -ti ⁴	本地	one's native place.
pên ³ -ti ⁴ -fang ¹	本地方	one's native place (chia ¹ hsiang ¹).
pên ³ -ti ⁴ -jên ²	本地人	a native of a place.
pên ³ -ti ⁴ -nêng ²	本地能	a local man of ability.
pên ³ -ts'ao ³	本草	"roots and grasses," an herbal.
pên ³ -ts'ao ³ -kang ¹ -mu ⁴	本草綱目	name of a botanical work.
pên ³ -tsu ² -ti ⁴ -jên ²	本族的人	he belongs to the original clan.
pên ³ -wn ⁴	本務	one's own business.
pên ³ -yang ²	本洋	the Spanish silver dollar
pên ³ -yeh ⁴	本業	one's own profession.
pên ³ -yin ³	本銀	capital ; prime cost.
pên ³ -yüeh ⁴	本月	the current month.

p'ên⁴-hno⁴ 笨貨
 p'ên³-jên² 笨人
 p'ên⁴-kung¹ 笨工
 p'ên⁴-nia³-hsien⁴-hsin² 笨鳥先行
 p'ên⁴-shou³-p'ên⁴-chiao⁴ 笨手笨腳
 p'ên⁴-tê²-hên³ 笨得狠
 p'ên⁴-ts'ai¹ 笨才
 p'ên⁴ 走 遶
 p'ên⁴-i³-p'ên⁴-shih² 遶衣遶食

fig. a clumsy booby.
 a clumsy, unweildy person ; a stupid,
 an unskilled workman.
 the clumsy bird must start early (fig.).
 clumsy in hand and foot.
 very stupid (ch'un³ p'ên⁴)
 thick-headed, stupid ; bad recollection.
 hasten for or to.
 to scramble for a living.

PĒN¹ 口味歛 噴
 p'ên¹-ch'i⁴ 噴氣
 p'ên¹-ch'u¹-lai² 噴出來
 p'ên¹-fên⁴ 噴糞
 p'ên¹-hsiang¹ 噴香
 p'ên¹ hu² 噴壺
 p'ên¹ pu⁴ 噴布
 p'ên¹-shui³ 噴水
 p'ên¹-yün²-liao³ 噴勻了
 p'ên¹-yün²-t'u¹-wu⁴ 噴雲吐霧

to puff out, to snort, to spurt ; to hoot.
 to puff and blow ; to fret and rage,
 to puff out.
 to abuse people ; filthy language.
 to smell agreeably, pleasant odour.
 a watering-pot. [etc.
 to squirt water over clothes previous to ironing,
 to spurt water out of the mouth,
 to spirt evenly over a thing.
 fig. to smoke opium.

PĒN² (tzŭ) 皿 盆
 p'ên² k'ou²-rh² 盆口兒
 p'ên²-tzŭ³-wan³-êrh² 盆子盥兒

a cup, basin, jar, pitcher, tub, etc.
 the mouth of a vessel.
 basins and bowls.

PĒNG¹ 山 崩
 p'êng¹-chêng⁴ 崩症
 p'êng¹-chia⁴ 崩駕
 p'êng¹-lieh⁴ 崩裂
 p'êng¹-lou⁴ 崩漏
 p'êng¹-tai⁴ 崩帶
 p'êng¹-t'an¹ 崩坍
 p'êng¹ 弓 弮
 p'êng¹-chin³ 弮緊
 p'êng¹-kung¹ 弮弓
 p'êng¹-kung¹-tzŭ¹ 弮弓子
 p'êng¹ 弓 引
 p'êng¹-p'ien⁴ 引騙
 p'êng¹-tzŭ³-shou³ 引子手
 p'êng¹ 疒 痲
 p'êng¹ 糸 紉
 p'êng¹ 糸 紉
 p'êng¹ 糸 紉

to collapse ; ruined ; rushing down.
 constant flow of the menses.
 the death of an emperor (pin¹ t'ieü¹).
 to break open (as a wound).
 constant flow of the menses,
 menses and whites.
 a bank broken down.
 full, stretched or spread out ; a strong bow.
 stretched tight.
 to draw a bow to the full extent.
 arched front of a cart.
 to stretch ; to draw a bow ; to stretch and let go.
 to cheat, to swindle (hung³ p'ieü¹).
 a swindler (p'ien⁴ tzŭ³ shou³).
 dropsy ; swelling of the stomach.
 to tie, to bind, to fasten, to tighten.
 same.
 to baste (clothing).

ÊNG ³ ên g ³ -ko ²	虫 蚌 859a657c 蚌 蛤	the oyster. See pang ⁴ . same (ko ² li ¹).
ÊNG ¹ ên g ¹ -kan ¹ ên g ¹ -san ⁴ ên g ¹ -t'iao ⁴ ên g ¹ -ts'ui ⁴ ên g ¹	走 辵 迸 878a660c 迸 乾 迸 敵 迸 跳 迸 脆 土 塋 878a ○	to jump off the ground, to saunter, to rove. dry as tinder (kan ¹ pa ¹ pa ¹ ti ¹). to flee in all directions. to jump, to jump about (t'iao ¹ fêng ¹). brittle as glass (kan ¹ tsao ¹). to put into a grave.
ÊNG ¹ ên g ¹ -ch'a ² ên g ¹ -lien ⁴ ên g ¹ -t'ang ¹ ên g ¹ -tsai ³ ên g ¹ -yü ² ên g ¹ ên g ¹ ên g ¹	火 灑 烹 881b660a 烹 茶 烹 煉 烹 湯 烹 宰 烹 魚 勺 勺 ○ ○ 水 泔 879c660a 石 砗 880b660c	to fry, to boil. [ch'a ²]. to make tea, to boil the water for tea (shao ¹ to decoct. to make soup. "boiling and killing," the business of a cook. boil a fish. an explosion, a report. noise of dashing water. crash of falling rock.
ÊNG ² ên g ² -fan ² ên g ² -hêng ² ên g ² -uei ² ên g ² -tzü ³ ên g ² ên g ² -pi ³ ên g ² -tang ³ ên g ² -yn ³ ên g ² -yu ³ -ch'hi ¹ -pang ¹ ên g ² ên g ² -chang ⁴ ên g ² -mên ⁴ ên g ² ên g ² -fei ¹ -wan ⁴ -li ³ ên g ² -niao ³ ên g ² ên g ² -chiang ⁴ ên g ² -pan ³ -tzü ³ ên g ² -p'u ¹ ên g ² ên g ² -hao ¹ ên g ² -lai ² -shan ¹	竹 籐 篷 880c661b 篷 帆 篷 繩 篷 脆 篷 子 月 朋 879b661c 朋 比 朋 黨 朋 友 朋 友 之 郭 肉 膨 880a662b 膨 脹 膨 悶 鳥 鵬 879c661c 鵬 飛 萬 里 鵬 鳥 木 棚 879c662a 棚 匠 棚 板 子 棚 舖 艸 苳 蓬 880c661a 蓬 蒿 蓬 萊 山	a main-sail, any sail; an awning of any kind, sail cloth, canvas. rigging. a mast. an awning; a sail. a friend, an acquaintance (hsiang ¹ hao ³). a cabal, a party of intriguers. same. a friend, an acquaintance. a friendly nation. a swelling of the stomach; swollen, bloated. a swelling of the stomach, dyspepsia. puffed out, uncomfortable, dyspepsia. a fabulous bird (the roc). fig. risen to high office. a fabulous bird. a shed or covering (generally mat). mat-shed builders. a foreign floor, or joists (ti ⁴ pan ³). a mat-shop. a kind of flag; disorder; luxuriant. sort of grass. fairly land.

p'êng²-sung¹ 蓬鬆
 p'êng²-t'ou²-kou⁴-mien¹ 蓬頭垢面
 p'êng² 石 棚^{79c661a}
 p'êng²-sha¹ 朋砂
 p'êng² 三 彭^{880a662a}

disheveled hair (p'ei¹ t'ou² sa⁴ fa³),
 tousy head and dirty face.
 borax.
 same.
 to be strong and handsome.

P'ĒNG³ 手才 捧^{881a159a}
 p'êng³-ch'ui⁴-ching³-k'o⁴ 捧酒敬客
 p'êng³-chüeh²⁴ 捧爵
 p'êng³-ch'ow¹-chiao³ 捧臭脚
 p'êng³-hsiang¹ 捧香
 p'êng³-pai² 捧帛
 p'êng³-shui³-yin³ 捧水飲
 p'êng³-ting⁴ 捧定
 p'êng³-t'oi¹ 捧托
 p'êng³-wan³ 捧碗

to hand up, to hold up with both hands.
 to respectfully offer wine to a guest.
 to hold the wine-cup in both hands.
 fig. to do a man's dirty work.
 to hold incense in both hands.
 to hold the silk in both hands at worship.
 to drink or lap out of the hands.
 to hand up.
 same.
 to carry a bowl with both hands (tuan¹ p'ên²).

P'ĒNG⁴ 石碰 碰^{881c662e}
 p'êng⁴-chi¹-hui⁴ 碰機會
 p'êng⁴-ch'iao³-liao³ 碰巧了
 p'êng⁴-chien⁴ 碰見
 p'êng⁴-chien⁴-kuei³-la¹ 碰見鬼喇
 p'êng⁴-hnei⁴ 碰壞
 p'êng⁴-ko⁴-kên¹-t'ou² 碰個跟頭
 p'êng⁴-ming⁴ 碰命
 p'êng⁴-ming³-pa⁴ 碰命罷
 p'êng⁴-p'oi⁴ 碰破
 p'êng⁴-pu⁴-chien⁴ 碰不見
 p'êng⁴-pu⁴-tung⁴ 碰不動
 p'êng⁴-ssü³-liao² 碰死了
 p'êng⁴-t'i² 碰題
 p'êng⁴-ting¹-tzü³ 碰釘子
 p'êng⁴-t'ou² 碰頭
 p'êng⁴-t'ou²-su³-yeh³ 碰頭撒野
 p'êng⁴-yün¹-ch'ü⁴ 碰運氣

to run against, to come in contact with.
 to hit upon an opportunity.
 occasionally, very likely.
 to meet, to encounter (yü⁴ chien⁴).
 I have struck a spirit.
 to break by coming into collision.
 hit against and turn over.
 to run the risk, to take one's chance.
 let them take their chances!
 to break by violent contact with; collision.
 cannot find, e. g. a friend.
 cannot be moved by hitting.
 death by a collision.
 to hit the theme in the examination hall.
 to get into trouble.
 to kotow; to meet.
 uncivil, rude.
 to have the luck (good and bad).

PI¹ 走逼 逼^{882a692b}
 pi¹-ch'ü³ 逼取
 pi¹-jên² 逼人
 pi¹-lé⁴ 逼勒
 pi¹-min²-wei²-tao⁴ 逼民爲盜
 pi¹-ming⁴ 逼命
 pi¹-po⁴ 逼迫

to press, to urge, to compel, to oppress.
 to extort.
 to oppress people.
 to distress, to molest, to ill-use, to compel.
 to force people to become robbers by oppression.
 to force to commit suicide. *Note* 76.
 to press, to constrain, to urge, to compel.

i ¹ -wén ⁴	遍問	to interrogate, to cross-question.
I ² (tzũ)	鼻 鼻 882b677a	the nose.
i ² -ch'ih ⁴	鼻泣	“nose weeping,” running from the nose.
i ² -chih ⁴	鼻痔	polypi growing in the nose.
i ² -ch'ih ⁴ -érh ²	鼻翅兒	lobes of the nostrils.
i ² -ch'in ¹ -lien ³ -chung ³	鼻青臉腫	nose blackened and face swollen (fighting).
i ² -chun ³	鼻準	the tip of the nose.
i ² -hsi ¹² -ju ² -lei ²	鼻息如雷	breathing like thunder.
i ² -k'ung ³	鼻孔	the nostrils.
i ² -k'ung ³ -yen ³ ·rh ²	鼻孔眼兒	same.
i ² -liang ² ·rh ²	鼻梁兒	the bridge of the nose.
i ² -niu ⁴	鼻衄	bleeding at the nose.
i ² -sai ¹	鼻塞	nose stuffed as with a cold.
i ² -t'ih ⁴	鼻涕	running from the nose, snivel.
i ² -tsu ³	鼻祖	the founder of the family.
i ² -tzü ³ -nang ⁴	鼻子纒	nose stopped up.
i ² -tzü ³ -yen ³	鼻子眼	the nostrils.
i ² -yen ²	鼻烟	snuff.
i ² -yen ¹ -ho ²	鼻烟盒	a snuff-box.
i ² -yen ² -hu ² ·rh ²	鼻烟壺兒	snuff-bottles used by Chinese.
i ² (tzũ)	竹篦	a small-tooth comb.
i ² -min ³	篦	combs and brushes.
i ² -shu ¹	篦梳	small and large tooth combs (mu ⁴ shu ¹).
i ²	艸	the water-chesnut.
i ² -hsi	薺	water-chesnuts (lêng ² chia ¹).
PI ³	比 比 883c674a	to compare, to correspond; to equal. M. 269.
i ³ -an ⁴	比案	to beat runners for non-arrest.
i ³ -ch'ai ¹	比差	calling runners to account.
i ³ -ché -k'eng ⁴ -ta ⁴	比這更大	still larger than this.
i ³ -chiao ⁴	比較	to compare (ts'an ¹ k'ao ³).
i ⁴ -ch'iu ¹	比丘	a begging Buddhist priest (ho ³ shang ⁴).
i ⁴ -h'iu ¹ -ni ²	比丘尼	Buddhist nuns (ni ² ku ¹).
i ³ -ch'üan ² -chiao ³	比拳脚	to box.
i ³ -fang ¹	比方	a comparison, an analogy, for instance (pi ³ yü ⁴).
i ³ -hsi ⁴ -yu ³ -yü ²	比下有餘	better than the lower.
i ³ -hsien ⁴	比限	to urge payment of taxes.
i ³ -i ¹ -pi ³	比一比	to compare.
i ³ -jên ² -ch'iang ²	比人強	better than others.
i ³ -ju ²	比如	for instance (p'i ⁴ ju ²).
i ³ -kuo ²	比國	Belgium.
i ³ -lei ⁴	比類	to compare.

<i>pi³-li⁴</i>	比例	to compare, to adjust.
<i>pi³-nu⁴-yü²</i>	比目魚	the sole.
<i>pi³-pi³</i>	比比	to compare.
<i>pi³-pin⁴</i>	比並	to put in comparison.
<i>pi³-p'in⁴</i>	比評	to criticise.
<i>pi³-pu⁴-ch'ü³</i>	比不起	not to be compared with.
<i>pi³-pu⁴-kuo⁴</i>	比不過	same.
<i>pi³-pu⁴-lai²</i>	比不來	same.
<i>pi³-pu⁴-shang⁴</i>	比不上	same.
<i>pi³-pu⁴-shang⁴-t'a¹</i>	比不上他	cannot compare with him.
<i>pi³-pu⁴-tê²</i>	比不得	not to be compared with.
<i>pi³-sang¹-ma⁴-h'uai²</i>	比桑罵槐	fig. indirect abuse.
<i>pi³-shang⁴-pu⁴-tsu²</i>	比不上不足	not equal to on comparison.
<i>pi³-shih⁴</i>	比拭	to compete with.
<i>pi³-shou³-shuo¹</i>	比手說	to talk on the fingers.
<i>pi³-t'i³</i>	比體	man and wife ; of equal rank.
<i>pi³-tso⁴</i>	比作	to compare.
<i>pi³-wu³</i>	比武	to contest military skill.
<i>pi³-yü⁴</i>	比喻	a simile, a comparison, metaphor (<i>pi³ fang¹</i>).
<i>pi³</i>	筆 <small>竹筆</small>	a pen, a pencil.
<i>pi³-chi¹</i>	筆跡	"pencil's footprints," handwriting.
<i>pi³-chia⁴</i>	筆架	a pen or pencil stand.
<i>pi³-chien¹-rh²</i>	筆尖兒	the point of a pen or pencil.
<i>pi³-chih²</i>	筆直	straight as a line.
<i>pi³-fa³</i>	筆法	handwriting.
<i>pi³-fêng¹</i>	筆鋒	the tip of a pen.
<i>pi³-hsia⁴-liu²-ch'ing²</i>	筆下留情	when you write, allow for circumstances.
<i>pi³-ju²-tao¹</i>	筆如刀	a pen as incisive as a knife.
<i>pi³-kên⁴</i>	筆耕	"to plough with the pen," to be a schoolmaster.
<i>pi³-kuan³</i>	筆管	the handle of a pen or pencil.
<i>pi³-li⁴</i>	筆力	"strength of pen," firm handwriting (<i>ku³ li⁴</i>).
<i>pi³-mao⁴-rh²</i>	筆帽兒	a pen-case, cap for protecting the point.
<i>pi³-mo⁴</i>	筆墨	pen, and ink ; composition.
<i>pi³-suan⁴</i>	筆算	to calculate with the pen.
<i>pi³-shêng¹</i>	筆算	a pencil stand or measure.
<i>pi³-ta⁴-ju²-ch'uan²</i>	筆大如椽	a pen as big as a rafter.
<i>pi³-t'ao⁴</i>	筆套	the sheath to preserve the brush.
<i>pi³-t'ieh¹-shih⁴</i>	筆帖式	Manchu term for clerk. G. 181.
<i>pi³-t'u¹-liao³</i>	筆秃了	the pen has the point worn away.
<i>pi³-t'un³</i>	筆筒	the pencil tube or case.
<i>pi³-wei³</i>	筆尾	the point of a pencil.
<i>pi³-yen⁴</i>	筆硯	pen and ink-slab (<i>yen⁴ t'ai²</i>).
<i>pi³</i>	彼	that person, place or thing ; to exclude.

i ³ .jên ²	彼人	that person.
i ³ -shih ²	彼時	at that time, previously.
i ³ -tz'ü ³	彼此	that and this? you and I; both of them; both of
i ³ -tz'ü ³ -hsiang ¹ -ai ⁴	彼此相愛	to love one another.
i ³ -tz'ü ³ -pang ¹ -chu ⁴	彼此幫助	to be mutually helpful.
i ³ -tz'ü ³ -pi ³ t'z'ü ³	彼此彼此	the same to you (reply to compliment).
i ³ -tz'ü ³ -t'an ² -hsin ¹	彼此談心	a heart-to-heart talk.
i ³ -tz'ü ³ -t'an ² -lun ⁴	彼此談論	to have a chat together.
i ³ -tz'ü ³ -tu ¹ -hao ³	彼此都好	you and I both well,
i ³ -tz'ü ³ -t'ung ² -hsin ¹	彼此同心	mutually unanimous.
i ³ (tz'ü)	米 粃	chaff.
i ³ -k'ang ¹	粃 糠	chaff, or fig. worthless.
i ³	女 妣	a deceased mother.
i ⁴	避	to avoid, to shun, to retire from.
i ⁴ -ch'ên ² -chu ¹	避塵珠	charm vs. dust.
i ⁴ -ch'in ² -chiu ⁴ -chung ⁴	避輕就重	avoiding the light and going to the heavy.
i ⁴ -fêng ¹	避風	to avoid wind or draughts.
i ⁴ -hsieh ²	避邪	to avoid uncanny influences.
i ⁴ -hsien ² -i ³	避嫌疑	avoid dislike and suspicion.
i ⁴ -hui ⁴	避諱	to hide; to avoid use of personal name.
i ⁴ -huo ³ -chu ¹	避火珠	charm vs. fire.
i ⁴ -huo ⁴	避禍	avoid calamity.
i ⁴ -nan ⁴	避難	to avoid difficulty (t'ao ² nan ⁴).
i ⁴ -ni ⁴	避匿	to abscond, to hide one's self.
i ⁴ -nien ² -t'z'ü ³	避粘子	a tout, a decoy (in gambling, etc.).
i ⁴ -shu ³	避暑	to avoid the heat (hsieh ¹ fu ³).
i ⁴ -shui ³ -chu ¹	避水珠	charm vs. drowning.
i ⁴ -tsui ⁴	避罪	to escape after committing some crime.
i ⁴ -wên ² -hsiang ¹	避蚊香	mosquito-killer.
i ⁴ -yü ³	避雨	to take shelter from rain.
i ⁴	必	must, requisite, necessarily. M. 32, 285.
i ⁴ -ching ⁴	必竟	it must be so.
i ⁴ -hao ³	必好	it must be good.
i ⁴ -hsü ¹	必須	must, is sure to (hsü ¹ t'ê ²).
i ⁴ -jan ²	必然	positively (i ¹ ting ⁴).
i ⁴ -jun ² -chih ¹ -li ³	必然之理	a self-evident principle.
i ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	必不去	will not go.
i ⁴ -pu ⁴ -nêng ²	必不能	absolutely impossible.
i ⁴ -tei ²	必得	must positively, assuredly must.
i ⁴ -tê ² -ju ² -t'z'ü ³	必得如此	must be so.
i ⁴ -ti ² -ti ¹	必得的	must positively.
i ⁴ -ting ⁴	必定	certainly.

pi⁴-ting⁴-ti¹
 pi⁴-wu²-tz'ü³-li³
 pi⁴-yao⁴
 pi⁴-yao⁴-pan⁴
 pi⁴-yu²-chih¹-lu⁴
 pi⁴-yu³
 pi⁴-yu³-ti¹-shih⁴
 pi⁴

田

pi⁴-ch'ü²
 pi⁴-ch'ü³
 pi⁴-ching⁴
 pi⁴-hsing¹

支

pi⁴
 pi⁴-ch'ü⁴
 pi⁴-i¹
 pi⁴-kuo²
 pi⁴-lu²
 pi⁴-p'ö⁴
 pi⁴-tsu²
 pi⁴-wu¹
 pi⁴-ya²-mên²
 pi⁴-yu³

門

pi⁴
 pi⁴-ch'ê²
 pi⁴-ch'ü⁴-ch'ü⁴-la¹
 pi⁴-hu⁴
 pi⁴-hu¹-tu²-shu¹
 pi⁴-k'ou³-wü²-yen²
 pi⁴-kuan¹
 pi⁴-mên²
 pi⁴-mên²-pu⁴-na⁴
 pi⁴-mên²-ssü¹-kuo⁴
 pi⁴-mi⁴
 pi⁴-mu⁴
 pi⁴-sai⁴
 pi⁴-sai¹-pu⁴-t'ung¹
 pi⁴-ts'ang²
 pi⁴-yen³
 pi⁴-yüeh⁴-hsiu¹-hua¹
 pi⁴

邑

pi¹-fu¹
 pi⁴-lin⁴
 pi⁴-lou⁴

必定的
 必無此理
 必要
 必要辦
 必由之路
 必有
 必有的事

畢 畢集
 畢 畢幾
 畢 畢竟
 畢 畢星

徹 徹處
 徹 徹衣
 徹 徹國
 徹 徹廬
 徹 徹破
 徹 徹族
 徹 徹屋
 徹 徹衙門

徹 徹友
 閉 閉蟄
 閉 閉住氣喇
 閉 閉戶

閉 閉戶讀書
 閉 閉口無言

閉 閉關
 閉 閉門

閉 閉門不納
 閉 閉門思過

閉 閉密
 閉 閉目

閉 閉塞
 閉 閉塞不通

閉 閉藏
 閉 閉眼

閉 閉月羞花

鄙 鄙夫
 鄙 鄙吝
 鄙 鄙陋

certainly.
 there is no such principle.
 must do, absolutely, necessary ; important.
 must do.
 you must go *this way*.
 must be, assuredly is, etc.
 an inevitable thing.
 the end, close, termination ; at last ; finished.
 all together.
 English long ells. (Also use 嘩 噉.)
 at last, finally (chiu¹ ching¹).
 the constellation Hyades.
 mean, vile, bad ; ragged ; poor ; spoiled ; my, our.
 "vile place," my place.
 ragged clothes.
 my country.
 my cottage (shê⁴ hsia⁴).
 ragged, spoiled,
 my humble family.
 my house.
 my humble yamên.
 my poor friend.
 to close, to shut ; to screen ; to conceal ; to store.
 animals that become torpid during the winter.
 the breath obstructed.
 to shut the door (kuan¹ mên²).
 to shut the door and study (to sport the oak).
 complete silence.
 to close the passes.
 to shut a door.
 to refuse to receive visitors (tang³ chia⁴).
 to shut the door and reflect on one's faults.
 close, secret (chi¹ mi⁴).
 to close the eyes.
 to close, to shut, to stop up.
 stopped up.
 to store ; to conceal ; to close.
 to close the eyes (ho² yen³). [flowers to blush.
 (beauty) which causes the moon to hide and
 vulgar, coarse, rustic ; low, mean, vicious ; to
 a rustic, a clown. [despise.
 mean, niggardly, stingy.
 mean-spirited, vulgar-minded (ch'ou³ lou⁴).

<i>pi⁴-po²</i>	鄙薄	to despise.
<i>pi⁴-zeh³</i>	鄙野	coarse, clownish, rustic (ch'un ³ pên ⁴)
<i>pi⁴</i>	广庇 884b677a	to cover over, to shelter; to lodge, to reside.
<i>pi⁴-fu²-yin⁴</i>	庇福 庇廕	to be under the protection of wealth or power.
<i>pi⁴-hu⁴</i>	庇護	to secretly help, to connive at, to protect.
<i>pi⁴-min²</i>	庇民	to protect the people.
<i>pi⁴-tuan³</i>	庇短	to screen one's own fault (hu ⁴ tuan ³).
<i>pi⁴-yu⁴</i>	庇佑	protection and support; to protect.
<i>pi⁴</i>	石碧 890a691c	blue or azure stones; a green stone, jade, jasper.
<i>pi⁴-hai³</i>	碧海	the green sea.
<i>pi⁴-lo⁴</i>	碧落	the blue heaven, the first or highest heaven.
<i>pi⁴-lü⁴</i>	碧綠	dark green.
<i>pi⁴-sé⁴</i>	碧色	green (lü ⁴).
<i>pi⁴</i>	廿弊 887a676a	fault, crime; to extort; to squeeze.
<i>pi⁴-ping⁴</i>	弊病	to extort, to squeeze; fault (mao ² ping ⁴).
<i>pi⁴-tuan²</i>	弊端	fault, crime, extortion.
<i>pi⁴</i>	支斃 887b676a	to suppress; to be killed; to die, to fall down [dead.
<i>pi⁴-ming⁴</i>	斃命	to be killed or die in prison, etc.
<i>pi⁴-ssü³</i>	斃死	to kill, to destroy.
<i>pi⁴ (tzü)</i>	土壁 885a691a	a wall, a partition wall; defences.
<i>pi⁴-lei³</i>	壁壘	a military wall; a breastwork.
<i>pi⁴-li⁴</i>	壁立	"bare walls," poverty.
<i>pi⁴</i>	弓彌 889c693c	to assist; to add to; double.
<i>pi⁴-chiao⁴</i>	彌教	aids to instruction.
<i>pi⁴-fu⁴</i>	彌傅	a tutor in the imperial family.
<i>pi⁴</i>	人俾 869a669a	to give; to allow; to enable; to benefit. See <i>pei³</i> .
<i>pi⁴-i²</i>	俾益	to benefit.
<i>pi⁴</i>	阜陛 885a677b	steps, steps leading to the imperial throne.
<i>pi⁴-chien⁴</i>	陛見	to have an audience of the emperor.
<i>pi⁴-hsia⁴</i>	陛下	the emperor; your majesty
<i>pi⁴</i>	升弊 887a676a	ruined; distressed; corrupt, fraudulent; wearied.
<i>pi⁴-ping⁴</i>	弊病	incurable disease.
<i>pi⁴</i>	女婢 869b675c	female slaves or servants.
<i>pi⁴-p'u²</i>	婢僕	same.
<i>pi⁴</i>	禾秘 883a676b	secret, private, also <i>mi</i> .
<i>pi⁴</i>	尸屣 890a679b	the vagina, vulva.
<i>pi⁴</i>	玉璧 885b691b	an auspicious stone.
<i>pi⁴-hsieh⁴</i>	璧謝	fig. declined with thanks,
<i>pi⁴</i>	艸廿蔽 887a671a	conceal.
<i>pi⁴ (or p'i⁴)</i>	心卞 889a693a	perverse (kang ¹ pi ⁴).
P·I ¹	刀劈 891a694c	to split, to tear, to rend, to divide.
<i>pi⁴-ch'ai³</i>	劈柴	split wood, firewood; to split wood.

p'í-k'ai¹
 p'í-k'ai¹-liang³ pan¹
 p'í-k'ung¹
 p'í-lien³
 p'í-p'o⁴
 p'í-sui⁴
 p'í 手才攙 批 S93b679a
 p'í-cheng¹
 p'í-chiang³
 p'í-chuang⁴
 p'í-chun³
 p'í-chung¹-liao³
 p'í-fa¹
 p'í-hsiao¹
 p'í-hui²
 p'í-liao³-huo⁴-wu¹
 p'í-mien⁴
 p'í-pa¹-tzü⁴
 p'í-p'an⁴
 p'í-p'o²
 p'í-p'ing²
 p'í-shên³
 p'í-shih¹
 p'í-shou³-to²
 p'í-shu¹
 p'í-tien³
 p'í-tsuí³-pa¹-tzü³
 p'í-tzü¹-chü⁴
 p'í-wên²-chang⁴
 p'í 石 礎 S94a679a
 p'í-shih²
 p'í-shuang¹
 p'í-shuang¹ shih²
 p'í-tu²
 p'í 土 坯 S95a671b
 p'í-ch'ang²
 p'í-k'uai⁴
 p'í-mu²-tzü³
 p'í-tzü³
 p'í 人 僻 S90c694a
 p'í-ching⁴
 p'í-lou⁴
 p'í 雨 霹 S91c694b

劈開
 劈開兩半
 劈空
 劈臉
 劈破
 劈碎
 批
 批正
 批講
 批狀
 批准
 批中了
 批發
 批削
 批回
 批了貨物
 批面
 批八字
 批判
 批駁
 批評
 批審
 批示
 批手奪
 批書
 批點
 批嘴把子
 批字據
 批文章
 砒
 砒石
 砒霜
 砒霜石
 砒毒
 坯
 坯場
 坯塊
 坯模子
 坯子
 僻
 僻靜
 僻陋
 霹

to split open, to cleave.
 to split in two.
 to invent or fabricate a story; fabrications.
 to aim blows at the face.
 to split or break; to speak plainly.
 to split up. [petition.
 to write; to cuff; to officially reply, to notify, a
 to correct a book.
 to explain; to criticise; to censure.
 official decision on a petition.
 to grant a petition.
 "passed."
 to sell, especially retail.
 to correct and revise.
 an official reply.
 bought goods to arrive.
 to slap the face.
 a method of fortune-telling.
 a written decision or sentence of government.
 to reverse a judgment, to refute.
 to criticise; to censure (shan¹ k'ai³).
 to endorse a judgment upon the record.
 a proclamation, to reply officially.
 to snatch.
 to criticise a book (ting⁴ shu¹).
 to criticise and mark (an essay).
 to slap the mouth or face.
 to write up legal document as proof.
 to criticize an essay.
 arsenic (hsin⁴ shih²).
 same.
 same.
 same.
 same.
 unburnt bricks; to stop or fill up (also p'ei).
 a bricklayer's yard.
 unburnt bricks (chuan¹).
 a brick-mould.
 rough unfinished materials. [praved.
 unfrequented, lonely, quiet; mean, low, de-
 lonely, quiet, unfrequented.
 vulgar, low.
 the shock and noise of thunder, earthquake, etc.

p'i¹-lei³ 霹雷
 p'i¹-li⁴ 霹霹
 p'i¹ 手才 披 S92b678a
 p'i¹-mo² 披摩
 p'i¹-shu¹ 披書
 clap or noise of thunder (chên⁴ lei³).
 rapid claps of thunder. [See p'ei¹.
 to open; to cover over; to pull off; to break.
 to smooth, to stroke; to explain minutely.
 to open a book; to criticise a book.

P'I³ 皮 S92a679c
 p'i²-ao³ 皮襖
 p'i²-ao³-ch'ien² 皮襖錢
 p'i²-ch'i⁴ 皮器
 p'i²-chiao¹ 皮膠
 p'i²-chiang⁴ 皮匠
 p'i²-hsiang¹ 皮箱
 p'i²-hsiu⁴ 皮袖
 p'i²-hsüeh¹-tzü³ 皮靴子
 p'i²-i⁴ 皮衣
 p'i²-jou⁴ 皮肉
 p'i²-ju⁴-tzü³ 皮褥子
 p'i²-k'ai¹-jou⁴-chan⁴ 皮開肉綻
 p'i²-lai⁴ 皮賴
 p'i²-lien³ 皮臉
 p'i²-ling³-tzü³ 皮領子
 p'i²-mao² 皮毛
 p'i²-nang² 皮囊
 p'i²-pa¹-chang³ 皮巴掌
 p'i²-pan³-rh² 皮板兒
 p'i²-pao¹ 皮包
 p'i²-pao¹-jou⁴-t'i³ 皮包肉體
 p'i²-pao¹-ku³ 皮包骨
 p'i²-pien¹-tzü³ 皮鞭子
 p'i²-sung¹-jou⁴-chin³ 皮鬆肉緊
 p'i²-tai¹-tzü³ 皮袋子
 p'i²-tai¹-tzü³ 皮帶子
 p'i²-tan⁴ 皮蛋
 p'i²-t'an³ 皮毯
 p'i²-t'iao² 皮條
 p'i²-tzü³ 皮子
 p'i²-yen²-t'iao² 皮沿條
 p'i² 疲 S92c680a
 p'i²-chüan⁴ 疲倦
 p'i²-ch'ieh⁴-ti¹ 疲怯的
 p'i²-fa² 疲乏
 p'i²-huan³ 疲緩
 skin, hide, bark; a case, a wrapper.
 a fur coat.
 douceur to beggars.
 leather articles.
 glue (shui³ chiao¹).
 a worker in leather.
 a skin trunk.
 fur cuffs.
 leather boots.
 fur-lined clothes.
 skin and flesh; the flesh.
 a skin mattress.
 beaten most severely (o⁴ ta³).
 shameless (ssü³ p'i² lai⁴ lien³).
 barefaced, shameless.
 a fur collar.
 skin and hair, hair, fur.
 "skin bag," the carcass, the body.
 flat leather for beating on mouth.
 the leather side of a fur.
 packing; the foreskin.
 the human body.
 very thin, emaciated.
 a leather whip.
 skin loose, and flesh tight.
 a small leather bag.
 a leather girdle, harness.
 preserved ducks' eggs.
 skin rugs.
 strips of leather, thongs, etc.
 skin, leather, fur.
 leather binding.
 fatigued, wearied, exhausted; weakness, lassi-
 tired, fatigued (k'un⁴ fa²).
 cowardly, spiritless.
 tired, fatigued.
 dilatory slovenly, inertly.

[tude.

p'i²-juan³ 疲軟
 p'i²-kên² 疲根
 p'i²-k'un⁴ 疲困
 p'i²-la¹-la¹-ti¹ 疲拉拉的
 p'i²-ma³ 疲馬
 p'i²-wan² 疲玩

肉 脾 S95b680a

p'i² 脾氣
 p'i²-ch'i⁴-kuai³-ku¹ 脾氣拐孤
 p'i²-ch'i⁴-nan²-i⁴ 脾氣雉易
 p'i²-han³ 脾寒
 p'i²-hsieh⁴ 脾泄
 p'i² hsing⁴ 脾性

p'i²-hsü⁴-wei⁴-jo⁴ 脾虛胃弱
 p'i²-ping⁴ 脾病
 p'i²-shên⁴ 脾腎
 p'i²-shih¹ 脾濕
 p'i²-wei⁴ 脾胃
 p'i²-wei⁴-pu⁴-ho² 脾胃不和

玉 琵琶 S94b679b

p'i² 琵琶
 p'i²-pa¹ 琵琶
 p'i²-pa¹-ku³ 琵琶骨
 p'i² 拊 S91a694b
 p'i²-k'ai¹ 拊開
 p'i²-p'o⁴ 拊破

疝 S91b694c

p'i² 癖性
 p'i²-hsing⁴ 癖病
 p'i² 木 枇 S93c679b
 p'i²-pa¹ 枇杷

lassitude, debilitated, weak,
 a vicious appetite, dyspepsia.
 tired, fatigued.
 dilatory, lax (man¹ han¹).
 a jaded horse.
 remiss, careless, inattentive.
 spleen, stomach.

disposition, temper (p'in³ hsing⁴).
 a cantankerous disposition.
 the disposition is unchangeable.
 fever and ague, a chill.
 a sort of dysentery (li⁴ chi²).
 disposition.

the spleen empty and stomach weak.
 enlargement of the spleen.
 the kidneys, the spleen and kidneys.
 diseased condition of spleen.
 the stomach, the intestines.
 spleen and stomach out of harmony.
 a sort of guitar.

same.
 the collar-bone (so¹ po² ku³).
 to bend ; to break, to pluck off ; to open.
 to break open.
 to break.

[gestion

a craving appetite ; spitting of phlegm ; indigestion
 a craving disposition.
 indigestion, constipation, costiveness.
 a fruit (the loquat).
 the biwa (a fruit of Central China).

P'I³ 疋 S95c695b
 p'i³ 疋 S91c695a
 p'i³-fu¹ 匹夫
 p'i³-fu⁴ 匹婦
 p'i³-ou³ 匹偶
 p'i³-p'ei⁴ 匹配

疝 S95a681a

p'i³ 痞 S95a681a
 p'i³-chêng⁴ 痞症
 p'i³-chi² 痞積
 p'i³-man³ 痞滿

a piece, a bale. Number of pieces of cloth, etc.
 one of a pair ; number of horses.
 a married man, a husband ; brute !
 a married woman, a wife.
 to correspond, to agree ; a pair ; husband and wife
 a husband and wife ; a pair, a couple.
 a gathering, a stoppage ; dyspepsia.
 a swelling of the stomach.
 indigestion, constipation, costiveness.
 fullness, a stoppage ; no appetite.

[wife

P'I⁴ 譬 S91b681c

to compare, for instance ; to suppose.

p'i⁴-fang¹ 譬方
 p'i⁴-jo¹ 譬若
 p'i⁴-ju² 譬如
 p'i⁴-pi³ 譬比
 p'i⁴-yü¹ 譬喻
 p'i⁴ 尸 彙 屁 893b681b
 p'i⁴-k'ou³ 屁口
 p'i⁴-ku³ 屁股
 p'i⁴-ku³-yen³-rh² 屁股眼兒
 p'i⁴ 門 關 891c694b

a comparison, for instance (pi³ fang¹).
 just like, for instance (hao³ hsiang⁴).
 a comparison, a metaphor, for instance.
 same (pi³ ju²).
 metaphor, comparison.
 the posteriors; to break wind (fang⁴ p'i⁴).
 the anus.
 the buttocks, the breech.
 the anus.
 burst forth, open up.

PIAO¹ 木 標 896a681a
 piao¹-ch'é¹ 標車
 piao¹-ch'i² 標旗
 piao¹-ch'iang¹ 標槍
 piao¹-ch'ien¹ 標籤
 piao¹-chih¹ 標緻
 piao¹-chun³ 標準
 piao¹-hsia¹ 標下
 i iao¹-i'sieh³-jih⁴-ch'i¹ 標寫日期
 piao¹ kan³ 標桿
 piao¹-ming² 標名
 piao¹-pang³ 標榜
 piao¹-shih⁴-chung⁴-jén² 標示衆人
 piao¹-wén²-shu¹ 標文書
 piao¹ 手 才 標 896a683c
 piao¹-ch'i² 標旗
 piao¹-fu¹ 標夫
 piao¹ 肉 臄 896c682a
 piao¹-fei² 臄肥
 piao¹-man³ 臄滿
 piao¹-man³ jow³-fei² 臄滿肉肥
 piao¹ 彡 彪 897a703a
 piao¹-ping³ 彪柄
 piao¹-t'ü³ 彪子

to date, to punctuate; a signal; a warrant.
 convoy carts, hired to protect travellers.
 a signal flag.
 a signal gun.
 a magistrate's warrant.
 pretty, handsome, lovely, etc.
 to set an example; a sign or signal.
 under one's authority, troops (not bannermen).
 to date clearly.
 a beacon pole.
 to publish names (of deserving persons, etc.).
 to publish; to set an example; to become noto-
 [rious].
 to date and punctuate an official document.
 to strike to beat; to fall; to signalize.
 to signalize with a flag.
 one who tries the depth of water.
 sleek and fat, stout, fat.
 same.
 same.
 very fat (animals).
 veins, streaks, streaked; a small tiger.
 elegant and clear style.
 a mischievous person.

PIAO³ 衣 表 897a682b
 piao³-chang¹ 表章
 piao³-chi⁴ 表記
 piao³-chiang⁴ 表匠
 piao³-chieh³ 表姐
 piao³-chieh³-mei⁴ 表姐妹
 piao³-chih² 表姪

a watch, to show; a statement; the outside.
 a statement.
 a keepsake.
 a watch-maker.
 a mother's brother's elder daughters.
 a mother's brother's daughters, cousins.
 grandsons of paternal aunts.

piao³-ch'in¹ 表親
 piao³-ch'u¹ 表出
 piao³-hsiang¹-ti⁴ 表兄弟
 piao³-huang² 表簞
 piao³-i⁴ 表義
 piao³-i⁴ 表異
 piao³-li³ 表裏
 piao³-lien⁴ 表鍊
 piao³-mei⁴ 表妹
 piao³-ming² 表明
 piao³-pai² 表白
 piao³-pen² 表本
 piao³-piao³ 表表
 piao³-po² 表伯
 piao³-shu²¹ 表叔
 piao³-ts'ou⁴ 表奏
 piao³-tzu⁴ 表字
 piao³-wu⁴ 表物
 piao³-yang² 表揚
 piao³-yang⁴ 表樣
 piao³ 衣 裱 S97c682c
 piao³-hu² 裱糊
 piao³-hu²-chiang⁴ 裱糊匠
 piao³-hua⁴ 裱畫
 piao³-tzu⁴ 裱字
 piao³ 女 婊 S97c682c
 piao³-tzu³ 婊子

relations by the mother's side.
 to manifest abroad,
 male first cousins by the mother's side.
 springs, or works of watch,
 to justify.
 to mark out the difference.
 outside and inside ! outer garment and lining.
 a watch-chain.
 a mother's brother's younger daughters.
 to state clearly.
 same.
 a statement.
 to speak of, to state.
 sons of paternal grand-aunts.
 same.
 to memorialize the Emperor.
 a fancy name or style.
 a keepsake, a proof, etc.
 to make clear.
 an example, a pattern,
 to paste ; to mount, as scrolls.
 to paste ; to paper (as a room).
 a paper-hanger.
 to paste up or mount pictures.
 to paste up characters.
 a prostitute (ch'ang¹ chi⁴).
 same.

PIAO⁴ 魚 鰾 S99b684c
 piao⁴-chiao¹ 鰾膠

fish-glue ; gelatine.
 fish-glue and glue from hides.

P'IAO¹ 風 飄 S9Sc683a
 p'iao¹-f'eng¹ 飄風
 p'iao¹-hsieh³ 飄雪
 p'iao¹-liu² 飄流
 p'iao¹-p'iao¹-yao²-yao² 飄飄搖搖
 p'iao¹-sa³ 飄灑
 p'iao¹-sai¹ 飄搨
 p'iao¹-tai⁴ 飄帶
 p'iao¹-tang⁴ 飄蕩
 p'iao¹-yao² 飄飄
 p'iao¹-yün² 飄雲
 p'iao¹ 水 漂 S99b683a

to whirl around ; a whirlwind ; to fall.
 a whirlwind (hsüan⁴ f'eng¹).
 the whirling of snow when falling.
 hither and thither ; uncertain.
 to whirl and shake.
 graceful, airy, jaunty.
 same.
 a pennant.
 a swagger, to strut ; to float, to sail.
 floating on the wind ; self-satisfied.
 floating clouds.
 tossing about, agitated (as by the wind) ; to float

[(fou²)]

p'iao³-hsi³-pai²-pu⁴ 漂洗白布 to wash and bleach white cloth.
p'iao³-kan¹-ching⁴-liao³ 漂乾淨了 bleached clean.
p'iao¹-ko⁴-ssü³-shih¹ 漂個死屍 floated a corpse.
p'iao⁴-liang⁴ 漂亮 bright, fresh, smart.
p'iao¹-liu²-liao³ 漂流了 drifted about.
p'iao¹-liu²-tsai⁴-wai⁴ 漂流在外 a prodigal abroad.
p'iao³-pai² 漂白 to bleach ; bleached.
p'iao³-pai²-pu² 漂白布 bleached linen or calico, white shirting.
p'iao³-pu⁴ 漂布 te bleach linen.
p'iao¹-shui³ 漂水 to swim, to float.
p'iao¹-tsai⁴-shui³-mien⁴ 漂在水面 to float on the water.
p'iao¹-yang² 漂洋 to navigate.
p'iao¹-yang²-kuo⁴-hai³ 漂洋過海 to drift over the sea ; to travel.
p'iao¹-yang²-pu⁴ 漂洋布 white shirtings.

P'IAO² 女 嫖 898b683b levity, lightness, profligacy ; prostitute.
p'iao²-ch'ang¹-hsi¹-chi⁴ 嫖娼宿妓 going with harlots.
p'iao²-k'o⁴ 嫖客 a debauchee, a whoremonger.
p'iao²-lai²-ti¹-ping⁴ 嫖來的病 venereal disease.
p'iao²-piao³-tzü³ 嫖婬子 to have intercourse with prostitutes.
p'iao²-shê⁴ 嫖舍 a brothel.
p'iao²-tang⁴-tzü³ 嫖蕩子 a profligate.
p'iao²-tu³ 嫖賭 addicted to women and play, profligacy.
瓜 瓢 898c683b a calabash.

P'IAO⁴ 示 票 899a684a [rant. a money order ; a pawnbroker's ticket ; a warrant to give a warrant to a police officer ; a warrant.
p'iao⁴-ch'ai¹ 票差 a bank which handles exchange notes, etc.
p'iao⁴-chuang¹ 票庄 a block for printing money orders or notes.
p'iao⁴-pan³ 票板 theatrical amateurs.
p'iao⁴-shou³ 票手 a money order, a note.
p'iao⁴-tzü³ 票子 [note. a kind of passport, the writing on warrant or
p'iao⁴-wên² 票文 a shaft ; a weapon ; point of a knife, etc.
金 鏢 899a683b an iron-pointed spear.
p'iao⁴ 鏢
p'iao⁴-ch'iang¹ 鏢鎗

IEH¹ 心 懣 懣 900a685a vicious, bad ; sad, mournful ; hasty temper.
ieh¹-ch'i⁴ 懣氣 to draw or hold in the breath.
ieh¹-mên⁴ 懣悶 sad, melancholy, mournful.
ieh¹-pu-chu⁴ 懣不住 cannot stand my grief.
ieh¹-tê²-huang¹ 懣得慌 sick at heart.
龜 鼈 900a685b a species of tortoise, the turtle.
ieh¹ 龜 鼈 same (kuei¹).
ieh¹-yü² 龜魚 "tortoise's egg," a bastard (wang³ pa¹).
ieh¹-tan⁴ 龜蛋

<i>pieh¹</i>	𠵼	癥 ^{900a685b}	to suppress, to keep down ; a burst swelling.
<i>pieh¹-tzu³</i>		癥子	a urinal.
PIEH²	刀	別 ^{900b684a}	to separate, to leave ; another ; don't. M. 214
<i>pieh²-chia¹</i>		別家	do not !
<i>pieh²-chien⁴-hsiao⁴</i>		別見笑	do not laugh (form of apology).
<i>pieh²-chih⁴</i>		別緻	(or 致) very eccentric.
<i>pieh²-ch'u⁴</i>		別處	elsewhere, another place.
<i>pieh²-ch'ü⁴</i>		別去	don't go ! gone.
<i>pieh²-hao⁴</i>		別號	your literary name ?
<i>pieh²-hou⁴</i>		別後	after parting.
<i>pieh²-hsün²-mên²-lu⁴</i>		別尋門路	do not seek a way out.
<i>pieh²-hu²-ssü¹-hsiang³</i>		別胡思想	do not think nonsense.
<i>pieh²-huang¹-ch'uan²</i>		別慌船	do not rock the boat
<i>pieh²-jên²</i>		別人	another person, other persons.
<i>pieh²-ko⁴-jên²</i>		別個人	same.
<i>pieh²-ku³-tiao⁴</i>		別古調	impracticable contradiction.
<i>pieh²-kuai⁴</i>		別怪	don't think it strange.
<i>pieh²-kuai⁴-wo³</i>		別怪我	don't be angry with me.
<i>pieh²-kuan³-wo³</i>		別管我	don't interfere with me.
<i>pieh²-kuo⁴-chiang³</i>		別過獎	don't flatter me so.
<i>pieh²-li² ch'ou²</i>		別離愁	the sorrow of parting.
<i>pieh²-mang³</i>		別忙	not so fast.
<i>pieh²-ming³</i>		別名	another name, an alias.
<i>pieh²-p'ü⁴-jên²-hsiao⁴</i>		別怕人笑	do not fear men's ridicule.
<i>pieh²-shêng¹-ch'ü⁴</i>		別生氣	don't be angry.
<i>pieh²-shêng¹-shih⁴-tuan¹</i>		別生事端	do not make trouble.
<i>pieh²-shuo¹-hua⁴</i>		別說話	do not speak !
<i>pieh²-ti¹</i>		別的	another, different.
<i>pieh²-t'ü²-t'ü¹-liao³</i>		別題他了	do not mention him !
<i>pieh²-tso⁴</i>		別做	don't do it.
<i>pieh²-tung⁴</i>		別動	don't disturb, don't stir !
<i>pieh²-tzu⁴-yen³</i>		別字眼	to altercate, to quarrel (k'ou ³ chiao ³).
<i>pieh²-wei²-fei¹</i>		別爲非	do not do evil.
<i>pieh²-yang⁴</i>		別樣	another kind, a different sort.
<i>pieh²-yu³</i>		別有	else, other, beside.
<i>pieh²-yu³-t'ien¹-ti⁴</i>		別有天地	another state of existence altogether.

PIEH³	𠵼	癯 ^{S90a685c}	decay ; distorted ; toothless.
<i>pieh³-tsui³-tzu³</i>		癯嘴子	a toothless person.
<i>pieh³</i>	角	簪 ^{S90b693b}	a horn (hao ⁴ t'ung ³ , la ³ pa ¹).
<i>pieh³-li⁴</i>		簪栗	a Tartar horn, trumpet.
<i>pieh³</i>	𠵼	癯 ^{S90a685c}	shrivelled.

<i>pieh³-cho²-tu¹-tzü³</i>	瀉着肚子	a shrivelled stomach.	
<i>pieh³</i>	日 晒	dry in the sun.	
P'IEH¹	手 撇	to skim, to throw; to abandon; to strike; to wipe.	
<i>p'ieh¹-ch⁴'i⁴</i>	撇 棄	to cast away.	
<i>p'ieh¹-ch⁴'ing¹</i>	撇 清	to abandon entirely.	
<i>p'ieh¹-hsia⁴-liao³</i>	撇 下了	abandoned; left, bequeathed.	
<i>p'ieh¹-hsieh²</i>	撇 邪	supercilious, conceited, foppish.	
<i>p'ieh¹-hui²</i>	撇 回	to throw back.	
<i>p'ieh¹-k'ai¹</i>	撇 開	to set aside; to forget.	
<i>p'ieh¹-ko¹-hai²-tzü³</i>	撇 個 孩子	an orphan child.	
<i>p'ieh¹-liao³-tung¹-hsi¹</i>	撇 了 東西	to abandon or forget things.	
<i>p'ieh¹-mo⁴-tzü³</i>	撇 沫 子	to skim off scum (while cooking).	
<i>p'ieh¹-pu⁴-tiao³</i>	撇 不 掉	cannot give up.	
<i>p'ieh¹-t'o¹</i>	撇 脫	to reject, to skim off.	
<i>p'ieh¹-tsai¹-na²-rh²</i>	撇 在 那 兒	where did you leave? etc.	
<i>p'ieh¹-tuan⁴</i>	撇 斷	to sever, to divide.	
<i>p'ieh¹-yu²</i>	撇 油	to skim off fat (while cooking).	
<i>p'ieh¹</i>	目 瞥	to glance at (hsüeh ² mu ⁴).	
<i>p'ieh¹-p'ieh¹-ch'iao²</i>	瞥 瞥 瞧	same (sa ² mu ⁴).	
<i>p'ieh¹</i>	水 漉	rippling, pure.	
<i>p'ieh¹-ching⁴-liao³</i>	漉 淨 了	rippling, pure.	
<i>p'ieh¹-tang¹</i>	漉 湯	to skim off the top of the soup.	
<i>p'ieh¹-yu²</i>	漉 油	very fine oil.	
PIEN¹	辵 辵 边	邊	side, border, frontier, edge, etc.
<i>pien¹-ch'êng²</i>	邊 城	a city on the frontier.	
<i>pien¹-chiang¹</i>	邊 疆	a frontier, a border.	
<i>pien¹-ch'iang²</i>	邊 牆	the Great Wall (wan ⁴ li ³ ch'ang ² ch'êng ²).	
<i>pien¹-chieh⁴</i>	邊 界	a frontier, a border, a boundary.	
<i>pien¹-ching⁴</i>	邊 境	the frontier.	
<i>pien¹-huan⁴</i>	邊 患	distress or trouble on the frontier.	
<i>pien¹-i⁴</i>	邊 邑	a border city.	
<i>pien¹-kuan¹</i>	邊 關	a frontier pass.	
<i>pien¹-p³-yeh³-jên²</i>	邊 鄙 野 人	wild men of the frontier.	
<i>pien¹-sai⁴</i>	邊 塞	a boundary, a frontier pass.	
<i>pien¹-t'ao⁴</i>	邊 套	side or leading mule of a cart.	
<i>pien¹-ti⁴</i>	邊 地	the borders, the frontiers.	
<i>pien¹-t'ing²</i>	邊 庭	a frontier barrier or guardhouse.	
<i>pien¹-wai⁴</i>	邊 外	beyond the Great Wall.	
<i>pien¹-yen²</i>	邊 沿	along the bank, the edge.	
<i>pien¹ (tzü)</i>	革 爻 鞭	a whip, a lash, a rod; to whip, to flog.	
<i>pien¹-chiang¹</i>	鞭 韁	whip and reins.	

<i>pien¹-kan¹</i>	鞭杆	a whip-handle.
<i>pien¹-p'ao⁴</i>	鞭礮	fire-crackers (huo ³ pien ¹ , pao ⁴ chu ²).
<i>pien¹-pei⁴</i>	鞭背	to flog a criminal.
<i>pien¹-p'u¹</i>	鞭撲	to lash, to flog.
<i>pien¹-shao¹</i>	鞭稍	the lash of a whip, the end of a whip-lash.
<i>pien¹-tu³</i>	鞭撻	to beat with the whip.
<i>pien¹-ta³-kun⁴-ch'ui²</i>	鞭打棍捶	lashed and flogged.
<i>pien¹</i>	糸 編 ^{902b687a}	to weave, to fabricate; to plait; to compose.
<i>pien¹-chieh²</i>	編結	to tie, to bind.
<i>pien¹-fa³</i>	編髮	to plait the hair.
<i>pien¹-hao⁴</i>	編號	a list of signs of firms, a <i>hang²</i> list.
<i>pien¹-hsiu¹</i>	編修	to compile a literary work; a rank in the <i>Han-lin</i> .
<i>pien¹-ju⁴</i>	編入	to enlist, to enrol; enrolled.
<i>pien¹-ko⁴-ch'ü³-êrh³</i>	編個曲兒	to compose a song.
<i>pien¹-lien²</i>	編連	to piece, to join; to weave.
<i>pien¹-mu⁴</i>	編木	a raft (cha ¹ fa ² tzü ³).
<i>pien¹-ti¹-huang³</i>	編的謊	falsely composed (a tale).
<i>pien¹-tsao⁴-ti¹</i>	編造的	composed, written (a book).
<i>pien¹-ts'ê⁴</i>	編冊	a list, a register, an inventory.
<i>pien¹</i>	虫 蝠 ^{902b687a}	a species of bat.
<i>pien¹-fu²</i>	蝙蝠	same.

PIEN³	戶 扁 ^{901c687b}	flat; a tablet; low, small.
<i>pien³-ch'iao³ (chüeh³⁴)</i>	扁鵲	study of medicine.
<i>pien³-shih²</i>	扁食	meat-dumpling.
<i>pien³-tan³</i>	扁担	a porter's pole (flat).
<i>pien³-tan³-hsi⁴</i>	扁担戲	puppets, Punch and Judy (k'uei ³ lei ³).
<i>pien³-t'ao²</i>	扁挑	the flat peach.
<i>pien³-ti¹</i>	扁的	flat.
<i>pien³-tou⁴</i>	扁豆	green peas, a kind of bean.
<i>pien³-tsan¹</i>	扁簪	flat hair-pins.
<i>pien³</i>	具 賤 ^{904b688a}	to cast off; to censure; to injure; to dispraise.
<i>pien³-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	賤下去	degraded.
<i>pien³-kuan¹-wei²-min³</i>	賤官爲民	to discharge an official.
<i>pien³-t'ui⁴</i>	賤退	to discharge from office.
<i>pien³</i>	匚 匾 ^{902a687c}	a sign-board; a board or tablet; flat.
<i>pien³-lien²</i>	匾聯	tablets (horizontal and perpendicular).
<i>pien³-o²</i>	匾額	a honorary tablet.
<i>pien³</i>	艸 菹 ^{902c687c}	a sort of bean.
<i>pien³-tou⁴-chiao³</i>	菹豆角	a trailing bean pod.

PIEN⁴	人 便 ^{903a688a}	convenient; cheap; used to; then. M. 581. See
<i>pien⁴-chia¹</i>	便家	a wealthy family, the rich (hsiao ³ k'ang ¹).

[p'ien³.

<i>pien⁴-chieh²</i>	便捷	convenient.
<i>pien⁴-chung¹</i>	便中	when convenient.
<i>pien⁴-fan⁴</i>	便飯	common every-day food (chia ¹ ch'ang ³ fan ⁴).
<i>pien⁴-hsi²</i>	便習	accustomed to (hsi ² huan ⁴).
<i>pien⁴-ku²</i>	便壺	a chamber utensil (yeh ⁴ hu ²).
<i>pien⁴-i¹</i>	便衣	undress, as opposed to uniform.
<i>pien⁴-i¹-pien⁴-mao⁴</i>	便衣便帽	in civilian dress.
<i>pien⁴-i⁴-hsing²-shih⁴</i>	便宜行事	a Plenipotentiary (大臣).
<i>pien⁴-i²</i>	便宜	advantageous; suitable, proper.
<i>pien⁴-i⁴</i>	便易	convenient and easy (fang ¹ pien ⁴).
<i>pien⁴-jên³</i>	便人	to take advantage of a person; to benefit a person.
<i>pien⁴-k'ô³</i>	便可	then you may, thus you may, thus it will do.
<i>pien⁴-li⁴</i>	便利	convenient, safe.
<i>pien⁴-mên²</i>	便門	a side door (êrh ³ mên ²).
<i>pien⁴-shih⁴</i>	便是	that is, then it is.
<i>pien⁴-shih⁴-fu²</i>	便是福	that is happiness.
<i>pien⁴-tang¹</i>	便當	convenient, safe, comfortable.
<i>pien⁴-tso⁴</i>	便坐	to sit at ease.
<i>pien⁴</i>	𠄎 (遍)	everywhere; a time, a turn.
<i>pien⁴</i>	𠄎 (遍)	same.
<i>pien⁴-chao³-ssü⁴-fang¹</i>	遍照四方	light cast in all directions.
<i>pien⁴-chieh¹</i>	遍街	the whole street.
<i>pien⁴-ch'u⁴</i>	遍處	every place (man ³ ch'u ⁴).
<i>pien⁴-ch'u⁴-yu²-hsing²</i>	遍處遊行	touring for pleasure.
<i>pien⁴-kao⁴</i>	遍告	to inform everyone.
<i>pien⁴-kao⁴-wan⁴-fang¹</i>	遍告萬方	to give notice to all the world.
<i>pien⁴-man³-t'ien¹-hsia⁴</i>	徧滿天下	throughout the entire world.
<i>pien⁴-shên¹</i>	遍身	the whole body (hun ⁴ shên ¹).
<i>pien⁴-ti⁴</i>	遍地	everywhere, every place (man ³ ti ⁴).
<i>pien⁴-tsou³</i>	遍走	to go everywhere.
<i>pien⁴</i>	辛 (辨)	to cut asunder, to divide; to distinguish; to dis-
<i>pien⁴-hao³-tai³</i>	辨好歹	to distinguish between good and bad.
<i>pien⁴-lun⁴</i>	辨論	to discuss, to dispute.
<i>pien⁴-ming²</i>	辨明	to distinguish clearly.
<i>pien⁴-pieh²</i>	辨別	to distinguish (fên ¹ pien ⁴).
<i>pien⁴-pu⁴-ch'u¹</i>	辨不出	unable to discriminate.
<i>pien⁴-shung⁴-hsia⁴</i>	辨上下	to distinguish good from bad.
<i>pien⁴-shuo¹</i>	辨說	to discuss, to dispute.
<i>pien⁴</i>	辛 (辯)	to discriminate; to judge; to dispute. See <i>pan⁴</i> .
<i>pien⁴-li³</i>	辯理	to argue the right or wrong of a thing.
<i>pien⁴-lun⁴</i>	辯論	to controvert; to argue, to discuss, to dispute.
<i>pien⁴-po²</i>	辯駁	to contradict; to dispute.
<i>pien⁴-shih⁴</i>	辯士	an orator,

[pute.]

pien⁴-shih¹-fei¹ 辯是非
 pien⁴-tao³ 辯倒
 pien⁴-ts'ai² 辯才
 pien⁴ 言變 905b689a
 pien⁴-hsi¹-fa³-rh² 變戲法兒
 pien⁴-hua⁴ 變化
 pien⁴-huan⁴ 變幻
 pien⁴-i⁴ 變易
 pien⁴-k'eng¹ 變更
 pien⁴-ku⁴ 變故
 pien⁴-kua⁴ 變卦
 pien⁴-liao³-fa²-ma³ 變了法碼
 pien⁴-liao³-hsiung⁴ 變了向
 pien⁴-liao³-hsin¹ 變了心
 pien⁴-liao³-yang⁴-êrh² 變了樣兒
 pien⁴-lian⁴-shih¹-fei¹ 變亂是非
 pien⁴-mai⁴ 變賣
 pien⁴-mao⁴ 變貌
 pien⁴-sé⁴ 變色
 pien⁴-tan⁴ 變蛋
 pien⁴-t'i³ 變體
 pien⁴-t'ien¹ 變天
 pien⁴-tung⁴ 變動
 pien⁴-t'ung¹ 變通
 pien⁴-yen²-sé⁴ 變顏色
 pien⁴ (t'zū) 糸 辨 905a689a
 pien⁴-fa³ 辨髮
 pien⁴-lien⁴-t'zū³ 辨撻子
 pien⁴-pien⁴-t'zū³ 辨辨子
 pien⁴-shêng²-êrh² 辨繩兒
 pien⁴ 弁 904c689c
 pien⁴-ping¹ 弁兵
 pien⁴ 卜 904c688b

to discriminate between true and false.
 to convince, to overcome in argument (po² tao³).
 ability to argue. [tion.
 a change, an alteration; to change; an insurrec-
 sleight of hand.
 to change, to transform, to metamorphose.
 sudden changes, illusions (ch'ien¹ pien⁴ wan⁴
 to change, to alter. [hua⁴).
 same.
 unforeseen occurrence, accident.
 to change one's mind.
 changed his mind.
 to have lost one's bearings.
 changed one's disposition or views.
 changed the form or style.
 utter confusion of right and wrong.
 to sell off, to turn into money.
 changed appearance.
 to change colour.
 preserved duck's eggs. [etc.],
 an altered form (as of a letter, character, person,
 the weather changes.
 to move, to remove.
 accommodating.
 to change colour.
 the pigtail or Chinese queue; to plait.
 to plait the hair.
 braid in the queue.
 to plait the pigtail (ta⁵ pien⁴ t'zū³).
 the string in the queue.
 military officers; a cap.
 petty officers and privates.
 hurry, perturbed; all; a rule.

P' IEN¹ 人 偏 906a689a
 p'ien¹-ai⁴ 偏愛
 p'ien¹-ch'ên² 偏沉
 p'ien¹-chêng⁴ 偏正
 p'ien¹-ch'iao³ 偏巧
 p'ien¹-chieh³ 偏解
 p'ien¹-chien⁴ 偏見
 p'ien¹-ch'ih¹-p'ien¹-ho¹ 偏吃偏喝
 p'ien¹-chui⁴ 偏墜

to lean towards, inclined; specially, M. 312, 472,
 strong partiality.
 heavier on one side than the other.
 slanting and upright; partial and impartial.
 unfair cleverness.
 particular, as opposed to universal.
 a partial view; to view partially.
 eating and drinking alone.
 the swelling of one testicle.

p'ien ¹ -fung ¹	偏方	a good prescription.
p'ien ¹ -fung ²	偏房	a concubine (ch'ieh ⁴).
p'ien ¹ -hsiang ¹	偏相	inclined, partial, to side with.
p'ien ¹ -hsiang ⁴	偏向	partiality (hsiang ⁴ t'a ¹).
p'ien ¹ -hsieh ²	偏斜	inclined, oblique.
p'ien ¹ -hsin ¹	偏心	prejudiced.
p'ien ¹ -hsin ¹ -yen ³	偏心眼	prejudiced mind.
p'ien ¹ -i ³	偏倚	to lounge.
p'ien ¹ -ko ⁴ -hsiang ⁴ -ko ⁴	偏個向個	unfair to all of them.
p'ien ¹ -k'ou ³ -yü ²	偏口魚	the sole.
p'ien ¹ -k'u ¹	偏枯	decayed on one side, paralysis of one side (pan ⁴ [shên ¹ pu ⁴ sui ²]).
p'ien ¹ -kno ⁴ -liao ³	偏過了	"I have eaten," answer to usual salutation.
p'ien ¹ -li ²	偏離	to diverge, to incline.
p'ien ¹ -li ³	偏理	a forced or one-sided argument. [ch'uang ¹].
p'ien ¹ -lou ⁴	偏漏	fistula in perineo or ano (chih ¹ ch'uang ¹ , lou ⁴
p'ien ¹ -pei ³	偏北	inclined to the north, i. e., not due north.
p'ien ¹ -p'i ⁴	偏僻	depraved, askew, out of the way.
p'ien ¹ -p'ien ¹ [ch'iao ³	偏偏	specially, particularly (t'ê ⁴ i ⁴).
p'ien ¹ -p'ien ¹ -ts'ou ⁴ -	偏偏湊巧	as luck would have it.
p'ien ¹ -pu ⁴ -t'ing ¹ -hua ⁴	偏不聽話	make a point of not listening to advice.
p'ien ¹ -sha ⁴	偏廈	a side room.
p'ien ¹ -ssü ¹	偏私	selfish, partiality, bias.
p'ien ¹ -tai ¹	偏待	to treat unfairly.
p'ien ¹ -t'êng ² -êrh ² -nü ³	偏疼兒女	partiality for one's children.
p'ien ¹ -t'ou ² -t'êng ²	偏頭疼	a head-ache on the side.
p'ien ¹ -tsai ¹ -i ¹ -p'ang ²	偏在一旁	to one side.
p'ien ¹ -tso ⁴	偏坐	to sit on one side.
p'ien ¹ -tu ⁴	偏度	degrees of longitude.
p'ien ¹ -yao ⁴	偏要	bent on having, determined to have.
p'ien ¹	竹篇 ^{907a690a}	a page, a leaf, a section; a publication,
p'ien ¹ -chang ¹	篇章	pages and chapters.
P' IEN ³	人便 ^{903a688a}	cheap. See pien ⁴ (chien ⁴).
p'ien ² -i ²	便宜	same.
P' IEN ³	言謊 ^{907a690c}	to boast, to brag; specious, artful.
p'ien ³ -jên ²	謊人	to impose on a person (hung ³ p'ien ⁴).
p'ien ³ -t a ¹ -ts'ai ² -nêng ³	謊他才能	to deceive an able man.
p'ien ³ -tsui ³	謊嘴	deceitful lips.
P' IEN ⁴	片片 ^{905c690c}	a piece, a slice, a slip, a leaf, the half.
p'ien ⁴ -chih ³	片紙	a visiting card.

p'ien⁴-han² 片函
 p'ien⁴-k'o⁴ 片刻
 p'ien⁴-pai² 片白
 p'ien⁴-p'ien⁴-ti¹ 片片的
 p'ien⁴-shih² 片時
 p'ien⁴-shih² 片石
 p'ien⁴-tuan⁴ 片子
 p'ien⁴-tzū³ 片子
 p'ien⁴-yen² 片言
 p'ien⁴-yün² 片雲
 p'ien⁴ 馬 騙 907b691c
 p'ien⁴-chiang¹-kuo¹- 騙江過海
 p'ien⁴-ch'ü⁴ [hai³ 騙去
 p'ien⁴ jên²-ts'ai² wu⁴ 騙人財物
 p'ien⁴-liao³-ch'ü⁴ 騙了去
 p'ien⁴-ma³ 騙馬
 p'ien⁴-tzü³-shou³ 騙子手
 p'ien⁴ 刀 副 306c690c
 p'ien⁴-jou⁴ 副肉
 p'ien⁴-tuo¹ 副刀

a short note, a line.
 a little time, a moment.
 gonorrhœa (pai² cho²).
 in slips or strips
 a moment, a little while (sha⁴ shih² chien¹).
 slate.
 full sentences.
 a visiting card (chih² ming²).
 "sliced words," reticent; a few words.
 striped clouds
 to defraud, to swindle; to leap on horseback.
 to cross rivers and seas.
 to inveigle from (k'uang¹).
 to cheat people out of their money.
 inveigled from.
 to leap on horseback; a gelding.
 a swindler (pêng¹ tzü³ shou³).
 to slice, to pare.
 to slice meat (ch'ieh⁴ jou⁴).
 a knife, a carving-knife.

PIN¹ 貝 賓 賓 賓 907c695a
 pin¹-chu³ 賓主
 pin¹-ju² 賓服
 pin¹-k'o⁴ 賓客
 pin¹-p'êng² 賓朋
 pin¹-t'ien¹ 賓天
 pin¹ 木 檳 檳 908c695c
 pin¹-lang² 檳榔
 pin¹-lang²-kao¹ 檳榔膏
 pin¹ 金 鑢 鑢 908b695b
 pin¹-t'ieh³ 鑢鐵
 pin¹ 女 嬪 嬪 909b697b
 pin¹-j'ü¹ 嬪妃
 pin¹ 水 瀕 瀕 908a695b

a guest, a visitor; a stranger; to submit.
 guest and host.
 to respect; to submit (p'ei⁴ fu²).
 guests, visitors
 same.
 to die (of an Emperor) (pêng¹ chia⁴).
 the betel-nut.
 Penang; the betel-nut.
 gambier.
 fine steel.
 very fine steel for swords.
 imperial concubines; handsome, beautiful.
 imperial concubines.
 a shore, a bank, a beach.

PIN⁴ 歹 殯 殯 908a696c
 pin⁴-ku² 殯骨
 pin⁴-lien⁴ 殯殮
 pin⁴-tsang⁴ 殯葬
 pin⁴ 髮 鬢 鬢 908b696c
 pin⁴-chiao³-rh² 鬢角兒
 pin⁴-ja⁴ 鬢髮

a funeral; to perform funeral rites; to bury.
 to bury a bone.
 to bury, to inter (ch'êng² lien⁴).
 to bury, a funeral (ch'ü¹ pin⁴, fa¹ sang¹).
 the hair on the temples, the temples.
 the temples.
 the hair on temples.

P'IN ¹	手才 拼 ^{857c653a}	reject, risk. Also p'an ⁴ . See p'in ⁴ below.
P'IN ²	貝 貧 ^{909a697a}	poor, poverty (ch'iuŋ ²).
p'in ² -chien ⁴	賤	poor and mean.
p'in ² -ch'iuŋ ³	貧窮	very poor poverty.
p'in ² -êrh ² -cha ¹ -fu ⁴	貧而乍富	sudden riches after poverty.
p'in ² -êrh ² -lê ⁴	貧而樂	poor and yet happy.
p'in ² -êrh ² -wu ² -ch'an ³	貧而無諂	poor and yet refraining from flattery.
p'in ² -fa ²	貧乏	in poverty.
p'in ² -fu ⁴	貧富	poverty and riches.
p'in ² -fu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -têng ³	貧富不等	poor and rich.
p'in ² -han ²	貧寒	poor, destitute (k'un ⁴ k'u ³).
p'in ² -jên ²	貧人	a poor person.
p'in ² k'u ³	貧苦	poverty; poor, miserable.
p'in ² -shih ⁴	貧士	a poor scholar (hau ² ju ²).
p'in ² -tsui ³ -o ⁴ -shê ²	貧嘴惡舌	a poor man's tongue is evil.
p'in ²	木 櫬 ^{909c697a}	apple.
p'in ² -kuo ³	櫬菓	same.
P'IN ³	口 品 ^{909c697c}	kind, rank, degree; rule; limit; to arrange.
p'in ³ -ch'a ²	品茶	to sip tea.
p'in ³ -chi ²	品級	grade, official grade, rank, degree (kuan ¹ hsien ⁴).
p'in ³ -chi ² -shih ²	品級石	a stone on which official rank is recorded.
p'in ³ -chih ²	品職	grade, rank.
p'in ³ -chün ³	品酒	to taste wine.
p'in ³ -ch'u ¹ -lai ²	品出來	to form an estimate (tu ⁴ liang ⁴).
p'in ³ -hsin ¹	品心	to test a man's heart.
p'in ³ -hsing ²	品行	conduct, behaviour, actions (hsing ² wei ³).
p'in ³ -hsing ² -tuan ¹ -fang ¹	品行端方	conduct unexceptionable.
p'in ³ -hsing ⁴	品性	disposition (p'i ² ch'i ⁴).
p'in ³ -hung ²	品紅	auiline red.
p'in ³ -jên ² -shih ⁴ -fei ¹	品人是非	to decide a person's merits or demerits.
p'in ³ -ko ²	品格	rule, manner; natural disposition (good).
p'in ³ -lei ⁴	品類	sort, class, species; to classify.
p'in ³ -mao ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ts'o ⁴	品貌不錯	face very good looking.
p'in ³ -p'ing ²	品評	to classify, to arrange critically; to criticise.
p'in ³ -t'i ²	品題	to commend critically.
p'in ³ -tzŋ ¹ -wei ⁴	品滋味	to sample, to try the taste of.
p'in ³ -wu ⁴	品物	various articles; to sort things.
p'in ³	牛 牝 ^{910a697c}	female; female of animals, etc.; the vagina.
p'in ³ -chi ¹	牝雞	the hen (hsiuŋ ² chi ¹).
p'in ³ -hu ⁴	牝戶	the vagina.
p'in ³ -ma ³	牝馬	a mare.

p'in³-mu³ 牝牡
p'in³-tan¹ 牝丹
p'in³-tzu⁴ 牝字
p'in³-yang² 牝羊

male and female of animals.
 shrub peony (*mu³ tan¹ hua¹*)
 the female of animals.
 the ewe.

P'IN⁴ 耳 聘^{916a702c}
p'in⁴-chia⁴ 聘嫁
p'in⁴-ch'ü³ 聘娶
p'in⁴-hsü³ 聘許
p'in⁴-ü³ 聘禮
p'in⁴-ting⁴-hsia⁴ 聘定下
p'in⁴-ting⁴-ti¹ 聘定的
p'in⁴-ting⁴-wei²-ch'i¹ 聘定爲妻
p'in⁴-t'ou² 聘頭
p'in⁴ 手才 拚^{857c653a}
p'in⁴-ch'ü⁴ 拚去
p'in⁴-ming⁴ 拚命
p'in⁴-liao³-ming⁴ 拚了命

[ents
 to request, to ask; to betroth; marriage pres
 betrothal and marriage (*hun¹ chia⁴*).
 to marry a woman.
 to betroth, betrothed. [chuang⁴]
 betrothal presents, presents (of male) (*chia⁴*)
 to betroth, betrothed.
 the girl betrothed.
 to betroth as wife.
 a concubine, a mistress. [(also *pin¹, p'an¹*)
 to brush, to sweep away, to reject; to grasp
 to throw away.
 to risk one's life (I'll lose my life, but I'll do it!).
 risked his life (*chüan ming⁴, huo¹ shang¹*).

PING¹ 八 兵^{910c698c}
ping¹-ch'ai¹ 兵差
ping¹-ch'é¹ 兵車
ping¹-ch'i⁴ 兵器
ping¹-chia³ 兵甲
ping¹-chiang⁴ 兵將
ping¹-ch'iang²-ma³-chuang⁴ 兵強馬壯
ping¹-ching¹-liang²-tsu² 兵精糧足
ping¹-ch'uan² 兵船
ping¹-fan³-tsei²-lian⁴ 兵反賊亂
ping¹-fang² 兵房
ping¹-fu² 兵符
ping¹-hsiang³ 兵餉
ping¹-hsieh⁴ 兵械
ping¹-huang¹-ma³-luan¹ 兵荒馬亂
ping¹-jên⁴ 兵刃
ping¹-k'o¹ 兵科
ping¹-kuan¹ 兵官
ping¹-lai²-chiang⁴-tang³ 兵來將擋
ping¹-ma³-ssü¹ 兵馬司
ping¹-o² 兵額
ping¹-pei⁴-tao⁴ 兵備道
ping¹-t'u⁴ 兵部
ping¹-pu⁴-yen⁴-cha⁴ 兵不厭詐

soldier, army; weapons; to attack.
 soldiers and police.
 a war-chariot.
 military weapons
 armour.
 soldiers and general.
 troops of all kinds in fine order.
 troops and supplies perfect.
 a man-of-war.
 troops in revolt and rebels rampant.
 department in yamên like Board of War, Peking.
 a dispatch or order (*wên² shu¹*).
 pay and rations of troops.
 military weapons, arms, stores, etc.
 confusion of routed troops.
 military weapons (*chün¹ ch'ü⁴*).
 military examinations.
 an officer in the army.
 it takes a general to stop troops.
 a low civil rank (police magistrate). G. 343.
 the fixed number of soldiers.
 a *tao-t'ai* (with troops at his command). G. 280.
 the "Board of War" at Peking. G. 156.
 all is fair in war.

<i>ping¹-shu¹</i>	兵書	military books ; dispatches, etc.
<i>ping¹-shu¹ chan⁴-ts'ê¹</i>	兵書戰策	books on the art of war.
<i>ping¹-ting¹</i>	兵丁	a soldier, soldiers (chiin ¹ chia ¹).
<i>ping¹-to¹-chiang¹-kuang³</i>	兵多將廣	an extensive military organization.
<i>ping¹-t'on²</i>	兵頭	a commanding officer of any rank.
<i>ping¹-ts'ê¹</i>	兵策	military tactics or strategy (t'ao ¹ liao ⁴).
<i>ping¹-tsu²</i>	兵卒	a soldier.
<i>ping¹-wei¹</i>	兵威	military prestige.
<i>ping¹-ying²</i>	兵營	a military camp or garrison (ying ² p'an ²).
<i>ping¹-yung³</i>	兵勇	soldiers (regulars and militia).
<i>ping¹</i>	水冰	ice.
<i>ping¹</i>	冰	same
<i>ping¹-cha²-wên²-érh²</i>	冰炸紋兒	lines like cracked ice.
<i>ping¹-chiao¹</i>	冰窖	an ice pit or house.
<i>ping¹-ch'ing¹</i>	冰清	pure and simple ; clear as ice.
<i>ping¹-ch'ing¹-shui³-lêng³</i>	冰清水冷	“clear as ice, cold as water,” pure, simple; lone-
<i>ping¹-ch'ing¹-yü¹-chieh²</i>	冰清玉潔	clear as ice and pure as jade.
<i>ping¹-ch'uang²</i>	冰床	an ice sledge.
<i>ping¹-chui¹</i>	冰錐	an ice awl.
<i>ping¹-han²</i>	冰寒	cold as ice, icy cold.
<i>ping¹-hsiang¹</i>	冰箱	ice-chest.
<i>ping¹-hsiao¹</i>	冰消	the thawing or melting of ice.
<i>ping¹-hsiao¹-wa³-chieh³</i>	冰消瓦解	the end of a thing (figurative)
<i>ping¹-hsieh²</i>	冰鞋	“ice shoes,” skates.
<i>ping¹-jên²</i>	冰人	a go-between (mei ² jên ²).
<i>ping¹-k'ai¹</i>	冰開	a thaw of ice
<i>ping¹-k'uai⁴</i>	冰塊	hail.
<i>ping¹-liang²</i>	冰涼	cold as ice, icy cold.
<i>ping¹-ling²-rh²</i>	冰凌兒	icicles.
<i>ping¹-pao²</i>	冰雹	hail.
<i>ping¹-p'ien⁴</i>	冰片	camphor, baroos ; ice ; a piece of ice (ch'ao ² nao ²).
<i>ping¹-shan¹</i>	冰山	an ice mountain.
<i>ping¹-shih⁴</i>	冰室	an ice-house.
<i>ping¹-shui³</i>	冰水	ice water.
<i>ping¹-t'ang²</i>	冰糖	sugar candy.
<i>ping¹-tê²-huang¹</i>	冰得慌	very cold.
<i>ping¹-tung⁴</i>	冰凍	frozen hard (tung ⁴ ti ¹ shih ³ tsai ⁴).
<i>ping¹-tung⁴-san¹-ch'ih³</i>	冰凍三尺	“frozen three feet,” a length of time.
<i>ping¹-yang²</i>	冰洋	the Arctic Ocean.
<i>ping¹</i>	木 梔	the betel-nut (pin ¹ lang ²).
<i>ping¹-lang²</i>	梔榔	same.
<i>ping¹-lang²-i¹</i>	梔榔衣	betel-nut husk.
<i>ping¹-lang²-wên²-érh²</i>	梔榔紋兒	markings of betel-nut kernel.

[ly.

示 稟 913b696b
 ping³-chia⁴ 稟假
 ping³-chih¹ 稟知
 ping³-chih⁴ 稟質
 ping³-chien⁴ 稟見
 ping³-ch'ing³ 稟請
 ping³-fu⁴ 稟賦
 ping³-hsing⁴ 稟性
 ping³-kao⁴ 稟告
 ping³-ming² 稟明
 ping³-ming⁴ 稟命
 ping³-pao⁴ 稟報
 ping³-shih⁴-li⁴ 稟事吏
 ping³-shou¹-t'ien¹-li³ 稟受天理
 ping³-shu¹ 稟書
 ping³-tao⁴ 稟道
 ping³-t'ieh³ 稟帖
 禾 秉 913c699c
 ping³-chin⁴ 秉盡
 ping³-chu² 秉燭
 ping³-chung¹-pao³-kuo⁴ 秉忠保國
 ping³-hsing⁴ 秉性
 ping³-kung¹ 秉公
 ping³-kung²-pan⁴-li³ 秉公辦理
 ping³-kung¹-tuan⁴-an⁴ 秉公斷案
 ping³-kung¹-yen² sl'eu¹ 秉公研審
 一 丙 912b699a
 ping³-huo³ 丙火
 ping³-ting²-huo³ 丙丁火
 ping³-tzū³ 丙子
 食 餅 912a699b
 ping³ (tzū) 餅子
 ping³-tzū³-hua¹ 餅子花
 火 炳 912c699b

to state; to receive; to petition; a statement.
 to request leave of absence (kao³ chia⁴).
 to state, to inform, to tell.
 disposition.
 to wait on a superior.
 to request information from a superior.
 to receive from heaven.
 disposition.
 to accuse in writing.
 to represent clearly to a superior.
 to receive orders.
 to state to a superior, to report.
 official's attendant.
 endowed with heavenly reason.
 a statement.
 to state, to inform, to announce.
 a petition.
 to grasp; to maintain; natural.
 with the whole strength, etc.
 to hold a candle.
 loyally protecting the kingdom.
 the natural disposition.
 just, equitable.
 to act with justice.
 to decide a case justly.
 to investigate impartially,
 one of the divisions of time (3rd of the stems).
 the sun (t'ai⁴ yang⁴).
 the sun; fire.
 south and north.
 a cake, pastry.
 holly-hock.
 the light of the fire; luminous, clear.

病 912c700b
 ping⁴-ch'eng⁴ 病症
 ping⁴-chi² 病疾
 ping⁴-ch'ian² 病痊
 ping⁴-fan³-liao³ 病犯了
 ping⁴-hao³-liao³ 病好了
 ping⁴-hsiang¹-jan³ 病相染
 ping⁴-jên² 病人
 ping⁴-ju⁴-kao¹-mang² 病入膏肓

illness, disease defect, fault.
 disease, sickness (ch'eng⁴ hou⁴).
 same.
 cured.
 an attack of an old disease.
 the better of illness, convalescent.
 infectious disease.
 a sick person.
 the disease has entered on the fatal stage.

<i>p'ing⁴-kên¹</i>	病根	the root of a disease.
<i>p'ing⁴-ku⁴</i>	病故	to die of disease.
<i>p'ing⁴-k'u³</i>	病苦	misery.
<i>p'ing⁴-nêng²-chao²-jên²</i>	病能著人	the disease is infectious.
<i>p'ing⁴-p'ing⁴-yang⁴-yang⁴</i>	病病恙恙	unwell, ailing.
<i>p'ing⁴-ssũ³</i>	病死	to die of disease.
<i>p'ing⁴-tao³-tsai⁴-ch'uang²</i>	病倒在床	sick and took to bed.
<i>p'ing⁴-tê²-hên³</i>	病得狠	extremely sick.
<i>p'ing⁴-tê²-lî⁴-hai⁴</i>	病得利害	dangerously ill.
<i>p'ing⁴-t'i³</i>	病體	sickness, illness.
<i>p'ing⁴-tsai⁴-ch'ui²-wei²</i>	病在垂危	illness reached fatal stage.
<i>p'ing⁴-wei³</i>	病危	sickness, illness.
<i>p'ing⁴-yü⁴-liao³</i>	病愈了	restored to health (or 瘡).
<i>p'ing⁴-yüan²</i>	病源	the cause or origin of a complaint.
<i>p'ing⁴</i>	干并竝並	together with ; united ; and also, moreover ; all.
<i>p'ing⁴</i>	一	same.
<i>p'ing⁴-ch'ê¹</i>	並車	to ride together in a carriage, etc.
<i>p'ing⁴-ch'i³</i>	並起	to rise unanimously.
<i>p'ing⁴-ch'i³-lai²</i>	並起來	to place side by side.
<i>p'ing⁴-ch'ieh³</i>	並且	moreover, besides, and further (k'uang ⁴ ch'ieh ³).
<i>p'ing⁴-chien¹</i>	並肩	shoulder to shoulder, side by side (ai ² chien ¹).
<i>p'ing⁴-fei¹</i>	並非	not, by no means, not by any means.
<i>p'ing⁴-hsing²</i>	並行	to walk together or abreast.
<i>p'ing⁴-li⁴</i>	並力	with united strength.
<i>p'ing⁴-ma³</i>	並馬	to ride on horseback in company.
<i>p'ing⁴-mu²-tsai⁴-chia¹</i>	並沒在家	truly not at home.
<i>p'ing⁴-p'ai²-cho²</i>	並排着	placed together.
<i>p'ing⁴-pan⁴</i>	並伴	together, side by side.
<i>p'ing⁴-pu⁴-chih⁴-yü²</i>	並不致於	so as not to come to that.
<i>p'ing⁴-pu⁴-hao³</i>	並不好	all are bad.
<i>p'ing⁴-pu⁴-hui³-kai³</i>	並不悔改	he did <i>not</i> repent.
<i>p'ing⁴-pu⁴-shih⁴</i>	並不是	it certainly is not, not at all, not by any means.
<i>p'ing⁴-t'ou²-lien²</i>	並頭蓮	two lilies on one stem ; united ; coalition.
<i>p'ing⁴-wu²-êrl²-ch'u⁴</i>	並無二處	no two places possible.
<i>p'ing⁴ (t'ũ)</i>	木榦	a handle ; having the control of ; authority.

P-ING¹ (<i>p'êng</i>)	石 砗	SS0b701a	a noise, a rumbling noise (as of stones falling).
<i>p'ing¹-k'o¹</i>	砗磳		a rumbling noise, a noise like thunder.

P-ING²	干 平	914a701a	even, level ; tranquil ; to level ; equal.
<i>p'ing²-an¹</i>	平安		peace, tranquillity.
<i>p'ing²-an¹-wu²-shih⁴</i>	平安無事		the entire absence of trouble
<i>p'ing²-ch'ang²</i>	平常		common, usual (hsün ² ch'ang ²).

<i>p'ing²-chêng⁴</i>	平正	level, even ; just.
<i>p'ing²-ch'í²</i>	平齊	level, even ; peaceful.
<i>p'ing²-ch'í³-p'ing²-tso⁴</i>	平起平坐	rise together and sit down together.
<i>p'ing²-chien¹-hsing²</i>	平肩行	to go side by side.
<i>p'ing²-chih⁴</i>	平治	to regulate.
<i>p'ing²-chih⁴-t'ien¹-hsia⁴</i>	平治天下	to regulate the empire.
<i>p'ing²-chua³-fên⁴-liang³</i>	平準分兩	weighed correctly.
<i>p'ing²-fên⁴</i>	平分	to divide equally.
<i>p'ing²-fêng¹</i>	平風	a gentle breeze.
<i>p'ing²-fang²</i>	平房	houses with tileless roofs.
<i>p'ing²-fu²</i>	平服	to subjugate.
<i>p'ing²-fú²</i>	平復	restored to one's usual health, etc.
<i>p'ing²-ho²</i>	平和	harmonious.
<i>p'ing²-hsi¹</i>	平西	westering (sun).
<i>p'ing²-hsin¹-ching⁴-ch'í¹</i>	平心靜氣	very peaceful.
<i>p'ing²-hsing²</i>	平行	of equal rank ; to go side by side.
<i>p'ing²-í⁴</i>	平易	easy (jung ² í ⁴).
<i>p'ing²-jih⁴</i>	平日	on common occasions.
<i>p'ing²-kuang¹-ching⁴</i>	平光鏡	a lens giving parallel rays ; kind of spectacles
<i>p'ing²-k'ung¹</i>	平空	commonly, constantly ; unexpectedly.
<i>p'ing²-mieh¹-tsei²-k'ou¹</i>	平滅賊寇	to quell and destroy brigands.
<i>p'ing²-min²</i>	平民	the ordinary people, e.g., as distinct from the
<i>p'ing²-ming²</i>	平明	near day-break. [Christians
<i>p'ing²-lang⁴</i>	平浪	a smooth sea.
<i>p'ing²-pai²</i>	平白	common, usual.
<i>p'ing²-pei⁴</i>	平輩	the same generation of the family.
<i>p'ing²-p'ing²-ti¹</i>	平平的	level, even, smooth, tranquil.
<i>p'ing²-p'ing²-wu²-ch'í²</i>	平平無奇	nothing uncommon, ordinary.
<i>p'ing²-shang³-ch'ü⁴-ju⁵</i>	平上去入	the four tones.
<i>p'ing²-shên¹</i>	平身	to get up (from a kneeling posture).
<i>p'ing²-shêng¹</i>	平生	naturally, usually.
<i>p'ing²-shêng¹</i>	平聲	the even tone.
<i>p'ing²-shih²</i>	平時	generally, commonly, ordinarily.
<i>p'ing²-su⁴</i>	平素	heretofore ; till now.
<i>p'ing²-t'ai²</i>	平臺	a terrace ; side rooms.
<i>p'ing²-tan⁴</i>	平澹	even, smooth ; harmonious.
<i>p'ing²-t'an³</i>	平坦	level, even (as a road).
<i>p'ing²-t'an³-tu⁴-lu⁴</i>	平坦大路	the smooth high road.
<i>p'ing²-têng³</i>	平等	of equal rank.
<i>p'ing²-tí⁴</i>	平地	level ground, a plain.
<i>p'ing²-tiao⁴-hsi⁴</i>	平調戲	even-note, a music.
<i>p'ing²-ting⁴</i>	平定	steady, sober, tranquil.
<i>p'ing²-ting⁴-kan¹-ko¹</i>	平定干戈	to come to an agreement and end the war.

'ing²-tsé⁴ (chai) 平仄
 'ing²-yang²-ta⁴-lu¹ 平陽大路
 'ing²-yüan² 平原
 'ing² 憑
 'ing² 心馬弄 (憑) 916b702b
 'ing²-chang⁴ 憑仗
 'ing²-chêng⁴ 憑證
 'ing²-chêng⁴-ti¹ 憑證的
 'ing²-chü⁴ 憑據
 'ing²-hsin¹ 憑心
 'ing²-hsin⁴ 憑信
 'ing²-i³ 憑依
 'ing²-k'ou³-shuo¹ 憑口說
 'ing²-k'ung¹ 憑空
 'ing²-li³ 憑理
 'ing²-liang²-hsin¹ 憑良心
 'ing²-ni³ 憑你
 'ing²-ni³-shuo¹ 憑你說
 'ing²-shên²-mo² 憑甚麼
 'ing²-tan¹ 憑單
 'ing²-t'ieh³-ch'ü³ 憑帖取
 'ing²-yin⁴ 憑印
 'ing² 言評 915b701c
 'ing²-i¹ 評議
 'ing²-lun⁴ 評論
 'ing²-mo⁴ 評脈
 'ing²-p'ing²-li³ 評評理
 'ing²-ting⁴ [wên² 評定
 'ing²-yüeh⁴-shih¹- 評閱詩文
 'ing² 屏 915c702a
 'ing²-ch'ü⁴ 屏氣
 'ing²-ch'ü⁴ 屏去
 'ing²-fêng¹ 屏風
 'ing²-mên² 屏門
 'ing² 艸 卅 萍 915b701c
 'ing²-shui³-hsiang¹- 萍水相逢
 'ing²-ts'ao³ [fêng² 萍草
 'ing² (t'ü) 瓦 餅 瓶 916a702b
 'ing²-sai⁴-rh² 瓶塞兒
 'ing²-tsu³ 瓶梓
 'ing² (p'in) 艸 卅 蘋 909c697b
 'ing²-kuo³ 蘋菓
 'ing² 木 楸 909c697a

the even and deflected tones.
 the open high road.
 a level plain or common.
 to lean or depend on; proof; at the pleasure of.
 same. M. 218.
 to lean against; to depend upon,
 proof, evidence; to prove.
 proof, evidence of; a witness.
 proof, evidence of.
 to act according to conscience.
 trustworthy (k'ao⁴ tê² chu⁴).
 to trust to.
 an unsupported assertion.
 foundationless, without grounds.
 depending on right.
 according to conscience.
 as you please (sui² ni³ pien⁴).
 according to what you say, as you say.
 what proof have you? etc. [proof."
 a paper for reference; a certificate; a "duty
 a note, a money order (p'iao⁴).
 proof seal, sign manual.
 to discuss, to deliberate; to criticise; to arrange.
 to discuss, and deliberate.
 to discuss.
 to feel the pulse (hao⁴ mo⁴).
 to discuss, come to an understanding.
 to decide, to arbitrate.
 to review poems and essays.
 to cover, to screen; to reject; to put away.
 to hold one's breath; to forbear.
 to reject, to put away (yen⁴ ch'ü⁴).
 a screen (hua¹ p'ing²).
 a door-screen.
 a sort of water lichen or moss.
 a first meeting; to meet unexpectedly.
 water lichen, moss.
 a bottle, a vase.
 a stopper, a cork.
 a bottle-cork.
 the apple.
 same.
 apple. Also p'in².

p'ing²-kuo³-lan¹-êrh² 櫛果乾兒
p'ing²-kuo³-lū⁴ 櫛果綠

dried apples.
 apple-green.

PO¹ 水 𠵼 波^{917a703a}
po¹-lan² 波瀾
po¹-lan⁴ 波浪
po¹-lêng²-kai⁴-rh² 波稜蓋兒
po¹-mo⁴ 波沫
po¹-p'uo⁴-rh² 波泡兒
po¹-ssü¹-kuo² 波斯國
po¹ 玉 玻^{917a704b}
po¹-li² 玻璃
po¹-li²-chan³ 玻璃盞
po¹-li²-ching⁴ 玻璃鏡
po¹-li²-chuan¹ 玻璃磚
po¹-li²-ho² 玻璃盒
po¹-li²-liao² 玻璃料
po¹-li²-pei¹ 玻璃盃
po¹-li²-p'ien⁴ 玻璃片
po¹-li²-p'ing²-rh² 玻璃瓶兒
po¹-li²-têng¹ 玻璃燈
po¹ 手 才 撥^{919c708c}
po¹-chêng⁴ 撥正
po¹-chü³-ni³-tien³ 撥給你點
po¹-ch'ien² 撥錢
po¹-ch'ü⁴ 撥去
po¹-ch'ü¹ 撥出
po¹-chuan³-jên²-hsin¹ 撥轉人心
po¹-ch'uan² 撥船
po¹-chun³-liao³ 撥準了
po¹-hsiang⁴ 撥項
po¹-huai¹-liao³ 撥壞了
po¹-k'ai¹ 撥開
po¹-k'ai¹-mên² 撥開門
po¹-kei³ 撥給
po¹-ko⁴-jên²-lai² 撥個人來
po¹-la¹ 撥攪
po¹-la¹-k'ai¹ 撥攪開
po¹-lai²-ti¹ 撥來的
po¹-lang¹-ku³ 撥浪鼓
po¹-ma³ 撥馬
po¹-ping¹ 撥兵
po¹-po¹-chuan³-chuan³ 撥撥轉轉

waves ; a ruffled surface.
 waves (chopping) ; to talk at random.
 waves,
 the kneecap, the knee.
 crests of waves, surf, comb.
 wave bubbles or crests.
 Persia.
 glass.
 same (liu² li²).
 a glass bowl.
 a looking-glass.
 window-glass.
 a glass jar.
 glass-ware.
 a drinking glass, a tumbler.
 window-glass.
 glass bottles or vases.
 a glass lamp.
 to separate ; to disperse ; to reject ; to regulate
 to correct, to set right.
 give you a little.
 to transfer money.
 to reject, to expel ; remove.
 to give out ; to take out, to abstract.
 to bring men's hearts around to the true path.
 lighters.
 distributed evenly.
 to transfer money.
 pulled to pieces.
 to open out ; to reject ; get away ! be off !
 to pry open a door.
 to give out, to disburse.
 to send a person (ch'ai¹ jên² lai²).
 to turn over and examine or sort ; to spread out
 to separate ; to open out.
 got by transfer.
 a kind of small drum.
 to turn a horse.
 to remove troops.
 to make to turn round.

po ¹ -sung ¹	撥送	to despatch troops, etc.; to remove.
po ¹ -shên ¹ -chin ¹	撥身金	to transfer one's wages.
po ¹ -tuo ⁴ -wan ³ -li ³	撥到碗裏	transferred to the cup.
oo ¹ -yün ² -shien ⁴ jih ⁴	撥雲見日	fig. open the clouds and see the sun.
oo ¹	刀 刮	to flay, to peel, to scrape off. See <i>pao</i> ¹ .
oo ¹ -ch'u ¹ -lai ²	刮出來	to extort.
oo ¹ -lo ⁴	刮落	to flay.
oo ¹ -min ²	刮民	"to flay the people" (to oppress them).
oo ¹ -p'i ²	刮皮	to peel, to skin.
oo ¹ -p'i ² -t'ing ¹	刮皮廳	a swindle (jocular).
oo ¹ -p'i ² ts'uo ³ -hsüan ¹	刮皮草啗	to flay and stuff with straw.
oo ¹	食 餠	cakes, biscuits.
oo ¹ p'o ¹	餠 餠	same.
oo ¹ -p'o ¹ -ting ¹	餠 餠 丁	the dandelion (pai ² pai ² ts'ai ⁴).
oo ¹	金 鉢	a sacrificial vessel, priest's alms dish.
oo ¹ -yü ²	鉢 盂	same.
oo ¹	艸 廿 菠	cabbage; a fruit.
oo ¹ -lo ²	菠 蘿	the pineapple.
oo ¹ -lo ² -mi ⁴	菠 蘿 蜜	the jack-fruit.
oo ¹ -ts'ai ⁴	菠 菜	winter cabbage; spinach.
oo ¹	艸 廿 葡	turnips (lo ² po ¹).
oo ¹ (pai)	手 擘	to open, to break a cake.
oo ²	艸 廿 薄	stingy; contemptuous; peppermint. See <i>pao</i> ² .
oo ² -ch'ing ²	薄 情	wanting in right feeling.
oo ² -ho ²	薄 荷	peppermint.
oo ² -ho ² -yeh ⁴	薄 荷 葉	peppermint leaf.
oo ² -ho ² -yu ²	薄 荷 油	peppermint oil.
oo ² -hsing ²	薄 行	contemptuous, improper conduct.
oo ² -hsing ¹	薄 倖	to treat a wife slightly.
oo ² -jên ² -i ⁴	薄 仁 義	to offend.
oo ² -mien ⁴	薄 面	very nervous.
oo ² -ming ⁴	薄 命	a poor destiny (of ill-success in life).
oo ² -shêng ¹ -shêng ¹ -t'i ¹	薄 生 生 的	quite thin, delicately thin. [shih ⁴].
oo ² -shih ⁴	薄 視	to view slightly or contemptuously (miao ³
oo ² -tai ⁴	薄 待	to treat shabbily.
oo ² -ti ⁴	薄 地	barren ground.
oo ²	十 博	extensive; profound; to traffic; to jest, to play.
oo ² -êrh ² -pu ⁴ -ching ¹	博 而 不 精	wide knowledge, but not deep.
oo ² -hsiao ²	博 學	extensive learning.
oo ² -i ¹ -hsiao ⁴	博 一 笑	to raise a laugh by saying something witty.
oo ² -i ⁴	博 弈	to play at chess (hsia ⁴ e'hi ²).
oo ² -ku ³ -t'ung ² -chin ²	博 古 通 今	equally at home in ancient and modern learning.

*po*²-*shih*¹
*po*²-*shih*⁴
*po*²-*wu*⁴-*yüan*⁴
*po*²-*wên*²
*po*²-*ya*³
*po*²
*po*²-*chéng*⁴
*po*²-*chia*⁴
*po*²-*ch'uan*²
*po*²-*hui*²
*po*²-*hui*³
*po*²-*k'ou*³
*po*²-*pang*⁴
*po*²-*ping*¹
*po*²-*pu*⁴-*tao*⁴
*po*²-*tao*¹
*po*²-*wên*²
*po*²
*po*²-*chu*³
*po*²-*chüeh*²
*po*²-*fu*⁴
*po*²-*hsiung*¹
*po*²-*li*³
*po*²-*mu*³
*po*²-*shu*²
*po*²
*po*²-*ho*²
*po*²-*hsing*⁴
*po*² (*tzü*)
*po*²-*ch'i*²
*po*²-*hsiang*⁴
*po*²-*kêng*³-*tzü*³
*po*²

馬駁

人

白

肉

白

博施
 博士
 博物院
 博聞
 博雅
 駁 922a708b
 駁政
 駁價
 駁船
 駁回
 駁毀
 駁口
 駁謗
 駁兵
 駁不倒
 駁倒
 駁文
 伯 917c707b
 伯主
 伯爵
 伯父
 伯兄
 伯理
 伯母
 伯叔
 百 849a707b
 百合
 百姓
 脖 919b718c
 脖臍
 脖項
 脖頸子
 白 849a707c

extensive liberality.
 a doctor of the Academy of Learning.
 a museum.
 great scholarship.
 profound knowledge and elegance.
 to contradict; contradictory, diverse; freckled.
 criticise acts of government.
 to object to the price.
 to load from one to another vessel; a cargo boat.
 to contradict a person; to refuse.
 to detract from.
 to contradict a person (*t'ai*² *kang*⁴).
 to detract from.
 to remove troops.
 cannot be contradicted.
 to overthrow in argument (*pien*⁴ *tao*⁴).
 to contradict, to declare incorrect. [ity.
 an uncle; a senior, a superior; 3rd rank of nobil-
 chief, doyen.
 3rd rank of nobility, an earl.
 a father's elder brother, an uncle.
 an elder brother.
 to manage, to control.
 a father's elder brother's wife, an aunt.
 uncle on the father's side.
 a hundred. See *pai*³.
 name of an edible bulb. [shu⁴ min²)
 "the hundred surnames," the people (*li*² *min*²)
 the neck, the navel.
 the navel.
 nape of neck.
 the neck (*hsiang*⁴ *kêng*³).
 white. See *pai*².

PO³
*po*³-*ch'i*⁴
*po*³-*chung*³
*po*³-*mi*³
*po*³-*nung*⁴
*po*³-*pai*²-*ku*³
*po*³-*yang*³
*po*³
*po*³-*lo*²

手才

竹

播 920a703c
 播棄
 播種
 播米
 播弄
 播百穀
 播揚
 筥 925c705b
 筥蘿

to winnow; to remove; to sow; to scatter.
 to put or throw away; to reject.
 to scatter or sow seeds (*sa*³ *chung*³, *chung*⁴ *chung*³).
 to winnow rice (*jang*³ *ch'ang*²).
 to dupe, to deceive, to beguile (*hu*² *nung*⁴).
 to sow the different kinds of grain.
 to spread abroad, to disseminate.
 a basket-tray.
 a basket-tray (to feed animals in)

PO ⁴	竹	籬 ^{917c704c}	a wicker dust-pan, a sort of winnowing basket.
po ⁴ -chi ¹		籬	same.
po ⁴ -yang ²		籬揚	to winnow.
po ⁴ -yang ²		籬颺	same.
po ⁴ (p'o ⁴)	迨	迨 ^{918b708a}	extreme, urgent, pressing; to embarrass.
po ⁴ -chi ²		迨急	same (chao ² chi ²).
po ⁴ -ch'ieh ⁴		迨切	decisive, pressing, urgent; to compel.
po ⁴	金	箔 ^{918c706a}	leaf of paper foil for worship (hsi po).
po ⁴	竹	箔 ^{618c706a}	a splint door-screen.
po ⁴	金	鈸 ^{921c709c}	cymbals (nao ² po ⁴).
po ⁴	肉	膊 ^{920c706b}	the arm; dried meat (po ⁴ lêng ² kai ⁴ erh ²).
po ⁴	水	泊 ^{918c707c}	shore, to anchor.
P'O ¹	頁	頗 ^{923c705a}	very, extremely; rather; doubt, suspicion.
p'o ¹ -chia ¹		頗佳	extremely good.
p'o ¹ -chia ¹		頗覺	to know, to understand.
p'o ¹ -chih ¹		頗知	to know, understand.
p'o ¹ -chiu ³		頗久	a very long time.
p'o ¹ -ch'ieh ⁴		頗切	exceedingly.
p'o ¹ -hao ³		頗好	extremely good; to be very fond of.
p'o ¹ -hsiang ¹		頗香	very fragrant (p'ên ⁴ hsiang ¹).
p'o ¹ -hsiao ³		頗曉	to know, to understand.
p'o ¹ -k'o ³		頗可	it will do extremely well.
p'o ¹ .to ¹		頗多	very many or much.
p'o ¹ -yu ³		頗有	pretty well supplied.
p'o ¹ -yu ³ -ch'ü ¹		頗有趣	very pleasant.
p'o ¹ -yu ³ -wei ⁴ -érh ²		頗有味兒	very fragrant.
p'o ¹ (tzü)	土	坡 ^{922c704a}	a mound, a bank, a hill.
p'o ¹ -k'an ³		坡坎	same.
p'o ¹ .ti ¹		坡地	level land.
p'o ¹	水	潑 ^{925b710a}	[ping. to sprinkle, to scatter, to shower; water drip- spill it out.
p'o ¹ -ch'u ¹ -ch'ü ¹		潑出去	water spilt.
p'o ¹ -ch'u ¹ -ti ¹ -shui ³		潑出的水	a vixen (han ⁴ fu ⁴).
p'o ¹ -fu ⁴		潑婦	"scatter ink," to sketch; to scribble.
p'o ¹ -mo ⁴		潑墨	to sprinkle the court-yard.
p'o ¹ .p'o ¹ -yüan ⁴ -tzü ³		潑院子	to sprinkle water (sa ² shui ³).
p'o ¹ .shui ³		潑水	
P'O ²	女	婆 ^{923c704b}	a woman, an old woman; a mother.
p'o ² -chia ¹		婆家	a family, husband's mother.
p'o ² -chia ¹ .rh ²		婆婆兒	"old women," in theatricals.
po ² -hsi ²		婆媳	a son's mother and wife, mother and daughter.
p'o ² -hsin ¹		婆心	a motherly heart (i ¹ p'ien ⁴ p'o ² hsin ¹).

<i>p'ŋ²-mŋ³</i>	婆母	a mother-in-law.
<i>p'ŋ²-niŋŋ²</i>	婆娘	a wife ; an old lady.
<i>p'ŋ².p'ŋ²</i>	婆婆	a husband's mother.
<i>p'ŋ²-p'ŋ²-mŋ¹-ma¹</i>	婆婆媽媽	effeminate
<i>p'ŋ² p'ŋ²-nianŋ²-nianŋ²</i>	婆婆娘娘	same.
<i>p'ŋ²-p'ŋ²-chia¹</i>	婆婆家	a husband's family.
P'Ō⁴	石	
<i>p'ŋ⁴-chan⁴-tsoŋ³</i>	破站走	to break ; to tear ; to ruin ; found out ; defeated.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-chan⁴</i>	破綻	to exceed the usual day's journey.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-chēn⁴</i>	破陣	a hole, a rent ; a fault.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-chi⁴</i>	破計	to break the ranks ; to gain a victory.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-chia¹</i>	破家	to defeat a plot.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-chia¹-pai¹-ch'an³</i>	破家敗產	to ruin a family (pai ⁴ chia ¹).
<i>p'ŋ⁴-chieh³</i>	破解	to ruin the family and its property.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-chieh⁴</i>	破戒	to explain clearly.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-ch'ien²</i>	破錢	to break the rules of a fast.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-ch'ü²-ch'ing²-mien⁴</i>	破除情面	to expend upon ; to waste money.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-fa³</i>	破法	to disregard friendship.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-fei⁴-liaŋ³</i>	破費了	a method of solving the difficulty.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-fei⁴-liu²-ni³</i>	破費了你	wasted, extravagant.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-fēng¹-shui³</i>	破風水	I am causing you trouble ; thank you.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-fu²</i>	破腹	to spoil the luck.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-huai⁴</i>	破壞	to make a clean breast, to confide in, to tell all.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-i¹-shang¹</i>	破衣裳	to break to pieces.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-k'ou³</i>	破口	to tear clothes ; torn clothes.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-k'ou³-t'ü⁴-ma⁴</i>	破口大罵	to abuse, to rail, to scold (k'ou ³ chiao ¹).
<i>p'ŋ⁴-kua¹</i>	破瓜	furious reviling.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-lau⁴</i>	破爛	to deflower a maid.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-lieh⁴</i>	破裂	torn.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-mi²</i>	破謎	same.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-miaŋ⁴</i>	破廟	to solve a riddle (tsai ¹ mi ²).
<i>p'ŋ⁴-pui⁴</i>	破敗	a ruined temple.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-pei⁴-t'z'ü³</i>	破被子	ruined (as a person, family, or state).
<i>p'ŋ⁴-p'ü²</i>	破皮	a torn coverlet.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-p'u⁴-liaŋ³</i>	破不了	to break the skin—by a blow.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-shang¹-fēng¹-ssü³</i>	破傷風死	it will not break
<i>p'ŋ⁴-shuo¹</i>	破說	cold in a wound resulting fatally.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-sui⁴</i>	破碎	to speak fully or plainly.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-t'i¹-yü⁴</i>	破地獄	to break in pieces.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-t'ou²-hsieh¹</i>	破頭槌	to break open Purgatory—Buddhist.
<i>p'ŋ⁴-ts'ai²</i>	破財	a wedge driven into a crack (metaphor.).
<i>p'ŋ⁴-tsui³</i>	破嘴	to squander wealth.
		to make one's mouth sore by talking.

p'o ⁴ -tu ⁴		破肚		violent purging.
p'o ⁴	玉	珀	924c710b	amber.
p'o ⁴ -mo ⁴		珀末		amber powder (a medicine).
p'o ⁴	鬼	魄	924c711c	a spirit, the spirit, the animal soul; form, figure.
p'o ⁴ -ju ⁴ -yü ² -ti ⁴		魄入於地		the (material) soul enters the earth.
P'OU ³	刀	剖	926c673c	to rip, to cut open, to split asunder.
p'ou ³ -fu ²		剖符		to divide a cheque.
p'ou ³ -fu ² -ming ² -hsin ¹		剖腹明心		to lay bare the inmost heart.
p'ou ³ -fu ² -yen ² -yü ⁴		剖腹驗孕		to open the belly to inspect the embryo.
p'ou ³ -hsin ¹		剖心		to open one's heart, to confide in.
p'ou ³ -hsin ¹ -li ⁴ -tan ³		剖心瀝膽		same.
p'ou ³ -hsin ¹ -wa ¹ -yen ³		剖心剜眼		to cut out the heart and gouge out eyes.
p'ou ³ -k'ai ¹		剖開		to cut open (as a melon, etc.).
p'ou ³ -ko ¹		剖剖		same.
p'ou ³ -p'an ⁴		剖判		to decide in judgment (p'an ⁴ tuan ⁴).
p'ou ³ -tuan ⁴		剖斷		to decide in judgment, to sentence.
PU ¹	日	晡	927c712a	3 to 5 o'clock P. M.
pu ¹ -shih ²		晡時		same.
PU ²	酉	醜	928c718a	mother on vinegar.
PU ³	手	捕	927b714c	to seize, to apprehend; to strike; to pursue.
pu ³ -fên ¹ -g ¹ -cho ¹ -ying ³		捕風捉影		fig. vain effort.
pu ³ -huo ⁴		捕獲		to seize, to apprehend.
pu ³ -i ⁴		捕役		constables, policemen.
pu ³ -mieh ⁴		捕滅		to suppress.
pu ³ -na ²		捕拿		to seize, to apprehend.
pu ³ -niao ³		捕鳥		to catch birds.
pu ³ -pan ¹		捕班		the thief catchers of a yamèn.
pu ³ -tao ⁴		捕盜		to apprehend robbers.
pu ³ -t'ing ¹		捕廳		a District Police Magistrate. G. 294.
pu ³ -tsei ²		捕賊		to apprehend thieves, etc.
pu ³ -yü ²		捕魚		to catch fish (tiao ⁴ yü ²).
pu ³	衣	補	927c712b	to mend, to repair; to add on; to fill up.
pu ³ -ch'ên ⁴		補襯		rags used for making pasteboard.
pu ³ -ch'ien ² -ti ³ -tzü ³		補錢底子		to make good deficiency of count in cash.
pu ³ -chiu ⁴		補救		to rectify shortcomings.
pu ³ -hu ⁴		補助		to help, to assist.
pu ³ -ch'üeh ¹		補缺		to fill up a vacancy.
pu ³ -fu ²		補服		official clothing (kuan ¹ i ¹).
pu ³ -hsieh ²		補瀉		tonics and purgatives.

pu³-hsieh³
 pu³-hsieh⁴
 pu³-huan²
 pu³-i¹-shang¹
 pu³-i²
 pu³-k'u¹-lung²
 pu³-kua⁴
 pu³-lien²
 pu³-lin²
 pu³-lu⁴
 pu³-pao¹
 pu³-shang⁴
 pu³-ting⁴
 pu³-tsu²
 pu³-tzū³
 pu³-yao⁴
 pu³
 pu³-i²-chüeh²-i²
 pu³-k'o⁴
 pu³-kua⁴

鞋
 補血
 補還
 補衣裳
 補益
 補窟窿
 補掛
 補縛
 補廩
 補路
 補報
 補上
 補釘
 補足
 補子
 補藥
 卜
 卜^{928c717c}
 卜以決疑
 卜課
 卜卦

to mend shoes.
 to invigorate the blood.
 to repay, to make up a loss to.
 to mend or patch clothes.
 to help, to assist, to benefit.
 to mend a hole.
 official robe.
 to mend clothes.
 to become lin²-shêng¹.
 to mend roads.
 robes with official badges. to repay (a kindness)
 to add to or on.
 a patch on clothes.
 to make up a deficiency.
 square or round emblems of rank on official robes.
 tonic medicine.
 to divine.
 to divine to remove doubt.
 the business of divination by diagrams.
 to divine, to foretell.

PU⁴
 pu⁴-ai⁴
 pu⁴-ai⁴-hsi²
 pu⁴-ai⁴
 pu⁴-ai⁴-shih⁴
 pu⁴-an¹
 pu⁴-an¹-fên⁴
 pu⁴-ch'a¹
 pu⁴-ch'ang²-chiu³
 pu⁴-chêng⁴
 pu⁴-ch'êng²
 pu⁴-ch'êng²-ch'i⁴
 pu⁴-ch'êng⁵-ching⁴-i⁴
 pu⁴-ch'êng²-p'i²-ch'i⁴
 pu⁴-ch'êng²-ts'ai²-liao⁴
 pu⁴-ch'êng²-jên⁴
 pu⁴-ch'êng²-wang⁴
 pu⁴-chi²
 pu⁴-chi⁴
 pu⁴-ch'i²
 pu⁴-ch'iang²
 pu⁴-chiao¹-yu³

不^{926c717a}
 不愛
 不愛惜
 不礙
 不礙事
 不安
 不安分
 不差
 不長久
 不正
 不成
 不成器
 不成敬意
 不成脾氣
 不成材料
 不承認
 不承望
 不及
 不濟
 不齊
 不強
 不交友

not. M. 525.
 averse to, to dislike.
 averse to, careless about.
 unimportant, of no concern.
 an unimportant affair, it makes no difference.
 uneasy, uncomfortable.
 disorderly conduct.
 no difference, alike.
 not for any length of time.
 incorrect, awry.
 incomplete; eh? what?
 does not amount to anything in life. [donor]
 an inadequate expression of respect (said to
 a hard case.
 worthless.
 does not acknowledge.
 contrary to my hopes.
 not time to, not in time, not up to.
 inferior.
 uneven, unlike (ch'i² chieh²).
 bad.
 unfriendly.

pu ⁴ -chieh ¹ -pu ¹ -lien ²	不接不連	disconnected.
pu ⁴ -chieh ³ -k'ō ³	不解渴	will not assuage thirst.
pu ⁴ -chien ⁴	不見	to lose, lost ; invisible, not to see.
pu ⁴ -chien ⁴ -ch'ie ²	不見其	not likely, scarcely think, dubious.
pu ⁴ -chien ⁴ -chia ¹	不見佳	to see no excellence in.
pu ⁴ -chien ⁴ -ch'ou ³	不見醜	not to be put to shame.
pu ⁴ -chih ¹ -hao ³ -tai ³	不知好歹	knows not good or bad.
pu ⁴ -chih ¹ -hsiu ¹ -ti ¹	不知羞的	barefaced, shameless.
pu ⁴ -zhih ¹ -pu ⁴ -chiao ²	不知不覺	insensibly, unconsciously.
pu ⁴ -chih ¹ -tao ⁴	不知道	not to know, I don't know.
pu ⁴ -chih ³	不止	does not stop, not only, more than.
pu ⁴ -chih ⁴ -yii ²	不至於	so as not, not to the extent of,
pu ⁴ -chin ³ -shên ⁴	不謹慎	careless, inattentive, lazy, negligent,
pu ⁴ -chin ³ -jên ² -ch'ing ²	不近人情	eccentric.
pu ⁴ -chin ⁴ -li ⁴	不盡力	does not exert himself to the full extent.
pu ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -ch'ü ³	不清楚	indistinct.
pu ⁴ -chü ³	不久	not long, before long.
pu ⁴ -cho ² -i ⁴	不着意	not careful.
pu ⁴ -chu ⁴ -ti ¹	不住的	incessantly, unceasingly.
pu ⁴ -chü ¹	不拘	no matter which or what (jên ⁴ shui ²).
pu ⁴ -chü ¹ -pu ⁴ -chü ¹	不拘不拘	no matter, make yourself easy.
pu ⁴ -chuan ¹ -hsin ¹	不專心	does not apply himself.
pu ⁴ -ch'üan ²	不全	incomplete.
pu ⁴ -chiao ²	不覺	insensible to, not to feel, perceive, etc.
pu ⁴ -hün ³	不准	to disallow.
pu ⁴ -chun ³	不準	it is not certain.
pu ⁴ -chun ³ -ch'êng ²	不準成	not certain, not sure.
pu ⁴ -chung ¹	不中	won't do, no use ; dying.
pu ⁴ -chung ¹ -t'ing ¹	不中聽	unseemly language.
pu ⁴ -chung ¹ -yung ⁴	不中用	useless.
pu ⁴ -chung ¹	不忠	disloyal (chien ¹).
pu ⁴ -ch'ung ² -yang ⁴	不重樣	no two alike.
pu ⁴ -fa ³ -ti ¹ -shih ⁴	不法的事	lawless conduct.
pu ⁴ -fan ¹	不凡	uncommon ; not vulgar ; not mortal.
pu ⁴ -fang ¹	不妨	don't be apprehensive, no matter,
pu ⁴ -fang ² -pei ⁴	不防備	unprepared, unguarded, suddenly.
pu ⁴ -fan ²	不凡	uncommon.
pu ⁴ -jên ¹ -pei ³ -t'ü ³	不分彼此	to have no separate interests (ideal friendship).
pu ⁴ -fên ¹	不忿	angry, indignant, cannot but be angry.
pu ⁴ -fui ²	不服	to differ with.
pu ⁴ -fu ² -ch'ü ¹	不服氣	same.
pu ⁴ -hao ³	不好	not good, bad.
pu ⁴ -hao ³ -ch'ih ¹	不好吃	not good to eat.

pu⁴-hao³-ch⁶u¹-k⁶ou³ 不好出口
 pu⁴-hao³-i⁴-ssü¹ 不好意思
 pu⁴-hao³-k⁶an³ 不好看
 pu⁴-hao³-kuo⁴ 不好過
 pu⁴-hao³-shuo¹ 不好說
 pu¹-huo³-t'ing¹ 不好聽
 pu⁴ ho²-shih⁴ 不合式
 pu⁴-ho² 不和
 pu⁴-hsi⁴-hsin¹ 不細心
 pu⁴-hsi² 不惜
 pu¹-hsiang¹-kan¹ 不相干
 pu⁴-hsiang² 不祥
 pu⁴-hsiang⁴ 不像
 pu⁴-hsiang¹-yang⁴ 不像樣
 pu⁴-hsiao¹-huu⁴ 不消化
 pu⁴-hsiao³-hsin¹ 不小心
 pu⁴-hsiao³-tê² 不曉得
 pu⁴-hsiao⁴ 不效
 pu¹-hsiao⁴ 不孝
 pu⁴-hsiao⁴ 不肖
 pu¹-hsin⁴ 不信
 pu⁴-hsin⁴-fu² 不服
 pu⁴-hsü³ 不許
 pu⁴-hsing² 不行
 pu⁴-hsing⁴ 不幸
 pu¹-hsü¹ 不須
 pu⁴-hui³-kai³ 不悔改
 pu⁴-hui⁴ 不會
 pu⁴-i¹-t'α¹ 不依他
 pu¹-i⁴ 不意
 pu¹-i¹-shih² 不一時
 pu⁴ i¹-ting⁴ 不一定
 pu⁴-i¹-yang⁴ 不一樣
 pu¹-jan² 不然
 pu⁴-jang⁴ 不讓
 pu⁴-jên³ 不忍
 pu⁴ jên⁴ 不認
 pu⁴-jên⁴-t'² 不認得
 pu⁴-jên⁴-chang⁴ 不認賬
 pu⁴-jên⁴-t'²-t'α¹ 不認得他
 pu⁴-jen⁴-tsui¹ 不認罪
 pu⁴-jung²-jên¹-shuo¹ 不容分說
 pu⁴ jih¹ 不日

had better not be uttered.
 do not like to, do not feel at liberty to,
 ill-looking
 hard to make a living, unwell.
 not fit to speak of, improper to mention.
 unfit to hear; sad to hear.
 to disagree; to misfit.
 to disagree, unfriendly.
 is not careful.
 regardless or unmindful of.
 never mind, of no consequence.
 unlucky.
 not like or resembling.
 inferior, indifferent.
 does not digest (k'ou¹ hua⁴ pu⁴ tung⁴).
 careless, inattentive.
 I don't know.
 not to exert one self.
 disobedient, unfilial, undutiful (wu³ ni⁴ pu⁴) [hsiao⁴
 degenerate, disobedient.
 to disbelieve, I don't believe it.
 to mistrust, to disbelieve.
 to disallow.
 it will not do or answer.
 unluckily; mishap.
 unfortunately, inopportunistly.
 does not repent.
 unable to (acquired ability) (pu⁴ nêng²).
 to disallow, to withstand, to demand satisfaction
 inadvertently, without any idea of, etc.
 needless, unnecessary, before long.
 uncertain, unsettled, not settled.
 unlike, different.
 not so; on the contrary.
 to disallow, not to yield.
 impatient.
 to deny, to disavow, not so; not to know; un [willing
 not to know.
 do not acknowledge the account.
 I do not recognise him.
 does not confess the crime.
 do not need to speak.
 not many days, before long.

pu ¹ -jo ⁴	不若	better ; rather ; nothing like.
pu ⁴ -ju ³	不如	not as, not so good as, better so and so, not like.
pu ⁴ -jung ²	不容	not to allow or encourage.
pu ⁴ -jung ² -i ⁴	不容易	not easy, difficult.
pu ⁴ -kai ¹	不該	ought not.
pu ⁴ -kan ¹ -ching ⁴	不乾淨	dirty, unclean, not clean (wu ¹ hui ⁴).
pu ⁴ -kan ³	不敢	dare not, not to venture, I dare not.
pu ⁴ -kan ³ tang ¹	不敢當	thank you ; I could not venture to.
pu ⁴ -kan ³ -t'z'ü ⁴ -chuan ¹	不敢自專	dare not take the responsibility.
pu ⁴ -kan ⁴	不幹	does not undertake, quits the job,
pu ⁴ -k'an ¹	不堪	unworthy ; incompetent.
pu ⁴ -k'an ¹ -ti ¹	不堪的	insufferable.
pu ⁴ -k'an ¹ -jung ⁴	不堪用	not fit to use.
pu ⁴ -kao ¹	不高	not lofty ; bad.
pu ⁴ -k'ên ³	不肯	unwilling, to refuse, I will not (pu ⁴ yüü ⁴ i ⁴).
pu ⁴ -k'o ³	不可	ought not, should not, do not.
pu ⁴ -k'o ³ -ju ² -t'z'ü ³	不可如此	must be so.
pu ⁴ -kou ⁴	不穀	insufficient (pu ⁴ tsu ²).
pu ⁴ -ku ¹	不顧	to disregard.
pu ⁴ -k'uai ¹	不快	slow ; unwell ; to dislike ; uncomfortable.
pu ⁴ -kuan ¹	不關	does not concern, nothing to do with, no matter.
pu ⁴ -kuan ³	不管	to disregard, to neglect.
pu ⁴ -kuan ³ -shih ⁴	不管事	of no importance ; to neglect affairs.
pu ⁴ -kuan ³ -t' a ¹	不管他	let him alone.
pu ⁴ -kuan ⁴	不慣	unaccustomed.
pu ⁴ -kuei ¹	不歸	not to belong to.
pu ⁴ -kung ¹ -p'ing ²	不公平	unjust, unfair.
pu ⁴ -kung ¹ -tao ⁴	不公道	same.
pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴	不過	not exceeding, only, merely.
pu ⁴ -lang ² -pu ⁴ -yu ⁴	不稂不莠	neither one thing nor the other.
pu ⁴ -lao ³ -shih ²	不老實	dishonest, vicious.
pu ⁴ -lêng ³	不冷	not cold
pu ⁴ -li ²	不離	"not far from," good ; inseparable.
pu ⁴ -li ³	不理	to disregard, not to care for.
pu ⁴ -li ³ -hui ⁴	不理會	unconcerned, to take no notice of, to disregard.
pu ⁴ -li ³ -shih ⁴	不理事	to neglect business.
pu ⁴ -li ⁴	不立	not to manage properly.
pu ⁴ -liao ⁴	不料	unexpected, unthought of, etc.
pu ⁴ -lin ⁴	不吝	unsparing, not niggardly.
pu ⁴ -liu ² -shên ²	不留神	want of care.
pu ⁴ -lun ⁴	不論	no matter.
pu ⁴ -ming ² -pai ²	不明白	unintelligent ; not to know.
pu ⁴ -mou ² -êrh ² -ho ⁴	不謀而合	undesigned coincidence.

<i>pu⁴-mu⁴</i>	不睦	unfriendly.
<i>pu⁴-nai⁴-fan³</i>	不耐煩	unable to bear.
<i>pu⁴-néng²</i>	不能	unable to, cannot (pu ⁴ hui ⁴).
<i>pu⁴-néng²-ch'ü⁴</i>	不能去	unable to go.
<i>pu⁴-néng²-hui³-kai³</i>	不能悔改	cannot repent
<i>pu⁴-néng²-kou⁴</i>	不能殼	unable to, unwilling.
<i>pu⁴-néng² pu⁴-tso¹</i>	不能不作	cannot but do it, impossible not to do it.
<i>pu⁴-nu⁴</i>	不怒	angry, indignant.
<i>pu⁴-pa¹-lao²</i>	不把牢	rickety, unstable, shaky.
<i>pu⁴-p'a⁴</i>	不怕	don't be afraid, don't fear.
<i>pu⁴-p'a⁴-ti¹</i>	不怕的	audacious, fearless.
<i>pu⁴-p'ei⁴</i>	不配	ought not; not a match for.
<i>pu⁴-pi³</i>	不比	not to be compared with.
<i>pu⁴-pi⁴</i>	不必	it is not necessary, you need not.
<i>pu⁴-pi⁴-shéng¹.ch'ü¹</i>	不必生氣	you need not get angry.
<i>pu⁴-pien⁴</i>	不便	inconvenient, inexpedient.
<i>pu⁴-pien⁴-i²</i>	不便宜	same.
<i>pu⁴-p'ing²</i>	不平	uneven; unjust, unfair.
<i>pu⁴-san¹-pu⁴-ssü¹</i>	不三不四	neither one thing nor the other.
<i>pu⁴-séng¹-pu⁴-hsü²</i>	不僧不俗	neither bonze nor layman
<i>pu⁴-shao³</i>	不少	not few, many.
<i>pu⁴-shé¹</i>	不賒	no trust, no credit.
<i>pu⁴-shé³</i>	不捨	to stay by, not to leave.
<i>pu⁴-shén²-ma¹-ta⁴</i>	不甚麼大	not very large.
<i>pu⁴-shéng⁴-jên⁴</i>	不勝任	not equal to the duties of one's post.
<i>pu -shih²</i>	不時	not any fixed time; constantly.
<i>pu⁴-shih²-t'ai²-chü³</i>	不識抬舉	does not know when he is well treated.
<i>pu⁴-shih⁴-pu⁴-yin³</i>	不食不飲	without eating or drinking.
<i>pu⁴-shih⁴</i>	不是	a fault; it is not so, it is not right.
<i>pu⁴-shih⁴-mo³</i>	不是麼	is it not?
<i>pu⁴-shih⁴-ché¹-yang⁴</i>	不是這樣	not in this manner.
<i>pu⁴-shih⁴-wan⁴-ti¹</i>	不是玩的	it is no joke, i. e., quite serious.
<i>pu -shou²</i>	不熟	uncooked; unacquainted with.
<i>pu⁴-shou⁴-t'ou²</i>	不受頭	to refuse to submit.
<i>pu⁴-shu²-fu²</i>	不舒服	uncomfortable, unwell (ch'ien ⁴ an ⁴).
<i>pu⁴-shuu⁴-yen³</i>	不順眼	not in good taste.
<i>pu⁴-shuo¹-li³</i>	不說理	does not speak reasonably.
<i>pu⁴-suan⁴-t'a²</i>	不算他	take steps to punish him.
<i>pu⁴-sung⁴</i>	不送	I will not accompany you (to guest).
<i>pu⁴-ssü³.pu¹-huo²</i>	不死不活	neither dead nor alive.
<i>pu⁴-ta¹-ying¹</i>	不答應	to refuse, to demur, to resent.
<i>pu⁴-ta³-chao⁴-mien⁴</i>	不打照面	avoiding, e. g., a dun.
<i>pu⁴ ta⁴-chin³</i>	不大緊	unimportant, of no consequence (kan ³ chin ³).

<i>pu⁴-ta⁴-li²</i>	不大離	not far off, all right (ch ⁴ a ¹ pu ⁴ to ¹).
<i>pu⁴-ta⁴-pu⁴-hsiao³</i>	不大不小	neither large nor small ; good, suitable.
<i>pu⁴-tan⁴</i>	不但	not only (pu ⁴ t ⁴ é ⁴).
<i>pu⁴-tan⁴ ché⁴.yang⁴</i>	不但這樣	not only so.
<i>pu⁴-tang¹</i>	不當	ought not.
<i>pu⁴-té²</i>	不得	cannot
<i>pu⁴-té²-i³</i>	不得已	unavoidable, no help for it, obliged to, no re- [source.]
<i>pu⁴-té²-i⁴</i>	不得意	to fail in a scheme.
<i>pu⁴-té² kuang¹-fu¹</i>	不得工夫	engaged, not at leisure.
<i>pu⁴-té²-k'ung⁴</i>	不得空	same.
<i>pu⁴-té²-pu⁴</i>	不得不	cannot but, unavoidable, etc.
<i>pu⁴-té²-pu⁴-ch'ü³</i>	不得不去	cannot but go, must go.
<i>pu⁴-t'ê⁴</i>	不特	not only (pu ¹ tan ⁴).
<i>pu⁴-t'eng³</i>	不等	not to wait ; nearly, about.
<i>pu⁴-t' i²</i>	不提	to suppress, to make no mention of.
<i>pu⁴-t'ien³</i>	不腆	unsubstantial ; deficient, wanting.
<i>pu⁴-ting⁴</i>	不定	not certain, uncertain.
<i>pu⁴-t'ing¹</i>	不聽	not to listen or attend to.
<i>pu⁴-t'ing²-tang¹</i>	不停當	disorderly, irregular.
<i>pu⁴-to¹-chi³-ko¹</i>	不多幾個	not many.
<i>pu⁴-t'o³</i>	不妥	unsafe.
<i>pu⁴-t'o³-tang¹</i>	不妥當	same.
<i>pu⁴-tsai⁴</i>	不在	not at home, not here ; dead.
<i>pu⁴-tsai⁴-ché⁴-érh²</i>	不在這兒	not here.
<i>pu⁴-tsai⁴-chia¹</i>	不在家	not at home, abroad.
<i>pu⁴-tsai⁴-hua⁴-hsia⁴</i>	不在話下	not worth mentioning.
<i>pu⁴-tsai⁴-nei⁴</i>	不在內	not inside, not among them, not included.
<i>pu⁴-ts'ai²</i>	不才	not clever (hsiao ² hsu ² ts'ai ² ch'ien ¹).
<i>pu⁴-ts'ê⁴</i>	不測	unable to fathom.
<i>pu⁴-ts'ê⁴-ti¹-shih⁴</i>	不測的事	a mysterious affair.
<i>pu⁴-ts'eny¹</i>	不會	not yet ; have not ; eh ? what ?
<i>pu⁴-tso⁴</i>	不做	not to do.
<i>pu⁴-ts'o⁴</i>	不錯	it is not wrong, it is so, quite right, no mistake.
<i>pu⁴-tsu³</i>	不足	insufficient, deficient (pu ⁴ kou ⁴).
<i>pu⁴-tsu²-chiek⁴-i⁴</i>	不足介意	indifferent to.
<i>pu⁴-tsu²-kua⁴-ch'ih²</i>	不足掛齒	not worth mentioning (modest).
<i>pu⁴-ts'un²</i>	不從	not to allow or consent.
<i>pu⁴-tu²</i>	不獨	not only, not merely.
<i>pu⁴-tuan⁴</i>	不斷	always, continually, without interruption.
<i>pu⁴-tui¹</i>	不對	to disagree, not to agree or tally.
<i>pu⁴-tui⁴-chin⁴-érh²</i>	不對兒	not congenial.
<i>pu⁴-tui⁴-shou³</i>	不對手	no match for.
<i>pu⁴-tung³</i>	不懂	not to understand, I don't understand.

pu⁴-t'ung¹
 pu⁴-t'ung²
 pu⁴-t'ung²-tsung¹
 pu⁴-tzu³-hsi³
 pu⁴-wei²
 pu⁴-wei²
 pu⁴-wên²
 pu⁴-yao⁴
 pu⁴-yao⁴-chin³
 pu⁴-yao¹-lien²
 pu⁴-yen²-pu⁴-yü²
 pu⁴-ying⁴
 pu⁴-ying⁴-kai¹
 pu⁴-ying⁴-shou⁴
 pu⁴-yo¹-êrh² t'ung²
 pu⁴-yu²-ti¹
 pu⁴-yü⁴-i⁴
 pu⁴-yung⁴
 pu⁴-yung¹-hsin¹
 pu⁴ 止 步^{930a713a}
 pu⁴-chan⁴
 pu⁴-ch'ü²
 pu⁴-chien⁴
 pu⁴-chün¹
 pu⁴-chün¹-t'ung³-ling³
 pu⁴-hsia⁴
 pu⁴-hsia⁴-ti¹
 pu⁴-hsing²
 pu⁴-hsing²-rh²-tsou²
 pu⁴-hsing²-ti¹-pin¹
 pu⁴-kung¹
 pu⁴-li³
 pu⁴-liang²
 pu⁴-nien²
 pu⁴-ping¹
 pu⁴-pu⁴
 pu⁴-pu⁴-têng¹-kao¹
 pu⁴-shih¹
 pu⁴-t'a⁴-ti⁴-mou³
 pu⁴-tao⁴
 pu⁴-t'ou³
 pu⁴-tui⁴
 pu⁴ 巾 布^{929a713b}

不通
 不同
 不同宗
 不仔細
 不爲
 不惟
 不穩
 不要
 不要緊
 不要臉
 不言不語
 不應
 不應該
 不應受
 不約而同
 不由的
 不願意
 不用
 不用心
 止 步^{930a713a}
 步戰
 步騎
 步箭
 步重
 步軍統領
 步下的
 步行的
 步行的走
 步行的兵
 步弓
 步履
 步量
 步輦
 步兵
 步步
 步步登高
 步師
 步踏地畝
 步道
 步頭
 步隊
 巾 布^{929a713b}

no thoroughfare, not to get through ; solid.
 not the same, different.
 namesakes (not of same family).
 careless (pu⁴ hsiao³ hsin¹).
 not because of or on account of, etc.
 not only.
 unstable, unsteady, unsafe.
 don't, I don't want, not necessary.
 unimportant, of no consequence.
 shameless (ssñ³ p'ü² lai¹ lien³).
 not a word to say.
 not to reply, allow, consent, etc.
 ought not, should not, not proper to.
 I ought not to accept it.
 agreement without consultation.
 without cause (wu² yüan² wu² k'u⁴).
 unwilling, undesirous of (pu⁴ k'ên²).
 don't use ; useless (pu⁴ chung¹).
 careless, to bestow no attention on. [of.
 a pace ; to pace, to walk, to go on foot ; the way
 to fight on foot.
 to walk and ride ; infantry and cavalry.
 foot archery.
 infantry.
 Commandant of Gendarmerie in Peking.
 on foot.
 a pedestrian (ti⁴ hsia⁴ tsou⁴).
 to go on foot.
 same.
 infantry.
 a measure of five feet.
 on foot.
 to measure by stepping.
 a sedan-chair (imperial) (chiao⁴).
 infantry.
 step by step.
 go higher step by step.
 to move an army (t'iao⁴ ping¹).
 to measure land by pacing.
 a foot-path.
 a landing place.
 infantry.
 cotton fabrics ; to spread, to arrange ; to infer.

pu ⁴ -chêng ⁴	布政	a provincial treasurer. G. 275 (fan ⁴ t'ai ²).
pu ⁴ -chêng ⁴ -shih ³	布政使	same.
pu ⁴ -chêng ⁴ -ssü ¹	布政司	a treasurer's office; provincial treasurer.
pu ⁴ -i ⁴	布衣	cotton clothing; a private individual.
pu ⁴ -kuo ³	布國	Prussia (tê ² kuo ²). Also 布路斯.
pu ⁴ -la ¹ -la ¹ -ti ¹	布拉拉的	intensive of unpleasant excess. M. 503.
pu ⁴ -pai ² (or po)	布帛	cloth and silk.
pu ⁴ -p'ü ³	布疋	cloth, cotton fabrics
pu ⁴ -p'ü ⁴	布舖	a linen draper's shop.
pu ⁴ -san ³	布傘	cotton umbrellas.
pu ⁴ -san ¹ -ya ² -yen ²	布散謠言	to disseminate baseless rumors.
pu ⁴ -shih ¹	布施	to bestow charity (chou ¹ chi ⁴).
pu ⁴ -tai ⁴	布袋	a pocket.
pu ⁴ -tien ⁴	布店	a draper's shop.
pu ⁴ -tzü ⁴ -ti ¹	布漬的	intensive of unpleasant excess. M. 503.
pu ⁴ -tz'ü ¹ -ti ¹	布刺的	same. M. 503.
pu ⁴ -yin -tzü ³	布印子	a dyer's counter to mark cloth.
pu ⁴	人 佈	929b713c to extend; extensive, filling the whole place.
pu ⁴ -chên ⁴	佈陣	to parade troops.
pu -chih ⁴	佈置	to place in order, to prepare.
pu ⁴ -kui ⁴	佈蓋	to spread out.
pu ⁴ -kao ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -hsia ⁴	佈告天下	to publish to the world.
pu ⁴ -man ³ -t'ien ¹ -hsia ⁴	佈滿天下	circulated all over the empire.
pu ⁴ -san ¹ -liu ² -yen ²	佈散流言	to spread idle rumors.
pu ⁴ -shih ¹	佈施	subscriptions for some good purpose.
pu ⁴ -ta ²	佈達	to communicate information to,
pu ⁴ -yün ²	佈雲	the sky overspread with clouds. [strike.
pu ⁴	手 才 拈	992b714a to disperse, to scatter; to expand; to feel; to sow seed.
pu ⁴ -chung ³	拈種	to injure a person in some way; to befool.
pu ⁴ -pai ³	拈攤	a memorandum or account book, a register, etc.
pu ⁴ (tz'ü)	竹 簿	928b714a an account book.
pu ⁴ -chan ⁴	簿賬	a memorandum book, register.
pu ⁴ -shu ¹	簿書	a register.
pu ⁴ -ts'ü ⁴ -tzü ³	簿冊子	929c714b tribe, class, genus; list, category; a public court.
pu ⁴	邑 部	a class, a tribe.
pu ⁴ -lei ⁴	部類	heads of categories; radicals. [Board, G. 160.
pu ⁴ -shou ³	部首	Governor-General, Viceroy, or President of a
pu ⁴ -t'ung ²	部堂	Vice-President of a Board—Governor of a
pu ⁴ -yüan ²	部院	[Province.
pu ⁴	手 才 撲	932a710b to strike, to flog, to pat; to grasp; to fall.
pu ⁴ -hu ² -t'ieh ²	撲蝴蝶	to catch butterflies.
pu ⁴ -k'ung ⁴	撲空	to go on a fruitless errand.

p'u¹-kuo⁴-lai² 撲過來
 p'u¹-lêng²-i¹-shêng¹ 撲楞一聲
 p'u¹-lien³-ti¹-jé⁴ 撲臉的熱
 p'u¹-ma⁴-cha³ 撲螞蚱
 p'u¹-mieh⁴ 撲滅
 p'u¹-tao⁴-lien³-shang¹ 撲到臉上
 p'u¹-têng¹-o²-rh² 撲燈蛾兒
 p'u¹-pi² 撲鼻
 p'u¹-t'ou² 撲頭
 p'u¹-t'ou²-ka⁴-lien³ 撲頭蓋臉

came rushing on.
 a bang or crashing sound.
 heat which is so great as to strike the face,
 to catch grasshoppers
 to exterminate, to extinguish.
 to strike against the face, e. g., dust.
 the moth.
 "hit nose," to affect the olfactory nerves.
 something to resort to, dependence.
 to hide away the head and face.

P'U² 人 僕 932a717c
 p'u²-ch'ü¹ 僕區
 p'u²-fu¹ 僕夫
 p'u²-fu⁴ 僕婦
 p'u²-jén² 僕人
 p'u²-li⁴ 僕隸
 p'u²-pi⁴ 僕婢
 p'u²-p'u² 僕僕
 p'u²-ts'un² 僕從
 p'u² 艸 廿 蒲 931c715b
 p'u²-hsi² 蒲蓆
 p'u²-kung¹-ying¹ 蒲公英
 p'u²-pan⁴-rh² 蒲棒兒
 p'u²-pao¹-t'ü³ 蒲包子
 p'u²-sun³ 蒲筭
 p'u²-shan⁴ 蒲扇
 p'u²-tien⁴-t'ü³ 蒲墊子
 p'u²-t'uan² 蒲團
 p'u²-ts'ao³ 蒲草
 p'u² 木 樸 932b710c
 p'u²-su⁴ 樸素
 p'u²-shih² 樸實
 p'u² 艸 廿 葡 931b715c
 p'u²-t'ao² 葡萄
 p'u²-t'ao²-chiu³ 葡萄酒
 p'u²-t'ao²-kan¹-t'ü³ 葡萄乾子
 p'u² 艸 廿 菩 932c716a
 p'u²-sa¹ 菩薩
 p'u²-t'ü²-hsin¹ 菩提心
 p'u²-t'ü²-shu⁴ 菩提樹

to follow ; to comply ; to belong to ; a servant ; I, I, me.
 servants.
 female servants.
 vassal, servant (nu³ p'u²).
 the lictors in a yamên.
 male and female domestics.
 troublesome, annoying ; pressing, urgent.
 attendants, followers, escort.
 rushes of which mats are made.
 a rush mat.
 the dandelion (po¹ po¹ ting¹).
 rush blossoms or heads.
 a sort of rush basket.
 rush shoots (eatable).
 rush fan.
 a rush hassock.
 same.
 rushes. [honest.
 unfinished utensils, untoucked wood ; plain,
 simple, plain.
 plain, honest.
 the vine.
 grapes.
 grape wine.
 raisins,
 syllable used in transliterating Buddhist words.
 an idol (ou³ hsiang³).
 bôdhi, supreme wisdom of the Buddhists.
 Pipul tree of the Buddhists.

P'U³ 口 普 933a716a

[alike
 universal, great, pervading, day everywhere

'u³-ch'au⁴-ssü⁴-fang¹ 普照四方
 'u³-chi⁴-jüan¹ 普濟院
 'u³-chi⁴-chung⁴-shêng¹ 普救衆生
 'u³-l³-p'ü³-rh² 普裏普兒
 'u³ pien⁴ 普遍
 'u³-shih¹-ên¹-hui⁴ 普施恩惠
 'u³-shih⁴-ti¹-jên² 普世的人
 'u³-tien¹-hsia⁴ 普天下
 'u³-t'ung¹ 普通
 'u³-jü³ 普雨

to illumine all quarters.
 a home or asylum for poor people.
 to save all living beings (Kuan Yin).
 all, every one, the whole.
 in all parts, on all sides; full.
 to exercise wide-extended charity.
 the people of the whole world.
 universal, all over the world or empire.
 all, the whole, to have passed through all.
 rain everywhere, vs. a local shower.

'u³ 言 譜 933b712c
 'u³-chi² 譜籍
 'u³-hsi⁴ 譜系
 'u³-t'ieh² 譜牒
 'u³ 水 溥 931b716a
 'u³-pien⁴ 溥遍
 'u³-man³ 溥滿
 'u³ 水 浦 913b716b
 'u³-pien¹ 浦邊

{ a register; a treatise; biography; a list; a certificate.
 a list, a table, a genealogical table.
 a family register (chia¹ p'ü³).
 a genealogical table.
 great, large; to disperse; pervading everywhere.
 full; in all parts, on all sides.
 same.
 a creek, an inlet; a stream; a bend.
 the bank of a creek.

'U⁴ (tzü) 舌 舖 931c716c
 'u⁴ 金 鋪 931a715a
 'u⁴-chan³-pu⁴-k'ai¹ 鋪展不開
 'u⁴-chan³-t'ai¹-kuo⁴ 鋪張太過
 'u⁴-ch'ên⁴ 鋪陳
 'u⁴-ch'uang² 鋪床
 'u⁴-hsi² 鋪席
 'u⁴-hu⁴ 鋪戶
 'u⁴-kui⁴ 鋪蓋
 'u⁴-k'ai¹ 鋪開
 'u⁴-kuei⁴ 鋪櫃
 'u⁴-lu¹ 鋪拉
 'u⁴-p'ai³ 鋪排
 'u⁴-pao³ 鋪保
 'u⁴-shung⁴-tien⁴-t'ün³ 鋪上墊子
 'u⁴-t'ün³-t'ün³ 鋪毯子
 'u⁴-ti³ 鋪底
 'u⁴-tien⁴ 鋪店
 'u⁴-tien⁴ 鋪墊
 'u⁴ 土 堡 864c661c
 'u⁴-ts'un¹ 堡村

a shop; to spread¹, to arrange¹.
 same.
 can't be spread out.
 too much extolled.
 to spread abroad, to arrange.
 to make the bed, to spread the bedding.
 to spread a mat.
 shop people.
 one's bedding (ch'in² pei⁴),
 to spread out.
 shop case.
 spread out with the hands, widespread,
 to arrange; to consider; a stage or temple waiter.
 a tradesman's guarantee, i. e., good.
 put a cushion on it.
 to spread a rug or carpet.
 shop fixtures (shêng¹ ts'ai²).
 a shop, shops.
 household furniture (cushion, etc.).
 a small citadel or fort, a station, a post, defences.
 same (ch'ia¹ fang²).

- SA¹** 手才 撒^{934a721b}
sa¹-chang⁴-t'ieh¹-tzu³ 撒賬帖子
sa¹-chiao³-chui⁴-p'ao⁴ 撒脚就跑
sa¹-chih³-ch'ien² 撒紙錢
sa¹-chien⁴ 撒箭
sa¹-chiu³-fêng¹ 撒酒瘋
sa³-chung³ 撒種
sa¹-fang⁴ 撒放
sa -huan¹ 撒歡
sa¹-huang² 撒謊
sa¹-huang³-tiao⁴-p'i² 撒謊調疲
sa³-k'ai¹ 撒開
sa¹-k'ai¹-t'ui³ 撒開腿
sa³-wang¹ 撒網
sa¹-la³ 撒賴
sa¹-liao³-niao⁴ 撒了尿
sa¹-p'o¹ 撒潑
sa³-sha¹-tzu³ 撒砂子
sa¹-shou³ 撒手
sa¹-sui² 撒尿
sa¹-tai¹ 撒袋
sa¹-t'ieh¹ 撒帖
sa¹-ts'un¹ 撒村
sa³-yao²-yen² 撒謠言
sa¹-yeh³ 撒野
sa¹ 足 跋^{934b722b}
sa¹-chiao³-hsieh² 跋脚鞋
sa¹-cho²-hsieh² 跋着鞋
sa¹-la¹ 跋拉
sa¹ 叁一 三^{936a723a}
sa¹-ch'ien² 三錢
sa¹-jên² 三三
sa¹-lia³ 三三 三兩
- SA²** 目 瞰^{934b722a}
sa²-mu⁶ 瞰目
 to glance at.
 same (p'ieh¹ p'ieh¹ ch'iao³).
- SA³** 水 洒^{934c731a}
sa³ 洒
sa³-chên¹ 洒金
sa³-lei⁴-êrh²-pieh² 洒淚而別
sa³-sao³ 洒掃
sa³-shui³ 洒水
 to sprinkle water ; to scatter ; to wash.
 same.
 sprinkled with gold.
 shed tears and said good-bye.
 "to sprinkle and sweep," to cleanse,
 to sprinkle water (p'o¹ shui³).

sa ³ -t'o ¹	灑脫	careless, free and easy.
sa ³ -lou ⁴ -ch'ung ²	灑豆虫	a sort of locust.
SA ⁴	卅艸 薩	934c721a transliteration of a sanscrit syllable (p'u ² sa ⁴)
SAI ¹	肉 { 腮	936a722a the jaws, the side of the face.
sai ¹	{ 腮	same.
sai ¹ -chia ²	腮頰	the cheeks, the jaws (chia ²).
sai ¹ -lien ³	腮臉	same.
sai ¹ -pang ¹ -tzu ³	腮膀子	same.
SAI ²	手才 搨	935c722c choose, to select, to move, to agitate.
SAI ⁴ (sé)	土 塞	935b728c to fill, to close, to stop; a cork, to cork, a pass.
sai ⁴ -chu ⁴	塞住	to close or cork up.
sai ⁴ -rh ²	塞兒	a stopper, a cork.
sai ⁴ -érh ³ -pu ⁴ -t'ing ¹	塞耳不聽	to shut the ears and refuse to hear.
sai ⁴ -k'ou ³	塞口	to stop a hole or one's mouth; a pass, a barrier.
sai ⁴ -man ³	塞滿	to fill up, to cram; filled.
sai ⁴ -pei ³	塞北	the north; Mongolia.
sai ⁴ -shang ⁴	塞上	to stop up, to cork up, etc.
sai ⁴ -shih ²	塞實	solid, filled.
sai ⁴ -tao ⁴ -rh ²	塞道兒	to stop up a road.
sai ⁴ -t'ou ² -rh ²	塞頭兒	corks, stoppers.
sai ⁴ -tsé ²	塞責	to slur over, to do carelessly, to keep up ap-
sai ⁴ -tzu ³	塞子	a cork (p'ing ² tsu ³).
sai ¹ -yen ² -liao ³	塞嚴了	corked tight.
sai ⁴	↪ 賽	935c723 to rival, to compete with, to contend for.
sai ⁴ -chên ¹ -cha ¹	賽針扎	"pins and needles", pricking sensation.
sai ⁴ -chên ¹ -ti ¹	賽真的	resembling the true.
sai ⁴ -hui ⁴	賽會	[gods. religious ceremony or exhibition in honor of the
sai ⁴ -p'ao ³	賽跑	to race (for a prize).
sai ¹ -pi ³	賽比	to compete, to rival.
sai ¹ -shên ²	賽神	religious procession in honor of the gods.
sai ¹ -shêng ⁴	賽勝	to strive for the victory, to emulate.
sai ⁴ -tsou ³ -ma ³	賽走馬	horse-racing.
SAN ¹	△ 叁	936a723a three (long form of 三).
san ¹ -shih ²	叁拾	thirty.
san ¹	一 三	936a723a threc. See sa ¹ .
san ¹ -ch'a ¹ -liang ³ -ku ³	三攸兩股	several strands.
san ¹ -ch'ang ²	三場	the 3 sessions of the examinations.
san ¹ -chieh ⁴	三界	heaven, earth and man; above, below and be-
san ¹ -zhiao ³	三角	triangular; three quarters.

san¹-chiao⁴ 三教
 san¹-chiao³-mao²-rh² 三脚毛兒
 san¹-ch'ien¹-liang³-tiao⁴ 三吊千兩
 san¹-chih¹-shou³ 三隻手
 san¹-chih²-yii³ 三指雨
 san¹-ch'in¹-liu⁴-ku⁴ 三親六故
 san¹-ch'in¹-ssü¹-yu³ 三親四友
 san¹-ch'in¹g¹ 三清
 san¹-chiu³ 三九
 san¹-chou¹-nien² 三週年
 san¹-ch'üan²-ch'i²-mei³ 三全美
 san¹-ch'un¹-liu³ 三春柳
 san¹-chün¹ 三軍
 san¹-fu² 三伏
 san¹-hsia⁴-chung¹ 三下鐘
 san¹-hsin¹-êrh⁴-i⁴ 三心意
 san¹-hsing¹ 三星
 san¹-hsün² 三旬
 san¹-huan²-chiu³-chuan³ 三環九轉
 san¹-huang² 三皇
 san¹-hun²-ch'i²-p'o⁴ 三魂七魄
 san¹-jên²-t'ung²-hsing⁴ 三人同行
 san¹-kang¹ 三綱
 san¹-kang¹-wu³-ch'ang³ 三綱五常
 san¹-kao¹-liang³-ti¹ 三高低
 san¹-ko⁴ 三個
 san¹-k'o⁴ 三刻
 san¹-ku³ 三鼓
 san¹-kuang¹ 三光
 san¹-kuei¹-chiu³-k'ou⁴ 三跪九叩
 san¹-kung¹ 三公
 san¹-kung¹-liu⁴-yüan⁴ 三宮六院
 san¹-kuo²-chih⁴ 三國志
 san¹-liang³-ko⁴ 兩個
 san¹-liu³ 三絡
 san¹-mei²-liu⁴-chêng⁴ 三媒六証
 san¹-mien⁴-yen²-ming² 三面言明
 san¹-nai⁴ 三奈
 san¹-nien²-wu³-tsai³ 三五年載
 san¹-pai¹-chiu³-k'ou⁴ 三拜九叩
 san¹-pan³ 三板
 san¹-pao³ 三寶
 san¹-pei¹-tzü³ 三輩子

Buddhism, Taoism and Confucianism. R. 298
 boxing and wrestling.
 two or three thousand cash.
 a pickpocket (p'a² êrh² shou³).
 three finger depths of rain.
 various friends and relatives.
 same.
 "the three pure" (Taoist deities).
 27 days after solstice, coldest in winter.
 3rd anniversary.
 most excellent.
 a beautiful feathery plant, a kind of acacia.
 a general; the army.
 the 3 divisions of the hot season,
 3 o'clock.
 undecided. [life]
 "three stars"—happiness, emoluments and long
 three decades; one month; thirty years of age
 adaptation to circumstances. [and Huang T]
 the 3 Mythical Emperors—Fu Hsi, Shên Nén
 three souls and seven essences. [to learn]
 when 3 men walk together (there is something
 prince and minister, father and son, husband and
 the 3 Bonds and 5 Constant Virtues. [wife]
 some low and some high.
 three.
 three quarters of an hour.
 "three drums," midnight.
 "three lights," the sun, moon and stars. [tion]
 "three kneels and nine knock-heads," prostra
 three Ministers.
 Emperor's Palace.
 History of the Three Kingdoms. R. 299.
 two or three.
 "three tresses," moustache and beard.
 proofs necessary in marriages.
 buyer, seller and broker all clearly spoken.
 capoor catchery.
 three or four years.
 "three bows and nine knock-heads," prostration
 "three planks," a boat.
 "three precious" (Buddhist deities). R. 300
 three generations.

san¹-p'ên¹-ssü¹-yu³ 三朋四友
 san¹-piao³-hsin¹ 三表新
 san¹-pu¹-ch'iu² * 三不求
 san¹-pu¹-kuei¹-chia¹ 三不歸家
 san¹-san¹-chien¹-chiu³ 三三見九
 san¹-shao¹ 三燒
 san¹-shê¹-rh² 三設兒
 san¹-shêng¹-yu⁴-hsing⁴ 三生有幸
 san¹-shih² 三十
 san¹-shih⁴ 三式
 san¹-ssü¹ 三司
 san¹-ssü¹ 三恩
 san¹-ssü¹ 三絲
 san¹-tai⁴ 三代
 san¹-tien³-chung¹ 三點鐘
 an¹-t'ien¹-wu²-jih⁴ 三天五日
 san¹-ting³-chia³⁴ 三鼎甲
 an¹-ts'ai¹ 三才
 an¹-ts'un⁴-chin¹-lien² 三寸金蓮
 an¹-tsung¹-pao² 三宗寶
 an¹-ts'ung²-ssü⁴-tê² 三從四德
 an¹-tzü³ 三子
 an¹ tzü⁴-ching¹ 三字經
 an¹-tz'ü⁴ 三次
 an¹-wang² 三王
 an¹-wei¹-i¹-t'í³ 三位一體
 an¹-wu³-ch'ên¹-ch'ün² 三五成羣
 an¹-wu³-t'ien¹ 三五天
 an¹-ya² 三衙
 an¹-yen²-liang³-chü⁴ 三言兩句
 an¹-yüan² 三元

various friends.
 facing, lining, and wadding all new.
 the three not to be had by entreaty.
 death, poverty, riches (fig.).
 three times three are nine.
 samshoo, brandy (shao¹ chiu³).
 a vase and two bottles for sacrificial purposes.
 good fortune for three lives.
 thirty.
 ear-pick, tooth-pick, and tweezers.
 treasurer, judge, and salt commissioner.
 "three thinks," think thrice, be careful.
 shreds of 3 kinds of meat, a ragout.
 father, grandfather, and great-grandfather.
 3 o'clock.
 three or four days, a few days.
 a Senior Wrangler.
 "three powers"—heaven, earth, and man.
 "three-inch golden lilies," small feet of women.
 flint, steel, and tinder.
 the duties and virtues of women. R. 303. [77.
 "three tzü"—sons, whiskers, and silver. See Note
 the "Three Character Classic."
 three times, thrice.
 Yü Wang, Tang Wang, Wu Wang.
 the Trinity.
 3 or 4 make a crowd.
 3 or 4 days.
 subordinate of the district magistrate.
 a few words (chi³ chü⁴ hua⁴).
 the 3 head of list in 3rd degree examination.

AN³ 食糞 餼 938b723c
 an³-fan⁴ 餼飯
 an³ 人織 傘 938b724a
 an³-shan⁴ 傘扇

well boiled rice (till each grain separates).
 same.
 an umbrella, a parasol; to cover, to shade off.
 umbrellas and fans used by officials, etc.

AN⁴ 支 散 937c724b
 an³-chi³⁴-chung⁴-jên² 散給衆人
 an³-ch'ien² 散錢
 an³-cho²-yao¹-érh² 散着腰兒
 an³-chow¹ 散州
 an⁴-fang⁴ 散放

to disperse, to scatter, to let go (also 3 and 4).
 to give to the multitude.
 scattered cash.
 with the loins ungirt.
 a Department dependent on a Prefecture.
 to distribute (as pay, alms, etc.).

san⁴-hsüeh²
 san⁴-hui⁴
 san³-huo³
 san⁴-k'ai¹
 san⁴-kuan³
 san¹-kung¹
 san³-liao³-pan¹
 san⁴-lu⁴-têng¹
 san⁴-mên⁴
 san⁴-pu⁴
 san³-pu⁴-k'ai²
 san³-pien⁴-ssü⁴-fang¹
 san⁴-t'ai²
 san³-yao⁴
 san⁴-yung³

散學
 散會
 散夥
 散開
 散館
 散工
 散了班
 散路燈
 散悶
 散步
 散不開
 散徧四方
 散臺
 散藥
 散勇

to dismiss school.
 to break up an assembly.
 to dissolve partnership, to quit.
 to disperse, to scatter, to distribute.
 a Han-lin graduate sent on government employ
 finished work, to dismiss from work.
 the troupe has broken up.
 scatter road lamps (funerals).
 to dispel melancholy, etc. (hsiao¹ ch'ien³).
 to stroll about.
 cannot be scattered.
 to scatter in all directions.
 theatre breaks up.
 medicinal powders.
 disbanded troops.

SANG¹
 sang⁴-ch'i¹
 sang⁴-ch'i⁴
 sang⁴-ch'i⁴
 sang¹-chia¹
 sang⁴-chia¹-chih¹ ch'üan³
 sang⁴-chün⁴
 sang¹-chün⁴-t'ien¹-liang²
 sang⁴-chü¹
 sang¹-fu²
 sang¹-fu⁴
 sang⁴-hua⁴
 sang¹-li³
 sang⁴-liang²-hsin¹
 sang¹-mên²
 sang⁴-ming²
 sang⁴-ming²
 sang⁴-ming⁴
 sang¹-shih¹
 sang¹-shih⁴
 sang⁴-tan³
 sang⁴-tan³-shih¹-chih⁴
 sang¹-tiao⁴
 sang¹-tzü³
 sang⁴-wang²
 sang¹
 sang¹fei¹

喪^{938b725b}
 喪妻
 喪氣
 喪器
 喪家
 喪家之犬
 喪盡
 喪盡天良
 喪居
 喪服
 喪父
 喪話
 喪禮
 喪良心
 喪門
 喪名
 喪明
 喪命
 喪失
 喪事
 喪胆
 喪胆失志
 喪掉
 喪子
 喪亡
 桑^{939a724a}
 桑飛

to die ; to destroy ; to lose ; to fail ; to mourn
 lost his wife.
 ill-omened ; down-hearted, dejected.
 the coffin with the dead body in it.
 to ruin one's family (pai⁴ chia¹).
 a homeless dog (fig.).
 to lose entirely, e.g., conscience.
 absolutely lost to all right feeling.
 in mourning.
 mourning clothes.
 lost his father.
 ill-omened words.
 funeral rites.
 to lose virtue or principle.
 unlucky, ill-omened.
 to lose reputation (chüeh² ming⁴).
 blind.
 to lose one's life.
 to lose, to fail, to miss ; to die.
 funeral affairs.
 afraid, to be disheartened.
 afraid, to be disheartened (pai¹ hsing⁴).
 to lose.
 to lose a son.
 to die.
 the mulberry tree ; old age.
 the wren.

sang¹-jên⁴ 桑椹
 sang¹-pai²-p'í² 桑白皮
 sang¹-p'í²-chih³ 桑皮紙
 sang¹-ts'an² 桑蠶
 sang¹-t'ien² 桑田
 sang¹-t'zũ³ 桑梓
 sang¹-yeh⁴ 桑葉
 sang¹-yü² 桑榆

mulberries.
 a sort of medicine.
 paper made from mulberry bark.
 mulberry and silk-worm (trade).
 a mulberry orchard.
 mulberry and cedar; one's native place.
 mulberry leaves.
 the mulberry and elm; evening; old age.

SANG³ (t'zũ) 口 嚜 939a724c
 sang³-t'zũ³-ya³-liao³ 嚜子啞了
 sang³-t'zũ³-yen³ 嚜子眼
 sang³ (t'zũ) 頁 顙 939b725a

the throat.
 hoarse, e.g., through speaking.
 the gullet (hou² lung²).
 the front; the middle of the forehead.

SAO¹ 馬 騷 940a726a
 sao¹-jao³ 騷擾
 sao¹-jên² 騷人
 sao¹ 手 搔 940a726a
 sao¹-nao³-êrh² 搔腦兒
 sao¹-shou³-wên⁴-t'ien¹ 搔首問天

to fidget; agitated; mournful.
 to harass, to disturb, to fidget (ta³ chiao³).
 a poet (tso⁴ shih¹ ti¹).
 to scratch.
 to scratch the head.
 to scratch the head, and ask Heaven.

SAO³ 手 掃 939c726c
 sao³-ch'ên² 掃塵
 sao³-ching⁴-liao³ 掃淨了
 sao³-chou³ 掃帚
 sao³-chou³-hsing¹ 掃帚星
 sao³-ch'u² 掃除
 sao³-fang² 掃房
 sao³-fên² 掃墳
 sao³-hui¹ 掃灰
 sao⁴-hsing⁴ 掃興
 sao³-ko¹-ching¹-kuang¹ 掃個精光
 sao³-mieh⁴-liao³ 掃滅了
 sao³-mu⁴ 掃墓
 sao⁴-pa³ 掃把
 sao³-pien¹-kuan¹ 掃邊關
 sao³-sao³ 掃掃
 sao³-shu⁴ 掃數
 sao³-shua¹ 掃制
 sao³-tang⁴ 掃蕩
 sao³-ti⁴ 掃地
 sao³-t'ing¹-sao³-t'ing¹ 掃聽掃聽
 sao³ (t'zũ) 女 媵 嫂 940b726c

to brush, to sweep; to cast away; to suppress.
 to sweep up dust.
 swept clean.
 a broom (t'iao² chou³).
 a comet (hui⁴ hsing¹).
 to sweep away; to reject.
 to sweep the house (at new year).
 to sweep the tombs at ancestral worship.
 to sweep up ashes.
 "sweep away pleasure," a reverse of fortune.
 swept clean.
 swept out of existence.
 to sweep the tombs (in spring and autumn).
 a broom.
 to clear the frontiers.
 to brush, to sweep.
 to clear off an account.
 to brush, to sweep.
 to clear off rebels, etc.
 to sweep the ground.
 to thoroughly enquire.
 an elder brother's wife (chou² li³, shên³).

sao³-fu⁴-jên²
sao³-sao³

嫂婦人
嫂嫂

your wife—familiar term among friends.
an elder brother's wife.

SAO⁴

肉臊

臊^{941a726b}

ashamed ; fat, lard ; tainted meat.

sao¹-ch⁴i⁴

臊氣

the smell of a person perspiring.

sao¹-ch⁴ou⁴-nan²-wên²

臊臭難聞

unbearable stench.

sao¹-hu²

臊狐

a fox ; the smell of a fox (hu² li⁴).suo¹-jou⁴

臊肉

tainted meat.

suo⁴-k⁴n¹-la¹

臊哭喇

chagrined to tears.

sao¹-shu³

臊鼠

a sort of ferret.

sao⁴-ssü³

臊死

to die of shame (hai¹ sao⁴).sao¹-ta²-t-zü³

臊韃子

a stinking Tartar.

sao¹-tî³-kuang¹

臊的慌

rank-smelling.

sao⁴

高

臊^{941a727c}light and roomy (liang⁴ sao⁴).sao⁴

口啼噪

噪^{940c727b}

the chirping of birds ; the hum of voices.

SĒ⁴

色

色^{941b727a}color, quality, kind ; sexual pleasure. See shai⁴sê⁴-chi⁴-shih⁴-k'ung⁴

色卽是空

everything is easy ; all is vanity.

sê⁴-lao²

色癆

debility through onanism or women.

sê⁴-li⁴-nei⁴-jên³⁴

色厲內荏

stern exterior, but inwardly timid.

sê⁴-mi²

色迷

infatuation, hankering after women.

sê⁴-pu⁴

色布

coloured cotton cloth.

sê⁴

水澀澀

澀^{942c728b}

rough to the taste ; rough, rugged, rippled.

sê⁴-shih⁴-t-zü⁴

澀柿子

astringent persimmon.

sê⁴-tao⁴-jiao³-ya²

澀倒了牙

very astringent.

sê⁴-tu³

澀肚

costive, constipated.

sê⁴-wei⁴

澀味

rough to the taste.

sê⁴-yao⁴

澀藥

astringent medicines.

sê⁴

口嗇

嗇^{942a728a}

niggardly ; frugal, saving, sparing ; to covet.

sê⁴-chang⁴

嗇賬

a stingy account.

sê⁴-fu¹

嗇夫

a miser, a niggard.

sê⁴-k'o¹

嗇刻

niggardly, miserly (shou³ ch'ien² nu²).sê⁴-lin⁴

嗇吝

same (lin⁴ sê⁴).sê⁴-ti¹-hên³

嗇的很

very stingy.

sê⁴-yen²

嗇言

sparing of words, reticent.

sê⁴

禾

穡^{942b728a}

to reap, to gather ; saving, avaricious.

sê⁴-fu¹

穡夫

husbandmen.

sê⁴

水澀

澀^{942b728b}

rough, opposite of smooth.

sê⁴

玉

瑟^{941b728b}a kind of harp ; numerous, many ; stern (ch'iu³ [sê⁴]).SĒN¹

木

森^{942c734a}

umbrageous, luxuriant ; abundant ; majestic.

sên¹-sên¹

森森

deep, dense, umbrageous.

sên ¹ -yen ³	森嚴	very severe, stern, dignified, rigorous.
SĒNG ¹	人 僧 943a725a	Buddhist priests (ho ² shang ⁴ , pi ⁴ ch'iu ¹).
sêng ¹ -chia ¹	僧家	same.
sêng ¹ -i ¹	僧衣	Buddhist priest's robes.
sêng ¹ -jên ²	僧人	Buddhist priests (sha ¹ mên ²). [Cf. 492.
sêng ¹ -lu ⁴ -ssü ¹	僧司	yamên for the management of Buddhist priests.
sêng ¹ -mao ¹	僧帽	Buddhist priest's headdress.
sêng ¹ -mên ²	僧門	Buddhism.
sêng ¹ -ni ¹	僧尼	Buddhist priests and nuns.
sêng ¹ -su ²	僧俗	spiritual and secular; priests and laymen.
sêng ¹ -tao ⁴	僧道	Buddhist and Taoist priests.
sêng ¹ -tao ⁴ -wu ² -yüan ²	僧道無緣	no affinity with Buddhists and Taoists—on doors
SHA ¹	水 沙 943c730a	sand, pebbles, small stones, dust.
sha ¹ -chi ¹	沙鷄	grouse
sha ¹ -ho ²	沙河	a river of sand—dry.
sha ¹ -kuo ¹	沙鍋	a coarse earthenware cooking-pan or dish.
sha ¹ -li ²	沙梨	the sweet pear.
sha ¹ -li ³ -têng ⁴ -chin ¹	沙裏澄金	to wash gold from sand.
sha ¹ -lin ²	沙淋	the gravel.
sha ¹ -mên ²	沙門	Buddhist priests (sêng ¹ jên ²)
sha ¹ -mi ¹	沙彌	Buddhist priests (boys).
sha ¹ -mo ⁴	沙磨	to rasp, e.g., with sand paper.
sha ¹ -mo ⁴	沙漠	a desert, the Sha-mo desert.
sha ¹ -pu ⁴	沙布	very thin gauze.
sha ¹ -shih ²	沙石	pebbles, small stones.
sha ¹ -t'an ¹	沙灘	a sandy beach; a desert.
sha ¹ -t'ang ²	沙糖	soft sugar, powdered sugar.
sha ¹ -t'êng ²	沙藤	rattans.
sha ¹ -tiao ⁴ -tzü ³	沙吊子	an earthen pot for decocting drugs.
sha ¹ -t'u ³	沙土	sandy places.
sha ¹ -t'u ³ -ti ³	沙土地	same.
sha ¹ -t-zü ³	沙子	sand; small shot.
sha ¹ -wo ¹ -tzü ³	沙窩子	a sandy tract, a pocket in the sand.
sha ¹ -yen ³	沙眼	small holes, honeycomb (in metal).
sha ¹	糸 紗 943b730c	crape, gauze.
sha ¹ -chang ⁴ -tzü ³	紗帳子	a gauze curtain,
sha ¹ -ch'uang ¹	紗窗	gauze windows,
sha ¹ -i ¹ -fu ²	紗衣服	crape clothes.
sha ¹ -kua ⁴	紗褂	a crape robe,
sha ¹ -mao ⁴	紗帽	a crape cap (anciently worn by officials).
sha ¹ -p'ao ³	紗袍	a crape robe.

sha ¹ -têng ¹		紗燈		gauze lanterns
sha ¹	火	煞 ^{945a732a}		to kill, to murder; to die; to seize; to overcome.
sha ¹	爿	殺 ^{944b731a}		same.
sha ¹ -ch'í ⁴		殺氣		desire for blood, sanguinary, bloodthirsty.
sha ¹ -chín ³ -liao ³		殺緊了		to tie very tight, as a rope.
sha ¹ -chín ⁴		殺盡		to exterminate; to depopulate.
sha ¹ -hai ⁴		殺害		to kill, to slaughter.
sha ¹ -jên ²		殺人		to kill a person; a person killed.
sha ¹ -jên ² -ch'ang ² -ming ⁴		殺人償命		for murder, life must be paid.
sha ¹ -jên ² -hsiung ¹ -shou ³		殺人兇手		a murderer
sha ¹ -jên ² -lüeh ³⁴ -wu ⁴		殺人掠物		to kill and rob.
sha ¹ -liao ³		殺了		killed, murdered.
sha ¹ -liao ³ -ti ¹ -jên ²		殺了的人		a person killed.
sha ¹ -lu ⁴		殺戮		to slay, to slaughter.
sha ¹ -pai ⁴ -liao ³		殺敗了		overthrown in battle.
sha ¹ -shang ¹		殺傷		to kill.
sha ¹ -shêng ¹		殺生		to kill animals for food.
sha ¹ -shêng ¹ -hai ⁴ -ming ⁴		殺生害命		taking life (t'u ⁴ tu ² shêng ¹ ling ²).
sha ¹ -s-ü ³		殺死		to kill, to murder.
sha ¹ -t'iao ² -hsüeh ³⁴ -lu ⁴		殺條血路		to cut out a bloody path.
sha ¹ -t'ui ⁴		殺退		to kill and disperse, to rout.
sha ¹ -wei ¹		殺威		severe, harsh.
sha ¹ (shan)	木	杉 ^{949a733c}		fir, pine.
sha ¹ -kan ¹		杉竿		a pine pole.
sha ¹ -kao ¹		杉篙		an oar of pine or deal.
sha ¹ -kao ¹		杉高		fir scaffold-poles.
sha ¹ -mu ⁴		杉木		fir, pine.
sha ¹ -sung ¹		杉松		same.
sha ¹	石	砂 ^{943b730a}		sand, pebbles.
sha ¹ -jên ²		砂仁		cardamoms (tou ⁴ k'ou ⁴).
sha ¹ -lin ²		砂淋		stone in the bladder, the gravel.
sha ¹	魚	鯊 ^{943c730c}		a shark.
sha ¹ -yü ² -p'í ³		鯊魚皮		shagreen, shark's skin
sha ¹	米	紗 ^{943b730b}		coarse.
sha ¹ -t'ang ²		紗糖		coarse sugar.
sha ¹	木	柒 ^{944a730b}		a pear.
sha ¹ -kuo ³ -li ²		柒果梨		the sweet pear.
sha ¹	衣	袈 ^{944b730c}		(chia) sha ² Buddhist priest's surplice.
sha ¹ (sa ¹ so ¹)	手	抄 ^{1012a814}		to open (as a flower).
SHA ³	人	傻 ^{945b731b}		idiotic, crazed, stupid.
sha ³ -sh'ih ¹ -sha ³ -ho ⁴		傻吃傻喝		eating and drinking, as idiots do.
sha ³ -ch'ih ²		傻癡		idiotic—(ch'ih ² tai ¹).

- sha³.hsiao³ 傻小 idiotic (han¹).
 sha³-hsiao¹ 傻笑 a silly laugh, or giggle.
 sha³ jên² 傻人 a dolt, a book.
 sha³-shuo¹ 傻說 to talk foolishly, nonsense.
 sha³-tzu³ 傻子 an idiot.
- SHA⁴** 厂廈 厦 431c184a a front room or hall (open).
 sha⁴-mên² 厦門 Amoy.
 sha⁴-yen² 厦簷 projecting eaves, or roof supported by pillars.
 sha⁴ 雨 霎 945c732c fine rain, a slight shower.
 sha⁴-sha⁴-yü³-shêng¹ 霎霎雨聲 the sound of light rain. [(p'ien⁴ shih²).
 sha⁴.shih²-chien¹ 霎時間 "a slight shower's time," a short time, a moment
 sha⁴ 刀 剌 943b731c to nip; to pierce, to stab.
 sha⁴ 衣 襪 945a732b edges of a seam; to sew up a seam.
- SHAI¹** (t-ü) 竹筴簾 篩 946a732a a sieve, a strainer; to sift, to strain.
 shai¹-chi¹ 篩箕 a corn sieve.
 shai¹-ching⁴.liao³ 篩淨了 sieved clean.
 shai¹ 手 搥 946a732c to beat or roll, as a gong, etc.
 shai¹-lo² 搥鑼 to beat a gong (ch'iao¹ lo²).
 shai¹-lo²-lei²-ku³ 搥鑼搗鼓 to beat gongs and drums. [divide.
 shai¹ 酉 醞 946b759a to warm, as wine; to purify; to separate, to
 shai¹-chin³ 醞酒 to warm wine.
- SHAI³** 色 色 941b727a colour. See sé⁴.
 shai³ (t-ü) 骨 骰 946b876c dice.
 shai³-p'ên² 骰盆 a dice-box or bowl.
 shai³-tzu³-chü² 骰子局 a dicing den.
- SHAI⁴** 晒 946b733a to air in the sun; scorching rays of the sun.
 shai⁴ 日 曬 946a733a same.
 shai⁴-hei¹-liao³ 曬黑了 sun-burnt (liang⁴ shai⁴).
 shai⁴-i¹-shang¹ 曬衣裳 to dry or air clothes in the sun.
 shai⁴-kan¹ 曬乾 to dry in the sun.
 shai⁴-liang² 曬糧 to dry grain in the sun. [vited.
 shai⁴-t'ai² 曬臺 a drying ground; guests not arriving when in-
 shai⁴-ti¹-huang¹ 曬的慌 too sunny.
 shai⁴-yang²-érh² 曬陽兒 to sun oneself.
- HAN¹** 山 山 946c733a hills, mountains.
 han¹-chu¹ 山楂 haws.
 han¹-ch'a² 山茶 wild tea.
 han¹-chang³ 山長 Chief Director of Provincial College. G. 491.

shan ¹ -chang ³ -ti ¹ -kao ¹	山長的高	the mountain is high (shan ¹ shêng ¹ ti ¹ kao ¹),
shan ¹ -chên ¹ -hai ² -wei ³	山珍海味	rare delicacies.
shan ¹ -chi ¹	山鷄	a pheasant (yeh ³ chi ¹).
shan ¹ -ch'iang ²	山牆	the end walls of a house.
shan ¹ -chiao ³	山脚	the foot of a hill.
shan ¹ -chien ¹	山尖	the top or summit of a hill.
shan ¹ -chien ⁴	山澗	a ravine, a mountain stream.
shan ¹ -ch'ien ²	山前	on the south of the mountain.
shan ¹ -ch'ing ¹ -shui ³ -hsiu ⁴	山青水秀	fine scenery.
shan ¹ -ch'ou ²	山綢	undyed silk, pongee.
shan ¹ -chu ³	山主	benefactor of temples (shih ¹ chn ³).
shan ¹ -ch'uan ¹	山川	hills and streams.
shan ¹ -ch'uan ¹ -hu ² -hai ³	山川湖海	i. e., the empire
shan ¹ -chuan ¹	山莊	a temporary burial-ground for strangers.
shan ¹ -chung ¹	山中	in the mountains.
shan ¹ -hai ² -ching ⁴	山海經	a wonder-book.
shan ¹ -hai ² -kuan ¹	山海關	Shanhaikuan,
shan ¹ ho ²	山河	mountains and rivers; a country.
shan ¹ -ho ² -shung ⁴	山和尙	"mountain priest," a species of sandpiper.
shan ¹ -hou ⁴	山後	on the north of the mountain.
shan ¹ -hsi ¹	山西	the province of Shan-si. W. I. 94.
shan ¹ -hsüeh ²⁴	山穴	a cave in the ground or on the hill side.
shan ¹ -huo ⁴	山貨	woodware; articles of bamboo, etc.
shan ¹ -jang ³ -kuai ⁴ -chiao ²	山嚷怪叫	raving and storming.
shan ¹ -jên ²	山人	m mountaineers; a poet; a person fond of a rural life.
shan ¹ -kang ³	山崗	a ravine, a gully.
shan ¹ -kao ¹ -shui ³ ti ¹	山高水低	if the hills are high, the waters are low.
shan ¹ -kên ¹	山根	the foot of a hill.
shan ¹ -ku ³	山谷	hills and valleys; a valley.
shan ¹ -kuo ³	山菓	wild fruits
shan ¹ -k'ou ³	山口	a pass
shan ¹ -ko ¹	山歌	mountain songs, ballads.
shan ¹ -li ³ -kung ²	山裏紅	species of hawthorn.
shan ¹ -lin ²	山林	a mountain forest; hills and forest.
shan ¹ -ling ³	山嶺	hills and mountains; hill tops.
shan ¹ -lu ⁴	山路	a mountain road.
shan ¹ -mén ²	山門	the gate of a temple.
shan ¹ -nan ² -hai ³ -pei ³	山南海北	i. e., good location.
shan ¹ -pêng ¹ -ti ² -lich ⁴	山崩地裂	a cataclysm.
shan ¹ -p'o ¹	山坡	mountain slopes,
shan ¹ -shêng ¹ -li ¹ -kao ¹	山生的高	the mountains are high.
shan ¹ -shui ³	山水	mountains and rivers; scenery (ching ³ chih ⁴).
shan ¹ -tao ¹	山道	a mountain road.

shan ¹ -lou ¹ -t-ü ³	山兜子	a pocket in the hills.
shan ¹ -t'ou ²	山頭	the top of a mountain.
shan ¹ -tso ³	山左	Shantung
shan ¹ -tung ¹	山東	the province of Shantung W. I. 189.
shan ¹ -tung ⁴	山洞	a cave.
shan ¹ -t-ü ³ -chiang ⁴	山子匠	grotto-makers.
shan ¹ -t-ü ³ -shih ² -rh ²	山子石兒	grottos, rockery.
shan ¹ -wo ¹ -t-ü ³	山窩子	a mountain dell.
shan ¹ -yang ²	山羊	the goat (mien ² yang ²).
shan ¹ -yang ² -mao ²	山羊毛	goat's hair
shan ¹ -yao ⁴	山藥	the yam.
shan ¹ -yao ⁴ -t'on ² -rh ²	山藥頭兒	the foreign potato.
shan ¹ -yeh ³	山野	wild mountainous places.
shan ¹ -yeh ³ -jên ²	山野人	mountaineers.
shan ¹ -yo ⁴	山岳	mountains, mountainous.
shan ¹ -yu ⁴	山右	Shansi.
shan ¹ -yü ⁴	山芋	a kind of yam (ti ⁴ pa ¹).
shan ¹ -yü ⁴ -t'ou ² -rh ²	山芋頭兒	the foreign potato.
shan ¹	刀 刪 949b733c	to cut out, to cancel, to revise and correct.
shan ¹ -ch'ü ²	刪除	to reject, to expunge.
shan ¹ -chu ¹	刪猪	to cut a boar.
shan ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	刪去	to cut out, to expunge.
shan ¹ -huang ¹	刪荒	to cut up rank weeds, etc.
shan ¹ -hsiao ¹	刪削	to pare off.
shan ¹ -kai ³	刪改	to expunge and alter, to revise and correct (p'ing ²).
shan ¹ -k'ai ¹	刪故	to expunge and alter, to revise and correct (p'ing ²).
shan ¹ -lien ² -tao ¹	刪鐮刀	to cut out, to expunge.
shan ¹ -ma ³	刪馬	a hook, a sickle, a scythe.
shan ¹ -nin ²	刪牛	to geld a stallion.
shan ¹ -shih ¹ -ting ⁴ -li ³	刪詩訂禮	to cut a bull.
shan ¹ -ting ⁴	刪訂	[Ritual. (Confucius) edited the Odes and settled the
shan ¹ -yang ²	刪羊	to revise, revised.
shan ¹	玉 珊 949c733b	to cut a ram.
shan ¹ -hu ³	珊瑚	coral.
shan ¹ -hu ³ -chih ¹	珊瑚枝	same.
shan ¹ -hu ³ -chu ¹	珊瑚珠	coral branch.
shan ¹ -hu ² -ch'ung ²	珊瑚蟲	coral beads.
shan ¹ -hu ² -tao ³	珊瑚島	coral insect.
shan ¹ -hu ³ -ting ³ -t-ü ³	珊瑚頂子	coral island.
han ¹	火 煽 948b751a	a coral "button."
han ¹ -huo ³	煽火	to excite; to delude; to make a flame, to set on
han ¹ -huo ⁴	煽惑	to light a fire.
han ¹	手 搨 948b751a	to delude (mi ² huo ⁴).
		to fan: to brush off; to agitate.

<i>shan</i> ¹ -i ¹ -shan ¹	搨一搨	to fan (see shan ⁴).
<i>shan</i> ¹ -k'au ¹ -liao ³	搨開	to brush aside.
<i>shan</i> ¹ -shan ¹ -t-ü ³	搨扇子	to fan with a fan.
<i>shan</i> ¹	羊羴	smell of animals, rank, frowzy, foetid.
<i>shan</i> ¹ -hsing ¹	羴腥	smell of meat or fish (hou ¹ chi ²⁴ hsi ²).
<i>shan</i> ¹ -wei ⁴	羴味	smell of meat (hsing ¹ wei ⁴).
<i>shan</i> ¹ -yang ²	羴羊	frowzy sheep.
<i>shan</i> ¹ (t-ü)	衣衫	a shirt or shift.
<i>shan</i> ¹ -ch'ün ²	衫裙	"shift and petticoats," women's clothes.
<i>shan</i> ¹	刀剗	to mow, to cut down.
<i>shan</i> ¹ -ch'au ² -ts'uo ³ -nu ⁴	芟除草木	to cut down grass and brushwood.
<i>shan</i> ¹ -tao ¹	芟刀	scythe.

SHAN² (t-ü) 艸 苦^{21c751b} [chiao⁴ rude mule litter covered with matting (lo² t'ü)

SHAN³	閃	閃	a flash ; instantaneously ; to shun ; to peep (to ³ shot silk.
<i>shan</i> ³ -ch'ou ²	閃綢	閃	to evade, to pop off (to ³ pi ⁴).
<i>shan</i> ³ -k'ai ¹	閃開	閃	a gleam ; to gleam, to flash.
<i>shan</i> ³ -kuang ¹	閃光	閃	sprained his waist.
<i>shan</i> ³ -liao ³ -yao ¹	閃了腰	閃	to peep out of a door.
<i>shan</i> ³ -mén ²	閃門	閃	to glance the eye.
<i>shan</i> ³ -mu ⁴	閃目	閃	to avoid, to shun.
<i>shan</i> ³ -pi ⁴	閃避	閃	to dodge, to step aside.
<i>shan</i> ³ -shen ¹	閃身	閃	to get out of the road ; clear the way !
<i>shan</i> ³ -tao ⁴	閃道	閃	flashing of lightning ; lightens.
<i>shan</i> ³ -tien ⁴	閃電	閃	to slip aside.
<i>shan</i> ³ -tsui ⁴ .i ¹ -pien ¹	閃在一邊	閃	shot satin.
<i>shan</i> ³ -tuan ⁴	閃緞	閃	to flash the eye, to glance.
<i>shan</i> ³ -yen ³	閃眼	陝	name of a province.
<i>shan</i> ³	阜	陝	Shen-si. W. I. 148.
<i>shan</i> ³ -hsi ¹	陝西	陝	Shen-si and Kan-su.
<i>shan</i> ³ -kan ¹	陝甘		

SHAN⁴	口	善	virtuous, moral, good, mild, gentle.
<i>shan</i> ⁴ -ch'i ² -ma ³	善騎馬	善	skill in horsemanship, to ride well,
<i>shan</i> ⁴ -ch'iu ²	善求	善	to beg in an honorable way.
<i>shan</i> ⁴ -chü ³	善舉	善	virtuous deeds.
<i>shan</i> ⁴ -ch'üan ¹	善勸	善	to exhort to good deeds.
<i>shan</i> ⁴ -chung ¹	善終	善	a good end, a comfortable death.
<i>shan</i> ⁴ -fa ²	善法	善	a good plan, an excellent method.
<i>shan</i> ⁴ -hsin ¹ -fa ¹ -tung ⁴	善心發動	善	his natural goodness was stirred.
<i>shan</i> ⁴ -hsing ²	善行	善	to do good actions.
<i>shan</i> ⁴ -hsing ⁴	善性	善	good disposition.

shan ⁴ -hsiu ¹	善饕	excellent fare, dainties.
shan ⁴ -hui ⁴	善會	a subscription.
shan ⁴ -jên ²	善人	a good or moral man.
shan ⁴ -kuan ¹	善觀	to thoroughly know.
shan ⁴ -li ³	善理	to manage well or properly.
shan ⁴ -liang ²	善良	mild, gentle, virtuous, conscientious; goodwill.
shan ⁴ -ma ³	善馬	a gentle horse (one without vice); a gelding.
shan ⁴ -mên ² -nan ² -k'ai ¹	善門難開	it is awkward to begin charity.
shan ⁴ -mên ² -nan ² -pi ⁴	善門難閉	it is difficult to leave off giving charity.
shan ⁴ -mou ²	善謀	an excellent contrivance.
shan ⁴ -nan ² -hsin ⁴ -nü ³	善男信女	good men and believing women—the devout.
shan ⁴ -nêng ²	善能	able to do thoroughly.
shan ⁴ -o ⁴	善惡	virtue and vice, virtuous and vicious, good and [evil].
shan ⁴ -p'w ¹ -ying ²	善撲營	able to wrestle, etc.; athletes.
shan ⁴ -shan ⁴ -wu ⁴ -o ⁴	善善惡惡	to love goodness and hate vice.
shan ⁴ -shih ²	善射	a good archer.
shan ⁴ -shih ⁴	善士	an eminent scholar; a good man.
shan ⁴ -shou ³	善手	an adept, a proficient.
shan ⁴ -tê ²	善德	virtuous, moral; virtue, morality.
shan ⁴ -ts'ê ⁴	善策	a good plan.
shan ⁴ -wei ² -jên ²	善爲人	to behave well, to act morally.
shan ⁴ -wei ² -shuo ¹ -tz'ü ²	善爲說辭	clever at intercession.
shan ⁴ -yen ² -hsiang ¹ -ch'üan	善言相勸	to use good words in mutual exhortation.
shan ⁴ -yu ³ -shan ⁴ -pao ⁴	善有善報	the good have a good reward.
shan ⁴ -yu ⁴ -jên ²	善誘人	a good mode of guidance for people.
shan ⁴ -yü ³ -jên ² -chiao ¹	善與人交	good at intercourse.
shan ⁴ -yü ³ -jên ² -t'ung ²	善與人同	good at dealing with others.
shan ⁴ -yü ³ -jên ² -chien ⁴	善欲人見	good we wish others to see.
shan ⁴	肉饈	the emperor's meals; good cuisinc.
shan ⁴ -chuan ⁴	膳饌	good cuisine.
shan ⁴ -fang ³	膳房	imperial kitchen.
shan ⁴ -jou ⁴	膳肉	good meat.
shan ⁴	手擅	to venture, to dare, to presume, to assume.
shan ⁴ -chin ⁴	擅進	to presume to enter.
shan ⁴ -ch'üan ²	擅權	on one's own authority.
shan ⁴ -kan ³	擅敢	to venture to act on one's own authority.
shan ⁴ -tso ⁴	擅做	to venture to do.
shan ⁴ -tsü ⁴ -chuan ¹ -ch'üan ²	擅自專權	to usurp authority.
shan ⁴ -tsü ⁴ -tso ⁴ -chu ³	擅自作主	to act without authority.
shan ⁴	言訕	to backbite, to slander, to villify, to libel.
shan ⁴ -pang ⁴	訕謗	same (hui ³ pang ⁴).
shan ⁴ -shang ⁴	訕上	to backbite one's superiors.
shan ⁴	戶扇	a fan; leaf of a door.

shan ⁴ -t'ao ¹ -r ^h 2	扇套兒
shan ⁴ -ku ³ -tzü ³	扇股子
shan ⁴ -mü ⁴ -tzü ³	扇篾子
shan ⁴	疝 疝氣 947c734c
shan ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	蟬 蟬魚 951b753a
shan ⁴ -yü ²	蟬魚
shan ⁴	馬 駟 948b753c
shan ⁴ -mā ³	駟馬
shan ⁴	水 汕 947c734c
shan ⁴ -t'ou ²	汕頭
shan ⁴	言 誦 948b753b
shan ⁴ -huo ⁴ -jên ² -hsin ¹	誦惑人心
shan ⁴	貝 贍 949a753c
shan ⁴ -yang ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ³	贍養不起
shan ⁴	虫 蟻 蟻 951b753a
shan ⁴	糸 縑 951b752c

a fan case.
 ribs of a fan.
 same (or mieh).
 wind in the stomach; a belly rupture.
 rupture. stricture.
 the eel (ni² ch'ü¹).
 same.
 to geld a horse or ram, etc.
 to geld a horse.
 a wicket basket for catching fish.
 Swatow.
 to instigate, to seduce to, to impose upon.
 to seduce men's hearts.
 give, aid.
 cannot afford to rear or support.
 earth-worm.
 write out, copy.

SHANG ¹	人 傷 954c739c
shang ¹ -ch'ing ³	傷情
shang ¹ -ch'o ⁴	傷觸
shang ¹ -ch'u ⁴	傷處
shang ¹ -fêng ¹	傷風
shang ¹ -fêng ¹ -hua ¹	傷風化
shang ¹ -fêng ¹ -pai ¹ -tê ²	傷風敗德
shang ¹ -hai ⁴	傷害
shang ¹ -han ²	傷寒
shang ¹ -han ² -ping ⁴	傷寒病
shang ¹ -hên ²	傷痕
shang ¹ -ho ² -ch'ü ⁴	傷和氣
shang ¹ -hsin ¹	傷心
shang ¹ -kan ³	傷感
shang ¹ -ko ³	傷格
shang ¹ -k'ou ³	傷口
shang ¹ -liao ³ -fêng ¹	傷了風
shang ¹ -lien ³	傷臉
shang ¹ -ming ²	傷名
shang ¹ -ming ⁴	傷命
shang ¹ -ping ⁴	傷病
shang ¹ -shu ³	傷暑
shang ¹ -sun ³	傷損
shang ¹ -t'ien ¹ -hai ⁴ -li ³	傷天害理
shang ¹ -ts'ai ¹	傷財

to wound, to injure, to hurt; grieved, distressed.
 to hurt one's feelings.
 to offend, to wound the feelings.
 an injured place.
 to catch cold; to spoil a custom.
 injurious to public morals
 injurious to morals.
 to wound, to injure.
 to catch cold (chung⁴ han²).
 a feverish cold, typhus or typhoid fever.
 the scar of a wound (pa¹ la¹).
 to injure cordial relations.
 deeply grieved, distressed in mind.
 same.
 injurious to the recognised rules.
 the mouth of a wound.
 to have caught cold (fêng¹ mao⁴).
 to injure one's own reputation.
 to injure one's reputation.
 "to wound life," to kill.
 to become sick.
 to catch cold in summer; to suffer from heat.
 to hurt, to injure.
 contrary to divine laws.
 to waste property, squander money.

shang¹-ts'an³ 傷慘
 shang¹ 口 曩 商^{954b739a}
 shang¹-ch'ao³ 商朝
 shang¹-cho² 商酌
 shang¹-i³ 商議
 shang¹-i⁴-t'a¹ 商議他
 shang¹-jên² 商人
 shang¹-ku³ 商賈
 shang¹-liang⁴ 商量
 shang¹-lü³ 商旅
 shang¹-yin¹ 商音
 shang¹ 衣 裳^{954a740b}

SHANG³ 且 賞^{954a740c}
 shang³-ch'ien² 賞錢
 shang³-fa³ 賞罰
 shang³-hsin¹-yüeh⁴-mu⁴ 賞心悅目
 shang³-kei³ 賞給
 shang³-kei³-jên² 賞給人
 shang³-lao² 賞勞
 shang³-lien³ 賞臉
 shang³-shan⁴-fa²-o⁴ 賞善罰惡
 shang³-ssü⁴ 賞賜
 shang³ 日 晌^{953b741a}
 shang³-liao³ 晌了
 shang³-liao³-t'ien¹ 晌了天
 shang³-t'ien¹ 晌天
 shang³-wu³ 晌午
 shang³-wu³-ta⁴-ts'o⁴ 晌午大錯
 shang³-wu³-ts'o⁴-liao³ 晌午錯了

HANG⁴ 一 上^{952a741a}
 hang³-ch'ao² 上朝
 hang³-ch'ê¹ 上車
 hang³-chên⁴ 上陣
 hang³-chi⁴ 上祭
 hang³-chi² 上集
 hang³-ch'î¹-chün¹ 上欺君
 hang³-chiao⁴ 上轎
 hang³-chieh¹ 上街
 hang³-ch'ien²-ch'ü⁴ 上前去
 hang⁴-chin³ 上緊
 hang⁴-chin⁴ 上進

sorrowful, melancholy, sad (ju¹ ch'ou²).
 a trader, a merchant; to consult, to deliberate.
 the Shang dynasty (B. C. 1766-1154).
 to deliberate, to consult.
 to deliberate, to consult, to concert a plan (cho³).
 to consult with him.
 merchant.
 merchants and shopkeepers.
 to consult, to deliberate, to concert.
 a travelling merchant.
 one of the musical tones.
 clothes, a petticoat; to screen off (i¹ shang¹).

[praise.
 to confer, to bestow, to grant, to reward; to
 to bestow money.
 to reward and to fine,
 to reward the heart and please the eye.
 to give, to bestow.
 to bestow on a person.
 to reward merit (k'ao⁴ shang³).
 to condescend, to give "face" by granting re-
 to reward the good and punish the bad.
 to confer, to grant; a present, a gift.
 noon.
 same.
 same.
 same.
 same (in Peking pronounced shang-hu).
 long past noon.
 past noon.

up, upon, on, in; to go up; superior. M. 72.
 to go to court (yin³ chien⁴).
 to ascend one's cart.
 to go to battle; to charge.
 to go to a sacrifice.
 to go to a fair or market (kan³ chi⁴).
 to deceive one's prince.
 to get into a sedan.
 to go up the street.
 forward, onward; to go to the front.
 diligent, pushing (yin¹ ch'in²).
 to make progress.

shang ³ -ching ¹	上京	to go to Peking (chin ⁴ ching ¹).
shang ³ -ch'ü ⁴	上去	to go up; go up.
shang ³ -ch'uan ²	上船	to embark.
shang ⁴ -chung ¹ -hsia ⁴	上中下	beginning, middle, end; superior, middling, inferior. [ferior, inferior]
shang ³ -fang ²	上房	the principal room.
shang ⁴ -fên ²	上墳	to visit one's cemetery.
shang ⁴ -fêng ¹ -kuan ¹ -t'zũ ²	上風官司	a sure case.
shang ⁴ -fêng ¹ -t'ou ² -êrh ²	上風頭兒	a man who seizes the best of anything.
shang ⁴ -hui ³	上海	Shanghai.
shang ⁴ -ho ² -hsia ⁴ -mu ⁴	上和和睦	elder and younger friendly.
shang ⁴ -hsia ⁴	上下	about, more or less, nearly, above and below.
shang ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -mang ³	上下芒	spring and autumn taxes. [hsiang ⁴]
shang ³ -hsiang ¹	上香	to go to burn incense; to burn incense (chin ⁴).
shang ³ -hsien ²	上弦	to wind up (as a watch, etc.).
shang ¹ -hsien ⁴	[hsiao ⁴] 上憲	the superior officers of government.
shang ⁴ -hsing ² -hsia ⁴	上行下效	the lower will imitate the upper.
shang ³ -hsüeh ²	上學	to go to school.
shang ⁴ -hsün ³	[hsün ²] 上旬	the first ten days of every moon.
shang ⁴ -hsün ³ -hsia ⁴	上旬下旬	the first and last decades of every moon.
shang ¹ -huang ³	上皇	the reigning emperor's predecessor.
shang ⁴ -hui ²	上回	the last time; previous occasion.
shang ⁴ -hui ⁴	上會	to assemble; to go to a meeting (kan ³ hui ⁴).
shang ⁴ -huo ³	上火	to get excited.
shang ⁴ -i ¹	上衣	upper clothing.
shang ⁴ -jên ²	上人	a superior (official or otherwise).
shang ⁴ -jên ⁴	上任	to proceed to one's post or office.
shang ⁴ -k'ou ⁴ -t'zũ ³	上扣子	to fasten, to buckle, to button.
shang ⁴ -ku ³	上古	high antiquity, former ages (Shen Nung's day).
shang ⁴ -kuan ¹	上官	high officials.
shang ⁴ -kuan ¹	上關	to go to office.
shang ³ -kuei ⁴	上貴	to honour the noble.
shang ³ -kung ¹	上工	to begin work.
shang ⁴ -kung ⁴	上供	to sacrifice.
shang ¹ -liang ² -pu ⁴ -chéng ¹	上樑不正	the main beam not straight.
shang ⁴ -liao ³ -nien ² -chi ⁴	上了年紀	advanced in years.
shung ³ -lou ²	上樓	to ascend to an upper story.
shang ⁴ -lü ²	上驢	to mount a donkey.
shung ³ -ma ³	上馬	to mount a horse.
shang ³ -ma ³ -ch'ien ³	上馬錢	a doctor's fee.
shang ⁴ -ma ³ -shih ²	上馬石	a stone for mounting horses.
shang ⁴ -mên ²	上門	to close a door (kuan ¹ mên ²).
shang ⁴ -mên ² -ya ³	上門牙	upper front teeth.
shang ⁴ -mêng ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -mêng ⁴	上孟下孟	1st and 2nd halves of Mencius' works.

shang ⁴ -mi ^o ⁴	上廟	to go to a temple.
shang ¹ -mien ⁴	上面	on the top, on the surface.
shang ³ -na ^o -ê ¹ h ²	上那兒	where are you going?
shang ⁴ -nien ²	上年	last year.
shang ⁴ -ni ^u ⁴	上謬	a contradictor.
shang ⁴ -pan ⁴ -t'ien ¹	上半天	the forenoon (t'ou ² pan ⁴ tien ¹).
shang ⁴ -pan ¹ -yüeh ⁴	上半月	the past half month.
shang ³ -pên ³	上本	to present an official document to a superior.
shang ⁴ -piao ¹	上臃	grow fat.
shang ³ -piao ³ -hsien ²	上表弦	to wind up a watch.
shang ⁴ -pien ¹	上邊	on the top.
shang ⁴ -p'in ³	上品	first-class.
shang ⁴ -p'ing ²	上平	one of the Chinese tones.
shang ¹ -p'o ¹ -r ^h ²	上坡兒	to ascend a hill.
shang ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	上不去	unable to ascend.
shang ¹ -pu ⁴ -k'nei ¹ -chün ¹	上不虧君	not to be wanting to one's prince.
shang ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴	不上上	unable to ; not suitable or fitting.
shang ⁴ -pu ⁴ -yüan ⁴ -t'ien ¹	上不怨天	not to bear a grudge vs. Heaven.
shang ⁴ -pu ⁴	上部	the beginning of a book.
shang ⁴ -sê ⁴	上色	excellent.
shang ³ -shan ¹	上山	to ascend a hill.
shang ⁴ -shan ⁴	上善	to exalt ; to esteem excellent.
shang ⁴ -shan ⁴ -mo ²	上扇磨	the upper millstone.
shang ¹ -shang ⁴ -shuai ¹	上上門	put up the bolt.
shang ¹ -shên ¹ -i ¹	上身衣	upper clothing.
shang ¹ -shêng ¹ [t'ang ²	上聲	one of the Chinese tones.
shang ¹ -shêng ¹ -t'ien ¹ -	上升天堂	to ascend to Heaven.
shang ⁴ -shih ⁴	上世	high antiquity, former ages, ancient times.
shang ¹ -shou ⁴	上壽	to make birthday presents ; extreme old age.
shang ⁴ -shu ⁴	上樹	to climb a tree.
shang ³ -shu ⁴ -t'iao ⁴ -ching ⁵	上樹跳井	ways of suicide, by hanging or drowning.
shang ¹ -shui ² -ch'uan ²	上水船	a boat going up stream.
shang ¹ -shui ⁴ -tan ¹	上稅單	a "duty memo."
shang ¹ -suan ⁴	上算	profitable, paying.
shang ¹ -ssü ⁴	上司	one's official superior.
shang ¹ -ssü ⁴ -jih ⁴	上巳日	3rd day of 3rd moon.
shang ¹ -ta ²	上達	to increase in intelligence.
shang ⁴ -tang ⁴	上當	to get cheated.
shang ⁴ -t'á ¹ -ti ¹ -tang ³	上他的當	to get cheated by him.
shang ¹ -t'ang ²	上膛	roof of the mouth.
shang ⁴ -t'ang ²	上堂	to go before the court.
shang ⁴ -t'ang ⁴	上轎	the last time.
shang ¹ -têng ³ -jên ²	上等人	the upper classes.

shang⁴-ti⁴ 上帝
 shang³-tiao⁴ 上吊
 shang⁴-tien⁴ 上殿
 shang³-t'ien¹ 上天
 shang¹-t'ou² 上頭
 shang⁴-tsai⁴-kao¹-ch'u¹ 上在高處
 shang⁴-ts'ai³ 上菜
 shang⁴-ts'ang¹ 上蒼
 shang⁴-ts'ê⁴ 上冊
 shang⁴-t'u¹-hsia⁴-hsieh⁴ 上吐下瀉
 shang³-tung⁴ 上凍
 shang¹-tz'ü⁴ 上次
 shang⁴-wei¹ 上位
 shang⁴-wu¹ 上屋
 shang¹-wu³ 上午
 shang⁴-ya²-mên² 上衙門
 shang¹-yang² 上洋
 shang³-yin⁴ 上印
 shang⁴-yii⁴ 上諭
 shang¹-yüan²-jih⁴ 上元日
 shang⁴-yüeh⁴ 上月
 shang¹-yün²-t'ü¹ 上雲梯
 shang⁴ 小 尙 953b741c
 shang¹-chan⁴-tou⁴ 尙戰鬪
 shang⁴-ch'ieh³ 尙齒
 shang⁴-ch'ih³ 尙齒
 shang⁴-chüeh² 尙爵
 shang¹-hsin¹ 尙心
 shang⁴-hsing⁴ 尙姓
 shang⁴-i¹ 尙衣
 shang⁴-k'o³ 尙可
 shang¹-lun⁴ 尙論
 shang¹-shu¹ 尙書
 shang¹-tê² 尙德
 shang⁴-tsai⁴-liang³-k'o³ 尙在兩可
 shang⁴-tsai⁴-wei⁴-ting⁴ 尙在未定
 shang¹-wei⁴-shang¹-liang² 尙未商量
 shang⁴-wang⁴ 尙望

Supreme Ruler ; God.
 to hang one's self (ching¹ s'ü³).
 to ascend the hall of audience..
 to ascend to heaven ; God.
 on the top.
 to go up high,
 to put the dishes on the table.
 Heaven.
 to insert in an inventory ; beginning of a list, et
 vomiting and purging.
 to freeze (of rivers).
 the last time, previous occasion.
 the seat of honor.
 the upper or best room.
 the forenoon.
 to go to the yanén.
 Shanghai ; on the sea.
 to go to one's office or post.
 an imperial edict or mandate.
 1st of the 1st moon,
 last month
 "to ascend the cloud ladder," to be promoted
 to esteem, to control ; eminent ; still, yet ; nearly
 fond of fighting. [êrh² ch'ieh³
 and if further, still, moreover (k'uang⁴ ch'ieh³
 to respect the aged.
 to respect rank.
 to set one's heart or mind on ; an aspiring mind
 your esteemed name ? (kuei⁴ hsing⁴).
 the imperial clothes,
 still possible.
 fond of discussion. [160 (shih⁴ lang²
 a chancellor ; president of one of the Boards. G
 to respect the virtuous or virtue.
 the matter is still in doubt.
 not yet settled.
 not yet consulted about,
 to greatly hope.

SHAO¹ 禾 稍 956c746b
 shao¹³-ch'a¹-tien³ 稍差點
 shao¹-hao³ 稍好
 shao¹-hsia³ 稍暇

slightly, gradually ; rather.
 slightly in error.
 rather better.
 a little leisure (k'ung⁴ êrh).

shao ¹ -luan ³	稍緩	to delay, to postpone, to tarry, a while, etc.
shao ¹ -k'ao ³	稍可	tolerable.
shao ¹ -p'ing ²	稍平	a bit smooth.
shao ¹ -shao ¹	稍稍	by little and little, gradually.
shao ¹ -shih ⁴	稍事	a small affair (hsiao ³ pu ⁴ yen ² ti ¹).
shao ¹ -tai ⁴	稍待	to wait a bit (têng ³ i ¹ hui ³).
shao ¹ -têng ³ -p'ien ⁴ -shih ²	稍等片時	stop a little while.
shao ¹ -t'ing ²	稍停	to stop a while.
shao ¹ -wei ¹	稍微	slightly. M. 535 (hsieh ¹ wei ¹).
shao ¹³ -tso ⁴ -tso ⁴	稍坐坐	be seated for a little.
shao ¹	火	to burn, to roast ; to boil (hu ² , fên ²).
shao ¹ -ch'ao ²	燒茶	to boil tea (p'êng ¹ ch'ao ²).
shao ¹ -ch'êng ² -hui ¹	燒成灰	to burn to ashes.
shao ¹ -chi ¹	燒鷄	to roast a fowl.
shao ¹ -chiao ¹ -liao ³	燒焦了	burnt (as food) (hu ²).
shao ¹ -chih ³	燒紙	to burn paper at funerals, etc. ; to mourn.
shao ¹ -chiao ³	燒酒	whisky, ardent spirits (sha ¹ shao ¹).
shao ¹ -chu ⁴	燒豬	to roast pig.
shao ¹ -chuan ¹	燒磚	to burn bricks.
shao ¹ -hsia ²	燒霞	clouds of reddish tinge.
shao ¹ -hsiang ¹	燒香	to burn incense (fên ² hsiang ¹ , chin ⁴ hsiang ¹).
shao ¹ -hsiang ¹ -pa ²	燒香疤	to burn the head for initiation.
shao ¹ -hua ¹	燒化	to burn up, to consume with fire.
shao ¹ -hui ³	燒燬	to burn up, to consume.
shao ¹ -huo ³	燒火	to light a fire (tien ³ huo ³ , shêng ¹ huo ³).
shao ¹ -jou ⁴	燒肉	to roast meat.
shao ¹ -k'ang ⁴	燒炕	to warm the stove-bed.
shao ¹ -k'ao ³	燒烤	to bake and to roast.
shao ¹ -kuo ¹	燒鍋	to warm the kettle.
shao ¹ -liao ⁴	燒料	clouded glass.
shao ¹ -ping ³	燒餅	name of a round wheaten cake (huo ³ shao ¹).
shao ¹ -ping ⁴	燒病	fever (jê ⁴ p'ing ⁴).
shao ¹ -shên ¹ -liao ² -p'ao ⁴	燒身潦泡	body blistered with burns.
shao ¹ -shui ³	燒水	to heat water.
shao ¹ -ssü ³	燒死	to burn to death.
shao ¹ -ti ¹ -huang ³	燒的慌	uncomfortably hot.
shao ¹ -ti ¹ -mei ² -fei ⁴	燒的煤費	wasteful consumption of coal.
shao ¹ -ti ¹ -tung ¹ -lung ²	燒的通紅	heated red-hot.
shao ¹ -wa ³	燒瓦	to burn tiles,
shao ¹ -ya ¹	燒鴨	roast duck.
shao ¹ -yao ²	燒窯	a kiln ; to fire a kiln.
hao ¹	手	to take, to carry.
huo ¹ -hsin ⁴	捎信	to send a letter.

- shao¹-lai²-liao³ 捎來了
 shao¹-shu¹-ch'i¹-hsin⁴ 捎書寄信
 shao¹-tai⁴ 捎帶
 shao¹ (tzũ) 木梢 956b745c
 shao¹-kung¹ 梢公
 shao¹ 竹筲 357a745c
 shao¹-ku¹ 筲箍
 shao¹ 舟艄 956b745c
- seut hither.
 to send letters.
 to convey, to include as one of the party.
 the tip of a branch; a rudder.
 a helmsman (to⁴ kung¹).
 a bucket (mu⁴ t'ung³).
 the hoop on a bucket.
 stern of a boat.
- SHAO³ (so) 勺 勺 957b81a
 shao²-shui³ (tzũ) 勺水
 shao²-tzũ³ 勺子
 shao² 艸芍 957c773a
 shao²-yao⁴ 芍藥
 shao²-yao⁴-hua⁴ 芍藥花
 shao² (tzũ) 木杓 957b81a
- a spoon, a ladle; to ladle out.
 to ladle out water (yao³ shui²).
 a spoon.
 a medicine; a kind of peony.
 a medicine.
 a kind of peony (mu³ tan¹ hua¹).
 a spoon, a ladle.
- SHAO³ 小 少 955b746a
 shao³-chia¹-wu²-yeh⁴ 少家無業
 shao³-chiao⁴-hsün⁴ 少教訓
 shao³-chien⁴ 少見
 shao³-chien⁴-to¹-kuai⁴ 少見多怪
 shao³-ch'ien² 少錢
 shao³-ch'ih¹-chien³-yung¹ 少吃儉用
 shao³-ch'ih¹-nu¹-ch'uan¹ 少吃沒穿
 shao³-ch'ih¹-to¹-t'ien² 少吃多甜
 shao³-ch'ing¹ 少卿
 shao³-ch'ing³ 少頃
 shao³-êrh⁴-kua³-shuang¹ 少二寡雙
 shao³-fu⁴ 少婦
 shao³-fu⁴ 少傅
 shao³-hsieh¹ 少些
 shao³-hsü³ 少許
 shao³-jo⁴ 少若
 shao³-k'ei³-ch'ien² 少給錢
 shao³-k'o⁴ 少刻
 shao³-la¹-pu⁴-mai⁴ 少喇不賣
 shao³-liao³ 少了
 shao⁴-nu³-nai³ 少奶奶
 shao⁴-nien² 少年
 shao⁴-nien²-tzũ³-ti⁴ 少年子弟
 shao⁴-nü³ 少女
 shao⁴-pao³ 少保
- few, less, not much, slightly; young; to owe.
 utterly friendless and poor.
 ill-bred, unmannerly.
 I have seen very little of you.
 the less you see, the stranger things are.
 to owe mouey (ch'ien¹ ch'ien²).
 economy and frugality (ch'ien³ shêng³).
 without the necessaries of life. [better.
 if you eat sparingly, the flavor will be all the
 a censor (yü⁴ shih²).
 a short time.
 no second, i. e., superlative.
 a young woman. [G. 141.
 the instructor of the eldest son of the emperor.
 a little less, not so much.
 a very little, a few, not much,
 if a little.
 to give less cash.
 a little while (ch'ing³ k'o⁴).
 will not sell for less.
 to abate, to lesson.
 a mandarin's son's wife.
 young in years, young.
 young people.
 a young girl.
 Junior Guardian of the heir apparent. G. 142.

shao³.p'ei⁴ 少陪
 shao³.pu⁴.liao³ 少不了
 shao³.pu⁴.tê² 少不得
 shao³.shuo¹.hua⁴ 少說話
 shao³.têng³.p'ien¹.shih² 少等片時
 shao³.ti¹.shih².hou⁴ 少的時候
 shao³.t'ien¹.wu².jih⁴ 少天無日
 shao³.t'ing² 少停
 shao³.t'ou².ch'üeh¹.wei³ 少頭缺尾
 shao⁴.yao⁴.wên³.tang⁴ 少要穩當
 shao⁴.yeh² 少爺
 shao³.yu³.ti¹.shih⁴ 少有的事

please excuse me (guest on leaving).
 unable to do with less, indispensable.
 same.
 speak less!
 wait a little.
 when young, in youth (nien² yu⁴).
 no time left.
 in a little time, wait a bit (hsiao¹ t'ing⁴).
 imperfect, defective.
 youth should be steady.
 a mandarin's son (kuan⁴ mên² kung¹ tzi³).
 a rare thing (hsi¹ han³).

SHAO¹ 口 哨^{956a747a}
 shao⁴.chang⁴ 哨長
 shao¹.ch'uan² 哨船
 shuo⁴.rh² 哨兒
 shao⁴.kuan¹ 哨官
 shao⁴.p'u⁴ 哨堡
 shao⁴.t'an⁴ 哨探
 shao⁴.tsung³ 哨總
 shao⁴ 水 灑^{956c746c}
 shao⁴.shih¹.liao³ 灑濕了
 shao¹ 糸 紹^{957c746b}
 shao⁴.chiu³ [kao¹ 紹酒
 shao⁴.hsing¹.hsiang¹ 紹興香糕

to whistle; loquacious; pointed; an outpost.
 a military official (small).
 "a whistling vessel," a revenue cruiser.
 mouthpiece of a trumpet, etc.
 a military lieutenant.
 an outpost, a fort, an entrenchment.
 a spy, a scout; to spy, to reconnoitre.
 officer in command of a patrol. [against.
 to sprinkle, to dash water, water dashing
 wet with rain, etc.
 to connect, to continue in succession.
 wine from Shao-hsing-fu. X
 Shao-hsing cakes.

SHĒ¹ 貝 賒^{958b747a}
 shê¹.chang⁴ 賒賬
 shê¹.chieh⁴.wu².mên² 賒借無門
 shê¹.ch'ien⁴ 賒欠
 shê¹.ch'ü⁴ 賒去
 shê¹.lai² 賒來
 shê¹.ti¹ 賒的
 shê¹ 大 奢^{958b747a}
 shê¹.chien³ 奢儉
 shê¹.ch'ih³ 奢侈
 shê¹.fei⁴ 奢費
 shê¹.hua² 奢華

to credit, to trust, to give credit; to owe.
 credit, trust, to credit.
 no way of getting credit.
 to owe, debt.
 to sell on credit.
 taken on credit.
 on credit or trust.
 extravagant, prodigal, wasteful, widespread.
 extravagant and economical.
 extravagant, prodigal, wasteful.
 same (lang⁴ fei¹).
 same.

SHĒ³ 舌 舌^{959b749a}
 shê².chan⁴.ch'ün².ju² 舌戰羣儒
 shê².chien¹ 舌尖

the tongue, tongue of a bell, buckle, etc.
 to argue with the hosts of scholars.
 the tip of the tongue.

<i>shê²-chien⁴</i>	舌劍	“tongue sword,” to injure by backbiting.
<i>shê²-kan¹-ch'un²-chiao¹</i>	舌乾唇焦	mouth dry through excessive speaking.
<i>shê²-k'ing¹</i>	舌耕	“to plough with the tongue,” a teacher.
<i>si²-pien⁴-chih¹-shih⁴</i>	舌辨之士	an arguer, a sophist.
<i>shê²-t'ou²</i>	舌頭	the tongue (k'ou ³ t'iao ²).
<i>shê²</i>	手折 ^{47a40a}	to break off, to diminish, to fail, to lose. See <i>che²</i>
<i>shê²-ch'üeh⁴</i>	折却	to cut off, to break off, etc.
<i>shê²-liao³-pên³</i>	折了本	to lose in business.
<i>shê²-ping¹</i>	折兵	to cut off troops.
<i>shê²-sun³</i>	折損	to fail, to lose, to spoil.
<i>shê²</i>	虫蛇 ^{958c747b}	a snake, a serpent (ch'ang ² ch'ung ²).
<i>shê²-hsing²</i>	蛇行	snake-like in movement, to crawl.
<i>shê²-hsing²-êrh²-chin⁴</i>	蛇行而進	he advanced with side-long gait.
<i>shê² k'o¹</i>	蛇壳	snake-skin.
<i>shê²-t'ou²-ch'uang¹</i>	蛇頭瘡	a fester on the finger, a whitlow.
<i>shê²-t'ou²-ting¹</i>	蛇頭疔	same.
<i>shê²-t'un¹-hsiang⁴</i>	蛇吞象	fig. to overestimate one's powers.
<i>shê²</i>	貝賂 ^{749c}	to lose in trade.
<i>shê²-pên³</i>	賂本	to lose on an investment.
<i>shê²-tou³</i>	賂斗	to lose measure, to fall short.

SHÊ³	手捨 ^{960a748a}	to allow to go, to part with, to reject.
<i>shê³-chi³-wei³-jên²</i>	捨己爲人	to sacrifice one's self for others.
<i>shê³-c'i⁴</i>	捨棄	to forsake, to abandon, to cast off.
<i>shê³-chin⁴-t'u²-yüan³</i>	捨近圖遠	to sacrifice the near for the remote.
<i>shê³-fan¹-fang¹-shêng¹</i>	捨飯放生	to dispense food and release the doomed.
<i>shê³-liao³-hai²-tzü³</i>	捨了孩子	abandoned a child.
<i>shê³-liên²</i>	捨臉	brazen-faced.
<i>shê³-mìng⁴</i>	捨命	to give one's life,
<i>shê³-pên³</i>	捨本	to neglect the main thing.
<i>shê³-pu⁴-liao³</i>	捨不了	unable to part with.
<i>shê³-pu⁴-tê⁴</i>	捨不得	same.
<i>shê³-shên¹</i>	捨身	to throw away life.
<i>shê³-ssü³</i>	捨死	same.
<i>shê³-ssü³-p'in¹-mìng⁴</i>	捨死拼命	same.

SHÊ⁴	言設 ^{960c750a}	to place, to establish, to suppose. M. 381.
<i>shê⁴-chi⁴</i>	設計	to contrive, to plan.
<i>shê⁴-chiao¹</i>	設教	to instruct.
<i>shê⁴-chiu³-hsi²</i>	設酒席	to spread a banquet (pai ³ chiu ³ hsi ²).
<i>shê⁴-fa³</i>	設法	to institute a law ; to scheme, to plan.
<i>shê⁴-hsi²</i>	設席	to prepare an entertainment.
<i>shê⁴-hsi⁴</i>	設序	to arrange in order.

shĕ⁴-huo⁴ 設或
shĕ⁴-jo⁴ 設若
shĕ -ju² 設如
shĕ⁴-kuan¹-fĕn¹-chih² 設官分職
shĕ⁴-mou² 設謀
shĕ⁴-li⁴ 設立
shĕ⁴-pai³ 設擺
shĕ⁴-pai³-pai³-shĕ⁴ 設擺擺設
shĕ⁴-shĕn¹-ch'u³-ti⁴ 設身處地
shĕ⁴-shih³ 設使
shĕ⁴-yen⁴ 設宴
shĕ⁴ 赤 赦 961a748c
shĕ⁴-chih³ 赦旨
shĕ⁴-fan⁴ 赦放
shĕ⁴-kuo⁴ 赦過
shĕ⁴-mien³ 赦免
shĕ⁴-tiao⁴ 赦掉
shĕ⁴-tsui⁴ 赦罪
shĕ⁴-yu¹ 赦宥
shĕ⁴ 寸 射 960a749a
shĕ⁴-chien⁴ 射箭
shĕ⁴-chien -ti¹ 射箭的
shĕ⁴-che³ 射者
shĕ⁴-kuang³ 射光
shĕ⁴-li⁴ 射利
shĕ⁴-pu⁴-chien⁴ 射步箭
shĕ⁴-ti¹ 射的
shĕ⁴-ying³-tĕng¹ 射影燈
shĕ⁴ 舌 舍 959c748a
shĕ⁴-chih² 舍姪
shĕ⁴-chih³ 舍止
shĕ⁴ ch'in¹ 舍親
shĕ⁴-chü¹ 舍居
shĕ⁴-hsia⁴ 舍下
shĕ⁴-mei⁴ 舍妹
shĕ⁴-tu⁴ 舍弟
shĕ⁴ 示 社 961a748c
shĕ⁴-chang³ 社長
shĕ⁴-chi²-nan²-puo³ 社稷難保
shĕ⁴-chi²-t'an² 社稷壇
shĕ⁴-jih⁴ 社日
shĕ⁴-shĕn² 社神
shĕ⁴-t'an² 社壇

if, provided.
supposing, if.
same (t'ang³ jo⁴, chia³ ju²).
to distinguish officials.
to plot, to scheme
to erect, to constitute, to institute, to establish.
to spread out, to arrange.
to arrange ornaments. [liang⁴].
to put one's self in the place of another (t'i³
suppose, if for instance.
to spread a banquet.
to forgive, to remit, to release; forgiveness.
an edict of pardon.
to pardon, to forgive.
to overlook faults
to absolve, to pardon, to forgive (fang⁴ shĕ⁴).
to forgive (jao² shu⁴).
to pardon offences.
to forgive, to excuse.
to shoot an arrow; to dart, to aim. See shih².
to shoot an arrow.
an archer.
shooting with the arrow, archery; an archer,
luminous; to shoot or dart rays, to shine.
aiming after gain (t'u² li⁴).
to shoot on foot as archers, infantry archers.
to hit the bull's eye of a target.
magic lantern.
a cottage, a shed; to stop, to rest, to lodge; my.
a younger nephew.
to stop, to rest.
my relations.
to lodge; my house (pi⁴ lu²).
my cottage, my home.
a younger sister.
my younger brother (ko¹ ko¹). [186].
a local deity; a society; an altar; a parish R.
a village elder, a headborough (hsiang¹ chang³).
cannot protect the empire.
altars of the land and grain.
sacrificial days.
altar of the spirit of the earth.
an altar.

shē⁴ 水 涉⁹⁵8b750b
 shē⁴.chī³ 涉己
 shē⁴.shū⁴ 涉世
 shē⁴.shuī³ 涉水
 shē⁴.sung⁴ 涉訟
 shē⁴ 麝⁹⁶0b749c
 shē⁴-hsiang¹ 麝香
 shē⁴-lu⁴ 麝鹿

to ford, to pass through; to involve, to implicate
 to concern one's self (kan¹ shē⁴).
 to pass through the world.
 wade through water.
 litigation by two; defendant in a case.
 the musk deer.
 musk.
 the musk deer (chang¹).

SHĒN¹ 身 身⁹⁶1c735b
 shēn¹-hia¹-hsing⁴-min¹ 身家性命
 shēn¹-chia¹-pu¹-ch'ing¹ 身家不清
 shēn¹-chia⁴ 身價
 shēn¹-ch'ien² 身前
 shēn¹-ch'ien¹ 身金
 shēn¹-ch'ü¹ 身軀
 shēn¹-fēn⁴ 身分
 shēn¹-fēn⁴.kao¹ 身分高
 shēn¹-fēn⁴-ti¹ 身分低
 shēn¹-ho⁴.ti¹-shih⁴ 身後的事
 shēn¹-hsiao³-li¹-po² 身小力薄
 shēn¹-hsin¹ 身心
 shēn¹-ku⁴ 身故
 shēn¹-li⁴ 身力
 shēn¹-liang¹ 身量
 shēn¹-pu⁴-tzü⁴-yu² 身不自由
 shēn¹-ssü³-jên²-wang² 身死
 shēn¹-t'í³ 身體
 shēn¹-t'í³-ch'ing¹-chien⁴ 身體輕健
 shēn¹-t'í³-k'uei²-wei³ 身體魁偉
 shēn¹-ts'ui² 身材
 shēn¹-tzü³ 身子
 shēn¹-tzü³.juan³.jo⁴ 身子軟弱
 shēn¹-yün¹ 身孕
 shēn¹ 田 申⁹⁶2c736a
 shēn¹-hsin⁴ 申信
 shēn¹-k'o⁴ 申刻
 shēn¹-ming² 申明
 shēn¹-ming⁴ 申命
 shēn¹-su⁴ 申訴
 shēn¹-shih² 申時
 shēn¹-wên² 申文
 shēn¹-güeh¹ 申月

the body, trunk of a tree, etc., one's self.
 one's life and lives of one's family.
 disqualified classes (examinations).
 wages.
 previous to attainment of human form.
 salary, wages; the price of a slave (hsin¹ shuī³).
 the body.
 rank; quality, degree, grade, situation.
 of high rank.
 of low rank.
 an affair after death.
 a small body is weak.
 body and mind.
 to die (ping⁴ ku⁴).
 bodily strength.
 height of the body (ko⁴ tzü³ ta⁴).
 no control of yourself.
 dead.
 the body. [strengt
 the body feeling light and elastic, bodi
 a very large body
 the body.
 the body; semen.
 bodily weakness.
 pregnant.
 3 to 5 o'clock P.M.; to explain, to repeat.
 to convey information.
 3 to 5 o'clock P.M.
 to explain clearly.
 to repeat a command.
 to defend one's self in lawsuit.
 3 to 5 o'clock P.M.
 an explanatory document.
 the 7th month. See Note 32.

shĕn¹ 人 伸 963a736b
 shĕn¹-chō²-pō²-tzū³ 伸着脖子
 shĕn¹-k'ni¹ 伸開
 shĕn¹-k'ai¹-t'ai³ 伸開腿
 shĕn¹-lan³-yao¹ 伸懶腰
 shĕn¹-li³ 伸理
 shĕn¹-ming² 伸明
 shĕn¹-ming⁴ 伸命
 shĕn¹-pu⁴-chih² 伸不直
 shĕn¹-pu⁴-ch'u¹-shou³ 伸不出手
 shĕn¹-shĕ²-t'ou² 伸舌頭
 shĕn¹ shōu²-ch'üan²-shou³ 伸手拳手
 shĕn¹-so¹ 伸縮
 shĕn¹-shou³ 伸手
 shĕn¹-t'ou²-t'an⁴-nəo³ 伸頭探腦
 shĕn¹-t'ai² 伸腿
 shĕn¹-yüan⁴ 伸冤
 shĕn¹ (ch'ĕn) 水 深 964b736a
 shĕn¹-ch'u⁴ 深查
 shĕn¹-ch'ang² 深長
 shĕn¹-ch'ien³ 深淺
 shĕn¹-ch'k'-ch'ü²-hsiang² 深知其詳
 shĕn¹-ch'iu¹ 深究
 shĕn¹-ch'iu³ 深久
 shĕn¹-hao³ 深好
 shĕn¹-hou¹ 深厚
 hĕn¹-hsiao² 深學
 hĕn¹-hsin⁴ 深信
 hĕn¹-hsin⁴-pu⁴-i² 深信不疑
 hĕn¹ k'ĕng¹ 深坑
 hĕn¹-kou¹-lou³-ch'ien⁴ 深溝陡澗
 hĕn¹-mi⁴ 深密
 hĕn¹-miao⁴ 深妙
 hĕn¹-ming²-lai²-i⁴ 深明來意
 hĕn¹-ming²-ta⁴-i⁴ 深明大義
 hĕn¹-mou²-yüan³-lū⁴ 深謀遠慮
 hĕn¹-pu⁴-ko³-ts'e⁴ 深不可測
 hĕn¹-shui³ 深水
 hĕn¹-t'ung¹ 深通
 hĕn¹-wei¹ 深微
 hĕn¹-yüan¹ 深淵
 hĕn¹ 參 1140c735a
 hĕn¹-chin¹ 參筋

to extend to, to stretch out; to explain: to re-
 stretching out the neck. (peat.)
 to stretch out.
 to stretch the legs.
 to stretch (as when yawning).
 to clear up a cause.
 to explain clearly.
 to repeat a command.
 unable to straighten; unable to procure justice.
 cannot stretch out the hand.
 put out your tongue.
 two articles borne in processions.
 to expand and to contract.
 to stretch out the hand.
 stretching out the head and poking into things.
 to stretch the legs
 to redress a grievance.
 deep, profound; very, extremely.
 to investigate thoroughly.
 deep and long
 "deep and shallow," the depth of.
 to know all details thoroughly.
 to investigate thoroughly.
 a very long time.
 to like very much.
 abstruse, profound in knowledge.
 deeply learned (po² lsiang²).
 to believe fully.
 undoubting faith.
 a deep pit
 deep valleys and gorges.
 thick, dense, close.
 admirable.
 I comprehend why he comes.
 clearly understands great doctrines.
 deep and far seeing schemes.
 unfathomable.
 deep water.
 to thoroughly understand, etc.
 abstruse, profound.
 a deep abyss.
 to mix, to blend; to be concerned with. See ts'an¹.
 "seaweed and sinews," good cuisine.

shĕn¹-chin¹-hsi² 參筋席
 shĕn¹ hsiung¹ 參星
 shĕn⁴ 口 呻^{963a736c}
 shĕn¹-ch'ien⁴ 呻欠
 shĕn¹-yin² 呻吟
 shĕn¹ 糸 紳^{964a736c}
 shĕn¹-chin¹ 紳衿
 shĕn¹-shih⁴ 紳士
 shĕn¹-shu⁴ 紳束

a banquet
 the constellation Orion; Hesperus.
 to rehearse, to recite; to sigh, to moan, to yawn
 to yawn (ta³ shu¹ shĕn¹).
 to sigh, to moan, to lament; to hum,
 a sash, a girdle; to girt; gentry.
 the literary class, the gentry.
 a scholar, a gentleman (chin⁴ shĕn¹).
 to bind.

SHĒN² 示 神^{963a737a}
 shĕn²-ch'ai¹-kuei³-shih³ 神差鬼使
 shĕn²-chi¹ 神跡
 shĕn²-chi³-mo⁴-ts'ei⁴ 神機莫測
 shĕn²-chi¹-ying² 神機營
 shĕn²-ch'i⁴ 神氣
 shĕn²-ching¹-mêng⁴-wên³ 神清夢穩
 shĕn²-chu³ 神主
 shĕn²-ch'u¹-kuei³-mu⁴ 神出鬼沒
 shĕn²-fu⁴ 神父
 shĕn²-hsiang⁴ 神像
 shĕn²-hsien¹ 神仙
 s'ên²-hsin¹ 神心
 shĕn²-hun² 神魂
 shĕn²-jên² 神人
 shĕn²-jên²-kung³-fên⁴ 神人共憤
 shĕn²-jên²-kung³-yüeh¹ 神人共悅
 shĕn²-kuei³ 神鬼
 shĕn²-ling² 神靈
 shĕn²-ming³ 神明
 shĕn²-mu⁴-ju²-tien⁴ 神目如電
 shĕn²-nung² 神農
 shĕn²-p'ai² 神牌
 shĕn²-ssü¹ 神思
 shĕn²-t'ai¹ 神胎
 shĕn²-tao³-shê⁴-chia¹ 神道設教
 shĕn²-t'ung¹-kuang³-ta⁴ 神通廣大

spirits, animal spirits; spiritual, divine; God
 supernatural emissaries.
 "God's footsteps," miracles,
 the designs of the gods are inscrutable.
 Peking field force.
 the spirit, eagerness, expression,
 when the spirit is pure, dreams are tranquil.
 an ancestral tablet (p'ai² wei⁴)
 marvellous, astonishing.
 priest (Roman Catholic) (or 巫).
 an idol.
 fairies, genii, etc.
 the spirit of man
 spirit and soul, the spiritual part of man, the
 spirits.
 gods and men with equal zeal.
 gods and men are equally pleased
 spirits and devils.
 spiritual, the spirit, the soul; the gods.
 intellect, intellectual, intelligent.
 the eyes of the gods are like lightning.
 legendary Emperor B.C. 2838.
 tablet dedicated to a deceased person.
 the thoughts; intellect, intelligent,
 celestial birth (fan² t'ai¹).
 to use gods to teach the people (I Ching).
 exceedingly clever.

SHĒN³ 宥 審^{966b738a}
 shĕn³-an⁴ 審案
 shĕn³-ch'a² 審察
 shĕn³-chiu¹ 審究
 shĕn³-ch'u¹-ch'ên¹-ch'ing² 審出真情

to investigate; to try; to judge.
 a judicial case; to try a case.
 to judge and examine
 to investigate thoroughly (yen² chiu¹).
 to investigate and discover the real facts.

[son

shĕn³-hsün⁴ 審訊
 shĕn³-liang² 審量
 shĕn³-ming² [poo⁴ 審明
 shĕn³-ming²-hsiang²- 審明詳報
 shĕn³-p'an⁴ 審判
 shĕn³-pien⁴ 審辯
 shĕn³-shih⁴ 審事
 shĕn³-tsei² 審賊
 shĕn³-tuan⁴ 審斷
 shĕn³-wĕn⁴ 審問

shĕn³ (tzŭ) 女 孀 966b738a
 shĕn³-mu³ 孀母
 shĕn³-niang³ 孀娘
 shĕn³-shĕn³ 孀孀
 shĕn³-shĕn³-sao³-sao³ 孀孀嫂嫂
 shĕn³ 人 伧 967a738b

SHĒN⁴ 甘 甚 965b738b
 shĕn⁴-chi² 甚急
 shĕn⁴-chiào³-hsin¹-k'uei⁴ 甚覺羞愧
 shĕn⁴-chiào³-wu²-wei⁴ 甚覺無味
 shĕn⁴-chih⁴ 甚至
 shĕn⁴-hao³ 甚好
 shĕn⁴-k'ue³ 甚苦
 shĕn⁴-mo² 甚麼
 shĕn⁴-pu⁴-hsiang¹-i² 甚不相宜
 shĕn⁴-pu⁴-k'o⁴-chiao¹ 甚不可交
 shĕn⁴-pu⁴-tê⁴-i⁴ 甚不得意
 shĕn⁴-pu⁴-yung⁴-hsin¹ 甚不用心
 shĕn⁴-shan⁴ 甚善
 shĕn⁴-shih² 甚實
 shĕn⁴-shih⁴ 甚是
 shĕn⁴-ta⁴ 甚大
 shĕn⁴-to¹ 甚多
 shĕn⁴-yü²-tao⁴-tsei² 甚於盜賊
 shĕn⁴-yüan³ 甚遠
 shĕn⁴ 心 慎 966a738c
 shĕn⁴-chung¹-chui¹- 慎終追遠
 shĕn⁴-chung⁴ [yüan⁴ 慎重
 shĕn⁴-hsing² 慎行
 shĕn⁴ 肉 腎 966c738c
 shĕn⁴-kan¹ 腎肝

to try, to investigate; a judicial enquiry.
 to judge, to form an estimate of.
 to decide, to judge
 to investigate clearly and report in detail.
 to judge, to decide; judgment.
 to discriminate.
 to judge or try any affair.
 to examine a thief.
 to adjudge a case
 to examine judicially, to investigate.
 { a father's younger brother's wife; a sister-
 in-law.
 a father's younger brother's wife, an aunt.
 same lao³).
 a younger brother's wife; a wet-nurse.
 sisters-in-law (chou² li³).
 aghast, horrified, shuddering (t'an³ t'an³ t'ê⁴ t'ê⁴).
 extremely, very; what? M 396.
 much excited
 feel very much ashamed.
 very tasteless.
 so that M 584.
 extremely good (chi² hao³).
 very bitter.
 what! M: 43.
 most unsuitable.
 on no account fit for intercourse.
 much against one's will.
 very remiss.
 very virtuous.
 really, truly, certainly.
 truly is, really are, is extremely, etc.
 very great.
 very much or many, plenty.
 worse than robbers.
 very distant (yao² yüan³).
 [ful.
 careful, cautious, attentive; respectful; thought-
 i. e., truly filial.
 heedful, circumspect.
 careful, attentive in doing (chin³ shĕn⁴).
 the kidneys; the testicles; to lead, to induce.
 kidneys and liver.

shên⁴-nan² 腎
 shên⁴-t-ü³ 腎子
 shên⁴ 水 滲^{964c739b}
 shên⁴-hsia¹-ch'ü⁴-liao³ 滲下去了
 shên⁴ shui³ 滲水

the scrotum.
 the testicles.
 to leak, to soak into, to absorb.
 leaked through
 to leak water.

SHĒNG¹ 生 生^{967a742a}
 shêng¹-ch'an³ 生產
 shêng¹-chang³ 生長
 shêng¹-h'ên² 生辰
 shêng¹-ch'êng² 生成
 shêng¹-chi⁴ 生計
 shêng¹-ch'ü¹ 生氣
 shêng¹-chian¹ 生薑
 shêng¹-ch'ien² [hou⁴ 生前
 shêng¹-ch'ien²-ssü³- 生前死後
 shêng¹-chih¹-fa¹ yen¹ 生枝發葉
 shêng¹-ch'ih¹-pai²-nu² 生吃白拿
 shêng¹-ch'in² 生擒
 shêng¹-ch'in²-huo²-cho¹ 生擒活捉
 shêng¹-cho¹-huo² na² 生捉活拿
 shêng¹-ch'ü¹ 生出
 shêng¹-ch'ü¹-lai² 生出來
 shêng¹-ch'ü¹-ya² êrh² 生出芽兒
 shêng¹-ch'uan¹ 生瘡
 shêng¹-êrh² 生兒
 shêng¹-êrh²-chih¹ chi¹ 生而知之
 shêng¹-fa²-tzü³ 生法子
 shêng¹-hsi² 生息
 shêng¹-hsin² 生心
 shêng¹-hua¹ 生花
 shêng¹-huo² 生活
 shêng¹-huo³ 生火
 shêng¹-i⁴ 生意
 shêng¹-jên² 生人
 shêng¹-jih⁴ 生日
 shêng¹-k'o⁴ 生客
 shêng¹-la¹-ying¹-chuai¹ 生拉硬拽
 shêng¹-lai²-ti⁴ 生來的
 shêng¹-lao³-ping¹-ssü³ 生老病死
 shêng¹-li³ 生理
 shêng¹-liao³-ch'ü⁴-êrh² 生了杈兒
 shêng¹-ling² 生靈

to bear, to be born; life; unripe; raw.
 to bring forth, to give birth to.
 to be born and to grow up; born and bred,
 one's birthday
 by birth, natural (t'ien¹ shêng¹, t'ien¹ jan²).
 a livelihood.
 to be angry; breath (nao³ nu⁴).
 green ginger.
 during life.
 during life and after death.
 put forth branches and leaves.
 i. e., utterly worthless person.
 to capture (buo¹ chu¹).
 capture him alive.
 to capture alive.
 to produce, to bring forth.
 same
 produce buds.
 to break out in sores.
 to bear a son.
 intuitional knowledge.
 to hit on a plan.
 to bear, to produce.
 to be careful of.
 to have small-pox.
 living; work; to get a living.
 to kindle a fire (lung² huo³).
 trade, business (ying² shêng¹).
 a stranger.
 one's birthday.
 a perfect stranger.
 to draw the stiff bow for the first time.
 congenital.
 birth, old age, sickness and death.
 commerce, trade.
 to meet with a *contretemps*.
 living creatures.

shêng ¹ -míng ⁴	生命	life.
shêng ¹ -píng ⁴	生病	to fall ill (luan ⁴ ping ⁴).
shêng ¹ -p'íng ²	生平	throughout life.
shêng ¹ -pu ³ ju ² -ssũ ³	生不如死	death is better than life.
shêng ¹ -shêng ¹ -p'u ⁴ -i ³	生生不已	ceaseless reproduction of life
shêng ¹ -shih ⁴	生事	to make trouble, to get into difficulty.
shêng ¹ -shih ⁴	生世	to be born into the world.
shêng ¹ -shou ²	生熟	raw, cooked ; unripe, ripe ; savage, reclaimed.
shêng ¹ -shou ³	生手	a beginner, a novice.
shêng ¹ -ssũ ³	生死	birth and death, life and death.
shêng ¹ .ssũ ³ -huo ⁴ -fu ⁴	生死禍福	the four springs of human actions.
shêng ¹ -ssũ ³ -kuan ¹ -t'ou ²	生死關頭	a matter of life or death.
shêng ¹ -su ²	生疎	unused to.
shêng ¹ -t'êng ²	生疼	acutely painful
shêng ¹ -t'ien ²	生鐵	cast iron.
shêng ¹ -t'ien ¹ -hua ¹	生天花	to have small-pox.
shêng ¹ -t'ung ²	生銅	copper ore.
shêng ¹ -ts'ai ²	生財	to produce wealth, shop fixtures, outfit (p'u ⁴ ti ³).
shêng ¹ -ts'ai ⁴	生菜	lettuce, salad in general.
shêng ¹ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	生東西	raw things.
shêng ¹ -tzũ ³	生子	to bear a son ; a young man.
shêng ¹ -wai ⁴	生外	odd, singular, eccentric.
shêng ¹ -wu ⁴ -pu ⁴ -is'ê ⁴	生物不測	doctrine of creation is inscrutable.
shêng ¹ -yai ²	生涯	trade, business.
shêng ¹ -yao ⁴	生藥	unprepared medicines (as herbs, etc.).
shêng ¹ -yü ¹	生育	to bear children.
shêng ¹ -yü ¹ -u ²	生員	a literary graduate of the rank of <i>hsiu-ts'ai</i> .
shêng ¹	聲	sound, noise, tone, voice ; to speak ; to state ; to same
shêng ¹	耳 (聲) 970a771b	[praise.
shêng ¹ chang ¹	聲張	to bruit about, to noise abroad.
shêng ¹ -ch'êng ¹	聲稱	to declare, to tell, to say ; to praise.
shêng ¹ -chia ⁴	聲價	to make a show of one's attainments.
shêng ¹ -chiao ¹	聲教	instruction.
shêng ¹ -míng ²	聲名	reputation, fame (míng ² ch'í ⁴).
shêng ¹ -shih ⁴	聲勢	great influence, power or rank
shêng ¹ -shuo ¹	聲說	fond of gossip, loquacious, talkative.
shêng ¹ -tiao ⁴	聲調	voice, tune
shêng ¹ -wên ²	聲聞	fame, report (fêng ¹ wên ²).
shêng ¹ -yin ¹	聲音	sound of any kind.
shêng ¹ -yin ¹ -chien ¹	聲音尖	voice is sharp.
shêng ¹ -yü ⁴	聲譽	praise and reputation.
shêng ¹	十 升 969c771a	a measure, a pint ; to advance ; to rise.
shêng ¹ -chiang ⁴	升降	to rise and fall, to ascend and descend.

- shêng¹-chiao⁴ 升橋
 shêng¹-chieh¹ 升階
 shêng¹-hsia² 升遐
 shêng¹-shung⁴ 升上
 shêng¹-t'ang² 升堂
 shêng¹-t'êng² 升騰
 shêng¹-t'ien¹ 升天
 shêng¹-tou³ 升斗
 shêng¹ 阜 陞^{970a771a}
 shêng¹-chieh¹ 陞階
 shêng¹-chü¹ 陞車
 shêng¹-kao¹-kuan¹ 陞高官
 shêng¹-kuan¹ 陞冠
 shêng¹-shang⁴ 陞上
 shêng¹-tso⁴ 陞座
 shêng¹ 生 甥^{969a742c}
 shêng¹-êh² 甥兒
 shêng¹-chiu⁴ 甥舅
 shêng¹-nü³ 甥女
 shêng¹-sun¹ 甥孫
 shêng¹ 牛 牲^{968c742c}
 shêng¹-ch'u¹ 牲畜
 shêng¹-k'ou³ [liao³ 牲口
 shêng¹-k'ou³-chung¹- 牲口驚了
 shêng¹ 竹 笙^{969a742c}
 shêng¹-hsiao¹ 笙簫
 shêng¹-kuan³-ti²-tzü³ 笙管笛子
 shêng¹ 日 昇^{970a771b}
 shêng¹-p'ing² 昇平
 shêng¹-t'ien⁴ 昇天
 SHÈNG² (tzü) 糸 繩^{970c772a}
 shêng²-mo⁴ 繩墨
 shêng²-so³ 繩索
 SHÈNG³ 目 省^{971a743b}
 shêng³-ch'êng² 省城
 shêng³-chien³ 省儉
 shêng³-ch'ien²-ti¹ 省錢的
 shêng³-fei¹ 省費
 shêng³-fên⁴ 省分
 shêng³-hsia⁴ 省下
 shêng³-hsieh³ 省寫
 to get into chair (formal and official).
 to go up steps ; to be promoted.
 to ascend to the distant land—to die.
 to ascend up
 to go to office or court.
 to rise, to ascend
 to ascend to heaven.
 dry measure, pints and pecks.
 to rise, to ascend ; to advance ; to be promoted
 to ascend steps ; to be promoted.
 please ascend your conveyance !
 to be promoted to high rank.
 to take off one's hat.
 to go up.
 to ascend a throne (têng¹ wei⁴).
 a sister's son ; a daughter's children or husband
 a sister's son (wai⁴ shêng¹).
 a daughter's son and a mother's brother.
 a sister's daughter.
 a daughter's children.
 cattle, beasts.
 same (ch'u⁴ lei¹).
 same (t'ou² huó⁴).
 animal took fright.
 a musical instrument, pipes.
 pipes and flageolets.
 pipes, clarionets and flutes
 to ascend ; the sun ascending ; tranquil, peaceful.
 tranquil, peaceful.
 to ascend to heaven.
 string, rope.
 " string ink," a marking line ; rules,
 cord, rope.
 a province ; to diminish ; to save. See *hsing*³
 the provincial capital.
 economical, economy.
 saving of money, economy.
 economical and extravagant ; to save outlay.
 a provincial post.
 to save, to spare ; saved.
 to abbreviate in writing ; very terse style.

shĕng³ hsin¹shĕng³-hui⁴shĕng³-kung¹-chien³-shĕng³-kung¹-fu¹shĕng³-li⁴shĕng³-pien¹shĕng³-pu¹-hsia⁴shĕng³-sê⁴shĕng³-shih⁴shĕng³-wên²shĕng³-yu²-têng¹shĕng³-yung⁴

省心
省會
省工減料
省工夫
省力
省便下
省不
省事
省文
省油燈
省用

trouble-saving, good.

the metropolis of a province.

to save in work and material.

to save trouble.

to spare one's strength.

to save trouble, to facilitate.

cannot be left over or saved.

to be sparing or stingy (lin⁴ sê⁴).to avoid trouble (mien³ lao²).an abbreviated mode of writing (chien³ pi¹ hsieh³)

to save oil (lamp).

to be frugal in expenditure.

SHĒNG⁴

III 盛 971b772c

shĕng⁴-ching¹shĕng⁴-chuan⁴shĕng⁴-ên¹shĕng⁴-hsing¹shĕng⁴-k'ai¹-shih²-hou⁴shĕng⁴-mei³shĕng⁴-shê⁴shĕng⁴-shih⁴shĕng⁴-shuai¹shĕng⁴-ta⁴shĕng⁴-tê²shĕng⁴-tien³shĕng⁴-to¹shĕng⁴-yeh⁴shĕng⁴shĕng⁴-ch'ao²shĕng⁴-chìshĕng⁴-chiao⁴shĕng⁴-chiao¹-hui⁴shĕng⁴-chih³shĕng⁴-ching¹shĕng⁴-chu³shĕng⁴-chün¹shĕng⁴-ên¹shĕng⁴-hsien²shĕng⁴-jên²shĕng⁴-kung¹-hui³shĕng⁴-lin³shĕng⁴-ling²

盛京
盛饌
盛恩
盛興
盛開時候
盛美
盛設
盛世
盛衰
盛大
盛德
盛典
盛多
盛業
耳 聖 聖
聖朝
聖跡
聖教
聖教會
聖旨
聖經
聖主
聖君
聖恩
聖賢
聖人
聖公會
聖覽
聖靈

abundant, affluent; great. See ch'êng².

Liao Tung; Moukden.

excellent and plentiful cuisine.

abundant kindness.

liked or used by every one.

time of full bloom.

full and excellent.

extensive ménu.

a period of plenty, a prosperous age.

prosperity and decline.

great; abundant.

great virtue.

great favour or kindness; special regulation.

abundant, plentiful.

prosperous, flourishing.

sacred sainted, holy, virtuous; wise; a sage.

the present dynasty.

miracles (ch'i² shih²)Confucianism (ju² chia⁴).

the Holy Church.

the imperial will or mandate (chih³ i⁴).

sacred books; the Bible.

"sacred lord," the Emperor.

a good Emperor (ming² chün¹).

sacred favour; holy grace.

holy virtuous men, saints and worthies.

a sage; Confucius.

the Holy Catholic Church (Protestant).

the sacred glance.

the Holy Spirit.

shêng ⁴ -lu ⁴	聖錄
shêng ⁴ -mên ²	聖門
shêng ⁴ -miao ⁴	聖廟
shêng ⁴ -shang ⁴	聖上
shêng ⁴ -shên ²	聖神
shêng ⁴ -shu ¹	聖書
shêng ⁴ -tao ⁴	聖道
shêng ⁴ -tê ²	聖德
shêng ⁴ -yü ⁴	聖諭
shêng ⁴ -yu ⁴ -kuang ³ -hsün ⁴	聖諭廣訓
shêng ⁴	刀 剩 971c772b
shêng ⁴ -ch'ien ²	剩錢
shêng ⁴ -fan ⁴	剩飯
shêng ⁴ -hsia ⁴	剩下
shêng ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ling ² -sui ⁴	剩下零碎
shêng ⁴ -i ² -pan ⁴	剩一半
shêng ⁴ -tê ² -to ¹ -shao ³	剩得多少
shêng ⁴	力 勝 969b771b
shêng ⁴ -chang ⁴	勝仗
shêng ⁴ -ch'iang ³	勝強
shêng ⁴ -fu ⁴	勝負
shêng ⁴ -jên ⁴	勝任
shêng ⁴ -kuo ¹ -ch'ou ² -ti ²	勝過 仇敵
shêng ⁴ -pai ¹	勝敗
shêng ⁴ -pai ¹ -wei ⁴ -fên ¹	勝敗未分
shêng ⁴ -shu ⁴	勝數
shêng ⁴ -ssü ⁴	勝似
shêng ⁴ -ssü ⁴ -wo ³	勝似我
shêng ⁴ -ti ³	勝地

SHIH ¹	大 失 980a769a
shih ¹ -ch'a ²	失察
shih ¹ -hi ²	失機
shih ¹ -chia ¹	失家
shih ¹ -chiao ³	失脚
shih ¹ -chiao ⁴ -hsün ⁴	失教訓
shih ¹ -chieh ²	失節
shih ¹ -chien ³ -tien ³	失檢點
shih ¹ -ching ⁴	失敬
shih ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	失去
shih ¹ -ch'u ¹	失出
shih ¹ -ch'uan ³	失傳
shih ¹ -ch'ün ²	失羣

sacred writings, the Bible.
 the school of Confucius, Confucianism.
 temple of Confucius (hung² hsiao²).
 the Emperor (huang² ti⁴).
 the Holy Spirit.
 the Bible.
 the Holy doctrine.
 the virtues of a sage.
 "the sacred edict," imperial edict.
 amplification of the sacred edict.
 to remain, the remainder, the overplus; not only.
 surplus money (yü² ch'ien²).
 food left over.
 there remains; left over (ying² yü²).
 remnants left over.
 one-half remains over.
 how much remains?
 to conquer, to win; to be superior to; to raise.
 to conquer, to win a battle (ta³ shêng¹ chang⁴).
 superior to; excellent.
 victorious and defeated, victory and defeat.
 to be adequate to the duties of an office.
 overcame (his) enemies.
 victorious and defeated, victory and defeat.
 issue of the battle yet doubtful.
 a limited number.
 superior, better, surpassing.
 better than I, superior to me.
 a fine site.

to lose, to miss, to fail, to neglect, to err.
 negligent, remiss, to fail in examining.
 to miss an opportunity.
 without a home.
 to make a misstep.
 uninstructed.
 to lose chastity (through rape, etc.).
 careless.
 I beg your pardon for my rudeness (yu³ tsui⁴).
 to lose anything.
 lost.
 to lose the tradition of.
 to wander away from the flock.

shih ¹ -érh ² -fu ⁴ -tê ²	失而復得	lost and found again.
shih ¹ -fung ²	失防	to neglect providing or guarding against.
shih ¹ -ho ²	失和	to disagree, to declare war.
shih ¹ -hsin ⁴	失信	breach of trust or promise.
shih ¹ -hsüeh ⁴	失血	to lose blood, loss of blood; to spit blood.
shih ¹ -hun ²	失魂	to faint; to lose heart, to fear.
shih ¹ -huo ³	失火	to catch fire.
shih ¹ -jên ²	失人	to lose a (good) servant.
shih ¹ -jung ²	失容	to be disconcerted.
shih ¹ -k'ou ³	失口	a slip of the tongue.
shih ¹ -li ³	失禮	breach of etiquette.
shih ¹ -liao ³ -chi ¹ -hui ⁴	失了機會	lost an opportunity.
shih ¹ -liao ³ -kuan ¹ -chih ²	失了官職	to have lost official rank.
shih ¹ -liao ³ -shên ²	失了神	inattentive.
shih ¹ -liao ³ -tao ⁴	失了盜	to have had robbers in the house.
shih ¹ -liao ³ -t'í ³ -t'ung ³	失了體統	lost dignity.
shih ¹ -lo ⁴	失落	to lose.
shih ¹ -lou ⁴	失漏	to lose, to forget.
shih ¹ -lou ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -chi ¹	失漏天機	to reveal the secrets of Heaven.
shih ¹ -mi ²	失迷	to lose possession of, lost.
shih ¹ -ming ⁴	失命	to lose one's life (sang ⁴ ming ⁴).
shih ¹ -mu ⁴	失目	blind (shuang ¹ shih ¹ mu ⁴).
shih ¹ -p'an ⁴ -wang ⁴	失盼望	to lose hope, to despair.
shih ¹ -p'ei ²	失陪	excuse my leaving you.
shih ¹ -san ⁴	失散	scattered.
shih ¹ -sang ¹ -hsing ⁴ -ming ⁴	失喪性命	to lose life.
shih ¹ -s'ên ¹	失身	to lose chastity (through rape, etc.).
shih ¹ -shên ¹ -fên ⁴	失身分	to lose respectability.
shih ¹ -shên ²	失神	to be absent in mind, to be careless.
shih ¹ -shih ²	失時	out of luck.
shih ¹ -shih ⁴	失事	to mistake in some transaction.
shih ² -shou ³	失手	to mistake; a slip of the hand.
shih ¹ -shou ³ -ch'êng ² -ch'ih ²	失守城池	to lose a city.
shih ¹ -shou ³ -ch'u ¹ -chiao ³	失手差脚	to make a mistake, carelessness.
shih ¹ -tan ¹	失單	a list of things lost, a "claim."
shih ¹ -tsu ²	失足	to slip, a slip of the foot.
shih ¹ -wang ²	死亡	lost; to die.
shih ¹ -wang ⁴	失望	to lose hope, despair, disappointment.
shih ¹ -wei ⁴	失位	to lose a throne or office.
shih ¹ -wu ² -pu ¹ -kuan ³	失物不管	not responsible for loss.
shih ¹ -yen ²	失言	a slip of the tongue.
shih ¹ -yü ² -t'iao ² -yang ⁴	失於調養	to fail to properly care for.
shih ¹	方施	to use; to act; to arrange; to confer.

shih ¹ -chan ³	施展	to display, to spread out, to expand.
shih ¹ -chang ¹	施張	same.
shih ¹ -chi ⁴	施濟	to bestow a charitable donation (chou ¹ chi ⁴).
shih ¹ -chiao ⁴	施教	to teach, to propagate doctrines (shê ⁴ chiao ⁴).
shih ¹ -chu ³	施主	a donor, a contributor or subscriber (shan ¹ chu ³).
shih ¹ -ên ¹	施恩	to confer a favour (ên ¹ chu ³).
shih ¹ -fang'-ch'iang ¹	施放鎗砲	to discharge guns.
shih ¹ -hsi ³	施洗	to baptize (chin ¹ li ³).
shih ¹ -hsing ²	施行	to grant, to allow (chun ³ hsing ²).
shih ¹ -i ¹ -yüan ⁴	施醫院	a charity hospital.
shih ¹ -li ³	施禮	to pay respects to ; to perform rites.
shih ¹ -pu ⁴	施佈	to bestow in charity, alms.
shih ¹ -shê ³	施捨	same.
shih ¹ -shê ⁴	施舍	to relinquish.
shih ¹ -wei ²	施爲	actions, conduct.
shih ¹ -yü ³	施與	to confer, to bestow.
shih ¹	水 { 溼 978b770b	wet, damp, moist.
shih ¹	濕	same.
shih ¹ -ch'ao ²	濕潮	very wet.
shih ¹ -ch'i ⁴	濕氣	damp air, moisture (ch'ao ² ch'i ⁴).
shih ¹ -jun ⁴	濕潤	to moisten ; to benefit.
shih ¹ -la ¹ -la ¹ -ti ¹	濕拉拉的	dripping wet.
shih ¹ -shêng ¹	濕生	generated by moisture.
shih ¹ -shêng ¹ -ch'ung ²	濕生虫	the wood-louse.
shih ¹ -ti ⁴	濕地	damp ground.
shih ¹ -t'ou ⁴	濕透	wet through (t'a ¹ t'ou ⁴).
shih ¹ -tu ⁵	濕毒	wet poison.
shih ¹ -tzü ⁴ -tzü ⁴ -ti ¹	濕漬漬的	dripping wet (cho ² shui ³).
shih ¹	巾 師 974c758a	[metropolis. a master, a teacher, a leader ; an army ; a
shih ¹ -chang ⁴	師長	a teacher.
shih ¹ -chih ¹ -to ⁴	師之惰	the teacher's laziness.
shih ¹ -ch'uan ²	師傳	instructions from teacher or master.
shih ¹ -ch'uan ²	師船	war-vessels, men-of-war.
shih ¹ -fu ⁴	師傅	a master, a teacher, an instructor.
shih ¹ -hsin ¹ -tzü ⁴ -yung ⁴	師心自用	self-opinionated.
shih ¹ -hsiung ¹	師兄	a senior pupil.
shih ¹ -niang ²	師娘	wife of an educated man.
shih ¹ -mu ³	師母	same.
shih ¹ -p'o ² -tuan ¹ -kung ¹	師婆端公	witches and sorcerers.
shih ¹ -ti ⁴	師弟	a junior pupil.
shih ¹ -tsun ¹	師尊	a teacher, an instructor.
shih ¹ -t'u ²	師徒	master and apprentice, teacher and scholar.
shih ¹ -tz'ü ²	師詞	sophistry, a plausible tale.

<i>shih¹-wu¹</i>	師巫	a sorceress (wu ¹ p ⁴ o ²).	[mu ⁴].
<i>shih¹-yeh²</i>	師爺	a private assistant, an unofficial assistant	(tso ⁴
<i>shih¹-yen²-tao⁴-tsun¹</i>	師嚴道尊	if the teacher is strict, the teaching is respected.	
<i>shih¹</i>	言詩	poetry, verse, an ode.	
<i>shih¹-chia¹</i>	詩家	poets.	
<i>shih¹-ching¹</i>	詩經	Book of Odes. W. I. 636.	
<i>shih¹-chü⁴</i>	詩句	poetry, an ode.	
<i>shih¹-ch'ü¹</i>	詩曲	songs.	
<i>shih¹-chung¹-yu³-hua⁴</i>	詩中有畫	his odes are like pictures.	
<i>shih¹-fu⁴-wên²-chang¹</i>	詩賦文章	poetry and essays.	
<i>shih¹-jên²</i>	詩人	a poet.	
<i>shih¹-ko¹</i>	詩歌	verses, songs.	
<i>shih¹-liao⁴</i>	詩料	methods of writing verses.	
<i>shih¹-pu⁴-ü²-yün⁴</i>	詩不離韻	poetry cannot dispense with rhyme.	
<i>shih¹-shu¹</i>	詩書	Book of Odes and Book of History.	
<i>shih¹-t'an²</i>	詩壇	a place to meet and compose verses.	
<i>shih¹-t'i²</i>	詩題	subject or theme for an ode.	
<i>shih¹-tzu²-ko¹-fu⁴</i>	詩詞歌賦	odes, tales, songs and poems.	
<i>shih¹-wên²</i>	詩文	poetry and literature.	
<i>shih¹-yün⁴</i>	詩韻	rhyme, rhymings of poetry.	
<i>shih¹-yün⁴-chü²-ch'êng²</i>	詩韻集成	"aide to verse making."	
<i>shih¹</i>	食飾	to adorn, to paint, to brighten; to wipe.	
<i>shih¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	飾器	weapons; ornaments.	
<i>shih¹-fei¹</i>	飾非	to screen, to gloss over.	
<i>shih¹-yen²</i>	飾言	to gloss over; to prevaricate, to equivocate.	
<i>shih¹</i>	尸	a corpse.	
<i>shih¹-ch'im¹</i>	屍親	relatives of the deceased,	
<i>shih¹-ku³</i>	屍骨	"corpse and bone," a corpse (ssü ³ shih ¹).	
<i>shih¹-shên¹</i>	屍身	a corpse.	
<i>shih¹-shou³</i>	屍首	same.	
<i>shih¹</i>	尸	a corpse; to arrange, to set in order.	
<i>shih¹-shou³</i>	尸首	"corpse and head," a corpse.	
<i>shih¹-wei⁴</i>	尸位	to occupy a position without fulfilling its duties.	
<i>shih¹ (tzü)</i>	犬獅	the lion.	
<i>shih¹-hou³</i>	獅吼	the roar of a lion.	
<i>shih¹-tzu³-têng¹</i>	獅子燈	lion-lamps at new year's.	
<i>shih¹ (tzü)</i>	虫虱	a louse, lice.	
<i>shih¹-to¹-pu⁴-yao⁴</i>	虱多不咬	when lice are numerous they do not bite.	
<i>shih¹-shih⁴</i>	筮仕	appointed by lot to office.	
<i>shih¹</i>	虫螮	cockles, whilks, periwinkles. See ssü ¹ .	

HIH² 十 十 981c768b ten.

shih²-chi² 十幾 what day of the month is it? (in second decade).

<i>shih²-chi³-ko⁴</i>	十幾個	above ten, in the teens.
<i>shih²-chia¹-p'ai²</i>	十家牌	a board with names of ten families on it,
<i>shih²-chieh⁴</i>	十誠	the decalogue.
<i>shih²-chih³</i>	十指	the ten fingers.
<i>shih²-chin³-hsiao³-ts'ai⁴</i>	十錦小菜	fancy dishes.
<i>shih²-chin³-tou⁴-fu³</i>	十錦豆腐	bean-curd mixed with various ingredients,
<i>shih²-ch'üan²</i>	十全	complete, perfect.
<i>shih²-ch'üan²-ti¹</i>	十全的	completely.
<i>shih²-érh⁴-chih¹</i>	十二支	the twelve astronomical branches.
<i>shih²-érh⁴-shih²</i>	十二時	twelve divisions of the day.
<i>shih²-érh⁴-shu⁴-hsiang⁴</i>	十二屬相	the twelve animals whereby ages are reckoned
<i>shih²-fên⁴</i>	十分	all, complete, perfect.
<i>shih²-fên⁴ chih¹-i¹</i>	十分之一	one-tenth.
<i>shih²-fên⁴-hao³</i>	十分好	very good, perfectly good.
<i>shih²-fên⁴-ta⁴</i>	十分大	very large.
<i>shih²-jên²</i>	十八	ten men.
<i>shih²-kan¹</i>	十干	the ten astronomical stems. See <i>t'ien¹ kan¹</i> .
<i>shih²-ko⁴</i>	十個	ten.
<i>shih²-ko⁴-chih²-t'ou²</i>	十個指頭	ten fingers.
<i>shih²-ko⁴-pa¹-ko⁴</i>	十個八個	eight or ten.
<i>shih²-li³-ch'ang²-t'ing²</i>	十里長亭	a rest-house every ten <i>li</i> .
<i>shih²-lai²-ko⁴ [hsia¹</i>	十來個	nearly ten.
<i>shih²-nien²-ch'uang¹</i>	十年窗下	ten years fellow-students.
<i>shih²-o⁴-pu⁴-shê⁴</i>	*十惡不赦	the ten unpardonable crimes.
<i>shih²-pa¹-lo²-han⁴</i>	十八羅漢	the eighteen Arhans of Buddhism.
<i>shih²-pa¹-shêng³</i>	十八省	the 18 Provinces of China Proper. G. 31.
<i>shih²-ta⁴-o⁴</i>	十大惡	the ten unpardonable crimes. R. 349.
<i>shih²-t'ien¹-pan¹-yüen⁴</i>	十天半月	ten or fifteen days.
<i>shih²-tsu²-wên²-yin²</i>	十足紋銀	the purest silver.
<i>shih²-t'iao²-chieh⁴</i>	十條誠	the Ten Commandments.
<i>shih²-tzu⁴-chia⁴</i>	十字架	a cross, the cross.
<i>shih²-tzu⁴-chieh¹</i>	十字街	cross-street.
<i>shih²-tzu³-chiu³-ch'êng²</i>	十子九成	nine out of ten grow and mature.
<i>shih²-yang⁴-ching³</i>	十樣景	ten wonders to see.
<i>shih²-yu³-pa-chiu³</i>	十有八九	eight or nine chances in ten.
<i>shih²</i>	手拾	ten; to pick up, to collect; to put in order.
<i>shih²-ch'i³-lai²</i>	拾起來	to pick up.
<i>shih²-chin¹-pu⁴-mei³</i>	拾金不昧	not to embezzle gold picked up,
<i>shih²-lou¹-tzu³</i>	拾漏子	to trip up (in speech).
<i>shih²-pu⁴-ch'i³-lai²</i>	拾不起來	unable to pick up.
<i>shih²-tê²</i>	拾得	to regulate, to repair, to put in order; to find
<i>shih²-tê²-shih²-tê²</i>	拾得拾得	to regulate, to repair, to put in order.
<i>shih²-tô³</i>	拾	same.

shih ²	人	什 982a768c	ten; two files of five men each; a thing; an
shih ² -chang ⁴		什長	commander of ten soldiers. [utensil.
shih ² -ch'í ⁴		什器	household utensils.
shih ² -chien ⁴		什件	goods, chattels; mountings (brass, etc.).
shih ² -mo ²		什麼	what thing? what?
shih ² -mo ² -shih ⁴		什麼事	what affair.
shih ² -pu ⁴ -hsien ²		什不閒	men personating women, strolling players.
shih ² -wu ⁴		什物	household utensils; sundries, things.
shih ² -wu ⁴ -tan ¹		什物單	an inventory, a catalogue.
shih ²	日	時 976b759b	time; one of the seasons; an hour; an occasion.
shih ² -ch'ang ²		時常	constantly, continually.
shih ² -ch'ên ²		時辰	an hour (Chinese, two hours English).
shih ² -ch'ên ² -ch'iao ³		時辰鵲	a canary bird.
shih ² -ch'ên ² -shiang ¹		時辰香	joss-sticks.
shih ² -ch'ên ² -piao ³		時辰表	a watch, watches.
shih ² -ch'í ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hao ³		時氣不好	the season is bad.
shih ² -chieh ²		時節	time, season.
shih ² -chia ¹		時家	same.
shih ² -fên ¹		時分	time, season.
shih ² -hou ¹		時候	same.
shih ² -hsia ⁴		時下	at present, just now
shih ² -hsien ¹ -shu ¹		時憲書	imperial almanac (huang ² li ⁴)
shih ² -hsing ²		時興	the fashions; seasonable (chiung ¹ yang ⁴).
shih ² -k'o ⁴		時刻	incessantly. M. 298.
shih ² -kuang ¹		時光	times, seasons.
shih ² -lai ²		時來	when the time comes.
shih ² -lai ² -yün ⁴ -chuan ⁴		時來運轉	prosperous.
shih ² -ling ⁴		時令	the seasons, time.
shih ² -ling ⁴ -chéng ⁴		時令症	epidemic.
shih ² -p'ái ⁴		時派	the prevailing fashion, the mode.
shih ² -pu ⁴ -k'o ³ -shih ¹		時不可失	the time should not be lost.
shih ² -pu ⁴ -lai ²		時不來	if the occasion does not serve.
shih ² -shih ²		時時	constantly, always.
shih ² -shih ² -k'o ⁴ -k'o ⁴		時時刻刻	incessantly.
shih ² -shih ⁴		時勢	the times, state of affairs.
shih ² -tao ⁴		時道	the seasons.
shih ² -yang ⁴		時樣	fashion, mode of the time.
shih ² -yün ⁴		時運	luck, good fortune (yün ⁴ ch'í ⁴).
shih ²	石	石 982b766a	a stone, stones, rocks; a measure. See tan ¹ .
shih ² -ch'ang ¹ -p'u ²		石菖蒲	the calamus or sweet flag.
shih ² -chi ¹		石磯	stone steps.
shih ² -chiang ⁴		石匠	a stone-mason.
shih ² -chiao ¹		石礁	shoals, reefs.

<i>shih²-chou⁴-t-ü³</i>	石皺子	the pink.
<i>shih²-chü⁴</i>	石柱	stone pillars.
<i>shih²-chüang¹</i>	石椿	a stone beacon.
<i>shih²-ch'üang²</i>	石床	a stone bed.
<i>shih²-chung¹-chih¹-huo³</i>	石中之火	the fire in the flint.
<i>shih²-hsieh⁴</i>	石蟹	petrified crabs (medicine).
<i>shih²-hsüeh⁴</i>	石穴	an artificial cave or grotto.
<i>shih²-hua¹-ts'ai⁴</i>	石花菜	agar-agar, seaweed.
<i>shih²-huang²</i>	石黃	hartall, orpiment, yellow lead.
<i>shih²-hui¹</i>	石灰	lime.
<i>shih²-jên²</i>	石人	a stone statue.
<i>shih²-i¹</i>	石衣	"stone clothes," moss.
<i>shih²-kao¹</i>	石羔	gypsum, plaster of Paris.
<i>shih²-k'ai⁴</i>	石塊	stone in pieces.
<i>shih²-lan²-kan¹</i>	石欄杆	stone balustrades.
<i>shih²-liao²</i>	石料	rough unhewn stone.
<i>shih²-lin²</i>	石淋	stone in the bladder.
<i>shih²-lü⁴</i>	石綠	malachite, copper ore.
<i>shih²-lü⁴</i>	石路	a stone causeway.
<i>shih²-ma³</i>	石馬	a stone horse.
<i>shih²-nü³</i>	石女	a barren woman.
<i>shih²-pan³</i>	石板	a stone floor; stone slab.
<i>shih²-pei¹</i>	石碑	a stone tablet.
<i>shih²-p'ien⁴</i>	石片	stone slabs.
<i>shih²-shih¹-t-ü³</i>	石獅子	stone lions.
<i>shih²-shou⁴</i>	石獸	a stone animal.
<i>shih²-t'ai¹</i>	石胎	a barren womb.
<i>shih²-t'ai¹</i>	石苔	moss.
<i>shih²-t'an²</i>	石壇	a stone altar.
<i>shih²-tao⁴</i>	石道	a stone road, a pavement.
<i>shih²-t'ien²</i>	石田	stony land.
<i>shih²-t'ou²</i>	石頭	a stone, stones.
<i>shih²-t'ou²-tso⁴-ti¹</i>	石頭鑿的	made of stone.
<i>shih²-t'ou²-t-ü³-êrh²</i>	石頭子兒	pebbles.
<i>shih²-tui¹</i>	石堆	a pile of stones.
<i>shih²-tun¹</i>	石墩	blocks of stone before gates.
<i>shih²-yai² (ai²)</i>	石崖	a rocky cliff.
<i>shih²</i>	實	solid, full, true, real, really; reality, facts.
<i>shih²-ch'ing²</i>	實情	facts of the case (ch'ing ² yu ²).
<i>shih²-ch'u¹-i⁴-wai⁴</i>	實出意外	truly unexpected.
<i>shih²-chü⁴</i>	實據	proofs, facts (p'ing ² chü ⁴).
<i>shih²-ch'üeh¹</i>	實缺	substantive appointment.
<i>shih²-hsi⁴</i>	實係	actual, really is.

shih²-hsin¹-shih⁴-i⁴ 實心實意
 shih²-hsin¹-ti¹ 實心的
 shih⁴-hsü¹ 實虛
 shih²-hua⁴ 實話
 shih²-hui⁴ 實惠
 shih²-jên⁴ 實任
 shih⁴-nan²-jên²-shou⁴ 實難忍受
 shih²-pang¹-shih⁴-ti³ 實幫實底
 shih²-pu⁴-hsiang¹-man² 實不相瞞
 shih²-shih²-lo⁴-lo⁴ 實實落落
 shih²-shih²-tsai⁴-tsai⁴ 實實在在
 shih²-shih⁴ 實事
 shih²-shou⁴ 實授
 shih²-shu³ 實屬
 shih²-shu⁴ 實數
 shih²-shuo¹ 實說
 shih²-ta³-shih² 實打實
 shih²-t'ieh¹ 實貼
 shih²-tsai⁴ 實在
 shih²-tuan¹-ch'u¹-lai² 實出來
 shih²-tzü⁴ 實字
 shih²-yen² 實言
 shih²-yu³-ch'i²-shih⁴ 實有其事
 shih² 食
 shih³-ch'i⁴ 食氣
 shih²-fan⁴ 食飯
 shih²-ho² 食盒
 shih²-jên²-ti¹ 食人的
 shih²-jou⁴ 食肉
 shih²-ku³ 食穀
 shih²⁴-kuan³ 食管
 shih²-lu⁴ 食祿
 shih²⁴-pu⁴-ch'ung¹-chi¹ 食不充飢
 shih²⁴-pu⁴-kan¹-wei⁴ 食不甘味
 shih²⁴-pu⁴-yü³ 食不語
 shih²-shui³ 食水
 shih²-wu²-ch'iu²-pao³ 食無求飽
 shih²-wu⁴ 食物
 shih²-yen² 食言
 shih²-yen⁴ 食厭
 shih² 實
 shih²-ch'ing³ 實寔
 shih²-chü⁴ 實寔
 寔寔寔情寔據

for the express purpose.
 cordially, sincerely.
 solid and hollow.
 truth.
 true benevolence.
 substantive appointment.
 verily cannot be endured.
 genuine in all respects.
 truly without mutual deceit.
 real, plain, substantial.
 real, true, truly; very.
 facts.
 substantive appointment (official).
 really belongs to, really is.
 the full complement.
 to tell or speak the truth.
 perfectly true.
 to post up, as a proclamation.
 really, truly (ch'ieh⁴ tang¹).
 to say out the truth.
 'full' words, concretes vs. hsu tzü.
 the truth.
 truly a fact.
 to eat, to drink, to feed; food.
 a disease caused by excess of food,
 to eat rice.
 a hamper, a provision basket.
 a cannibal.
 to eat meat.
 to live upon grain.
 the œsophagus.
 to be employed by government (as soldiers)
 food not enough to satisfy hunger.
 his food has no relish.
 (Confucius) did not speak during meals.
 to drink water.
 in eating did not seek repletion.
 eatables.
 to eat one's words, to retract (chüeh³ pu⁴ shih²)
 satisfied, satiated.
 really, truly, it is so, indeed; merely, only.
 facts of the case.
 proofs, facts (p'ing² chü⁴).

shih²-ju²-tz'ü³ 寔如此
 shih² 射^{960a749a}
 shih²-chien⁴ 射箭
 shih²-ku³-tz'ü³ 射鵠子
 shih²-pu⁴-chien⁴ 射步箭
 shih²-pu⁴-cho⁴ 射不着
 shih²-ti⁴-ch'iu² 射地球
 shih²-ti¹-hên³-wên³ 射的很穩
 shih² 矢^{980a760c}
 shih²-chih² 矢直
 shih²-k'ou³ 矢口
 shih²-shih² 矢石
 shih² 木^{983a39c} 柘
 shih²-liu² 柘榴
 shih² 虫^{984c767a} 蝕
 shih² (tzü) 七^{979a760a} 匙

SHIH³ 人^{972c761b} 使
 shih³-ch'ên² 使臣
 shih³-ch'ien² 使錢
 shih³-chi⁴-rh² 使勁兒
 shih³-che² 使者
 shih³-fei¹ 使費
 shih³-hsin¹-yung¹-hsin¹ 使心用心
 shih³-hsin¹-yung⁴.i⁴ 使心用意
 shih³-hsing² 使行
 shih³-hsing⁴-tz'ü³ 使性子
 shih³-huai⁴-liao³ 使壞了
 shih³-huan⁴ 使喚
 shih³-hui⁴-lu⁴ 使賄賂
 shih³.i⁴ 使役
 shih³-jên² 使人
 shih³-jên²-ch'ü⁴ 使人去
 shih³-ko⁴-shou³-yen³ 使個手眼
 shih³-kuai¹-nung³-ch'iao³ 使乖弄巧
 shih³ kuan¹ 使官
 shih³ ling¹ 使令
 shih³-min⁴ 使命
 shih³-nu²-huan⁴-pei¹ 使奴喚婢
 shih³-nü³ 使女
 shih³-pan¹-tzü³ 使絆子
 shih³-pi⁴ 使婢
 shih³ p'i²-c'hi⁴ 使脾氣

really thus; merely thus.
 to shoot an arrow, to dart, to aim. See shé².
 to shoot arrows.
 to hit a target with an arrow.
 to shoot arrows on foot.
 can't hit with arrow.
 a ball at which mounted archers practice,
 shot very steadily. [swear.
 an arrow, a dart; straightforward; to vow; to
 straight as an arrow.
 to vow, to swear (ch'i³ shih⁴).
 to throw stones.
 the pomegranate.
 same.
 eclipse, to eat up gradually (jih⁴ shih³).
 a key; a small spoon. See ch'ih² (yao⁴ shih²).
 to send; to use; to cause; to answer. M. 130, 179.
 an envoy, an ambassador.
 expenses, expenditure.
 to exert strength, to make an effort (cho² li¹).
 a person sent, a messenger.
 expenses, expenditure, cost, charges,
 diligent.
 to take pains.
 to put into action.
 to get angry.
 spoiled by using. [(hsia⁴ i⁴ jên²).
 to employ a servant or to be employed as one
 to bribe (mai³ hui⁴).
 a servant.
 a messenger, a person sent (ch'ai¹ jên²).
 to send a messenger or person.
 to swindle by some device.
 to employ guileful arts.
 an envoy, an ambassador (ch'in¹ ch'ai¹).
 to order, to command; to send; to cause.
 same.
 ordering about your slaves,
 a maid-servant.
 to trip one up.
 a female servant.
 to get angry (nao⁴ p'i² ch'i⁴).

<i>shih³-pu⁴-ch⁴-u¹-ch⁴-ü⁴</i>	使不出去	it cannot be used.
<i>shih³-pu⁴-liao³</i>	使不了	it will not answer.
<i>shih³-pu⁴-tê²</i>	使不得	same.
<i>shih³-pu⁴-t'ung¹</i>	使不通	it will not pass current.
<i>shih³-so¹</i>	使唆	to instigate, to sow discord (t'iao ³ so ¹).
<i>shih³-sui¹-liao³</i>	使碎了	reduced to atoms.
<i>shih³-tê²</i>	使得	will it do? it will do.
<i>shih³-tê²-huang¹</i>	使得慌	tired, used up (fa ² k'un ⁴).
<i>shih³-ti¹-tung¹-hsi¹</i>	使的東西	things used.
<i>shih³-t'u²</i>	使徒	an apostle.
<i>shih³-wan²-liao³</i>	使完了	finished, ended, used.
<i>shih³-yen³-sê⁴</i>	使眼色	to ogle, to glance.
<i>shih³-yung⁴</i>	使用	to employ, to use; expense.
<i>shih³</i>	口 史 972b760b	history.
<i>shih³-chi⁴</i>	史記	history, historical records (kang ¹ chien ⁴).
<i>shih³-kuan⁴</i>	史官	writers of history employed by government.
<i>shih³-pi³</i>	史筆	historical style.
<i>shih³-shu¹</i>	史書	histories (二十四史).
<i>shih³</i>	尸 屎 973c760c	human excrement, ordure (fên ⁴ t'u ³ , ta ⁴ fên ⁴).
<i>shih³-k'êng¹</i>	屎坑	a necessary.
<i>shih³-k'o¹-lang²</i>	屎螂螂	dung beetle.
<i>shih³-niao⁴</i>	屎尿	filth, dung, and urine.
<i>shih³-t'ung³</i>	屎桶	a close stool (kung ¹ têng ⁴ , ma ³ t'ung ³).
<i>shih³</i>	女 始 985b761a	the beginning, to begin; then; to the end that.
<i>shih³-ch'ü¹</i>	始初	the beginning, at first.
<i>shih³-chung¹</i>	始終	beginning and ending, from beginning to end.
<i>shih³-chung¹-ju²-i¹</i>	始終如一	beginning and ending the same.
<i>shih³-êrh²</i>	始而	at first.
<i>shih³-mo⁴</i>	始末	same.
<i>shih³-tso⁴</i>	始作	to do at first.
<i>shih³-tsu³</i>	始祖	first ancestor, founder of a house, etc. (tsu ³).
<i>shih³</i>	豕 豕 985b760c	the hog, bristles (chu ¹).
<i>shih³-chu¹</i>	豕豬	the hog.
<i>shih³-tsung¹</i>	豕鬃	the mane or bristles of a hog.
<i>shih³</i>	馬 駛 972c760b	haste, hurry, speed, fleet, first; to hasten.
<i>shih³-ch'uan²</i>	駛船	a fast sailing ship.
<i>shih³-ma³</i>	駛馬	a fleet horse.
HIH⁴	人 侍 975c761c	to wait upon; to be near to, to receive; to follow.
<i>hih⁴-ch'ên²</i>	侍臣	attendant officers, courtiers.
<i>hih⁴-chiang³</i>	侍講 [shih ⁴	imperial readers (5th grade). G. 206.
<i>ch'hiang³-hsüeh²</i>	侍講學士	same. (4th grade). G. 204.
<i>hih⁴-chiao¹-shêng¹</i>	侍教生	a patron of a teacher thus calls himself.

shih ⁴ -ch'ieh ⁴	侍妾
shih ⁴ -feng ⁴	侍奉
shih ⁴ -fu ²	侍服
shih ⁴ -lang ³	侍郎
shih ⁴ -li ⁴	侍立
shih ⁴ -nü ³	侍女
shih ⁴ -pei ⁴	侍婢
shih ⁴ -shên ²	侍生
shih ⁴ -shih ³	侍食
shih ⁴ -ts'ê ⁴	侍側
shih ⁴ -tso ⁴	侍坐
shih ¹ -tu ²⁴ -hsiao ² -shih ⁴	侍讀學士
shih ⁴ -wei ⁴	侍衛
shih ⁴	事 986b764c
shih ⁴ -chang ²	事長
shih ⁴ -ch'êng ² -liao ²	事成了
shih ⁴ -chi ²	事急
shih ⁴ -ch'ing ²	事情 [pa ⁴
shih ⁴ -ch'ing ² -ch'êng ²	事情成敗
shih ⁴ -chu ³	事主
shih ⁴ -chün ¹	事君
shih ⁴ -feng ⁴	事奉
shih ⁴ -fu ⁴ -mu ³	事父母
shih ⁴ -huan ² -yu ³ -pien ⁴	事緩有變
shih ⁴ -mang ²	事忙
shih ⁴ -nan ² -tso ⁴	事難作
shih ⁴ -pu ⁴ -sui ² -hsin ¹	事不遂心
shih ⁴ -shih ²	事實
shih ⁴ -shih ⁴	事事
shih ⁴ -shih ⁴ -chou ¹ -tao ⁴	事事周到
shih ⁴ -shih ⁴ -ju ² -i ⁴	事事如意
shih ⁴ -ta ⁴ -shih ⁴ -hsiao ³	事大事小
shih ⁴ -tao ⁴ -ch'i ² -chien ¹	事到其間
shih ⁴ -t'i ³	事體
shih ⁴ -wu ⁴	事務
shih ⁴ -yeh ⁴	事業
shih ⁴ -yu ³ -ch'ien ² -ting ⁴	事有前定
shih ⁴	世 983b763c
shih ¹ -ch'ên ²	世塵
shih ¹ -chia ¹	世家
shih ¹ -chiao ³	世交
shih ¹ -chieh ⁴	世界
shih ¹ -chien ¹	世間

“waiting concubines,” handmaids, etc.
to attend on, to wait upon (fu ² shih ⁴).
same.
a vice-president. G. 161 (shang ⁴ shu ¹).
to stand by in waiting.
a concubine, a handmaid.
female servants, waiting women.
elders, seniors.
the younger eat at one side.
to stand near; to wait upon.
the younger sit on one side.
a Reader of the Hanlin College.
imperial body-guard. G. 97.
[serve.
affairs, action; business, concern, service; to
a manager.
an affair completed.
anxious about it.
an affair, affairs, concern, business, action.
whether the affair succeeds or fails.
a prosecutor; an employer; to serve a master
to serve one's sovereign.
to serve (fu ² shih ⁴).
to dutifully attend on one's parents.
a thing delayed may change.
very busy.
a difficult affair to do.
the affair does not suit me.
the reality of affairs, the facts.
everything or affair.
everything is complete.
everything to one's mind.
whether the matter be small or great.
the affair has already reached this stage.
a matter, concern, affair or business.
actions, business, concerns, affairs.
employment, profession, business, affairs; ability
everything is already fixed by fate.
an age, a generation, thirty years; mankind.
the world; the present state of existence.
an ancient family.
a senior, an elder.
the world (fan ² shih ⁴).
the world, human affairs (fan ² chien ¹).

shih ⁴ -chih ² -kuan ¹	世職官	hereditary office or official rank.
shih ⁴ -chih ⁴	世治	the world in a state of peace.
shih ⁴ -ch'ing ²	世情	the customs of the age.
shih ⁴ -hsi ²	世襲	hereditary.
shih ⁴ -hsi ² -chüeh ² -wei ¹	世襲爵位	hereditary rank.
shih ⁴ -hsi ¹	世系	genealogy.
shih ⁴ -hsiung ¹	世兄	term of address to my father's friend.
shih ⁴ -jên ²	世人	mankind.
shih ⁴ -jên ² -chieh ¹ -cho ²	世人皆濁	all men are filthy.
shih ⁴ -jên ² -chieh ¹ -tsui ¹	世人皆醉	the people of the world are all drunk.
shih ⁴ -lu ⁴	世路	the customs and fashions of the world.
shih ⁴ -luan ⁴	世亂	the world in anarchy.
shih ⁴ -mien ⁴	世面	new and strange things, the world.
shih ⁴ -pai ⁴	世伯	old uncle, used in writing.
shih ⁴ -p'u ²	世僕	hereditary slaves.
shih ⁴ -shang ⁴	世上	in the world.
shih ⁴ -shih ⁴	世事	worldly affairs.
shih ⁴ -su ²	世俗	the customs of the age.
shih ⁴ -tai ⁴	世代	generations of men; age after age; genealogy.
shih ⁴ -t'ai ¹ -jên ² -ch'ing ²	世態人情	the way of the world.
shih ⁴ -t'ai ⁴ -yen ² -liang ²	世態炎涼	the behaviour of the world is now hot, now cold.
shih ⁴ -tao ⁴	世道	the world, the course of events.
shih ⁴ -tao ¹ -shuai ¹ -wei ¹²	世道衰微	men's morals are deteriorated.
shih ⁴ -tzü ³	世子	sons of princes.
shih ⁴	是	is, yes, am, are, right, straight, direct; that; this.
shih ⁴ -a ¹	是阿	it is so indeed, aye, yes, to be sure.
shih ⁴ -ché ¹ -ko ⁴	是這	it is that.
shih ⁴ -ch'in ¹ -kua ⁴ -hsin ¹	是這心	relatives are more interested.
shih ⁴ -fei ¹	是非	right and wrong; tittle-tattle, scandal.
shih ⁴ -fei ¹ -chih ¹ -hsin ¹	是非之心	i. e., conscience.
shih ⁴ -fei ¹ k'êng ¹	是非坑	a gambling hell.
shih ⁴ -fei ¹ -ti ¹ -jên ²	是非的人	a busy-body.
shih ⁴ -fou ²	是否	yes and no; is it or not?
shih ⁴ -j ³	是以	hence, so, therefore.
shih ⁴ -ku ⁴	是故	on this account, therefore.
shih ⁴	釋	to free; to melt, to explain; Buddhism.
shih ⁴ -chia ¹ -mu ² -ni ²	釋迦牟尼	Shakyamuni; Buddha (fo ²).
shih ⁴ -chiao ⁴	釋教	Buddhism (fo ² chiao ⁴).
shih ⁴ -fang ⁴	釋放	to release, to discharge, to acquit (fang ⁴ k'ai ¹).
shih ⁴ -fên ¹ -ming ²	釋分明	to explain clearly.
shih ⁴ -hên ⁴	釋恨	to disperse animosity.
shih ⁴ -i ²	釋疑	to dismiss doubts.
shih ⁴ -i ⁴	釋義	an explanation of the meaning.

shih⁴-jan²-yü²-hua³ 釋然於懷
 shih⁴-pên³-mo⁴ 釋本末
 shih⁴-shih⁴ 釋氏
 shih⁴-shou³ 釋手
 shih⁴-tao⁴ 釋道
 shih⁴-tsui⁴ 釋罪
 shih⁴-yüan³ 釋冤
 shih⁴ 言 識 977b770a
 shih⁴-chia¹-ming²-kung¹ 識家明公
 shih⁴-chien⁴ 識見
 shih⁴-chu³ 識主
 shih⁴-huo⁴ 識貨
 shih⁴-jün² 識人
 shih⁴-jên⁴ 識認
 shih⁴-li³ 識禮
 shih⁴-mien⁴ 識面
 shih⁴-p'o⁴ 識破
 shih⁴-tê³ 識得
 shih⁴-t'ou⁴ 識透
 shih⁴-tzu⁴ 識字
 shih⁴ 心 恃 975c761c
 shih⁴-ch'iang² 恃強
 shih⁴-li⁴ 恃力
 shih⁴-mêng² 恃能
 shih⁴-shih⁴ 恃勢
 shih⁴-tiao¹ 恃刁
 shih⁴-ts'ai² 恃財
 shih⁴ 示 示 981a763b
 shih⁴-chih¹ 示知
 shih⁴-chung⁴ 示衆
 shih⁴-hsia⁴ 示下
 shih⁴-i⁴ 示意
 shih⁴-jên² 示人
 shih⁴-ming² 示明
 shih⁴-yü⁴-ch'ên³-min² 示諭臣民
 shih⁴ 言 試 986a765a
 shih⁴-ch'ang² 試嘗
 shih⁴-chin¹-shih³ 試金石
 shih⁴-k'an⁴ 試看
 shih⁴-lien⁴ 試煉
 shih⁴-lien⁴-chin¹-yin² 試煉金銀
 shih⁴-shih⁴-ta⁴-hsiao³ 試試大小
 shih⁴-shou³ 試手

feeling easy in mind.
 to explain fully.
 the Buddhist sect.
 to release, to let go.
 Buddhism and Taoism.
 to acquit (shê⁴ tsui⁴).
 to remove ill-will or enmity.
 to recognise, to know, to distinguish.
 an intelligent person.
 experience.
 a proficient in, one acquainted with.
 a knowledge of merchandise.
 to know a person, to read a person's character
 to perceive, to know, to distinguish.
 to be familiar with, forms, rites, etc.
 to know by sight.
 to know all about.
 able to comprehend or know ; to know.
 to know thoroughly.
 to know characters (jên⁴ tzu⁴).
 to trust to, depending on ; to presume on. [ssü⁴ Se
 to trust to strength.
 same.
 to depend on ability.
 to rely on power or influence.
 to assume in an obstinate manner.
 to depend on wealth. [fest (kao⁴ shih⁴)
 a proclamation ; to declare, to proclaim, to mani
 to proclaim, to declare.
 to proclaim to all.
 to order ; orders, instructions.
 to inform (him).
 to admonish mankind.
 to proclaim fully.
 to proclaim to ministers and people. [to use
 to try, to experiment ; to examine, to compare
 to taste and try.
 a touchstone.
 to try and see if a thing will do.
 to test.
 to test gold and silver.
 to try the size.
 to try, to practise.

shih⁴-t'an¹
 shih⁴-yen³
 shih⁴-yen⁴
 shih⁴-yüan⁴
 shih⁴-yung⁴
 shih⁴
 shih⁴-chia⁴
 shih⁴-ching³
 shih⁴-ching³-jên²
 shih⁴-fu³
 shih⁴-hua⁴
 shih⁴-k'ou³-rh²
 shih⁴-k'uai⁴
 shih⁴-li¹
 shih⁴-mien⁴
 shih⁴-p'ing²
 shih⁴-shang⁴
 shih⁴-yü³
 shi⁴
 shih⁴-chieh⁴
 shi⁴-ming⁴
 shih⁴-pu⁴-liang³-li⁴
 shih⁴-shih¹
 shi⁴-ssü³-shou³
 shih⁴-yen²
 shih⁴-yüan⁴
 shi⁴-yüeh⁴
 hih⁴
 shih⁴-jan²
 hih⁴-lai²
 hih⁴-ts'ai²
 hih⁴-wang³
 hih⁴-yu³
 hih⁴
 hih⁴-lin²
 hih⁴-nü³
 hih⁴-nung²-kung¹-shang¹
 hih⁴-tsu²
 hih⁴-tzü³
 hih⁴
 hih⁴-cho¹
 hih⁴-kou⁴
 hih⁴-lei⁴

試探
 試演
 試驗
 試院
 試用
 市 974a762c
 市價
 市井
 市井人
 市脯
 市話
 市口兒
 市僧
 市利
 市面
 市平
 市上
 市語
 誓 988a765c
 誓戒
 誓命
 誓不兩立
 誓師
 誓死守
 誓言
 誓愿
 誓約
 適 988c768a
 適然
 適來
 適纔
 適往
 適有
 士 987c762a
 士林
 士女
 士農工商
 士卒
 士子
 拭 986a768a
 拭棹
 拭垢
 拭淚

temptation.
 to make trial, to practice ; to compete.
 to examine (chien³ lien⁴).
 the triennial examination.
 on probation before advancing to expectant rank.
 a market, a shop ; to trade ; vulgar, vicious, low.
 market price.
 a fair, a market.
 idlers, loafers.
 a hawker of meat.
 street talk ; low language.
 a market.
 a market broker.
 profit in trade.
 state of trade.
 the scale of the market.
 in the market.
 low language ; private language of shops.
 an oath ; to swear, to bind solemnly ; commanded.
 to caution, to warn.
 to command.
 I swear that one of us shall die.
 to swear to conquer or die.
 swear to maintain it till death.
 a vow, an oath.
 to swear to do.
 to contract.
 just now ; presently ; suddenly ; certainly ; to
 suddenly, accidentally, by chance.
 near at hand ; just now.
 then, at that time, just now.
 to go to.
 to happen accidentally.
 a learned man, a scholar ; a soldier ; a proficient.
 " a forest of scholars," the learned generally.
 men and women.
 scholars, husbandmen, mechanics and merchants.
 a follower ; infantry.
 a scholar, a lettered man.
 to wipe, to dust off, to rub, to cleanse.
 to wipe a table.
 to wipe off dirt.
 to wipe away tears (ts'a¹ lei⁴).

shih ⁴ -tao ¹		拭刀		to wipe or clean a knife.
shih ⁴	弑	弑 ^{986b765b}		to murder, a superior in age or office.
shih ⁴ -chün ¹		弑君		a regicide; regicide.
shih ⁴ -chü ³		弑主		to assassinate a master; as assassin.
shih ⁴ -fu ⁴		弑父		a parricide; parricide.
shih ⁴ -hsiung ¹		弑兄		a fratricide; fratricide.
shih ⁴	力	勢 ^{987a765c}		influence, authority, power, circumstances.
shih ⁴ -li ⁴		勢力		strength, power, influence.
shih ⁴ -p'ai ⁴		勢派		scale, e. g., of a building.
shih ⁴ -pu ¹ -liang ³ -li ⁴		勢不兩立		mutually exclusive.
shih ⁴ -ta ⁴ -ya ¹ -jên ³		勢大壓人		influence crushes men.
shih ⁴ -t'ou ³		勢頭		the prospect.
shih ⁴ -ya ¹		勢壓		to put down with authority.
shih ⁴	口	嗜 ^{981b765a}		[in. to relish, to take pleasure in, to desire, to indulge
shih ⁴ -chiu ³ -sé ⁴		嗜酒色		to be addicted to wine and debauchery.
shih ⁴ -k'ou ³ -fu ²		嗜口腹		epicurean, fond of good living.
shih ⁴ -yin ¹		嗜音		fond of music.
shih ⁴ -yü ⁴		嗜慾		to lust after, to desire (ssü ¹ yü ⁴).
shih ⁴	見	視 ^{981b763b}		[ceive. to look, to behold, to teach, to examine; to re-
shih ⁴ -êr ¹ -pu ¹ -chien ⁴		視而不見		to look at, but not to see.
shih ⁴ -ssü ³ -ju ³ -kuei ¹		視死如歸		to regard death as a return home.
shih ⁴ -ts'ai ² -ju ² -ming ⁴		視財如命		regard riches as vital.
shih ⁴ -wan ⁴		視望		to view, to behold.
shih ⁴ -yüan ³		視遠		to see to a distance; to contemplate.
shih ⁴	木	柿 ^{974b763a}		a red pulpy fruit, the persimmon; the tomato.
shih ⁴ -kan ¹		柿乾		dried Indian dates.
shih ⁴ -ping ³		柿餅		dried persimmon.
shih ⁴ -shuang ¹		柿霜		the bloom of persimmon (a medicine).
shih ⁴	人	任 ^{987c762a}		an official; to serve; to fill an official situation.
shih ⁴ -kuan ⁴		任官		officials.
shih ⁴ -pan ³		任版		an official; an official register.
shih ⁴ -t'u ²		任途		official career.
shih ⁴ -tzü ³		任子		imperial catamites (formerly).
shih ⁴	走	逝 ^{988a764b}		to depart; to return to; to die.
shih ⁴ -che ³		逝者		a dead person.
shih ⁴ -wang ²		逝亡		to depart this life.
shih ⁴	宀	室 ^{984c770b}		[a grave. a house, a room, apartments; a family; a wife,
shih ⁴ -chia ¹		室家		a household, a family.
shih ⁴ -jên ²		室人		a wife.
shih ⁴	弋	式 ^{985c767c}		fashion, rule, law; a pattern; to measure, to fit.
shih ⁴ -yang ⁴		式樣		manner, fashion, pattern (yang ⁴ shih ⁴).
shih ⁴	口	啻 ^{988b765b}		only; to stop, to desist (also chih).
shih ⁴	氏	氏 ^{985a763a}		family name (especially women's); kindred, clan.

shih⁴ 言 諡 諡^{989a764b}

an epitaph, a eulogy; posthumous titles.

SHOU¹ 支 收 掛 收^{989b754a}

to collect; to receive, to take; to put away.

shou¹-chang⁴ 收 賬

to receive payment of a bill.

shou¹-zh'êug² 收 成

a good harvest gathered in.

shou¹-chi² 收 集

to collect together.

shou¹-ch'î²-la¹ 收 齊 喇

received in full.

shou¹-ch'î³-lai² 收 起 來

to keep.

shou¹-ch'î⁴ 收 訖

received in full.

shou¹-ch'ien² 收 錢

to receive or collect money.

shou¹-ch'ing¹ 收 清

received in full.

shou¹-chuan-kuan¹ 收 卷 官

receiver of essays.

shou¹-chuang²-chia¹ 收 庄 稼

to reap the crops.

shou¹-c'ü³ 收 取

to collect together.

shou¹-ch'ü³-t'ien²-tsu¹ 收 取 田 租

to take rent for land.

shou¹-fang² 收 房

to take woman servant as concubine.

shou¹-fang⁴ 收 放

to receive and to disburse.

shou¹-hao²-êrh² 收 號 兒

a receipt-mark on bank-notes.

shou¹-hsia⁴ 收 下

to receive, received.

shou¹-hsin¹ 收 心

to keep the mind; to improve, to reform.

shou¹-hui² 收 回

to receive back.

shou¹-ju⁴ 收 入

to receive.

shou¹-ko³-wu³-ku³ 收 割 五 穀

to harvest the crops.

shou¹-kung¹ 收 工

to quit work.

shou¹-liao³-ch'ang²-la¹ 收 了 場 喇

finished.

shou¹-liao³-mai²-mai² 收 了 買 賣

closed the business.

shou¹-liao³-t'an¹-êrh² 收 了 攤 兒

to take in your stand.

shou¹-lien³ 收 斂

to harvest; to collect taxes; to put away, to

shou¹-liu² 收 留

to retain, to keep; to give hospitality for a time.

shou¹-mai² 收 埋

to lay up, to store, to put away.

shou¹-mai³-huo⁴-wu¹ 收 買 貨 物

to buy goods.

hou¹-na⁴ 收 納

to receive, to accept.

hou¹-pi⁴ 收 畢

all received.

hou¹-ping¹ 收 兵

to house troops; to retire.

hou¹-pu⁴-hui²-lai² 收 不 回 來

cannot get back.

hou¹-shêng¹ 收 生to act as midwife (chieh¹ shêng¹).hou¹-shêng¹-p'o² 收 生 婆

a midwife.

hou¹-shih² 收 拾

to mend, to put to rights; to prepare.

hou¹-shou¹-li³-wu⁴ 收 受 禮 物

to accept presents.

hou¹-shu² 收 贖

to receive a ransom, to accept a fine.

hou¹-sh'î⁴-mien³-chao⁴ 收 稅 免 照

an exemption certificate.

hou¹-shui⁴-tan¹ 收 稅 單

a duty paid certificate, a "duty sheet."

hou¹-shui⁴-ti¹ 收 稅 的

a revenue officer.

Shou¹ } outcome
Chang } final result
揚

<i>shou¹ tan¹</i>	收單	a receipt.
<i>shou¹.tē²-yen²-yen²</i>	收得嚴嚴	received most carefully.
<i>shou¹-t'iao²</i>	收條	receipt.
<i>shou¹ t'ieh¹</i>	收帖	a receipt.
<i>shou¹-tsai⁴-ts'ang¹-li³</i>	收在倉裏	to store in the granary.
<i>shou¹-ts'ang³</i>	收藏	to lay by, to store up (chi ¹ hsi ⁴).
<i>shou¹-tsu¹</i>	收租	a rent collector; to receive rent.
<i>shou¹-tsu⁴</i>	收足	full amount received.
<i>shou¹-ts'un²</i>	收存	to keep, to retain.
<i>shou¹-t'u²-ti⁴</i>	收徒弟	to receive pupils.
<i>shou¹-yang⁴-tzu³-nü³</i>	收養子女	to maintain children.
<i>shou¹-yin²</i>	收銀	to receive or collect money.

SHOU²

火

熟^{997b780a}

<i>shou²-chiao¹-liao³</i>	熟焦了	ripe; cooked; well versed in; intimate. See <i>shu²</i>
<i>shou²-chu³-hu⁴</i>	熟主戶	cooked to crisp.
<i>shou²-fan⁴</i>	熟飯	an old customer.
<i>shou² hsi²</i>	熟習	cooked victuals.
<i>shou² hsi³</i>	熟悉	conversant with, well acquainted with.
<i>shou²-jên²</i>	熟人	practised, accustomed to.
<i>shou²-jou⁴</i>	熟肉	acquaintances.
<i>shou²-lan⁴-liao³</i>	熟爛了	cooked meat.
<i>shou² lien⁴</i>	熟練了	boiled to rags.
<i>shou²-niu² p'i²</i>	熟牛皮	experienced, conversant, accustomed to.
<i>shou²-shih⁴</i>	熟識	dressed leather.
<i>shou² shih⁴</i>	熟事	well acquainted.
<i>shou²-shou³</i>	熟手	a familiar thing.
<i>shou²-t'ieh³</i>	熟鐵	an experienced hand.
<i>shou²-t'ou⁴-la¹</i>	熟透喇	wrought iron.
<i>shou² ts ui⁴</i>	熟菜	thoroughly cooked.
<i>shou²-t'ung²</i>	熟銅	cooked vegetables or food.
<i>shou² yao⁴</i>	熟藥	manufactured copper.
<i>shou²-yen¹</i>	熟烟	prepared medicine.

SHOU³

手

手^{990a754b}

<i>shou³-chang³</i>	手掌	the hand.
<i>shou³-ch'ao⁴</i>	手抄	the palm of the hand.
<i>shou³ chi yen³-k'uai⁴</i>	手急眼快	manuscript copy.
<i>shou³-chia³</i>	手甲	quick of eye and hand.
<i>shou³-chiang³</i>	手脰	finger nails (chi ² chia ³).
<i>shou³-ch'iang¹</i>	手鎗	callosities on the hand.
<i>shou³-chiao³</i>	手脚	a pistol.
<i>shou³-chiao³-pu⁴-hsien³</i>	手脚不閑	"hands and feet," assistants.

always on the move.

shou ³ -ch'iao ³	手巧	skilful, ingenious.
shou ³ -chieh ²	手節	the knuckles of the hand.
shou ³ -chih ³	手執	to hold in the hand.
shou ³ -chih ³	手指	the fingers.
shou ¹ -chih ³ -t'ou ²	手指頭	same.
shou ³ -chin ¹	手巾	a napkin, a handkerchief, a towel.
shou ³ -chung ¹ -wu ² -ch'ien ²	手中無錢	no ready money.
shou ³ -fa ²	手乏	poor, poverty, misery.
shou ³ -fa ²	手法	sleight of hand.
shou ³ -hsia ⁴	手下	dependents, under authority.
shou ³ -hsia ⁴ -liu ² -ch'ing ²	手下留情	to leave a little allowance.
shou ³ -hsin ¹	手心	the palm of the hand
shou ³ -i ⁴	手藝	handicraft (haug ² tang ¹).
shou ³ -k'uo ⁴	手銬	manacles (mu ⁴ kou ³ tzü ⁴).
shou ³ -k'ou ⁴	手扣	handcuffs.
shou ³ -kuai ³	手拐	a walking stick.
shou ³ -k'un ⁴	手困	poor, miserable.
shou ³ -kung ¹	手工	handicraft, handiwork.
shou ¹ -lu ¹ -shou ³ -êrh ²	手拉手兒	mutually helpful.
hou ³ -mang ² -chia ³ -huang ³	手忙脚慌	to bustle, bustling.
hou ³ -mo ¹	手摹	signature made with the finger. See Note 67 (lo ² wên ³).
hou ³ na ² -cho ²	手拿着	to take with the hand.
hou ³ -nei ⁴ -k'ung ¹ -k'ung ¹	手內空空	without a cash,
hou ³ -p'a ⁴	手帕	handkerchiefs.
hou ³ -pei ⁴	手臂	the arm.
hou ³ -pei ⁴	手背	the back of the hand.
hou ³ -pên ³	手本	a visiting card (officials).
hou ² -pi ³ -pu ³ -ts'o ⁴	手筆不錯	his penmanship is good.
hou ³ -po ² -tzü ³	手脖子	wrist.
hou ³ pu ¹ -wên ³	手不穩	light-fingered.
hou ³ -sung ¹	手鬆	a spendthrift.
hou ³ -tao ⁴ -ping ⁴ -ch'u ²	手到病除	an excellent doctor.
hou ³ -t'ao ⁴ -rh ²	手套兒	gloves.
hou ³ -t'ou ² -ch'iao ³	手頭巧	skilful with the hand, ingenious.
hou ³ -tuan ⁴	手段	handicraft; ability, skill.
hou ³ -tsu ²	手足	"hand and feet," united, brothers.
hou ³ -tsu ² -ti ¹ -hsiung ¹	手足弟兄	united as brothers, brothers.
hou ³ tsuan ¹	手鑽	an auger, a gimlet.
hou ³ -wan ⁴ -tzü ³	手腕子	the wrist.
hou ³ -wên ²	手紋	the lines of the hand.
hou ³ -wu ³ -tsu ⁴ -tao ⁴	手舞足蹈	gesticulating with hands and feet.
hou ³ -yen ³	手眼	manceuvre, wire pulling.
hou ³ -yin ⁴	手印	signature made with the thumb. See Note 67

shou ³ -yüan ²	手掣	to lead by the hand.
shou ³	守 9911/755c	to guard, to keep, to maintain, to protect.
shou ³ -chai ¹	守齋	to fast, abstinence.
shou ³ -chên ¹	守貞	to maintain chastity inviolate; chastity, chastity
shou ³ -chên ¹ -ti ¹	守貞的	a virgin, a maid.
shou ³ -ch'êng ²	守城	to guard a city (k'an ¹ shou ³).
shou ³ -chi ³	守己	self-control.
shou ³ -chia ¹	守家	to look after one's family, to stop at home.
shou ³ -chueh ²	守節	to maintain chastity inviolate; continent, chaste
shou ³ -chieh ² -ti ¹	守節的	a widow not marrying again; chaste.
shou ³ -ch'ien ² -nu ²	守錢奴	a miser (k'an ¹ ts'ai ² nu ²).
shou ³ -chi ¹ ⁴	守制	to be in mourning—for parents,
shou ³ -cho ² -jên ²	守着人	to be constantly with a man
shou ³ -fu ³	守法	to keep, or obey the laws (tsun ¹ fu ³).
shou ³ -fên ⁴	守分	to keep one's duties.
shou ³ -fêng ¹	守風	detained by wind.
shou ³ -fu ³	守府	common name of a major (yu ² chi ¹).
shou ³ -hou ⁴	守候	to wait for; to take care of; in attendance.
shou ³ -hou ⁴ -hui ² -wen ²	守候回文	despatch requiring answer.
shou ³ -hsiao ⁴	守孝	to watch over deceased parents; to mourn.
shou ³ -hsün ² -tao ⁴	守巡道	intendant of circuit. G. 280 (tao ⁴ t'ai ²).
shou ³ -hu ⁴	守護	a guard, to protect (pao ³ hu ⁴).
shou ³ -huo ²⁴ -kua ³	守活寡	a grass widow.
shou ³ -kêng ¹	守更	to keep watch.
shou ³ -k'ou ³ -ju ² -p'ing ²	守口如瓶	to guard the mouth like a bottle.
shou ³ -kua ³	守寡	a widow who does not marry again (lieh ⁴ nü ³).
shou ³ -kuei ¹ -chü ³	守規矩	to observe the customs.
shou ³ -kung ¹	守宮	a lizard; eunuchs.
shou ³ -pa ³	守把	to guard, to look after.
shou ³ -pei ⁴	守備	a military officer, a major. G. 446.
shou ³ -pen ³ -fên ⁴	守本分	to keep to one's duties.
shou ³ -pien ¹	守邊	to guard the frontier.
shou ³ -ping ¹	守兵	foreign police.
shou ³ -pu ⁴ -chü ⁴	守不住	unable to hold or maintain.
shou ³ -sang ¹	守喪	to watch a corpse.
shou ³ -shên ¹	守身	to preserve chastity, e. g., widows.
shou ³ -s'ên ¹ -wei ¹ -ta ⁴	守身爲大	to preserve chastity is the main thing.
shou ³ -shih ¹	守屍	to watch a corpse.
shou ³ -shui ³	守水	to be detained by high water.
shou ³ su ⁴ .an ¹ .ch'ang ²	守素安常	model of propriety.
shou ³ -sui ⁴	守歲	to watch for the new year.
shou ³ .ssü ³ -shan ⁴ -tao ⁴	守死善道	faithful unto death.
shou ³ -tê ² -chü ⁴	守得住	to hold fast, to maintain; able to maintain.

shou³-ting⁴
 shou³-yeh⁴
 shou³-yeh⁴
 shou³-yeh⁴-ch'üan³
 shou³-yü⁴

守定
 守業
 守夜
 守夜犬
 守禦

to maintain firmly.
 a look after one's patrimony.
 to watch at night.
 watch-dog; a miser
 on service for garrison duty.

SHOU⁴又 受^{992b756c}

shou⁴-ch'ü⁴
 shou⁴-chiao⁴
 shou⁴-cho²
 shou⁴-chieh⁴
 shou⁴-ch'ih¹
 shou⁴-ching¹
 shou⁴-ch'üung²
 shou⁴-ch'ü¹
 shou⁴-ch'üan¹
 shou⁴-ên¹
 shou⁴-fa²-shou⁴-ta³
 shou⁴-fêng¹-han²
 shou⁴-hai⁴
 shou⁴-hsi³
 shou⁴-hsiang³
 shou⁴-hui⁴
 shou⁴-jé⁴
 shou⁴-jên²-ch'ü¹-fu¹
 shou⁴-jên²-k'ien²-ts'ai²
 shou⁴-jên²-ch'ü¹-t'o¹
 shou⁴-jên²-ling²-ju³
 shou⁴-ju⁴
 shou⁴-k'ü³
 shou⁴-lei⁴
 shou⁴-nan⁴
 shou⁴-ping⁴
 shou⁴-pu⁴-té³
 shou⁴-shang⁴
 shou⁴-shih⁴
 shou⁴-t'ien¹-ming⁴
 shou⁴-t'ai⁴
 shou⁴-t'ing¹
 shou⁴-tson³
 shou⁴-tsui⁴
 shou⁴-tung⁴
 shou⁴-wei³-ch'ü¹

受氣
 受教
 受着
 受戒
 受吃
 受驚
 受窮
 受屈
 受穿
 受恩
 受罰 受打
 受風 寒
 受害
 受洗
 受享
 受賄
 受熱
 受人 欺 負
 受人 人 錢 財
 受人 人 之 託
 受人 人 凌 辱
 受辱
 受苦
 受累
 受難
 受病
 受不 得
 受傷
 受室
 受天 命
 受胎
 受聽
 受走
 受罪
 受凍
 受委 屈

[M. 204.]
 to receive, to accept; to contain; to endure.
 to be subject to or put up with a person's anger.
 to receive instruction (fêng⁴ chiao⁴).
 to receive, receiving.
 to fast, to do penance, as a priest.
 nice, tasty, palatable.
 to have had a fright.
 to suffer poverty.
 to suffer injustice (pei⁴ ch'ü¹).
 stands wear well (chien¹ ch'üan¹).
 to receive favor (mêng² ên¹).
 beaten and fined
 to be exposed to cold and winds.
 to suffer injury.
 to be baptized,
 to enjoy.
 to take bribes.
 to suffer heat.
 to be insulted by others.
 to receive people's money.
 to receive a commission from a person.
 to be maltreated.
 to be disgraced, to suffer disgrace.
 to suffer bitterness.
 to endure trouble; to be involved in.
 to suffer distress or difficulty (tso⁴ nan⁴).
 to suffer illness (huan⁴ ping⁴).
 unable to endure, etc.
 to receive a wound. [peror.]
 to take a wife, to marry (ch'ü³ ch'ü¹). [peror.]
 to receive the decrees of Heaven or of the Em-
 to become pregnant.
 pleasant to hear (chung¹ t'ing¹).
 takes long to travel.
 to be put in prison; to bear hunger, cold, etc.
 to freeze with cold.
 to be treated unjustly.

shou ⁴ -wei ² -hsien ³	受危險	to undergo peril.
shou ⁴ -yeh ⁴	受業	to receive instruction.
shou ⁴ -yüan ¹	受冤	to suffer injustice (shou ⁴ ch'ü ¹).
shou ⁴ -yün ⁴	受孕	to become pregnant (huai ² t'ai ¹).
shou ⁴ -yung ⁴	受用	comfortable, at ease (shu ¹ t'an ³).
shou ⁴	士 壽 993b757a	old age, great age, long life, longevity.
shou ⁴ -chin ⁴ -tsé ² -wang ²	壽盡則亡	when your longevity is done you die.
shou ⁴ -chiu ³	壽酒	a birthday entertainment,
shou ⁴ -chung ¹	壽終	died.
shou ⁴ -hsing ¹	壽星	the star of longevity.
shou ⁴ -i ¹	壽衣	grave clothes (sung ⁴ lao ⁵ i ¹).
shou ⁴ -kao ¹ .té ² -ta ⁴	壽高德大	great age (accompanies) great virtue.
shou ⁴ -li ³	壽禮	birthday presents.
shou ⁴ -mien ⁴	壽麪	vermicelli eaten on birthdays.
shou ⁴ -mu ⁴	壽木	a coffin (kuan ¹ ts'ai ²).
shou ⁴ -pan ³	壽板	coffin wood.
shou ⁴ -p ³ .nan ² -shan ¹	壽比南山	longevity like the southern mountain.
shou ⁴ -shan ¹ -shih ³	壽山石	a sort of veined marble.
shou ⁴ -shih ⁴ -liang ² -i ¹	壽世良醫	an appellation of eminent physicians.
shou ⁴ -shu ⁴	壽數	old age, age.
shou ⁴ -tan ⁴	壽誕	an old person's birthday.
shou ⁴ -t'ao ²	壽桃	cakes presented on an old person's birthday.
shou ⁴ -t'ung ² -shan ¹ -yueh ⁴	壽同山岳	longevity like the hills.
shou ⁴ -wu ⁴	壽物	birthday presents.
shou ³	首 首 992a756a	[leader. the head; chief, first, beginning; to lead; a the head of a decapitated rebel.
shou ³ -chi ²	首級	the hollyhock.
shou ³ -chiao ³ -hua ¹	首角花	the first.
shou ³ -hsien ¹	首先	the magistracy in which the Prefect resides.
shou ³ -hsien ⁴	首縣	the leading farmer in a village.
shou ³ -hu ⁴	首戶	the head of a society.
shou ³ -hui ⁴	首會	an informer.
shou ³ -kao ⁴	首告	the head.
shou ³ -ling ³	首領	first born.
shou ³ -shên ¹	首生	women's head ornaments.
shou ³ -shih ¹	首飾	committee of management.
shou ³ -shih ⁴ -jên ²	首事人	the principal and accomplices.
shou ³ -ts'ung ²	首從	the head and tail; the beginning and end.
shou ³ -wei ³	首尾	all alike from beginning to end; to arrange ranks.
shou ³ -wei ³ -hsiang ¹ -ying ¹	首尾相應	principal seat.
shou ⁴ -wei ⁴	首位	thin, lean, emaciated.
shou ⁴	瘦 993c757c	lean and fat.
shou ⁴ -fei ²	瘦肥	thin, emaciated.
shou ⁴ -hsiao ¹	瘦削	

<i>shou⁴-hsiao³</i>	瘦小	lean, emaciated, diminutive.
<i>shou⁴-i¹</i>	瘦衣	tight-fitting clothes.
<i>shou⁴-jou⁴</i>	瘦肉	lean meat.
<i>shou⁴-ma³</i>	瘦馬	a poor horse.
<i>shou⁴-sun³</i>	瘦損	emaciated.
<i>shou⁴-ti¹</i>	瘦地	barren land.
<i>shou⁴</i>	犬獸	wild beasts [of any kind, a quadruped] [shou⁴].
<i>shou⁴-hung¹-chih¹-wang²</i>	獸中之王	the tiger.
<i>shou⁴-i¹</i>	獸醫	a veterinary surgeon.
<i>shou⁴-lei⁴</i>	獸類	the class of wild animals.
<i>shou⁴-ma³</i>	獸馬	wild horses.
<i>shou⁴-pu⁴</i>	獸部	natural history.
<i>shou⁴-t'ou²</i>	獸頭	heads of animals (porcelain, etc.) or roofs.
<i>shou⁴</i>	手授	to give or deliver to.
<i>shou⁴-ming⁴</i>	授命	to transmit an ordinance.
<i>shou⁴-shou⁴</i>	授受	to give and to receive.
<i>shou⁴-tu²</i>	授讀	to give instruction.
<i>shou⁴-tu²-ti¹</i>	授讀的	an instructor, a preceptor.
<i>shou⁴</i>	口售	to sell ; to part with ; to recompense ; to respond.
<i>shou⁴-chia⁴</i>	售價	the price or value of what is sold.
<i>shou⁴-chih²</i>	售直	same.
<i>shou⁴-ch'w¹</i>	售出	to sell (mai ³ mai ¹).

SHU¹	日書	books, writings, letters ; to write.
<i>shu¹-an⁴-tzü³</i>	書案子	a study table.
<i>shu¹-cha¹</i>	書扎	a letter.
<i>shu¹-chai¹</i>	書齋	a study.
<i>shu¹-chi⁴</i>	書籍	books.
<i>shu¹-ch'i³</i>	書啟	to teach, to instruct.
<i>shu¹-ch'i³-hsien¹-shêng¹</i>	書啟先生	an official writer, a scrivener.
<i>shu¹-ch'i⁴</i>	書契	books, memoranda ; a bond.
<i>shu¹-chia⁴-tzü³</i>	書架子	book-shelves (ko ¹ pau ³).
<i>shu¹-chien³</i>	書柬	a formal letter ; composition of a letter.
<i>shu¹-ch'ien¹</i>	書簽	a label on books.
<i>shu¹-ching¹</i>	書經	Book of Records ; historical classics. W. I. 633.
<i>shu¹-fa²</i>	書法	method or manner of writing.
<i>shu¹-fung²</i>	書房	a library.
<i>shu¹-fêng¹</i>	書封	an envelope.
<i>shu¹-hsiang¹</i>	書香	redolent of books, scholastic.
<i>shu¹-hsiang¹-chih¹-chia¹</i>	書香之家	a literary family.
<i>shu¹-hsin¹</i>	書信	a note or letter.
<i>shu¹-hua⁴-ch'in²-ch'i²</i>	書畫	four polite arts.
<i>shu¹-ko²-tzü³</i>	書櫃	a book-shelf.

shu ¹ -kuan ¹	書館	a library, a reading room.
shu ¹ -kuei ⁴	書櫃	a book-case.
shu ¹ -li ⁴	書吏	clerks, copyists.
shu ¹ -ming ²	書名	the title of a book ; to write one's name.
shu ¹ -mo ⁴	書墨	book (printed or written).
shu ¹ -mu ⁴	書目	the index of a book.
shu ¹ -pan ¹	書班	clerks, copyists.
shu ¹ -pan ⁴	書辦	same
shu ¹ -p'an ⁴	書判	written official decision or sentence.
shu ¹ -pên ³	書本	books.
shu ¹ -p'i ²	書皮	the cover of a book.
shu ¹ -p'ien ¹	書篇	the leaf of a book.
shu ¹ -p'u ⁴	書舖	a book shop.
shu ¹ -shên ²	書生	a student ; I.
shu ¹ -shon ³	書手	clerks, copyists.
shu ¹ -tai ¹ -tzu ³	書趺子	students, book-worms.
shu ¹ -t'ao ⁴	書套	a case or cover for books.
shu ¹ -ti ³	書底	scholarship
shu ¹ -t'i ²	書題	a theme, a text, a subject.
shu ¹ -ts'é ¹	書冊	books generally.
shu ¹ -ts'é ¹	書策	to write in a book ; to write one's ideas, etc.
shu ¹ -t'un ²	書僮	a school-room servitor.
shu ¹ -wei ³	書尾	the end of a book or letter.
shu ¹ -yeh ⁴	書頁	the leaf of a book.
shu ¹ -yüan ⁴	書院	a college, a school. G. 491.
shu ¹	車輸	to lose, to ruin, to exhaust ; to offer ; to present to.
shu ¹ -chia ¹	輸家	a loser in gambling.
shu ¹ -ch'ien ²	輸錢	to lose money in gambling.
shu ¹ -chin ⁴	輸盡	to exhaust ; to carry ; to the utmost ; to lose all.
shu ¹ -ko ² -ching ¹ -kuang ¹	輸精光	to lose every cash in gambling.
shu ¹ -liao ³ -i ¹ -chên ⁴	輸了一陣	to have lost a battle (pai ⁴ chên ⁴).
shu ¹ -shui ⁴	輸稅	to pay duties or taxes (wan ² shui ⁴).
shu ¹ -su ²	輸粟	to transmit corn.
shu ¹ -tun ² -rh ²	輸東兒	the loser in betting.
shu ¹ -ying ²	輸贏	to lose and to win, to lose or win.
shu ¹ -yen ³ -li ⁴	輸力	to be mistaken.
shu ¹	舌舒	open, unrolled ; to open ; ease, order, comfort.
shu ¹ -chan ³	舒展	to open, to expand
shu ¹ -ch'ang ⁴	舒暢	cheerfulness.
shu ¹ -chin ¹ -ho ² -hsieh ³	舒筋和血	to keep up the tone of the system.
shu ¹ -fu ²	舒服	comfortable, in easy circumstances.
shu ¹ -hsin ¹ -ti ¹ -shih ⁴	舒心的事	a matter of good cheer.
shu ¹ -hsü ²	徐徐	in order ; slowly.

shu ¹ -hsü ⁴	舒緒	a clue (t'ou ² hsi ⁴).
shu ¹ -huai ²	舒懷	to relax; cheerfulness.
shu ¹ -huan ³	舒緩	inattentive, remiss, slow (man ¹ han ¹).
shu ¹ -mei ² -chan ³ -yen ³	舒眉展眼	a cheerful countenance.
shu ¹ -san ⁴	舒散	open; wide; scattered; at one's ease,
shu ¹ -t'an ¹ -p'ing ² -liao ³	舒攤平了	to spread out evenly.
shu ¹ -t'an ³	舒坦	comfortable.
shu ¹	木梳 ^{994c775c}	a comb; to comb.
shu ¹ -chuang ¹	梳粧	to comb and dress; toilet duties.
shu ¹ -hsi ³	梳洗	to wash and comb.
shu ¹ -hsi ³ -ta ³ -pan ⁴	梳洗打扮	to dress.
shu ¹ -nao ³ -tai ⁴	梳髻袋	to comb the head.
shu ¹ -pi ²	梳篦	a small-tooth comb; large and small-tooth combs.
shu ¹ -shu ¹ -pien ⁴ -tzu ³	梳梳辮子	to comb the queue.
shu ¹ -t'ou ² -hsi ³ -lien ³	梳頭洗臉	wash the face and comb the hair.
shu ¹	疋疏 ^{1023c775b}	coarse. See su ¹ .
shu ¹ -t'ung ¹ -pu ⁴ -k'ai ¹	疎甬不開	cannot clear out, e.g., a river,
shu ¹ -yüan ³	疎遠	distant, as relatives.
shu ¹	歹殊 ^{995c776a}	[kill]. very; to exceed; to distinguish; to wound; to very different.
shu ¹ -i ⁴	殊異	don't you know, whereas in fact.
shu ¹ -pu ⁴ -chih ¹	殊不知	a weapon; a spear; to sink.
shu ¹	戛棧 ^{997a776a}	axis, pivot, cardinal.
shu ¹	木樞 ^{1002a92a}	a pivot, axis.
shu ¹ -niu ³	樞紐	
SHU ²	具贖 ^{998c781b}	to ransom, to redeem, to reclaim, to atone for.
hu ² -ch'u ¹ -lai ²	贖出來	same.
hu ² -hsing ²	贖刑	to ransom from punishment.
hu ² -hui ²	贖回	same.
hu ² -pu ¹ -ch'i ³ -liao ³	贖不起了	cannot afford to redeem it.
hu ² -shên ¹	贖身	to redeem the body (from prostitution).
hu ² -tang ⁴	贖當	to redeem anything out of pawn (hui ² tang ⁴).
hu ² -tsui ⁴	贖罪	to pay ransom for a crime, to atone.
hu ²	又叔 ^{996a779c}	a father's younger brother, an uncle (chiu ⁴).
hu ² -chih ²	叔姪	uncle and nephew.
hu ² -fu ⁴	叔父	an uncle, a junior uncle.
hu ² -hsiung ¹ -ti ⁴	叔兄弟	cousins.
hu ² -mu ³	叔母	an uncle's wife, an aunt.
hu ² -pai ² -hsiung ¹ -ti ⁴	叔伯兄弟	older male cousin of same surname.
hu ² -suo ³ -lia ³	叔嫂倆	younger brother and wife of elder brother.
hu ² -shu ²	叔叔	a husband's younger brother, an uncle.
hu ² -ti ⁴	叔弟	a cousin, contraction of 'shu pai hsiung ti.
hu ²	水潔 ^{996b779c}	limpid, pure; virtuous; accomplished.

shu²-ch'í⁴ 淑氣
 shu²-jên² 淑人
 shu²-nü³ 淑女
 shu²-shan⁴-chün¹-tzü³ 淑善君子
 shu²-tê² 淑德
 shu² 火 熟^{997b780a}
 shu²-hsi²-shih¹-shu¹ 熟習詩書
 shu²-hsi³ 熟
 shu²-jên² 熟
 shu²-lien⁴ 熟練
 shu²-nêng²-shêng¹-ch'iao² 熟能生巧
 shu²-pu⁴-chiang³-li³ 熟不諳禮
 shu²-shih⁴ 熟
 shu²-ssü¹-shên³-ch'u⁴ 熟思審處
 shu² 子 孰^{997a780a}
 shu²-nêng²-wu²-kuo⁴ 孰能無過
 shu²-shih¹-shu⁴-fei¹ 孰是孰非
 shu² 禾 穉^{998a779a}
 shu²-chieh¹ 穉

pure air, fine weather, the clear air of spring.
 wife of a 3rd grade mandarin,
 a virtuous female; an accomplished woman,
 a pure and virtuous gentleman,
 female virtue.
 ripe; cooked; mature. See *shou*².
 versed in the Odes and History.
 proficient.
 one with whom we are well acquainted.
 proficient.
 man well up can plan well.
 familiar friends do not stand on ceremony.
 conversant with.
 ponder well, judge and punish.
 who, which, what.
 who can be without faults?
 who is right and who wrong?
 kaoliang stalks.
 millet.

SHU³ 日 暑^{999a776b}
 shu³-ch'í⁴ 暑氣
 shu³-fu² 暑伏
 shu³-jê⁴ 暑熱
 shu³-jê⁴.t'ien¹ 暑熱天
 shu³-yüeh⁴ 暑月
 shu³ 网 署^{999a778c}
 shu³-chih⁴ 署
 shu³-ch'in¹-ch'ai¹ 署置差
 shu³-jên⁴ 署任
 shu³-li³ 署理
 shu³-li⁴.ssü¹-yün² 署吏司員
 shu³-nei⁴-tung¹-ch'ai¹ 署內當差
 shu³-pan⁴ 署辦
 shu³-shih⁴ 署事
 shu³ 尸 屬 屬^{998b780c}
 shu³-hsia¹ 屬下
 shu³-hsiang⁴ 屬相
 shu³-huo³ 屬火
 shu³-k'o⁴ 屬客
 shu³-kuo² 屬國
 shu³-ma³.ti¹ 屬馬的
 shu³-pu⁴-cho²-ni³ 屬不著你

hot weather, sun heat.
 hot air.
 the hot season (fu² t'ien¹).
 hot weather.
 same.
 "hot-moon,"—the 6th moon. [month
 a public office; acting temporarily; the St
 to place in office temporarily.
 a *chargé d'affaires*, acting minister.
 a provisional appointment (shih² shou⁴).
 to administer provisionally (tai⁴ li³).
 clerks, runners, etc., of a yamên.
 to be on duty within the yamên.
 to administer provisionally (shih² jên⁴).
 same (for shorter time). [to; is
 class, relation, kindred; connected; to belong
 dependents, those under one's authority.
 the 12 Animals used with the 12 Branches
 a disease allied to fire. [Note 81
 guests, visitors.
 dependent states or countries.
 I belong to the horse. See *Note 81*.
 it is none of your business.

shu ³ -shên ² -ma ¹ -ti ¹	屬甚麼的	what do you belong to? <i>Note</i> S1.
shu ³ -shui ² -kuan ³	屬誰管	under whose jurisdiction?
shu ³ -t'a ¹ -ta ⁴	屬他大	he is the biggest (or eldest).
shu ³ -t'o ¹	屬托	to commit to one's charge.
shu ³ -wo ³	屬我	it belongs to me.
shu ³ -yin ¹	屬陰	a hidden disease.
shu ³	鼠 鼠 999b776b	rats, mice, squirrels (lao ³ shu ³).
shu ³ -k'u ¹	鼠窟	a rat-hole.
shu ³ -pei ⁴	鼠輩	a pilferer, a petty thief (p'a ² êrh ² shou ³).
shu ³ -p'i ²	鼠皮	squirrel skins.
shu ³ -ts'uan ⁴ -êrh ² -ch'ü ⁴	鼠竄而去	skulked off.
shu ³ -tu ⁴ -chi ¹ -ch'ang ²	鼠肚鷄腸	fig. paltry, narrow.
shu ³ -yen ³	鼠眼	"rat's eyes," a furtive stealthy look.
shu ³	艸 菽 996b780a	general term for pulse.
shu ³ -su ²	菽粟	pulse and grain.
shu ³	艸 薯 999b776a	a sort of yam (hung ² shu ³).
shu ³ -yü ⁴	薯芋	same.
shu ³	黍 黍 999b776c	millet.
shu ³ -chiao ³	黍角	name of a three-cornered pudding.
shu ³ -mi ³	黍米	millet.
shu ³	虫 蜀 993a780c	ancient name of Ssü-ch'üan.
shu ³ -shu ³	蜀黍	sorghum, kaoliang.
HU ⁴	木 樹 1001c777b	a tree, to erect, to plant.
hu ⁴ -ch'a ⁴	樹杈	the fork of a tree.
hu ⁴ -chang ³ -ti ¹ -wang ⁴	樹長的旺	the tree has grown luxuriantly.
hu ⁴ -chiao ¹	樹膠	gum or resin from trees.
hu ⁴ -chih ¹	樹脂	the gum of trees.
hu ⁴ -chih ¹	樹汁	the sap of trees.
hu ⁴ -chih ¹	樹枝	the branch of a tree.
hu ⁴ -chuang ¹	樹樁	a stump.
hu ⁴ -hang ³ -tzü ³	樹行子	a row of trees, orchard (kuo ³ mu ⁴ yüan ²).
hu ⁴ -lao ³ -chiao ¹ -shuo ¹	樹老焦稍	when a tree is old, the branch withers.
hu ⁴ -li ⁴	樹立	to plant; to set upright.
hu ⁴ -kên ¹ -rh ²	樹根兒	the root of a tree.
hu ⁴ -kua ⁴	樹掛	the rime on trees.
hu ⁴ -lin ² -tzü ³	樹林子	a forest.
hu ⁴ -mu ⁴	樹木	trees generally.
hu ⁴ -mu ⁴ -lin ² -lang ²	樹木林廊	groves and trees.
hu ⁴ -mu ⁴ -mao ⁴ -shêng ⁴	樹木茂盛	very luxuriant woods.
hu ⁴ -pên ³	樹本	the root of a tree.
hu ⁴ -p'i ²	樹皮	the bark of a tree.
hu ⁴ -shao ¹	樹梢	topmost twigs.

<i>shu⁴-shên¹</i>	樹身	the trunk of a tree.
<i>shu⁴-ta⁴-chao¹-fêng¹</i>	樹大招風	tall trees invite the wind.
<i>shu⁴-ta⁴-tzu⁴-chih²</i>	樹大自直	fig. a big tree is of course straight.
<i>shu⁴-t'ing¹</i>	樹槌	the bough of a tree.
<i>shu⁴-tun¹</i>	樹不	a stump, a block of wood.
<i>shu⁴-yeh⁴</i>	樹葉	leaves of a tree, foliage.
<i>shu⁴-yin¹</i>	樹陰	the shade of a tree (yin ¹ liang ² êrh ²).
<i>shu⁴</i>	豆 { 豎 ^{1001a777c}	upright, perpendicular; to establish; a eunuch same.
<i>shu⁴</i>		豎
<i>shu⁴-ch'á⁴-ch'á⁴-ti¹</i>	豎杈的	studded with branches, rugged.
<i>shu⁴-ch'í²-kan¹</i>	豎旗杆	to set up a flag-pole.
<i>shu⁴-ch'í³</i>	豎起	to put up, to erect (as a pole, etc.).
<i>shu⁴-chih²</i>	豎直	perpendicular, upright.
<i>shu⁴-chü⁴</i>	豎柱	an upright pillar.
<i>shu⁴-ju²</i>	豎儒	a mean worthless scholar.
<i>shu⁴-li⁴</i>	豎立	to erect, to establish.
<i>shu⁴-pei¹</i>	豎碑	to erect a tablet (li ⁴ pei ¹).
<i>shu⁴-ti¹</i>	豎的	upright, perpendicular (hêng ² ti ¹).
<i>shu⁴-tzü³</i>	豎子	a stupid boy; an inferior low person; a catamite
<i>shu⁴-yen³</i>	豎眼	to stare in anger or contempt.
<i>shu⁴</i>	广 庶 ^{1000c778b}	[whole
<i>shu⁴-chü²-shih⁴</i>		庶吉士
<i>shu⁴-chi²</i>	庶幾	a graduate of the Han-lin, but without office
<i>shu⁴-ch'u¹</i>	庶出	nearly, about, almost (chi ² hu ¹).
<i>shu⁴-hu¹</i>	庶乎	children by concubines.
<i>shu⁴-jên²</i>	庶人	almost, nearly, about.
<i>shu⁴-min²</i>	庶民	the common people.
<i>shu⁴-tzü³</i>	庶子	same (po ² hsing ⁴).
<i>shu⁴</i>	支 數 ^{1000a777b}	the sons of concubines, an illegitimate child.
<i>shu⁴-ch'ang⁴</i>		數唱
<i>shu³-ch'ien²</i>	數錢	to chant, recitative.
<i>shu⁴-chiu³</i>	數九	to count cash.
<i>shu⁴-chu¹</i>	數珠	winter. M. 556.
<i>shu³-hao³-liao³</i>	數好了	beads used by priests, a rosary (su ⁴ chu ¹).
<i>shu³-huang²-tao⁴-hei¹</i>	數黃道黑	all counted.
<i>shu³-i¹-shu³</i>	數一數	to go over and over with variations.
<i>shu³-jih⁴-wei⁴-chien⁴</i>	數日未見	count them.
<i>shu³-ko⁴-shu³-êrh²</i>	數個數兒	did not see for some days.
<i>shu³-kuo⁴</i>	數過	count the number.
<i>shu⁴-mu⁴</i>	數目	to lecture, to berate.
<i>shu⁴-pu⁴</i>	數簿	numerals, numbers, the number of; an account
<i>shu³-pu⁴-k'o³-t'ao²</i>	數不可逃	an account-book (chang ⁴ pu ⁴).
<i>shu³-pu⁴-kuo⁴-lai²</i>	數不過來	calamity cannot be escaped.
		cannot be counted.

shu ³ -shih ² -ko ⁴	數	十個	several tens of.
shu ³ -ts'ou ⁴	數	錯了	counted wrongly.
shu ⁴ -tz'ü ⁴	數	次	several times.
shu ⁴	木	束 ^{995b779b}	to tie up; to restrain, to coerce; a bundle. [su ² . See a sheaf of corn; to bind corn.
shu ⁴ -ho ²		束	禾
shu ⁴ -h'iu ¹		束	脩
shu ⁴ -i ²		束	儀
shu ⁴ -k'un ³		束	綑
shu ⁴ -shou ³ -wu ² -ts'ê ⁴		束	手無策
shu ⁴ -tai ⁴		束	帶
shu ⁴	走	述 ^{997c779a}	to tie on a girdle.
shu ⁴ -ch'ên ²		述	陳
shu ⁴ -êrh ² -pu ⁴ -tso ⁴		述	而
shu ⁴ -ku ³ -tz'ü ²		述	古
shu ⁴ -ming ²		述	明
shu ⁴ -ming ⁴		述	命
shu ⁴ -shuo ¹		述	說
shu ⁴	心	恕 ^{1000c778a}	to narrate, to relate, to state; to publish. [su ⁴ . See to set forth, to state to,
shu ⁴ -jung ²		恕	容
shu ⁴ -kuo ⁴		恕	過
shu ⁴ -tao ⁴		恕	道
shu ⁴ -tsui ⁴		恕	罪
shu ⁴	行	術 ^{997c778a}	to show mercy, to forgive, to excuse; indulgent.
shu ⁴ -hsiao ²		術	學
shu ⁴	戈	戍 ^{1001b777c}	to forgive, to excuse (jao ³ shu ⁴ , shê ¹ mien ³). forgive my fault! forgive me!
shu ⁴ -pien ¹		戍	邊
shu ⁴	嗽	陳 ^{995c779b}	the doctrine of reciprocity.
shu ⁴ -k'ou ³		陳	口

SHUA ¹	刀	刷 ^{1002b785a}	a brush; to brush, to scrub, cleanse; to put [away.
shua ¹ -ch'ih ³		刷	恥
shua ¹ -chou ³		刷	帚
shua ¹ -hsi ³		刷	洗
shua ¹ -hsieh ²		刷	鞋
shua ¹ -hsüeh ¹ -tzü ³		刷	靴子
shua ¹ -hui ¹		刷	灰
shua ¹ -i ¹ -shang ¹		刷	衣裳
shua ¹ -kan ¹ -ching ⁴ -liao ³		刷	乾淨了
shua ¹ -kuo ¹		刷	鍋
shua ¹ -ma ³		刷	馬
shua ¹ -p'ao ²		刷	刨
shua ¹ -pai ²		刷	白
shua ¹ -yen ² -sé ⁴		刷	顏色

to rinse the mouth; loquacity.

to rinse the mouth (sou⁴ k'ou³).

to put away disgrace.

a scrubbing brush.

to brush and wash, to scrub.

to brush shoes.

to brush boots.

to whitewash.

to brush clothes.

brushed clean.

to wash the kettle.

to groom a horse.

a curry comb.

to whitewash.

to paint.

<i>shua¹-yin⁴</i>	刷印	to print.
SHUA²	而 耍	1002c731b
<i>shua²-ch'i³-tao¹-lai²</i>	耍起刀來	to play, to trifle, to amuse; to fence; to gamble.
<i>shua²-ch'ien²</i>	耍錢	to begin playing with a sword.
<i>shua²-ch'ien²-kuei³</i>	耍錢鬼	to gamble for money (tu ³ po ²).
<i>shua²-fei³-lei⁴</i>	耍匪類	a confirmed gambler.
<i>shua²-hou²-rh²-ti¹</i>	耍猴兒的	to sow one's wild oats.
<i>shua²-hsi⁴</i>	耍戲	"to play the monkey," to play, to lark, to romp.
<i>shua²-hsiao⁴</i>	耍笑	to play, to trifle, to pass the time idly, etc.
<i>shua²-hsü¹-tzü³</i>	耍虛子	to joke, banter.
<i>shua²-kuei³</i>	耍鬼	to sow one's wild oats.
<i>shua²-lan³</i>	耍懶	a gambler.
<i>shua²-lei³-tzü³</i>	耍傀儡子	to indulge indolent habits.
<i>shua²-ma³-ch'ien²-chien⁴</i>	耍馬前箭	to work puppets (k'uei ³ lei ³).
<i>shua²-nao⁴</i>	耍鬧	to do eye-service.
<i>shua²-nung⁴-jên²</i>	耍弄人	to create a disturbance (nao ⁴ luan ⁴ tzü ³).
<i>shua²-p'an²-tzü³</i>	耍盤子	to make sport of and deceive.
<i>shua²-pang⁴</i>	耍棒	a juggler with plates.
<i>shua²-p'i²-ch'i⁴</i>	耍脾氣	to fence; surly, cantankerous, fractious.
<i>shua²-shih⁴-li⁴</i>	耍勢力	to create a disturbance.
<i>shua²-shou³-i⁴</i>	耍手藝	to make a display of influence.
<i>shua²-tao¹</i>	耍刀	to practise a craft.
<i>shua²-tsa²-wan⁴-i⁴</i>	耍襍玩藝	to fence, sword play.
<i>shua²-tsui³</i>	耍嘴	a general juggler.
<i>shua²-wan³-ti¹</i>	耍碗的	to chaff.
		a juggler with bowls.
SHUA⁴	水 涮	1004a786c
<i>shua⁴-hsi³</i>	涮洗	sound of falling rain; to rinse. See <i>shuan³</i> .
<i>shua⁴-liao³-i¹-shêng¹</i>	涮了一聲	to rinse.
<i>shua⁴-shua⁴-ta⁴-yü³</i>	涮涮大雨	the sound of falling rain.
		sound of heavy rain.
SHUAI¹	衣 衰	1002c785a
<i>shuai¹-hsiü³</i>	衰朽	to wear out, decay, decayed; weak,
<i>shuai¹-jo⁴</i>	衰弱	rotten, decayed.
<i>shuai¹-lao²</i>	衰老	weak, feeble, debilitated.
<i>shuai¹-li⁴</i>	衰力	old, worn out, decayed.
<i>shuai¹-lian⁴-chih¹-shih⁴</i>	衰亂之世	worn out strength.
<i>shuai¹-mai⁴</i>	衰邁	an age of decay and disorder.
<i>shuai¹-mu⁴</i>	衰暮	decay, decayed.
<i>shuai¹-pai⁴</i>	衰敗	old, worn out.
<i>shuai¹-shih⁴</i>	衰世	ruined, decayed, worn out.
<i>shuai¹-t'ui¹</i>	衰頹	a decayed age or world.
		decay.

shuai¹-wei¹

衰微

dwindled away, decayed.

SHUAI³

手 摔 1003b785b

to throw or dash down.

shuai³-ch'ino¹

摔 跤

to wrestle.

shuai³-hsia⁴-jên²-lai²

摔 下 人 來

(horse) throw him off.

shuai³-hsia⁴-lai²-liao³

摔 下 來 了

thrown, e. g., from a horse.

shuai³-hsia⁴-ma³-lai²

摔 下 馬 來

thrown from a horse.

shuai³-kên³-t'ou²

摔 根 頭

to fall head over heels (tsai¹ kên¹ t'ou²).shuai³-lian³-chia¹-huo³

摔 了 傢 伙

threw down the dishes and broke them.

shuai³-liao³-i¹-ti⁴

摔 了 一 地

flung to earth.

shuai³-p'ô⁴

摔 破

to dash down and break.

shuai³-pu⁴-tao⁴-wo³

摔 不 倒 我

cannot throw me down.

shuai³ shou³-chia⁴-tsou³

摔 手 就 走

flung up his hand and went off—angry.

shuai³-shuai³-ta³-ta³

摔 摔 打 打

to throw things about in a temper.

shuai³-ssü³-liao³

摔 死 了

dashed to death.

shuai³-sui⁴

摔 碎

to throw down and break in pieces.

shuai³-ta³-shuai³-ta³

摔 打 摔 打

to throw down, to fling the arms, to strut.

shuai³-tao³

摔 倒

to dash down.

shuai³-tzü²

摔 子

to lay eggs (insects); to spawn.

shuai³

用 用 ○ 785c

to fling.

SHUAI⁴

ㄗ 率 1003a786a

naturally careless; active; generally, prompt.

shuai⁴-ch'ang²

率 常

in general, generally.

shuai⁴-chên¹

率 真

to speak the truth.

shuai⁴-êrh³

率 爾

sudden, hasty.

shuai⁴-hsien¹

率 先

to go on before.

shuai⁴-hsing⁴

率 性

to follow one's own disposition.

shuai⁴-jan²

率 然

suddenly, hastily.

shuai⁴-ling³

率 領

to lead on.

shuai⁴-ping¹

率 兵

to lead troops.

shuai⁴-shih¹

率 師

to lead on an army.

shuai⁴-pu²-chiu⁴-chang

率 由 舊 章

to do according to precedent or as formerly.

shuai⁴

巾 帥 1003c785c

a leader, a general, a commander-in-chief (yüan²shuai⁴-ch'ei²

帥 旗

the flag of a commander-in-chief, [shuai⁴].shuai⁴-fu³

帥 府

a general's quarters.

shuai⁴-ling⁴

帥 令

the orders of a commander-in-chief.

shuai⁴-tzü¹-ch'ei³

帥 字 旗

the flag of a commander-in-chief.

huai⁴

虫 蟀 1013b774c

the fighting cricket.

huai⁴-hsi¹

蟀 蟋

same (ch'ü¹ ch'ü¹).SHUAN¹

手 拴 1003c786a

to tie up (k'un³ pang³).huan¹-ch'ei¹

拴 車

to keep a cart or a carriage.

huan¹-chu⁴

拴 住

tied up.

shuan¹-k'ou² 拴捆
 shuan¹-liao³-tao⁴-êrh² 拴了套兒
 shuan¹-ma³-chuan¹ 拴馬樁
 shuan¹-pu¹-chu⁴-hsin¹ 拴不住心
 shuan¹-shang⁴ 拴上
 shuan¹-shên¹-k'ou³ 拴牲口
 shuan¹-shên²-tzü³ 拴繩子
 shuan¹-wa²-wa² 拴娃娃
 shuan¹ 水 涮 1004a786c
 shuan¹-kan¹-ching⁴ 涮乾淨
 shuan¹ 門 櫃 震 門 1004a786b

SHUANG¹ 佳双 雙 1004b787b
 shuang¹-ch'in¹ [sun⁴] 雙親
 shuang¹-ch'ü³-shuang¹ 雙娶雙送
 shuang¹-ch'üan² 雙全
 shuang¹-ch'ui¹-shuang¹-ta³ 雙吹雙打
 shuang¹-fu¹-yen²-r¹h² 雙扶浴兒
 shuang¹-hsi³ 雙喜
 shuang¹-hsi³-lin²-mên² 雙喜臨門
 shuang¹-hsing⁴ 雙姓
 shuang¹-kuai³ 雙拐
 shuang¹-kuan¹ 雙關
 shuang¹-lu⁴ 雙陸
 shuang¹-ming² 雙名
 shuang¹-pang⁴-tzü³ 雙棒子
 shuang¹-pao¹ 雙胞
 shuang¹-pao⁴ 雙抱
 shuang¹-shên¹ [tzü³] 雙生
 shuang¹-shên¹-kuei⁴ 雙生貴子
 shuang¹-shih¹-mu⁴ 雙失目
 shuang¹-shou³ 雙手
 shuang¹-shu⁴ 雙數
 shuang¹-t'ai¹ 雙胎
 shuang¹-tao¹ 雙刀
 shuang¹-ts'êng² 雙層
 shuang¹-ts'êng²-hua¹ 雙層花
 shuang¹-yen³-hua¹-ling² 雙眼花翎
 shuang¹-yen³-ching⁴ 雙眼鏡
 shuang¹-yüeh⁴-tan¹-yüeh⁴ 雙月單月
 shuang¹ 雨 霜 1005a787a
 shuang¹-chiang⁴ 霜降
 shuang¹-êrh² 霜兒

to tie, to bind (tightly).
 to tie a loop.
 a post for fastening horses to.
 his mind is not fixed.
 to tie up.
 to tie up animals.
 string for tying up.
 to tie a clay-baby in temple, in hope of a child.
 to rinse. See *shua*⁴.
 to rinse clean.
 the beam used to bar doors.

a pair, a brace; to double.
 parents (ch'in¹ fu⁴ mu³).
 escort of two at weddings.
 in possession of everything desirable; all.
 a pair of musicians needed.
 runners on either side of shafts of cart.
 two auspicious events (of any sort).
 may double joys descend upon you.
 double surname.
 a crutch on both sides.
 a double meaning.
 double sixes; dice.
 double name.
 "pair of drumsticks," twins.
 to bear twins.
 twins.
 same.
 two twins destined to high office.
 blind of both eyes (tan¹ yeu³ hsia²).
 both hands.
 an even number (tan¹ shu⁴).
 to bear twins.
 a pair of swords (used by one person).
 double.
 a double-blossomed flower.
 double-eyed peacock.
 opera or field glasses (Binocle).
 even and odd months.
 frost, cold, grave; a crystallization.
 "frost's descent," a term. See *Note 21*.
 bloom (as on fruit).

<i>shuang¹-hsüeh³</i>	霜雪	frost and snow.
<i>shuang¹-lu⁴</i>	霜露	frost and dew, hoar frost.
<i>shuang¹</i>	女孀	a widow, widowed (<i>kua³ fu⁴</i>).
<i>shuang¹-chü¹</i>	孀居	to live alone (as a widow).
<i>shuang¹-fu⁴</i>	孀婦	a widow.
<i>shuang¹</i>	石礮	arsenic (<i>hsin⁴ shih² p'í¹</i>).
SHUANG³	爽	lively, cheerful, to please; to miss.
<i>shuang³-cho²-tien²-rh²</i>	爽着點兒	quicker! be quick! look sharp!
<i>shuan³-hsin⁴</i>	爽心	grateful to the heart.
<i>shuang³-hsin⁴</i>	爽信	to fail in one's promise (<i>shih¹ hsin⁴</i>). [ful.
<i>shuang³-k'uai⁴</i>	爽快	brisk, frank, hearty, cheerful, pleasant, delight-
<i>shuang³-li⁴</i>	爽利	same.
<i>shuang³-shên²</i>	爽神	in good health, hearty.
<i>shuang³-shih¹</i>	爽失	to lose, to miss.
<i>shuang³-shuang³-jan²</i>	爽爽然然	with ease, promptly.
<i>shuang³-shuang³-ti¹</i>	爽爽的	brisk, lively.
<i>shuang³-tang¹</i>	爽當	prompt, quick.
SHUI²	誰	who? whose? what? M. 80.
<i>shui²-chia¹</i>	誰家	of what family? whose?
<i>shui²-ch'iao¹-mên²</i>	誰敲門	who knocks at the door?
<i>shui²-chih¹</i>	誰知	to my surprise. M. 484.
<i>shui²-jên²</i>	誰人	what person? who?
<i>shui²-kên¹-cho²-ni³</i>	誰跟着你	who is with you?
<i>shui²-k'ên³</i>	誰肯	they are all unwilling.
<i>shui²-lai²-liao³</i>	誰來了	who has come?
<i>shui²-liao²</i>	誰料	to my surprise. M. 484.
<i>shui²-mên²</i>	誰們	who? plural.
<i>shui²-nêng²-kou⁴</i>	誰能	who is able to? who can?
<i>shui²-nêng²-mu²-kuo⁴</i>	誰能沒過	who can be faultless?
<i>shui²-nêng²-yung⁴-shui²</i>	誰能用誰	any one may use any one else.
<i>shui²-pu⁴-chih¹</i>	誰不知	who doesn't know that...?
<i>shui²-pu⁴-hui⁴-tso⁴</i>	誰不會做	who cannot do it? any one can do it.
<i>shui²-pu⁴-yüan⁴-i⁴</i>	誰不願意	they all are unwilling.
<i>shui²-shih⁴-shui²-fei¹</i>	誰是誰非	who is right and who is wrong?
<i>shui²-ti¹</i>	誰的	whose? with negative—no one's.
<i>shui²-ti¹-pu⁴-shih⁴</i>	誰的不是	whose fault is it?
<i>shui²-tsai⁴-wai⁴-t'ou²</i>	誰在外頭	who is outside?
<i>shui²-yek³-pu⁴-hsing²</i>	誰也不行	no one would do.
HUI³	水	water.
<i>hui³-chan⁴</i>	水戰	a sea fight.

shui ³ -chang ² -ch'uan ² -kao ¹	水長船高	the boat rises with the water (figurative), flooding of rivers.
shui ³ -chang ² -ho ² -fa ¹	水長河發	to flow in ; flood tldc.
shui ³ -chang ⁴	水漲	a water-wheel (for irrigation).
shui ³ -ch'é ¹	水車	"water-fowl," teal.
shui ³ -chi ¹	水鷄	glue (cr. shui ⁴ chiao ⁴ =sleep).
shui ³ -chiao ¹	水膠	fare by water.
shui ³ -chiao ³	水脚	trackers, towers (of boats).
shui ³ -chiao ³ -i ⁴	水脚役	a water siphon.
shui ³ -chih ²	水卮	a pond, a tank.
shui ³ -ch'ih ²	水池	(fig.) bankrupt.
shui ³ -chin ⁴ -o ² -fei ¹	水盡鵝飛	fig. utter extremity.
shui ³ -chin ⁴ -shan ¹ -ch'iu ²	水盡山窮	(fig.) supplies failing, he runs away.
shui ³ -chin ⁴ -yü ² -fei ¹	水盡魚飛	crystal.
shui ³ -ching ¹	水晶	same.
shui ³ -ching ¹ -shih ²	水晶石	valuable crystal mouth-piece.
shui ³ -ching ¹ -shih ² -tsui ³	水晶石嘴	a crystal button.
shui ³ -ching ¹ -ting ² -tai ¹	水晶頂戴	crystal spectacles.
shui ³ -ching ¹ -yen ³ -ching ⁴	水晶眼鏡	fig. cannot conceal.
shui ³ -ch'ing ¹ -wu ² -yü ²	水清無魚	a naval officer.
shui ³ -chiün ¹ -kuan ¹	水軍官	the moon (reflected) in the water.
shui ³ -chung ¹ -yüeh ⁴	水中月	the dropsy.
shui ³ -chung ³	水腫	a water-carrier.
shui ¹ -fu ¹	水夫	dried up (of rivers, etc.).
shui ³ -hao ⁴	水涸	ripples.
shui ³ -hên ²	水痕	diarrhœa, looseness.
shui ³ -hsieh ⁴	水瀉	"water fairy flower," the narcissus.
shui ³ -hsien ¹ -hua ¹	水仙花	a kiosque in the middle of the water.
shui ³ -hsin ¹ -t'ing ²	水心亭	Mercury.
shui ³ -hsing ¹	水星	unstable, capricious disposition.
shui ³ -hsing ⁴	水性	a kettle.
shui ³ -hu ²	水壺	light red (fên ³ hung ³).
shui ³ -hung ²	水紅	water and fire.
shui ³ -huo ³	水火	fire and water don't agree.
shui ³ -huo ³ -wu ² -ch'ing ²	水火無情	a water vat.
shui ³ -kang ¹	水缸	a water-hole, a pond.
shui ³ -k'êng ¹	水坑	cool pavilions, etc.
shui ³ -ko ² -liang ² -t'ing ²	水閣涼亭	a canal, a gutter.
shui ³ -kou ¹	水溝	dropsy in abdomen.
shui ³ -ku ³	水鼓	a water-sprite.
shui ³ -kuai ⁴	水怪	water-pitcher.
shui ³ -kuan ⁴	水罐	bubbling or boiling of water (k'ai ¹).
shui ³ -kun ³	水滾	fresh fruits (hsien ¹ ku ³).
shui ³ -kuo ³	水菓	

shui ³ -la ¹ -la ¹ -ti ¹	水拉拉的	sopping wet.
shui ³ -lao ⁴ ch'u ¹ -shih ³	水落出石	the water falls and reveals the stones (figurative).
shui ³ -li ³	水禮	presents of food, as opposed to money (kan ¹ li ³).
shui ³ -liu ² -ch'u ¹	水流出	to ebb or flow out.
shui ³ -lu ⁴ -p'ing ² -an ¹	水陸平安	I wish you a pleasant journey.
shui ³ -lu ⁴	水路	[water. canals and rivers; a journey by water; road by a pump, a fire-engine (han ⁴ lu ⁴).
shui ³ -lung ³	水龍	when the water is full then it overflows.
shui ³ -man ³ -tsei ² -i ⁴	水滿則溢	a corpse floating on the water.
shui ³ -mien -fou ³ -shih ¹	水面浮屍	divers.
shui ³ -mo ¹ -tzü ³	水摸子	a water-mill.
shui ³ -mo ⁴	水磨	froth, foam.
shui ³ -mo ⁴ -tzü ³	水沫子	blubberfish, sea-blubber.
shui ³ -mu ³	水母	both plasterer and carpenter.
shui ³ -mu ⁴ -liang ³ -tso ¹	水木兩作	a water buffalo; snails.
shui ³ -nü ²	水牛	mutual help.
shui ³ -pang ¹ -yü ³	水邦魚	a bubble; a sponge; the chicken pox.
shui ³ -p'ao ⁴	水泡	a water vessel.
shui ³ -p'ên ²	水盆	pen which needs water (han ⁴ pi ³).
shui ³ -pi ³	水筆	a calabash for ladling water.
shui ³ -p'iao ²	水瓢	a water bottle.
shui ³ -p'ing ²	水瓶	a water-level.
shui ³ -p'ing ² -ch'ih ³	水平尺	the ripple or waves on water.
shui ³ -po ¹	水波	waves.
shui ³ -po ¹ -lang ⁴	水波浪	a good complexion.
shui ³ -sê ⁴ -hao ³	水色好	a bucket (mu ⁴ t'ung ³).
shui ³ -shao ¹	水筲	men-of-war's men.
shui ³ -shih ¹	水師	a naval officer.
shui ³ -shih ¹ -kuan ¹	水師官	damp, wet, moist.
shui ³ -shih ¹	水濕	sailors, seamen.
shui ³ -shou ³	水手	the otter.
shui ³ -t'a ³	水獺	green lichen on water.
shui ³ -t'ai ¹	水苔	a cataract of water.
shui ³ -t'an ²	水潭	a pond, a tank.
shui ³ -t'ang ²	水塘	a way by water.
shui ³ -tao ⁴	水道	a vain attempt (fig.).
shui ³ -ti ³ -lao ² -yüeh ⁴	水底撈月	liquid indigo.
shui ³ -tien ⁴	水靛	water calamities (such as floods, etc.).
shui ³ -tsai ¹	水災	water plants (edible).
shui ³ -ts'ai ⁴	水菜	water plants.
shui ³ -ts'ao ³	水草	"water thieves," pirates.
shui ³ -ts'ei ²	水賊	"water and earth," climate.
shui ³ -t'u ³	水土	climate don't agree with.
shui ³ -t'u ³ -pu ⁴ -fu ²	水土不服	

<i>shui³-t'ui⁴</i>	水退	low water.
<i>shui³-t'ung³</i>	水桶	a water cask ; buckets.
<i>shui³-wan¹</i>	水灣	a bay.
<i>shui³-wang¹-wang¹-ti²</i>	水汪汪的	very bright.
<i>shui³-wên²</i>	水紋	water marks in crystal.
<i>shui³-yin²</i>	水銀	quicksilver.
<i>shui³-yen¹</i>	水烟	the tobacco smoked in water pipes.
<i>shui³-yen¹-tai⁴</i>	水烟袋	the water pipe.
<i>shui³-yii⁴</i>	水玉	crystal.
<i>shui³-yüan²</i>	水源	a spring, a fountain (ch'üan ² yüan ²).

SHUI⁴	禾 稅	1006c782c	revenue, taxes, duties,
<i>shui⁴-ch'ei⁴</i>	稅契		to have a deed registered.
<i>shui⁴-ch'ien²</i>	稅錢		revenue, duties.
<i>shui⁴-chü²-tzü³</i>	稅局子		a revenue office.
<i>shui⁴-hsiang³</i>	稅餉		duties, revenue.
<i>shui⁴-kuan¹</i>	稅關		Custom House.
<i>shui⁴-kuan³</i>	稅館		a Customs' office.
<i>shui⁴-li⁴</i>	稅吏		an officer of the Customs.
<i>shui⁴-tan¹</i>	稅單		a "duty memo."
<i>shui⁴-tsê²</i>	稅則		tariff.
<i>shui⁴-wu⁴</i>	稅務		revenue or Customs' affairs.
<i>shui⁴-wu⁴-ssü¹</i>	稅務司		a Commissioner of Customs.
<i>shui⁴-yin²</i>	稅銀		revenue, duties.
<i>shui⁴</i>	目 睡	1007a782b	to sleep.
<i>shui⁴-chao²-liao³</i>	睡着了		asleep.
<i>shui⁴-chiao⁴</i>	睡覺		to sleep (cr. shui ³ chiao ¹ =shue).
<i>shui⁴-chiao³-t'ai⁴-ssü³</i>	睡覺太死		sleeps too heavily.
<i>shui⁴-hsiang¹-t'ien²</i>	睡香甜		sweet sleep.
<i>shui⁴-hsing³</i>	睡醒		asleep or awake ; to wake up.
<i>shui⁴-i¹-shui⁴</i>	睡一睡		to have a sleep (ta ³ tun ³).
<i>shui⁴-shang³-chiao³</i>	睡晌覺		to take a noon siesta.
<i>shui⁴-k'ang⁴</i>	睡炕		to sleep on a k'ang.
<i>shui⁴-liao³</i>	睡了		slept.
<i>shui⁴-mêng⁴</i>	睡夢		to dream ; a dream.
<i>shui⁴-pu⁴-chao²</i>	睡不着		unable to sleep.
<i>shui⁴-pu⁴-cho²-chiao⁴</i>	睡不着覺		cannot sleep.
<i>shui⁴-pu⁴-ho²-yen³</i>	睡不合眼		same.
<i>shui⁴-pu⁴-ning²</i>	睡不寧		cannot rest easily.
<i>shui⁴-shu²-liao³</i>	睡熟了		slept soundly (ch'ên ² shui ⁴).
<i>shui⁴-ssü¹-mêng⁴-hsiang³</i>	睡思夢想		thinking of it awake and asleep.
<i>shui⁴-tsao³-chiao⁴</i>	睡早覺		to go to bed early.
<i>shui⁴</i>	玉 瑞	589b782b	a jade tablet (also jui).

- shui⁴-kuo⁴ 瑞國 Sweden (or 稅資).
 shui⁴-tien²-kuo² 瑞典國 Sweden.
- SHUN²** 糸 純 1008b783b silk thread; pure; ripe. See *ch'un²*.
 shun²-hou⁴ 純厚 liberal, generous.
 shun²-hsiao⁴ 純孝 truly filial.
 shun²-i¹ 純一 pure; sincere.
 shun²-i¹-pu⁴-êrh⁴ 純一不二 unmixed, no two sorts, unadulterated.
 shun²-li⁴ 純麗 beautiful.
 shun²-pai² 純白 pure and white.
 shun²-su⁴ 純素 same.
 shun²-sui⁴ 純粹 pure, good, beautiful; unmixed, of the same sort.
 shun²-ta⁴ 純大 great.
 shun² 酉醜 醇 1007b783b wine, cordials; respectful, attentive. See *ch'un²*.
 shun²-chin³ 醇謹 careful, attentive.
 shun²-chiu³ 醇酒 cordials, wine.
- SHUN⁴** 頁 順 1007c784a obedient; accompanying; to obey; to suit.
 shun⁴-chien¹ 順姦 criminal connection with consent.
 shun⁴-chih¹-huang²-shung¹ 順治皇上 to harmonize with one's feelings.
 shun⁴-fêng¹ 順情 first Emperor of present dynasty (1644-1662).
 shun⁴-ch'ing²-shun⁴-li³ 順情 順理 proper, reasonable.
 shun⁴-fêng¹ 順風 a fair wind.
 shun⁴-fêng¹-ch'i² 順風旗 a flag for fair wind.
 shun⁴-fêng¹-êrh³ [sung⁴] 順風耳 fond of listening to tittle-tattle.
 shun⁴-fêng¹-hsiang¹- 順風相送 may favouring breezes accompany you. Note 82.
 shun⁴-fêng¹-ta³-c'hi² 順風打旗 trim your sails according to breeze (figurative).
 shun⁴-hsin¹ 順心 to agree with one's wishes.
 shun⁴-k'ou³-shuo¹ 順口說 to speak glibly.
 shun⁴-li⁴ 順利 to prosper, prosperous.
 shun⁴-liu² 順流 to flow with the tide; harmonizing with.
 shun⁴-lu⁴ 順路 to follow a road.
 shun⁴-mao²-lü² 順毛驢 (fig.) nice if you suit him.
 shun⁴-pien⁴ 順便 a favourable opportunity, convenient, opportune.
 shun⁴-shih⁴ 順適 right, proper, as rule requires.
 shun⁴-shui³ 順水 with the stream.
 shun⁴-shui³-liu² 順水流 to go with the stream.
 shun⁴-shu²-t'ui¹-chou¹ 順水推舟 to go with the crowd (fig.).
 shun⁴-ssü⁴-shun⁴-liu³ 順絲 順絡 very suitable.
 shun⁴-tang¹ 順當 right, proper, smoothly going.
 shun⁴-tao¹ 順刀 a two-edged sword.
 shun⁴-t'ien¹-cho²-ch'ang¹ 順天者昌 those who follow heaven prosper.
 shun⁴-t'ien¹-fu³ 順天府 Prefecture in which Peking is.

shun⁴-ts'ung² 順從
 shun⁴ 目 瞬 1009a784c
 shun⁴-hsi¹²-chih¹-chien⁴ 瞬息之間
 shun⁴ 舜 舜 1008c784b
 shun⁴-mu⁴-ch'ung²-t'ung² 舜目重瞳
 shun⁴-wei²-chih⁴-hsiao⁴ 舜爲至孝

to agree, to comply, to obey.
 to wink, glance.

in the twinkling of an eye.

name of an Emperor. R. 183 (2255-2205 B C.).

Shun had double pupils.

Shun was the acme of filial piety.

SHUO¹ 言 說 1009b788a
 shuo¹-ch'ang²-tao⁴-tuan³ 說長道短
 shuo¹-ch'i³-lai² 說起來
 shuo¹-chih¹ 說知
 shuo¹-ch'ing² 說情
 shuo¹-cho²-wan⁴ 說着玩
 shuo¹-ch'u¹-lai² 說出來
 shuo¹-feng¹-hu⁴ 說瘋話
 shuo¹-hao³ 說好
 shuo¹-huan⁴-shu¹ 說漢書
 shuo¹-ho² 說合
 shuo¹-hsi²-fu⁴ 說媳婦話
 shuo¹-hsia¹-hua⁴ 說瞎話
 shuo¹-hsiang¹-sheng¹ 說相聲
 shuo¹-hsiao⁴ 說笑
 shuo¹-hua⁴ 說話
 shuo¹-hua⁴-tiao⁴-ti³ 說話掉底
 shuo¹-huang³-hua⁴ 說謊話
 shuo¹-i¹-pu⁴-êrh⁴ 說一不二
 shuo¹-k'ai¹ 說開
 shuo¹-lai²-shuo¹-ch'ü⁴ 說來說去
 shuo¹-mei² 說媒
 shuo¹-mêng⁴-hua⁴ 說夢話
 shuo¹-ming² pai² 說明白了
 shuo¹-pai²-liao³ 說白了
 shuo¹-p'o⁴ 說破
 shuo¹-p'o⁴-liao³-tsui³ 說破了嘴
 shuo¹-pu⁴-chin⁴ 說不盡
 shuo¹-pu⁴-ch'ing¹ 說不清
 shuo¹-pu⁴-ch'u¹ 說不出
 shuo¹-pu⁴-hao³ 說不好
 shuo¹-pu⁴-kuo⁴-t'a¹ 說不過他
 shuo¹-pu⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴ 說不過去
 shuo¹-pu⁴-lai² 說不來
 shuo¹-pu⁴-liao³ 說不了
 shuo¹-pu⁴-shang⁴-lai² 說不上來

to speak, to converse; to scold.

to criticize failings, gossip.

to speak of, to mention.

to inform, to acquaint one.

to solicit kindness, to intercede,
 joking.

to describe.

to talk like a lunatic.

to come to an agreement.

to be a professional story-teller.

to arrange, to mediate.

to negotiate for a wife (mei² jên³).

to tell lies (ch'i³ huang³).

wits, minics.

to talk and laugh.

to speak.

inconsistency.

to tell lies.

stick to what we say.

to enlarge on, to settle by exhortation,
 circumlocution.

to act as go between for marriage.

to talk in one's sleep.

spoken clearly, e. g., a bargain.

to mispronounce.

to speak out, to tell all.

talked till he cracked his lips.

can't exhaust by speaking.

unable to explain clearly.

can't say out.

cannot succeed in making bargain.

cannot get the better of in talk.

can't be said (in argument).

unable to explain or speak out.

not finished speaking; unable to explain.

can't say.

shuo ¹ -pu ⁴ -tê ²	說不得	not to be mentioned—as improper.	
shuo ¹ -shên ² -ma ¹	說甚麼	what do you say ?	
shuo ¹ -shih ⁴ -jên ²	說事人	middleman (chung ¹ jên ²).	
shuo ¹ -shu ¹ -ti ¹	說書的	reciters of tales, etc.	
shuo ¹ -shu ¹ -ti ¹ -tsui ³	說書的嘴	in a story teller lips count.	
shuo ¹ -shui ² -ni ⁴	說誰呢	whom are you speaking of ?	
shuo ¹ -shuo ¹ -hsiao ⁴ -hsiao ¹	說說笑笑	chatting and laughing.	
shuo ¹ -t'a ¹	說他	speak to him, scold him (ma ⁴ t'a ¹).	
shuo ¹ -t'a ¹ -i ¹ -tun ⁴	說他一頓	give him a scolding.	
shuo ¹ -tao ⁴	說道	he said ; to say ; it is said ; said.	
shuo ¹ -tao ⁴	說到底	to speak of.	
shuo ¹ -tao ⁴ -ti ³	說到底	told to the end or bottom.	
shuo ¹ -tê ²	說得	said ; to say.	
shuo ¹ -tê ² -hao ³	說得好	you say well ; it is rightly said.	
shuo ¹ -tê ² -yu ³ -ti ³	說得有理	there is reason in what you say, you speak sense. [sible.	
shuo ¹ -t'ieh ¹ -êrh ²	說帖兒	an unsealed memo.	
shuo ¹ -t'ou ¹ -liao ³	說透了	thoroughly explained.	
shuo ¹ -ts'o ⁴ -liao ³	說錯了	I spoke in a mistake.	
shuo ¹ -ts'on ² -chin ¹ -tsou ³	說走就走	can go at once.	
shuo ¹ -tsui ³	說嘴	to boast, boastful ; eloquent.	
shuo ¹ -tsui ³ -ta ³ -tsui ³	說嘴打嘴	to go back on one's words.	
shuo ¹ -wan ²	說完	to finish speaking.	
shuo ¹ -wên ²	說文	a famous Dictionary of Antiquity. [See so ⁴ .	
huo ¹	朔	1011a773b 1st day of each moon ; to begin, to commence.	
huo ¹ -jih ⁴	朔日	the 1st day of the new moon (ch'u ¹ i ¹).	
huo ¹ -wang ⁴	朔望	1st and 15th of each moon.	
huo ¹ -yüeh ⁴	朔月	the 10th month.	
o ¹	口	唆	1012b815a to make mischief.
o ¹ -hung ³		唆哄	to seduce by false representations.
o ¹ -shih ⁴		唆事	to incite a quarrel.
o ¹ -sung ⁴		唆訟	[chief. to cause to accuse ; to sow discord, to make mischief.
o ¹ -t'iao ¹		唆挑	to make mischief, to sow discord (t'iao ¹ so ¹).
o ¹ -tsung ⁴		唆聳	to instigate to by false representations.
o ¹	糸	縮	1011c780b to collapse, to contract, to pucker up, to shrink.
o ¹ -hsiao ³		縮小	to contract.
o ¹ -po ² -ku ³		縮脖子	the collarbone (p'i ² pa ¹ ku ³).
o ¹ -po ² -tzü ³		縮脖子	a contracted neck, short-necked.
o ¹ -t'ou ² -so ¹ -nao ³		縮頭縮腦	a contracted neck ; unwilling to do, to back out.
o ¹ -tuan ³		縮短	contracted.
o ¹ (tzü)	木	梭	1012c814c a weaver's shuttle.
o ¹ -pu ⁴		梭布	narrow cotton fabric, nankeen.
o ¹ -yü ²		梭魚	shuttle-fish.

- so¹ 艸 蓑 1012c814a rain-coat.
 so¹-i¹ 蓑衣 1011c774a grass rain-clothes.
 so¹ 手 擦 1011c774a to feel with the hand; to infer; to draw slowly
 so¹ 手 搥 1012a814a to pat, to stroke, to rub.
 so¹ 抄 same.
- SO² 支 數 1000a777a troublesome. See *shu*⁴.
- SO³ 糸 纒 縲 索 1011b815a to drag; to extort; to bind; a string; a law
 so³-chieh² 索結 connected.
 so³-hsing⁴ 索性 might as well, let us just.
 so³-lien² 索連 connected.
 so³-t'ao³ 索討 to demand, to extort.
 so³-tzū³ 索子 string.
 so¹-yao¹-chang⁴-mu⁴ 索要賬目 to demand payment of accounts.
 so³ 玉 瑣 1012c815c small, minute, trifles, small things; broken stones
 so³-so³ 瑣瑣 broken up into small particles, low, mean.
 so³-shih⁴ 瑣瑣事 minute, petty, trifling affairs. [pieces
 so³-sui⁴ 瑣碎 importunate, troublesome; beaten into small
 so³ 金 鎖 1013a815b a lock; to lock; to fetter; rings; a chain.
 so³-ch'i³-lai² 鎖起來 to lock.
 so³-hsü¹ 鎖鬚 bolt of door.
 so³-huang² 鎖簧 wards of a lock.
 so³-i¹-pa⁴ 鎖一把 one lock.
 so³-lien⁴ 鎖鍊 fetters, chains. [chan³]
 so³-mei²-t'ou² 鎖眉頭 to knit the brows, to frown (ch'ou² mei² pu²)
 so³-mên² 鎖門 to lock a door.
 so³-na² 鎖拿 to capture and fetter.
 so³-pang³ 鎖綁 to bind fetter (note Chinese order).
 so³-pang³ 鎖榜 lowest on list.
 so³-shang¹ 鎖上 to lock.
 so³-shang⁴-liao³ 鎖上了 locked.
 so³-shang⁴-mên² 鎖上了門 lock the door! to lock a door.
 so³-t'ou² 鎖頭 a lock.
 so³-tzü³-chia³ 鎖子甲 chain armour.
 so³-ya¹ 鎖押 to fetter and imprison. [109.
 so³ 戶 所 1013c817b a place; a cause; a means; relative pronoun. M.
 so³-chien⁴-so³-wên⁴ 所見所聞 what is seen and heard.
 so³-i³ 所以 therefore, on that account. M. 201.
 so³-i³-jan² 所以然 the cause by which, a cause (yüan² ku⁴).
 so³-ju⁴ 所入 income, that which comes in (chin⁴ hsiang⁴).
 so³-niên⁴-kuo⁴-ti¹ 所念過的 what was read.
 so³-shuo¹-ti¹-hua⁴ 所說的話 what was said.

so ³ -ssü ¹ -ho ² -shih ⁴	所司何事	what do you manage?	
so ³ -ssü ¹ -so ³ -hsiang ³	所思所想	all his thoughts.	
so ³ -tsai ¹	所在	a cause; a place; wherever (ch'u ⁴ so ³).	
so ³ -tso ⁴ -so ³ -wei ²	所作所爲	all his acts and conduct.	
so ³ -ts ung ²	所從	derivation, source.	
so ³ -wang ¹ -ho ² -ch'u ⁴	所往何處	where are you going?	
so ³ wang ⁴ -ho ² -fang ¹	所往何方	same.	
so ³ wei ⁴	所爲	on account of this, because of that, etc.	
so ³ -yen ² -so ³ -hsing ²	所言所行	words and deeds	
so ² -yu ³	所有	wherever there is, are, etc. <i>all every.</i>	
SO ⁴	水 溯	溯 1027b817b	to look back; a river; flowing; to think.
so ⁴	月 朔	朔 1011a773b	to begin; first day of the moon. See <i>shuo</i> ⁴ .
so ⁴ -fang ¹	朔方	朔方	the northern region.
so ⁴ -feng ¹	朔風	朔風	the north wind.
so ⁴ -feng ¹ -lin ³ -lin ³	朔風凜凜	朔風凜凜	intensely cold, bitter cold wind.
so ⁴ -jih ⁴	朔日	朔日	the first day of the moon
so ⁴ -tan ⁴	朔旦	朔旦	early on the first day of the moon.
so ⁴ -wang ⁴	朔望	朔望	the 1st and 15th of the Chinese moon.
so ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	朔月	朔月	the 10th month.
SOU ¹	手 搜	搜 1014c755a	to search, as the person, etc., to shake.
sou ¹ -ch'u ³	搜查	搜查	to search (as the person, etc.).
sou ¹ -chien ³	搜檢	搜檢	same.
sou ¹ -chieu ³ -ta ⁴ -ch'ên ²	搜檢大臣	搜檢大臣	the searchers of candidates in Peking.
sou ¹ -ch'iu ²	搜求	搜求	to investigate thoroughly.
sou ¹ -ch'u ¹	搜出	搜出	to search out, to discover.
sou ¹ -ch'u ¹ -lai ²	搜出來	搜出來	to have discovered.
sou ¹ -hsün ²	搜尋	搜尋	to search, to seek.
sou ¹ -huo ⁴	搜獲	搜獲	to arrest and search.
sou ¹ -i ¹ -sou ¹	搜一搜	搜一搜	to search—as police do.
sou ¹ -kên ¹ -êrh ²	搜根兒	搜根兒	to investigate the root.
sou ¹ -lo ²	搜羅	搜羅	to make researches, to forage for meals.
sou ¹ -na ²	搜拏	搜拏	to search for and seize (as robbers, etc.).
sou ¹ -pien ⁴ -liao ³	搜徧了	搜徧了	searched everywhere.
sou ¹ -pu ³	搜捕	搜捕	to search and arrest.
sou ¹ -so ¹	搜索	搜索	to search.
sou ¹	食 餽	餽 1015b755b	spoiled, tainted (as provisions).
ou ¹ -ch'ou ⁴ -nan ² -wên ²	餽臭難聞	餽臭難聞	bad smell of tainted food.
ou ¹ -fan ⁴	餽飯	餽飯	spoiled rice (through being kept too long, etc.).
ou ¹	風 颼	颼 1015a755b	sound of the wind.
ou ¹ -kan ¹ -liao ³	颼乾了	颼乾了	the cold wind has dried up the water.
ou ¹ -sou ¹ -ti ¹ -feng ¹	颼颼的風	颼颼的風	sound of the wind.

SOU ³ sou ³	又 叟 叟 手 攪	叟 ^{1014c729a} 攪 ^{1015b729b}	an old person ; term of respect ; venerable ; sir. to shake ; to agitate in order to throw off (tou ³ [sou ³]).
SOU ⁴ sou ^{4-k'ou³}	口 漱	嗽 ^{1015c729c} 嗽口	to cough, to cleanse the mouth (k'o ² sou ⁴). to gargle, to rinse the mouth (shu ⁴ k'ou ³).
SSŪ ¹ ssŭ ^{1-chai²} ssŭ ^{1-chai⁴} ssŭ ^{1-chi³-tŭ¹-hsin¹} ssŭ ^{1-ch'ien²} ssŭ ^{1-ch'ing²} ssŭ ^{1-chiu³} ssŭ ^{1-fang²} ssŭ ^{1-fang³} ssŭ ^{1-hai²-tzu³} ssŭ ^{1-ho²} ssŭ ^{1-ho²-jên²-ming⁴} ssŭ ^{1-ho²-kuan¹-shih⁴} ssŭ ^{1-hsia⁴} ssŭ ^{1-hsin¹} ssŭ ^{1-hua⁴} ssŭ ^{1-huo⁴} ssŭ ^{1-i⁴} ssŭ ^{1-k'o¹-ping¹-hsiang³} ssŭ ^{1-lu²} ssŭ ^{1-mai⁴} ssŭ ^{1-mai⁴-kuan¹-wu⁴} ssŭ ^{1-pên¹} ssŭ ^{1-pi⁴} ssŭ ^{1-shih⁴} ssŭ ^{1-t'ao²} ssŭ ^{1-ti⁴} ssŭ ^{1-tsoa⁴-chia³-yin¹} ssŭ ^{1-tso⁴} ssŭ ^{1-t'ung¹} ssŭ ^{1-tzŭ³} ssŭ ^{1-tzŭ⁴} ssŭ ^{1-yen²} ssŭ ^{1-yü⁴} ssŭ ¹ ssŭ ^{1-ai⁴} ssŭ ^{1-chia¹}	禾 私 私宅 私債 私己的心 私錢 私情 私酒 私防 私訪 私孩子 私合 私合人命 私和官事 私下 私心 私話 私貨 私意 私剋兵餉 私爐 私賣 私買官物 私奔 私弊 私事 私逃 私地 私造假印 私作 私通 私子 私自 私鹽 私慾 心 思 思愛 思家	private ; selfish, interested ; illicit. a private residence of an official, private debts. a selfish heart. illicit cash. private feelings ; illicit love. smuggled wine. illicit savings ; private. to privately enquire, to go incognito. a bastard. illicit intercourse of the sexes ; to privately con- to hush up a murder. to hush up an official matter. privately (or 私下裏) (pei ⁴ jên ²). selfish, a selfish mind. secret talk. smuggled goods. clandestine views. to "squeeze" soldiers' pay. a private mint (coiners). secret sale. secret purchase of official property. illicit intrigues. bribery, corruption, etc. private affairs. to elope, to abscond. underhand, clandestinely. illicit making of false seal. do secretly. illicit intercourse. a bastard. privately. smuggled salt. selfish desires, to think, to consider ; to wish, to desire. to regard tenderly, to love. to think of one's home, etc. (hsiang ³ chia ¹).	

ssü¹-chia¹-ti¹-ping⁴ 思家的病
 ssü¹-hsiang³ 思想
 ssü¹-i⁴ 思義
 ssü¹-lai²-hsiang²-ch'ü⁴ 思想去
 ssü¹-liang¹ 思量
 ssü¹-lü¹ 思慮
 ssü¹-mu⁴ 思慕
 ssü¹-nien⁴ 思念
 ssü¹-so⁴ 思索
 ssü¹ 司 1016a835a
 ssü¹-k'ou⁴ 司寇
 ssü¹-kuan¹ 司官
 ssü¹-li³ 司理
 ssü¹-ma³ 司馬
 ssü¹-ma³ 司碼
 ssü¹-shih⁴ 司事
 ssü¹-t'u² 司徒
 ssü¹-wu⁴ 司務
 ssü¹-yeh⁴ 司業
 ssü¹-yü⁴-kuan¹ 司獄官
 ssü¹ 糸 1017a835b
 ssü¹-chiang¹ 絲
 ssü¹-ching¹ 絲經
 ssü¹-hao² 絲毫
 ssü¹-hao²-pu⁴-ts'o⁴ 絲毫不錯
 ssü¹-hsien⁴ 絲線
 ssü¹-hsien⁴-tsa²-huo⁴ 絲線雜貨
 ssü¹-kua¹ 絲瓜
 ssü¹-lai²-hao²-ch'ü⁴ 絲來毫去
 ssü¹-liu³ 絲柳
 ssü¹-lo² 絲羅
 ssü¹-lun² 絲綸
 ssü¹-tai⁴ 絲帶
 ssü¹-t'ao¹-tzu³ 絲條子
 ssü¹ 斤 1017b834b
 ssü¹-hsü¹ 斯須
 ssü¹-jên² 斯人
 ssü¹-shih² 斯時
 ssü¹-wên² 斯文 (人)
 ssü¹ 厂 斷 斷 1017c834c
 ssü¹-jên⁴ 斷認
 ssü¹-sha¹ 斷殺
 ssü¹-t'u² 斷徒

home sickness, nostalgia.
 to think, to meditate, to consider; bethink you!
 to consider whether one ought or not; is it right?
 turning it over in the mind.
 thought, comprehension; to consider.
 to think, to consider.
 to long for.
 thoughts; to think, to consider.
 to excogitate, to think out (ch'uai³ mo¹).
 to manage, to direct, to rule; an officer; an office.
 president of Board of Punishment. G. 162. [ment.
 officers managing sections of any great depart-
 to rule, to manage, to superintend.
 president of Board of War. G. 162.
 government standard weights.
 to manage any affair, a manager.
 Minister of Instruction, Chow dynasty.
 a teacher, a master-workman.
 Tutor in the Imperial Academy of Learning.
 governor of a jail.
 silk, raw silk; small, minute; fine as silk; weight.
 silken reins.
 thrown silk,
 the least, the slightest,
 exactly right.
 silk thread, sewing silk.
 silk and cottou mixtures,
 the snake gourd.
 a very little, the least bit.
 the weeping willow (ch'ui² liu³).
 crape, gauze, silk; matrimony.
 "sorted silk," the ideas or thoughts arranged.
 silk ribbons, braid,
 silk edging or fringe.
 this; that; these; forthwith, immediately.
 instantly, at once, etc.
 this person.
 at this time. [(chun⁴ hsiu⁴).
 a student, a scholar; literature; polished, genteel
 foragers; a servant; confusion, uproar; to slash.
 to recognize.
 to fight and kill in battle, to slay.
 menials, servants.

ssŭ¹-yi⁴
 ssŭ¹
 ssŭ¹-k'ui¹
 ssŭ¹-lan⁴
 ssŭ¹-p'o⁴
 ssŭ¹-sŭ¹-la¹-la¹
 ssŭ¹-ta³
 ssŭ¹-ta³-tou¹-ou¹
 ssŭ¹
 ssŭ¹

厮役
 手 撕^{1018a835a}
 撕開
 撕爛
 撕破
 撕拉拉拉
 撕打
 撕打鬥毆
 鳥 鶯^{1017b835c}
 虫 獅^{975b758b}

servants, menials (to officials).
 to tear, to split, to cut asunder; to rouse,
 to tear apart.
 to tear up, to spoil by tearing.
 same.
 griping, as colic.
 to fight, to struggle.
 fiercely fighting.
 a sort of pelican used for fishing (ln⁴ ssŭ¹).
 a cockle, a whilk; a screw. See *shih*¹.

BSŪ³

歹 死^{1019a836a}
 死戰
 死記兒
 死中求活
 死而復生
 死而何懼
 死而無悔
 死而無怨
 死法子
 死後
 死心塌地
 死心眼兒
 死灰
 死活
 死人
 死日
 死裡逃生
 死了
 死白的
 死皮賴臉
 死不了
 死喪
 死傷
 死生
 死生有命
 死屍
 死守
 死守危城
 死水
 死胎
 死的活的
 死的不明

ssŭ³-chan⁴
 ssŭ³-chi⁴ êrh³
 ssŭ³-chung¹-ch'iu²-hno³
 ssŭ³-êrh²-fu²-shêng¹
 ssŭ³-êrh²-ho²-chü⁴
 ssŭ³-êrh²-wu²-hui³
 ssŭ³-êrh²-wu²-yüan⁴
 ssŭ³-fa²-tzŭ³
 ssŭ³-hou⁴
 ssŭ³-hsin¹-ta¹-ti⁴
 ssŭ³-hsin¹-yen³-rh²
 ssŭ³-hui¹
 ssŭ³-huo²
 ssŭ³-jên³
 ssŭ³-jih⁴
 ssŭ³-li³-t'ao²-shêng¹
 ssŭ³ liao³
 ssŭ³-pai²-ti¹
 ssŭ³-p'i²-lai⁴-lien³
 ssŭ³-pu⁴-hiao³
 ssŭ³-sang¹
 ssŭ³-shang¹
 ssŭ³-shêng¹
 ssŭ³-shêng¹-yu³-ming⁴
 ssŭ³-shih¹
 ssŭ³-shou³
 ssŭ³-shou³-wei²-ch'êng²
 ssŭ³-shui³
 ssŭ³-t'ai¹
 ssŭ³-ti¹-huo² ti¹
 ssŭ³-ti¹-pu⁴-ming²

to die. M. 555.
 to fight to the death,
 a retentive memory.
 to beg for one's life.
 dead but returned to life.
 why fear death?
 to die without regret.
 to die without hate.
 a fixed plan.
 after death (pai³ min² chih¹ hou⁴).
 to give up all thought of.
 intensely stupid.
 dead ashes.
 dead or alive; will he live or not? determined to.
 a dead person.
 the day of one's death.
 a narrow escape from death.
 dead.
 "deadly white," a livid complexion; to insist.
 shameless fellow (hou⁴ lien³, hsien² p'i² lai⁴ lien³).
 it will not die, etc.
 to die; funeral affairs.
 mortally wounded.
 dead or alive.
 there is destiny whether one lives or dies.
 a corpse.
 to maintain till death.
 to defend a city to the death.
 dead or stagnant water; money, etc., lying idle
 dead-born.
 fixed and movable.
 a death under suspicious circumstances.

ssŭ ³ t'i ⁴	死地	execution ground (fa ⁴ ch'ang ³).
ssŭ ³ -t'ing ³ -t'ing ² -ti ²	死挺挺的	quite motionless, inflexible.
ssŭ ³ -tsai ¹ -t'a ¹ -shou ³	死在他手	to meet death at his hands.
ssŭ ³ -tsui ⁴	死罪	sentenced to death.
ssŭ ³ -wang ²	死亡	dead.
ssŭ ³ -yang ⁴	死樣	death-like, inanimate.
ssŭ ³ -yu ² -yü ² -ku ¹	死有餘辜	death leaves some guilt unexpiated.
SSŪ⁴	口肆	四 1020c836b
ssŭ ⁴ -rh'ên ² -pa ¹ -tsai ³	四臣八宰	officers of the court.
ssŭ ⁴ -chi ¹	四季	the four seasons.
ssŭ ⁴ -chi ⁴ -hua ¹	四季花	flowers of the four seasons.
ssŭ ⁴ -ch'i ³	四起	to rise on all sides.
ssŭ ⁴ -chiao ¹	四教	the four studies proper to woman. <i>Note.</i>
ssŭ ⁴ -chih ¹	四肢	the limbs (human).
ssŭ ⁴ -chih ¹ -pai ³ -t'i ³	四肢百體	the body and all its parts.
ssŭ ⁴ -chih ²	四直	square; a map.
ssŭ ⁴ -shih ⁴ -fên ¹ -ming ²	四至分明	the four boundaries clearly defined.
ssŭ ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	四處	all around, everywhere.
ssŭ ⁴ -ch'u ⁴ -fêng ¹ -wên ²	四處風聞	it is reported or rumoured everywhere.
ssŭ ⁴ -ch'uan ¹	四川	the province of Ssŭ-ch'uan. W. I 154.
ssŭ ⁴ -fang ¹	四方	square; the four points of the compass; all round.
ssŭ ⁴ -fang ¹ -ti ¹	四方的	square.
ssŭ ⁴ -hai ³	四海	"the four seas," everywhere.
ssŭ ⁴ -hai ³ -chih ¹ -nei ⁴	四海之內	within the four seas, i.e., in China. R 305.
ssŭ ⁴ -hsia ⁴	四下	all round; everywhere; in every place.
ssŭ ⁴ -k'ai ¹	四開	"four open," quarter of a dollar, a shilling.
ssŭ ⁴ -ko ⁴	四箇	four.
ssŭ ⁴ -lao ³ -yeh ³	四老爺	ssŭ ya, assistant to District Magistrate.
ssŭ ⁴ -liang ³ -pa ¹ -chu ⁴	四梁八柱	four beams and eight pillars.
ssŭ ⁴ -lin ²	四鄰	the neighbors on four sides of you.
ssŭ ⁴ -lu ⁴	四路	four roads; on all sides.
ssŭ ⁴ -mien ⁴	四面	all round, everywhere, on all sides.
ssŭ ⁴ -mien ⁴ -pa ¹ -fang ¹	四面八方	a cube; everywhere.
ssŭ ⁴ -min ³	四民	all the people.
ssŭ ⁴ -pao ³	四寶	"four precious—" paper, pen, ink and inkslab.
ssŭ ⁴ -pien ¹	四邊	four sides, on all sides.
ssŭ ⁴ -p'ing ² -pa ¹ -wên ³	四平八穩	firm, substantial.
ssŭ ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsiang ⁴ -rh ²	四不像兒	name of a kind of deer; a worthless person.
ssŭ ⁴ -san ⁴	四散	dispersed all over the place.
ssŭ ⁴ -ssŭ ⁴	四四	four times four, sixteen.
ssŭ ⁴ -shêng ¹	四聲	the four tones. R. 308.
ssŭ ⁴ -shêng ¹	四生	Four modes of Birth.

ssŭ ⁴ -shih ²	四十	forty.
ssŭ ⁴ shih ²	四時	the four seasons.
ssŭ ⁴ -shu ¹	四書	the Four Books. R 309.
ssŭ ⁴ -ta ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -wang ²	四大天王	the four Heavenly kings of Buddhist Temples.
ssŭ ⁴ -tê ²	四德	the four virtues. Note S3
ssŭ ⁴ -t'î ³	四體	the four parts of the body. Note.
ssŭ ⁴ -t'ung ¹ -pa ¹ -ta ²	四通八達	[ception. a thoroughfare; in every direction; clear per-
ssŭ ⁴ -wai ⁴ -pa ¹ -hsiang ⁴	四外八向	in every direction.
ssŭ ⁴ -wai ⁴ -ti ¹ -jên ²	四外的人	an outsider.
ssŭ ⁴ -wei ²	四維	the four corners of the earth or 禮義廉恥.
ssŭ ⁴ -ya ²	四衙	assistant to District Magistrate (pu ² t'ing ¹).
ssŭ ⁴ 肆	肆 1021cS37a	four; noisy, riotous dissolute; error; extreme.
ssŭ ⁴ -chi ²	肆極	the utmost degree.
ssŭ ⁴ -shên ¹	肆伸	to stretch out.
ssŭ ⁴ -shih ²	肆拾	forty.
ssŭ ⁴ 人	似 1020bS37a	resembling, as, as if; class. M. 269. [ssŭ ⁴ ch'î ¹].
ssŭ ⁴ -ch'î ¹ -ju ² -chiao ¹	似漆如膠	a very close and abiding connection (ju ² chiao ¹
ssŭ ⁴ -ch'ih ¹ -fei ¹ -ch'ih ¹	似癡似癡	seeming a fool, but not really one.
ssŭ ⁴ -fei ¹	似非	it appears wrong.
ssŭ ⁴ -hsing ²	似形	resembling in form or appearance.
ssŭ ⁴ -hu ¹	似乎	as if, like, resembling; to seem,
ssŭ ⁴ -lei ⁴	似類	resembling (lei ⁴ ssŭ ⁴).
ssŭ ⁴ -pu ⁴ -nêng ²	似不能	as if unable.
ssŭ ⁴ -shih ⁴	似是	it appears right.
ssŭ ⁴ -shih ⁴ -êrh ² -fei ¹	似是而非	specious, fallacious.
ssŭ ⁴ -shui ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shui ⁴	似睡不睡	half-asleep.
ssŭ ⁴ -ti ¹	似的	like, similar to; colloquial enclitic. M. 269.
ssŭ ⁴ -ju ³ -jê ⁴ -wu ²	似有若無	as if it were, but it is not. [learn.
ssŭ ⁴ 口	嗣 1016cS38a	to succeed; succession; posterity, children; to
ssŭ ⁴ -chün ¹	嗣君	the new king.
ssŭ ⁴ -hou ⁴	嗣後	hereafter.
ssŭ ⁴ -hü ⁴	嗣續	posterity.
ssŭ ⁴ -tzu ³	嗣子	an adopted son (i ⁴ tzü ³).
ssŭ ⁴ 寺	寺 1021bS37b	[nastery. a temple, a hall, a chamber; a eunuch; a mo-
ssŭ ⁴ -jê ²	寺人	eunuchs (yen ¹).
ssŭ ⁴ -kuan ¹	寺官	same.
ssŭ ⁴ -yüan ⁴	寺院	Buddhist monasteries (miao ⁴).
ssŭ ⁴ 心	恃 975c761c	to depend on, to trust to. See shih ⁴ .
ssŭ ⁴ -li ⁴	恃力	to trust to strength.
ssŭ ⁴ -nêng ²	恃能	to depend on ability.
ssŭ ⁴ 示	祀 1020aS38c	to sacrifice to gods or departed friends.
ssŭ ⁴ -hsien ¹ -jên ²	祀先人	to sacrifice to the departed (chi ⁴ ssŭ ⁴).
ssŭ ⁴ -hsien ¹ -kung ¹	祀先公	to sacrifice to one's ancestors.

ssŭ ¹ -k'ung ³ -t'zŭ ³	祀孔子	to sacrifice to Confucius.
ssŭ ¹ -shang ⁴ -t'í ⁴	祀上帝	to sacrifice to Heaven.
ssŭ ¹ -wên ² -miao ⁴	祀文廟	to sacrifice in the Scholar's Temple.
ssŭ ⁴	己巳	astronomical and horary character; 9 to 11 A.M.
ssŭ ¹ -shih ²	巳時	9 to 11 o'clock A.M.
ssŭ ¹ -yüeh ⁴	巳月	the fourth month See Note 32.
ssŭ ¹	馬駟	team of four horses.
ssŭ ¹ -ma ³ -nan ² -chui ¹	駟馬難追	a team of four horses cannot recall (a word).
ssŭ ¹ -pu ⁴ -chi ⁴ -shê ²	駟不及舌	four horses cannot overtake (the tongue).
ssŭ ⁴	食飩	to feed.
ssŭ ¹ -yang ³	飼養	to feed, to nourish.
ssŭ ⁴	俟人	to await, to stay; to expect; until.
ssŭ ¹ -hou ⁴	俟候	to wait for.
ssŭ ⁴	女媼	a brother's wife.
SU ¹	艸蘇	plentiful, cheerful; to desist; to revive.
su ¹ -chou ¹	蘇州	Soochow. W. I. 103.
su ¹ -hang ²	蘇杭	Soochow and Hangchow.
su ¹ -ho ² -hsiang ¹	蘇合香	storax.
su ¹ -ho ² -yu ²	蘇合油	rose maloes, storax.
su ¹ -mu ⁴	蘇木	Brazil wood; sapan wood.
su ¹ -ta ⁵	蘇打	bicarbonate of soda.
su ¹ -t'zŭ ³	蘇子	maloes' seed (medicine).
su ¹ -yeh ⁴	蘇葉	maloes' leaves (medicine).
su ¹ -yu ²	蘇油	a kind of oil made of a small seed.
su ¹	西酥	a preparation of butter and flour; no energy.
su ¹ -juan ³	酥軟	no strength or energy; apathetic; weary, fat-
su ¹ -kuo ³ -t'zŭ ³	酥饅子	short-cakes. [tighed.]
su ¹ -ts'ui ⁴	酥搥	very crisp, brittle (ts'ui ⁴ shêng ¹ shêng ¹ ti ¹).
su ¹ -yu ²	酥油	butter (huang ² yu ²).
su ¹	疋疎	distant, far, careless, remiss, lax (also shu ¹).
su ¹	疎	same.
su ¹ -ch'in ¹	疎親	distant and near; to treat relatives distantly.
su ¹ -êrh ² -pu ⁴ -lou ⁴	疎而不漏	though wide apart, will not leak.
su ¹ -hsieh ¹	疎懈	idle, careless (lau ³).
su ¹ -hu ¹	疎忽	to forget; carelessness.
su ¹ -lan ³	疎懶	idle, lazy, careless.
su ¹ -lin ²	疎林	a glade.
su ¹ -mi ⁴	疎密	open and close together.
su ¹ -yüan ³	疎遠	very distant, remote.
su ¹	生蘇甦	to revive, to resuscitate, resuscitation.
su ¹ -hsing ³	甦醒	same.
su ¹	艸蔬	vegetable food; a grain.

<i>su¹-fun¹</i>	蔬飯	coarse food, vegetable food.
<i>su¹</i>	禾 蘇 ^{1023b816b}	to collect; to revive.
SU²	人 俗 ^{1022c822c}	common, vulgar, inelegant; manners, customs.
<i>su²-ch⁴'i⁴</i>	俗氣	annoyance, commonplace.
<i>su²-chia¹</i>	俗家	a common family.
<i>su²-ch⁴'uan²</i>	俗傳	vulgar tradition.
<i>su²-hua⁴</i>	俗話	the common, or vulgar dialect.
<i>su²-jên²</i>	俗人	a common vulgar person.
<i>su²-lon⁴</i>	俗陋	vulgar, low; bad customs.
<i>su²-lum⁴</i>	俗論	to talk the common talk.
<i>su²-shih⁴</i>	俗事	a commonplace affair.
<i>su²-t'an²</i>	俗談	to talk the common talk.
<i>su²-tzü³</i>	俗子	a low, common person.
<i>su²-wu¹</i>	俗物	a commonplace thing; a vulgar low person.
<i>su²-yü³</i>	俗語	a common saying, a proverb; vulgar dialect.
<i>su²-yü³-shuo¹-ti¹</i>	俗語說的	the common saying is.
<i>su²</i>	→ 宿 ^{1025a823c}	a star, a constellation. See <i>hsiu¹</i> (hsü).
<i>su⁴-ch'ang¹-p'iao²-ch'ü⁴</i>	宿娼嫖妓	spending the night with prostitutes.
<i>su²-chün³</i>	宿酒	seedy from the effects of drink.
<i>su²-hsing¹</i>	宿星	a star, a constellation.
<i>su¹-liao³-i¹.su⁴</i>	宿了一宿	to spend a night.
<i>su²-shih²</i>	宿食	ill from overeating.
<i>su³</i>	彳 速 ^{1024b823a}	quick, haste, hurried, promptly (k'uai ⁴).
<i>su²-ch'êng²</i>	速成	to complete quickly.
<i>su²-su²</i>	速速	quick, quickly, hastily.
SU⁴	糸 素 ^{1026a816b}	white, plain, simple; original state of.
<i>su⁴-ch'ang²</i>	素常	habitually, usually (hsi ¹ han ³).
<i>su⁴-chu¹</i>	素珠	beads used by priests, etc., a rosary (shu ⁴ chu ¹).
<i>su⁴-fu²</i>	素服	white or plain clothes.
<i>su⁴-hsi²</i>	素昔	usually, generally.
<i>su⁴-shing²</i>	素行	formerly, heretofore, former action.
<i>su⁴-hsing⁴</i>	素性	natural disposition.
<i>su⁴-jih⁴</i>	素日	commonly, daily.
<i>su⁴-kuan⁴</i>	素冠	white cap of mourning.
<i>su⁴-lai²</i>	素來	heretofore (hsiang ⁴ lai ²).
<i>su⁴-pai²-pu⁴</i>	素白布	white shirtings.
<i>su⁴-pu⁴-hsiang¹-shih⁴</i>	素不相識	previously not acquainted.
<i>su⁴-sü⁴-pu⁴</i>	素色布	dyed shirtings.
<i>su⁴-shu⁴</i>	素紗	white or plain crape.
<i>su⁴-ssü¹</i>	素絲	white silk.
<i>su⁴-tan⁴-tan⁴-ti¹</i>	素淡的	chaste and plain.

su ⁴ -ts'ai ⁴	素菜	plain food, vegetable food.
su ⁴ -ts'an ¹ -shih ¹ -wei ⁴	素餐尸位	an idler not worth his food.
su ⁴ -wang ²	素王	the Throneless King—Confucius,
su ⁴ -wei ⁴	素位	to attend to one thing only or properly.
su ⁴ -wei ⁴ -êrh ² -hsing ⁴	素位而行	according to the usual plan; to act a negative part.
su ⁴ -weu ² -lai ² -wang ³	素無來往	no habitual intercourse.
su ⁴	聿	dread, fear, awe, respect, reverence; courteous.
su ⁴ -ching ⁴	肅敬	respect.
su ⁴ -ching ⁴	肅靜	stillness, solitude.
su ⁴ jan ² -ch'i ³ -ching ⁴	肅然起敬	very quiet, and respectful.
su ⁴ -yen ²	肅嚴	stern, rigid, severe.
su ⁴	言懇	to tell, to inform, to state, to accuse; calumny.
su ⁴ -ch'êng ²	訴呈	to defend an accusation; counter accusation.
su ⁴ -chuang ⁴	訴狀	to make an accusation (kao ⁴ chuang ⁴).
su ⁴ -ping ⁴	訴病	to complain of sickness.
su ⁴ -shuo ¹ -chung ¹ -ch'ang ²	訴說衷腸	to tell all that is in their heart.
su ⁴ -tsui ⁴	訴罪	to accuse; to confess a crime.
su ⁴ -yüan ¹	訴冤	to tell one's grievances, to complain (han ³ yüan ¹).
su ⁴	夙	early in the morning.
su ⁴ -ch'ou ²	夙仇	an enmity coming from a previous life.
su ⁴ -hsi ²	夙昔	formerly.
su ⁴ -hsing ¹	夙興	to get up early in the morning.
su ⁴ -hsing ¹ -yeh ⁴ -mei ⁴	夙興夜寐	late to bed and early to rise.
su ⁴ -hui ⁴	夙慧	naturally intelligent.
su ⁴ -nich ⁴	夙孽	retribution for evil in a previous birth.
su ⁴ -shih ⁴ -yin ¹ -yüan ²	夙世姻緣	a match ordained in a previous life.
su ⁴ -tsao ³	夙早	early in the morning.
su ⁴ -yeh ⁴	夙夜	early and late.
su ⁴ -yeh ⁴ -chih ³ -chü ⁴	夙夜祇懼	fearing early and late.
su ⁴	土瘠	to make or mould an image; a clay idol.
su ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	塑像	a clay image (ni ² su ⁴ ti ¹).
su ⁴ -ou ³	塑偶	same (nu ⁴ tia ³ ti ¹).
su ⁴	述	to narrate. See shu ⁴ .
su ⁴	粟	maize, Indian corn; small sand.
su ⁴	束	to tie up; to restrain; a sheaf, a bundle. See shu ⁴ .
su ⁴ (tzu)	口慄	crop of bird (niao ³).
su ⁴	角	to tremble with fear.

SUAN¹

su ⁴ -hsin ¹	酸	sour; grieved, afflicted, disagreeable. [stomach.
su ⁴ -hsin ⁴ -ts'ai ²	酸心	grieved, distressed; a sour rising from the
su ⁴ -jên ²	酸秀才	a penurious graduate.
su ⁴ -juan ³	酸人	a misanthrope.
	酸軟	feeble, debilitated.

suan¹.ku³.nang².ti¹ 酸咕嚕的
 suan¹.k'uang² 酸狂
 suan¹.ta¹.la¹.ti¹ 酸拉拉的
 suan¹.la⁴ 酸辣
 suan¹.mei² 酸梅
 suan¹.mei².shui³ 酸梅水
 suan¹.mei².t'ang¹ 酸梅湯
 suan¹.pai².ts'ai⁴ 酸白菜
 suan¹.pi² 酸鼻
 suan¹.pu⁴.tzū⁴.ti¹ 酸布漬的
 suan¹.san¹.liu³ 酸三柳
 suan¹.t'ien².k'u³.la⁴ 酸甜苦辣
 suan¹.ts'u⁴ 酸醋
 suan¹.tzū³.hang² 酸子行
 suan¹.tzū³.tzū⁴.ti¹ 酸漬漬的

a grumbler.
 haughty, supercilious.
 disagreeably sour.
 sour and acrid or sharp.
 a sour kind of prune.
 a drink similar to limejuice made of the prune
 same.
 sour cabbage.
 "sour nose," grieved, distressed.
 quite sour (tzū, also read *chi*).
 sorrell.
 sour, sweet, bitter and acrid; the troubles of life
 vinegar.
 scholars.
 quite sour.

SUAN⁴ 竹筭 算^{102Sa833b}

suan⁴.chang⁴ 算賬
 suan⁴.chi⁴ 算計
 suan⁴.chi⁴.pich².jên² 算計別人
 suan⁴.chi⁴.pu⁴.tao⁴ 算計不到
 suan⁴.ch'i³.lai² 算起來
 suan¹.chin⁴.tsê².ssū³ 算盡則死
 suan⁴.fa³ 算法
 suan⁴.hsing².liao³ 算行了
 suan⁴.k'o³.i³ 算可以
 suan⁴.kua⁴ 算卦
 suan⁴.kua⁴.ti¹ 算卦的
 suan⁴.lai².suan⁴.ch'ü⁴ 算來算去
 suan⁴.liao³ 算了(罷)
 suan⁴.ming⁴ 算命
 suan¹.ming⁴.ti¹ 算命的
 suan⁴.p'an² 算盤
 suan⁴.p'an².shou³ 算盤手
 suan⁴.p'an².tzū³ 算盤子
 suan⁴.pu⁴.liao³ 算不了
 suan⁴.pu⁴.shang⁴ 算不上
 suan⁴.pu⁴.tê² 算不得
 suan⁴.pu⁴.tui⁴ 算不對
 suan⁴.shên².mo¹ 算甚麼
 suan⁴.shou³ 算手
 suan⁴.shu⁴ 算數
 suan⁴.shu⁴ 算術

to reckon, to calculate, to number,
 to calculate, to reckon an account.
 to calculate, to plan.
 to plot against anyone.
 bad financing.
 to reckon up, to enumerate.
 when his years are all reckoned, he'll die.
 method of counting, arithmetic.
 it will do.
 same.
 to calculate fortunes.
 a fortune-teller (suan⁴ ming⁴ ti¹).
 to reckon backwards and forwards.
 that'll do, no more about it, never mind.
 to tell fortunes.
 a fortune-teller.
 an abacus or reckoning board.
 a good reckoner.
 the counters of the abacus.
 unable to reckon; of no importance.
 unable to reckon up.
 same.
 not to reckon correctly.
 of what consequence? of no account.
 an accountant.
 to reckon up an account.
 arithmetic.

uan ¹	艸	蒜 ^{1028c833c}	garlic.
uan ¹ -chiu ¹ -tzi ³		蒜臼子	a garlic mortar.
uan ¹ -ch'ui ² -tzi ³		蒜槌子	a garlic pounder.
uan ¹ -luan ³		蒜卵	"garlic eggs," garlic.
uan ¹ -miao ³		蒜苗	shoots of garlic.
uan ¹ -pan ⁴		蒜瓣	the quarters of garlic.
uan ¹ -t'ou ²		蒜頭	"garlic heads," garlic.
SUI ¹	佳	雖 ^{1029b826a}	though, although, supposing it to be. M. 254.
sui ¹ -jan ²		雖然	same.
sui ¹ -shih ⁴ -yung ⁴ -hsin ¹		雖是用心	although he was diligent.
sui ¹ -tsê ²		雖則	though.
sui ¹	尸	尿 ^{827b832}	urine; to pass urine. See <i>niao</i> ⁴ .
sui ¹ -pao ¹		尿胞	the bladder.
sui ¹	糸	綫 ^{1092b826b}	traces of a carriage; tranquil.
SUI ²	阜	隨 ^{1030a826c}	to yield; following after. M. 482.
ui ² -chang ³ -sui ² -hsia ¹		隨長隨下	rising and falling.
ui ² -chi ¹ -ying ⁴ -pien ⁴		隨機應變	to adapt one's self to circumstances.
ui ² -chi ¹		隨即	at once, forthwith.
ui ² -ch'i ¹		隨其	to follow; to let, to allow.
ui ² -chin ¹		隨就	forthwith, without delay.
ui ² -ch'u ⁴ -êrh ² -an ¹		隨處而安	to be happy anywhere.
ui ² -chung ⁴		隨衆	to do as the rest do.
ui ² -fêng ¹ -tao ³		隨風倒	to follow the crowd, to acquiesce.
ui ² -ho ²		隨和	pliable, a trimmer.
ui ² -ho ² -ch'uan ²		隨河船	a tramp boat; figurative of a man,
ui ² -hou ⁴		隨後	forthwith, at once.
ui ² -hou ¹ -chiu ⁴ -tao ⁴		隨後就到	will follow shortly after.
ui ² -hsin ¹		隨心	as you wish or fancy.
ui ² -hsing ²		隨行	to follow after as a servant.
ui ² -hu ⁴		隨護	to escort.
ui ² -hu ¹ -ti ¹		隨護的	an escort, a body-guard (pao ³ piao ¹ ti ¹).
ui ² -i ⁴ -ti ¹ -shih ⁴		隨意的事	something after one's heart.
ui ² -jên ² -i ¹		隨人意	to follow one's desires.
ui ² -kan ³ -cho ²		隨趕着	at once, forthwith.
ui ² -k'ou ³ -shuo ¹		隨口說	to speak whatever comes into your head.
ui ² -lai ² -sui ² -hua ¹		隨來隨花	spend the money as soon as it comes.
ui ² -lai ² -sui ² -yung ⁴		隨來隨用	use it as it arrives.
ui ² -ni ³ (or ts'ui)		隨你	as you please (p'ing ² ni ³).
ui ² -ni ³ -pien ⁴		隨你便	as you please, suit your convenience.
ui ² -nien ² -ch'ih ² -fan ⁴		隨年吃飯	eat according to the harvest
ui ² -nien ² -ch'uan ¹ -i ¹		隨年穿衣	clothe according to the crops.

<i>sui²-pien⁴</i>	隨	便	
<i>sui²-shén¹</i>	隨	身	
<i>sui²-shih²</i>	隨	時	
<i>sui²-shih⁴</i>	隨	侍	
<i>sui²-shih⁴</i>	隨	勢	
<i>sui²-shih²-sui²-ti⁴</i>	隨	時	隨地
<i>sui²-shou³</i>	隨	手	
<i>sui²-t'á¹-ch'ü¹</i>	隨	他	去
<i>sui²-tê²-sui²-shih¹</i>	隨	得	隨失
<i>sui²-ti¹</i>	隨	地	
<i>sui²-tsü⁴</i>	隨	在	
<i>sui²-ts'ung²</i>	隨	從	
<i>sui²-t'ung²</i>	隨	同	
<i>sui²-yü⁴-érh²-an¹</i>	隨	遇	而安
<i>sui²</i>	遂	遂	1030c825a
<i>sui²-hsin¹</i>	遂	心	
<i>sui²-kên¹</i>	遂	跟	
<i>sui²-ts'ung²</i>	遂	從	
<i>sui²-wo³-lai²</i>	遂	我	來

SUI³ 骨 髓 1030b827a
sui³-hai³ 髓海

to follow one's convenience; as you please.
 with me, e. g., on my person, as spectacles.
 immediately, forthwith, at once.
 escort, followers (kên¹ pan¹ ti).
 according to circumstances (k'an⁴ cho² pan⁴).
 same.
 easily huddled, at once, while the hand is in.
 let him go if he likes.
 lost as soon as gotten.
 anywhere.
 according to place you are in.
 to accompany, to follow (fu⁴ ts'ung²).
 to accompany, to walk with.
 to be happy whatever may befall. [next
 to accompany, to follow, to succeed; finally
 to follow one's own way or convenience,
 to follow.
 to follow, to accompany.
 follow me, accompany me.

SUI⁴ 止歲巳岁 歲 1028c827b
sui⁴-ch'êng² 歲成
sui⁴-chin⁴-shih⁴ 歲進士
sui⁴-chung¹ 歲終
sui⁴-fêng¹ 歲豐
sui⁴-hsing¹ 歲星
sui⁴-hsing¹ 歲凶
sui⁴-k'ao³ 歲考
sui⁴-k'ou³ 歲口
sui⁴-kung⁴ 歲貢
sui⁴-shih² 歲時
sui⁴-shou³ 歲首
sui⁴-shu⁴-rh² 歲數兒
sui⁴-sui⁴-p'ing²-an¹ 歲歲平安
sui⁴-wan³ 歲晚
sui⁴-yüên¹ 歲月
sui⁴ 石 碎 1031c827c
sui⁴-huo⁴ 碎貨
sui⁴-p'o⁴ 碎破
sui⁴-tsui³-tzu³ 碎嘴子

marrow (ku³ sui³).
 "the marrow sea," the brain.
 the year; the harvest; the planet Jupiter.
 the acts of the year.
 granted on account of age.
 the end of the year.
 a prosperous year (for harvest, etc.).
 the planet Jupiter (mu¹ hsing¹).
 a bad year (for harvest, etc.).
 triennial test examination for B. A.'s.
 age of an animal.
 a grade of the B. A.'s. G. 471,
 times and seasons.
 beginning of the year.
 the years of a person's age.
 may you enjoy peace every year.
 new year's eve, last night of the year.
 length of time.
 fragments, broken; miscellaneous articles.
 small miscellaneous goods.
 broken into small pieces.
 a chatterbox.

- sui*⁴-yin² 碎銀 broken bits of silver.
*sui*⁴ 米 粹 1031c828a unmixed, pure, all the same; complete.
*sui*⁴-ch'üan² 粹全 whole, entire.
*sui*⁴ 艸 菱 1029c826a caraway; coriander (yüan² sui⁴).
*sui*⁴ (tzü) 禾 穗 1032a827c ears of corn, flowers and fruits of grasses.
*sui*⁴ (tzü) 糸 總 1032a827b tassels, fringes.
*sui*⁴ 示 祟 1032a828c gambols, pranks; evil influences (of spirits).
- SUN¹** 子 孫 1032b829a a grandchild.
*sun*¹-hno²-êrh² 孫猴兒 leading character of Hsi-yu-chi.
*sun*¹-nü³ 孫女 a granddaughter.
*sun*¹-ta⁴-shêng⁴ 孫大聖 the leading character of the Hsi-yu-chi.
sun -wu¹-k'ung¹ 孫悟空 same
- SUN³** 手 損 1033b829b to injure, to spoil; to lessen; to lose.
*sun*³-ch'ü⁴ 損處 injury, detriment.
*sun*³-hai⁴ 損害 to injure.
*sun*³-huai⁴ 損壞 to break, to destroy, to injure, to spoil. [of.
*sun*³-i² 損益 injury and advantages, the relative advantages
*sun*³-jên²-li⁴-chi³ 損人利己 to injure a person, to benefit one's self.
*sun*³-shung¹ 損傷 to bruise, to injure.
*sun*³-shou⁴ 損壽 to curtail one's life (chê² shou⁴).
*sun*³-yin¹ 損陰 to stealthily injure.
*sun*³ 竹 { 筍 1033a813b bamboo shoots (edible).
*sun*³ 筍 same.
*sun*³-chien¹ 筍尖 the tops of bamboo shoots.
*sun*³-p'ien⁴ 筍片 pieces of bamboo shoots.
*sun*³-yu² 筍芽 bamboo shoots.
*sun*³ 木 槩 1033c829c a tenon (mao³ sun³).
- SUNG¹** 木 松 1034a830a the fir or pine.
*sung*¹-chn²⁴-mei³ 松竹梅 evergreens (fig.).
*sung*¹-chü¹²⁴-yu²-ts'un² 松菊猶存 the pine and the aster appear to last.
*sung*¹-hsiang¹ 松香 resin (huang² hsiang¹).
*sung*¹-hua¹ 松花 pine tree flowers.
*sung*¹-hwa¹-ma²-nao³ 松花瑪瑙 cornelian with pine flower marks.
*sung*¹-mu⁴ 松木 pine, fir.
*sung*¹-pai³ 松柏 the fir and cypress.
*sung*¹-shu³ 松鼠 the squirrel.
*sung*¹-shu⁴ 松樹 the fir-tree.
*sung*¹-tzü³ 松子 fir cones or seeds.
*sung*¹-ya¹-niao³ 松鴉鳥 a kind of jay; a mina.
*sung*¹-yu³ 松油 pine tree oil.

<i>sung</i> ¹	鬆	1034bS30b	loose, easy, slack, lax, dishevelled.
<i>sung</i> ¹ - <i>chin</i> ³	鬆緊		loose and tight.
<i>sung</i> ¹ - <i>huan</i> ³	鬆緩		to slacken, to loosen.
<i>sung</i> ¹ - <i>k'ai</i> ¹	鬆開口		to loosen, to slack off.
<i>sung</i> ¹ - <i>k'ou</i> ³	鬆口		to yield assent, to concede.
<i>sung</i> ¹ - <i>liao</i> ³ - <i>chin</i> ¹ - <i>êrh</i> ²	鬆了筋兒		relaxed his efforts.
<i>sung</i> ¹ - <i>pien</i> ¹ - <i>tzū</i> ³	鬆辮子		a loosely plaited queue.
<i>sung</i> ¹ - <i>shou</i> ³	鬆手		to let go (sa ¹ shou ³).
<i>sung</i> ¹ - <i>tien</i> ³	鬆點		loose it a little, a little slacker.
<i>sung</i> ¹ - <i>pang</i> ³	鬆綁		to release, to let go, to untie.
<i>sung</i> ³	立竦	1034cS31b	to shudder, horror; respect, awe, fear; to raise.
<i>sung</i> ³ - <i>jun</i> ³	竦然		horror, dread.
<i>sung</i> ³ - <i>t'i</i> ³	竦體		the flesh creeping on one's bones.
<i>sung</i> ³ - <i>tung</i> ⁴	竦動		to be agitated, horrified.
<i>sung</i> ³	聳	1035aS32a	to incite, egg on.
<i>sung</i> ³ - <i>chien</i> ¹ - <i>so</i> ¹⁴ - <i>pei</i> ¹	聳肩縮背		high shoulders and narrow back.
<i>sung</i> ³ - <i>tung</i> ⁴	聳動		to trouble.
SUNG ¹	送	1035bS32a	to send; to carry to; to present; to accompany.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>chi</i> ³ - <i>wo</i> ³ - <i>ti</i> ¹	送給我的		presented to me.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>chia</i> ⁴	送嫁		a present on marriage of a daughter.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>chih</i> ¹ - <i>hui</i> ¹ - <i>ti</i> ¹	送知會的		a messenger, a courier. [ding.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>ch'in</i> ¹	送親		a bride's family accompanying her to her wed-
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>ch'ing</i> ³	送情		to escort on the way.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>chung</i> ¹	送終		to gather round a death-bed.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>fun</i> ⁴	送飯		to send food.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>fo</i> ² - <i>kuei</i> ¹ - <i>tien</i> ⁴	送佛歸殿		escort Buddha back to his temple.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>hsiao</i> ²	送學		to send to school.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>hsin</i> ⁴	送信		to carry news or letters.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>hsing</i> ²	送行		a farewell visit.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>huan</i> ²	送還		to send back.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>hui</i> ²	送回		sent back.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>hui</i> ² - <i>niang</i> ² - <i>chia</i> ¹	送回娘家		escorted back to mother's house.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>kun</i> ¹ - <i>li</i> ³	送乾禮		to give a money present.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>k'o</i> ⁴	送客		to accompany a guest at leaving.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>kuan</i> ¹	送官		to send in to the authorities, as a thief.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>kuei</i> ³ - <i>ti</i> ¹	*送鬼的		exorcists, conjurers.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>lai</i> ² - <i>ti</i> ¹	送來的		sent thither.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>lao</i> ² - <i>i</i> ¹	送老衣		shroud for burial (shou ⁴ i ¹)
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>li</i> ³	送禮		to make presents.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>liao</i> ³	送了		presented; sent; accompanied.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>p'an</i> ² - <i>ch'uan</i> ¹	送盤川		to present with travelling expenses.
<i>sung</i> ⁴ - <i>pieh</i> ²	送別		to accompany a little way and take leave.

<i>sung⁴-pin⁴</i>	送殯	to attend a funeral (<i>fu¹ sang¹</i>).
<i>sung⁴-sang¹</i>	送喪	same.
<i>sung⁴-shêng¹-niang²</i>	[<i>niang²</i>] 送生娘娘	the goddess who bestows children.
<i>sung⁴-shêng¹-tsang¹-ssü³</i>	送生葬死	the living bury the dead.
<i>sung⁴-shui³-li³</i>	送水禮	presents other than money.
<i>sung⁴-sui⁴-ti¹</i>	送祟的	conjurers, exorcists. Sec <i>Note 79</i> (<i>kan³ kuei³</i>).
<i>sung⁴-ssü³</i>	送死	to attend a funeral.
<i>sung⁴-tao⁴-mou³-ch'ü³</i>	送到某處	to send to a certain place.
<i>sung⁴-tung¹-hsi¹</i>	送東西	to give or send articles, e. g., as presents.
<i>sung⁴-tzü³-p'ü²-sa¹</i>	送子菩薩	the goddess who sends offspring.
<i>sung⁴-wang³-ping²-lai²</i>	送往迎來	speed the parting, welcome the coming (<i>guest</i>).
<i>sung⁴-wu³-ni⁴-tzü³</i>	送忤逆子	to send an unfilial son to the yamên.
<i>sung⁴-ying²</i>	送迎	to take leave and to welcome.
<i>sung⁴</i>	言 誦 <i>1034c832b</i>	to recite, to chant; a recitative; to discuss.
<i>sung⁴-hsi²</i>	誦習	to learn by heart.
<i>sung⁴-lun⁴</i>	誦論	to discourse.
<i>sung⁴-shih¹</i>	誦詩	to recite poetry.
<i>sung⁴-shih¹-tu²⁴-shu¹</i>	誦詩讀書	read odes, etc.
<i>sung⁴-shuo¹</i>	誦說	to relate.
<i>sung⁴-tu²</i>	誦讀	to recite, to read aloud.
<i>sung⁴</i>	言 訟 <i>1033c832c</i>	to tell, to report; strife, contention, litigation.
<i>sung⁴-kao⁴</i>	訟告	to accuse before a magistrate.
<i>sung⁴-kun⁴</i>	訟棍	a petifogger (<i>chuang⁴ kun⁴</i>).
<i>sung⁴-shih¹</i>	訟師	a lawyer.
<i>sung⁴-tz'ü³</i>	訟辭	an indictment, an accusation.
<i>sung⁴-yü⁴</i>	訟獄	litigations, civil and criminal actions.
<i>sung⁴</i>	頁 頌 <i>1034a832c</i>	to praise, to extol.
<i>sung⁴-ch'êng¹</i>	頌稱	same.
<i>sung⁴-mei³</i>	頌美	to praise (<i>tsan⁴ mei³</i>).
<i>sung⁴-tsan⁴</i>	頌讚	same.
<i>sung⁴-yang²-mei³-ming²</i>	頌揚美名	to extol.
<i>sung⁴</i>	宋 <i>1035a831c</i>	a surname.
<i>sung⁴-ch'ü³</i>	宋朝	the Sung dynasty (A. D. 960—A. D. 1280).
<i>sung⁴-hsiao²</i>	宋學	the learning of the Sung dynasty.
<i>sung⁴-jou²</i>	宋儒	scholars of the Sung dynasty.
<i>sung⁴-tzü⁴</i>	宋字	the style of type in ordinary books.
<i>sung⁴-yü⁴</i>	宋玉	the Chinese Adonis. <i>Note 78</i> .
TA¹	竹 答 <i>1038c841a</i>	to reply, to answer; to recompense; to sustain.
<i>ta¹-hua⁴</i>	答話	an answer; to parley.
<i>ta¹-li³</i>	答禮	return presents or compliments.
<i>ta¹-pai⁴</i>	答拜	to return a visit (<i>hui² pai⁴</i>).
<i>ta¹-pao⁴</i>	答報	to recompense.

- ta¹-pu⁴-shang⁴ 答不上
 ta¹-shan⁴ 答訕
 ta¹-shu¹ 答書
 ta¹-tao⁴ 答道
 ta¹-tui⁴-pu¹-shang³ 答對不上
 ta¹-ying¹ 答應
 ta¹ 手 搭 1039aS41b
 ta¹-chieh¹ 搭界
 ta¹-ch'iao² 搭橋
 ta¹-chin⁴ 搭救
 ta¹-chu⁴ 搭住
 ta¹-ch'uan² 搭船
 ta¹-huo³-chi⁴ 搭夥計
 ta¹-huo³-ch'ih¹-fan⁴ 搭夥吃飯
 ta¹-la¹-³.pa¹ 搭拉尾巴
 ta¹-pang¹-tso⁴-ch'ê¹ 搭幫坐車
 ta¹-p'ei⁴ 搭配
 ta¹-p'ên² 搭棚
 ta¹-shang⁴ 搭上
 ta¹-shou³ 搭手
 ta¹-ta¹-chiao³ 搭搭脚
 ta¹-tsai²-shêng²-shang¹ 搭在繩上
 ta¹-ts'ai³-chiang⁴ 搭採匠
 ta¹ 耳 耷 1037cS41c
 ta¹-la¹ 耷拉
 ta¹-la¹-cho² 耷拉着
 ta¹ (tzǔ) 衣 褡 1039bS41b
 ta¹-lien²-pu⁴ 褡褳布
 ta¹-pao¹ 褡褳包
- TA² 達 1038aS40b
 ta²-chih¹ 達知
 ta²-che² 達者
 ta²-hsin⁴ 達信
 ta²-tzǔ³ 達子
 ta² 牙 瘡 1039bS41
- TA³ 手 打 1039cS39a
 ta³-ch'a¹-ch'a¹ 打嗒嗒
 ta³-ch'ai² 打柴
 ta³-chan⁴ 打戰
 ta³-chan⁴-chan⁴ 打戰戰
 ta³-chan⁴-piao³ 打戰表
- cannot give an answer to.
 to mislead, to deceive, etc.
 a reply to a letter (hui² hsin⁴).
 to reply, to answer.
 cannot make answer.
 to reply, to assent (hui² ta¹).
 to add to; to raise; to build; to lean upon.
 to join boundaries (chieh⁴ shang⁴).
 to build a bridge.
 to help, to assist, to support (ch'êng³ chiu⁴).
 to take up a temporary lodging.
 to hire a vessel (several persons).
 to become partners (ho² huo³).
 to eat together.
 a tail hanging down.
 to travel in company by cart.
 to copulate (as animals).
 to build a matshed.
 to add to.
 "to add the hand," to assist.
 to rest your legs (lo⁴ chiao³).
 to attach to a rope.
 scaffold-builders.
 pendant, to hang down; large ears.
 to hang down (ch'ui²).
 hanging down, pendant.
 a bag, wallet or purse.
 drilling (cloth).
 a sash, a girdle.
 intelligent; to know; to inform; passing through.
 to notify, to give information.
 an intelligent person (t'ung¹ ta²).
 to send letter or message.
 Tartars, Mongolians.
 a knot; a sore, a scab (ko¹ ta¹).
 to strike, to beat, to lash, to fight; doing. M. 353.
 to whisper.
 to cut firewood (p'i⁴ ch'ai²).
 to fight; to tremble.
 to tremble (tou³ sou³).
 a challenge to fight.

ta ³ .chang ³	打掌	to clap the hands (p'ai ¹ chang ³).
ta ³ -chang ⁴	打仗	to fight (chêng ¹ chên ¹).
ta ³ -ch'ang ²	打場	to thresh corn.
ta ³ -ch'ang ² -tzũ ³	打場子	to clear a space for exercise, tumbling, etc.
ta ³ -ch'ao ¹	打吵	to wrangle.
ta ³ -chia ⁴ -tou ⁴ -ou ³	打架鬪毆	to fight with blows.
ta ³ -chia ⁴	打架	to fight (tou ⁴).
tu ³ -chia ⁴ -pu ⁴ -mai ⁴	打價不賣	won't sell if we beat down the price.
ta ³ -chian ⁴ -tzũ ³	打鏡子	to make paste.
tu ³ -ch'iang ¹	打腔	to agree with, to put in a word to help.
ta ³ -chiao ³	打醮	religious rites.
ta ³ -chiao ³	打攪	to trouble (gao ¹ jao ³).
ta ³ -ch'iang ¹ -fang ⁴ -p'ao ⁴	打鎗放礮	to fire off guns and cannon.
ta ³ -chieh ² -tzũ ³	打結子	to tie a knot.
ta ³ -chien ¹ -rh ²	打毳兒	to play at shuttlecock with hand or foot.
ta ³ -chien ¹	打尖	{ to take a snack at noon, to take refreshment, { as on a journey.
ta ³ -ch'ien ¹ -rh ²	打千兒	to kneel on one knee (a soldier's salute).
ta ³ -ch'ien ² -skih ¹	打前失	to stumble (ta ³ lieh ¹ ch'ieh ¹).
ta ³ -ching ¹	打更	to watch.
ta ³ -ching ¹ -ti ¹	打更的	a watchman.
tu ³ -ch'iu ¹ -ch'ien ¹	打鞦韆	to swing (as children).
ta ³ -ch'iu ²	打球	to play ball, ten-pins, billiards, etc.
ta ³ -cho ² -han ⁴ -san ³	打着旱傘	with a sun-shade up.
a ³ -ch'ou ¹ -fêng ¹	打抽豐	to make a gift to get return.
a ³ -ch'ou ¹ -ta ²	打抽搭	to sob (ch'ou ¹ hsi ²).
a ³ -ch'ü ⁴	打趣	to tickle with jokes.
a ³ -ch'üan ²	打拳	to box.
a ³ -ch'ün ¹ -chia ⁴	打羣架	a free fight, many participants.
a ³ -chung ³	打種	to copulate (as animals); to sow seed ³ .
a ³ -êrh ³ -cha ¹	打耳喳	to whisper.
a ³ -fa ¹	打發	to send.
a ³ -fa ¹ -t'a ¹ -tsou ³	打發他走	to send him away.
a ³ -ha ¹ -hsi ³	打哈息	to gape, to yawn, to gasp.
i ³ -hang ¹	打碎	to beat the ground firm with a pounder.
i ³ -hé ¹ -yen ³ -p'ao ⁴	打黑眼泡	to solve a difficulty.
i ³ -hsiang ¹ -t'an ²	打鄉談	to converse in the local dialect.
i ³ -hsieh ⁴ -pa ² -k'uai ⁴	打卸八塊	slow process of death.
i ³ -hsien ² -ti ¹	打閒的	a beggar; to beg (t'ao ³ fan ⁴ , ch'i ³ kai ⁴).
i ³ -hsin ¹ -li ³	打心裏	of set purpose, sincerely.
i ³ -hu ¹	打呼	to snort, to snore.
i ³ -hu ² -lu ³	打呼嚕	to snore.
i ³ -hua ¹ -hua ¹ -shao ⁴	打花花哨	to get off your jokes (ironical).

ta ³ -huai ⁴	打壞	to break.
ta ³ -kuang ² -hun ¹	打黃昏	to go in the dusk.
ta ³ -huo ³	打火	to strike a light; to put out a fire.
ta ³ -huo ³ -shih ²	打伙食	to mess together (t'ung ² ts'uan ⁴).
ta ³ -i ¹ -ch'üan ²	打一拳	to give a blow with the fist.
ta ³ -i ¹ -hsia ⁴	打一下	to give a blow.
ta ³ -i ¹ -kung ¹	打一躬	to blow, to salute (tso ⁴ i ⁴).
ta ³ -i ¹ -tun ⁴	打一頓	to give him a beating.
ta ³ -jên ²	打人	to beat people (ou ¹ ta ³).
ta ³ -k'ai ¹	打開	to open, to break open (p'i ¹ k'ai ¹).
ta ³ -kao ¹ -hsing ⁴	打高興	to spoil the fun.
ta ³ -kên ¹ -t'ou ²	打跟頭	to tumble, to throw somersaults (chin ¹ tou ³).
ta ³ -k'êng ¹	打坑	to dig a grave.
ta ³ -ko ⁴ -ch'ên ² -rh ²	打個沉兒	stop a bit!
ta ³ -ko ⁴ -shih ¹ -chêng ¹	打個失性	startled.
ta ³ -ko ¹ -ta ¹	打疙瘩	to tie a knot (ta ³ chieh ² tzü ³).
ta ³ -ko ²	打呃	to hiccup, to belch.
ta ³ -ko ⁴ -têng ⁴	打個蹬	to wait a bit, to make a halt.
ta ³ -ko ⁴ -tu ³ -rh ²	打個賭兒	to bet.
ta ³ -ko ⁴ -tun ³ -rh ²	打個盹兒	to nap, to doze.
ta ³ -ku ³	打鼓	to beat a drum (lei ⁴ ku ³ ch'iao ¹ ku ³).
ta ³ -kua ⁴	打卦	to divine, to draw lots (chan ¹ pu ³).
ta ³ -kuan ¹ -ssü ¹	打官司	to go to law, to accuse (k'ung ⁴ kao ⁴).
ta ³ -kuan ¹ -ssü ¹ -ti ²	打官司的	an accuser (yüan ² kao ⁴).
ta ³ -kun ³ -rh ²	打滾兒	to roll on the ground (as animals).
ta ³ -kun ⁴	打棍	to cudgel (military punishment).
ta ³ -kung ¹	打工	to set to work.
ta ³ -kung ¹ -ma ⁴ -p'o ²	打公罵婆	utterly unfilial towards parents-in-law.
ta ³ -lan ⁴	打爛	to break.
ta ³ -lei ²	打雷	to thunder.
ta ³ -lêng ³ -ching ¹	打冷驚	all at once, suddenly (or 戰 ⁴).
ta ³ -liang ⁴	打量	to measure; to estimate; to consider.
ta ³ -liang ⁴ -ta ³ -liang ⁴	打量打量	same.
ta ³ -liao ³ -pu ⁴ -fu ²	打了不罰	beating exempts from fine.
ta ³ -lieh ⁴ -ch'ieh ¹	打趑趄	to stumble.
ta ³ -lieh ⁴	打獵	to go hunting (ta ³ wei ²).
ta ³ -ma ⁴	打罵	blows and abuse.
ta ³ -ming ²	打鳴	to announce the morning, as the cock.
ta ² -mo ²	打磨	to grind; to repair a grindstone.
ta ³ -na ³ -li ³ -lai ²	打那裏來	whence did you come?
ta ³ -nao ⁴	打鬧	to create a disturbance, to fight.
ta ³ -pa ¹ -shih ⁴	打把勢	feats of strength or arms; to box, etc. (or 式).
ta ³ -pai ⁴	打敗	defeat; to defeat.

ta ³ -pai ⁴ -chang ⁴	打敗仗	to be defeated in battle.
ta ³ -p'ai ³	打牌	to play cards (mo ³ p'ai ²).
ta ³ -pan ³ -tzū ³	打板子	to beat with the bamboo.
ta ³ -pan ⁴	打扮	to dress or ornament one's person.
ta ³ -pan ⁴ -ta ³ -pan ⁴	打扮打扮	same.
ta ³ -p'an ² -tso ⁴	打盤坐	to sit cross-legged in meditation.
ta ³ -pao ¹	打飽	to bud.
ta ³ -pao ³ -ko ²	打飽呃	to hiccup.
ta ³ -pao ⁴ -pu ⁴ -p'ing ²	打抱不平	to vindicate the oppressed.
ta ³ -pien ⁴ -tzū ³	打辮子	to plait the pigtail (pien ⁴ pien ⁴ tzū ³).
ta ³ -p'o ⁴	打破	to tear, to break.
ta ³ -p'o ⁴ -t'ou ² -hsieh ¹	打破頭楔	to drive in a wedge (metaphorical).
ta ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'i ³	打不起	unable to strike or rouse, etc.
ta ³ -pu ⁴ -ch'i ³ -lai ²	打不起來	same.
ta ³ -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -t'a ²	打不過他	cannot thrash him in a fight.
ta ³ -sao ³	打掃	to brush, to sweep.
ta ³ -sao ³ -ta ³ -sao ³	打掃打掃	same.
ta ³ -shan ⁴	打扇	to fan (another).
ta ³ -shêng ¹ -ti ¹	打牲的	sportsmen.
ta ³ -shêng ⁴ -chang ⁴	打勝仗	to conquer in battle.
ta ³ -shou ³ -mo ¹	打手摹	to sign by the impress of the thumb. See Note 67.
ta ³ -shou ³ -shih ⁴	打手勢	to talk with the fingers.
ta ³ -shu ¹ -shên ¹	打舒身	to stretch (as when yawning).
ta ³ -shui ³	打水	to draw water from a well, etc.
ta ³ -suan ⁴	打算	to suppose, to guess, to estimate, to reckon.
ta ³ -suan ⁴ -p'an ²	打算盤	to reckon on the abacus (ho ² suan ⁴).
ta ² -ssü ³	打死	to kill by a blow.
ta ³ -ssü ³ -t'a ¹	打死他	to kill him.
ta ³ -t'a ¹ -i ¹ -tun ⁴	打他一頓	give him a beating.
ta ³ -t'an ⁴	打探	to enquire, to ascertain, to explore.
ta ³ tao ³	打倒	to knock down.
ta ³ -têng ⁴ -mi ²⁴ -êrh ²	打燈謎兒	to guess lantern riddles.
ta ³ -ti ¹	打堤	to build a dyke.
ta ³ -t'i ¹ -pan ⁴	打踢絆	to stumble.
ta ³ -t'i ⁴ -fên ¹	打嚏噴	to sneeze.
ta ³ -tieh ¹ -ma ⁴ -niang ²	打爹罵娘	the unfilial son ill-treats his parents.
ta ³ -tien ³	打典	to bribe (hui ⁴ lu ⁴).
ta ³ -tien ³	打點	to look after, to make ready, to arrange.
ta ³ -tien ³ -hsing ² -li ³	打點行李	to get the baggage ready.
ta ³ -tien ³ -ta ³ -tien ³	打點打點	same.
ta ³ -t'ieh ³ -ti ¹	打鐵的	a blacksmith.
ta ³ -ting ⁴ -chu ³ -i ⁴	打定主意	to make up one's mind.
ta ³ -t'ing ¹	打聽	to enquire; to listen.

<i>ta³-t'ing¹-ta³-t'ing¹</i>	打聽打聽	to enquire; to listen.
<i>ta³-t'ing³</i>	打挺	stretch in anger, e. g., a child.
<i>ta³-t'ou²-rh²</i>	打頭兒	a head, an overseer, etc.
<i>ta³-t'ou²-chên⁴</i>	打頭陣	vanguard.
<i>ta³-tsa²-rh²-ti¹</i>	打雜兒的	a coolie.
<i>ta³-ts'ao³-ching¹-shé²</i>	打草驚蛇	to frighten out of cover (figurative).
<i>ta³-ts'ao³-kao³</i>	打草稿	to make a rough draft.
<i>ta³-tsui³</i>	打嘴	to slap the mouth; to be disgraced.
<i>ta³-tsui³-pa¹</i>	打嘴把	to slap the mouth.
<i>ta³-tu³</i>	打賭	to bet (<i>tu³ po²</i>).
<i>ta³-tuan⁴</i>	打斷	to break asunder or off; no consequence.
<i>ta³-tun³-rh²</i>	打盹兒	to nod, to doze (<i>shui⁴ chiao⁴</i>).
<i>ta³-tung⁴</i>	打動	to excite, to move.
<i>ta³-wei²</i>	打圍	to hunt or shoot game (<i>ta³ lieh⁴</i>).
<i>ta³-yao⁴</i>	打藥	a purgative (<i>hsieh⁴ yao⁴</i>).
<i>ta³-yeh³-shih²</i>	打野食	to pick up a living disreputably.
<i>ta³-yin⁴</i>	打印	to stamp.
<i>ta³-yu²</i>	打油	to buy oil.
<i>ta²-yu²-fei³</i>	打遊匪	a villainous tramp.
<i>ta³-yü²</i>	打魚	to catch fish (with a net).
<i>ta³-yü²-ti¹</i>	打魚的	a fisherman (<i>tiao⁴ yü², lao¹ yü²</i>).

TA⁴

大

大 1036a839b

<i>ta⁴-a¹-ko¹</i>	大阿哥	great; long; to enlarge.	[parent.
<i>ta⁴-an¹-rh²-ch'e¹</i>	大鞍兒車	eldest son of the Emperor or of a prince, Heir ap-	official cart (<i>hou⁴ tang¹ ch'e¹</i>).
<i>ta⁴-ch'ai¹</i>	大差	annual execution of criminals at Peking.	
<i>ta⁴-chang⁴-fu¹</i>	大丈夫	a great or good man, an eminent person.	
<i>ta⁴-ch'ang²</i>	大場	examination for 2nd and 3rd degrees.	
<i>ta⁴-ch'ê¹</i>	大車	a large cart, a waggon.	
<i>ta⁴-ch'ên²</i>	大臣	a minister of state (<i>tsai⁴ hsiang⁴</i>).	
<i>ta⁴-ch'ê³-tun³-lai²</i>	大起膽來	to brace up courage (<i>fang⁴ tan³</i>).	
<i>ta⁴-ch'ê⁴</i>	大氣	genteel, aristocratic.	
<i>ta⁴-ch'ê⁴</i>	大器	a person of great ability (<i>hsiao³ ch'ê⁴</i>).	
<i>ta⁴-ch'ê⁴-wan³-ch'êng²</i>	大器晚成	great utensils are late in completion (figurative)	
<i>ta⁴-chia¹</i>	大家	a great or wealthy family; the whole of, all	[parties.
<i>ta⁴-chia¹-huo³-rh²</i>	大家夥兒	all, the whole of, every one of them.	
<i>ta⁴-chia¹-wan⁴-rh²</i>	大家玩兒	general romping or playing.	
<i>ta⁴-chiang⁴-chün¹</i>	大將軍	a great general, commander-in-chief.	
<i>ta⁴-chiang¹</i>	大江	a great river, the Yang-tzü.	
<i>ta⁴-chiao¹</i>	大教	religion of the majority of the Chinese.	
<i>ta⁴-chiao¹-han³</i>	大叫喊	to shout, to bellow.	
<i>ta⁴-ch'iao³-jo⁴-cho¹</i>	大巧若拙	great cleverness like folly.	
<i>ta⁴-chih⁴-jo⁴-yü¹</i>	大智若愚	great wisdom seems folly.	

ta ⁴ -chieh ³	大姐	the eldest sister.
ta ⁴ -chien ⁴ -hsiao ³ -chien ⁴	大建小建	mouth with 30 and 29 days (盡 properly).
tu ⁴ -ch'ien ² -t'ien ¹	大前天	three days ago.
ta ⁴ -chin ¹	大襟	the overlap of a coat ; a bib.
ta ⁴ -ching ¹ -hsiao ³ -kuai ⁴	大驚小怪	i. e., a nervous person.
ta ⁴ -ch'ing ²	大青	smalts, gambier, a mineral green.
ta ⁴ -ch'ing ¹	大清	"great pure," name of the present dynasty.
ta ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -ch'ao ³	大清朝	the Manchu dynasty (1583—)
tu ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -kuo ²	大清國	China, under the Manchu dynasty.
ta ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -lii ⁴ -li ⁴	大清律例	the law of China (name of the book).
tu ⁴ -chiu ⁴ -tzü ³	大舅子	a wife's elder brother.
tu ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	大處	that which is great or important.
ta ⁴ -chung ⁴	大衆	all, the whole crowd.
ta ⁴ -ên ¹	大恩	great bounty or favor (hung ³ ên ¹).
ta ⁴ -êrh ² -tzü ³	大兒子	the eldest son.
ta ⁴ -fu ¹ -ts'ai ²	大發財	to get very wealthy.
ta ⁴ -fa ¹ -fa ¹ -ti ¹	大發發的	quite large, extra large.
ta ⁴ -fan ²	大凡	all, every, the whole taken individually.
ta ⁴ -fang ¹	大方	genteel, generous (kuan ¹ hung ² ta ⁴ liang ⁴).
tu ⁴ -fang ⁴ -pei ¹ -shêng ¹	大放悲聲	a loud cry of sorrow.
ta ⁴ -fang ⁴ -wu ³ -chü ¹	大放無拘	recklessly.
ta ⁴ -fên ⁴	大糞	human ordure (shih ³).
ta ⁴ -fêng ¹	大風	a great wind, a typhoon.
ta ⁴ -fêng ¹ -shui ³	大風水	a good position.
ta ⁴ -fêng ¹ -tzü ³	大風子	lucraban seed.
ta ⁴ -fo ² -ssü ⁴	大佛寺	Temple of Buddha.
ta ⁴ -fu ² -p'ü ³	大腹皮	betel-nut husk.
ta ⁴ -fu ⁴ -mu ³	大父母	heaven and earth ; the emperor.
ta ⁴ -han ³	大寒	"great cold," of the terms. See Note 21.
ta ⁴ -han ⁴	大旱	a great drought.
ta ⁴ -hsi ² -yang ²	大西洋	the Atlantic Ocean.
ta ⁴ -hsiao ³	大學	first of the "Four Books." W. I. 652.
ta ⁴ -hsiao ³	大小	"great and small," the size of.
ta ⁴ -hsiao ⁴ -hua ⁴	大笑話	a big joke.
ta ⁴ -hsieh ³	大寫	large text ; a senior clerk.
ta ⁴ -hsien ²	大賢	a man of great virtue.
ta ⁴ -hsieh ³ -ch'ü ² -nêng ²	大顯奇能	to manifest wonderful power.
ta ⁴ -hsien ⁴	大限	"the great limit," death.
ta ⁴ -hsing ² -huang ² -ti ¹	大行皇帝	His departed majesty (Death).
ta ⁴ -hsüeh ² -shih ⁴	大學士	Secretary of the Grand Council. G. 135. [21.
ta ⁴ -hsüeh ³	大雪	a great fall of snow; great snow, a term. See Note
ta ⁴ -hu ⁴	大戶	a rich family (fu ⁴ hu ⁴).
ta ⁴ -hua ⁴	大話	to boast, boasting.

<i>ta⁴-huan²</i>	大黃	rhubarb (read <i>tai</i>).
<i>ta⁴-huan²-li⁴</i>	大皇曆	the imperial almanack (<i>hsien⁴ shu¹</i>).
<i>ta⁴-huan²-shang⁴</i>	大皇上	His majesty the Emperor.
<i>ta⁴-huan²-ti⁴</i>	大皇帝	same.
<i>ta⁴-hung²-ch'iao³</i>	大紅巧	the nasturtium.
<i>ta⁴-hung²-sê⁴</i>	大紅色	crimson.
<i>ta⁴-huo³</i>	大伙	a chief mate.
<i>ta⁴-huo⁴-lin⁴-shên¹</i>	大禍臨身	a great calamity has come on me,
<i>ta⁴-i⁴</i>	大意	chief idea; confident.
<i>ta⁴-i⁴-ssü¹</i>	大意思	the general idea.
<i>ta⁴-jên²</i>	大人	a great man; your excellency.
<i>ta⁴-jou⁴</i>	大肉	pork (<i>chu¹ jou⁴</i>).
<i>ta⁴-ju²-ch'üan²</i>	大如拳	as large as the fist.
<i>ta⁴-kai⁴</i>	大概	generally, probably, chiefly; an outline. M. 260.
<i>ta⁴-k'ai¹</i>	大開	wide open.
<i>ta⁴-ko¹</i>	大哥	elder brother.
<i>ta⁴-ku¹</i>	大姑	Taku, the port of Tientsin.
<i>ta⁴-ku¹-niang²</i>	大姑娘	eldest daughter.
<i>ta⁴-kua⁴</i>	大褂	a long coat.
<i>ta⁴-kuan¹-chieh²-mu⁴</i>	大關節目	the general outline.
<i>ta⁴-kuan¹-üan²</i>	大官員	high rank officials.
<i>ta⁴-kuei¹-nü³</i>	大閨女	a great girl (one fit for marriage).
<i>ta⁴-kung¹</i>	大恭	"great respect," to evacuate.
<i>ta⁴-kung¹</i>	大工	master-workman, as opposed to assistant.
<i>ta⁴-kung¹-wu²-ssü¹</i>	大公無私	just and equal.
<i>ta⁴-kung⁴</i>	大共	the whole.
<i>ta⁴-lao³-yeh²</i>	大老爺	[trate]. a title of respect, your honour (to <i>hsien</i> magis-
<i>ta⁴-liang⁴</i>	大諒	most likely, probably (<i>liang⁴ pi⁴</i>).
<i>ta⁴-liao⁴</i>	大畧	generally, general outline, generally speaking.
<i>ta⁴-liao⁴-hsiang¹-chin⁴</i>	大畧相近	generally speaking; nearly the same.
<i>ta⁴-liao⁴</i>	大料	aniseed star.
<i>ta⁴-lien²-pu⁴</i>	大蓮布	American drill.
<i>ta⁴-lu⁴</i>	大鹿	"the great deer," the red deer.
<i>ta⁴-lu⁴-k'ou³</i>	大路	the middle of the road.
<i>ta⁴-ma¹</i>	大媽	an aunt, father's elder brother's wife.
<i>ta⁴-ma²</i>	大麻	hemp.
<i>ta⁴-ma²-jên²</i>	大麻仁	hempseed.
<i>ta⁴-ma⁴</i>	大罵	violent reviling.
<i>ta⁴-mai³-mai⁴</i>	大買賣	a great business or trade.
<i>ta⁴-mai⁴</i>	大麥	barley.
<i>ta⁴-mao⁴-ya⁴-t'ou²</i>	大帽壓頭	to severely repress, e. g., juniors by seniors.
<i>ta⁴-mên²</i>	大門	the great gate, the front door.
<i>ta⁴-mên²-hu⁴</i>	大門戶	a great or wealthy family.

ta ⁴ .mi ³	大米	rice, as opposed to millet (<i>hsiao mi</i>).
ta ⁴ .ming ³	大名	a great name or reputation.
ta ⁴ -mu ² .ta ⁴ .yang ⁴	大模大樣	an ostentatious manner (ang ² ang ² ch ⁴ i ⁴ hsiang ⁴).
ta ⁴ -mu ³ .chih ² .t'ou ²	大拇指頭	the thumb.
ta ⁴ -mu ³ -chiao ³ .chih ³	大拇腳指	the great toe.
ta ⁴ -nan ⁴	大難	a great calamity.
ta ⁴ -ni ²	大呢	broadcloth (k'a ¹ la ¹).
ta ¹ -ni ² -kuo ²	大坭國	Denmark.
ta ⁴ -niang ²	大娘	an aunt, father's elder brother's wife.
ta ⁴ nin ¹ .r ^h ²	大姪兒	a great girl.
ta ⁴ -pai ³	大擺	to swagger.
ta ¹ -pai ³ .tzū ³	大伯子	a husband's elder brother.
ta ⁴ -p'ai ²	大牌	a grand chop or clearance.
ta ⁴ -pan ¹	大班	supercargo; head constable, thief-catchers,
ta ⁴ -pan ⁴	大半	the greater part, the biggest half. M. 260.
ta ¹ -pan ³ .hsi ⁴	大梆戲	noisy style of music.
ta ⁴ -pao ¹ .lan ³	大包攬	to contract for doing anything.
ta ⁴ -p'ao ⁴	大砲	cannon, artillery.
ta ¹ -p'én ²	大盆	to be brought to bed, confinement. See Note 52.
ta ⁴ -pi ³	大筆	"a large pencil," good writing or composition.
ta ⁴ -pi ⁴ -chih ¹ .nien ²	大比之年	year of Peking examinations.
ta ⁴ -pien ⁴	大便	"great convenience," to evacuate.
ta ⁴ -pien ⁴ -pu ⁴ .t'ung ¹	大便不通	constipation.
ta ⁴ -pien ⁴ -ying ³	大便硬	costive.
ta ⁴ -ping ¹	大兵	"grand army," imperial troops.
ta ⁴ -po ² .r ^h ²	大伯兒	a husband's elder brother, an uncle.
ta ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ch'i ³	大不起	cannot exceed in greatness.
ta ¹ -pu ⁴ -hsiang ¹ .t'ung ²	大不相同	not at all alike, entirely different, very unlike.
ta ¹ -pu ⁴ -liao ³	大不了	it cannot be big.
ta ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ta ⁴	大不大	is it large or not?
ta ⁴ -pu ⁴ -t'ung ²	大不同	very unlike, entirely different.
ta ⁴ -sao ³	大嫂	the eldest brother's wife; term of respect (shên ³).
ta ⁴ -shan ¹	大衫	a long shirt or gown.
ta ⁴ -sha ⁴	大廈	a big portico.
ta ⁴ -shé ⁴	大赦	a general pardon granted by the Emperor.
ta ¹ -shêng ¹ .i ⁴	大生意	a great business.
ta ⁴ -shêng ¹ -chiao ⁴ .han ³	大聲叫喊	to shout, to bellow, to roar out.
ta ⁴ -shih ¹ -fu ⁴	大師傅	head-cook, a steward (ch'u ² tzū ³).
ta ⁴ -shih ⁴	大勢	condition, circumstances.
ta ⁴ -shih ⁴	大事	important affairs; great affairs of state.
ta ⁴ -shou ²	大熟	a good crop.
ta ⁴ -shou ³ -ta ⁴ -chiao ³	大手大腳	extravagant.
ta ⁴ -shu ³	大暑	"great heat," a term. See Note 21

<i>ta⁴-shui³</i>	大水	high water ; an inundation.
<i>ta⁴-ssü²-wu⁴</i>	大司務	a cook ; a master of any profession, etc.
<i>ta⁴-ta⁴</i>	大大	an aunt, father's elder brother's wife.
<i>ta⁴-ta⁴-ti¹</i>	大大的	very large, greatly.
<i>ta⁴-tan³</i>	大膽	bravery, courage (<i>tan³ liang²</i>).
<i>ta⁴-t'an²-tzü³</i>	大彈子	a cannon ball.
<i>ta⁴-t'ang²</i>	大堂	principal hall in a yamên. etc.
<i>ta⁴-tao⁴</i>	大道	the highway, the high road.
<i>ta⁴ tao⁴ shêng¹-ts'ai²</i>	大道生財	the high road to wealth (placarded in shops).
<i>ta⁴-tao⁴-wei²-kung¹</i>	大道維公	only the great doctrine is just.
<i>ta⁴-tê²</i>	大德	a man of great virtue.
<i>ta⁴-tê²-hên³</i>	大得狠	very large.
<i>ta⁴-tien³</i>	大典	great favour or bounty ; great affairs of state.
<i>ta⁴-t'ing¹</i>	大廳	a great hall, a guest's hall.
<i>ta⁴-t'ing⁴</i>	大艇	a chop-boat.
<i>ta⁴-t'ou²-ts'ai⁴</i>	大頭菜	salted turnips.
<i>ta⁴-ts'ai²-hsiao³-yung¹</i>	大材小用	waste or misuse of materials or talent.
<i>ta⁴-tsao³</i>	大棗	a kind of date or plum.
<i>ta⁴-ts'ao³</i>	大草	liquorice root ; running hand.
<i>ta⁴-ts'u¹-mai¹</i>	大粗麥	a coarse kind of barley.
<i>ta⁴ tsui¹-êrh²-kuei¹</i>	大醉而歸	to get dead drunk and go home.
<i>ta⁴-tsung¹-êrh²</i>	大宗兒	the larger proportion.
<i>ta⁴-t'ui³</i>	大腿	thigh.
<i>ta⁴-tun³</i>	大鼈	all the more.
<i>ta⁴ t'ung²-hsiao³-i⁴</i>	大同小異	only slightly different.
<i>ta⁴-t'ü²-ta¹-pei¹</i>	大慈大悲	of great compassion, e. g., Kuan Yin.
<i>ta⁴-wan¹-hua¹</i>	大彎花	the convolvulus.
<i>ta⁴-yang¹-ko¹</i>	大秧歌	songs sung by men on stilts.
<i>ta⁴-yang⁴-yang¹-ti¹</i>	大樣樣的	very large, ample.
<i>ta⁴-yao³-ta⁴-pai³</i>	大搖大擺	a great swagger.
<i>ta⁴ yeh²</i>	大爺	a paternal uncle, a father's elder brother.
<i>ta⁴-yen¹</i>	大烟	opium (<i>ying¹ su⁴ hua¹, ya⁴ p'ien⁴</i>).
<i>ta⁴-yen¹-ch'iang¹</i>	大烟鎗	pipe used in smoking opium.
<i>ta⁴-yen¹-kuei³</i>	大烟鬼	an opium sot.
<i>ta⁴-yen¹-yin³</i>	大烟癮	the craving for opium.
<i>ta⁴-yen²-pu¹-ts'ai²</i>	大言不慙	though he speaks big, he will not come short.
<i>ta⁴-yen⁴</i>	大鴈	the wild goose.
<i>ta⁴-ying¹-kuo²</i>	大英國	England.
<i>ta⁴-yo¹</i>	大約	[<i>liang⁴ hsiang³</i>]. most probably, for the most part ; nearly, about
<i>ta⁴-yo¹-mo²</i>	大約模	to estimate, to calculate.
<i>ta⁴-yu³-nien³</i>	大有年	a prosperous harvest.
<i>ta⁴-yu³-i²-ch'u⁴</i>	大有益處	is very advantageous.
<i>ta⁴-yü³</i>	大雨	a heavy shower, heavy rain (<i>p'ei⁴ jan² ta⁴ yü³</i>).

- t⁴a⁴-yü³-shih²-hsing² 大雨時行 the 6th month
 ta⁴-yung³-jo¹-ch'ieh¹ 大勇若怯 great bravery is like timidity.
- T⁴A¹** 人 他 1042b840a he, him, it, her, that.
 t⁴a¹-fang¹ 他方 another quarter.
 t⁴a¹-ho²-wo³ 他和我 he and I.
 t⁴a¹-hsiang¹ 他鄉 another region.
 t⁴a¹-jên² 他人 another man, a third person, that person (read t'ò).
 t⁴a¹-jih⁴ 他日 another day (read t'ò).
 t⁴a¹-kên¹-wo³ 他跟我 he and I.
 t⁴a¹-lia³ 他倆 they two.
 t⁴a¹-liang³-ko⁴ 他兩個 same.
 t⁴a¹-mên¹ 他們 they them.
 t⁴a¹-mên¹-ti¹ 他們的 theirs.
 t⁴a¹-na³-ko⁴-jên² 他那个人 that person.
 t⁴a¹-ti¹ 他的 his, hers, its.
 t⁴a¹-tzü⁴-chi³ 他自己 he himself.
 t⁴a¹ 土 塌 1042c843a to sink down (t'an¹ t'a¹).
 t⁴a¹-liang² 塌梁 (樑) the main beam has fallen (fig.).
 t⁴a¹-liao³-yang⁴-la¹ 塌了秧喇 the paddy has been flattened down.
 t⁴a¹ liao³-yao² 塌了窖 the cellar has fallen in.
 t⁴a¹-t'ien¹-ta⁴-huo⁴ 塌天大禍 a calamity as great as if the heavens fell.
 t⁴a¹ 是 遜 1043a843b to spoil, to injure; a hurried, hasty step.
 t⁴a¹-la² 遜遜 careless and slovenly, untidy (sa¹ cho² hsieh²).
 t⁴a¹ 水 濕 1043a842c to moisten.
 t⁴a¹-t'ou⁴ 濕透 soaked through, e. g., sweat.
- T⁴A³** 犬 獺 1043c844c the otter.
 t⁴a³-kan¹ 獺肝 otter's liver (a medicine).
 t⁴a³ 土塔 a pagoda
- T⁴A⁴** 手 搨 1041b843c to take a rubbing, to scrawl.
 t⁴a⁴ 土塔 1043b843c a pagoda, a spire.
 t⁴a⁴ 木榻 1042c843a a couch, a bed (ch'uang²).
 t⁴a⁴ (tzü) 手撻 1038b844a to strike, to beat, to chastise.
 t⁴a⁴ 足 踏 1042a842b to trample on.
 t⁴a⁴-ch'ing¹-êrh² 踏青兒 to step on the green grass, to worship at the
 t⁴a⁴-hsüeh³-hsün²-mei² 踏雪尋梅 to go out in the snow to look for plums,
 t⁴a⁴ 水漚 1043c844b to moisten, soak into.
 t⁴a⁴ 足 躓 1044a844c to slip when walking.
- TAI¹** 木 呆 1044b619b silly, idiotic, foolish. (Also nieh²).
 ai¹ 犬 獸 same (han¹, ch'ih² tai¹).
 ai¹-tzü³ 獸子 an idiot, a simpleton.

TAI³ 歹 歹人 1044bS44a
 tai³ jên²

bad, vicious (o⁴ jên²).
 a bad man (hao³ tai³).

TAI¹ 人代 1044cS44a
 tai⁴-chiao³ 代脚
 tai¹-ch'iu² 代求
 tai¹-ch'üan² 代權
 tai⁴-jên⁴ 代任
 tai⁴-knan³ 代館
 tai⁴ lao² 代勞
 tai-lí²-shih⁴-ti¹ 代理事的
 tai⁴-mai³ tsa²-huo⁴ 代置雜貨
 tai⁴ pan⁴ 代辦
 tai⁴ pi³ 代筆
 tai¹-shou³ 代手
 tai¹-shu¹-ti¹ 代書的
 tai⁴-tang¹ 代當
 tai⁴-t i⁴-ch'ui³-shih³ 代替差使
 tai¹-tien⁴ 代墊
 tai¹-tso⁴ 代作
 tai¹-wei¹ 代爲
 tai-yin⁴ 代印
 tai⁴ 巾縹帶 1045bS46b
 tai-ch'ü⁴ 帶去
 tai⁴-hsin⁴ 帶信
 tai⁴-hui²-lai² 帶回來
 tai⁴-i¹-t'iao² 帶一條
 tai⁴-ko⁴-hao³-ch'ü⁴ 帶個好去
 tai¹-ko⁴-hao³ êrh² 帶個好兒
 tai¹-ko⁴ jên² 帶個人
 tai¹-k'ou³ ping¹ 帶口病
 tai⁴-lai² 帶來
 tai⁴-lei⁴ 帶累
 tai¹-ling³ 帶領
 tai⁴-ling⁵-yin³-chien⁴ 帶領引見
 tai¹-ping¹-ti¹ 帶兵的
 tai¹-pu⁴-liao³-lai² 帶不了來
 tai⁴-shang¹ 帶傷
 tai⁴-shu¹ 帶書
 tai⁴-shui³-rên² 帶水人
 tai¹-tao¹-rh² 帶道兒
 tai⁴-tao¹-ti¹ 帶道的
 tai⁴-tiao⁴ 帶掉

a generation, an age; for, instead of.
 to give one a lift (on the road, etc.).
 to intercede for, to beg for.
 delegated authority.
 to act as substitute (official).
 to teach in place of.
 to do for one,
 an agent.
 to buy sundries for another.
 a deputy; to depute.
 a writer for others,
 to lend a hand.
 sort of attorney.
 to do in place of.
 acting as locum tenens (official).
 to pay for another person.
 to act or do for another,
 instead of, in behalf of.
 to act for another official.
 a girdle; ribbon, tape; to lead; to bring; to [carry
 to carry off.
 to carry a letter.
 to bring back.
 a bandage.
 convey my respects to.
 to convey one's respects to another.
 to take a man with you.
 bad peculiarity of speech.
 to bring.
 to encumber, to impede.
 to direct, to take under one's charge.
 to be led into the presence of the Emperor.
 a troop leader.
 could not bring.
 to be wounded.
 to carry a letter.
 a pilot.
 to guide.
 a guide (ling³ lu⁴).
 to neutralize, to vitiate.

<i>tai⁴.tien³.tung¹.hsi¹</i>	帶點東西	take some (food) with you.
<i>tai⁴.tso⁴.pu⁴-tso⁴</i>	帶作不作	to dilly-dally.
<i>tai⁴.tui⁴.ti¹</i>	帶隊的	a leader of troops.
<i>tai⁴.tzū³</i>	帶子	a ribbon, a sash, a girdle, a belt.
<i>tai⁴</i>	待 ^彳 1047a845a	to wait, provided against; to behave to. M. 133.
<i>tai⁴.ch'êng³</i>	待承	to treat well.
<i>tai⁴.hao³</i>	待好	to behave well to (man ⁴ tai ⁴)
<i>tai⁴.hou².ch'in¹.yu³</i>	待候親友	to entertain friends and guests.
<i>tai⁴.hou⁴</i>	待厚	to treat generously.
<i>tai⁴.-i¹.hui¹.-rh²</i>	待一會兒	wait a little.
<i>tai⁴.jên².ch'in¹.jê⁴</i>	待人親熱	to treat a person cordially.
<i>tai⁴.k'o⁴</i>	待客	to wait on guests (ying ² chieh ¹).
<i>tai⁴.liang³-t'ien¹</i>	待兩天	wait a couple of days.
<i>tai⁴.pu⁴.hao³</i>	待不好	to behave badly to.
<i>tai⁴.shih³</i>	待時	wait for the time; don't hurry (têng ² i ¹ têng ³).
<i>tai⁴.-t'ou²</i>	待頭	time for staying.
<i>tai⁴.-yo⁴</i>	待要	will (futuraity).
<i>tai⁴</i>	怠 ^心 1046c845c	[cilious, slow, lazy, negligent, careless, remiss; super-sluggish and lazy.
<i>tai⁴.huan³</i>	怠緩	to neglect; negligent; disrespectful (lêng ³ k'o ⁴).
<i>tai⁴.-man⁴</i>	怠慢	indolent, lazy.
<i>tai⁴.-to⁴</i>	怠惰	careless, lazy, inattentive (lan ³ to ⁴).
<i>tai⁴.-wan⁴</i>	怠玩	to wear on the head; to bear; to sustain; to occur.
<i>tai⁴</i>	戴 ^戈 1046c844b	to wear spectacles.
<i>ai⁴.ching⁴.tzū³</i>	戴鏡子	to wear flowers.
<i>ai⁴.hua¹.érh²</i>	戴花兒	to wear a feather.
<i>ai⁴.ling².tzū³</i>	戴翎子	to wear a hat or cap.
<i>ai⁴.mao⁴.tzū³</i>	戴帽子	to put a bridle on a horse, etc.
<i>ai⁴.p'ei⁴-t'ou²</i>	戴轡頭	to wear head ornaments.
<i>ai⁴.shou³.shih³</i>	戴首飾	to wear the button.
<i>ai⁴.ting³.rh²</i>	戴頂兒	to wear glasses.
<i>ai⁴.yen³.ching⁴</i>	戴眼鏡	large, great. See <i>ta⁴</i> .
<i>ai⁴</i>	大 ^大 1036a839b	rhubarb.
<i>ai⁴.huang²</i>	大黃	a doctor (i ¹ shêng ¹).
<i>u¹.fu¹</i>	大夫	a freebooter; snake worshipped by Chinese.
<i>ai⁴.wang²</i>	大王	to begin; to approach; nearly, about to; dan-nearly exhausted. [gerous.
<i>u¹</i>	歹 ^歹 1046b846a	half dead and alive (pau ⁴ ssū ³ pu ⁴ huo ²).
<i>u¹.chin⁴</i>	殆盡	the whites.
<i>u¹.ssū³.pu⁴.huo²</i>	殆死不活	same.
<i>u¹</i>	疳 ^疳 1046a846c	
<i>u¹.ping⁴</i>	疳病	a bag, a purse; a sash; a cover for books.
<i>u¹</i>	衣袋	to borrow; to lend; to confer, to give; to forgive.
<i>u¹</i>	貝	to lend (chieh ⁴ ch'ien ²).
<i>u¹.chieh⁴</i>	貸借	

<i>tai</i> ⁴	玉 瑋	玳瑁 ^{1045a845a}	tortoise-shell.
<i>tai</i> ⁴ - <i>mao</i> ⁴		玳瑁	same.
<i>tai</i> ⁴	黑 黛	黛 ^{1047b845c}	painted eyebrows; to paint the eyebrows.
T'AI¹	肉	胎 ^{1019a847a}	the womb; pregnancy; a foetus.
<i>t'ai</i> ¹ - <i>ch'ien</i> ² <i>ch'an</i> ⁴ - <i>hou</i> ⁴		胎前產後	during pregnancy and after child birth.
<i>t'ai</i> ¹ - <i>hing</i> ²		胎形	the figure of the embryo in the womb.
<i>t'ai</i> ¹ - <i>i</i> ⁴		胎衣	the womb.
<i>t'ai</i> ¹ - <i>lai</i> ² - <i>hung</i> ²		胎來洪	born in affluence.
<i>t'ai</i> ¹ . <i>li</i> ³ . <i>tai</i> ⁴ - <i>ti</i> ¹		胎裏帶的	congenital, e g., deformity.
<i>t'ai</i> ¹ - <i>luan</i> ³ . <i>shih</i> ¹ - <i>hua</i> ⁴		胎卵濕化	the four kinds of birth.
<i>t'ai</i> ¹ - <i>pao</i> ¹		胎胞	the womb.
<i>t'ai</i> ¹ - <i>shêng</i> ¹		胎生	viviparous, born from the womb.
<i>t'ai</i> ¹ - <i>tung</i> ⁴		胎動	the movement of a child in the womb.
<i>t'ai</i> ¹ - <i>yün</i> ⁴		胎孕	conception, pregnancy (<i>shên</i> ¹ <i>yün</i> ¹ , <i>yün</i> ⁴ <i>yü</i> ⁴).
<i>t'ai</i> ¹	艸	苔 ^{1049b848a}	moss, lichens.
<i>t'ai</i> ¹ - <i>lei</i> ⁴		苔類	the class of mosses and lichens in Chinese botany.
T'AI²	手	抬 ^{1048b848a}	to carry on the shoulders, to lift, to raise; to same (<i>k'ang</i> ² , <i>pei</i> ⁴). <i>K'ang tai</i> ² [move.
<i>t'ai</i> ²		擡	carry, to lift up.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>ch'i</i> ³ - <i>lai</i> ²		擡起來	to raise the price.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>chia</i> ⁴		擡價	large two-man gun, gingal.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>ch'iang</i> ¹		擡鎗	to carry a sedan.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>chiao</i> ⁴		擡轎	let us carry it!
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>cho</i> ² <i>pa</i> ⁴		擡着罷	to exalt, to lift up, to praise; conceited.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>chü</i> ³		擡舉	carry it back.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>hui</i> ² - <i>ch'ü</i> ⁴		擡回去	to carry on a pole, to contradict, to argue.
<i>t'ai</i> ² <i>kang</i> ⁴		擡扛	spectacular procession in honor of the gods.
<i>t'ai</i> ² <i>ko</i> ²		擡閣	to beg forgiveness.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>knei</i> ⁴ - <i>shou</i> ³		擡貴手	to publish the examination lists.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>pang</i> ³		擡榜	unable to raise.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>pu</i> ⁴ - <i>ch'i</i> ³ - <i>lai</i> ²		擡不起來	can't carry because too heavy.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>pu</i> ⁴ - <i>tung</i> ⁴		擡不動	hands and feet in action.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>shou</i> ² - <i>tung</i> ⁴ - <i>chiao</i> ³		擡手動脚	to raise the head.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>t'ou</i> ²		擡頭	New Year's congratulations or placard.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>t'ou</i> ² - <i>chien</i> ⁴ - <i>hsi</i> ³		擡頭見喜	capital letter. G. 121—128. Note 83.
<i>t'ai</i> ² <i>t'ou</i> ² - <i>tzü</i> ⁴		擡頭字	eminent; a title, sir.
<i>t'ai</i> ²	口	台 ^{1048c847a}	for your Honor's inspection (epistolary).
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>chao</i> ⁴		台照	Daiji—lowest order of Mongolian nobility.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>chi</i> ²		台吉	for your information (epistolary).
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>ch'i</i> ³		台啟	you, sir (<i>ko</i> ² <i>hsia</i> ⁴).
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>chia</i> ⁴		台駕	steps to high building, ascent.
<i>t'ai</i> ² - <i>chieh</i> ¹		台階	

t'ai²-ch'ien²
 t'ai²-fu³
 t'ai²-hsia⁴
 t'ai²-mien⁴
 t'ai²-ming⁴
 t'ai² (tzu)
 t'ai²-wan¹-tao³

台前
 台甫
 台下面
 台面
 台命
 台臺
 臺灣島

至

1048b848b

before the bench (judge).
 your honored name, sir.
 honored Sir.
 the face of anything ; in public.
 exalted decree, your orders.
 a terrace, a stage, a gallery.
 Formosa.

T'AI⁴

大

太 1047b848c

t'ai⁴ ai³
 t'ai⁴-ch'ü²
 t'ai⁴-ch'ü²-t'u²
 t'ai⁴-chien⁴
 t'ai⁴-ch'u¹
 t'ai⁴-fu¹-jên²
 t'ai⁴-fu¹
 t'ai⁴-hao⁴-fei⁴
 t'ai⁴ hou⁴
 t'ai⁴-hsi²
 t'ai⁴-hsi⁴-pu⁴-ch'ü⁴
 t'ai⁴ hu²-tu⁴
 t'ai⁴-i¹ yüan⁴
 t'ai⁴-kao¹
 t'ai⁴-ku³
 t'ai⁴-k'ung¹
 t'ai⁴ kuo⁴
 t'ai⁴-kuo⁴-fên¹
 t'ai⁴-kuo⁴-yü²
 t'ai⁴-lao³
 t'ai⁴-lao³-yeh²
 t'ai⁴-lêng³ t'ai⁴-jê⁴
 t'ai⁴-li¹-hai⁴
 t'ai⁴-pao³
 t'ai⁴-p'ing²
 t'ai⁴-p'ing²-ch'ê¹
 t'ai⁴-p'ing²-yang²
 t'ai⁴-p'ing²-yao⁴
 t'ai⁴-pu⁴-hsiao³-hsin¹
 t'ai⁴-shan¹-i³-tzu³
 t'ai⁴-shang¹
 t'ai⁴-shang⁴-lao³-chün¹
 t'ai⁴-shao³
 t'ai⁴-shên⁴

太矮
 太極
 太極圖
 太監
 太初
 太夫人
 太傅
 太耗費
 太后
 太息
 太下去
 太糊塗
 太醫院
 太高
 太古
 太空
 太過
 太過分
 太過逾
 太牢
 太老爺
 太冷太熱
 太極害
 太保
 太平
 太平車
 太平洋
 太平藥
 太不小心
 太山椅子
 太上
 太上老君
 太少
 太甚

large, great ; excessive, too ; much. M. 59.
 too low.
 eternal ; the first principle, the Great Extreme.
 plan of the Great Extreme ; heaven and earth. *Kuo*
 a eunuch (yen¹ ko¹).
 the first beginning (of the world).
 mother of an official.
 a royal preceptor. G. 138.
 too extravagant.
 the Emperor's mother
 very ancient ; in remote antiquity.
 too hard to be overlooked.
 too stupid
 Imperial School of Medicine.
 too high.
 very ancient.
 heaven.
 excessive, over, more than enough ; great fault.
 too excessive.
 same.
 ox, so called at sacrifices.
 the father of official, etc.
 too cold, too hot.
 very severe.
 a guardian ; a royal preceptor. G. 139.
 peace, peaceful, tranquil, general, peace.
 a four-wheeled farmer's cart.
 the Pacific ocean.
 a mild medicine.
 very careless.
 high-backed arm-chair.
 the Emperor's father ; the Supreme.
 the founder of the Taoist sect.
 too few.
 excessive, too greatly, to exceed.

<i>t'ai⁴-shêng³-chien³</i>	太省儉	too economical.
<i>t'ai⁴-shih¹</i>	太師	a royal preceptor.
<i>t'ai⁴-shih¹-i³</i>	太師椅	high-backed arm-chair.
<i>t'ai¹-shih³</i>	太史	the president of historiographers.
<i>t'ai⁴-shih³-ti⁴</i>	太史第	a Hanlin.
<i>t'ai⁴-shih³-yung²-i⁴</i>	太是容易	it is very easy, or too easy.
<i>t'ai¹-sui⁴</i>	太歲	a great year ; a year god. M. 608.
<i>t'ai¹-ta⁴</i>	太太	too large.
<i>t'ai⁴-t'ai⁴</i>	太太	an old lady, a lady, a mandarin's wife ; ladyship
<i>t'ai⁴-to¹</i>	太多	too much, too many.
<i>t'ai¹-tsu¹</i>	太祖	oldest ancestor of a clan.
<i>t'ai⁴-tsung¹</i>	太宗	founder of T'ang dynasty.
<i>t'ai⁴-tzu³</i>	太子	the heir apparent ; sons of the Emperor G. 10
<i>t'ai¹-tzi³-shao³-pao³</i>	太子少保	Junior guardian of the heir apparent, G. 142
<i>t'ai¹ yang²</i>	太陽	the sun ; the temples (jih ⁴ t'ou ²).
<i>t'ai¹-yeh²</i>	太爺	your worship.
<i>t'ai¹-yin¹</i>	太陰	the moon (yüeh ⁴ liang ⁴).
<i>t'ai⁴</i>	水 泰	1049c848b great, large, excessive ; liberal.
<i>t'ai⁴-hsi¹-kuo²</i>	泰西國	Western or European nations.
<i>t'ai¹-shan¹</i>	泰山	a celebrated hill in Shantung.
<i>t'ai¹-yün⁴</i>	泰運	a good destiny or time.
<i>t'ai⁴</i>	心 態	1050a849b to reflect ; behaviour, gait, manner, figure ; an
<i>t'ai¹-tu⁴</i>	態度	behaviour, gait, manner.
<i>t'ai⁴</i>	水 汰	1048a848c to rinse, to wash out ; excessive.
TAN¹	口 單	單 1050b849c alone, one, single, odd, only ; a bill. M. 117 (tu ²)
<i>tan¹-chang¹</i>	單張	a tract or sheet.
<i>tan¹-cho¹</i>	單檯	a single table.
<i>tan¹-han²</i>	單寒	thin and cold ; poor and distressed.
<i>tan¹-i¹</i>	單衣	clothes without lining
<i>tan¹-i¹-shang¹</i>	單衣裳	same (chia ⁴ mien ²).
<i>tan¹-jên²-tu²-ma³</i>	單人獨馬	a solitary horseman ; alone, solitary.
<i>tan¹-jih¹-shuang²-jih⁴</i>	單日雙日	the odd and even days.
<i>tan¹-mên²-tu¹-hu⁴</i>	單門獨戶	the only family of the name in the place.
<i>tan¹-pao²</i>	單薄	thin, poor, weak, deficient.
<i>tan¹-p'ien⁴-êrh²</i>	單片兒	a tract or sheet of paper.
<i>tan¹-shan¹</i>	單衫	a single garment, a shirt.
<i>tan¹-shan⁴-mên²</i>	單扇門	a single-leaved door.
<i>tan¹-shêng¹-hsia⁴-t'a¹</i>	單賸下他	he alone was left.
<i>tan¹-shu⁴</i>	單數	an odd number (shuang ¹ shu ⁴).
<i>tan¹-shou³</i>	單首	the head of a bill.
<i>tan¹-shuang¹</i>	單雙	single and double ; odd and even.
<i>tan¹-ssü¹-ping⁴</i>	單思病	love-sickness (hsiang ³ ssü ³ ping ⁴).

<i>tan¹-tan¹</i>	單單	one; only, merely.
<i>tan¹-tan¹-rh²-ti¹</i>	單單兒的	only, nothing more than—, merely; one.
<i>tan¹-t'uo⁴.ch'ê¹</i>	單套車	cart drawn by one animal
<i>tan¹-t'ieh¹</i>	單帖	a bill, a note.
<i>tan¹-tu³</i>	單獨	alone, single.
<i>tan¹-tzū³</i>	單子	a bill, a note, etc.
<i>tan¹-wei³</i>	單尾	the end of a bill.
<i>tan¹-wei¹</i>	單爲	specially, simply
<i>tan¹-yen³-hsia²</i> [<i>yüeh⁴</i>]	單眼瞎	one-eyed (<i>shuang¹ shih¹ mu⁴</i>).
<i>tan¹-yüeh⁴-shuang¹</i>	單月雙月	the odd and even moons.
<i>tan¹</i>	手擔 ^{1052c850c}	a pole; to bear on shoulders; a load.
<i>tan¹-chang⁴</i>	擔杖	a pole for carrying
<i>tan¹-ch'êng³</i>	擔承	to undertake an affair.
<i>tan¹-ch'î³.lai²-la¹</i>	擔起來喇	to be responsible for.
<i>tan¹-ching¹</i>	擔驚	to be frightened.
<i>tan¹-ching¹-shou⁴-p'a⁴</i>	擔驚受怕	in a state of fear and alarm.
<i>tan¹-cho²-tsui⁴-ming²</i>	擔着罪名	you also are involved in the accusation.
<i>tan¹-fu⁴</i>	擔負	to b-ar, to sustain.
<i>tan¹-hsien¹</i>	擔險	to undertake a dangerous affair.
<i>tan¹-pao³</i>	擔保	to be security for any one.
<i>tan¹-pu⁴-tung⁴</i>	擔不動	too heavy to carry.
<i>tan¹ shih⁴</i>	擔事	to bear responsibility (<i>ch'êng² tang¹</i>).
<i>tan¹-shui³</i>	擔水	to carry water with pole and pails (<i>t'iao¹ shui³</i>).
<i>tan¹-tai⁴</i>	擔待	to bear, to put up with, to endure.
<i>tan¹-tai⁴</i>	擔代	to take on oneself to.
<i>tan¹-tan⁴</i>	擔擔	to carry a load.
<i>tan¹-tang¹</i>	擔當	to endure, to bear
<i>tan¹-tang¹-pu⁴-chu⁴</i>	擔當不住	unable to endure, unbearable (<i>ch'ih¹ pu⁴ chu⁴</i>).
<i>tan¹-tang¹-tê²-chu⁴</i>	擔當得住	able to endure, bearable.
<i>tan¹-tê²-ch'î³</i>	擔得起	can sustain or bear up.
<i>tan¹ yu¹</i>	擔憂	to bear sorrow.
<i>tan¹</i>	丹 ^{1052a849a}	pills; red, carnation; a red stone.
<i>tan¹-chu¹</i>	丹朱	red.
<i>tan¹-chu¹</i>	丹硃	same.
<i>tan¹-hsin¹</i>	丹心	a sincere heart.
<i>tan¹-hung²</i>	丹紅	red.
<i>tan¹-kuei⁴</i>	丹桂	cinnamon.
<i>tan¹-kuo²</i>	丹國	Denmark.
<i>tan¹-sha¹</i>	丹砂	cinuabar, vermilion.
<i>tan¹-t'ien²</i>	丹田	pubic region.
<i>tan¹-wan²</i>	丹丸	boluses, pills.
<i>tan¹</i>	身耽 ^{1052a849b}	to loiter, delay.
<i>tan¹-fan²-yu¹</i>	耽煩憂	anxious, worried.

tan¹-ko¹
 tan¹-lê⁴
 tan¹-tai⁴
 tan¹-tan¹
 tan¹-wu⁴
 tan¹-wu⁴-pu⁴-liao³
 tan¹-yen²
 tan¹

耽擱
 耽樂
 耽待
 耽耽
 耽誤
 耽誤不了
 耽延

耳 耽 1052a849b

to loiter, to delay (ch'ih² mu⁴).
 excessive delight (in a bad sense).
 tō look over, to be lenient with (pao¹ han²).
 a fierce look ; to covet.
 to delay, to take up time, to neglect, to mar.
 unable to delay : I will not neglect it,
 to delay (yen² huan³).
 pēndant ears ; excessive indulgence.

TAN³ (tzū)

tan³
 tan³-chan⁴
 tan³-chan⁴-hsin¹-ching¹
 tan³-ch'i⁴
 tan³-ch'ieh⁴
 tan³-ch'ing¹
 tan³-rh²
 tan³-han³
 tan³-hsiao³
 tan³-hsü¹
 tan³-kan³
 tan³-liang³
 tan³-lao⁴
 tan³-lieh⁴
 tan³-pao¹
 tan³-ta⁴
 tan³-ta⁴-hsin¹-hsiao³
 tan³-yung³
 tan³
 tan³-ch'ên²
 tan³-i¹-tan³
 tan³-tzū³
 tan³
 tan³-ch'ü⁴-ch'ên²-t'u³

肉 胆 1054b851a
 膽 1053b851a
 膽戰
 膽戰心驚
 膽氣
 膽怯
 膽青
 膽兒
 膽寒
 膽小
 膽虛
 膽敢
 膽量
 膽落
 膽裂
 膽胞
 膽大
 膽大心小

手 担 1054b851a

担塵
 担一担
 担子

手 擲 1056b857c

擲去塵土

the gall ; courage, bravery.
 same.
 to trouble, afraid, fearful.
 extremely nervous.
 bravery, courage.
 afraid, fearful.
 bile, gall.
 the gall ; courage, bravery.
 frightened, startled (hsia¹ p'o⁴ tan³).
 cowardly
 afraid, frightened, timid.
 intrepid, daring.
 bravery, courage (ta⁴ tan³).
 the courage to fail.
 afraid, frightened.
 the gall bladder.
 bold, daring, brave.
 bold yet careful.
 courage, bravery.
 to strike or brush aside. Same as 擔.
 to brush away dust.
 to dust, to give a thing a dusting.
 a feather brush or duster.
 to dust, a duster (also t'an⁴).
 to brush off the dust.

TAN⁴

tan⁴-chieh²
 tan⁴-ch'ing¹
 tan⁴-êrh²-pu¹-yên⁴
 tan⁴-êrh²-wu²-wei⁴
 tan⁴-hung²
 tan⁴-jung²
 tan⁴-pao³

水 淡 1054c853b

淡潔
 淡青
 淡而不厭
 淡而無味
 淡紅
 淡容
 淡薄

weak, thin, watery, insipid ; pale.
 clear, clean, distinct.
 plain blue.
 insipid, but not rejecting it.
 insipid.
 plain red (e. g., official button).
 pale, insipid, no colour in the face,
 poor, thin, indifferent, tasteless.

<i>tan⁴-sé⁴-ti¹</i>		淡色的	lightly coloured.
<i>tan⁴-tan⁴-ju²-shui³</i>		淡淡如水	tasteless as water.
<i>tan⁴-tan⁴-pao²-pao²</i>		淡淡薄薄	poor, thin, tasteless, indifferent,
<i>tan⁴-ts'ai⁴</i>		淡菜	dried mussels.
<i>tan⁴</i>	人	但 ^{1054a852a}	only; especially; but, as soon as. M. 117, 257.
<i>tan⁴-chih³</i>		但只	only, not only, but.
<i>tan⁴-fan²</i>		但凡	whenever; whoever; whatever, all whatsoever.
<i>tan⁴-jan²</i>		但然	but, but it is,
<i>tan⁴-pu⁴-chih¹</i>		但不知	but I do not know.
<i>tan⁴-pu⁴-k'o³</i>		但不可	but it will not do to—, but you cannot—, etc.
<i>tan⁴-pu⁴-kuo⁴</i>		但不過	only, merely, not more than—, etc.
<i>tan⁴-shih⁴</i>		但是	but, but it is.
<i>tan⁴-yao⁴-ju²-t'ü³</i>		但要如此	but it must be so.
<i>tan⁴-yu³-i¹-chien⁴</i>		但有一件	but it must be borne in mind.
<i>tan⁴-yüan⁴-ju²-t'ü³</i>		但願如此	would that it may be so.
<i>tan⁴</i>	言誕	誕 ^{1054c852c}	a birthday; incoherent; to lie; great; wide.
<i>tan⁴-ch'én²</i>		誕辰	a birthday (shéng ¹ jih ⁴).
<i>tan⁴-jih⁴</i>		誕日	same.
<i>tan⁴-k'uo⁴</i>		誕闊	to extend, to make wide.
<i>tan⁴-shih²</i>		誕時	the natal hour.
<i>tan⁴-ta⁴</i>		誕大	to enlarge, to make much of.
<i>tan⁴-wang⁴</i>		誕妄	to boast extravagantly, to lie.
<i>tan⁴-yü⁴</i>		誕育	to nourish, to bring up.
<i>tan⁴</i>	虫蛋	蛋 ^{1055a851c}	eggs of any kind (chi ¹ tzü ³).
<i>tan⁴-ch'ing¹</i>		蛋青	the white of an egg.
<i>tan⁴-huang³</i>		蛋黃	the yolk of an egg.
<i>tan⁴-k'o¹-r'h²</i>		蛋壳兒	the shell of an egg.
<i>tan⁴-luan³</i>		蛋卵	eggs.
<i>tan⁴</i>	日	旦 ^{1053c851c}	morning; clear, bright; first day of the year.
<i>tan⁴-hsi¹</i>		旦夕	morning and evening.
<i>tan⁴-mu⁴</i>		旦暮	same.
<i>tan⁴</i>	水	澹 ^{1053a855c}	still, tranquil; appearance of water.
<i>tan⁴-jung²</i>		澹容	a placid countenance.
<i>tan⁴-shui³</i>		澹水	still water.
<i>tan⁴</i>	石	石 ^{1053a766a}	a picul of 100 catties (also read shih ²).
<i>tan⁴-tou³-shéng²-ko³</i>		石斗升合	grain measures.
<i>tan⁴</i>	心	憚 ^{1051b852c}	dread, shirk.
<i>tan⁴</i>	疒	疸 ^{1054b852a}	jaundice (huang ² tan ⁴).
<i>tan⁴</i>	鹵	齏 ^{1055a853c}	without salt, insipid.
T'AN¹	貝	貪 ^{1057b853a}	to covet, to desire; avaricious.
<i>t'an¹-ai⁴</i>		貪愛	to be fond of, to desire.
<i>t'an¹-ch'ih¹</i>		貪吃	gluttonous.

t'an¹-chiu³ 貪酒
 t'an¹-chüeh²-mou⁴-wei⁴ 貪爵慕位
 t'an¹-hsiang² 貪想
 t'an¹-hsien⁴ 貪羨
 t'an¹-hsin¹ 貪心
 t'an¹-hung²-ch'ên² 貪紅塵
 t'an¹-kuan¹-wu¹-li¹ 貪官汚吏
 t'an¹-kung¹-shih³-chi¹ 貪功失計
 t'an¹-lan³ 貪婪
 t'an¹-li⁴ 貪利
 t'an¹-lin⁴ 貪吝
 t'an¹-lian⁴ 貪戀
 t'an¹-ming² 貪名
 t'an¹-mo⁴ 貪墨
 t'an¹-nü³-sé⁴ 貪女色
 t'an¹-p'ien²-i² 貪便宜
 t'an¹-sé⁴ 貪色
 t'an¹-shêng¹-p'a⁴-ssü³ 貪生怕死
 t'an¹-shih²-hao⁴-chiu³ 貪食好酒
 t'an¹-shui⁴ 貪睡
 t'an¹-tao¹ 貪叨
 t'an¹-té²-wu²-yen¹ 貪得無厭
 t'an¹-t'ou² 貪頭
 t'an¹-ts'ai² 貪財
 t'an¹-ts'ai²-hai⁴-ming⁴ 貪財害命
 t'an¹-tsang¹ 貪贓
 t'an¹-tsang¹-mai¹-ra¹ 貪贓賣法
 t'an¹-tsang¹-shou⁴-hui¹ 貪贓受賄
 t'an¹-t'u² 貪圖
 t'an¹-t'u²-pu⁴-tsu² 貪圖不足
 t'an¹-wan⁴ 貪玩
 t'an¹-wang⁴ 貪望
 t'an¹-wu¹ 貪污
 t'an¹-yin² 貪淫
 t'an¹-yü¹ 貪欲
 t'an¹-yü⁴ 貪慾
 t'an¹ 手攤 105Sa54a
 t'an¹-chiao³ 攤繳
 t'an¹-ch'ien² 攤錢
 t'an¹-f'ên⁴-tzu³ 攤分子
 t'an¹-k'ai¹ 攤開
 t'an¹-p'ai⁴ 攤派
 t'an¹-p'ei² 攤賠

addicted to wine.
 coveting rank and office.
 to long for, covetous.
 to covet, to be fond of.
 to covet, covetous.
 addicted to worldly pleasures,
 covetous officials and underlings,
 coveting glory but lost his chance.
 covetous, avaricious, greedy.
 avaricious.
 covetous, avaricious.
 covetous, grasping, unwilling to part with.
 ambitious of fame, etc.
 "to covet ink," corruption and bribery.
 lustful.
 to covet an advantage,
 lustful, lascivious, etc.
 clinging to life.
 a glutton and wine-bibber.
 too fond of sleep.
 addicted to.
 insatiable covetousness,
 the object of desire.
 to covet riches, avaricious (ai⁴ ts'ai²).
 preferring money to life.
 grasping, covetous (official).
 corrupt and avaricious official,
 a corrupt official who covets the "spoils."
 to covet.
 covetous and dissatisfied.
 fond of play.
 to desire, to covet.
 grasping, covetous.
 lustful.
 to desire, to covet, to lust after.
 lustful.
 to contribute to; to open, to spread out; a stall.
 to pay by instalments.
 to subscribe money according to a ratio.
 to contribute, to subscribe, to divide up as money.
 to unfold, to open, spread out.
 to apportion loss to each.
 to subscribe in order to make up a loss.

- t'an¹-tzũ³ 攤子 a stall (for fruit, etc.).
- t'an¹ 癱 1055bS54a paralysis, palsy, contraction of muscles.
- t'an¹-fêng¹ 癱瘋 palsy (fêng¹ t'an¹).
- t'an¹-huan⁴ 癱瘓 paralysis.
- t'an¹-liao³ 癱了 unable to move the body.
- t'an¹-ping⁴ 癱病 paralysis (fêng¹ t'an¹).
- t'an¹-tzũ³ 癱子 a paralytic person.
- t'an¹ 土 1055bS53c broken, ruined, broken down.
- t'an¹-t'a¹ 坍塌 same.
- t'an¹ (tzũ) 水潭 1055bS54a rapids, a sand bank.
- T'AN² 弓 彈 1051aS52b to play on a stringed instrument; a pellet, a [bullet.
- t'an²-chih³ 彈指 to snap or crack the fingers.
- t'an²-ch'in² 彈琴 to play on the dulcimer (fêng¹ ch'in²).
- t'an²-hsien²-tzũ³ 彈絃子 to play on the lute.
- t'an²-hui⁴ 彈灰 dust (hui¹ ch'ên²).
- t'an²-hua¹ 彈花 to bow cotton.
- t'an²-kung¹ 彈弓 to draw a bow; a bullet-bow.
- t'an²-mo⁴-hsien⁴ 彈墨線 to strike a line with a string; a carpenter's line.
- t'an²-p'i²-pa¹ 彈琵琶 to play on the guitar.
- t'an²-tzũ³ 彈子 shot, bullets.
- t'an²-wan² 彈丸 a bullet, a pellet, etc.
- t'an²-wan²-chih¹-ti⁴ 彈丸之地 a small bit of land; a small place.
- t'an²-ya¹ 彈壓 to keep down, to suppress.
- t'an² 痰 1055cS55b phlegm (t'u⁴).
- t'an²-ch'i⁴ 痰氣 asthma.
- t'an²-ch'uan³ 痰喘 an asthmatic affection.
- t'an²-ho² 痰盒 a spittoon (t'u⁴ mo⁴ ho²).
- t'an²-hsien² 痰涎 phlegm.
- t'an²-mi²-hsin¹-ch'iao⁴ 痰迷心竅 half-crazy.
- t'an²-sang⁴-érh² 痰嗓兒 a hoarse croupy throat.
- t'an²-sou⁴ 痰嗽 to cough up phlegm.
- t'an²-yung³ 痰壅 the death rattle.
- t'an² 言 1055cS55b to chat, to gossip, to converse; to dispute; chat. [chat.
- t'an²-chiang³ 談講 to converse, to chat.
- t'an²-hsiao⁴ 談笑 to chat and laugh.
- t'an²-hsin¹ 談心 to give vent to one's feeling.
- t'an²-lun⁴ 談論 to converse, to chat; conversation.
- t'an²-t'an² 談談 converse, chat (la¹ kua⁴).
- t'an²-t'ien¹-lun⁴-ti⁴ 談天論地 to talk on all kinds of subjects.
- t'an² 木 檀 1059aS54c sandalwood (ch'ên² hsiang¹).
- t'an²-hsiang¹ 檀香 incense made of sandalwood.
- t'an²-hsiang¹-ch'i⁴ 檀香器 sandalwood ware.

- t'an²-hsiang¹-mu⁴* 檀香木 sandalwood.
t'an²-hsiang¹-shan¹ 檀香山 Honolulu.
t'an²-mu⁴ 檀木 sandalwood.
t'an²-pan³ 檀板 a kind of castanets.
t'an² 土坛 壇 1059a854b an altar; an arena (chi⁴ ssü').
t'an²-ch'ang² 壇場 an altar; a place for altars.
t'an²-shé⁴ 壇社 altars.
t'an² 水潭 潭 1056c855a name of a river; deep; great.
t'an²-fu³ 潭府 your house (fu³ shang⁴).
t'an²-shui³ 潭水 deep water.
t'an² (tzü) 岳壇 罇 罇 1056c855c a wine bottle or jar (chiu³ t'an⁴ tzü³).
t'an² 手 揮 揮 1051b852b to tap, to dust; to thrum. See *tan³*.
- T'AN³** 土 坦 105Sc856b a level plain; even; wide; composed.
t'an³-fu² 坦腹 big-bellied; your son-in-law.
t'an³-hsü⁴ 坦婿 your son-in-law (nü³ hsü⁴).
t'an³-jan² 坦然 composed, comfortable.
t'an³-jan²-wu²-chü⁴ 坦然無懼 without slightest fear.
t'an³-p'ing² 坦平 level, smooth.
t'an³ 衣 襖 袒 105Sc856b to embrace, to enfold; a fold, a pleat; to bare
t'an³-fu² 袒服 to partially take off a garment.
t'an³-hu⁴ 袒護 to protect, to assist, to screen (pao³ hu⁴).
t'an³-mien³ 袒免 to make bare, to disclose.
t'an³ 心 志 105Sc856b afraid, timorous; inconstant.
t'an³-t'an³-t'ê⁴-t'ê⁴ 志志忪忪 tremour; timid; vacillating; palpitation.
t'an³ (tzü) 毛 毯 毯 1055b856a a rug, a carpet (ti⁴ t'an³).
- T'AN⁴** 手 探 1057a853b to examine, to pry: to try (also 1).
t'an⁴-chih¹ 探知 to ascertain, to find out.
t'an⁴-ch'in¹ 探親 to visit one's parents or relations.
t'an⁴-cho²-shên¹-tzü³ 探着身子 body stretched for.
t'an⁴-hsien¹ 探先 early, in anticipation of.
t'an⁴-hsin¹ 探信 to enquire for news (hsiao¹ hsi²).
t'an⁴-huu¹ 探花 third highest of the literati. G. 476 (pang³ yen³)
t'an⁴-k'uei⁴ 探窺 to peep, to spy, to pry.
t'an⁴-lu⁴ 探路 to explore the road, c. g., to see if passable.
t'an⁴-ma³ 探馬 a scout.
t'an⁴-nang²-ch'ü³-wu⁴ 探囊取物 very easy (figurative).
t'an⁴-ping⁴ 探病 to enquire after a sick person's health.
t'an⁴-sang¹-tiao⁴-chü⁴ 探喪吊祭 funeral proprieties.
t'an⁴-shih¹ 探試 to try, to essay (shih⁴ t'an⁴).
t'an⁴-shui³ 探水 to try the depth of water with a pole.
t'an⁴-t'an⁴-k'ou³-ch'ü⁴ 探探口氣 to 'sound,' to find out the feelings.

t'an⁴-t'ou²-so¹-nao³ 探頭縮腦t'an⁴-t'ing¹ 探聽t'an⁴-t'ing¹-t'an⁴-t'ing¹ 探聽探聽t'an⁴-tzū³ 探子t'an⁴-tz'ü⁴ 探伺t'an⁴-wang⁴ 探望t'an⁴-wên² 探聞t'an⁴-wên⁴ 探問t'an⁴-yang³-hsi²-fu⁴ 探養媳婦t'an⁴-yu³ 探友t'an⁴ 欠嘆 { 歎 1058a857bt'an⁴ 嘆t'an⁴-hsi² 嘆息t'an⁴-hsi² 嘆惜t'an⁴-hsien⁴ 嘆羨t'an⁴-i¹-k'ou³-ch'i⁴ 嘆一口氣t'an⁴-liao³-i¹-shêng¹ 嘆了一聲t'an⁴-mei³ 嘆美t'an⁴-tz'ü² 嘆辭t'an⁴ 火 炭 1055b857at'an⁴-cha¹ 炭渣t'an⁴-chü¹ 炭敬t'an⁴-hui¹ 炭灰t'an⁴-huo³ 炭火

to listen stealthily.

to spy, to enquire about; to listen.

same.

[hsi⁴].a spy, a scout; a ramrod (tso⁴ hsien⁴, chien¹)

to enquire into; to listen stealthily.

to enquire, to ascertain.

"to pry and hear," to find out by enquiry.

to enquire (ta³ t'ing¹).[hsi² fu⁴].girl brought up for wife for son (t'un² yang³)

to visit a friend

a sigh, a long breath; to sigh, to moan.

same (ai⁴ k'u¹).to sigh, to regret (k'uei⁴ t'an⁴).

to sigh and lament, to regret.

to utter aspirations of praise; to admire.

to heave a sigh.

heaved a sigh.

admire, applaud; admiration.

an interjection.

charcoal, coals (mei²).

cinders.

a present.

charcoal or wood-coal ashes.

a charcoal fire.

[M. 240.

TANG¹ 田 當 1059c857at'ang¹-ch'ai¹ 當差t'ang¹-ch'ai¹-shih³ 當差使t'ang¹-ch'ang² 當場t'ang¹-ch'ao²-i¹-p'in³ 當朝一品t'ang¹-chên¹ 當真t'ang¹-ch'eng² 當成t'ang¹-chia¹ 當家t'ang¹-chia¹-ti¹ 當家的t'ang¹-chiên²-rh² 當間兒t'ang¹-chin¹ 當今[shang⁴ huang²]-t'ang¹-chin¹-huang² 當今皇上t'ang¹-chin³ 當緊t'ang¹-ch'ü² 當初t'ang¹-chü²-cho³ mi² 當初者迷t'ang¹-chung¹ 當中t'ang¹-êrh² 當兒t'ang¹-hsi⁴ 當下

to suit; ought; to represent, to pawn (4th).

to be employed officially.

same.

openly, publicly.

ministers of the highest rank.

is it really a fact? it is a fact. M. 393.

to treat; to represent, to make.

to control, to be "boss."

a husband; an overseer, a bailiff.

in the middle.

now, the present time (hsien⁴ tsai¹).

the present Emperor.

important (yao⁴ chin³).

original; at first, in the beginning.

those in the affair may be at sea.

in the middle (chung¹ yang¹).

point of time; opening, gap.

now, immediately.

<i>tang¹-hsien¹</i>	當先	in the front ; formerly.
<i>tang¹-hsien⁴</i>	當現	now ; the proper time.
<i>tang¹-i¹-tang⁴</i>	當一當	to pledge, to pawn ; to compare.
<i>tang¹-i¹-shang¹</i>	當衣裳	to pawn clothes.
<i>tang¹-i⁴</i>	當意	pleased with, acceptable.
<i>tang¹-jan²-chih¹-li³</i>	當然之理	moral truth (li ² so ³ tang ¹ jan ²).
<i>tang¹-jih⁴</i>	當日	to-day ; on that day.
<i>tang¹-kuan¹</i>	當官	before the official (at law).
<i>tang¹-kuei¹</i>	當歸	smallage ; Apium Graveolens.
<i>tang¹-mien⁴</i>	當面	face to face, openly, in presence of ; before one's
<i>tang¹-mien¹-hui²-fu⁴</i>	當面回覆	to answer by personal presence.
<i>tang¹-mien⁴-t'o⁴-fu⁴</i>	當面託付	to personally entrust to.
<i>tang¹-nien³</i>	當年	in former years ; this year.
<i>tang¹-p'iao¹</i>	當票	a duplicate, a pawnbroker's ticket.
<i>tang¹-ping¹</i>	當兵	to become a soldier (ping ¹ ting ¹).
<i>tang¹-ping¹-ti¹</i>	當兵的	a soldier, soldiers.
<i>tang¹-pu⁴-ch'i³</i>	當不起	unequal to the responsibility.
<i>tang¹-p'u⁴</i>	當鋪	a pawn-shop.
<i>tang¹-shên²-mo¹-ch'ai¹</i>	當甚麼差	what office do you hold ?
<i>tang¹-shih²</i>	當時	at that or this time.
<i>tang¹-shih²-hên³-hao³</i>	當時很好	very good at that time.
<i>tang¹-shih²-huo⁴-fu²</i>	當時禍福	present weal or woe.
<i>tang¹-shih²-ch'ien²</i>	當時錢	large Peking cash=10 smaller cash.
<i>tang¹-shih³</i>	當始	at the beginning.
<i>tang⁴-tang⁴</i>	當當	to pawn, to pledge.
<i>tang¹-t'ang²</i>	當堂	in open court.
<i>tang⁴-tien⁴</i>	當店	a pawn-shop.
<i>tang¹-t'ien¹</i>	當天	this day, to-day.
<i>tang⁴-t'ou²</i>	當頭	an article for pawning.
<i>tang¹-ts'ao²-rh²-ti¹</i>	當槽兒的	a wine-shop or eating-house waiter, etc. (t'ang ⁴ [kuan ¹]).
<i>tang¹-tso⁴</i>	當做	to represent, to stand for.
<i>tang¹-yang²</i>	當陽	sun in mid-heaven ; in the sun.
<i>tang¹-yu³-tso¹-wu²</i>	當有作無	to ignore.
<i>tang¹</i>	金鑼	the sound of a drum or gong.
<i>tang¹-tang¹</i>	鑼鑼	same.
<i>tang¹</i>	車轆	pegs in axle of cart (hou ⁴ tang ¹ ch'ê ¹).
<i>tang¹</i>	玉擋	pendant jewels.
<i>tang¹</i>	衣襠	seat of trousers (k'u ⁴ tang ¹).

TANG³	手攬	搯	1061a85Sc
<i>tang³</i>		攬	
<i>tang³-chia⁴</i>		攬駕	
<i>tang³-cho²-liang¹-cho²</i>		攬着亮著	

to oppose, to withstand, to impede ; to beat. same.
to profess not to wish to receive a visitor.
to stand in the light.

- tang³-cho²-tao¹-êrh² 攔着道兒 stopping the road.
 tang³-chui⁴ 攔住 to stop, to obstruct, to impede.
 tang³-jên² 攔人 to stop a person.
 tang³-yen²-liao³ 攔嚴了 strictly stopped.
 tang³ 黑黨 1061c858b a gang or band; associates; to involve.
 tang³-chung¹ 黨中 in the gang, among the band, etc.
 tang³-jên² 黨人 a cabal, a clique (fên¹ mên² chieh¹ tang³).
- TANG⁴** 艸 蕩 1062b859a vast, dissolute.
 tang⁴-shui³ 蕩水 running water.
 tang⁴-tzū³ 蕩子 a profligate (lang⁴ tzū³).
 tang⁴ 木樑 檔 1061b859a a frame; cross-beams.
 tang⁴-fang² 檔房 Registry department of a Board.
- T'ANG¹** 水 湯 1063a860a broth, soup, gravy, sauce, hot water.
 'ang¹-ch'ih² 湯匙 a soup ladle. *To not be written t'ang¹ ch'ih²*
 'ang¹-jou⁴ 湯肉 boiled meat. *t'ang¹ jou⁴ k'eh²*
 'ang¹-ping³ 湯餅 dumplings (flat). *kuo¹ ping³ 金餅*
 'ang¹-t'uan² 湯團 dumplings (round).
 'ang¹-yuo⁴ 湯藥 broth and medicines, medicines in draught.
 'ang¹ 虫 螳 1064c861c a kind of locust.
 'ang¹-lang² 螳螂 same.
 'ang¹ 走 趟 1062c860b to wade.
 'ang¹-shui³ 趟水 to wade through water (ch'a¹ shui³).
- T'ANG²** 土 堂 1063c860b a hall, a temple, a mansion.
 'ang²-ch'ien² 堂前 front of a hall, parents.
 'ang²-chung¹ 堂中 in the hall.
 'ang²-hsiung¹-ti¹ 堂兄弟 cousins generally.
 'ang²-k'o⁴ 堂客 female guests (kuan¹ k'o⁴).
 'ang²-k'ou³ 堂口 ability to state or plead a case in court.
 'ang²-kuei¹-yen²-su⁴ 堂規嚴肅 the rules of the house are very strict.
 'ang²-kuan¹ 堂官 chief of one of the six Boards; a head waiter (tang¹
 'ang²-ming² 堂名 family-hall name. [ts'ao² 'rh² ti⁴].
 'ang²-p'iao⁴ 堂票 warrant (hsin¹ p'iao⁴).
 'ang²-shang⁴ 堂上 in the hall, in court.
 'ang²-t'ang² 堂堂 good-looking, handsome, etc.
 'ang²-t'ang²-nan²-tzū³ 堂堂男子 a respectable gentlemanly person.
 'ang²-tzū³ 堂子 a brothel; a bath; a waiter, a hall.
 'ang²-tzū³-mei⁴ 堂姊妹 female first cousins on father's side.
 'ang²-wu¹ 堂屋 a house generally.
 'ang²-yü⁴ 堂諭 a minute or order of court.
 'ang² 口 唐 1065a861a dissolute; to boast; name of a dynasty.

t'ang ² -ch'ao ²	唐朝	the T'ang dynasty (from A.D. 620 to A.D. 906)
t'ang ² -jên ²	唐人	a Chinese (han ⁴).
t'ang ² -sai ¹	唐塞	to make excuses; to slur over.
t'ang ² -shan ¹	唐山	China.
t'ang ² -shih ¹	唐詩	the Odes of T'ang (A.D. 618-907).
t'ang ² -tsung ² -tan ¹	唐總單	a Chinese "cargo-certificate."
t'ang ² -t'u ¹	唐突	rash, sudden, precipitate, hasty.
t'ang ²	手僮 搪	to ward off a blow; to stretch, to extend.
t'ang ² -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	搪不過去	unable to parry.
t'ang ² -sai ¹	搪塞	to make excuses, to put off; as payment, etc.
t'ang ² -t'o ¹	搪拖	to evade, to impose on by false promises.
t'ang ² -t'u ¹	搪突	sudden, abrupt, hasty.
t'ang ²	米饅 糖	sugar, candy, honey.
t'ang ² -chiang ¹	糖薑	preserved ginger (in sugar).
t'ang ² -hu ² -lu ²	糖葫蘆	candied fruit on bamboo.
t'ang ² -kua ¹	糖瓜	sugared melons.
t'ang ² -kuo ³	糖菓	preserves, preserved fruits.
t'ang ² -pao ¹	糖包	a bag of sugar.
t'ang ² -shuang ¹	糖霜	crystals of sugar.
t'ang ² -shui ³	糖水	treacle.
t'ang ²	土 塘	a pond or pool.
t'ang ² -ch'ih ²	塘池	same.
t'ang ² -hao ¹	塘蒿	celery.
t'ang ²	肉 膛	the centre of the breast (hsiang ¹ t'ang ²).
t'ang ² -êrh ²	膛兒	the centre, the inside, within the space.
t'ang ² -k'ou ³	膛口	the muzzle of, the mouth of, the entrance to.
t'ang ²	木 棠	name of a kind of pear.
t'ang ² -li ²	棠梨	same.
T'ANG³	身 躺	to lie down, to recline.
t'ang ³ -cho ²	躺著	lying down.
t'ang ³ -hsia ⁴	躺下	to lie down (mien ² hsia ⁴).
t'ang ³ -hsiang ¹	躺箱	a clothes-box.
t'ang ³ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴ [<i>shang</i>]	躺不下	unable to lie down.
t'ang ³ -tsai ⁴ -ch'uang ²	躺在床上	to lie on a bed.
t'ang ³ -tsui ³ -ti ⁴ -hsia ⁴	躺在地下	to lie on the ground.
t'ang ³ -wo ⁴	躺臥	to lie down and sleep.
t'ang ³	車 軸	a time, a turn; an axle; a ruled line.
t'ang ³ -ch'ou ²	軸軸	an axle.
t'ang ³ -êrh ²	軸兒	a line; a track or path for horses to practise on
t'ang ³ -rh ² -ti ¹ -ma ³	軸兒的馬	a horse used to the "track." Note 85.
t'ang ³ -tzü ³	軸子	a line; a track, or path, etc.
t'ang ³ -tzü ³ -ma ³	軸子馬	a horse used to the "track." See Note 85.

t'ang ³	人	倘	1063bS62a	if, but if, should, should it be, suppose.
t'ang ³	人	儻	1065aS61c	same (shê' jo ³ , chia ³ jo ³).
t'ang ³ -hu ¹		儻手		same.
t'ang ³ -huo ⁴		儻或		same.
t'ang ³ -jau ²		儻然		same.
t'ang ³ -jo ⁴		儻若		same.
t'ang ³ -ju ²		儻如		same.
t'ang ³ -lai ² -chih ¹ -wu ⁴		儻來之物		coming by accident, e. g., money.
t'ang ³ -yu ³ -pieh ² -jên ²		儻有別人		if there is another person.
t'ang ³	水	淌	35a2Sb	to flow; waves.
t'ang ³ -kou ¹		淌溝		a drain.
t'ang ³ -pu ⁴ -tiao ¹		淌不掉		(water) can't flow away.
t'ang ³ -shui ³		淌水		flowing water; water flows (liu ² shui ³).
t'ang ³	巾	帑	1065cS62a	a treasury. See Nu ³ (k'u ⁴).

T'ANG ¹	火	燙	1063aS62c	to scald; a bath.
t'ang ⁴ -ch'a ² -shui ³		燙茶水		boiling water for tea.
t'ang ⁴ -jê ⁴ -liao ³		燙熱了		scalding hot.
t'ang ⁴ -liao ³ -p'ao ⁴ -rh ²		燙了泡兒		scald blisters.
t'ang ⁴ -shou ³		燙手		to scald the hand.
t'ang ⁴ -tê ² -huang ¹		燙得慌		scalding hot.
t'ang ⁴ -t'ou ³		燙斗		a smoothing iron.
t'ang ⁴	皿	盪	1062aS59c	tossing about, unsteady, agitated; a bath-tub.
t'ang ⁴ -p'an ²		盪盤		a bath-tub (hsi ³ tsao ³).
t'ang ⁴ -tzü ³		盪子		a tailor's chalk-line.
t'ang ⁴	金	錫	○S62c	to smooth.

TAO ¹ (tzü)	刀	刀	1069aS65a	a knife, a sword.
ao ¹ -ch'a ¹		刀叉		knives and forks.
ao ¹ -ch'iao ⁴ -rh ²		刀鞘兒		a sheath, a scabbard.
ao ¹ -chien ¹		刀尖		the point of a knife.
ao ¹ -fêng ¹		刀鋒		the point of a sword.
ao ¹ -fu ³ -shou ³		刀斧手		executioners (kuei ⁴ tzü ³ shou ³).
ao ¹ -hu ⁴ -shou ³		刀護手		a sword-hilt.
ao ¹ -jên ⁴		刀刃		the edge of a knife or sword.
ao ¹ -k'ou ³		刀口		same.
ao ¹ -k'ou ³ -tun ⁴		刀口鈍		the edge of the knife is dull.
ao ¹ -k'uai ⁴		刀快		the knife is sharp.
ao ¹ -li ⁴		刀利		same.
ao ¹ -pa ¹		刀把		the handle of a knife or sword.
ao ¹ -pei ⁴		刀背		the back of a knife or sword.
ao ¹ -pi ³ -hsien ¹ -shêng ¹		刀筆先生		pungent writer, framers of indictments.
ao ¹ -ping ¹ -ssü ⁴ -ch'i ³		刀兵四起		war arises on every hand.

a journey
ie the motion when
traveling

t'ang

tao¹-shang¹
 tao¹-shao²
 tao¹
 tao¹-ai⁴
 tao¹-chiao¹
 tao¹-ên¹
 tao¹-jao³
 tao¹-kuang¹
 tao¹-lan⁴
 tao¹-mên¹²
 tao¹-mü⁴
 tao¹-tao¹

刀傷
 刀勺
 叨 叨^{1073bS6Sa}
 叨愛
 叨教
 叨恩
 叨擾
 叨光
 叨濫
 叨蒙
 叨沐
 叨叨

a cut or wound (from a knife, etc.).
 "knives and spoons," kitchen hardware.
 to talk ; to eat ; to desire, to covet ; addicted to
 "desirous of your love," desirous,
 desirous of instruction.
 "to eat bounty," to receive bounty.
 "thanks," at end of feast.
 to solicit one's favour or custom ; by your leave
 my covetousness is insatiable ; to desire to do
 thanks for undeserved benefits ; I am obliged to
 same. [yo
 loquacious, prosy.

TAO³

手 搗

tao³-fan³-liao³
 tao³-i¹
 tao³-kuei³
 tao³-lan⁴
 tao³-pai²
 tao³-sui⁴
 tao³-tui⁴
 tao³-⁴
 tao³-ch'a²
 tao³-chang⁴
 tao³-ch'é¹
 tao³-chên¹
 tao³-ch'i²-lü²
 tao³-ch'i⁴
 tao³-chiao²
 tao³-ch'u¹
 tao³-ch'u¹-lai²
 tao³-chüan³
 tao³-chüan⁴
 tao¹-hao³
 tao⁴-fan³-liao³
 tao⁴-hsüan²
 tao³-huan⁴
 tao³-kuo⁴-lai²
 tao³-liao³
 tao³-liu²-rh²
 tao³-mei²
 tao³-pu⁴-liao³
 tao³-t'a¹

搗 搗^{1069cS66a}
 搗翻了
 搗衣
 搗鬼
 搗爛
 搗白
 搗碎
 搗碓
 倒^{1070bS66b}
 倒茶
 倒賬
 倒車
 倒針
 倒騎驢
 倒氣
 倒嚼
 倒出
 倒出來
 倒捲
 倒圈
 倒好
 倒反了
 倒懸
 倒換
 倒過來
 倒了
 倒流兒
 倒眉
 倒不了
 倒塌

to pound, to beat,
 to thwart.
 to beat clothes when washing them.
 "to pound the devil," to soliloquize.
 to beat to pieces.
 to gossip.
 to beat to pieces.
 to beat (as rice to take off the husk), [(also 4
 to upset ; to pour ; to fall ; yet. M. 244, 31
 to pour out tea.
 to restore an overcharge.
 to back up a cart.
 to back-stitch.
 to ride a donkey face to tail,
 to gasp (ch'ou¹ hsi²).
 to chew the cud (as cows),
 to pour out.
 same.
 to roll up backwards.
 a cattle epidemic.
 is yet good, is still good.
 on the contrary. M. 312.
 inverted, hung upside down ; to suffer injustice
 to exchange.
 turned over, turn end for end (fan³ kuo⁴ lai²).
 fell down ; upside down.
 a siphon.
 to have ill-luck (mei⁴ ch'i⁴).
 it will not fall, etc.
 to fall down ; thrown down.

ao ² -tao ³ -ch'ing ²	倒倒情	to return kindness.
ao ² -tao ³ -hsien ³ -hsien ³	倒倒險險	unsteady.
ao ² -tien ⁴	倒店	to vacate an inn for another guest.
ao ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -ts'ung ¹	倒栽葱	upside down (fig.).
ao ³ -tsai ⁴ -ch'uang ² -shang ⁴	倒在床上	to lie down in bed.
ao ³ -ts'ao ³	倒草	to chew the cud.
ao ¹ -tso ⁴	倒座	rooms facing the main buildings.
ao ³ -t'ui ⁴	倒退	to step back, to retire.
ao ³ -wo ⁴	倒臥	to lie down; to drop dead (with cold, hunger, [etc.]).
ao ³ -yin ² -tzu ³	倒銀子	to pour silver into moulds.
ao ³ -yu ³	倒有	still there is, there is yet.
ao ³ -yün ⁴	倒運	ill-luck; a change of luck (tao ³ mei ³).
ao ³	手搗 搗	1071a866a to reel, to wind; to beat, to pound.
ao ³ -hsien ⁴	搗線	to reel or wind silk.
ao ³ -pa ¹	搗把	to buy when cheap in anticipation of a rise in [price].
ao ³ -ssü ¹	搗絲	to wind silk.
ao ³	示 禱	1071b866b to pray, to entreat, to supplicate.
ao ³ -kao ⁴	禱告	same (ch'ü ² tao ³ , ch'ü ² kao ⁴).
ao ³ -chu ⁴	禱祝	same.
ao ³ (tzu)	山 島	1069b866a an island (hai ³ tao ³).
'AO ¹	道	1066a867a road, way; to speak; reason.
ao ⁴ -chiao ⁴	道教	the doctrine of Taoism.
ao ⁴ -chieh ³	道解	to explain (chieh ³ shuo ¹).
ao ⁴ -hang ²	道行	skill in any art, craft or vice.
ao ⁴ -hsi ³	道喜	to congratulate (ch'ing ⁴ ho ⁴).
ao ⁴ -hsieh ⁴	道謝	to thank (kan ² hsieh ⁴).
ao ⁴ -hsiao ² -hsien ¹ -shêng ¹	道學先生	an exemplary gentleman.
ao ⁴ -hsiao ² -yüan ⁴	道學院	a college (theological).
ao ⁴ -i ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -chiao ¹	道義相交	conscientiousness and duty together.
ao ⁴ -jên ²	道人	a Taoist.
ao ⁴ -kuan ¹	道官	an official in charge of Taoist temples, priest, etc.
ao ⁴ -kuan ¹ -ku ³ -chin ¹	道冠古今	(the sage's) doctrine caps all ages
ao ⁴ -li ³	道理	right principles, reason, right.
ao ⁴ -lu ⁴	道路	roads and ways, a way.
ao ⁴ -nao ³	道惱	condolence in case of death (tiao ⁴ tang ¹).
ao ⁴ -p'ao ²	道袍	a Taoist priest's robe.
ao ⁴ -pu ⁴ -shih ² -i ¹	道不拾衣	{ if clothing were dropped on the road no one would pick it up, i. e., golden age.
ao ⁴ -pu ¹ -yüan ⁴ -jên ²	道不遠人	the way is not far from any man.
ao ⁴ -shih ³	道時	the seasons.
ao ⁴ -shih ⁴	道士	a Taoist priest (ho ² shang ⁴).
ao ⁴ -ta ²	道達	to mediate; to inform, to state.

<i>tao⁴-t'ai²</i>	道臺	intendant of circuit. G. 280 (shon ³ hsün ² tao ⁴).
<i>tao⁴-t'an²</i>	道談	to converse, to chat.
<i>tao⁴-tao⁴-to²</i>	道道多	well-informed (t'ung ¹ ta ²).
<i>tao⁴-tê²-ching¹</i>	道德經	classic of Tao, ascribed to Lao-tzŭ.
<i>tao⁴-t'ing¹-t'u²-shuo¹</i>	道聽途說	rumours, scandal; it is all over the place.
<i>tao⁴-t'u²</i>	道途	a road.
<i>tao⁴</i>	刀 到	to arrive; to go or come; to reach to. M. 195.
<i>tao⁴-chi²-ch'u⁴</i>	到極處	to the last degree.
<i>tao⁴-ch'u⁴</i>	到處	every place, everywhere (man ³ ch'u ⁴ , pien ⁴ [ch'u ⁴]).
<i>tao⁴-kwo⁴</i>	到過	to have been.
<i>tao⁴-kwo⁴-mei²-yu³</i>	到過沒有	have you been there?
<i>tao⁴-liao³</i>	到了	arrived.
<i>tao⁴-liao³-rh²</i>	到了兒	at last, after all. M. 364.
<i>tao⁴-liao³-mei²-yu³</i>	到了沒有	is it or he, arrived? etc.
<i>tao⁴-mo⁴-liao³</i>	到末了	at the last,
<i>tao⁴-na³-rh²-ch'u⁴</i>	到那兒去	where are you going?
<i>tao⁴-na⁴-rh²-ch'u⁴</i>	到那兒去	go there!
<i>tao⁴-pu -liao³</i>	到不了	unable to arrive.
<i>tao⁴-pu⁴-liao³-ti³</i>	到不了底	can't get to the bottom of (chui ¹ pu ⁴ tao ⁴).
<i>tao⁴-shou³</i>	到手	to come to hand, to receive.
<i>tao⁴-so³-i³ jan²</i>	到所以然	uttermost (tao ⁴ chi ² ch'u ⁴)
<i>tao⁴-tê -liao³</i>	到得了	able to arrive.
<i>tao⁴-ti³</i>	到底	[ever (chiu ¹ ching ⁴), to the bottom; at last, after all; yet, still, how-
<i>tao⁴-ti⁴</i>	到地	down to the ground; to the place.
<i>tao⁴ tz'ü³</i>	到此	up to this time, till this time; to this place, etc.
<i>tao⁴-tz'ü⁴-jih⁴</i>	到次日	till next day.
<i>tao⁴-yüeh⁴-t'ou²-rh²</i>	到月頭兒	till the beginning of the month.
<i>tao⁴ (tzŭ)</i>	禾 稻	rice, paddy.
<i>tao⁴-k'ang¹</i>	稻糠	husks of rice (dust, etc., after threshing rice).
<i>tao⁴-mi³</i>	稻米	rice.
<i>tao⁴-p'i²-tz'ü³</i>	稻皮子	rice husks.
<i>tao⁴-ts'uo³</i>	稻草	rice straw.
<i>tao⁴</i>	皿 盜	to rob, to plunder, to pilfer, to steal.
<i>tao⁴-chih¹</i>	盜	a famous robber.
<i>tao⁴-ch'ieh⁴</i>	盜竊	to steal, to pilfer.
<i>tao⁴-ch'ü³-ts'ai²-wu⁴</i>	盜取財物	to steal property.
<i>tao⁴-k'ou⁴</i>	盜寇	pillagers, thieves, rebels, etc.
<i>tao⁴-tsei²</i>	盜賊	a thief, thieves (ch'iang ³ tao ⁴).
<i>tao⁴-wu⁴</i>	盜物	to steal things.
<i>tao⁴</i>	寸 導	to guide, to direct, to point out; to induce.
<i>tao⁴-yin³</i>	導引	to lead, to guide, to direct (yin ³ tao ⁴).

t'ao ¹ -ch'ien ²	掏錢	to hand out money.
t'ao ¹ -ching ³	掏井	to clean out a well (wa ¹ ching ³).
t'ao ¹ -ch'u ¹ -lai ³	掏出來	to pull out of.
t'ao ¹ -érh ³ -to ³	掏耳朵	to pick the ears.
t'ao ¹ -kou ¹	掏溝	to clean out a drain.
t'ao ¹ -shui ³	掏水	to bale out water (yao ³ shui ³).
t'ao ¹	水 滔 1073a869a	to flow ; water gradually rising.
t'ao ¹ -t'ao ¹ -pu ⁴ -tuan ⁴	滔滔不斷	unceasing flow.
t'ao ¹ -t'ao ¹ -shui ³ -liu ²	滔滔水流	rising and flowing of water.
t'ao ¹ -t'ao ¹ -wu ² -ch'iung ²	滔滔無窮	unceasing flow.
t'ao ¹ -t'ien ¹	滔天	rising to heaven (ch'ung ¹ t'ien ¹).
t'ao ¹ -t'ien ¹ -ta ⁴ -huo ⁴	滔天大禍	an awful calamity.
t'ao ¹	韋 鞞 1073b869a	a quiver, a sheath or scabbard ; wide, broad.
t'ao ¹ -kuang ¹	鞞光	possessing ability but kept to one's self.
t'ao ¹ -liao ⁴	鞞畧	tactics, stratagems, devices (ping ¹ ts'é ⁴).
t'ao ¹	糸 緙 1074a868c	fringe, edging ; a plaited sash.
t'ao ¹ -tzü ³	條子	same.
t'ao ¹ -tzu ³ -pien ⁴	條子辮	silk braided in the queue.
T'AO ²	走 逃 1072b870b	to run away, to abscond, to escape.
t'ao ² -ch'ü ⁴	逃去	to run away.
t'ao ² -fan ³ -ti ¹	逃反的	fleeing rebels.
t'ao ² -fan ⁴	逃犯	an escaped prisoner.
t'ao ² -hsiao ²	逃學	a truant (hua ² hsiao ²).
t'ao ² -hsiung ¹	逃兇	an escaped murderer.
t'ao ² -huang ¹	逃荒	to leave a place on account of famine, etc.
t'ao ² -jên ²	逃人	fugitives (as from prison or a lost battle).
t'ao ² -ming ⁴	逃命	to fly for one's life.
t'ao ² -nan ⁴	逃難	an escape from difficulty or distress (pi ⁴ nan ⁴).
t'ao ² -ni ⁴	逃匿	to abscond, to run away.
t'ao ² -p'ao ³	逃跑	to run, to fly (as a prisoner).
t'ao ² -pi ⁴	逃避	to avoid, to shun.
t'ao ² -ping ¹	逃兵	deserters (soldiers) (chün ¹ t'ao ²).
t'ao ² -pu -ch'u ¹	逃不出	cannot escape.
t'ao ² -pu ⁴ -t'o ¹	逃不脫	unable to escape.
t'ao ² -san ⁴	逃散	to disperse (as fugitives).
t'ao ² -shê ³	逃捨	to desert.
t'ao ² -shêng ¹	逃生	to fly for one's life.
t'ao ² -to ³	逃躲	to run away and hide one's self.
t'ao ² -tson ²	逃走	to run away.
t'ao ² -ts'uan ⁴	逃竄	to fly from one place to another (as fugitives).
t'ao ² -tun ⁴	逃遁	to skulk off.
t'ao ² -wang ²	逃亡	fled, run away ; to abscond.

t'ao ² (t'ǎ)	木	桃 ^{1072aS70a}	the peach.
t'ao ² .ho ²		桃核	peach stones.
t'ao ² -hua ¹ -chih ³		桃花紙	peach-blossom paper.
t'ao ² -hua ¹ -fên ¹		桃花粉	peach-blossom cosmetic.
t'ao ² -hua ¹ lang ⁴		桃花浪	a profligate.
t'ao ² -hua ¹ -shui ³		桃花水	water in spring from snow melting, etc.
t'ao ² -hua ¹ -yün ¹		桃花運	peach-blossom destiny. <i>Note</i> 86.
t'ao ² -hung ²		桃紅	peach red.
t'ao ² -jên ²		桃仁	peach kernels.
t'ao ² -li ³		桃李	"peaches and plums," to recommend a person.
t'ao ² -sai ¹ -hsing ⁴ -yên ³		桃腮杏眼	peach cheeks and apricot eyes.
t'ao ² -yüan ²		桃園	a peach orchard.
t'ao ² -yüeh ⁴		桃月	"peach month," the 3rd month. See <i>Note</i> 32.
t'ao ²	水	淘 ^{1073cS70a}	to wash rice; to scour; to stir; to excite.
t'ao ² -ch'ü ⁴		淘氣	to make mischief; mischievous; to fidget; fidgetty
t'ao ² -ching ³		淘井	to clean out a well (t'ao ¹ ching ³). [(sa ¹ p'oi ¹).
t'ao ² -ching ⁴ -liao ³		淘淨了	cleaned out.
t'ao ² -mi ³		淘米	to wash rice.
t'ao ² -sha ¹ -chien ⁴ -chin ¹		淘沙見金	scour sand for gold.
t'ao ² -shên ²		淘神	mischievous.
t'ao ² -yang ² -kou ¹		淘陽溝	to dig an open ditch.
t'ao ²	阜	陶 ^{1074aS69b}	a furnace; earthenware; to melt; to transform.
t'ao ² -ch'ü ⁴		陶器	earthenware.
t'ao ² -hua ⁴		陶化	to melt (as metals).
t'ao ² -yang ³		陶養	to nourish; to admonish.
t'ao ²	艸	萄 ^{1073cS69c}	the grape (p'ü ² t'ao ²).
t'ao ² -chü ³		萄酒	wine made of grapes.
t'ao ² -kan ¹		萄乾	raisins, dried grapes.
t'ao ² -t'êng ²		萄藤	the grape vine.
T'AO ³	言	討 ^{1074bS71a}	to demand; to direct; to seek.
t'ao ³ -chai ⁴ -kuei ³		討債鬼	a spirit which claims a debt.
t'ao ³ -chan ⁴		討戰	to excite to war; to go to battle.
t'ao ³ -chang ⁴		討賬	to demand one's money, to collect accounts.
t'ao ³ -ch'ing ²		討情	to ask favors.
t'ao ³ -ch'iu ²		討求	to seek for; to entreat.
t'ao ³ -fan ⁴		討飯	"demand rice," to beg.
t'ao ³ -fan ⁴ -ti ¹		討飯的	beggars (yao ⁴ fan ⁴ ti ¹ , ch'ü ³ kai ⁴).
t'ao ³ -jao ²		討饒	to partake of a feast.
t'ao ³ -jao ³		討擾	to cause trouble or confusion (ta ³ chia ³).
t'ao ³ -jên ² -hsi ³ -huan		討人喜歡	to seek to please people.
t'ao ³ -jên ² -hsien ²		討人嫌	to cause persons to feel dissatisfaction, etc.
t'ao ³ -k'uei ⁴		討愧	to be ashamed (pao ¹ k'uei ⁴).

t'ao³-lun⁴
 t'ao³-pao³
 t'ao³-shang³
 t'ao³-ta³
 t'ao³-tsei³
 t'ao³-yao⁴
 t'ao³-yen⁴

討論
 討保
 討賞
 討打
 討賊
 討要
 討厭

to correct (as a letter), to scrutinize, to search
 [into].
 to require a guarantee or bail.
 to ask for a reward or gratuity.
 itching for a beating.
 to exterminate thieves.
 to demand, to press for.
 to cause dislike or disgust.

T'AO⁴

大套 1074cS71b

t'ao⁴-ch'ê¹
 t'ao⁴-chien¹-êrh²
 t'ao⁴-ch'üan²
 t'ao⁴-êrh⁴-t'ao⁴-ch'ê¹
 t'ao⁴-fang²-t'ü³
 t'ao⁴-hua⁴
 t'ao⁴-i¹
 t'ao⁴-k'u⁴
 t'ao⁴-kuan¹
 t'ao⁴-liao³-ch'ü⁴
 t'ao⁴-ma³
 t'ao⁴-ma³-kan¹
 t'ao⁴-pan³
 t'ao⁴-pei⁴-lang³
 t'ao⁴-t'ü³
 t'ao⁴-yen²
 t'ao⁴-yen²-pu⁴-hsü⁴

套車
 套間兒
 套拳
 套車
 套房子
 套話
 套衣
 套褲
 套棺
 套了去
 套馬
 套馬杆
 套板
 套背
 套子
 套言
 套言不叙

an envelope, a case; a noose; a head-stall.
 to harness, to get a cart ready (hsieh⁴ ch'ê¹).
 a small study.
 to box, to practice boxing.
 to harness up a 2-mule-cart.
 a room opening into another (êrh³ fang²).
 compliments of the day, etc; cross-examination
 outer clothing, overcoats. [hsü¹ t'ao⁴].
 leggings, overalls (ch'a⁴ k'u⁴).
 a shell, an outer coffin.
 wormed out.
 to lasso a horse.
 a lasso. planks.
 printing in two colours on one page; coffin
 stranglers, garotters.
 a noose, snare for catching birds.
 compliments of the day.
 needn't pass compliments (proceed to business).

TÊ²

彳 得 1075aS72a

tê²-ch'i²-so³-tsai¹
 tê²-chin⁴
 tê²-chün⁴
 tê²-chuan⁴
 tê²-ch'ung³
 tê²-êrh²-fa⁴-shih¹
 tê²-hsiang⁴
 tê²-hsin¹-ying¹-shou³
 tê²-i¹-wang⁴-êrh⁴
 tê²-i⁴
 tê²-i⁴-mung²-yen²
 tê²-k'ung⁴-êrh²
 tê²-kuo⁴-ch'ih³-kuo⁴
 tê²-li¹
 tê²-liao³

得其所哉
 得勗
 得救
 得賺
 得寵
 得而復失
 得項
 得心應手
 得一望二
 得意忘言
 得空兒過
 得過且過
 得利了

to get, to have, to succeed, to do. See *tei*³. M.
 he has got to his place (Mencius).
 advantageous application of strength.
 to be saved.
 to earn, to gain.
 to be in favor, to be indulged.
 to get and lose again.
 advantages, emoluments, perquisites.
 the hand responds to the heart.
 to gain one, and then want two.
 to get one's wish.
 when he got his wish he forgot his words.
 to have leisure for.
 to evade, to shirk.
 to get profit or advantage.
 enough! all right!

[133.

tê²-liao³-p'ien²-i¹ 得了便宜
 tê²-liao³-to¹-shao³ 得了多少
 tê²-mêng²-ên¹ 得蒙恩
 tê²-p'ing⁴ 得病
 tê²-pu⁴-chao² 得不着
 tê²-pu⁴-chîn⁴-pu⁴ 得步進步
 tê²-shêng⁴ 得勝
 tê²-shih¹ 得失
 tê²-shih² 得時
 tê²-shou³ 得手
 tê²-shou³-hsi⁴ 得手戲
 tê²-ti⁴-pu⁴ 得地步
 tê²-t'ien¹-hsia⁴ 得天下
 tê²-tao⁴ 得道
 tê²-ts'ai² 得財
 tê²-tsui⁴ 得罪
 tê²-tsui⁴-liao³-ni³ 得罪了你
 tê²-tzū³ 得子
 tê²-wei⁴ 得位
 tê²-yü²-wang²-ch'üan² 得魚忘筌
 tê² 彳 德 1076a571a
 tê²-hsing⁴ 德行
 tê²-hua⁴-liu²-hsing² 德化流行
 tê²-kuo² 德國
 tê²-li⁴-fêng¹ 德利風

obtained advantages.
 how much have you obtained?
 to receive grace.
 to become sick (huan⁴ ping⁴).
 unable to obtain or succeed.
 still forward.
 to vanquish, to conquer. [out?
 gain or loss; success or failure; how will it turn
 in luck; in favor.
 to get an opportunity or advantage.
 great ability.
 to have made a fortune.
 to get the throne.
 to discover the true doctrine.
 to make money, to obtain wealth (fa¹ ts'ai²).
 to offend; to beg pardon (tui⁴ pu⁴ ch'i³).
 I beg your pardon.
 to have a son born to me.
 to obtain a seat, situation or throne.
 (fig.) get the fish and forget the creel.
 virtue, kindness; abundance.
 virtuous conduct.
 spread of beneficent influence.
 Prussia (pu⁴ kuo²).
 telephone.

T'Ê⁴ 牛 特 1077b872a
 t'ê⁴-chien⁴ 特薦
 t'ê⁴-ch'ien³ 特遣
 t'ê⁴-chih³ 特旨
 t'ê⁴-ch'in²-chih¹-shih⁴ 特求指示
 t'ê⁴-ch'u¹ ts'un²-p'iao⁴ 特出存票
 t'ê⁴-fu¹ 特夫
 t'ê⁴-fu⁴ 特婦
 t'ê⁴-i⁴ 特意
 t'ê⁴-i⁴-tso⁴-ti² 特意作的
 t'ê⁴-lai² 特來
 t'ê⁴-li⁴ 特立
 t'ê⁴-shih⁴ 特示
 t'ê⁴-shou⁴ 特授
 t'ê⁴-t'ê³-ti¹ 特特的
 t'ê⁴-tz'ü³ 特此
 t'ê⁴-wei² 特為

special, particular; on purpose. M. 472.
 to specially recommend, etc.
 specially despatched.
 a special decree.
 specially ask for guidance.
 a "special drawback."
 my husband.
 my wife.
 purposely, intentionally (ch'u³ hsin¹).
 done on purpose (p'ien¹ p'ien¹, chuan¹ wei²).
 to come purposely.
 to stand alone.
 a special proclamation.
 to specially appoint an official.
 specially, particularly.
 only concerns this, especially this.
 specially to, in order particularly.

t'ê ⁴ .wei ² -chê ⁴ -ko ⁴	特爲這個	specialy applies to this.
t'ê ⁴ .wei ² -li ¹ -shih ⁴	特爲的是	specialy, on purpose to. [doubt.
t'ê ⁴	心忒 ^{1077a872c}	special, particular; to exceed; to change; to
t'ê ⁴	心忒 ^{1077a873b}	infirm of purpose, timidity, palpitation.
TEI ¹ (ti)	金鑷 ^{1083c901b}	a point; tweezers.
TEI ³	彳得 ^{1075a872a}	must, must be, must have. See t'ê ² .
tei ³ .yu ³	得有	must be or have.
T'EI ²	頁頹 ^{1202b925a}	broken down. Also t'ui ² .
t'ei ² -pai ⁴	頹敗	in rains, broken down.
T'ENG ¹	夬登 ^{1077c862a}	to ascend; to place higher (shêng ¹).
têng ¹ -an ⁴	登岸	to ascend a bank; to go on shore.
têng ¹ -ch'êng ²	登程	to commence a journey.
têng ¹ -chi ¹	登基	to ascend a throne.
têng ¹ -chi ²	登極	same.
têng ¹ -chi ⁴	登記	to record.
têng ¹ -chou ¹	登州	Têng-chow in Shantung.
têng ¹ -kao ¹	登高	to ascend high; festival 9th of 9th moon.
têng ¹ -kao ¹ -tzŭ ⁴ -pi ¹	登高自卑	to gradually rise.
têng ¹ -k'o ¹	登科	to gain the M.A. degree (chung ⁴ 中 chü ⁴).
têng ¹ -k'ung ¹	登空	to fly aloft (t'êng ² k'ung ¹).
têng ¹ -lung ² -wei ⁴	登龍位	to ascend the imperial throne.
têng ¹ -mên ² -pai ⁴ -hsieh ⁴	登門拜謝	I have come to return thanks.
têng ¹ -mên ² -jên ⁴ -ts'o ¹	登門認錯	to go to and confess fault.
têng ¹ -pang ³	登榜	to obtain literary rank (as chü-jên, etc.).
têng ¹ -shan ¹	登山	to ascend a hill.
têng ¹ -shan ¹ -p'a ² -ling ²	登山爬嶺	ascending mountains (bad road).
têng ¹ -shih ² -chien ¹	登時間	in a moment, in no time (sha ¹ shih ² chien ¹).
têng ¹ -t'ai ² -yen ³ -hsi ³	登臺演戲	to mount the stage and rehearse.
têng ¹ -t'an ² -pai ⁴ -chiang ⁴	登壇拜將	to mount the altar and worship the general.
têng ¹ -t'i ¹ -p'a ² -kao ¹	登梯爬高	to mount the ladder, and climb high.
têng ¹ -t'ien ¹	登天	to ascend to heaven.
têng ¹ -wei ⁴	登位	to ascend the throne (shêng ¹ tso ⁴).
têng ¹	火灯燈 ^{1078b863a}	a light, a lamp, a lantern.
têng ¹ -chao ⁴ -rh ²	燈罩兒	a lamp shade. <i>o globe</i>
têng ¹ -chieh ²	燈節	the feast of lanterns on the 15th of the first moon.
têng ¹ -chu ² -hui ¹ -huang ²	燈燭輝煌	brilliant lights.
têng ¹ -ch'ui ¹ -t'ung ³	燈吹筒	a blow-pipe (used by silver-smiths, etc.). [made.
têng ¹ -hsin ¹ -ts'ao ³	燈心草	the wick of a lamp; rushes of which wicks are
têng ¹ -hu ³	燈虎	riddle on lanterns.

têng ¹ -hua ¹	燈花	a lamp wick.
têng ¹ -huo ³	燈火	the light of a lamp.
têng ¹ -kua ⁴ -i ³	燈掛椅	a high-backed chair.
têng ¹ -lung ²	燈籠	a lantern.
têng ¹ -lung ² -fu ²	燈籠夫	the official's lantern-bearers.
têng ¹ -lung ² -k'u ⁴ -tzū ³	燈籠褲子	pants in tatters.
têng ¹ -mi ² -'rh ²	燈謎兒	riddles, puzzles, enigmas.
têng ¹ -o ² -tzū ³	燈蛾子	the common candle moth (p'u ¹ têng ¹ o ²).
têng ¹ -t'a ³	燈塔	a light-house.
têng ¹ -t'ai ²	燈臺	a lamp post or stand.
têng ¹ -t'i ²	燈題	a riddle, an enigma.
têng ¹ -ts'ao ³	燈草	lamp-wicks; rushes of which wicks are made
têng ¹ -yu ²	燈油	lamp oil.

TÊNG ³	竹	等	1079b863b	to wait; class, kind. M. 574 (hou ⁴).
têng ³ -chi ²		等級		a rank, a degree.
têng ³ -cho ² -ming ² -jih ⁴		等着明日		wait till to-morrow.
têng ³ -hou ⁴		等候		to wait for.
têng ³ -hsiang ⁴		等項		sorts, kinds.
têng ³ -hsien ²		等等閒		common, ordinary.
têng ³ -i ¹ -hui ³ -'rh ²		等一會兒		wait a little.
têng ³ -i ¹ -têng ³		等一等		same.
têng ³ -lei ⁴		等類		and such like.
têng ³ -pu ⁴ -shang ⁴		等不上		can't wait for.
têng ³ -pu ⁴ -ti ¹		等不的(得)		cannot wait.
têng ³ -ssü ⁴		等俟		to wait, to stay.
têng ³ -tai ⁴		等待		same.
têng ³ -tao ⁴ -ming ² -'rh ²		等到明兒		wait till to-morrow.
têng ³ -têng ³		等等		and such, and such. M. 574.
têng ³ -têng ³ -pu ⁴ -i ¹		等等不一		same.
têng ³ -t'i ⁴		等第		in proper succession or order.
têng ³ -tz'ü ⁴ -jih ⁴		等次日		wait till to-morrow.
têng ³ -yang ⁴		等樣		kinds, sorts.
têng ³ -yin ¹		等因		and such like causes.
têng ³ yü ³		等語		at end of a quotation.
têng ³ (tzü)	戈	戣	1080a863c	small steelyard for weighing money (t'ie

TÊNG ⁴	目	瞪	1078c864c	to open the eyes wide, to stare.
têng ⁴ -cho ² -yen ³		瞪着眼		staring, to stare (chih ² yen ³).
têng ⁴ -ch'ü ³ -yen ³ -lai ²		瞪起眼來		to raise the eyes and stare.
têng ⁴ -yen ³		瞪眼		to stare (chêng ¹ yen ³).
têng ⁴	水	澄	71c78b	clear, limpid; still pure water. (Also ch'êng
têng ⁴ -ch'ieh ³		澄茄		cubebs.

'êng ⁴ -ch'ing ²	澄	清	to cleanse ; limpid, clear.
'êng ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -ch'ü ⁴	澄	出去	strained out or clarified. (Also ch'êng ²).
'êng ⁴ -kan ¹ -liao ³	澄	乾了	cleared out.
'êng ⁴ (tzü)	金	鐙	1079a864b stirrup irons.
'êng ⁴ (tzü)	几	凳	1079a863c a stool, a form, a bench.
'êng ⁴	石	磴	1078a864a stone steps, stairs ; lofty, precipitous.
TÈNG ²	言	騰	1080c864a to ascend ; to lift ; to transfer. M. 495.
'êng ² -ch'ing ² -ti ¹		騰清	的 to copy clearly ; clearly copied.
'êng ² -ch'u ¹ -lai ²		騰出	來 to copy out (ch'ao ¹ t'êng ²).
'êng ² -hsieh ³		騰寫	to copy.
'êng ² -hsieh ³ -ch'u ¹ -lai ²		騰寫出	來 same.
'êng ² -lu ⁴		騰錄	a copyist.
'êng ² -shu ¹		騰書	to copy a letter, etc.
'êng ²	疔	疼	1081a865b pain, sore ; kindly feeling, affection, love.
'êng ² -ai ⁴		疼愛	to love tenderly, fond ; to take an interest in,
'êng ² -pu ⁴ -t'êng ²		疼不疼	is it painful? etc.
'êng ² -ssü ¹ -ssü ¹ -ti ¹		疼絲絲的	very painful.
'êng ² -ssü ³		疼死	to die of grief, pain or love.
'êng ² -t'ung ⁴		疼痛	pain, in pain ; to love tenderly.
'êng ² (tzü)	竹	籐	1080b864a cane.
'êng ² -ch'i ⁴		籐器	rattan ware.
'êng ² -hsien ⁴		籐線	strips of cane.
'êng ² -huang ²		籐黃	gamboge.
'êng ² -jou ⁴		籐肉	split rattans.
'êng ² -p'ai ²		籐牌	a cane shield (tun ⁴ p'ai ²).
'êng ² -p'ai ² -shou ³		籐牌手	sword and shield soldiers.
'êng ²	馬	騰	1080c864c to ascend, to rise ; to lift ; to transfer. M. 495.
'êng ² -fang ²		騰房	to remove from a house (notice to quit).
'êng ² -k'ung ¹		騰空	to ascend to the sky (têng ¹ k'ung ¹).
'êng ² -no ²		騰挪	to transfer.
'êng ² -shou ³		騰手	to free for other work.
'êng ² -yün ² -chia ⁴ -wu ⁴		騰雲駕霧	mounted on the clouds.
'êng ² (tzü)	艸	籐	1080c865a cane, vines, creepers.
'êng ² -lo ² -shu ⁴		籐蘿樹	the wistaria.
ÈNG ⁴	木	櫪	1079a863c a stool or bench (pan ³ t'êng ⁴ or têng ⁴).
TI ¹	人	低	1081b877b low, mean ; to droop, to bend.
i ¹ -ang ²		低昂	low and high.
i ¹ -chia ⁴		低價	low in price (chien ⁴).
i ¹ -ch'u ⁴		低處	a low place, inferiority.
i ¹ -hsia ⁴		低下	low, mean.

<i>ti¹-hsia⁴-ti¹-jén²</i>	低下的人	a menial, a servant.
<i>ti¹-hui²</i>	低回	to bend the head and revolve in the mind.
<i>ti¹-i¹.ko²-hsieh³</i>	低一格寫	one space lower down.
<i>ti¹-la¹-la¹-ti¹</i>	低拉拉的	overcome with grief.
<i>ti¹-p'in³</i>	低品	a low class.
<i>ti¹-san¹-hsia⁴-ssü⁴</i>	低三下四	at the beck and call of others.
<i>ti¹-shêng¹</i>	低聲	a low tone of voice.
<i>ti¹-shêng¹-hsia⁴-ch'í⁴</i>	低聲下氣	meek and submissive.
<i>ti¹-shou³-hsia⁴-hsin¹</i>	低首下心	to be submissive.
<i>ti¹-ti¹.shuo¹</i>	低低說	to speak low, to whisper. [fu ³ shou ³].
<i>ti¹-t'ou²</i>	低頭	to bend or hang down the head (ch'ui ² t'ou ²).
<i>ti¹-t'ou²-han⁴</i>	低頭漢	a man who walks with his head down.
<i>ti¹-wa¹</i>	低窪	a low-lying place.
<i>ti¹-wei¹</i>	低偽	fictitious, not real, not genuine.
<i>ti¹-wei¹²-hsia⁴-chien⁴</i>	低微下賤	humble, mean.
<i>ti¹-yen²</i>	低言	to whisper.
<i>ti¹</i>	水 滴	1083b901c a drop ; to drop, to drip.
<i>ti¹-ch'u¹</i>	滴出	to leak or drip out (lou ⁴).
<i>ti¹-li⁴</i>	滴瀝	to drop, to drip.
<i>ti¹-liu¹-liu¹-ti¹</i>	滴溜溜的	round, bulging, glaring.
<i>ti¹-lou⁴</i>	滴漏	to leak or drip out.
<i>ti¹-shui³</i>	滴水	the dropping of water.
<i>ti¹-shui³-ch'êng²-ping¹</i>	滴水成冰	"dropping water becomes ice," very cold.
<i>ti¹-ta³</i>	滴打	to drop, to drip.
<i>ti¹-ti¹</i>	滴滴	same.
<i>ti¹-ti¹-ta³-ta³</i>	滴滴打打	same.
<i>ti¹</i>	阜 隄	1083a377a an embankment, a shore ; a limit ; a fence ; a
<i>ti¹</i>	土 堤	1082c877a same.
<i>ti¹-ai³</i>	堤埃	an embankment (ho ² pa ⁴).
<i>ti¹-an⁴</i>	堤岸	bank of a river or canal (ho ² ti ¹).
<i>ti¹-fung²</i>	堤防	barriers, defences ; to guard against.
<i>ti¹-niu²-tzü³</i>	堤牛子	piles of earth on top of dyke.
<i>ti¹</i>	白 的	1088b900a sign of the possessive ; real. M. 10, 46, 57, 92.
<i>ti¹-ch'üeh⁴</i>	的確	true ; certain.
<i>ti¹-hsin⁴</i>	的信	true ; belief.
<i>ti¹-jan²</i>	的然	clear, easily perceived.
<i>ti³-pi³</i>	的筆	an autograph.
TI²	女 嫡	1083a901c the lawful wife.
<i>ti²-ch'í¹</i>	嫡妻	same.
<i>ti²-hsüung¹</i>	嫡兄	elder brothers (when concubines have younger).
<i>ti²-mu³</i>	嫡母	a wife (addressed by a concubine's children).
<i>ti²-shih⁴</i>	嫡室	a lawful wife.

ti ² -shu ⁴	嫡庶	wife and concubine.
ti ² -ti ⁴	嫡弟	younger brothers (when concubine has older).
ti ² -tzü ³	嫡子	the children of the lawful wife, legitimate child.
ti ²	支敵 1083b902a	an opponent, an enemy; an equal; to oppose. [dren.
ti ² -chan ⁴	敵戰	to fight in battle.
ti ² -chu ⁴	敵住	to oppose, to withstand (ch'ou ² ti ²).
ti ² -kuo ²	敵國	an enemy's country; an independent country.
ti ² -lou ²	敵樓	a citadel.
ti ² -p'ei ⁴	敵配	an equal, a match, a pair.
ti ² -ping ¹	敵兵	the enemy's troops.
ti ² -pu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ .t'a ¹	敵不過他	cannot oppose him successfully.
ti ² -shou ³	敵手	an equal, a match for.
ti ² -tang ³	敵擋	to oppose, to withstand.
ti ² -t'i ³	敵體	equals; husband and wife.
ti ²	手抵 1082a878a	to oppose; to butt; to substitute; to bear; to [arrive.
ti ² -chang ³	抵掌	to clap the hands (p'ai ¹ chang ⁴).
ti ² -chang ⁴	抵賬	to settle an account, to outset (suan ⁴ chang ⁴).
ti ² -ch'ang ²	抵償	to forfeit one's life (ch'ang ² ming ⁴).
ti ² -chên ¹	抵針	"oppose needle," a thimble (ting ³ chên ¹).
ti ² -ch'êng ²	抵城	arrived at a city.
ti ² -chiang ³	抵港	to arrive at a port.
ti ² -chih ⁴	抵至	arrived.
ti ² -huan ⁴	抵換	to substitute (ting ³ t'i ⁴).
ti ² -ming ⁴	抵命	to forfeit one's life.
ti ² -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	抵不住	unable to bear or sustain.
ti ² -tang ³	抵擋	to oppose, to hinder.
ti ² -tao ⁴	抵到	to arrive, arrived.
ti ² -tsui ⁴	抵罪	to bear the blame.
ti ²	米糴 1084a902b	to buy rice or grain.
ti ² -liang ²	糴糧	to buy grain (ch'u ¹ t'iao ⁴).
ti ² -mi ³	糴米	to buy rice.
ti ² -t'iao ⁴	糴糶	to buy grain and to sell grain.
ti ²	犬狄 1084a901b	Mongolians; the northern regions.
ti ² -kuo ²	狄國	the northern countries.
ti ²	見覲 1084b702c	to see face to face.
ti ² -mien ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -shuo ¹	覲面再說	speak of it again when we meet.
ti ²	水滌 1084c902c	to wash, reform.
ti ² -ch'ü ⁴ -chiu ⁴ -jan ³	滌去舊染	to wash away the old stain.
ti ² (tzü)	竹筴 1084b902b	a flute.
ti ²	走迪 1084b902b	follow other's footsteps.
TI ³	广底 1081c878c	the bottom; only; low, mean.
ti ³ -ch'üeh ⁴	底確	certainly, truly, really (ch'üeh ⁴).

<i>ti³-hsi⁴</i>	底細	in detail (hsiang ² hsi ⁴).
<i>ti³-hsia⁴</i>	底下	the bottom, below; at last, in the future.
<i>ti³-hsia⁴-ti¹.jên²</i>	底下的人	servants, menials.
<i>ti³.kên¹</i>	底根	at the root, originally.
<i>ti³-li⁴-yüan²-ch'ing²</i>	底歷原情	(理, 裏) primary reason and motive.
<i>ti³-tzü³</i>	底子	the rough draft of a letter; a foundation.
<i>ti³</i>	牛脛 抵	1082b877c to butt, to gore.
<i>ti²-ch'ô⁴</i>	抵觸	same.
<i>ti³</i>	木 抵	1082b879b root.
<i>ti³</i>	广 底	1081c878c bottom, rough draft.
<i>ti³.kao³</i>	底稿	a rough draft.
TI⁴	土 地	1086b879a the earth, the ground; a place.
<i>ti⁴-chan¹</i>	地氈	a carpet.
<i>ti⁴-chi¹</i>	地基	a foundation.
<i>ti⁴-h'î²</i>	地祇	god of the earth.
<i>ti⁴-ch'î⁴</i>	地契	a lease of land.
<i>ti⁴-chên⁴</i>	地震	an earthquake (ti ⁴ tung ⁴).
<i>ti⁴-ch'î⁴</i>	地氣	"earth and air," climate (shni ³ t'u ³).
<i>ti⁴-chiu³-chicn¹-ku⁴</i>	地脚堅固	the foundation is very firm.
<i>ti⁴-ch'ieh⁴</i>	地界	boundary of a place.
<i>ti⁴-chieh⁴</i>	地解	send under guard from one hsien to another.
<i>ti¹-chih¹</i>	地支	earth's branches. See <i>Notes</i> 32 and 81.
<i>ti⁴-ching⁴-ch'ang²-kuan¹</i>	地淨場光	all the crops off.
<i>ti⁴-ch'iu²</i>	地球	the globe.
<i>ti⁴-chu³</i>	地主	an owner of land.
<i>ti⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	地處	a place, a situation.
<i>ti⁴-fang¹</i>	地方	a place; territory, country; a space.
<i>ti⁴-fang¹-kuan¹</i>	地方官	the local officials.
<i>ti⁴-fang¹</i>	地坊	local constable.
<i>ti⁴-fu³</i>	地府	the grave, hell, Hades.
<i>ti⁴-hsi²</i>	地蓆	matting.
<i>ti⁴-hsia⁴</i>	地下	on the ground.
<i>ti⁴-huang²</i>	地黃	fox-glove, a febrifuge.
<i>ti⁴-ko²</i>	地閣	the chin (hsia ⁴ pa ¹ ko ¹).
<i>ti⁴-ku²-p'î²-lu⁴</i>	地骨皮露	a sort of medicine.
<i>ti⁴-kua¹</i>	地瓜	yams, sweet potatoes (hung ² shu ³).
<i>ti⁴-lei²</i>	地雷	mines in military engineering.
<i>ti⁴-li²</i>	地理	geography, geomancy.
<i>ti⁴-li³-chih⁴</i>	地理志	a geographical work.
<i>ti⁴-li³-t'u²</i>	地理圖	a geographical map.
<i>ti⁴-li⁴</i>	地利	produce, advantages of a situation.
<i>ti⁴-ling²</i>	地靈	the earth is efficacious.

ti ⁴ -lu ² -t-zü ³	地爐子	a stove in the ground.
ti ⁴ lung ²	地龍	the common earth-worm.
ti ⁴ -mien ⁴	地面	the place or locality.
ti ⁴ -mu ³	地畝	land.
ti ⁴ -pan ³	地板	a floor (p'êng ⁴ pan ³).
ti ⁴ -pao ¹	地包	potatoes (shan ¹ yü ⁴).
ti ⁴ -pao ³	地保	a kind of constable or headborough (hsiang ¹ [yao ¹]).
ti ⁴ -pu ¹	地步	footing, place, position, situation.
ti ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ui ⁴ -pao ¹	地不愛寶	the earth is not niggardly of her valuables.
ti ⁴ -p'u ¹	地鋪	a bed on the floor.
ti ⁴ -shih ⁴	地勢	the nature of a country, etc.
ti ⁴ -tan ⁴	地蛋	"ground eggs," potatoes (shan ¹ yü ⁴).
ti ⁴ -t'an ³	地毯	a carpet.
ti ⁴ -t'an ⁴	地壇	the temple or altar of earth in Peking.
ti ⁴ -ting ¹	地丁	land tax. ^是 <i>Ich⁴ in the altar. The Sun</i> <i>tan⁴</i>
ti ⁴ -tsu ¹	地租	ground rent.
ti ⁴ -t'u ²	地圖	a map (pan ³ t'u ²).
ti ⁴ -t'u ³	地土	earth, territory.
ti ⁴ -tung ⁴	地動	an earthquake (ti ⁴ chên ⁴).
ti ⁴ -wei ⁴	地位	place, situation, position.
ti ⁴ -yin ⁴ -t-zü ³	地窖子	a cellar (chiao ⁴).
ti ⁴ -yü ⁴	地獄	hell, a prison (nau ² lao ²).
ti ⁴	兄弟	a younger brother.
ti ⁴ -fu ⁴	兄弟婦	a younger brother's wife (shên ³ t-zü ³).
ti ⁴ -hsiung ¹	弟兄	brothers (ko ¹ ko ¹).
ti ⁴ -hsiung ¹ -mên ¹	弟兄們	same.
ti ⁴ -mei ⁴	弟妹	a younger brother's wife.
ti ⁴ -t-zü ³	弟子	a pupil, a disciple (t'u ² ti ⁴). [dinal.
ti ⁴	竹第	order, series; prefix which makes numbers or-
ti ⁴ -chai ²	第宅	a house, a dwelling.
ti ⁴ -i ¹	第一	number one, the first.
ti ⁴ -i ¹ -ko ⁴	第一個	the first, above all, foremost.
ti ⁴ -i ¹ -ming ²	第一名	the first, the best, first rate.
ti ⁴ -i ¹ -p'in ³	第一品	the first rank, the best sort.
ti ⁴	遞	to give or hand to; to change; for, in place of.
ti ⁴ -chê ² -t-zü ³	遞摺子	to hand a document to the Emperor.
ti ⁴ -ch'ên ²	遞呈	to hand up, e. g., a petition.
ti ⁴ -chi ²	遞籍	to send a person to his native place.
ti ⁴ -chieh ³	遞解	to send, to forward.
ti ⁴ -chieh ³ -hui ² -chi ²	遞解回籍	to send criminal back to native place.
ti ⁴ -chien ³	遞柬	to hand a letter to one.
ti ⁴ -kei ³	遞給	to give or hand to (chiao ¹ kei ³).
ti ⁴ -ko ⁴ -ye-sê ² n ³	遞個眼色	to give a look (ch'ou ³ t'a ¹ i ¹ yen ³).

弓

竹

是遞

ti⁴-ping³
 ti⁴-shou³
 ti⁴-shou³-pên³
 ti⁴-tai⁴
 ti⁴-tsou⁴
 ti⁴-yü³
 ti⁴
 ti⁴-chi¹
 ti¹-chün¹
 ti⁴-huang³
 ti⁴-shang⁴
 ti⁴-wang²

遞稟
 遞手
 遞手本
 遞代
 遞奏
 遞與
 帝 1084c880c
 帝基
 帝君
 帝皇
 帝上
 帝王

to hand in a petition,
 to give the hand, to shake hands,
 to hand a document to an official.
 for, instead of (ti⁴ tai⁴),
 addressing the Emperor by a written document
 to give or hand to.
 the Emperor, a monarch, a ruler ; the Supreme
 the empire.
 the Emperor (huang² ti⁴).
 same.
 same.
 a sovereign prince.

T-I¹
 t'i¹-ch'ih³
 t'i¹-ch'u¹
 t'i¹-kan¹-ching⁴-liao³
 t'i¹-ku²-t'ou²
 t'i¹-pi²-tzu³
 t'i¹-tao¹
 t'i¹-têng¹
 t'i¹-têng¹-kun⁴
 t'i¹-ya²
 t'i¹ (tzu)
 t'i¹.tzu³-tang⁴

刀 剔 1088c903a
 剔齒
 剔出
 剔乾淨了
 剔骨頭
 剔篦子
 剔刀
 剔燈
 剔燈棍
 剔牙
 木 梯 1089b882a
 梯子檔

to cut up; to scrape off; to pick from; to reject
 to pick the tēeth (tzu³ ya²).
 to reject.
 scraped off clean.
 to pick out the bones from meat.
 to clean a fine comb.
 a butcher's scraping knife.
 to raise the wick in lamp.
 a wire to pull up the wick.
 to pick the teeth.
 a ladder, steps.
 rung of a ladder.

T-I²
 t'i²-an⁴
 t'i²-ch'i³
 t'i²-ch'i³-ching¹-shên²
 t'i²-ch'i³-lai²
 t'i²-ch'i⁴
 t'i²-chiu¹
 t'i²-fan⁴
 t'i²-hsieh²
 t'i²-hsieh²
 t'i²-hsin¹-tiao⁴-tan³
 t'i²-hsing³
 t'i²-hu²-ta³-mi³
 t'i²-hua¹-pu⁴
 t'i²-lao²-li⁴
 t'i²-liu¹
 t'i²-ming²-tao⁴-hsing⁴

手 提 1090a882c
 提案
 提起
 提起精神
 提起來
 提氣
 提究
 提犯
 提攜
 提鞋
 提心吊胆
 提醒
 提斛打米
 提花布
 提牢吏
 提溜
 提名道姓

to pick up, to raise up; to mention.
 to try a case in court.
 to pick up, to raise up; to mention.
 to restore the energies.
 to pick up; mention.
 to restore one's energy.
 to bring forward for examination.
 to cause a criminal to appear before one.
 to lead by the hand; to carry in the hand.
 to pull on shoes.
 timid, frightened.
 to put one in mind of, to remind.
 (fig) easy to do.
 figured brocades.
 superintendent of prison.
 to lift, to raise (also ti).
 mentioning names, etc.

t'i²-pa² 提拔
 t'i²-pi³-wang¹-tzū⁴ 提筆忘字
 t'i²-ping¹ 提兵
 t'i²-po¹ 提撥
 t'i²-pu⁴ 提布
 t'i³-shên³ 提審
 t'i³-ssū¹ 提撕
 t'i²-tao⁴ 提到
 t'i²-t'i²-ching¹-shên² 提提神
 t'i²-tiao⁴ 提調
 t'i²-tu¹ 提督
 t'i²-tu¹-hsiao²-yüan⁴ 提督學院
 t'i²-wên⁴ 提問
 t'i² 題 1091aSS3a
 t'i²-kang¹ 題綱
 t'i²-ming² 題名
 t'i²-mu⁴ 題目
 t'i² mu⁴ 題墓
 t'i²-o² 題額
 t'i²-pi³ 題壁
 t'i²-t'ou² 題頭
 t'i² 口噤 啼 1091cSS3c
 t'i²-k'u¹ 啼哭
 t'i² (tzŭ) 足噤 蹄 1092aSS3c
 t'i²-t'ui³ 蹄腿

to prefer, to raise, to promote. [it.
 as soon as I take pen I forget the way of writing
 to bring up troops, to direct troops.
 to remind.
 brocades.
 to bring up for trial.
 to point out, to direct,
 to speak of.
 to animate oneself (tou³ tou³ ching¹ shên²).
 to point out; to direct troops. [440.
 a general, provincial commander-in-chief. G.
 Literary Chancellor of a Province. G. 323.
 to bring up and examine. [head.
 a theme, a subject, a proposition; to praise; the
 a theme, a subject.
 to get a degree.
 a theme, a subject, a text, a motto.
 an epitaph.
 to write inscription for a wooden tablet.
 to write large letters on a door wall.
 to prompt a pupil.
 to cry, to weep, to lament; to crow; note of a bird.
 to cry, to weep, to lament.
 a hoof, hoofs. [abuse).
 a leg complete (of mutton, pork, etc.) (used as

T·I³ 骨體 1092cSS4a
 t'i³-ch'a²-ch'ing²-hsiny² 體察情形
 t'i³-chi³ 體己
 t'i³-chu⁴ 體註
 t'i³-hsi¹ 體息
 t'i³-hsü⁴ 體恤
 t'i³-liang⁴ 體諒
 t'i³-mien⁴ 體面
 t'i³-shih⁴ 體式
 t'i³-t'i³-mien⁴-mien⁴ 體面面
 t'i³-t'ieh⁴ 體貼
 t'i³-t'ieh⁴-pang¹-chu⁴ 體貼幫助
 t'i³-t'ung³ 體統
 t'i³-yao⁴ 體要
 t'i³-yu³-kuei⁴-chien⁴ 體有貴賤

a body; the human body; real (and 体).
 to thoroughly investigate the circumstances.
 one's own savings; to examine one's self.
 a commentary (chu⁴ chieh³).
 something of value.
 to pity.
 to put yourself in his place (chê⁴ shên¹ ch'u³ ti⁴).
 respectable.
 a form, a specimen, a pattern.
 very respectable.
 to humour; to accommodate; to pity the poor.
 to readily assist.
 pomp, show, dignity.
 the substance; the most important part.
 men differ in degree.

T·I⁴ 日替 1092aSS4c

to substitute; instead of. M. 62.

<i>t'í⁴-huan⁴</i>	替換	a substitute ; to substitute, to exchange.
<i>t'í⁴-huan⁴-í¹-fu⁴</i>	替換衣服	to exchange clothes.
<i>t'í¹-jê²-tso⁴-shih⁴</i>	替人做事	to do anything for another person.
<i>t'í⁴-kun¹</i>	替工	to do another's work for him.
<i>t'í⁴-shou³-huan¹-chia³</i>	替手換腳	to assist.
<i>t'í⁴-ssü³-huan³-shêng¹</i>	替死還生	to give life for another.
<i>t'í⁴-ssü³-kuei³</i>	替死鬼	a death-substitute.
<i>t'í⁴-t'á¹-shuo¹</i>	替他說	speak for or to him.
<i>t'í⁴-tai⁴</i>	替代	for, instead of, in place of.
<i>t'í⁴-t'ien¹-hsing²-tao¹</i>	替天行道	I am come as Heaven's agent.
<i>t'í⁴-wo²-tso⁴</i>	替我作	do it for me.
<i>t'í⁴</i>	足 踢	to kick.
<i>t'í⁴-chien⁴-rh²</i>	踢毽兒	to play at shuttlecock (with the feet).
<i>t'í⁴-ch'iu³</i>	踢毬	to play foot-ball, etc.
<i>t'í⁴-k'ai¹</i>	踢開	to kick open.
<i>t'í⁴-lung⁴</i>	踢弄	to spoil, to squander.
<i>t'í⁴-tên⁴</i>	踢蹬	to squander, e. g., property.
<i>t'í⁴</i>	刀 鬚 剃	to shave.
<i>t'í⁴-t'ou²</i>	剃頭	to shave the head (chien ¹ t'ou ³ fa ³).
<i>t'í⁴-t'ou²-p'êng²</i>	剃頭棚	a barber's shop.
<i>t'í⁴-t'ou²-p'u⁴</i>	剃頭鋪	same.
<i>t'í⁴-t'ou²-tao¹</i>	剃頭刀	a razor.
<i>t'í⁴-t'ou²-ti¹</i>	剃頭的	a barber ; one with a shaved head.
<i>t'í⁴</i>	艸 薙	to clear ground by burning off the grass, etc.
<i>t'í⁴-fa³</i>	薙髮	to shave the head (hsiao ¹ fa ³).
<i>t'í⁴-ts'ao³</i>	薙草	to clear ground of grass, etc.
<i>t'í⁴</i>	水 滌 洩 涕	tears ; to shed tears (liu ² lei ⁴).
<i>t'í⁴-ch'í⁴</i>	涕泣	to weep silently.
<i>t'í⁴-k'u¹</i>	涕哭	to weep, to cry.
<i>t'í⁴-k'u¹-lien²-lien²</i>	涕哭漣漣	weeping most bitterly (hao ² t'ao ² ta ⁴ k'u ¹).
<i>t'í⁴</i>	口 嚏 嚏	to sneeze.
<i>t'í⁴-p'ên¹ (jên)</i>	嚏噴	same (ta ³ t'í ⁴ p'ên ¹).
<i>t'í⁴</i>	心 悌	duty of younger to elder brothers.
<i>t'í⁴ (tzũ)</i>	尸 屨 屨	a drawer ; a tray ; the pad of a saddle (ch'ou ¹ ti ⁴).

TIAO¹	刀 刁	1093c885c	dangerous, violent, depraved, artful.
<i>tiao¹-cha⁴</i>	刁詐		perverse and crafty.
<i>tiao¹-fêng¹-su²</i>	刁風俗		depraved customs.
<i>tiao¹-fu⁴</i>	刁婦		a vixen, a virago (han ⁴ fu ⁴ , p'o ⁴ fu ⁴).
<i>tiao¹-hou²</i>	刁猴		villainous conduct, acting strangely.
<i>tiao¹-hua⁴</i>	刁話		violent language.
<i>tiao¹-k'ang⁴</i>	刁抗		obstinate, dogged.
<i>tiao¹-kun⁴</i>	刁棍		depraved or violent persons.

<i>tiao</i> ¹ -lai ⁴	刁賴	to contradict, to deny positively; to accuse reck-
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -lao ³ -p'o ²	刁老婆	a vixen, a virago. [less'y.]
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -man ³	刁蠻	barbarous, boisterous, unruly, outrageous.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -o ⁴	刁惡	wicked, bad, malignant.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -p'i ³	刁脾	villainous, depraved.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -shêng ¹ -lieh ⁴ -chien ¹	刁生劣監	scoundrelly graduates.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -ts'uan ¹	刁鑽	to intrigue, to seek to obtain by any means.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -wan ²	刁頑	reckless, regardless of consequences.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -yeh ³	刁野	savages, barbarians, savage, etc.
<i>tiao</i> ¹	佳 雕 1095a885b	to carve wood, to grave.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -chiang ⁴	雕匠	a carver, an engraver.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -hsiang ⁴	雕像	to carve an image.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -k'o ⁴	雕刻	to engrave; engraving.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -liang ²	雕梁	carved beams; to carve a beam.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -su ⁴	雕塑	carving and moulding.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -tao ¹	雕刀	an engraving tool.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -tzü ⁴	雕字	to cut characters.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -tzü ⁴ -chiang ⁴	雕字匠	an engraver of characters.
<i>tiao</i> ¹	豸 貂 1094b885b	the marten or sable.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -hao ³ -pi ³	貂毫筆	sable-hair pen.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -kua ⁴	貂掛	a jacket of sable,
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -p'i ²	貂皮	sable skins.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -p'i ² -ling ² -hsin ¹	貂皮領袖	sable collar and cuffs.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -p'i ² -mao ⁴ -yen ²	貂皮帽沿	a hat turned up with sable.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -shu ³	貂鼠	the marten or sable.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -wei ³	貂尾	sable tails.
<i>tiao</i> ¹	鳥 鵟 1095a885b	a hawk, buzzard or eagle.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -ling ²	鵟翎	a hawk's feather(used for feathering arrows, etc.).
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -ling ² -chien ⁴	鵟翎箭	an arrow with eagle feathers.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -ling ² -shan ⁴	鵟翎扇	eagle-feather fan.
<i>tiao</i> ¹	凋 1094c885a	to be exhausted, withered.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -hsieh ⁴	凋謝	fallen, faded, dead (of leaves) (kan ¹ k'u ¹).
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -ling ²	凋零	scattered, as leaves.
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -ts'an ²	凋殘	declining, as trade.
<i>tiao</i> ¹	口 叨 1094a885c	to hold in the mouth (hsien ²).
<i>tiao</i> ¹ -ch'ü ⁴ -liao ³	叨去了	carried off in the mouth.

TIAO⁴	弓 吊 弔 1095b886a	to condole, to mourn for the dead; to hang,
<i>tiao</i> ⁴ -an ⁴	弔案	to search into a case.
<i>tiao</i> ⁴ -ch'i ³ -lai ³	弔起來	to hang up.
<i>tiao</i> ⁴ -ch'iao ²	弔橋	a drawbridge, a suspension bridge.
<i>tiao</i> ⁴ -chi ³	弔紙	to burn paper at a death.
<i>tiao</i> ⁴ -hsiao ⁴	弔孝	to mourn for the dead.

<i>tiao⁴-hsien⁴</i>	吊線	a plumb-line.	[nao ³]
<i>tiao⁴-sang¹</i>	吊喪	to condole with the friends of a dead person (tao ³)	
<i>tiao⁴-shui³</i>	吊水	to raise water from a well, etc.	
<i>tiao⁴-so³</i>	吊鎖	a hanging lock, a padlock.	
<i>tiao⁴-ssü³</i>	吊死	to die by hanging (shang ³ tiao ⁴).	
<i>tiao⁴-ssü³-kuei³</i>	吊死鬼	spirit of a suicide by hanging.	
<i>tiao⁴-t'ung³</i>	吊桶	a well bucket.	
<i>tiao⁴-wên⁴</i>	吊問	to make kind enquiries.	
<i>tiao⁴</i>	手 掉	1096b887b to hang ; to move. M. 247. See <i>chao⁴</i> .	
<i>tiao⁴-ch'êng⁴</i>	掉秤	to lose weight (ya ¹ p'ing ²).	
<i>tiao⁴-ch'i³-lai²</i>	掉起來	to suspend, to hang up.	
<i>tiao⁴-hsia⁴</i>	掉下	to fall down (tao ³).	
<i>tiao⁴-hun²</i>	掉魂	to lose one's wits.	
<i>tiao⁴-huan⁴</i>	掉換	to exchange.	
<i>tiao⁴-kuei³</i>	掉鬼	to act strangely, to be up to tricks.	
<i>tiao⁴-kuo⁴-lai²</i>	掉過來	to turn over, to change ground (tao ³ kuo ⁴ lai ²)	
<i>tiao⁴-kou¹-li³</i>	掉溝裡	to fall into the ditch.	
<i>tiao⁴-kuo⁴-lien³-lai²</i>	掉過臉來	turned his face round.	
<i>tiao⁴-sê⁴</i>	掉色	to fade (of dyes).	
<i>tiao⁴-tan¹</i>	掉誕	to tell lies ; mischievous.	
<i>tiao⁴-t'ou²-ti¹-tsui⁴</i>	掉頭的罪	a crime worthy of death.	
<i>tiao⁴-tsai¹-ching³-li³</i>	掉在井裡	fell into the well.	
<i>tiao⁴-tsai¹-kou¹-li³</i>	掉在溝裡	fell into the ditch.	
<i>tiao⁴</i>	口 吊	1095b886a 1,000 cash ; 50 Peking cash ; a mace ; to hang.	
<i>tiao⁴-hsien⁴-fêng¹</i>	吊線風	a disease of the muscles.	
<i>tiao⁴-lai²-ch'ien²</i>	吊來錢	over one <i>tiao</i> cash.	
<i>tiao⁴-pa³-yin²-tzü³</i>	吊把銀子	over 1,000 Taels.	
<i>tiao⁴-tan³</i>	吊胆	frightened, alarmed.	
<i>tiao⁴-tan⁴</i>	吊蛋	unmanageable.	
<i>tiao⁴</i>	金 釣	1094a886c a hook ; to hook ; to fish ; to take.	
<i>tiao⁴-kún¹</i>	釣竿	a fishing rod.	
<i>tiao⁴-kún¹</i>	釣鈎	a hook.	
<i>tiao⁴-ming²</i>	釣名	to have a good name when not deserving it.	
<i>tiao⁴-yü²</i>	釣魚	to catch fish with a hook (ta ³ yü ² lao ¹ yü ²).	
<i>tiao⁴</i>	穴 窩	1095a887a a birds' nest ; deep ; very.	
<i>tiao⁴-yüan³</i>	窩遠	a great distance, very far ; inconvenient.	
<i>tiao⁴</i>	言 調	1099b888b a tune ; to transfer. See <i>t'iao²</i> .	
<i>tiao⁴-ching¹-yin³-chien⁴</i>	調京引見	transferred to Peking for audience.	

T·IAO¹

手 挑 1097a887a

*t'iao²-chien³*to carry on the shoulder ; to select ; to stir.
to choose, to select.*t'iao²-ch'ih⁴*挑揀
挑斥*t'iao²-chin¹-chiao⁴*挑斥
挑筋教

t'iao ¹ -ch'ing ²	挑情	to entice, to seduce; to make love (either sex).
t'iao ¹ -ch'ing ² -li ¹ -hwi ⁴	挑情兒話	amatory language.
t'iao ¹ -cho ² -yang ³ -érh ²	挑着樣兒	choosing a sort.
t'iao ¹ -ch'u ¹ -lai ²	挑出來	pick out.
t'iao ¹ -ch'ü ³	挑取	to select, to take out.
t'iao ¹ -fu ¹	挑夫	a porter, a carrier, a coolie (fu ¹ i ⁴).
t'iao ¹ -ho ²	挑河	to dredge out a river.
t'iao ¹ -hsi ⁴	挑戲	to tempt, to beguile, to mislead, to seduce.
t'iao ¹ -hsüan ³	挑選	to select, to choose.
t'iao ¹ -nung ⁴ -shih ⁴ -fei ¹	挑弄是非	to stir up trouble.
t'iao ¹ -pa ¹ -ku ³ -shéng ⁴	挑八股繩	peddlars.
t'iao ¹ -p'an ¹ -hsien ⁴	挑攀線	the game of scratch-cradle. Note 88.
t'iao ¹ -po ¹	挑撥	to select; to blame; to distribute, to arrange.
t'iao ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ³ -lai ²	挑不起來	unable to carry—too heavy.
t'iao ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'u ¹	挑不出	cannot pick out.
t'iao ¹ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴	挑不動	unable to carry—too heavy.
t'iao ¹ -pu ⁴ -shih ⁴	挑不是	to find fault.
t'iao ¹ -san ¹ -huo ⁴ -ssü ⁴	挑三擡四	to incite others to evil (t'iao ²).
t'iao ¹ -shui ³	挑水	to carry water (tan ¹ shui ³).
t'iao ¹ -shui ³ -ti ¹	挑水的	to sow discord, to instigate (jé ² shih ⁴ fei ¹).
t'iao ² -so ¹	挑唆	a water carrier.
t'iao ¹ -ta ¹ -yen ¹	挑大烟	to buy opium retail.
t'iao ¹ -tan ³	挑担	to carry a load.
t'iao ¹ -tan ³ -ti ¹	挑担的	a porter.
t'iao ¹ -ti ¹ -ts'o ⁴	挑的錯	picked-out faults.
t'iao ¹ -ti ¹	挑剔	to separate; to choose, to select.
t'iao ¹ -tung ⁴	挑動	to agitate, to shake.
t'iao ¹ -tzü ³	挑子	a load carried on a pole.
t'iao ¹ -tzü ⁴ -yen ³ -érh ²	挑字眼兒	to pick out faults in writing.
t'iao ¹ -tz'ü ² -chia ⁴ -sung ⁴	挑詞架訟	inciting to lawsuits.
t'iao ¹ -wa ¹	挑挖	to scoop, to clean a drain, etc.
t'iao ¹ -wu ³ -t'iao ¹ -liu ⁴	挑五挑六	fastidious.
t'iao ¹ -yen ³	挑眼	supercilious; to point out, to provoke.
t'iao ¹ -yin ³	挑引	to mislead; to make a drain, etc.

T'IAO²

言 調	1099b888b	to mix, to blend; to mediate. Also tiao ⁴ .
t'iao ⁴ -an ⁴	調案	to search into a case.
t'iao ⁴ -ch'ing ¹	調將	to move troops.
t'iao ⁴ -ch'ien ¹	調遷	to remove (as officials or troops).
t'iao ² -chih ⁴	調治	to arrange; to cure.
t'iao ² -ching ¹	調經	to regulate the menses by medicine.
t'iao ² -ch'iu ²	調求	to seek for.
t'iao ² -ch'u ³	調處	to arrange, to settle.

t'iao ² ho ²	調和		to mix, to blend; to harmonise; to mediate.
t'iao ² -hsi ⁴	調戲		to play with.
t'iao ² -hsien ²	調絃		to tune a stringed instrument.
t'iao ⁴ -huan ⁴	調換		to exchange (tui ⁴ huan ⁴).
t'iao ² -k'an ³	調坎		a pun.
t'iao ² -kêng ¹	調羹		a spoon (kêng ¹ ch'ih ²).
t'iao ² -li ³	調理		to repair, to mend, to heal, etc.
t'iao ⁴ -ping ¹	調兵		to move troops.
t'iao ⁴ -po ¹	調撥		to arrange or distribute (troops, etc.).
t'iao ⁴ -pu ³	調補		to fill an official vacancy.
t'iao ² -san ¹ -wo ¹ -ssü ⁴	調三窩四		to set by the ears (t'iao ¹ san ¹ huo ⁴ ssü ⁴).
t'iao ² -shao ⁴	調哨		to patrol
t'iao ² -shih ⁴	調詩		to make an ode.
t'iao ² -shuo ¹	調說		to mediate and settle by conference.
t'iao ² -so ¹	調唆		to instigate, to egg on (shih ³ so ¹).
t'iao ² -t'ing ²	調停		to arrange, to settle; to modify; to mediate.
t'iao ⁴ -tu ⁴	調度		to calculate, to estimate; to settle, to arrange
t'iao ⁴ -tung ⁴	調動		to agitate, to shake; to issue orders.
t'iao ² -yang ³	調養		to nurse, to look after.
t'iao ² -yün ³	調勻		to moderate; equally blended.
t'iao ⁴ -yung ⁴	調用		to use as occasion requires.
t'iao ² (tzü)	木條	1098c888c	a branch, a twig; items M. 89, <i>a note</i>
t'iao ² -ch'i ²	條脊		a long narrow table, sideboard.
t'iao ² -fêng ¹	條風		the north-east wind.
t'iao ² -k'uan ³	條欸		laws, rules (chang ¹ ch'êng ³).
t'iao ² -kuei ¹	條規		same.
t'iao ² -li ³	條理		logical, reasonable.
t'iao ² -li ⁴	條例		laws, rules.
t'iao ² -mu ⁴	條目		a list, an index.
t'iao ² -t'iao ² -yu ³ li ³	條條有理		every point is reasonable.
t'iao ² -yo ¹	條約		a treaty.
t'iao ²	竹筴	1098b889b	a broom; to sweep.
t'iao ² -chou	筴		a broom.

T'IAO³ 身 跳 1098b889b a tall man.

T'IAO⁴ 足 跳 1097c889c to jump, to skip; to overpass (pêng⁴).

t'iao⁴-ch'i³-l i³ 跳起來 to jump up.

t'iao⁴-ch'iang² 跳牆 to leap over a wall.

t'iao⁴-chiao³-érh³ 跳腳兒 hopping.

t'iao⁴-ching³ 跳井 to commit suicide by jumping into the well.

t'iao⁴-ch'ung³ 跳蟲 "the jumping insect," the flea.

t'iao⁴-ho² 跳河 to leap into a river.

'iao ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ko ⁴ -tsei ²	跳下個賊	a thief leaped down.
'iao ⁴ -huo ³ k êng ¹	跳火坑	to leap into the pit (of hell).
'iao ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	跳過去	to jump over.
'iao ⁴ -lung ² -mên ²	跳龍門	to graduate (fig.).
'iuo ⁴ -ma ³	跳馬	to cover a mare.
'iao ⁴ -niu ²	跳牛	to cover a cow.
'iuo ⁴ -pan ³	跳板	a plank, a gangway (to go on board vessels, etc.).
'iao ⁴ -pêng ⁴	跳迸	to jump, to skip, to leap.
'iuo ⁴ -shan ¹ -chien ⁴	跳山澗	to leap over a gorge.
'iao ⁴ -shên ²	跳神	acts of female exorcists.
'iao ⁴ -shih ¹	跳虱	the flea (ko ⁴ tsao ³).
'iao ⁴ -tên ⁴	跳凳	a form, a stool.
'iuo ⁴ tsao ³	跳蚤	the flea.
'iuo ⁴ -ts'ao ³	跳槽	to seek a better situation.
'iao ⁴ -wu ³	跳舞	to dance, to caper.
'iuo ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	跳躍	same.
'iao ⁴	米糶	to sell grain (ti ² liang ²).
'iao ⁴ -liang ²	糶糧	same.
'iao ⁴ -mi ³	糶米	to sell rice.

TIEH ¹	足 跌	1100b891c	to slip, to stumble, to fall down. See tsai ¹ .
ieh ¹ -chiao ¹	跌跤		same.
ieh ¹ -hsia ¹	跌下		to fall down.
ieh ¹ -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	跌下去		same (going).
ieh ¹ -hsia ¹ -lai ²	跌下來		same (coming).
ieh ¹ -kên ¹ -tou ²	跌跟斗		to stumble and fall (tsai ¹ kên ¹ tou ²).
ieh ¹ -lino ³ -i ¹ -chiao ¹	跌了一跤		to fall down, get a fall.
ieh ¹ -pu -tao ³	跌不倒		cannot fall down.
ieh ¹ -ssü ³	跌死		dashed to death.
ieh ¹ -ta ³ -shang ¹ -sun ³	跌打傷損		injured by a fall. [als].
ieh ¹ -tan ⁴	跌旦		tumblers (boys personating women in theatric).
ieh ¹ -tao ³	跌倒		to tumble down, to fall, to slip.
ieh ¹ -tao ⁴ -suan ⁴ -chang ⁴	跌倒算賬		(fig.) a reckoning at the last.
ieh ¹ -tsu ²	跌足		to lose one's footing; to stamp the foot.
ieh ¹	父 爹	1100a890a	a father (fu ⁴).
ieh ¹ -ma ¹	爹媽		father and mother (fu ⁴ mǎ ³).
ieh ¹ -niang ²	爹娘		father and mother.
ieh ¹ -tieh ¹	爹爹		papa, daddy (pa ⁴ pa ⁴).

TIEH ²	送	1100c891c	satisfactorily; change; ease. M. 247.
ieh ² -pu ⁴ -tê ² -ch'ü ⁴	送不得去		to have no leisure to go (ku ⁴ pu ⁴ tê ² ch'ü ⁴).
ieh ² -tang ¹	送當		satisfactorily, properly (t'o ³ tang ¹).
ieh ² -tu ⁴	送肚		intestine within the anus.

<i>tieh²-t'z'ü¹</i>		迭次		repeatedly, often, continually (lü ³ t'z'ü ¹).
<i>tieh²-wei²-pin¹-chu³</i>		迭爲賓主		a mutual interchange of invitations, etc.
<i>tieh²</i>	田壘	疊	1101c892b	a fold; in layers; to pile up.
<i>tieh¹-ch'í³-pa¹-lai²</i>		疊起壩來		to double the dyke.
<i>tieh²-cho²-chin¹</i>		疊着勁		with might and main.
<i>tieh²-chü⁴</i>		疊句		chorus.
<i>tieh²-lu⁴</i>		疊路		a raised road.
<i>tieh²-shil²-ju²-shan¹</i>		疊石如山		to pile up stones like mountains.
<i>tieh²-t'ieh²</i>		疊疊		in many folds or layers.
<i>tieh²-t'z'ü⁴</i>		疊次		repeatedly, time after time (ch'ung ² , lü ³ t'z'ü ¹).
<i>tieh²</i>	手	撻	1102a892b	to fold up; to hang up; to arrange, to lay out.
<i>tieh²-ch'í¹-lai²</i>		撻起來		to fold up (as clothes).
<i>tieh²-í¹-shang¹</i>		撻衣裳		to fold up clothes (ché ²).
<i>tieh²</i>	虫	蝶	1101b890b	a butterfly (hu ² t'ieh ²).
<i>tieh³ (tzü)</i>	石	碟	1101a891b	plates, saucers.
<i>tieh²</i>	片	牒	1101a891a	an official document, register.

T'IEH¹	貝	貼	1102c893b	to stick to, to attach to; to lose.
<i>t'ieh¹-chi³</i>		貼己		intimate, private (t'í ³ chí ³).
<i>t'ieh¹-ch'ien¹-t'z'ü³</i>		貼幟子		to affix a label.
<i>t'ieh¹-ch'ien²</i>		貼錢		to aid with money; to lose money in trade.
<i>t'ieh¹-chin¹</i>		貼金		to gild; self-praise.
<i>t'ieh¹-chin⁴</i>		貼近		to stick close to, to adhere.
<i>t'ieh¹-ch'u¹</i>		貼出		to paste up.
<i>t'ieh¹-ch'u¹-kao⁴-shih⁴</i>		貼出告示		to paste up a proclamation. [ch'uan ²].
<i>t'ieh¹-ch'uan²</i>		貼船		to impress a boat (for government use) (yu ¹
<i>t'ieh¹-fên¹-p'í¹</i>		貼封批		to seal up officially.
<i>t'ieh¹-hsieh³</i>		貼寫		to copy; a clerk.
<i>t'ieh¹-hsin¹</i>		貼心		amiable, obliging, intimate with.
<i>t'ieh¹-hsin -t'ieh¹-í⁴</i>		貼心意		same.
<i>t'ieh¹-hua⁴</i>		貼畫		to paste up a picture.
<i>t'ieh¹-í⁴</i>		貼意		same.
<i>t'ieh¹-kao¹-yao⁴</i>		貼膏藥		to put on a sticking-plaster.
<i>t'ieh¹-pao⁴-t'z'ü³</i>		貼報子		to post up an announcement.
<i>t'ieh¹-p'ei²</i>		貼賠		to lose in trade (p'ei ² pên ³).
<i>t'ieh¹-pien¹</i>		貼邊		the thick border at edge of garment.
<i>t'ieh¹-shên¹</i>		貼身		innermost clothing; husband and wife.
<i>t'ieh¹-shên¹-ti¹-jên²</i>		貼身的人		a personal attendant; husband and wife.
<i>t'ieh¹-shu¹</i>		貼書		copyists, clerks.
<i>t'ieh¹-t'ao⁴</i>		貼套		a case for holding cards.
<i>t'ieh¹-tien⁴</i>		貼店		to reserve an iun for official use.
<i>t'ieh¹-tsai³-ch'iang²-</i>	[shang ¹	貼在牆上		paste it on the wall.
<i>t'ieh¹ tui⁴-t'z'ü³</i>		貼對子		to paste up antithetical couplets.

<i>t'ieh¹</i> (t'ü)	巾帖 ^{1102b893a}	a label, a list, a card, a petition, a copy head [[ch'ien ¹ t'zũ ³].
T'IEH³ 金鑊鐵	鐵 ^{1103b893b}	iron (kang ¹).
<i>t'ieh³-ch'í⁴</i>	鐵器	iron-ware.
<i>t'ieh³-chia³-ch'uan²</i>	鐵甲船	ironclad war-vessel.
<i>t'ieh³-chiao³</i>	鐵錢	a shovel or spade.
<i>t'ieh³-ch'íh³</i>	鐵尺	a kind of mace.
<i>t'ieh³-chu³-í⁴</i>	鐵主意	a firm resolve (chien ¹ í ⁴).
<i>t'ieh³-chuan¹</i>	鐵磚	pig iron.
<i>t'ieh³-hsien¹</i>	鐵銑	a shovel or spade.
<i>t'ieh³-ku¹</i>	鐵箍	an iron hoop.
<i>t'ieh³-lí²-mu⁴</i>	鐵梨木	very close-grained hard wood.
<i>t'ieh³-lu⁴</i>	鐵路	a railway. ✓
<i>t'ieh³-mao⁴-t'zũ³-tí¹</i>	鐵帽子的	hereditary (Tartar prince at Peking).
<i>t'ieh³-mien⁴-wu²-ssũ²</i>	鐵面無私	a man of strict integrity.
<i>t'ieh³-mu⁴-r'íh³</i>	鐵木耳	Timor (the Tartar).
<i>t'ieh³-pan³</i>	鐵板	sheet-iron.
<i>t'ieh³-shih⁴ jèn²</i>	鐵石人	a very 'hard' man.
<i>t'ieh³-so³</i>	鐵索	an iron chain.
<i>t'ieh³-ssũ¹</i>	鐵絲	iron wire.
<i>t'ieh³-t'iao²</i>	鐵條	rod or bar iron.
<i>t'ieh³-ts'ai²-fêng²</i>	鐵威縫	sewing-machine.
<i>t'ieh³-t'ung³-hsiang¹-ssĩ⁴</i>	鐵桶相似	like an iron bucket; surrounded.
<i>t'ieh³-peh¹-t'zũ³</i>	鐵葉子	sheet-iron.
<i>t'ieh³-yen⁴-mo⁴-chuan¹</i>	鐵硯磨穿	an iron ink-slab worn through.

TIEN¹ 頁	顛 ^{1106a894a}	[amble, to upset, to turn over; the top, the head; to topsy-turvy.
<i>tien¹-chih¹-tao⁴-chih¹</i>	顛之倒之	topsy-turvy.
<i>tien¹-jũ²</i>	顛覆	to turn upside down, to turn over and over.
<i>tien¹-hsien²</i>	顛險	misfortunes.
<i>tien¹-ma³</i>	顛馬	an ambling horse.
<i>tien¹-mo⁴</i>	顛末	head and tail; beginning and end.
<i>tien¹-p'ei⁴</i>	顛沛	rebellion, confusion, anarchy.
<i>tien¹-p'u¹</i>	顛撲	to tumble down.
<i>tien¹-san¹-tao⁴-ssũ⁴</i>	顛三倒四	topsy-turvy; to speak incoherently (fan ¹ t'êng ²).
<i>tien¹-tao³</i>	顛倒	hind part before; (upside down; to derange.
<i>tien¹-tao¹-shih⁴-fei¹</i>	顛倒是非	to confound right and wrong. [Tao ¹].
<i>tien¹-ting³</i>	顛頂	the top, the apex.
<i>tien¹-to²</i>	顛奪	to make up one's mind.
<i>tien¹</i>	廣癲 ^{1106c894a}	mad, madness; convulsions, fits.
<i>tien¹-chêng⁴</i>	癲症	mad, madness (k'uang ²).
<i>tien¹-fêng¹</i>	癲瘋	same.
<i>tien¹-hsien³</i>	癲癇	epileptic fits.

tien¹-k uang² 癡狂
 tien¹ 走 趨^{1106a894b}
 tien¹-tien¹-p'ao²-p'ao³ 趨趨跑跑
 tien¹ 手故 拈^{1105a894c}
 tien¹-liang¹ 拈量
 tien¹ 手 損^{1105c894b}

insane, deranged.
 to jolt in trotting.
 to run about.
 to weigh in the hand.
 to weigh ; to suppose ; to estimate, to calculate.
 to strike, to beat ; to extend ; to lead, to draw.

TIEN³

tien³ 點
 tien³-ch'í² 點齊
 tien³-chú³ kuan¹ 點主官
 tien³-han⁴-lin² 點翰林
 tien³-hsi⁴ 點戲
 tien³ hsin¹ 點心
 tien³ hsüeh⁴ 點穴
 tien³-hua⁴ 點畫
 tien²-hua⁴ 點化
 tien³-k'an¹ 點看
 tien³-mao³ 點卯
 tien³-ming² 點名
 tien³-ming² tan¹ 點名單
 tien³-ming²-t'sé⁴ 點名冊
 tien³ p'ai¹-ch'ai¹-shih³ 點派差使
 tien³-p'ao⁴ 點砲
 tien³-pu¹-chao² 點不着
 tien³-shih²-ch'êng²-chin¹ 點石成金
 tien³-shou³ 點手
 tien³-shou³ 點首
 tien³ shu¹ 點書
 tien³-t'eng¹ 點燈
 tien³-tien³-rh² 點點兒
 tien³-tien³-ti¹-ti¹ 點點滴滴
 tien³-t'ou² 點頭
 tien³-tzü³ 點子
 tien³-tzü³-ma³ 點子馬
 tien³-tzü³-p'ai² 點子牌
 tien³ 八 典^{1105a894c}
 tien³ chang¹ 典章
 tien³-chi² 典籍
 tien³-chu³ 典主
 tien³-ch'u¹-ch'ü⁴-la¹ 典出去喇
 tien³-chuang¹-mai⁴-ti⁴ 典庄賣地
 tien³-fany²-mai³-ti⁴ 典房買地

a particle, a dot ; to punctuate ; to light ; to nod.
 same.
 all present at roll-call
 the person who dots the ancestral tablet,
 to attain the degree of Hanlin.
 to select a play for performance.
 cakes, sweetmeats,
 to select a spot for a grave.
 marks and strokes in writing.
 to instruct, to point out.
 to inspect.
 roll-call (of soldiers, etc.).
 same.
 the roll.
 same.
 to assign official duties.
 to light a cannon.
 unable to light (as a candle ;) unsuccessful.
 to mark a stone-and transmute to gold (alchemy).
 to beckon with the hand (pai³ shou³).
 to nod the head, to assent.
 to point or punctuate a letter, etc.
 to light a lamp (chang³ t'eng¹).
 to dot, to punctuate.
 drop by drop,
 to nod the head, to assent.
 same.
 a spotted horse.
 dominoes.
 a rule, a law ; to rule ; to pawn ; a classical work.
 classical works ; rules ; regulations (chang¹
 books in general. [ch'êng²].
 a mortgagee.
 mortgaged to (somebody).
 mortgaging and selling.
 buying land and mortgaging houses.

tien³-ku¹
 tien³-mai⁴
 tien³-shên¹
 tien³-shih³
 tien³-tang⁴
 tien³
 tien³-ch'iao³-chien¹

典故
 典賣
 典身
 典史
 典當
 足
 跖
 脚尖

the subjects of the ancient books ; precedent,
 to mortgage. [quotation.
 to hire one's self, to pawn the person.
 governor of a jail. G. 294,
 to pawn, to pledge, to mortgage ; a pawn-shop.
 to limp, on tip-toe.
 to stand on tip-toe.

TIEN⁴ (tzu)
 tien⁴-chai¹
 tien⁴-chang⁴
 tien⁴-ch'ien²
 tien⁴-p'ing²-liao³
 tien⁴-shang⁴
 tien⁴-t'ou³
 tien⁴-tzu³
 tien⁴-wên³-liao³
 tien⁴
 tien⁴-chia¹
 tien⁴-chu³
 tien⁴-fang²
 tien⁴-hsiao³-êrh²
 tien⁴-k'o⁴
 tien⁴
 tien⁴-chi⁴
 tien⁴-cho²
 tien⁴-huai²
 tien⁴-kua⁴
 tien⁴
 ien⁴-fu¹
 ien⁴-hu⁴
 ien⁴-p'i¹
 ien⁴-t'ien²
 ien⁴-ting¹
 ien⁴-tsu¹
 ien⁴-tzu⁴
 ien⁴
 ien⁴-chao⁴
 ien⁴-ch'i⁴
 ien⁴-ch'i⁴-têng¹
 ien⁴-hsien⁴
 ien⁴-hsien⁴-kan¹
 ien⁴-kuang¹

土 墊 1107b896c
 墊 債
 墊 賬
 墊 錢
 墊 平 了
 墊 上
 墊 頭 子
 墊 子
 墊 穩 了
 广 店 1105a895b
 店 家
 店 主
 店 房
 店 小 二
 店 客
 心 悵 1105a896a
 悵 記
 悵 着
 悵 懷
 悵 掛
 人 佃 1105c896a
 佃 夫
 佃 戶
 佃 批
 佃 田
 佃 丁
 佃 租
 佃 字
 雨 電 1107a896b
 電 照
 電 氣
 電 氣 燈
 電 線
 電 錢 桿
 電 光

to fill up, to add to; to put down; to sink. G. 467.
 to pay debts for another.
 to pay a bill for another.
 to make up money for another.
 to fill up and make even.
 to make up, to fill up.
 a cushion, anything to fill up, etc.
 a cushion.
 to make steady (as a table by wedging the leg).
 a shop, an inn, a stand.
 shopmen.
 a shopkeeper, an innkeeper.
 a shop or inn ; rooms in an inn.
 an ostler, a inn-waiter, etc,
 guests at an inn, travellers.
 to be anxious about, to think kindly of,
 to remember.
 to be anxious about, to think kindly of.
 same (ko¹ chi⁴, yu¹ lü⁴).
 same.
 to plough, to cultivate ; to hire ; a labourer.
 a husbandman, a labourer.
 same.
 to lease to.
 to cultivate the land or swamps.
 a husbandman, a labourer.
 to hire (as land).
 a lease.
 lightning, electricity.
 deign to examine (epistolary).
 electricity.
 an electric light.
 electric or telegraph wire.
 telegraph poles
 the glare of lightning.

tien⁴ } moreu
 k'uan³ } adwán
 赤欠

7

<i>tien⁴-pao⁴</i>		連報	a telegraphic despatch.
<i>tien⁴-pao⁴-chü²</i>		電報局	telegraph office.
<i>tien⁴-shan³</i>		電閃	flashing of lightning.
<i>tien⁴</i>	青	靛 1106c897b	indigo.
<i>tien⁴ ch'ih²</i>		靛池	an indigo tank.
<i>tien⁴-hua¹</i>		靛花	indigo blossom, scum of indigo tank.
<i>tien⁴-kang¹</i>		靛缸	an indigo vat.
<i>tien⁴-sé⁴</i>		靛色	indigo blue.
<i>tien⁴</i>	殿	殿 1107a893a	a hall, a palace; settled; the rear of an army
<i>tien⁴-hsia⁴</i>		殿下	Heir-apparent.
<i>tien⁴-shih⁴</i>		殿試	final examination in the Palace.
<i>tien⁴-yü³</i>		殿宇	temple-buildings.
<i>tien⁴-t'ing¹</i>		殿廷	palace.
<i>tien⁴</i>	玉	玷 1104a895c	a flaw, a blot, a blemish; to disgrace.
<i>tien⁴-ju⁴</i>		玷辱	to disgrace, to debauch.
<i>tien⁴-wu¹</i>		玷污	same
<i>tien⁴-yü³</i>		玷玉	an imperfect gem.
<i>tien⁴</i>	大	奠 1107c896c	to pour out a libation, to offer up, to present.
<i>tien⁴-ch'a²</i>		奠茶	a libation of tea.
<i>tien⁴-ching⁴</i>		奠敬	with condolences—on death of friend.
<i>tien⁴-chiu³</i>		奠酒	to pour out wine in sacrifice.
<i>tien⁴-i³</i>		奠儀	the ceremonial of libations.
<i>tien⁴ (tzu)</i>	金	釧 1.12c898c	golden ornaments for a lady's head dress.

T'IENT¹

大諷

<i>t'ien¹-ch'ang²-ti⁴-chiu³</i>	天	天 1'08a897a	heaven, day; the weather; the sky; God.
<i>t'ien¹-ch'ao²</i>	長	地 久	old as the universe.
<i>t'ien¹-chi²</i>	天	朝	the celestial dynasty (China).
<i>t'ien¹-ch'i⁴</i>	天	極	the poles (nan ² chi ² , pei ³ chi ²).
<i>t'ien¹-ch'i⁴ ch'ing¹-shuang²</i>	天	氣清爽	the weather, the air.
<i>t'ien¹-ch'i⁴-liang²</i>	天	氣涼	exhilarating weather.
<i>t'ien¹-chiang⁴</i>	天	將	cool weather, a cool day.
<i>t'ien¹-ch'iao²</i>	天	橋	imperial generals.
<i>t'ien¹-ching¹</i>	天	經	“heaven's bridge,” the milky way. Note 8
<i>t'ien¹-ching¹</i>	天	津	menses (t'ien ¹ kuei ³).
<i>t'ien¹-ching¹-wei¹</i>	天	津衛	“heaven's ford,” Tientsin.
<i>t'ien¹-ching³</i>	天	井	same.
<i>t'ien⁴-ch'ing²-liao³</i>	天	晴了	a courtyard (yüan ⁴)
<i>t'ien¹ ch'iu²</i>	天	球	a fine day; the day is fine.
<i>t'ien¹-chu²-kuo²</i>	天	竺國	the celestial globe.
<i>t'ien¹-chu¹</i>	天	上	India (yin ⁴ tu ⁴).
<i>t'ien¹-chu²-chiao⁴</i>	天	主教	“heaven's lord,” God (used by Catholics).
<i>t'ien¹-chu³-t'ang²</i>	天	主堂	the Roman Catholic religion.
			a Roman Catholic place of worship.

t'ien ¹ -ch'w ¹	天樞	"the hinge of heaven," the navel (tu ⁴ ch'í ²).
t'ien ¹ -chüeh ²	天爵	divine nobility (cr jên ² chüeh ²).
t'ien ¹ -ên ¹ -nan ² -pao ⁴	天思難報	heaven's grace cannot be recompensed.
t'ien ¹ -fang ¹ -kuo ²	天方國	Arabia (亞拉伯).
t'ien ¹ -fên ⁴	天分	natural ability.
t'ien ¹ -fên ⁴ -kao ¹	天分高	great natural ability.
t'ien ¹ -han ² -huo ³ -lêng ³	天寒火冷	inclement weather,
t'ien ¹ -han ⁴	天旱	drought, dry weather.
t'ien ¹ -han ⁴	天漢	the Milky Way (hsiao ¹ han ⁴).
t'ien ¹ -hao ²	天鶴	sort of crane.
t'ien ¹ -hao ² -liao ³	天好了	a pleasant day.
t'ien ¹ -ho ²	天河	"heaven's river," the Milky Way.
t'ien ¹ -hou ⁴	天后	the queen of heaven.
t'ien ¹ -hou ⁴ -niang ² -nian ²	天后娘娘	her ladyship the queen of heaven.
t'ien ¹ -hsia ⁴	天下	the world; the empire of China.
t'ien ¹ -hsia ⁴ -t'ai ¹ -p'ing ²	天下太平	the empire is tranquil (kuo ² t'ai ¹ min ² an ¹).
t'ien ¹ -hsien ¹	天仙	a fairy (hsien ¹).
t'ien ¹ -hsin ¹	天心	the zenith
t'ien ¹ -hsing ⁴	天性	natural.
t'ien ¹ -hua ⁴	天花	[lou ⁴ chên ⁴]. "heaven's flowers," the small-pox (ma ³ tzü ³ ,
t'ien ¹ -hua ¹ luan ⁴ -chui ⁴	天花亂墜	fig. flood of eloquence
t'ien ¹ -hun ¹ -ti ⁴ -an ⁴	天昏地暗	dark above and below.
t'ien ¹ -i ⁴ -jên ² -yüan ²	天意人緣	providence and natural affinity (marriage).
t'ien ¹ -jan ²	天然	natural.
t'ien ¹ -kan ¹	*天干	heaven's stems (astronomical characters).
t'ien ¹ -kao ¹ -ti ⁴ -hou ⁴	天高地厚	vast as the universe.
t'ien ¹ -kuan ¹	天官	President of Board of Civil Office (li ³ pu, ⁴ shang ⁴).
t'ien ¹ -kuei ³	天葵	menses (ching ¹ shui ³).
t'ien ¹ -kung ¹	天宮	heaven
t'ien ¹ -kung ¹	天公	the gods.
t'ien ¹ -k'ung ¹	天空	the sky, the air, space.
t'ien ¹ -lang ² -ch'í ⁴ -ch'ing ¹	天朗氣清	"sky bright and air pure," a bright clear day.
t'ien ¹ -li ³	天理	heavenly principles.
t'ien ¹ -li ³ -hsün ² -huan ²	天理循環	Justice revolves till it reaches the guilty.
t'ien ¹ -li ³ -liang ² -hsin ¹	天理良心	conscientious, conscience.
t'ien ¹ -liang ²	天良	conscience (liêng ² hsin ¹).
t'ien ¹ -liang ²	天凉	a cool dry; the day is cool.
t'ien ¹ -liang ⁴	天亮	break of day, daylight.
t'ien ¹ -ling ² -kai ⁴	天靈顛	the cranium, the top of the head (o ² ting ³).
t'ien ¹ -lün ³	天倫	one's father.
t'ien ¹ -lung ² -ti ⁴ -ya ³	天聾地啞	inarticulate nature.
t'ien ¹ -mên ²	天門	the gates of heaven; the centre of the head.
t'ien ¹ -mêng ² -lung ³	天曠	early dawn.

t'ien¹-mìng² 天命
 t'ien¹-mìng⁴ 天年
 t'ien¹-niên² 天鵝
 'ien¹-o² 天邊
 t'ien¹-pien¹ 天變示異
 t'ien¹-pien⁴-shih⁴-i⁴ 天兵
 t'ien¹-ping¹ 天平
 t'ien¹-p'ing² 天棚
 t'ien¹-p'êng² 天不絕人
 t'ien¹-pu⁴-r-hüeh²-jên² 天不容
 t'ien¹-pu⁴-jung² 天上
 t'ien¹-shang⁴ 天上的
 t'ien¹-shang⁴-ti¹ 天上掉的
 t'ien¹-shang⁴-tiao⁴-hsia⁴ 天上掉下
 t'ien¹-shên² 天神
 t'ien¹-shêng¹ 天生
 t'ien¹-shêng¹-lai² ti¹ 天生來的
 t'ien¹-shêng¹-ts'ung¹- 天生聰明
 t'ien¹-shih¹ [mìng²] 天師
 t'ien¹ shih² 天使
 t'ien¹-shu¹ 天書
 t'ien¹-t'a¹-ti¹-hsien⁴ 天塌地陷
 t'ien¹-t'an² 天壇
 t'ien¹-t'ang² 天堂
 t'ien¹-tao⁴ 天道
 t'ien¹-téng¹ 天燈
 t'ien¹-ti⁴ 天帝
 t'ien¹-ti⁴ 天地
 t'ien¹-ti⁴-hsüan² ko² 天地懸隔
 t'ien¹-ti⁴-jên² 天地人
 t'ien¹-t'ien¹ 天天
 t'ien¹-t'ing² 天庭
 t'ien¹-t'ing²-pao³-man³ 天庭飽滿
 t'ien¹-tsai¹-liu²-hsing² 天災流行
 t'ien¹-ts'ai² 天才
 t'ien¹-tzü¹ 天姿
 t'ien¹-tzü² 天子
 t'ien¹-tz'ü⁴-ti¹ 天賜的
 t'ien¹-wai⁴-ti¹-shih⁴ 天外的事
 t'ien¹-wai⁴-yu³-t'ien¹ 天外有天
 t'ien¹-wan³ 天晚
 t'ien¹-wên² 天文
 t'ien¹-wên²-ching⁴ 天文鏡

dawn.
 heaven's will or decrees ; fate, destiny.
 the period of life decreed by heaven.
 the swan, the crane.
 the horizon (t'ien¹ ya²).
 the heavens change to warn of.
 imperial troops.
 scales, balances (fine) (hang² ch'êng², têng³ tzü³).
 an awning.
 Heaven leaves a way of escape.
 heaven permits not (to live).
 in heaven.
 celestial.
 fell down from heaven.
 heavenly spirits, angels.
 natural (shêng¹ ch'êng², tien¹ jau²).
 natural, naturally.
 natural cleverness.
 an astronomer.
 an angel ; an imperial messenger.
 " Divine " books of the sects.
 heavens and earth going to ruin.
 the temple or altar of heaven in Peking.
 " heaven's halls," heaven, paradise. [weather.
 the ways of heaven ; the heavenly doctrine, the
 " heaven's lamp," the moon ; a street lamp.
 the ruler of heaven, God.
 heaven and earth ; nature.
 as wide apart as heaven and earth.
 the three Powers (san¹ ts'ai¹).
 every day, daily (chien⁴ t'ien¹).
 the forehead.
 a wide and full forehead (physiognomy).
 prevalence of plague, etc.
 ability.
 natural beauty.
 " the son of heaven," the Emperor,
 bestowed by heaven.
 something surpamundane.
 there are stranger things still.
 the day drawing to a close ; evening.
 astronomy.
 a telescope (ch'ien¹ li³ ching⁴).

t'ien ¹ -wên ² -shêng ¹	天文生	an astronomer.
t'ien ¹ -wên ² -tí ¹ -lí ³	天文地理	astronomy and geography.
t'ien ¹ -wên ² -t'u ²	天文圖	a map of the stars.
t'ien ¹ -wu ² -chüeh ² -jên ²	天無絕人	Heaven does not cut off completely.
t'ien ¹ -wu ² -êrh ⁴ -jih ⁴	天無二日	no two suns in the sky.
t'ien ¹ -ya ²	天涯	the horizon (or <i>yai</i>) (t'ien ¹ pien ¹).
t'ien ¹ -yeh ²	天爺	the heavenly divinity, God.
t'ien ¹ -yen ²	天閹	impotency in man ; a eunuch (natural).
t'ien ¹ -yin ¹	天陰	a dull day.
t'ien ¹ -yin ¹ -hou ⁴	天陰厚	heavily clouded.
t'ien ¹ -yin ¹ -pu ⁴ -ch'ên ²	天陰不沉	clouds not thick.
t'ien ¹	水添	to lay on, to increase, to add to, additional.
t'ien ² -ch'ien ² -chün ⁴ -mai ⁴	添錢就賣	if you add a little, I will sell.
t'ien ¹ -chü ⁴ -t'u ² -kai ³	添註塗改	to make notes and corrections.
t'ien ¹ -fang ²	添房	to marry a second wife.
t'ien ¹ -hsieh ¹ -rh ²	添些兒	to add a little ; put a little more.
t'ien ¹ -hsiang ¹ -ti ¹ -li ³	添箱的禮	extra presents to the bride.
t'ien ¹ -jên ² -chün ⁴ -k'ou ³	添人進口	increase in the family.
t'ien ¹ -jên ² -k'ou ³	添人口	to increase in family (to marry, have a child, etc.).
t'ien ¹ -ko ¹ -hsiao ³ -tzü ³	添個小子	to have a son (shêng ¹ tzü ³).
t'ien ¹ -liáo ³ -hsieh ² -huo ²	添了些活	added to one's work.
t'ien ¹ -shang ¹	添上	to add to or on.
t'ien ¹ -shuang ¹ -k'uai ⁴	添隻筷子	another guest has come.
t'ien ¹ -tíng ¹	添丁	a child added to the family (congratulatory).
t'ien ¹ -t'ou ²	添頭	addition, possibility of addition.
t'ien ¹ ts'ai ²	添財	to increase in wealth.

T'ien¹ +
shé⁴ +
h'ao³

T' IEN ²	田	田	1112aS98b	a field, land, ground.
t'ien ² -chai ²		田宅		fields and houses, farms, etc.
t'ien ² -ch'an ³		田產		lands, possessions
t'ien ² -chí ¹		田鷄		the frog (ha ² ma ¹).
t'ien ² -ch'i ²		田畦		small plots or beds of ground.
t'ien ² -ch'i ⁴		田器		implements of husbandry.
t'ien ² -chia ¹		田家		husbandmen (chuang ³ chia ¹).
t'ien ² -chia ¹ -tzü ³ -tí ¹		田家子弟		same.
t'ien ² -chuang ³		田庄		a farm-house
t'ien ² -fú ⁴		田賦		a land tax or rent.
t'ien ² -ho ³		田禾		growing paddy.
t'ien ² -miao ²		田苗		young field crops.
t'ien ² -shêng ¹ -wu ³ -ku ³		田生五穀		the fields produce the 5 grains.
t'ien ² -shü ³		田鼠		the field rat, the mole.
t'ien ² -tí ⁴		田地		land, ground ; state, condition ; place, degree,
t'ien ² -tsu ¹		田租		land, fields (i ¹ pu ⁴ t'ien ² tí ⁴).

[point.

<i>t'ien²-t'u³</i>	田土	ground rent.
<i>t'ien²-yeh³</i>	田野	cultivable fields.
<i>t'ien²-yüan²</i>	田園	cultivated land.
<i>t'ien²</i>	甜	sweet (kau ¹ t'ien ²).
<i>t'ien²</i>	甘	same.
<i>t'ien²-ju²-mi⁴</i>	甜如蜜	sweet as honey.
<i>t'ien²-k'u³</i>	甜苦	"sweet and bitter," one's lot in life.
<i>t'ien²-kua¹</i>	甜瓜	sweet melons.
<i>t'ien²-shui³</i>	甜水	sweet, i. e., good water (k'u ³ shui ³).
<i>t'ien²-shui³ ching³</i>	甜水井	a sweet water well.
<i>t'ien²-shui⁴</i>	甜睡	sweet sleep.
<i>t'ien²-ssü¹-ssü¹-ti¹</i>	甜絲絲的	very sweet. [life.
<i>t'ien²-suan¹-k'u³-la⁴</i>	甜酸苦辣	"sweet, sour, bitter and acrid," the troubles of
<i>t'ien²-t'ou²-rh²</i>	甜頭兒	a bait, an allurement.
<i>t'ien²-tsui³-ma²-shê²</i>	甜嘴麻舌	a clever speaker.
<i>t'ien²-yen³</i>	甜言	sweet words, flattery.
<i>t'ien²-yen²-mi⁴-yü³</i>	甜言蜜語	same.
<i>t'ien²</i>	土窰填	to add; to fill up; to make up; to pay a debt.
<i>t'ien²-chai⁴</i>	填債	to pay a debt (tien ⁴).
<i>t'ien²-chiek¹-sai¹-hsiang⁴</i>	填街塞巷	streets and lanes crammed full.
<i>t'ien²-huan³</i>	填還	to make a return, to outset, to pay a debt.
<i>t'ien²-huan²-k'uei¹-k'ung¹</i>	填還虧空	to make up a loss or deficiency.
<i>t'ien²-jan³</i>	填然	the roll of a drum; to urge, to stimulate.
<i>t'ien²-k'u¹ lung³</i>	填窟窿	to fill up a hole.
<i>t'ien²-man³</i>	填滿	to fill up or entirely.
<i>t'ien²-ming⁴</i>	填命	to forfeit one's life.
<i>t'ien²-p'ing²</i>	填平	to fill up, as holes.
<i>t'ien²-sai⁴</i>	填塞	to fill up, to close up.

T' IEN³	食 餪	舔 1110b899c	to lick, taste, try with tongue.
<i>t'ien³-kan¹-ching⁴</i>		舔乾淨	to lick clean.
<i>t'ien³-p'o⁴-liao³</i>		舔破了	to lick a hole, e.g., in paper window.
<i>t'ien³-shê²</i>		舔舌	to lick.
<i>t'ien³</i>	心	忸 1111a900a	shy, timid, bashful, ashamed.
<i>t'ien³-k'uei⁴</i>		忸愧	same (mien ³ t'ien ³).
<i>t'ien³</i>	肉	腆 1111b899c	thick; abundant; substantial; large; good; [many.
<i>t'ien³-cho²-lien³</i>		腆着臉	shameless (lien ³ pi ² hou ⁴).

T' IEN⁴	手	搽 1110a900c	to work the Chinese pencil on the inkslab.
<i>t'ien⁴-pi³</i>		搽筆	same.
<i>t'ien⁴-têng¹</i>		搽燈	to raise the wick.
<i>t'ien⁴</i>	舌	磬 1110a900c	to put out the tongue.
<i>t'ien⁴-shê²</i>		磬舌	same.

TING ¹	—	丁 ^{1114b903a}	a nail, a pin, an adult ; one.
ting ¹ -chí ⁴		丁祭	worship of Confucius.
ting ¹ -chien ¹		丁艱	to mourn for parents (three years).
ting ¹ -hsiang ¹		丁香	cloves.
ting ¹ -hsiang ¹ -hua ¹		丁香花	mace ; the common lilac.
ting ¹ -k'ou ³		丁口	people.
ting ¹ -nei ⁴ -yu ¹		丁內憂	to mourn for some one in the family (mother).
ting ¹ -shui ⁴		丁稅	poll-tax.
ting ¹ -t'zū ³		丁子	tadpole.
ting ¹ -t'zū ⁴ -chieh ¹ -êrh ²		丁字街兒	a street forming a T with another.
ting ¹ -t'zū ⁴ -kuai ³		丁字拐	a staff or crutch with T top.
ting ¹ -wa ⁴ -yu ²		丁外憂	to mourn for some one outside (father).
ting ¹ -yin ²		丁銀	poll-tax.
ting ¹ -yu ¹		丁憂	to mourn for parents, e. g., officials.
ting ¹ (t'zū)	金	釘 ^{1115a904b}	a nail, a pin, a bolt ; to nail ⁴ .
ting ¹ -chang ³		釘鞣	to shoe a horse (kua ⁴ chang ³).
ting ¹ -chien ¹ -êrh ³		釘尖兒	the point of a nail.
ting ¹ -chui ⁴		釘住	nailed fast.
ting ⁴ -j'eng ¹ -wê ² -shu ¹		釘封文書	a despatch nailed up in boards.
ting ¹ -hsieh ²		釘鞋	nailed shoes.
ting ¹ -niu ³ -t'zū ³		釘鈕子	to sew on buttons.
ting ¹ -lao ²		釘牢	nailed firmly.
ting ⁴ -ma ³ -chang ³		釘馬掌	to shoe a horse.
ting ¹ -ma ³ -chang ³ -t'í ¹		釘馬掌的	a farrier.
ting ¹ -mao ⁴ êrh ²		釘帽兒	the head of a nail.
ting ⁴ shang ⁴		釘上	to nail up, to sew on.
ting ⁴ -shu ¹		釘書	to bind a book (chuang ¹ ting ⁴).
ting ⁴ -shu ¹ -t'í ¹		釘書的	a book-binder.
ting ⁴ -ssū ³		釘死	nailed fast ; crucified.
ting ⁴ -ting ¹ -t'zū ³		釘釘子	to drive a nail.
ting ⁴ -tsao ¹ -mu ⁴ -lan ⁴		釘糟木爛	nail rusted and wood rotten.
ting ¹	疔	疔 ^{1115a904a}	a pimple, an ulcer, a venereal sore.
ting ¹ -ch'uang ¹		疔瘡	same.
ting ¹ -chui ⁴		疔墜	syphilitic sores.
ting ¹ -tu ³		疔毒	venereal poison.
ting ¹	玉	玎 ^{1114c904a}	jingling noise.
ting ¹ -tung ¹		玎瑤	same.
ting ¹	口	叮 ^{1114c904a}	to enjoin.
ting ¹ -chui ³		叮囑	to order.
ting ¹ -ning ²		叮嚀	to enjoin.
ting ¹	人	仃 ^{1114c904a}	alone (ling ² ting ¹).
ting ¹	酉	酌 ^{1115b905a}	drunk (ming ² ting ¹).

TING³ (tʰɛ̃) 頁 頂 1115c904c
 ting³-an⁴ 頂案
 ting³-chang⁴ 頂賬
 ting³-chên¹ 頂針
 ting³-chih³ 頂帶
 ting³-chʰi³ 頂柱
 ting³-chuan¹ 頂磚
 ting³-chʰang⁴ 頂撞
 ting³-ʔ² 頂兒
 ting³-fêng¹ 頂風
 ting³-hao³ 頂好
 ting³-hsin¹ 頂心
 ting³-hsiu¹ 頂兇
 ting³-kao³-ti¹ 頂高的
 ting³-kuan⁴-su⁴-tai¹ 頂冠束帶
 ting³-k'uei¹-kuan⁴-chia³ 頂盔貫甲
 ting³-lin² 頂流
 ting³-ma³-ti¹ 頂馬的
 ting³-ming² 頂名
 ting³-mu²-ch'ü¹-hsi² 頂沒出息
 ting³-pao¹ 頂包
 ting³-p'êng² 頂棚
 ting³-pu⁴-chu⁴ 頂不住
 ting³-shang³-kung¹-fu¹ 頂上工夫
 ting³-shang⁴ 頂上
 ting³-shang¹-yüan²-kuang¹ 頂上圖光
 ting³-shou³ 頂手
 ting³-shui³ 頂水
 ting³-ta⁴ 頂大
 ting³-tai⁴ 頂戴
 ting³-tang¹ 頂當
 ting³-tao⁴-hsien⁴-tsai⁴ 頂到現在
 ting³-t'í⁴ 頂替
 ting³-t'ien¹-li⁴-ti⁴ 頂天立地
 ting³-têng¹ 頂燈
 ting³-t'ou² 頂頭
 ting³-t'ou²-jêng¹ 頂頭風
 ting³-tsui³ 頂嘴
 ting³-yin² 頂銀
 ting³ 鼎 鼎 1116b904b
 ting³-li⁴ 鼎立
 ting³-li⁴ 鼎力
 ting³-tsu² 鼎足

the top ; a button ; very. M. 37.
 to have some one to answer to the charge.
 to set off one item against another.
 a thimble (ti² chên¹).
 same.
 a prop (ch'êng¹):
 to carry a brick on the head.
 opposition to, to contradict (t'ai² kang⁴).
 the button worn by mandarins.
 a head or contrary wind (fêng¹ pu⁴ shun⁴).
 the best (chih⁴ hao²).
 the brain ; the crown of the head.
 substitute for a murderer.
 very high.
 to dress up.
 "helmet and armour," military costume.
 to go against the current.
 outriders.
 to falsely represent, etc.
 utterly worthless (fellow).
 to substitute one package for another,
 the ceiling (yang² p'êng²).
 can't hold up against.
 splendid work.
 the best.
 aureola.
 substitute.
 against the tide or current ; contrary current.
 the largest,
 the button worn by mandarins.
 to substitute one pledge for another.
 up to the present.
 a substitute (mao⁴ ming², ch'iang¹ shou³).
 very clever, a hero.
 to hold a lamp on your head (hen-pecked).
 opposing, contrary.
 a head-wind.
 to contradict impertinently, to argue,
 alloyed silver.
 a tripod ; stable, firm, correct ; to set up, to establish
 to establish firmly.
 great strength.
 to establish firmly.

[tablis

to set up, to es

TING ⁴	定 ^{1113b905b}	to fix, to establish, to decide. M. 275, 326.
ting ⁴ an ⁴	定案	to decide a case (fan ³ an ⁴).
ting ⁴ -ch ⁴ i ¹	定期	a fixed time.
ting ⁴ -ch ⁴ ien ²	定錢	earnest money.
ting ⁴ -chih ⁴	定志	to make up one's mind.
ting ⁴ -ch ⁴ in ¹	定親	to settle a marriage engagement.
ting ⁴ -ching ¹ (kêng)	*定更	watch-setting, at 9 P M.
ting ⁴ -chu ² -i ⁴	定主意	to make up one's mind.
ting ⁴ -chü ²	定局	to determine on, to decide, to settle.
ting ⁴ -chun ³ -pu ⁴ -i ²	定準不移	undoubtedly.
ting ⁴ -hsia ⁴	定下	to settle.
ting ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	定向	to have made up the mind what direction to take.
ting ⁴ -hsin ¹	定心	to make up one's mind.
ting ⁴ -hsing ³	定省	to enquire after the health of one's parents.
ting ⁴ -huo ⁴ -chang ⁴	定貨賬	an order book.
ting ⁴ -jan ²	定然	positively, undoubtedly, absolutely certain.
ting ⁴ -jih ⁴ -ch ⁴ i ¹	定日期	a fixed period or time,
ting ⁴ kuei ¹	定規	to decide, to settle, to lay down rules. [chên ¹].
ting ⁴ -nan ² -chên ¹	定南針	needle of the compass, the compass (chih ³ nan ²
ting ⁴ -n ³	定擬	to fix, to determine, to decide on.
ting ⁴ -o ²	定額	a fixed quantity or number.
ting ⁴ -p'an ² -hsing ¹	定盤星	the balance of a steel-yard.
ting ⁴ -pu ⁴ -jao ² -shu ⁴	定不饒恕	assuredly will not forgive.
ting ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tê ²	定不得	unable to fix or settle; uncertain.
ting ⁴ -shên ²	定神	to compose one's self.
ting ⁴ -shih ⁴	定視	a fixed, steady look (chu ⁴ mu ⁴).
ting ⁴ -shu ¹	定數	a fixed number: fate.
ting ⁴ -tan ¹	定單	a bargain, an agreement.
ting ⁴ -tan ¹ -yin ²	定單銀	earnest money, money to bind the bargain.
ting ⁴ -tê ²	定得	fixed, settled (i ³ ting ⁴).
ting ⁴ -to ²	定奪	to make up the mind.
ting ⁴ -t'ô ³	定妥	fixed safely.
ting ⁴ -tso ¹ -ti ¹	定做	made to order (hsien ² ch'êng ² ti ¹).
ting ⁴ -tsui ⁴	定罪	to condemn, to convict.
ting ⁴ -yao ⁴	定要	to insist.
ting ⁴ -yin ²	定銀	earnest money.
ting ⁴ -yo ¹	定約	a contract; to contract.
ting ⁴ (tzü)	金錠 ^{1114b905c}	an ingot of silver (i ¹ ting ⁴ yin ²).
ting ⁴ -tzü ³ -yao ⁴	錠子藥	a kind of ointment (used on sores, etc.).
ting ⁴ -yin ²	錠銀	a silver ingot.
ting ⁴	言訂 ^{1115a905a}	to criticise, to examine, to compare, to adjust.
ting ⁴ -chêng ⁴	訂正	to revise and prepare a work for publication.
ting ⁴ -shu ¹	訂書	to criticise books (p'i ¹ shu ¹).

ting⁴-wên⁴

訂問

to examine.

T·ING¹t'ing¹

耳

{ 听
 聽 1119a906a

t'ing¹-ch'ai¹

聽差

to hear, to comply (1 and 4).
same.t'ing¹-ch'i²

聽其

office boys, messengers, etc.

t'ing¹-ch'i²-tzu²-jan²

聽其自然

to let, to allow

t'ing¹-chiang³

聽講

let it take its natural course.

t'ing¹-chien⁴

聽見

to attend to instruction.

t'ing¹-chien⁴-liáo³

聽見了

to hear.

t'ing¹-chien⁴-shuo¹

聽見說了

to have heard.

t'ing¹-chó²-liáo³

聽著了

same.

t'ing¹-ch'u¹-lai²-tiao³

聽出來了

same.

t'ing¹-ch'üan⁴

聽勸

heard understandingly.

t'ing¹-êrh² pu⁴-wên²

聽而不聞

to give heed to advice.

t'ing¹-hou⁴

聽候

to listen but not to hear.

t'ing¹-hsi⁴

聽戲

to await.

t'ing¹-hsin⁴

聽信

to hear a theatrical performance.

t'ing¹-hua⁴

聽話

hear and believe.

t'ing¹-ling⁴

聽令

to be obedient.

t'ing¹-niú⁴-liáo³

聽謬了

to obey orders.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-chien⁴

聽不見

took up wrongly.

t'ing¹ pu⁴-chên⁴

聽不真

unable to hear.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-chin⁴-ch'ü⁴

聽不進去

cannot hear clearly.

t'ing¹ pu⁴ ch'ü¹-lai²

聽不出來

cannot hear so as to comprehend.

t'ing¹ pu⁴-fui⁴

聽不服

unable to understand what one hears.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-lai²

聽不來

unpleasant to my ear.

t'ing¹ pu⁴-tê²

聽不得

to misunderstand; to dislike listening to.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-t'ing¹

聽不聽

unable to hear; unfit to hear.

t'ing¹-pu⁴-ming²-pai⁴

聽不明白

do you hear? whether you hear or not.

t'ing¹-shih⁴-ti¹

聽事的

to misunderstand.

t'ing¹-shou⁴

聽受

servants, attendants.

t'ing¹-shuo¹

聽說

to receive; to hear; to heed.

t'ing¹-tai⁴

聽待

to listen to advice; I hear say, etc.

t'ing¹-tao⁴

聽道

to wait.

t'ing¹-tê²-chien⁴

聽得見

to listen to advice.

t'ing¹ tê²-ch'ü¹-lai²

聽得出來

able to hear.

t'ing¹-t'ien¹-yu²-ming⁴

聽天由命

able to understand what one hears.

t'ing¹-t'ing¹

聽聽

yield to Heaven and submit to Fate.

t'ing¹-t'ou²

聽頭

to listen, listen, do you hear?

t'ing¹-ts'o⁴-liáo³

聽錯了

worth hearing.

t'ing¹-tsui⁴

聽罪

to misunderstand.

t'ing¹-ts'ung²

聽從

hear or wait for sentence.

to comply.

<i>t'ing¹-wên²</i>	聽聞	to hear.
<i>t'ing¹-yên²</i>	聽言	to listen to advice.
<i>t'ing¹</i>	廣廳 ^{1119b906b}	a court, an office, a hall, drawing or dining room.
<i>t'ing¹-fang²</i>	廳房	a hall, a drawing room (<i>kuo⁴ t'ing¹</i>).
<i>t'ing¹-t'ang²</i>	廳堂	the principal hall of a college, etc.
<i>t'ing¹</i>	木挺 ^{1118b908b}	a bough, a staff, a stick.
<i>t'ing¹-li⁴</i>	挺立	upright, perpendicular.
TING²	人停 ^{1117b907c}	to stop, to delay ; to fix in a place.
<i>t'ing²-ch'ê¹</i>	停車	to stop a cart.
<i>t'ing²-chih³</i>	停止	to stop, to discontinue, to cause to cease.
<i>t'ing²-cho²</i>	停着	stopping.
<i>t'ing²-chu⁴</i>	停住	to cease, to stop.
<i>t'ing²-ch'uan²</i>	停船	to stop the boat.
<i>t'ing²-ch'uang²</i>	停牀	death-bed.
<i>t'ing²-fêng⁴</i>	停俸	to stop salary (<i>fêng⁴ lu⁴</i>).
<i>t'ing²-hsi²</i>	停息	to cease, to stop, to rest ; stoppage of interest.
<i>t'ing²-i¹-hui²</i>	停一回	to stop a while ; stop a bit.
<i>t'ing²-i¹-hui²-ti¹</i>	停一回的	stopping a while.
<i>t'ing²-i¹-t'ing²</i>	停一停	stop a bit, etc.
<i>t'ing²-k'ou³</i>	停口	to discontinue speaking.
<i>t'ing²-kung¹</i>	停工	to leave off work (<i>hsieh¹ kung¹</i>).
<i>t'ing²-li⁴-kuei¹-pên³</i>	停利歸本	to stop paying interest and repay the capital.
<i>t'ing²-ling²</i>	停靈	to delay burial of a coffin.
<i>t'ing²-lin²</i>	停留	to delay.
<i>t'ing²-pi²-hsiang¹-t'zū⁴</i>	停筆想字	stop writing and think of a character.
<i>t'ing²-po²</i>	停泊	to anchor.
<i>t'ing²-pu⁴-chu⁴</i>	停不住	unable to stop.
<i>t'ing² pu⁴-tê²</i>	停不得	must not stop, cannot stop.
<i>t'ing²-shêng¹</i>	停陞	to delay promotion.
<i>t'ing²-shou³</i>	停手	to stay the hand, to cease doing.
<i>t'ing²-tang¹</i>	停當	arranged well, satisfactorily settled.
<i>t'ing²-t'ing²-tang¹-tang¹</i>	停停當當	same (<i>t'ó³ tang³</i>).
<i>t'ing² t'ing²-t'ó³.t'ó³</i>	停停妥妥	same.
<i>t'ing²-t'ó³</i>	停妥	same.
<i>t'ing²-wu³</i>	停午	noon, resting time.
<i>t'ing²</i>	亭 ^{1117a907b}	a pavilion, a kiosk ; watch-house.
<i>t'ing²-chang³</i>	亭長	the senior constable of a village.
<i>t'ing²-rh²</i>	亭兒	a pavilion, portico ; a watch-house, policeman.
<i>t'ing²-fn¹</i>	亭父	the senior peace-officer of a village.
<i>t'ing²-kung¹</i>	亭公	same.
<i>t'ing²-t'ai²</i>	亭臺	pavilions and galleries.
<i>t'ing²</i>	廷 ^{1117c907a}	a hall ; the court ; to rectify ; straight, even.

- t'ing²-ch'ên² 廷臣 a courtier, a minister.
 t'ing²-i⁴ 廷議 court deliberations (ch'ao² t'ing²).
 t'ing² 广庭 1118a907a a house, a hall; a district; an office.
 t'ing²-hsün⁴ 庭訓 paternal instruction.
 t'ing²-shê⁴ 庭舍 a house (chia¹ t'ing²).
 t'ing²-t'ang² 庭堂 same.
 t'ing² 雨霆 1118c907b the noise of thunder (lei³ t'ing² chih¹ nu⁴).
 t'ing² 虫蜓 1118c907c dragon fly (ching¹ t'ing²).
 t'ing² 艸莛 1118c907c a stalk or culm.
- T'ING³** 手挺 1118a908a to stick up, to stretch out; very. M. 37.
 t'ing³-chin³ 挺緊 to pull tight.
 t'ing³-ch'u¹ 挺出 to bulge out.
 t'ing³-hsing² 挺刑 to endure punishment without flinching.
 t'ing³-hsiung¹ 挺胸 to expand the chest.
 t'ing³-hsiung¹-t'ieh⁴-tu⁴ 挺胸凸肚 strutting like a bully.
 t'ing³-jên⁴ 挺刃 to raise a sword as if about to strike,
 t'ing³-kao¹ 挺高 very high (lao³ kao¹).
 t'ing³-li⁴ 挺立 to stand straight up.
 t'ing³-pang³-t'zū³-ying⁴ 挺梆子硬 a hard bit, as a nut.
 t'ing³-pu⁴-chu⁴-liao³ 挺不住了 unable to stand it, e. g., a flogging.
 t'ing³-shên¹ 挺身 to stretch one's self up; upright in person. [etc.
 t'ing³-ta³ 挺撞 to endure without flinching; to dare to strike,
 t'ing³-yen² 挺嚴 tight, strict, close, strong.
 t'ing³ 舟艇 1118b908c a boat, a barge.
 t'ing³-ch'uan² 艇船 same.
- TIU¹** 一丢 1119c909a to lose, to throw away.
 tiu¹-ch'ai¹ 丢差 to fail, to make a mess of.
 tiu¹-ch'i⁴ 丢棄 cast aside.
 tiu¹-ch'ou³ 丢醜 to disgrace one's self.
 tiu¹-ch'ü⁴ 丢去 to throw away (ch'i⁴ chüeh²).
 tiu¹-hsia⁴ 丢下 to leave behind.
 tiu¹-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴ 丢下去 to throw down.
 tiu¹-jên² 丢人 to lose respectability, to be disgraced.
 tiu¹-k'ai¹ 丢開 not to mention cast aside.
 tiu¹-k'ai¹-shou³ 丢開手 not to do; don't do it.
 tiu¹-k'ung¹-êrh² 丢空兒 to leave every other line blank.
 tiu¹-liao³ 丢了 lost.
 tiu¹-liao³-mei²-yu³ 丢了沒有 is it lost?
 tiu¹-lien³ 丢臉 "to lose face," to lose reputation, to be disgraced.
 tiu¹-lien³-ti¹ 丢臉的 disreputable.
 tiu¹-pu⁴-hsia⁴ 丢不下 unable to lose.

tiu¹.pu¹-liao³
 tiu¹-shên¹
 tiu¹-shih¹
 tiu¹-shou³
 tiu¹-t'ai¹
 tiu¹.tiao⁴
 tiu¹-ts'ai²-jê³-ch'i⁴
 tiu¹.yen³-sê⁴

丟不了
 丟身
 丟失
 丟手
 丟胎
 丟掉
 丟財惹氣
 丟眼色

unable to lose.
 an emission.
 to lose.
 to leave off.
 an abortion.
 to discard.
 lost money and made enemies.
 a sign with the eye.

TO¹ 夕 多 1119c909a

to¹-chien⁴
 to¹-cho²-ti¹
 to¹-ch'ou²
 to¹-chu⁴-chi¹-t'ien¹
 to¹-chung⁴
 to¹-chung⁴-p'i²
 to¹-érh³-to¹-nü²
 to¹-fu²
 to¹-hsiao²
 to¹-hsieh⁴
 to¹-hsin¹
 to¹-hui⁴
 to¹-i²
 to¹-kan³
 to¹-kao¹
 to¹-k'ou³
 to¹-kua³
 to¹-kuan²-hsien²-shih⁴
 to¹-k'uei¹
 to¹-li³
 to¹-lo²-nü¹
 to¹-ma¹-hao³
 to¹-mên¹-hao³
 to¹-mêng²
 to¹-pan⁴
 to¹-ping⁴
 to¹-pu⁴-to¹
 to¹-shao³
 to¹-shao³-tz'ü⁴
 to¹-shih⁴
 to¹-shih⁴-ti¹-jên²
 to¹-shou²
 to¹-shou⁴

多見
 多着的
 多愁
 多住幾天
 多重皮
 多兒多女
 多福
 多學
 多謝
 多心
 多會
 多疑
 多感
 多高
 多寡
 多管閒事
 多虧
 多禮
 多羅呢
 多麼好
 多們好
 多蒙
 多半
 多病
 多不多
 多少
 多少次
 多事
 多事的人
 多手
 多壽

many, much, more; very. M. 225.
 well-informed.
 very many (hsü² to¹).
 mournful.
 stay a few days longer.
 very heavy; how heavy is it?
 what is the tare?
 many children.
 much happiness.
 well informed, well read.
 many thanks.
 to be suspicious.
 when, whenever.
 suspicious.
 very grateful.
 very high; how high is it?
 "much mouth," talkative, etc.
 "many and few," the number of; how many?
 a busy-body in other people's affairs.
 very fortunate that—.
 overpolite.
 woollens.
 how good!
 extremely good, all good.
 very much obliged.
 probably, mostly (or 多一半).
 inclined to sickness.
 is it much? are there many?
 how many or much? what a number! a good
 how often? how many times?
 officious, meddlesome; many affairs, etc.
 a busy body; one with much business.
 a meddlesome busy-body.
 longevity.

to¹-shu⁴-shêng¹-ping¹ 多睡生病
 to¹-shuo¹-hua⁴ 多說話
 to¹-shuo¹-hua⁴-ti¹ 多說話的
 to¹-ta⁴-nien²-chi⁴ 多大年紀
 to¹-to¹ 多多
 to¹-to¹-i⁴-shan⁴ 多多益善
 to¹-to¹-shao³-shao³ 多多少少
 to¹-to¹-wên⁴-hao³ 多多問好
 to¹-tu² 多多讀
 to¹-ts'ai²-to¹-i⁴ 多才多藝
 to¹-tsan¹ 多啱
 to¹-tsao³-wan³-rh² 多早晚兒
 to¹-tsui³ 多多嘴
 to¹-tz'ü⁴ 多多次
 to¹-wên² 多多聞
 to¹-yen² 多多言
 to¹-yu¹-to¹-lü⁴ 多多憂慮
 to¹-yü²-ti¹ 多餘的

too much sleep causes illness.
 to talk much, loquacious.
 a talkative person.
 what is your age? (kao¹ shou⁴),
 very much, very many.
 the more the better.
 no matter how much; at any rate; a great many.
 very kind regards to you.
 to have read much.
 great ability.
 when? what time?
 same.
 very loquacious (la³ la³ pu⁴ hsiu¹).
 many times, many a time, often.
 to have heard much, well-informed.
 loquacious.
 always in distress.
 the remainder, what is left, superfluous.

TO² 大 奪 1121a913
 to²-chan⁴ 奪佔
 to²-chiang¹-shan¹ 奪江山
 to²-ch'iu² 奪囚
 to²-kuo⁴-lai² 奪過來
 to²-liao³-ch'ü⁴-la¹ 奪了去喇
 to²-ch'ü³ 奪取
 to²-ch'ü⁴ 奪去
 to²-jang³ 奪攘
 to²-k'uei² 奪魁
 to²-ming² 奪名
 to² 土 搽 1122a910a
 to²-ch'ai²-huo³ 搽柴火
 to²-ch'ien² 搽錢
 to²-huo⁴-wu⁴ 搽貨物
 to²-k'ou³ 搽口
 to²-shang⁴ 搽上
 to² 手 掇 1120a913a
 to²-shih² 掇拾
 to² 金 鐸 1121a914a

to snatch away, to seize; to lop off; to criticise
 to grasp, to seize (ch'iang³ to²).
 to usurp the Empire.
 to break open a prison.
 to take from another.
 stolen away.
 to take by violence.
 to deprive one of, to snatch.
 to seize.
 to come out first at examinations.
 to filch the credit from another.
 a target; to stack; to pile up; a pile, a heap.
 to stack up firewood.
 to pile up money.
 to heap up goods.
 embrasures (ch'êng²).
 to pile up. See to¹.
 to persuade; to take, to seize, to gather. See [ts'ot
 to gather, to harvest (shih² to²).
 a bell with a clapper.

TO³ 身 躲 1121c910a
 to³-k'ai¹ 躲開
 to³-lan³ 躲懶

to avoid, to withdraw, to hide (shan²).
 to withdraw; get out of the way?
 to loiter, to delay, to dawdle.

- to³-liao³-t'au¹ 躲了他 avoid him, shun him, keep him at a distance.
 to³-nan¹ 躲難 to avoid difficulty.
 to³-ni⁴ 躲匿 to lie concealed, to avoid showing one's self.
 to³-pi¹ 躲避 to avoid, to shun, to retire.
 to³-shan³ 躲閃 to dodge away from.
 to³-shên¹ 躲身 to withdraw one's self.
 to³-tao⁴-rh² 躲道兒 to get out of the road.
 to³-to³ 躲躲 to avoid, to get out of the way.
 to³-ts'ang² 躲藏 to lie concealed, to avoid showing one's self.
 to³ 木朵 朵^{1121c909c} a cluster of flowers or fruit, lobe of the ear.
- TO¹ 舟 舵^{1122a910b} a helm, a rudder.
 to¹-hou⁴-shêng¹-fêng¹ 舵後生風 a favourable wind.
 to¹-kan¹ 舵杆 the tiller.
 to¹-kung¹ 舵工 the helmsman or steersman (shao¹ kung¹).
 to¹-pu¹ 舵把 the tiller, the handle of the tiller.
 to¹-t'ing¹ 舵艇 the post of a rudder.
 to¹ 刀 剝^{1122a910b} to mince, to chop up.
 to¹-hsia⁴-lai² 剝下來 same.
 to¹-lan¹ 剝爛 to mince very small.
 to¹-liao³-i¹-tao¹ 剝了一刀 to give a chop.
 to¹-sui¹ 剝碎 to mince, to chop up.
 to¹ 足 躁^{1122a910a} to stamp the foot.
 to¹-chiao³ 躁脚 same.
 to¹-tsu² 躁足 same.
 to¹ 心 惰^{1122b910c} lazy, idle, remiss; disrespectful (lau³ to¹).
 to¹-hsing² 惰行 lounging, lazy; to loiter.
 to¹ 馬 馱^{1126b911b} a beast's load.
 to¹-ch'i² 馱驕 a loaded horse.
 to¹-pu¹-tung¹ 馱不動 unable to carry it—as, a mule, on its back.
 to¹ 土 墮^{1122b910c} to fall down.
 to¹-lo¹ 墮落 to fall behind.
 to¹-t'ai¹ 墮胎 a miscarriage.
 to¹ 广 度^{1191a917b} to think, to ponder, to guess. See tu⁴.
 to¹ (tzũ) 禾 稜^{1121c910b} a stack, a pile.
- T'O¹ 肉 脫^{1125a914a} to take off or away, to put off; retire, to escape.
 to¹-an¹-ti¹-jên² 脫案的人 one who has escaped trial.
 to¹-chieh² 脫節 disconnected, interrupted, disjointed.
 to¹-ch'u¹ 脫出 to escape.
 to¹-ch'u² 脫除 to remove.
 to¹-hsia⁴-lai³ 脫下來 to take off (as clothes).
 to¹-hsieh³ 脫鞋 to take off the shoes.

t'ŏ¹.hsieh⁴ 脫卸
 t'ŏ¹.hsüeh¹ 脫靴
 t'ŏ¹.hsüeh¹-pan³ 脫靴板
 t'ŏ¹.i¹-shang¹ 脫衣裳
 t'ŏ¹.i¹-ts'êng²-p'ü² 脫一層皮
 t'ŏ¹.k'ü¹ 脫開
 t'ŏ¹.k'ü² 脫殼
 t'ŏ¹.ku².chü¹ 脫骨疽
 t'ŏ¹.k'ung¹ 脫空
 t'ŏ¹.li².hsiung¹-wo¹ 脫離兇惡
 t'ŏ¹.mien³ 脫免
 t'ŏ¹-ming² 脫名
 t'ŏ¹-nan⁴ 脫難
 t'ŏ¹-pu⁴-k'ai¹-shên¹ 脫不開身
 t'ŏ¹-shan³ 脫閃
 t'ŏ¹-shên¹ 脫身
 t'ŏ¹⁴-shên¹-chih¹-chi⁴ 脫身之計
 t'ŏ¹-shên¹ 脫生
 t'ŏ¹-ssü³-t'ao² shêng¹ 脫死逃生
 t'ŏ¹-su⁴ 脫俗
 t'ŏ¹-t'ai¹ 脫胎
 t'ŏ¹-t'ao² 脫逃
 t'ŏ¹-tsou³ 脫走
 t'ŏ¹ 托
 t'ŏ¹.fu² 托福
 t'ŏ¹.fu⁴ 托付
 t'ŏ¹-jên² 托人
 t'ŏ¹.lan².rĕh² 托懶兒
 t'ŏ¹-ling³ 托領
 t'ŏ¹-p'an² 托盤
 t'ŏ¹-p'ei¹ (p'ei) 托坯
 t'ŏ¹-ping⁴ 托病
 t'ŏ¹-sai¹ 托腮
 t'ŏ¹-t'a³-t'ien¹-wang² 托塔天王
 t'ŏ¹-wu³ 托伴
 t'ŏ¹ 託
 t'ŏ¹-ch'ing² 託情
 t'ŏ¹.fu⁴ 託付
 t'ŏ¹.ku¹ 託狐
 t'ŏ¹-lai⁴ 託賴
 t'ŏ¹-mêng⁴ 託夢
 t'ŏ¹.pi⁴ 託庇
 t'ŏ¹-t'ü³ 託辭

手托

言託

to unload (as a cart, ship, etc. ;) to retire.
 to take off the boots.
 a boot-jack.
 to put off the clothes (chai¹ mao¹).
 "by the skin of one's teeth."
 to withdraw, to retire.
 to peel the skin off.
 leprosy (ma³ fêng¹).
 to have time, to lose a chance.
 deliver from evil
 to avoid.
 to throw off one's name ; to abscond, to avoid.
 to escape suffering or difficulty.
 cannot get away from.
 to stand aside ; stand aside !
 to withdraw, to retire, to take one's self off.
 a plan of escape.
 transmigration (chuan³ shêng¹, lün² hui³).
 to enter Nirvana (nieh¹ p'an²).
 to drop ceremony.
 to be born.
 to escape ; to desert (as soldiers) (t'ao² ping¹).
 same.
 to be beholden to ; to carry on the palm.
 I am much obliged (or 託).
 to entrust to the care of.
 to request a person.
 lazy, a scourge-top.
 the round collar on a woman's dress,
 a tray.
 to make adobe brick.
 to feign illness, to malingering.
 to lean the face on the hand.
 one of the images in temples.
 money taker (among strolling players). [upon.
 to commission, to entrust, to engage ; to lean
 to appeal to the feelings.
 to entrust to.
 to appoint a regency or guardian.
 "thank you."
 to appear to in a dream.
 "thank you"
 to invent an excuse.

- t'o¹-yen² 託言
 t'o¹-yin¹ 託音
 t'o¹ 手 拖 1125c911a
 t'o¹-ch'ien⁴ 拖欠
 t'o¹-ch'u¹-lai² 拖出來
 t'o¹-ch'uan² 拖船
 t'o¹-la¹ 拖拉
 t'o¹-lei⁴ 拖累
 t'o¹-ni² 拖泥
 t'o¹-ni²-tai⁴-shui³ 拖泥帶水
 t'o¹-p'i² 拖疲
 t'o¹-yen² 拖延
 t'o¹ 木 柁 1123a912a
 t'o¹-liang² 柁樑
 t'o¹-iin² 柁檁
 T O² 馬 駝 1123c911c
 t'o²-chiao⁴ 駝轎
 t'o²-fn⁴ 駝負
 t'o²-pei⁴ 駝背
 t'o² to⁴-t-ü³ 駝馱子
 t'o² 馬 馱 1126b911b
 t'o²-hsing²-li³ 馱行李
 t'o²-fn⁴-tung⁴ 馱不動
 t'o²-shang⁴-shan¹-chiü⁴ 馱上山去
 t'o² 鳥 駝 1123c911c
 t'o²-niao³ 駝鳥
 t'o² 龜 鼉 1126c912a
 T O³ 女 妥 1122c912c
 t'o³-shih²-ti¹-jên³ 妥實的人
 t'o³-tang¹ 妥當
 t'o³-t'ieh¹ 妥貼
 t'o³-ting⁴ 妥定
 t'o³-t'o³-tang¹-tang¹ 妥妥當當
 t'o³ 廣 度 1126a912c
 T O⁴ 口 唾 1126b913b
 t'o⁴-mo⁴ 唾沫
 t'o⁴-mo⁴-ho²-êrh² 唾沫盒兒
 t'o⁴ (t-ü) 石 錠 碇 1123b912b
 to pretence, a false reason assigned.
 to send news. [stecr.]
 to hang down; to lift up; to drag, to pull; to
 to defer payment of a debt.
 to drag out.
 to track a vessel (la¹ ch'uan²).
 to involve; to drag; to save.
 to involve, to implicate (lien² lei⁴). [cate.]
 "to drag through the mud," to involve, to impli-
 "dragged through mud and water," an obscure
 dilatory (man¹ han¹). [style.]
 to cause delay (tan¹ wu⁴).
 beams (large).
 large and small beams.
 beams and crossbeams.
 the camel; to load on a beast's back.
 a camel chair, a mule litter.
 to carry a burden (man).
 hump-backed (lo² kuo¹).
 a beast's load.
 to lade on back. See to⁴.
 to carry baggage as a beast of burden.
 unable to carry it—too heavy.
 carry it up a hill.
 ostrich.
 same.
 an iguana, the skin of which was used for drums.
 secure, steady, satisfactory; to keep down.
 a trustworthy person (k'ao⁴ tê² chu⁴).
 secure, satisfactory, safe (t'ieh² tang¹).
 fixed, settled, secure, safe.
 settled.
 secure, satisfactory, safe.
 full stretch of arms (5 or 6 feet).
 spittle; to spit. See t'u⁴.
 spittle; to spit.
 a spittoon.
 weights; a roller.
 儿 兜 1128b873a a helmet; a bag; to obtain.

ton¹-chn⁴ 兜住
 ton¹-hsieh¹-tung³-hsi¹ 兜些東西
 ton¹-k'uei¹ 兜盔
 ton¹-ta¹ 兜答
 ton¹-tsui³ 兜嘴
 ton¹-tu⁴ 兜肚
 ton¹-tzü³ 兜子
 ton¹ (tzü³) 竹 篲 1128Sc873

to raise up, to muzzle.
 to wrap things in a cloth,
 a kind of helmet.
 to provoke, to incite to do or say.
 a muzzle ; to muzzle. [tor.
 a covering for the stomach, a "stomach protec.
 a bag, used by bricklayers instead of a hod.
 mountain chair, muzzle bag.

TOU³ 斗 斗 112Sc874a
 ton³-ch'êng⁶ 斗秤
 ton³-chi² 斗級
 ton³-hu² 斗斛
 ton³-k'ou³-ta⁴-tzü⁴ 斗口大字
 ton³-p'êng² 斗蓬
 ton³-ping⁴ 斗柄
 ton³-ta⁴-ti¹-tzü⁴ 斗大的字
 ton³-tan³ 斗膽
 ton³-tzü³ 斗子
 ton³ 手 抖 112Sb874b
 ton³-cho²-tan³-tzü³ 抖着胆子
 ton³-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴ 抖下去
 ton³-i¹-lou³ 抖一抖
 ton³-sou³ 抖擻
 ton³-sou³-ching¹-shên² 抖擻精神
 ton³-tan³ 抖胆
 ton³-lou³-sou³-sou³ 抖抖擻擻
 ton³ 阜 陡 1129c874b
 ton³-chang³ 陡長
 ton³-jan² 陡然
 ton³-k'an³ 陡坎
 ton³-p'o¹-rh² 陡坡兒

a measure (a peck, 10 shêng).
 measures and weights.
 official grain—measurer.
 pecks and bushels.
 characters as big as a peck measure.
 coarse conical rain hat.
 the handle of a peck ; Charles's Wain.
 characters as big as a peck measure.
 daring, venturesome.
 a box-shaped ornament on a flag-staff.
 to shake up or off, to rouse ; to tremble, to pant
 to pluck up courage. *抖 (1) - 抖 (2) - 抖 (3)*
 to shake up, so as to settle down.
 to shake up (ta³ chan⁴ chan⁴). [elated
 to arouse, to elevate ; to cringe, obsequious
 to rouse one's spirit (chên⁴ shua¹ ching¹ shên²)
 to rouse up one's courage, to stimulate to bravery
 to cringe, to fawn, obsequious.
 sudden ; to stop, to desist ; steep.
 to grow rapidly.
 suddenly (hu¹ jan²).
 a precipice.
 a steep hill.

TOU⁴ (tzü³) 豆 豆 1127b874c
 tou⁴-chiao³ 豆角
 tou⁴-chieh¹ 豆秸
 tou⁴-fu³ 豆腐
 tou⁴-fu³-cha¹-tzü³ 豆腐渣子
 tou⁴-fu³-kan¹ 豆腐乾
 tou⁴-fu³-kuan¹ 豆腐官
 tou⁴-fu³-nao³ 豆腐腦
 tou⁴-fu³-p'i² 豆腐皮
 tou⁴-fu³-ssü¹ 豆腐絲

beans, pulse.
 bean pods,
 bean stalks.
 bean curd.
 refuse bean-cake.
 dried bean curd.
 unenergetic officials (fig.)-
 sort of edible bean-curd.
 the skin of bean-curd.
 bean curd shreds.

<i>tou¹-pau⁴</i>	豆辦	beans swelled by soaking.
<i>tou⁴-ping³</i>	豆餅	bean cake.
<i>tou⁴-ya²</i>	豆芽	bean sprouts ; beans with sprouts.
<i>tou⁴-yu²</i>	豆油	bean oil.
<i>tou⁴</i>	鬪 鬥 112Sa	to fight (<i>ta³ chia⁴, ta³ chang⁴, chêng¹ chan⁴</i>).
<i>tou⁴</i>	鬪 112Sa874e	to fight, to wrangle, to contest ; to meet, to occur.
<i>tou⁴-an¹-ch'au²</i>	鬪鷄 鷄	to fight quails.
<i>tou⁴-chi¹</i>	鬪鷄	a cock fight.
<i>tou⁴-chi¹-k'êng¹</i>	鬪鷄坑	a cock-pit.
<i>tou⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	鬪趣	to make merry with games at a feast.
<i>tou⁴-hsiao⁴</i>	鬪笑	to provoke a laugh.
<i>tou⁴-hsin¹-hsinng¹</i>	鬪心胸	a pugnacious disposition.
<i>tou⁴-ou¹</i>	鬪毆	to fight with the fists or sticks.
<i>tou⁴-p'ai²</i>	鬪牌	to play cards (<i>mo³ p'ai², ta³ p'ai²</i>).
<i>tou⁴-ping¹</i>	鬪兵	to fight with troops.
<i>tou⁴-pu⁴-kuo⁴</i>	鬪不過	can't thrash in a fight (<i>ta³ pu⁴ kuo⁴</i>).
<i>tou⁴-sha¹-jên²-ming⁴</i>	鬪殺人命	to kill a man in a fight.
<i>tou⁴-shêng⁴</i>	鬪勝	to struggle for mastery.
<i>tou⁴-tsui³</i>	鬪嘴	to wrangle, to squabble.
<i>tou⁴ (tzü)</i>	痘 1127b875b	the small-pox.
<i>tou⁴-chên³</i>	痘疹	same.
<i>tou⁴-chih¹</i>	痘汁	pus of small-pox.
<i>tou⁴-ch'uang¹</i>	痘瘡	small-pox pustules.
<i>tou⁴-shên²</i>	痘神	the god of small-pox.
<i>tou⁴</i>	逗 112Sa875b	to stop, to delay, to remain, to dwell ; to tempt.
<i>tou⁴-jên²</i>	逗人	to tempt a person.
<i>tou⁴-lín²</i>	逗遛	to loiter, to linger, to lurk about ; to detain one.
<i>tou⁴-nung⁴</i>	逗弄	to fidget, to disturb, things.
<i>tou⁴</i>	豆 1127e875	pulse ; the nutmeg.
<i>tou⁴-k'ou⁴</i>	蔻	cardamoms ; the nutmeg (<i>jou⁴ kuei⁴</i>).
<i>tou⁴-k'ou⁴-hua¹</i>	蔻花	mace.
T'OU¹	人 偷 1131b875a	to steal, by stealth ; remiss.
<i>t'ou¹-an¹</i>	偷安	to obtain ease by stealth, to one's ease.
<i>t'ou¹-ch'ich⁴</i>	偷竊	to steal (<i>ch'iang³ tao⁴</i>).
<i>t'ou¹-ch'ing²</i>	偷情	illicit intercourse (<i>kou³ chieh³</i>).
<i>t'ou¹-r'h²</i>	偷兒	a thief.
<i>t'ou¹-fêng¹</i>	偷風	to steal on windy nights.
<i>t'ou¹-hsien²</i>	偷閒	to waste time ; to skulk.
<i>t'ou¹-k'an⁴</i>	偷看	to look by stealth, to steal a glance.
<i>t'ou¹-kung³-chüeh²-mu⁴</i>	偷礦掘墓	mine and grave-robber.
<i>t'ou¹-k'ung¹-êr'h²</i>	偷空	to steal leisure.
<i>t'ou¹-lou⁴</i>	偷漏	to evade, to smuggle, smuggling.

t'ou¹-mao²-tao⁴-kou³ 偷貓盜狗
 t'ou¹-pao² 偷薄
 t'ou¹-p'ao³-la¹ 偷跑喇
 t'ou¹-shêng¹-kuei³ 偷生鬼
 t'ou¹-shih⁴ 偷視
 t'ou¹-shui⁴ 偷稅
 t'ou¹-ssü¹ 偷私
 t'ou¹-tao⁴ 偷盜
 t'ou¹-t'ing¹ 偷聽
 t'ou¹-t'ou¹-r'h²-ti¹ 偷偷兒的
 t'ou¹-tso⁴ 偷做
 t'ou¹-tsou³ 偷走
 t'ou¹-tsui³ 偷嘴
 t'ou¹-tung¹-hsi¹ 偷東西
 t'ou¹-ying² 偷營
 t'ou¹-ying²-chieh²-chai⁴ 偷營劫寨

stealing everything.
 illicit intercourse ; remiss.
 skulked off.
 not fit to live.
 to look by stealth.
 to smuggle.
 clandestine, illicit (ssü¹ hsia⁴).
 to steal, theft, to obtain clandestinely.
 to listen secretly.
 stealthily.
 to do by stealth.
 to skulk off.
 to steal food, surreptitious eating.
 to steal things.
 to surprise an enemy's camp.
 to surprise enemy's camp.

T'OU²

頁 頭 1130b870a

t'ou²-r'h² 頭兒
 t'ou²-fa³ 頭髮
 t'ou²-fa³-pai² 頭髮白
 t'ou²-hao⁴-shih² 頭號石
 t'ou²-hsiang⁴ 頭向
 t'ou²-hsiü⁴ 頭緒
 t'ou²-hun¹-nao³-mên⁴ 頭昏腦悶
 t'ou²-huo⁴ 頭貨
 t'ou²-i¹-chien⁴ 頭一件
 t'ou²-i¹-fên⁴-tzu³ 頭一分子
 t'ou²-i¹-hang² 頭一行
 t'ou²-i¹-tz'ü⁴ 頭一次
 t'ou²-k'uei¹ 頭盔
 t'ou²-li³ 頭裡
 t'ou²-lien³ 頭臉
 t'ou²-lu² 頭顱
 t'ou²-lu⁴ 頭路
 t'ou²-mi² 頭迷
 t'ou²-ming² 頭名
 t'ou²-mu⁴ 頭目
 t'ou²-nao³ 頭腦
 t'ou²-nien² 頭年
 t'ou²-o² 頭額
 t'ou²-p'a⁴ 頭帕
 t'ou²-pan⁴-t'ien¹ 頭半天

the head, the top, the chief ; the front ; the end.
 a head, a chief.
 the hair of the head.
 the hair is gray.
 the heaviest stone in military competitions.
 an opening, something to make a living by
 a way, a clue (shu¹ hsü⁴). [(mên² lu⁴).
 head confused and aching. [k'ou³).
 mules, donkeys, horses (read pu, ku) (Shêng²
 above all, foremost.
 the first share.
 the first row.
 the first time,
 helmet.
 at first.
 "head and face," the head.
 a skull, a head (nao³ kai⁴).
 a way (tao⁴ lu⁴).
 the head confused.
 first-rate, excellent.
 "head and eyes," an overseer, a head, a chief.
 the brains ; a way, a clue ; a head, a chief.
 last year (shang⁴ nien²).
 the forehead, the brow.
 a turban.
 forenoon.

t'ou ² -pên ³	頭本	the first book.
t'ou ² -p'ien ¹	頭篇	the first section.
t'ou ² -p'oi ⁴ -hsieh ³ -ch'u ¹	頭破血出	the head cut and bleeding.
t'ou ² -shang ³	頭晌	forenoon.
t'ou ² -shang ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -	頭上青天	the blue sky above us.
t'ou ² -shêng ¹ -êrh ² -t-zü ³	頭生兒子	first born son.
t'ou ² -shêng ² -rh ²	頭繩兒	red string for the hair (women's and children's).
t'ou ² -têng ³	頭等	the first grade.
t'ou ² -tien ³ -ti ⁴	頭點地	assenting, humble.
t'ou ² -ting ³	頭頂	the crown of the head.
t'ou ² -t-zü ³	頭子	a head, a chief, the best.
t'ou ² -wei ³	頭尾	head and tail, beginning and end, first and last.
t'ou ² -i ⁴ (yi)	頭役	headman in each pan of runners.
t'ou ² -yü ⁴	頭暈	the head giddy.
t'ou ² -yün ⁴ -yen ³ -hua ¹	頭暈眼花	vertigo, giddiness.
t'ou ²	手投	to hit; to throw; to present; to dip.
t'ou ² -an ⁴	投案	to appear before court, to give one's self up.
t'ou ² -ch'êng ²	投誠	to surrender, to return to one's duty.
t'ou ² -ch'i ¹	投機	to agree in opinion, understand, see the point.
t'ou ² -ch'i ²	投旗	to join the banners (Manchoo).
t'ou ² -ch'i ⁴	投契	friendly, intimate.
t'ou ² -chih ¹	投知	to give information, to make known.
t'ou ² -ch'in ¹	投親	to visit relations living at a distance.
t'ou ² -ching ³	投井	to commit suicide by jumping into a well.
t'ou ² -chün ¹	投軍	to enlist (chao ¹ mu ⁴).
t'ou ² -fên ¹	投分	agreeable, friendly, amicable.
t'ou ² -ho ²	投河	to jump into a river, to drown one's self.
t'ou ² -ho ² -pên ⁴ -ching ³	投河透井	suicide in well and river.
t'ou ² -hsia ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	投下處	to find lodgings.
t'ou ² -hsiang ²	投降	to surrender, to give in (kuei ¹ hsiang ²).
t'ou ² -hsiao ⁴	投効	offer of public service.
t'ou ² -huo ³	投火	to throw into the fire; to jump into a fire.
t'ou ² -k'ao ⁴ -ch'in ¹ -yu ³	投靠親友	to rely on friends and relatives.
t'ou ² -nên ²	投門	a pupil's salute to his tutor, etc.
t'ou ² -mên ² -lu ⁴	投門路	to engage one's good offices.
t'ou ² -pên ⁴	投奔	to fly to a person or place for refuge.
t'ou ² -pên ⁴ -ch'in ¹ -ch'i ¹	投逖親戚	to apply to friends and relatives for help.
t'ou ² -pên ⁴ -t'a ¹ -hsiang ¹	投逖他鄉	to seek refuge in another region.
t'ou ² -shêng ¹	投生	to be born from another state into this.
t'ou ² -shou ³	投首	to give one's self up.
t'ou ² -shui ³	投水	to throw into the water; suicide by drowning.
t'ou ² -su ¹	投宿	to find a place for the night.
t'ou ² -t'ai ¹	投胎	to pass into the womb; transmigration.

<i>t'ou²-t'ieh³</i>	拔帖	to send up a card or scrolls.
<i>t'ou²-tien⁴</i>	投店	to find, or stop at, an inn (<i>chu⁴ tien⁴</i>).
<i>t'ou²-t'o¹</i>	投託	to confide to any one.
<i>t'ou²-t'ü⁴</i>	投刺	to send in or present one's card.
<i>t'ou²-wên²</i>	投文	to present a despatch.
<i>t'ou²-yüan²</i>	投緣	friendly, to agree with.

T'OU⁴

透 1132b877a

<i>t'ou⁴-ch'ê⁴</i>	透徹	to penetrate; to discern, to comprehend; to
<i>t'ou⁴-ch'i⁴</i>	透氣	to penetrate; intelligent, to comprehend thor-
<i>t'ou⁴-fêng¹</i>	透風	permeable to the air. oughly.
<i>t'ou⁴-han²</i>	透寒	to let wind through (<i>lo² fêng¹</i>).
<i>t'ou⁴-hsin¹-êrh²-liang²</i>	透心兒涼	a penetrating cold.
<i>t'ou⁴-hsin⁴</i>	透信	chilling one to the heart.
<i>t'ou⁴-ku³-ts'ao³</i>	透骨草	fully believes.
<i>t'ou⁴-kuo⁴</i>	透過	white balsams.
<i>t'ou⁴-liang⁴</i>	透亮	to pass through.
<i>t'ou⁴-liao³</i>	透了	very bright, clear, transparent,
<i>t'ou⁴-ming²</i>	透明	penetrated through (as rain, etc.).
<i>t'ou⁴-shih²</i>	透識	bright, clear, transparent.
<i>t'ou⁴-shuo¹</i>	透說	to be thoroughly acquainted with.
<i>t'ou⁴-wang⁴</i>	透旺	to explain, to intercede in behalf of,
<i>t'ou⁴-yen¹</i>	透烟	thoroughly flourishing.
<i>t'ou⁴-yü³</i>	透雨	to be penetrated with smoke.
<i>t'ou⁴-yüeh⁴</i>	透越	a penetrating rain; sufficient rain.
		to pass through or over.

TSA¹

口 哂 1133a939a

<i>tsa¹-hu²-rh²</i>	哂壺兒	to put in the mouth, to taste, to lick.
<i>tsa¹-i¹ tsa¹</i>	哂一哂	a sucking bottle.
<i>tsa¹-tuo¹-rh²</i>	哂哂兒	to taste with the tongue, to suck.
<i>tsa¹-tsü³-rh²</i>	哂嘴兒	the nipple of the breast.
<i>tsa¹ (chu)</i>	哂紫	to smack the lips with relish.
<i>tsa¹-i¹-tsa¹</i>	紫一紫	to tie round, to tie, to bind.
<i>tsa¹-kuo³</i>	紫裏	same.
<i>tsa¹-pien⁴-kên¹-êrh²</i>	紫辮根兒	to dress up, to mend.
<i>tsa¹-ts'ui³-chiang⁴</i>	紫綵匠	to tie up the cue (like a child's).
<i>tsa¹-ying²-p'an²</i>	紫營盤	the decorators at weddings, etc.
		troops lying in quarters.

TSA²

佳 雜 1132c939c

<i>tsa²-an⁴</i>	雜案	mixed, blended, miscellaneous, confused.
<i>tsa²-chi⁴-chang⁴</i>	雜記賬	all sorts of charges.
<i>tsa²-ch'ün²</i>	雜羣	miscellaneous accounts.
<i>tsa²-chung³</i>	雜種	to scatter the flock in panic.
		a bastard (<i>ssü¹ tzü³</i>).

<i>tsa²-hsin¹</i>	雜心	confused mind.
<i>tsa²-hui⁴</i>	雜會	to compound, to mix up.
<i>tsa²-hun⁴-mien⁴</i>	雜混麵	mixed flour ("all sorts").
<i>tsa²-huo⁴</i>	雜貨	miscellaneous goods.
<i>tsa²-huo⁴-p'u⁴-tzü³</i>	雜貨舖子	grocery or miscellaneous goods shop.
<i>tsa²-luan⁴</i>	雜亂	confused, jumbled together, confusion.
<i>tsa²-pan⁴</i>	雜拌	miscellaneous, sundry, all sort.
<i>tsa²-p'ai²-tzü³</i>	雜牌子	a medley (song).
<i>tsa²-sé⁴</i>	雜色	various colors.
<i>tsa²-shua³</i>	雜耍	any or all kinds of amusements.
<i>tsa²-sui⁴</i>	雜碎	broken up and mixed; the entrails of animals.
<i>tsa²-ti⁴</i>	雜的	compounded, mixed.
<i>tsa²-tsai⁴-tang¹-chun⁴</i>	雜在當中	to mix in with.
<i>tsa²-wu⁴</i>	雜物	miscellaneous articles.
<i>tsa²-wu⁴</i>	雜務	an officer in Yamèn with various duties.
<i>tsa²</i>	石 砸	1133a939b to smash, to strike.
<i>tsa²-huai⁴-liao³</i>	砸壞了	smashed by a blow.
<i>tsa²-k'ai¹</i>	砸開	to smash open.
<i>tsa²-k'ai¹-mên²</i>	砸開門	burst open the door.
<i>tsa²-kuo¹</i>	砸鍋	to lose one's living.
<i>tsa²-lan⁴-la¹</i>	砸爛喇	to smash to a jelly.
<i>tsa²-pien¹-liao³</i>	砸扁了	smash flat.
<i>tsa²-ssü³-jên²-liao³</i>	砸死人了	struck dead by weight falling upon.
<i>tsa²-sui⁴-liao³</i>	砸碎了	to smash to pieces.
<i>tsa²</i>	人 嚙 告 偌	1140a945a I, me. See <i>tsan¹</i> . M. 222.
<i>tsa²</i>	咱	1133b945 same. M. 222.
<i>tsa²-chia¹</i>	咱家	I, me, myself.
<i>tsa²-lao³-tzü³</i>	咱老子	my father; conceited, arrogant.
<i>tsa²-mên¹</i>	咱們	we, us.
<i>tsa²-mên¹-lia³</i>	咱們倆	we, both of us.
<i>tsa²-mên¹-ti⁴</i>	咱們的	our, ours.
<i>tsa²-ti⁴</i>	咱的	why? why so? mine.
TS'A¹	手 搽	
<i>'s'a¹</i>	搽	17a to rub, to wipe. Also <i>ch'a¹</i> .
<i>'s'a¹-chia¹-huo³</i>	擦傢伙	1133c940a same.
<i>'s'a¹-han⁴</i>	擦汗	to wipe the dishes.
<i>'s'a¹-lei⁴</i>	擦淚	to wipe off perspiration.
<i>'s'a¹-liang⁴-liao³</i>	擦亮了	to wipe away the tears.
<i>'s'a¹-lien³</i>	擦臉	rubbed bright.
<i>'s'a¹-mo³</i>	擦抹	to rub the face.
<i>'s'a¹-yen¹-mo³-fên³</i>	擦胭脂粉	to rub and wipe (as with a cloth).
<i>'s'a¹-yu³-ni⁴</i>	擦油泥	to paint and powder (as a woman). wipe away oil.

TSAI¹

木 栽 1134c940c
 tsai¹-chung⁴ 栽種
 tsai¹-hua¹ 栽花
 tsai¹-kên¹-t'ou³ 栽筋斗
 tsai¹-p'ai⁴ 栽派
 tsai¹-p'ei² 栽培
 tsai¹-pu⁴-huo²⁴ 栽不活
 tsai¹-shang⁴ 栽上
 tsai¹-shu⁴ 栽樹
 tsai¹-shua¹-tzũ³ 栽刷子
 tsai¹-tsang¹ 栽贓
 tsai¹ yen²-tsang¹ 栽鹽賊
 tsai¹ 火栽 (灾)
 tsai¹ 蓄 (災) 1135b941a
 tsai¹-hai⁴ 災害
 tsai¹-hai⁴ ping⁴-chih⁴ 災害並至
 tsai¹-huo⁴ 災禍
 tsai¹-nan³ 災難
 tsai¹-pien⁴ 災變
 tsai¹-pên^g⁴ 災病
 tsai¹-yang¹ 災殃
 tsai¹ 足 跌 1100b891c
 tsai¹-chiao³ 跌脚
 tsai¹-kên¹-t'ou² 跌跟頭
 tsai¹-tao³ 跌倒
 tsai¹ 口 哉 1134c940a

to plant, to transplant.
 to plant and to sow.
 to plant flowers.
 to turn a somersault.
 to exhort you.
 planting and earthing ; liberal assistance.
 if planted it will not live.
 to plant.
 to plant trees (chung⁴ shu⁴).
 to make brushes. [them.
 to place stolen goods with people-to implicate
 to fabricate a charge of smuggling salt. M. 240.
 dangerous, injurious ; calamity, misfortune.
 same.
 calamities, misfortunes, difficulties.
 calamity and loss coming together.
 misery inflicted by heaven.
 calamity, misfortunes (huan⁴ nan⁴).
 calamities.
 a dangerous disease.
 danger, difficulty, calamity, etc.
 to tumble ; to stamp. See *tieh*² (fan¹ chin¹ tou³).
 to tumble, to stamp the foot.
 to tumble down ; to bring disgrace through fault.
 same (tich¹ k'in¹ t'ou², shuai³).
 exclamation of admiration, grief, doubt, etc.

TSAI³

宰 1135b941a
 tsai³-chih⁴ 宰制
 tsai³-chu¹ 宰猪
 tsai³-fu¹ 宰夫
 tsai³-hsiang⁴ 宰相
 tsai³-kuan¹ 宰官
 tsai³-sha¹ 宰殺
 tsai³-shêng¹-k'ou³ 宰牲口

to kill animals ; to rule ; a ruler.
 to rule, direct.
 to kill pigs.
 a cook.
 a chief or prime minister.
 a district magistrate.
 to kill, to slaughter.
 to kill animals.

TSAI⁴

土 在 1134a941c
 tsai⁴-an⁴ 在案
 tsai⁴-che⁴-pien¹ 在這邊
 tsai⁴-chi² 在卽
 tsai⁴-chia¹ 在家
 tsai⁴-chiao⁴ 在教
 tsai⁴-chiao³-hsia⁴ 在脚下

at, in, is in ; to dwell ; alive. M. 15.
 to be on record.
 on this side, here.
 immediately.
 at home, to be at home.
 in the sect ; I'm a Mahomedan.
 beneath the foot.

<i>tsai⁴-chieh²-nan²-t'ao²</i>	在劫難逃	ill-fortune can't be escaped from
<i>tsai⁴-ch'ien²</i>	在前	before (in time or place).
<i>tsai⁴-ching¹-ho⁴-shang⁴</i>	在京和尙	priests are most honored in Peking.
<i>tsai⁴-cho¹-shang⁴</i>	在棹上	on the table.
<i>tsai⁴-ch'uang²-shang⁴</i>	在床上	a bed, on the bed.
<i>tsai⁴-chung¹-chien¹</i>	在中間	in the middle, in the midst of.
<i>tsai⁴-hang²</i>	在行	<i>en rapport</i> , an expert (<i>hang² chia¹</i>).
<i>tsai⁴-hou⁴-t'ou²</i>	在後頭	behind.
<i>tsai⁴-hsia⁴</i>	在下	below ; I.
<i>tsai⁴-hsia⁴-wei³</i>	在下位	to be of low rank.
<i>tsai⁴-hsien¹</i>	在先	before (in time).
<i>tsai⁴-hsien¹-ti¹</i>	在先的	antecedent.
<i>tsai⁴-hsin¹</i>	在心	in the heart.
<i>tsai⁴-hsüeh²</i>	在學	a <i>hsiu-ts'ai</i> , a licentiate.
<i>tsai⁴-hu¹</i>	在乎	dependent upon.
<i>tsai⁴-hu¹²-ko³-jên²</i>	在乎各人	that depends on each individual.
<i>tsai⁴-i⁴</i>	在意	to notice, to bear in mind.
<i>tsai⁴-jên⁴</i>	在任	at his post.
<i>tsai⁴-jên²-hou⁴-pu³</i>	在任候補	expectant at a post.
<i>tsai⁴-k'ung¹-chung¹</i>	在空中	up in the air.
<i>tsai⁴-li³</i>	在理	reasonable.
<i>tsai⁴-li³</i>	在禮	name of Total Abstinence Society in N. China.
<i>tsai⁴-lu⁴-t'ien¹-ti⁴</i>	在露天	in the open air.
<i>tsai⁴-mien⁴-shang⁴</i>	在面上	on the face ; above board.
<i>tsai⁴-min²-tsai⁴-ch'ien²</i>	在民在旗	are you Chinese or Tartar ?
<i>tsai⁴-mu⁴-ch'ien²</i>	在目前	before one's eyes.
<i>tsai⁴-na³-érh²-chu⁴</i>	在那兒住	where do you live ?
<i>tsai⁴-na³-li³</i>	在那裡	where ?
<i>tsai⁴-na³-rh²</i>	在那兒	there.
<i>tsai⁴-nei⁴</i>	在內	inside, among them.
<i>tsai⁴-ni³-shên¹-shang⁴</i>	在你身上	depends on you.
<i>tsai⁴-pu⁴-tsai⁴</i>	在不在	is he at home ? is he dead ? etc.
<i>tsai⁴-shang⁴</i>	在上	farther back ; above, to be above.
<i>tsai⁴-shih⁴</i>	在世	alive, living, in the world.
<i>tsai⁴-shou³</i>	在手	in one's hand ; in one's power.
<i>tsai⁴-so³-pu⁴-mien³</i>	在所不免	it is unavoidable.
<i>tsai⁴-tang¹-chien⁴-rh²</i>	在當間兒	in the middle.
<i>tsai⁴-tang¹-mien⁴</i>	在當面	in front.
<i>tsai⁴-ti³-hsia⁴</i>	在底下	under, beneath.
<i>tsai⁴-ti⁴-hsia⁴</i>	在地下	above ground, on the ground.
<i>tsai⁴-ti⁴-shang⁴</i>	在地上	same.
<i>tsai⁴-t'ou²-shang⁴</i>	在頭上	above the head, overhead.
<i>tsai⁴-tz'ü³</i>	在此	here, at this place.

tsai⁴-wai⁴ 在外
 tsai⁴-wai⁴-kuo² 在外國
 tsai⁴-wei⁴ 在位
 tsai⁴-wo³ 在我
 tsai⁴-wo³-k'an⁴ 在我看
 tsai⁴-wo³-shên¹-shung⁴ 在我身上
 tsai⁴-wo⁴ 在握
 tsai⁴-yen³-ch'ien² 在眼前
 tsai⁴ 再 1135c942b
 tsai⁴-chia¹-shang⁴ 再加上
 tsai⁴-ch'i²-tz'ü⁴ 再其次
 tsai⁴-chiao¹ 再醮
 tsai⁴-chien⁴ 再見
 tsai⁴-che³ 再者
 tsai⁴-hsieh³-i¹-p'ien¹ 再寫一篇
 tsai⁴-hun¹ 再婚
 tsai⁴-i⁴-tz'ü⁴ 再一次
 tsai⁴-kuo⁴-chi⁴-t'ien¹ 再過幾天
 tsai⁴-lai² 再來
 tsai⁴-nien⁴-i¹-pien⁴ 再念一遍
 tsai⁴-pu⁴ 再不
 tsai⁴-pu⁴-kan³-liao³ 再不敢了
 tsai⁴-san¹ 再三
 tsai⁴-san¹-tsai⁴-ssü⁴ 再三再四
 tsai⁴-san⁴-tz'ü²-hsieh⁴ 再三辭謝
 tsai⁴-shuo¹ 再說
 tsai⁴-ta¹-shang⁴ 再搭上
 tsai⁴-t'i² 再題
 tsai⁴-t'ien¹-i¹-tien³ 再添一點
 tsai⁴-tsao⁴ 再造
 tsai⁴-tsao⁴-fu⁴-hsin¹ 再造復新
 tsai⁴-tso⁴-tuo⁴-li³ 再作道理
 tsai⁴-yung 再用
 tsai⁴ 再 1134c941b
 tsai⁴-huo⁴ 車載
 tsai⁴-jên² 載貨
 tsai⁴-lai² 載人
 tsai⁴-pai⁴ 載來
 tsai⁴-shu¹ 載拜
 tsai⁴-to¹-s'ao³ 載書
 tsai⁴-yiün⁴ 載多少
 載運

outside.
 in a foreign country.
 to be in office.
 it rests with me (tsai⁴ hu¹).
 in my opinion (chao⁴ o³ k'an⁴).
 same.
 in one's power.
 before one's eyes ; the present.
 again, the 2nd time, doubled. M. 29.
 and in addition, and besides.
 in the second place.
 to re-marry (of a widow).
 to see again (ming² t'ien³ chien⁴).
 again, further, what is more, besides.
 write another sheet.
 a second marriage (hou⁴ hun¹).
 once again.
 a few days hence.
 to come again,
 read it once again.
 not again, never again,
 never venture to do it again.
 again and again, repeatedly (lū³ tz'ü⁴).
 again and again, repeatedly.
 to decline with thanks again and again.
 say it again, to mention again.
 and in addition, and besides. M. 403.
 to mention again.
 add a little more.
 to give a second lease of life to.
 to recreate, and renew.
 I will try another plan.
 to use again. [cycle.
 to contain ; to fill ; to effect ; to record ; then ;
 to carry or load goods in a vessel,
 to carry passengers.
 to bring in a vessel.
 an invitation card (ch'ing³ k'o⁴).
 recorded in a book.
 how much or how many can [the vessel] carry ?
 to convey.

<i>ts'ai¹-cho²</i>	猜着	to guess right.
<i>ts'ai¹-ch'üan²</i>	猜拳	to guess the number of fingers held up (a game).
<i>ts'ai¹-hsiang³</i>	猜想	to imagine, to conjecture, to guess.
<i>ts'ai¹-hsien²</i>	猜嫌	to conceive an antipathy or prejudice.
<i>ts'ai¹-hsün²</i>	猜尋	to conjecture, to guess.
<i>ts'ai¹-i²</i>	猜疑	to doubt (i ² hu ⁴).
<i>ts'ai¹-liang⁴</i>	猜諒	to guess, to suppose, to believe. [morra.
<i>ts'ai¹-mei²</i>	猜枚	to guess the number of fingers held up (a game)
<i>ts'ai¹-mi²</i>	猜謎	to guess riddles (p'o ⁴ mi ²).
<i>ts'ai¹-pao³</i>	猜寶	a form of gambling.
<i>ts'ai¹-p'o⁴-liao³</i>	猜破了	successfully guessed.
<i>ts'ai¹-pu⁴-cho²</i>	猜不着	unable to guess or conjecture.
<i>ts'ai¹-shên²-piuo¹</i>	猜神標	a form of betting.
<i>ts'ai¹-suan⁴</i>	猜算	to conjecture, to anticipate.
<i>ts'ai¹-tu⁴</i>	猜度	to conjecture, to suppose.

TS'AI³ 手 才 1136a942b

<i>ts'ai²-chih⁴</i>	才智	talent, ability (pên ³ shih ⁴).
<i>ts'ai²-ch'ing³</i>	才情	wisdom, knowledge.
<i>ts'ai²-chü⁴</i>	才具	ability, talent.
<i>ts'ai²-ch'üan²-té³-pei⁴</i>	才全德備	same.
<i>ts'ai²-fên⁴</i>	才分	ability and virtue alike perfect.
<i>ts'ai²-hsiao²</i>	才學	talents, parts.
<i>ts'ai²-hui⁴</i>	才慧	learning, knowledge.
<i>ts'ai²-kan⁴</i>	才幹	intelligent (chih ⁴ hui ⁴).
<i>ts'ai²-kao¹-pa¹-tou³</i>	才高八斗	ability, talent.
<i>ts'ai²-lang³</i> [ch'üan ²	才郎	vast ability.
<i>ts'ai²-mao⁴-shuang¹</i>	才貌雙全	a talented youth.
<i>ts'ai²-nêng²</i>	才能	as clever as pretty (of women).
<i>ts'ai²-pu⁴-shêng⁴-jên²</i>	才不勝任	ability, talent.
<i>ts'ai²-shih⁴</i>	才士	not up to his work.
<i>ts'ai²-sü¹</i>	才思	a man of genius and learning.
<i>ts'ai²-ta⁴-hé¹-shou⁴</i>	才大遮壽	mental endowments.
<i>ts'ai²-tzü³</i>	才子	great abilities.
<i>ts'ai²</i>	財 1136c943a	a talented individual, a genius.
<i>ts'ai²-chu³</i>	財主	riches, wealth, property, valuables, goods.
<i>ts'ai²-chu³-chia¹</i>	財主家	a wealthy person.
<i>ts'ai²-hui⁴</i>	財賄	same.
<i>ts'ai²-huo⁴</i>	財貨	wealth; bribes (hui ⁴ lu ⁴).
<i>ts'ai²-li³</i>	財禮	wealth.
<i>ts'ai²-mi²</i>	財迷	betrothal presents.
<i>ts'ai²-pai²</i>	財帛	infatuated pursuit of wealth.
<i>ts'ai²-pai²-fên¹-ming²</i>	財帛分明	money, wealth.
		a just division of the money.

ts'ai ² .pao ³	財寶	precious things, valuables.
ts'ai ² .shên ²	財神	the god of wealth. Note 93.
ts'ai ² .shên ² -yeh ³	財神爺	same.
ts'ai ² -shih ⁴	財勢	wealth and power.
ts'ai ² -ta ⁴ -ya ¹ jên ²	財大壓人	wealth is a burden or oppressive.
ts'ai ² -ta ¹ -shên ² -jo ⁴	財多身弱	the rich man is sure to be weakly.
ts'ai ² .to ¹ -shih ⁴ -huo ⁴	財多是禍	too much wealth is a curse.
ts'ai ² -tung ¹	財東	a wealthy man, a capitalist.
ts'ai ² -yün ⁴ -hên ³ .wang ⁴	財運很旺	his luck in making money is very great.
ts'ai ²	衣裁 1137b943b	to cut out, to cut off, to conjecture.
ts'ai ² -ch'ê ⁴	裁撤	to dismiss, to do away with, to abrogate.
ts'ai ² -ch'ê ⁴ -ping ¹ -ting ¹	裁撤兵丁	to remove soldiers.
ts'ai ² -chien ³	裁減	to diminish number or quantity (chien ³ shao ³)
ts'ai ² -chien ³	裁剪	to cut out cloth; to manage, plan, to arrange.
ts'ai ² -chih ³	裁紙	to cut paper.
ts'ai ² -ch'ih ³	裁尺	a tailor's foot-measure.
ts'ai ² .fêng ²	裁縫	a tailor (tso ⁴ i ¹ shang ¹).
ts'ai ² -fêng ² -p'u ⁴	裁縫舖	a tailor's shop.
ts'ai ² -i ¹ -shang ¹	裁衣裳	to cut out clothes.
ts'ai ² .tao ¹	裁刀	a knife for cutting paper.
ts'ai ² .tu ⁴	裁度	to concert a plan.
ts'ai ²	糸纒 纒 1137c943b	just, then, it will then. M. 161, 492.
ts'ai ² -chih ¹ .tao ⁴	纒知道	just made aware of it.
ts'ai ² -chih ¹	纒至	just arrived.
ts'ai ² .ch'ih ¹ -liao ³ -fan ⁴	纒吃了飯	just eaten food.
ts'ai ² .ch'ü ⁴ -liao ³	纒去了	just gone.
ts'ai ² .hao ³	纒好	and then it will be well.
ts'ai ² -kang ¹	纒剛	just now (Kang ¹ ts'ai ²).
ts'ai ² .lai ² -liao ³	纒來了	just come.
ts'ai ² -ming ² -pai ² -liao ³	纒明白了	just understood.
ts'ai ² -shih ⁴	纒是	it will then do or be right.
ts'ai ² -suan ⁴ -liao ³ -liao ³	纒算了	just considered to be ended.
ts'ai ² .tao ⁴	纒到	just arrived.
ts'ai ² -wan ² -liao ³ -shih ⁴	纒完了事	just finished the affair.
ts'ai ²	木材 1136c942c	materials, elements.
ts'ai ² -liao ⁴	材料	stuff, materials; force of character.
ts'ai ² -mu ⁴	材木	timber; materials.

TS'AI³

ts'ai ³	采 (采 1137c943c	bright colours, elegant, brilliant.
ts'ai ³	三 (彩 1138a943c	same.
ts'ai ³ -ch'ü ⁴	彩氣	luck, good fortune.
ts'ai ³ -chiao ⁴	彩橋	a wedding sedan-chair (hua ¹ chia ⁴). [dings
ts'ai ³ -ch'ou ²	彩紬	bright coloured silks hung over doors at wed

ts'ai ³ .hua ⁴	彩畫	to beautify, to ornament; to paint.
ts'ai ³ .i ¹	彩衣	gay coloured clothes.
ts'ai ³ .k'u ⁴	彩褲	flowered trousers worn by women.
ts'ai ³ .sé ⁴	彩色	variegated colours.
ts'ai ³ .shih ¹	彩飾	to beautify, to ornament.
ts'ai ³ .t'ou ²	彩頭	luck, good fortune (yün ⁴ ch'i ⁴).
ts'ai ³ .t'ou ² .rh ² .hao ³	彩頭兒好	fortunate, lucky.
ts'ai ³ .tzü ³	彩子	{ coloured silk festoons hung over doorways at marriage.
ts'ai ³	手採	1138b944a to cull, to gather, to pick, to take.
ts'ai ³ .ch'a ²	採茶	to gather tea.
ts'ai ³ .ch'in ³	採芹	"to gather celery," a <i>hsiu-ts'ai¹</i> .
ts'ai ³ .fang ³	採訪	to listen, to enquire.
ts'ai ³ .hua ¹	採花	"to gather flowers," to ravish (<i>nieh¹ hua¹</i>).
ts'ai ³ .lien ² .ch'uan ²	採蓮船	songs of the dragon-boats.
ts'ai ³ .mai ³ .huo ⁴ .wu ³	採買貨物	to buy up goods.
ts'ai ³ .mai ³ .wu ⁴ .chien ⁴	採買物件	to buy up things.
ts'ai ³ .na ⁴	採納	to receive.
ts'ai ³ .pan ⁴	採辦	to buy up.
ts'ai ³ .sang ¹	採桑	pluck mulberry leaves.
ts'ai ³ .yao ¹	採藥	to gather medicinal herbs.
ts'ai ³	躡	to stamp; the heel (<i>ch'ai¹, tz'ü, ch'uai¹</i>).
ts'ai ³	足趾	1222b1034b the same.
ts'ai ³ .ch'iao ¹	趾蹠	false feet (on women), M. 376.
ts'ai ³ .huai ⁴ .liao ³	趾壞了	spoiled by stamping.
ts'ai ³ .liao ³ .i ¹ .chiao ³	趾了一腳	to stamp the foot.
ts'ai ³ .pien ³ .liao ³	趾匾了	trampled flat.
ts'ai ³	糸綵	1138b944a coloured silk.
ts'ai ³ .ch'ou ²	綵綢	same.
ts'ai ³ .tuan ⁴	綵緞	coloured satin (<i>ch'ou² tuan⁴</i>).
ts'ai ³	目睬	1138b944b to greet, to take notice of (<i>kuo¹ ts'ai³</i>).
ts'ai ² .tao ⁴	睬道	to spy out the way, as a thief.
ts'ai ³ (tzü)	山崽	1136a941b offspring of an animal.
TS'AI ⁴	艸菜	1138c944b vegetables, victuals in general.
ts'ai ⁴ .ch'i ² (hsi)	菜畦	a vegetable plot.
ts'ai ⁴ .ch'uang ²	菜牀	a stand for sale of vegetables.
ts'ai ⁴ .chung ³ .rh ²	菜種兒	vegetable seeds.
ts'ai ⁴ .fan ⁴	菜飯	vegetables and rice.
ts'ai ⁴ .t'an ¹	菜攤	a vegetable stall.
ts'ai ⁴ .tao ¹	菜刀	a chopping knife, a kitchen knife.
ts'ai ⁴ .tzü ³	菜子	rape.
ts'ai ⁴ .yüan ² .tzü ³	菜園子	a vegetable garden.

- TSAN¹** 口 咱 俗 啞 1140b945a length of time ; a sound.
tsan¹ (tʰǔ) 竹 簪 1139b945a flat hair pins ; a branch.
tsan¹ 人 俗 1140b ○ I, me. See *tsa²*. M. 222.
tsan¹-mên¹ 俗 們 we (an¹ mên¹).
- TSAN³** 人 攸 1139c945b to put away ; to terminate ; to stir ; to collect.
tsan³ 手 攢 1173b1027a same. See *ts'uan³*.
tsan³ 攢 same.
tsan³-nien³ 攢 輦 to prepare the imperial chariot.
tsan³-ts'ou⁴ 攢 湊 to contribute, to subscribe ; a subscription.
tsan³ 走 趨 1140a945b anxious to go ; to advance, to urge, to press.
tsan³-ch'êng² 趨 程 to make forced journeys (p'o⁴ chan⁴ tsou³).
tsan³-chîn¹ 趨 勁 to make a strenuous effort.
tsan³-h̄sing² 趨 行 to make forced journeys.
tsan³-lu⁴ 趨 路 to travel hastily.
tsan³ 人 債 1139c945b to collect together, to accumulate, to assemble.
tsan³-chî¹ 債 積 to hoard up.
tsan³ (tʰǔ) 木 桤 1140b945b finger-sticks for torture.
- TSAN⁴** 言 讚 1140a945c to counsel, to assist ; to enter ; to praise ; to give.
tsan⁴ 貝 贊 1139b944b same.
tsan⁴ 贊 same.
tsan⁴-ch'êng² 贊 成 to assist in effecting.
tsan⁴-chu⁴ 贊 助 to aid, to assist.
tsan⁴-hsien⁴ 贊 羨 to praise, to commend, to admire (sung⁴ tsan⁴).
tsan⁴-mei³ 贊 美 to praise, to commend (k'ua¹ chang³).
tsan⁴-tso³ 贊 佐 to assist (pang¹ chu⁴).
tsan⁴-t'an⁴ 贊 嘆 praising and lamenting.
tsan⁴ (tʰǔ) 金 鑿 1140b946b a small chisel ; to carve, to chisel.
tsan⁴-cho²-tʰǔ⁴-êrh² 鑿 着 字 兒 cutting out characters (on seal).
tsan⁴-hua¹ 鑿 花 to carve flowers.
- TS'AN¹** 厶 參 參 1140c946b to counsel ; to visit ; to impeach. See *shên*, and
ts'an¹-chêng⁴ 參 政 a state counsellor.
ts'an¹-chiang⁴ 參 將 a colonel, a brigadier. G. 443. (i⁴ chang³).
ts'an¹-chien⁴ 參 見 to visit a superior.
ts'an¹-cūih¹-chêng⁴-shih 參 知 政 事 a state counsellor.
ts'an¹-cho² 參 酌 to consult, to deliberate. [295.
ts'an¹-chūn¹ 參 軍 state counsellors ; Commissary of Records. G.
ts'an¹-hsiang³ 參 想 to reflect, to ask one's self. [(pi³ chiao⁴).
ts'an¹-k'ao³ 參 考 to compare authorities, to compare and examine
ts'an¹-ko² 參 革 to deprive one of rank.
ts'an¹-lê⁴ 參 劾 to state facts to the sovereign against any one.

ts'an ¹ -li ³	參禮	the ceremony of seeing a superior.
ts'an ¹ -mou ³	參謀	state counsellors ; military secretary.
ts'an ¹ -pai ⁴	參拜	to visit a superior.
ts'an ¹ -p'ou ⁴ t'a ¹	參破他	to impeach, and secure degradation.
ts'an ¹ -tao ³ -liao ³	參倒了	to upset an official by impeaching.
ts'an ¹ -t'ou ⁴	參透	to be thoroughly versed in.
ts'an ¹ -tsa ²	參雜	mixed, blended, confused.
ts'an ¹ -tsan ⁴	參贊	an official title ; an assistant or deputy minister.
ts'an -tson ⁴	參奏	to report to the sovereign.
ts'an ¹ -yeh ⁴	參謁	to visit a superior.

TS'AN ²	虫蚕	蠶 1143c947c	the silkworm.
ts'an ² -chien ³		蠶繭	silk cocoons.
ts'an ² -chung ³		蠶種	silkworm's eggs.
ts'an ² -ch'ung ²		蠶蟲	the silkworm.
ts'an ² -lao ² -i ¹ -shih ²		蠶老	the silkworm is soon old.
s'an ² -o ²		蠶蛾	the silkworm moth.
ts'an ² -tou ⁴		蠶豈	broad beans.
s'an ² -t'u ³ -ssü ¹		蠶吐絲	raw silk ; silkworm spins silk.
s'an ² -tzü ³		蠶子	silkworm's eggs.
s'an ²	歹	殘 1142a947b	to injure, to destroy ; cruel ; deficient ; dregs.
s'an ² -ch'a ² -shêng ⁴ -fan ¹		殘茶剩飯	cold tea and victuals left over.
s'an ² -chi ²		殘疾	a cripple, crippled (ch'üeh ² t'ui ³).
s'an ² -ch'üeh ¹		殘缺	deficient, injured.
s'an ² -fan ⁴		殘飯	broken victuals.
s'an ² -fei ⁴		殘廢	crippled.
s'an ² -hai ⁴		殘害	to injure, injury.
s'an ² -hsüeh ³		殘雪	spring snow, light falls of snow in spring.
s'an ² -hua ¹		殘花	destroyed flowers ; neglected women.
s'an ² -huai ⁴		殘壞	to destroy.
s'an ² -jên ³		殘忍	cruel, callous.
s'an ² -k'u ⁴ -pu ⁴ -jên ²		殘酷	cruel and violent.
s'an ² -nio ⁴ (nüeh)		殘虐	cruel, barbarous disposition (hsüing ¹ pao ⁴).
s'an ² -pao ⁴ -ti ¹		殘暴	same (pao ⁴ nio ⁴).
s'an ² -shêng ¹		殘生	the remainder of one's life (when old).
s'an ² -têng ¹		殘燈	an expiring lamp.
s'an ² -yüeh ⁴		殘月	moon on the wane.
s'an ²	心	慚 1140c947c	shame, to be ashamed, to blush.
s'an ²		慚	same.
s'an ² -hsing ²		慚形	to appear ashamed.
s'an ² -hsiu ¹		慚羞	to feel ashamed.
s'an ² -hui ³		慚悔	penitence, remorse (ao ¹ hui ³).
s'an ² -k'uei ⁴		慚愧	remorse, shame, to be ashamed.

<i>ts'an²</i>	言 謔	讒	1143a947b	to backbite, to slander, to calumniate, to criticise.
<i>ts'aa²-ch'an³</i>		讒 諂		to fawn, to cringe.
<i>ts'an²-pang⁴</i>		讒 謗		calumnies; to calumniate,
<i>ts'an²-shuo¹</i>		讒 說		same (hui ³ pang ⁴).
<i>ts'an²</i>	食 食	餐	1142c946a	to eat.
<i>ts'an²-fan⁴</i>		餐 飯		to take a meal.

TS'AN³	心	慘	1141b947c	grieved, pained; misery; cruel.
<i>ts'an³-ch'i¹</i>		慘 悽		grieved, pained.
<i>ts'an³-ch'ing²</i>		慘 情		same.
<i>ts'an³-jan²</i>		慘 然		melancholy, miserable, pained.
<i>ts'an³-nüeh⁴</i>		慘 虐		hard-hearted, unfeeling, cruel.
<i>ts'an²-t'ung⁴</i>		慘 痛		very much grieved or pained.
<i>ts'an³</i>	黑	黪	1141c948a	speckled.
<i>ts'an³-tan⁴</i>		黪 淡		gloomy.

TS'AN⁴	人	僂	1142a948a	to disparage; contemptuous language; irregular.
<i>ts'an⁴-hu⁴</i>		僂 互		uneven, irregular.
<i>ts'an⁴-t'ou²</i>		僂 頭		blockhead, poor-looking, e. g., horse.
<i>ts'an⁴-t'ou²-hsiao³-tzu³</i>		僂 頭 小子		you blockhead!
<i>ts'an⁴-t'ou²-huo⁴</i>		僂 頭 貨		a bad man.
<i>ts'an⁴</i>	火	燦	1142b948c	bright, clear, luminous.
<i>ts'an¹-lan⁴</i>		燦 爛		bright, clear, variegated.
<i>ts'an⁴-ts'an¹</i>		燦 燦		bright, glittering.
<i>ts'an⁴</i>	言	諗	1141c948b	mutual anger; to spy, to watch.

TSANG¹	臣	臧	1143b949a	good, faithful, virtuous, generous.
<i>tsang¹-hsiung¹</i>		臧 凶		bad and good.
<i>tsang¹-shan⁴</i>		臧 善		good.
<i>tsang¹</i>	貝 贓	贓	1143c949a	bribes: booty, spoils, unjust gain, stolen goods
<i>tsang¹-chên⁴</i>		贓 証		booty found as a proof of theft.
<i>tsang¹-kuan¹</i>		贓 官		a corrupt official (ch'ing ¹ kuan ⁴).
<i>tsang¹-kuan¹-wu¹-li⁴</i>		贓 官 汚吏		venal officials and underlings.
<i>tsang¹-wu⁴</i>		贓 物		booty, stolen goods (hsiao ³ lu ⁴ huo ⁴).
<i>tsang¹</i>		膾		dirty (ang ¹ tsang ¹).
<i>tsang¹</i>	骨	髒	1143c949c	dirty; fat; bony; large-bodied.
<i>tsang¹-chêng⁴</i>		髒 症		syphilis.
<i>tsang¹-ch'uang¹</i>		髒 瘡		same.

TSANG⁴	肉	臟	1143c949c	the bowels; the kidneys; to cherish. [fu ³]
<i>tsang⁴-fu³</i>		臟 腑		the internal parts and organs (wu ³ tsang ⁴ , liu ³)
<i>tsang⁴</i>	艸 莖	葬	1143b949b	to inter, to bury.
<i>tsang⁴-mai²</i>		葬 埋		same (mai ² tsang ⁴).

<i>tsang⁴-shên¹-chih¹-ti⁴</i>	葬身之地	a grave (fên ² mu ⁴).
<i>tsang⁴</i>	艸 藏 ^{1145a950b}	store house ; <i>Hsi-tsang</i> = Tibet.
<i>tsang⁴-ching⁴</i>	藏經	Tibetan classics.
<i>tsang⁴-hsiang²</i>	藏香	Tibetan incense.
TS'ANG¹	人宅	
<i>ts'ang¹-ch'ang²-tsung²</i>	[<i>tu¹</i>] 倉 ^{1144a949a} 場總督	a granary (ao ²). Governor of the granaries.
<i>ts'ang¹-chieh²-tsao⁴-tzü⁴</i>	倉顏造字	Ts'ang Chieh invented writing.
<i>ts'ang¹-fang²</i>	倉房	a granary.
<i>ts'ang¹-huang²-shih¹-sé⁴</i>	倉皇失色	unsettled.
<i>ts'ang¹-ku³</i>	倉穀	millet stored in public granaries.
<i>ts'ang¹-k'u⁴</i>	倉庫	granaries and treasuries.
<i>ts'ang¹-kuan¹</i>	倉官	granary officials.
<i>ts'ang¹-lín³</i>	倉廩	a public granary.
<i>ts'ang¹-mí³</i>	倉米	rice from the public granaries.
<i>ts'ang¹-tsu²</i>	倉卒	hurried, hastily, hurry, precipitation.
<i>ts'ang¹</i>	艸 蒼 ^{1144c950a}	azure ; dark ; old.
<i>ts'ang¹-ch'üung²</i>	蒼穹	dark heaven, the heavens.
<i>ts'ang¹-fa³</i>	蒼髮	grey hair.
<i>ts'ang¹-hai³</i>	蒼海	the ocean.
<i>ts'ang¹-pai²</i>	蒼白	grey.
<i>ts'ang¹-pai²-t'ou²-fa³</i>	蒼白頭髮	grey hair.
<i>ts'ang¹-sung¹</i>	蒼松	an old fir tree.
<i>ts'ang¹-t'ien¹</i>	蒼天	dark heaven ! the azure heavens, Great Heaven.
<i>ts'ang¹-ying¹</i>	蒼蠅	the common house fly.
<i>ts'ang¹</i>	舟 艙 ^{1144b950b}	the hold of a vessel.
<i>ts'ang¹-k'ou³</i>	艙口	the hatchway of a vessel.
<i>ts'ang¹-k'ou³-tan¹-tzü³</i>	艙口單子	a ship's manifest.
<i>ts'ang¹</i>	虫 蝗 ^{1144c950a}	a housefly.
TS'ANG²	艸 藏 ^{1145a950b}	to hide ; to store up ; receptacle.
<i>ts'ang²-chien¹</i>	藏奸	to hide away traitors.
<i>ts'ang²-cho¹</i>	藏拙	to say only half a thing.
<i>ts'ang²-fu²</i>	藏伏	to hide, to conceal.
<i>ts'ang²-jên²-chih¹-shan¹</i>	藏人之善	to conceal a man's good points.
<i>ts'ang²-tsai⁴-ho³-ch'u⁴</i>	藏在何處	where is it hidden ?
<i>ts'ang²-mi⁴</i>	藏覓	to hide and to seek.
<i>ts'ang²-mi⁴-ko¹</i>	藏覓歌	the game of hide and seek.
<i>ts'ang²-ni⁴</i>	藏匿	to hide, to conceal.
<i>ts'ang²-pan³</i>	藏板	to store up printing blocks.
<i>ts'ang²-shou¹</i>	藏收	to store up.
<i>ts'ang²-to²</i>	藏躲	to abscond, to hide one's self.
<i>ts'ang²-t'ou²-lou⁴-mien⁴</i>	藏頭露面	to speak fair, when evil is meditated.

- TS'ANG³** 馬 馵^{1144a949b} a strong horse; dirty.
ts'ang³-êrh²-huo⁴ 馵兒貨 shoddy goods.
ts'ang³-tzū³ 馵子 a rascal.
ts'ang³-tzū³-ch'ien² 馵子錢 poor cash.
- TSAO¹** 𨔵 躑 遭^{1146b952c} to meet; to occur, to happen; a time or turn
tsao¹-chō² 遭着 to happen, to befall.
tsao¹-hui²-lu⁴ 遭回祿 "to encounter the fire demon," a conflagration
tsao¹-huo³-hai⁴ 遭禍害 to fall into or meet with calamity.
tsao¹-k'ou³-shê² 遭口舌 to have your reputation assailed.
tsao¹-nan² 遭難 to fall into or encounter misfortune.
tsao¹-t'a¹ 遭塌 to throw about; to annoy, to vex; to waste.
tsao¹-tsao¹ 遭遭 every time.
tsao¹-yang¹ 遭殃 to fall into danger; to injure; to squabble.
tsao¹-yü⁴ 遭遇 to meet with.
tsao¹-yü⁴-pu⁴-hao³ 遭遇不好 to meet with ill-luck or misfortune.
tsao¹ 米 醴 糟^{1146a952a} rotten; dregs, grains.
tsao¹-hsin³ 糟朽 rotten.
tsao¹-jou⁴ 糟肉 meat cured in grain.
tsao¹-k'ang¹ 糟糠 grains and chaff, a poor man's wife.
tsao¹-kao¹ 糟糕 annoying, bungled.
tsao¹-liao³ 糟了 rotten, decayed.
tsao¹-pi²-tzū³ 糟鼻子 a bottle nosed man.
tsao¹-t'a¹ 糟塌 to break down; destroyed.
tsao¹-tou⁴-fu³ 糟豆腐 a southerner.
tsao¹-yü² 糟魚 fish cured in grain.
tsao¹ 小 𨔵^{1149c955c} worn out. Also *ts'ao²*.
- TSAO²** 金 鑿^{1159b1006a} to chisel. See *tso²*.
tsao²-ping¹ 鑿冰 to saw ice blocks.
tsao²-ssü¹-fang¹-yen³ 鑿四方眼 (fig.) too precise and obstinate.
- TSAO³** 日 早^{1145b953a} the morning; early, soon; beforehand, previous
tsao³-chao¹ 早朝 morning (ch'ing¹ ch'ên²).
tsao³-ch'ên² 早晨 same.
tsao³-ch'i³ 早起 to get up early in the morning.
tsao³-ch'i³-wan³-shui⁴ 早起晚睡 early rising and late to bed.
tsao³-ch'i³ 早氣 early in the morning.
tsao³-ch'i³-ch'i³-lai² 早氣起來 to get up early in the morning.
tsao³-chih¹-tao⁴ 早知道 knew previously; an almanack.
tsao³-fun⁴ 早飯 breakfast.
tsao³-hsieh²-rh² 早些兒 a little earlier.
tsao³-hsien¹ 早先 ere, before.

tsuo³-i³
 tsao³-i³-k'ao⁴-su⁴
 tsuo³-k'uo⁴.ch'ü⁴-liuo³
 tsao³-lai²
 tsao³-lai²-wan²-san³
 tsao³-nien²-chien¹
 tsao³-pan⁴-t'ien¹
 tsao³-tien³-rh²
 tsao³-tsuo³-rh²-ti¹
 tsao³-wan³
 tsao³-wan³-pu⁴-wu⁴
 tsao³-wan²-tsao³-hsieh¹
 tsao³ 水
 tsao³-hsi³
 tsao³-p'ên²
 tsao³-shên¹
 tsao³-shui³
 tsao³-t'ang²
 tsao³ 虫蚤蚋
 tsao³-ch'í³
 tsao³ 木
 tsao³-jên²
 tsao³-t'ang²-sê⁴

早已
 早已告訴
 早過去了
 早來
 早來晚散
 早年間
 早半天
 早點兒
 早早兒的
 早晚
 早晚不悞
 早完早歇
 澡1146c953c
 澡洗
 澡盆
 澡身
 澡水
 澡塘
 蚤1148b953b
 蚤起
 棗1147a953b
 棗仁
 棗糖色

previously, already, long before.
 told (you) long ago.
 already passed.
 come early.
 come early and disperse late.
 in former years.
 the forenoon.
 a little early.
 early in the morning; soon, quickly.
 early and late; sooner or later, eventually; late.
 sure to be on time.
 finish early, get early rest.
 to wash, to bathe.
 same.
 a bath-tub.
 to bathe (hsi³ tsao³, mu⁴ yü⁴).
 bathing water.
 a bath, a bathing place.
 fleas. Also used for tsao 早 (ko⁴ tsao³).
 early in the morning.
 a kind of date.
 date kernels.
 brown, bronzed.

TSAO⁴
 tsao⁴
 tsao⁴-ch'ing¹
 tsao⁴-i¹
 tsao⁴-li⁴
 tsao⁴-pai²
 tsao⁴-pan¹
 tsao⁴-pu⁴
 tsao⁴ 疋
 tsao⁴-chiu⁴
 tsao⁴-ch'uan²
 tsao⁴-fan³
 tsao⁴-fan⁴
 tsao⁴-fu³
 tsao⁴-hua⁴
 tsao⁴-kua⁴-chu³
 tsao⁴-i⁴
 tsao⁴-ni²-chuan¹-ti¹
 tsao⁴-p'ao⁴

白
 皂1145c954a
 皂青
 皂衣
 皂隸
 皂白
 皂班
 皂布
 造1147b954b
 造就
 造船
 造反
 造飯
 造府
 造化
 造化主
 造意
 造坭甌的
 造礮

police runners; black.
 same.
 black.
 black clothes.
 police runners (ya² i⁴).
 black and white.
 police runners (a certain class of).
 black cloth.
 to make, to do, to act, to build, to commence,
 to accomplish.
 to build a vessel (p'ai² ch'uan²).
 to rebel (p'an⁴ ni⁴).
 to prepare food (tso⁴ fan⁴).
 I went to your house.
 to create; a boon, a blessing, luck.
 the Creator.
 to do purposely (t'ci⁴ i⁴).
 a brickmaker.
 to make cannon.

tsao ⁴ ts'ê ⁴	造册	to make a list or inventory.
tsao ⁴ -tso ⁴	造作	to compose, to form, to do.
tsao ⁴ -tsui ⁴	造罪	to sin, and be punished in a future life.
tsao ⁴ -tzü ⁴	造字	to invent characters.
tsao ¹ -tz'ü ⁴	造次	to be reckless, headstrong, etc.
tsao ¹ -wu ⁴ -chu ³	造物主	the Creator.
tsao ⁴ -yao ² -yen ²	造謠言	to fabricate rumours (pu ⁴ san ⁴ yao ² yen ²).
tsao ⁴ -yen ²	造言	to fabricate false stories.
tsao ⁴	火灶	a furnace, a fire place, a cooking stove.
tsao ⁴	穴竈	same.
tsao ⁴ -ch'ü ²	竈廚	a cook-house.
tsao ⁴ -chün ¹	*竈君	the god of the cooking stoves.
tsao ⁴ -hsin ¹ -t'u ³	竈心土	stove earth—a medicine.
tsao ⁴ -hu ⁴	竈戶	salt-worker.
tsao ⁴ -huo ³ -k'êng ¹	竈火坑	the hole in a Chinese cooking-stove.
tsao ⁴ -k'ung ¹	竈空	the corner by the cooking range.
tsao ⁴ -ma ³	竈馬	the cricket.
tsao ⁴ -shên ²	竈神	the god of the cooking stoves. See Note 94.
tsao ⁴ -t'ou ²	竈頭	a cooking range or stove; a cook.
tsao ⁴ -tu ²	竈突	a chimney (fu ³ t'ai ²).
tsao ¹ -wang ² -yeh ²	竈王爺	the god of the kitchen.
tsao ¹	足躁	impetuous, hasty; fierce, cruel; to disturb.
tsao ⁴ -chi ²	躁急	impetuous, hasty.
tsao ⁴ -jên ² -tz'ü ² -to ¹	躁人詞多	the frivolous man talks much.
tsao ¹ -t'a ¹	躁蹋	to destroy uselessly; to spoil.
tsao ⁴ -t'a ¹ -jên ²	躁蹋人	to abuse a person.
tsao ⁴ -tung ⁴	躁動	to disturb, noise, disturbance.
tsao ⁴	火燥	dry, dried with fire, scorched, parched.
tsao ⁴ -jê ⁴	燥熱	intensely hot (jê ⁴ sha ¹ jên ²).
tsao ⁴ -lieh ⁴	燥烈	burning hot, fierce as fire; burning with rage.

TS'AO ¹	手	操	1150a955a	to grasp, to lay hold of, to maintain.
ts'ao ¹ -ch'ih ²		操持		to manage, to control.
ts'ao ¹ -hsin ¹ -kua ⁴ -i ¹		操心掛意		anxious care.
ts'ao ¹ -hsin ¹ -lao ² -li ⁴		操心勞力		to take trouble and pains.
ts'ao ¹ -lien ⁴		操練		to drill, to be drilled, discipline (hsün ⁴ lien ⁴).
ts'ao ¹ -ping ¹		操兵		to exercise troops.
ts'ao ¹ -ping ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		操兵器		to grasp a weapon.
ts'ao ¹ -shou ³		操守		to guard, to maintain.
ts'ao ¹ -tao ¹		操刀		to grasp a sword.
ts'ao ¹ -tien ³		操點		drill and roll-call, etc.
ts'ao ¹ -tsei ² -ts'un ⁴		操則存		[with you. hold fast (to righteousness) and it will remain
ts'ao ¹ -yen ³		操演		to drill, to exercise.

* Note 94.

<i>ts'ao¹</i>	口 譟	1149b955b	noise, clamour, disturbance.
<i>ts'ao¹-nao⁴</i>	譟 鬧		same (ch'ao ¹ nao ⁴). [din.
<i>ts'ao¹-tsa²</i>	譟 雜		confused clamour, noise and confusion, clatter,
TS'AO²	水 漕	1149c955c	a water-course; to convey by water; tribute boats.
<i>ts'ao²-ch'uan²</i>	漕 船		boats used for conveying rice, etc., to the capital.
<i>ts'ao²-ho² yün⁴-ch'uan²</i>	漕 河 運 船		the tribute-boats of the Grand Canal.
<i>ts'ao²-kuan¹</i>	漕 官		official in charge of tribute-boats.
<i>ts'ao²-liang²</i>	漕 糧		tribute rice.
<i>ts'ao²-t'ai²</i>	漕 台		Director of Grain Transport. G. 327.
<i>ts'ao²-yün¹</i>	漕 運		to convey by water.
<i>ts'ao²</i>	木 槽	1149b955b	a trough, a manger; distillery.
<i>ts'ao²-fang¹</i>	槽 坊		a distillery.
<i>ts'ao²-t'ou²</i>	槽 頭		the ends of a trough where the animal is fastened.
<i>ts'ao²-ya²</i>	槽 牙		grinders (pan ³ ya ²).
<i>ts'ao²</i>	小 訛	1149c955c	out of repair; coarse, rough.
<i>ts'ao²-chiu⁴</i>	訛 舊		worn out.
<i>ts'ao²-lan⁴</i>	訛 爛		ragged.
<i>ts'ao²</i>	曰 曹	1149a955a	a company; a class; officials.
<i>ts'ao²-p'ing²-yin²</i>	曹 平 銀		common sycee.
<i>ts'ao²-ts'ao¹</i>	曹 操		a famous general of antiquity. R. 231.
TS'AO³	艸 草	1148b956a	grass, weeds, straw; running hand; careless.
<i>ts'ao³-chi¹</i>	草 雞		a hen.
<i>ts'ao³-chieh⁴</i>	草 芥		of no importance, worthless.
<i>ts'ao³-chih³</i>	草 紙		rough paper.
<i>ts'ao³-fang²</i>	草 房		a thatched house.
<i>ts'ao³-hsieh²</i>	草 鞋		straw shoes.
<i>ts'ao³-hsieh³</i>	草 寫		running hand, to scrawl.
<i>ts'ao³-huang²</i>	草 黃		canary yellow, straw colour.
<i>ts'ao³-kao³</i>	草 稿		a rough draft, a sketch, an outline (kao ³ shu ¹).
<i>ts'ao³-k'eng³</i>	草 莖		a stalk of grass.
<i>ts'ao³-k'u¹</i>	草 枯		dried grass.
<i>ts'ao³-li³-shé²</i>	草 裡 蛇		a snake in the grass; a secret enemy.
<i>ts'ao³-li³</i>	草 屨		straw shoes.
<i>ts'ao³-liao⁴</i>	草 料		forage.
<i>ts'ao³-lien²-tzü³</i>	草 簾 子		a straw door-screen.
<i>ts'ao³-mang³</i>	草 莽		wilderness, jungle.
<i>ts'ao³-mao⁴-pien³</i>	草 帽 緞		strawbraid.
<i>ts'ao²-mao⁴-tzü³</i>	草 帽 子		straw hats.
<i>ts'ao³-mu⁴</i>	草 木		plants and trees, the vegetable kingdom (hua ¹ [ts'ao ³ shu ⁴ mu ⁴]).
<i>ts'ao³-mu¹-chih¹-jèn²</i>	草 木 之 人		frail man.
<i>ts'ao³-pao¹</i>	草 包		a sack for straw; a blockhead.

ts'ao³.pén³
 ts'ao³.p'u¹
 ts'ao³-shang⁴-shuang¹
 ts'ao³-shé³
 ts'ao³.shuai⁴
 ts'ao³.t'ou²-fang¹-érh²
 ts'ao³-ts'ao³-liao³-shih⁴
 ts'ao³-ts'ü⁴
 ts'ao³
 ts'ao³-lü²

草本
 草舖
 草上霜
 草舍
 草率
 草頭方兒
 草草了事
 草字
 馬驢 1149a956b
 驢驢

annual plants; roots of grasses; draft, rough
 a straw mat to sleep on. [copy.]
 dew on the grass (evanescent).
 my humble dwelling.
 careless, carelessly.
 a domestic recipe.
 to get through business in a careless way.
 the running hand (hsing² shu³).
 female of the donkey.
 a she-ass (chiao¹ lü²).

TS'AO⁴ 米 穀 糲 1150b956c

rude, unworkmanlike, inferior.

TSÉ²
 tsé²-chih⁴
 tsé²-fä²
 tsé²-hsiu⁴
 tsé²-jang¹
 tsé²-jên¹
 tsé² ma⁴
 tsé²-pei⁴
 tsé²-ta³
 tsé²-tsui⁴
 tsé² wên⁴
 tsé²
 tsé²-chi²-jih⁴
 tsé²-chiao¹
 tsé²-hsiian³
 tsé²-jih⁴-tzü³
 tsé²-lin²
 tsé²-shan⁴
 tsé²
 tsé²-ên¹
 tsé²-lan²-wan³
 tsé²-min²
 tsé²
 tsé²-chiu¹
 tsé²-i³
 tsé²-k'ao³
 tsé²-li⁴
 tsé²-shih⁴

貝 責 1151b957c
 責治
 責罰
 責下
 責讓
 責任
 責罵
 責備
 責打
 責罪
 責問
 手 擇 1152a958b
 擇吉日
 擇交
 擇選
 擇日子
 擇鄰
 擇善
 水 澤 1152b958c
 澤恩
 澤蘭丸
 澤民
 刀 則 1150b956a
 則就
 則已
 則可
 則例
 則是

responsible for; to reprove; to ask.
 to punish.
 to chastise, to punish.
 responsible for.
 to scold.
 responsibility, trust, duties.
 to blame, to rail at.
 to reprove (chien¹ shuo¹).
 to beat, to chastise.
 to reprove, to condemn.
 to enquire, to interrogate under the bamboo.
 to select, to choose. (Also *chai*²).
 to choose a lucky day (for weddings, etc.).
 to select one's associates.
 to select, to choose (chien³ hsiian³).
 to choose a day (for weddings, etc.).
 to choose one's neighbours.
 to choose the good.
 kindness; to nourish; enriched, glossy; a marsh.
 favour, kindness (ên¹ tsé²).
 pills for procuring abortion.
 to behave well to the people.
 then, in consequence, therefore; next; a rule.
 then, in consequence (érh⁴ tsé²).
 that is the end of it, so be it.
 then, it will do.
 rule, custom, laws, regulations, tariff.
 then, it is, etc.

TSÉ⁴ 人 仄 1153a959b

aslant, oblique, inclined, stooping.

tsĕ⁴-shĕng¹
tsĕ⁴-tzŭ⁴
tsĕ⁴-yŭn⁴

仄聲
仄字
仄韻

the oblique tones. 上, 去, 入 (p'ing² tsĕ⁴),
word in oblique tones.
rhymes in oblique tones.

TS'Ē⁴

竹 策 1153c960b

ts'ĕ⁴-li⁴

策 屬

a plan, a stratagem; to scheme; a whip.

ts'ĕ⁴-lun²

策 論

to urge, to impel, to force, to compel.
questions and themes (at examination).

ts'ĕ⁴-ma³

策 馬

to whip horse.

ts'ĕ⁴-shu¹

策 書

an official order, an appointment; credentials.

ts'ĕ⁴

人 側 1154a957a

側 耳 聽

aslant, oblique, on the side; mean. See *chai*⁴.

ts'ĕ⁴-ērĕ³-t'ing¹

側 耳 聽

to apply the ear to and listen, to listen.

ts'ĕ⁴-ērĕ³ to³

側 耳 朶

same.

ts'ĕ⁴-lou¹

側 陋

of low rank, mean, vile.

ts'ĕ⁴-lēng³

側 稜

slanting, oblique edge.

ts'ĕ⁴-shĕh⁴

側 侍

to stand near.

ts'ĕ⁴-shĕh⁴

側 室

a concubine, a second wife (ch'ieh⁴).

ts'ĕ⁴-wo⁴

側 臥

to sleep on one side.

ts'ĕ⁴

水 測 1154b960a

測 量

to fathom, to measure.

ts'ĕ⁴-liang⁴

測 量

to measure, to comprehend, to estimate.

ts'ĕ⁴-pu¹-t'ou⁴

測 不 透

cannot fathom (its meaning).

ts'ĕ⁴-to

測 度

to measure, to calculate.

ts'ĕ⁴-tzŭ⁴

測 字

logomancy.

ts'ĕ⁴ (tzŭ)

口 冊 1154b42b

冊 頁

a list, an inventory, a register. Also *ch'ai* (mu⁴)
[lu⁴].

ts'ĕ⁴-yeh⁴

冊 頁

obscene pictures.

ts'ĕ⁴

心 惻 1154b960a

惻 隱

to commiserate, to pity, to sympathize.

ts'ĕ⁴-yin³

惻 隱

same (lien² min³).

TSEI²

貝 賊 1154c957b

賊 犯

robbers, rebels; to injure, to plunder.

ts'ei²-fan⁴

賊 犯

brigands, rebels (ch'iang³ tao⁴).

ts'ei²-fĕi³

賊 匪

rebels, bandits, robbers, etc.

ts'ei²-hsing¹

賊 星

"thief star," a shooting star or meteor.

ts'ei²-jĕn²-tan³-hsü¹

賊 人 胆 虛

a robber lacks bravery.

ts'ei²-k'ou⁴

賊 寇

rebels.

ts'ei²-mei²-shu³-yen³

賊 眉 鼠 眼

guilty-looking.

ts'ei²-ping¹

賊 兵

the enemy's or rebel troops.

ts'ei²-shou³

賊 首

a rebel thief.

ts'ei²-tao⁴

賊 盜

thieves, robbers, etc.

ts'ei²-t'ou²-tsei²-nao³

賊 頭 賊 腦

a villainous-looking fellow.

ts'ei²-tzŭ³

賊 子

a thief's children; a precocious young scamp.

ts'ei²-wo¹

賊 窩

a den or nest of thieves; a robber's cave.

ts'ei²-yen³-liu²-hsing¹

賊 眼 流 星

a villain.

TSĒN³

心 怎 1155b948a

怎

what? how? why?

tsĕn³-ma²
 tsĕn³-mo²-kan³
 tsĕn³-mo²-ni¹
 tsĕn³-mo²-tso⁴
 tsĕn³-mo²-shuo¹
 tsĕn³-mo²-yang¹

怎麼
 怎麼敢
 怎麼呢
 怎麼做
 怎麼說
 怎麼樣

what? how? why? M. 87.
 how dare you; how dare? (ch'i³ kan³).
 how is it?
 how is it done? how do you do it?
 how do you say?
 in what way? how? (ho² tĕng³).

TS'ĒN¹ 叅 參 1140c946b
 ts'ĕn¹-ts'ü¹
 ts'ĕn¹-tz'ü¹-pu⁴-ch'ü²
 ts'ĕn¹ (ch'ĕn) 衣 襯 襯 60a22a

confused, irregular, uneven. See ts'an¹ and shen¹ same.
 uneven, irregular.
 inner garments; to assist.

TSĒNG¹ 土 增 1156a951a
 tsĕng¹-ch'i³-lai²
 tsĕng¹-chia¹
 tsĕng¹-chien³
 tsĕng¹-fu²-ts'ai²-shĕn²
 tsĕng¹-fu²-yen²-shou⁴
 tsĕng¹-i⁴
 tsĕng¹-kuang¹
 tsĕng¹-pu³
 tsĕng¹-shan¹-pu³-i⁴
 tsĕng¹-t'ien¹
 tsĕng¹-to¹
 tsĕng¹ 心 憎 1156a951a
 tsĕng¹-hĕn⁴
 tsĕng¹-hsien²
 tsĕng¹-wu¹

增起來
 增加
 增減
 增福財神
 增福延壽
 增益
 增光
 增補
 增刪卜易
 增添
 增多
 憎恨
 憎恨嫌
 憎惡

to add to, to increase, to double (chia¹ t'ien¹).
 to add to, to increase.
 same
 "to add and diminish," modification.
 the God of Wealth.
 increase happiness and lengthen life.
 to increase, to add to.
 to aid brilliancy.
 to recompense (pao¹ ta²).
 a divination book.
 to add to, addition.
 many added.
 to dislike, to hate.
 to hate.
 to dislike, to bear a grudge (man² yüan⁴).
 to dislike, to hate.

TSĒNG⁴ 貝 贈 1156c951c
 tsĕng⁴-ch'ien²
 tsĕng⁴-liao³-to¹-shao³
 tsĕng⁴-sung⁴
 tsĕng⁴ 瓦 甌 1156b951c
 tsĕng⁴-ts'uan⁴
 甌 饜

to present, to confer, to bestow.
 to present money.
 how much has he given?
 to present (k'uei⁴ sung⁴).
 a boiler (kuo¹).
 the fire beneath a boiler.

TS'ĒNG² 日 曾 1157a952a
 ts'ĕng²-chi¹-tĕ²
 ts'ĕng²-ching¹
 tsĕng¹-sun¹
 tsĕng¹-tsu³
 tsĕng¹-tsu³-mu³
 tsĕng¹-tzu³

曾記得
 曾經
 曾孫
 曾祖
 曾祖母
 曾子

past (in time), already done. M. 587. Also tsĕng¹
 don't you remember? etc.
 already past.
 a great-grandson,
 a great-grandfather.
 a great-grandmother.
 name of a philosopher, a disciple of Confucius

ts'êng².yu³.jên²-shuo¹ 會有人說 it was once said.
 ts'êng² 尸 [ch'u¹ 層] 1157c952b layers, stories; a step, degree; still more intense.
 ts'êng²-chien⁴-tieh²- 層見疊出 occurring more and more often.
 ts'êng²-lou² 層樓 a house with stories.
 ts'êng²-tieh² 層疊 layer upon layer.
 ts'êng²-ts'êng² 層層 same.
 ts'êng²-tz'ü¹ 層次 regular order; rising higher and higher.

TS'ÈNG⁴ 足 躑 1157c952c embarrassed; dilatory; to strike in passing.
 ts'êng⁴-kung¹ 躑躅工 to kill time, to dawdle (mo² kuang¹ fu¹).
 ts'êng⁴-liao³ liu¹-p'ü² 躑了溜皮 secretly made off.

TSO² 日 昨 1159a1005b yesterday.
 tso².rh²-ko⁴ 昨兒個 same.
 tso².rh²-wan²-shang⁴ 昨兒晚上 yesterday evening.
 tso²-jih⁴ 昨日 yesterday (ch'ien² êrh² ko⁴).
 tso²-shih⁴-chin¹-fei¹ 昨是今非 variable.
 tso²-t'ien¹ 昨天 yesterday.
 tso²-yeh⁴ 昨夜 last night.
 tso² (tzü) 金 鑿 1159b1006a a chisel; to dig; to open; to mark; to make, to
 tso²-ching³ 鑿井 to dig a well (chüeh³ ching³).
 tso²-k'ai¹ 鑿開 to open out a space or way.
 tso²-ko⁴.yen¹.rh² 鑿個眼兒 to chisel or cut out a hole.
 tso²-mu⁴ 鑿木 to chisel or chop wood.
 tso²-tso².k'o³-chü⁴ 鑿鑿可據 demonstrably, undoubtedly.

TSO³ 工 左 1159c1002a the left; second to; bad. M. 64.
 tso³-chêng⁴ 左証 to verify.
 tso³-chin¹-i¹-shang¹ 左衽衣裳 clothing with lapel on left.
 tso³-chin⁴ 左近 neighbouring, neighbourhood (lin²). [Annals.
 tso³-chuan⁴ 左傳 the commentary on the Spring and Autumn
 tso³-fü³-yu⁴-pi⁴ 左輔右弼 helping on all sides.
 tso³-p'ü²-ch'ü¹ 左脾氣 a cantankerous person (tiao³ p'ü²).
 tso³-pien¹ 左邊 on the left side.
 tso³-shih⁴-lang² 左侍郎 a vice-president of one of the Boards.
 tso³-shou³ 左手 the left hand.
 tso³-ssü¹-yu⁴-hsiang³ 左思右想 to revolve in thought.
 tso³-t'ang² 左堂 assistant magistrate. G. 291.
 tso³-tao¹ 左道 false doctrine (p'ang² mên² tso³ tao⁴).
 tso³-tu¹-yü¹-shih³ 左都御史 President of the Censorate. [ants.
 tso³-yu⁴ 左右 left and right; those around, attendants, assist-
 tso³-yu⁴-liang³ nan³ 左右兩難 in a strait or dilemma (chin⁴ t'ui¹ liang³ nan²).
 tso³ 人 佐 1160b1002b to assist; a second to; a minister.

tso³-chu⁴
 tso³-érh⁴
 tso³-fu³
 tso³-li³
 tso³-ling²
 tso³-tsa²

佐助
 佐貳
 佐輔
 佐理
 佐領
 佐雜

an assistant.
 assistant Magistrates.
 an assistant.
 to assist in managing affairs (as secretaries, etc.)
 assistant chief of one of the banners.
 petty officials of the 8th and 9th rank.

TSO⁴人 作^{1158a1005a}

tso⁴-ch'êng⁴
 tso⁴-ch'êng²-liao³
 tso⁴-chia³
 tso⁴-chia¹
 tso⁴-ch'in¹
 tso⁴-chu³
 tso¹-fang¹
 tso⁴-fu²-tso⁴-wei¹
 tso⁴-hao³
 tso⁴-hai³
 tso⁴-hsi⁴-ti¹
 tso⁴-hsien⁴
 tso⁴-i¹
 tso⁴-i⁴
 tso⁴-kuan¹
 tso¹-kuan¹-wei²-huan⁴
 tso⁴-kung¹-fu¹
 tso²-liao⁴
 tso⁴-lo⁴
 tso⁴-mêng⁴
 tso⁴-mu⁴
 tso¹-nan¹
 tso⁴-o⁴
 tso⁴-pan⁴
 tso⁴-pao³-ti¹
 tso⁴-pi¹
 tso⁴-pieh³
 tso¹-pu⁴-lai³
 tso⁴-shan⁴
 tso⁴-shih¹
 tso⁴-shih¹-ti¹
 tso⁴-shih⁴
 tso⁴-shu¹-ti¹
 tso¹-sui⁴
 tso⁴-ssü³

作証
 作成了
 作假
 作家
 作親
 作主
 作坊
 作福作威
 作好
 作害
 作戲的
 作線
 作揖
 作意
 作官
 作官爲宦
 作工夫
 作料
 作樂
 作夢
 作幕
 作難
 作惡
 作伴
 作保的
 作弊
 作別
 作不來
 作善
 作詩
 作詩的
 作事
 作書的
 作崇
 作死

to do, to act, to make, to invent, to discover
 to act as witness.
 accomplished, finished, completed.
 to act falsely.
 to be economical (chien³ shêng³).
 to marry, or arrange a marriage.
 to play the host, to take the responsibility.
 a manufactory.
 sometimes lenient, sometimes severe (official).
 to do good.
 to get into mischief.
 an actor, a comedian (hsi⁴ tzu³).
 to act as a spy (chien¹ hsi⁴, hsi⁴ tso⁴).
 to fold the hands and bow.
 the divisions or skeleton of an essay, etc.
 to be an official (chü¹ kuan¹).
 the official class (kuan¹ huan⁴ jên³ chia¹).
 to work, to labor.
 condiments.
 to be cheerful, gay (ch'ü³ lé⁴).
 to be dreaming.
 to act as private secretary (shih¹ yeh²).
 to be in trouble or straits (shou⁴ nan⁴).
 to do wickedly.
 to act as companion to.
 a bail, a security.
 to cheat, to steal public funds.
 to separate.
 it can't be done.
 to do good.
 to make verses.
 a poet (sao¹ jên²).
 to transact business.
 an author.
 to act as if possessed.
 to seek one's own death.

[(1, 2, 4).

tso ⁴ -tai ³	作歹	to do wickedly (wei ² fei ¹ tso ⁴ tai ³).
tso ⁴ -tê ²	作得	done, made, finished; able to do.
tso ⁴ -tê ² -hên ³ -hao ³	作得狠好	done extremely well.
tso ⁴ -tui ⁴	作對	to act as an enemy.
tso ⁴ -wan ² -liao ³	作完了	to bring an affair to an end.
tso ⁴ -wei ²	作爲	actions, conduct (hsing ² wei ²).
tso ⁴ -wên ² -ch'ang ⁴	作文章	to compose or write an essay.
tso ⁴ -yeh ⁴	作孽	to commit sin.
tso ⁴ -yo ⁴ -ti ¹	作樂的	musicians (yin ¹ yo ⁴ ti ¹).
tso ⁴	人做 ^{1161c1003b}	to do, to make; to act as, to be.
tso ⁴ -ch'êng ²	做成	to complete an affair.
tso ⁴ -ch'i ³	做訖	to bring an affair to an end.
tso ⁴ -ch'in ¹	做親	to get married (ch'ü ³).
tso ⁴ -fa ³	做法	to form a plan.
tso ⁴ -fan ⁴	做飯	to make food.
tso ⁴ -hwei ⁴ -la ¹	做壞喇	spoiled in cooking.
tso ⁴ -huo ²	做活	to get a livelihood, to work for a living.
tso ⁴ -i ¹ -shang ¹	做衣裳	to make clothes (ts'ai ² fêng ²).
tso ⁴ -jên ²	做人	to be or act as a man.
tso ⁴ -kuan ¹	做官	to be an official.
tso ⁴ -kung ¹ -tê ²	做功德	to make "merit."
tso ⁴ -liao ³ -mei ² -yu ³	做了沒有	is it done?
tso ⁴ -mien ⁴ -t'zũ ³ -huo ²	做面子活	eye-service.
tso ⁴ -pu ⁴ -lai ²	做不來	unable to do, impracticable.
tso ⁴ -pu ⁴ -lai ² -ti ¹	做不來的	same.
tso ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tê ²	做不得	impossible to do; ought not to be done.
tso ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tê ² -ti ¹	做不得的	same.
tso ⁴ -shên ² -mo ²	做甚麼	what are you doing?
tso ⁴ -shêng ⁴	做聲	to speak.
tso ⁴ -sun ³	做損	to circumcise (ko ¹ li ³).
tso ⁴ -tê ²	做得	able to do; it will do.
tso ⁴ -tê ² -lai ²	做得來	same.
tso ⁴ -tê ² -hên ² -hao ³	做得狠好	done very well.
tso ⁴ -ts'ui ⁴	做菜	to cook vegetables,
tso ⁴ -wan ² -liao ³	做完了	finished; accomplished.
tso ⁴	土坐 ^{1160c1002b}	to sit; a seat; to hold, to maintain.
tso ⁴ -ch'ê ⁴	坐車	to ride on a cart.
tso ⁴ -chia ¹ -ch'i ¹ -k'o ⁴	坐家欺客	to take advantage of a stranger.
tso ⁴ -chiang ⁴ -shan ⁴	坐江山	to be emperor (of China).
tso ⁴ -chiao ⁴ -t'zũ ³	坐轎子	to go in a sedan chair.
tso ⁴ -chien ¹	坐監	to be confined in prison.
tso ⁴ -ch'uan ²	坐船	to go in a vessel.
tso ⁴ -êr ⁴ h ²	坐兒	a passenger, e. g., in a cart.

<i>tso⁴-fan²-liao³</i>	坐煩了	to have sat a long time.
<i>tso⁴-ching³-kuan¹-t'ien¹</i>	坐井觀天	like a frog in a well, i. e., limited horizon.
<i>tso⁴-hao³</i>	坐好	to sit firmly.
<i>tso⁴-hsia⁴</i>	坐下	to sit down.
<i>tso⁴-i¹-tso⁴</i>	坐一坐	take a seat, sit down.
<i>tso⁴-ju⁴</i>	坐褥	cushion.
<i>tso⁴-k'ai¹</i>	坐開	room enough to sit down.
<i>tso⁴-ku³</i>	坐賈	a shop-keeper.
<i>tso⁴-lao²</i>	坐牢	to be confined in prison.
<i>tso⁴-pei³-ch'ao²-nan²</i>	坐北朝南	on north side fronting south.
<i>tso⁴-pu¹-chu⁴</i>	坐不住	can't remain sitting.
<i>tso⁴-pu⁴-hsia⁴</i>	坐不下	not room for all to sit.
<i>tso⁴-pu⁴-wên³</i>	坐不穩	unable to sit steady.
<i>tso⁴-t'ang²</i>	坐堂	to sit in judgment, to sit in court, to open court.
<i>tso⁴-ti¹-t'ui³-ma²</i>	坐的腿麻	sitting till the legs are cramped.
<i>tso⁴-ti⁴-hu³</i>	坐地虎	fig. a local bully.
<i>tso⁴-t'ien¹-hsia⁴</i>	坐天下	to be Emperor.
<i>tso⁴-tsui⁴</i>	坐罪	to accuse another falsely (wu ¹ kao ⁴).
<i>tso⁴-wei⁴</i>	坐位	a seat; to sit on the throne.
<i>tso⁴-wo⁴</i>	坐臥	sitting and lying down.
<i>tso⁴-wo⁴-pu⁴-an¹</i>	坐臥不安	uncomfortable in any position.
<i>tso⁴-yu³-tso⁴-hsiang⁴</i>	坐有坐像	when he sits, he sits correctly.
<i>tso⁴-yüeh⁴-tzü³</i>	坐月子	a woman's confinement, also a month after.
<i>tso⁴</i>	广座	a seat, a throne. Numerative of hills, temples [etc]
<i>tso⁴-hsia⁴</i>	座下	below or before the throne.
<i>tso⁴-yet⁴</i>	座位	a seat, a throne.
<i>tso⁴</i>	木柞	name of a hard wood.

TS'O¹	手	搓	1163a1003a	to rub between the hands.
<i>ts'o¹-i¹-shang¹</i>		搓衣裳		to wash clothes (hsi ³ i ¹ shang ¹).
<i>ts'o¹-jou²</i>		搓揉		to rub between the hands.
<i>ts'o¹-kan¹-ching⁴-liao³</i>		搓乾淨了		rubbed clean.
<i>ts'o¹-mo²</i>		搓磨		to worry, to annoy; to reprove, to scold.
<i>ts'o¹-shêng²-tzü³</i>		搓繩子		to make rope with the hands.
<i>ts'o¹-shou³</i>		搓手		to rub between the hands.
<i>ts'o¹-ts'o¹-sui⁴</i>		搓搓碎		to crumble with the hand. [ulate.
<i>ts'o¹</i>	手	撮	1164a1006b	to unite; to snatch, to take; to urge; to manip-
<i>ts'o¹-ho²</i>		撮合		to unite, to join, to make agree.
<i>ts'o¹-nin²-nai³</i>		撮牛奶		to milk a cow (chi ² nai ³).
<i>ts'o¹-shang¹-chia⁴</i>		撮上轎		to hand into a sedan; to persuade.
<i>ts'o¹-t'u³</i>		撮土		to shovel earth (lien ³ t'u ³).
<i>ts'o¹-yao⁴</i>		撮要		to make an abstract.
<i>ts'o¹-yung³</i>		撮擁		to coax and drag away.

- ts'ŏ¹ 石 磋^{1163a1003b} to polish.
 ts'ŏ¹ 足 蹉^{1163b1003b} to slip, to miss.
- TS'Ō² 矢 矮^{1163c1004a} a dwarf, dwarfish, stunted.
 ts'ŏ²-chia⁴-ch'ien² 矮價錢 to cut down the price.
 ts'ŏ²-han¹-tzŭ³ 矮漢子 a dwarf.
 ts'ŏ².hsiao³ 矮小 dwarfish, short.
 ts'ŏ²-jên²-hsin¹-chung⁴ 矮人心重 the dwarf is clever.
 ts'ŏ²-tzŭ³ 矮子 a dwarf (ai³ tzŭ³). [cho³].
 ts'ŏ² 玉 琢^{250a82c} to work jewels, to cut, to carve; to choose. See
 ts'ŏ²-yü⁴ 琢玉 to work jewels.
- TS'Ō⁴ 金 錯^{1162b1004c} to mistake; wrong; mixed.
 ts'ŏ⁴-fêng⁴-tzŭ³ 錯縫子 fault crevices; holes in one's coat.
 ts'ŏ⁴-hsiang³ 錯想 a mistaken thought.
 ts'ŏ⁴-jên⁴ 錯認 to mistake (a person).
 ts'ŏ⁴-ku³.fêng⁴ 錯骨縫 a bone out of joint.
 ts'ŏ⁴-kuai¹-hao³-jên² 錯怪好人 to wrongly blame a good man.
 ts'ŏ⁴-kuo¹ 錯過 mistaken.
 ts'ŏ⁴-kuo¹-liao³-ni³ 錯過了 you apart from you.
 ts'ŏ⁴-kuo¹-shih²-hou⁴ 錯過時候 to have passed by the time.
 ts'ŏ⁴-liao³-kuei¹-chü³ 錯了規矩 contrary to custom.
 ts'ŏ⁴ luan¹ 錯亂 confused, mixed together.
 ts'ŏ⁴-pu -liao³ 錯不了 not mistaken, unable to mistake; good.
 ts'ŏ⁴-shih¹ 錯失 error, mistake.
 ts'ŏ⁴-shih⁴ 錯事 to mistake in doing anything; a mistaken affair.
 ts'ŏ⁴-tsa² 錯雜 mixed together, confused.
 ts'ŏ⁴-tzŭ¹ 錯字 wrong characters.
 ts'ŏ⁴-wu⁴ 錯悞 mistake, mistaken, wrong (niu⁴ wu⁴).
 ts'ŏ⁴ 手 挫^{1163b1004b} to push down, to maltreat; to break to pieces.
 ts'ŏ⁴-mo² 挫磨 to force, to compel (chê² mo²). [person].
 ts'ŏ⁴-yü¹-jên² 挫於人 a maltreated person; to be maltreated by a
 ts'ŏ⁴ 手 掇^{1120c913a} to regulate. See to².
 ts'ŏ⁴ 手 措^{1162a1008c} to raise; to arrange; to employ; to collect.
 ts'ŏ⁴-pan⁴ 措辨 to arrange; to collect.
 ts'ŏ⁴-shou³ 措手 to set to one's hand, to prepare.
 ts'ŏ¹-tzŭ³ 措詞 to set speech; to arrange phraseology.
 ts'ŏ⁴ 刀 剉^{1163b1004a} to file.
 ts'ŏ⁴-kuang¹-liao³ 剉光了 polished.
 ts'ŏ⁴-p'ing²-liao³ 剉平了 filed smooth.
 ts'ŏ⁴ (tzŭ) 金 鏗^{1163c1004b} a file.
- TSOU¹ 言 譏^{1165c961b} to jest; to exaggerate.

TSOU³走 走^{1164b961c}*tsou³-ch'au⁴*

走岔

to walk, to go, to run.

tsou³-ch'ang²-ti¹

走場的

to take different roads; go astray.

tsou³-chiang¹-hu²

走江湖

stage-waiters.

tsou³-ch'ou²

走籌

far-travelled.

tsou³-fa²-liao³

走乏了

watchmen (ta³ ching¹ ti¹).*tsou³-hou⁴*

走後

weary with travelling.

tsou³-hsiang⁴

走像

after (he) went away.

tsou³-k'ai¹

走開

style of walking.

tsou³-kou³

走狗

to walk or step apart.

tsou³-k'uai⁴

走快

[former.

tsou³-liao³-fêng¹

走了風

hurry up!

tsou³-liao³-shui³-liao³

走了水了

the news is out.

tsou³-lou⁴

走漏

a fire, a conflagration (tsao¹ hui² lu⁴).*tsou³-lou⁴-hsiao¹-hsi²*

走漏消息

to let out a secret, to tell.

tsou³-lu⁴-rh²

走路兒

the news leaked out.

tsou³-ma²

走馬

to walk, to travel.

tsou³-ma³-kuan¹-têng¹

走馬觀燈

to ride a horse; a swift horse (ch'i² ma³).*tsou³-pien⁴-tien¹-hsia⁴*

走遍天下

as if viewing lamps on horseback.

tsou³-pu⁴-k'ai¹

走不開

to travel the world over.

tsou³-pu⁴-kuo⁴-ch'ü⁴

走不過去

unable to pass, or get out of the way.

tsou³-pu⁴-tao⁴

走不到

can't go across.

tsou³-pu⁴-lung⁴

走不動

cannot go to.

tsou³-shou⁴

走獸

unable to walk from age, illness, etc.

tsou³-ssü¹

走私

quadrupeds.

tsou³-t'ang³-t'ang³

走輪輪

to smuggle.

tsou³-tao⁴-rh²

走道兒

to walk up and down.

tsou³-tê²-k'ai¹

走得開

to walk, to travel.

tsou³-ti⁴-fu¹

走遞夫

able to pass or get out of the way.

tsou³-t'o⁴

走脫

letter-carriers, couriers (p'ao³ hsin⁴ ti¹).*tsou³-tu⁴-tzu³*

走肚子

to slip off, to abscond.

tsou³-tung⁴-tsou³-tun⁴

走動走動

diarrhoea (p'ao² tu⁴).*tsou³-wai⁴-shih⁴-ti¹*

走外事的

move on! to ease one's self.

TSOU⁴大 奏^{1166a962a}*tsou⁴-chang¹*

奏章

any representation made to the Emperor.

tsou⁴-ché² [*shang⁴*]

奏摺

an official document to be laid before the Em-

tsou⁴-ming²-huang²

奏明皇上

[peror.

tsou⁴-pên³

奏本

to state clearly to the Emperor.

tsou⁴-shang⁴

奏上

[peror.

tsou⁴-shih¹

奏事

to memorialize the Emperor.

tsou⁴-shih¹-ch'u³

奏事處

to represent a matter to the Emperor.

tsou⁴-shu¹

奏書

the Memorial office in Peking.

an official document to be laid before the Emperor.

tsou ⁴ -wên ² -shu ¹	奏文書	an official document to be laid before the Emperor.
tsou ⁴ -yo ⁴	奏樂	to strike up music.
tsou ⁴ -yo ⁴ -ch'í ⁴	奏樂器	same.
tsou ⁴	驟	a fleet horse ; suddenly.
tsou ⁴ -jan ² -chien ¹	驟然間	suddenly, abruptly (hu ¹ jan ² chien ¹).

TS'OU ⁴	水湊	湊	1166c963b	to assemble, to collect ; to add to, to make up
ts'ou ⁴ -ch'í ²		湊齊		all collected together.
ts'ou ⁴ -ch'í'iao ³		湊巧		to suit or fit admirably.
ts'ou ⁴ -chü ⁴		湊聚		to collect, to assemble.
ts'ou ⁴ -fên ⁴ -tzu ³		湊分子		to make a subscription.
ts'ou ⁴ -ho ²		湊合		to assemble, to collect together.
ts'ou ⁴ -ko ⁴ -ch'ü-'rh ²		湊個趣兒		to make merry.
ts'ou ⁴ -kou ⁴ -shu ⁴		湊够數		to make up the proper number.
ts'ou ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -i ³ -ch'ü ⁴		湊在一處		to assemble in one place.
ts'ou ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -i ³ -k'uai ⁴		湊在一塊		same.

TSU ¹ (tzü)	禾租	租	1167c1007a	to rent, to hire ; a tax, grain paid as tax.
su ¹ -ch'í ⁴		租契		a contract, a lease (lin ⁴).
su ¹ -chia ⁴		租價		the amount of rent.
su ¹ -chieh ⁴		租界		Foreign Settlements in China.
su ¹ -ch'ien ²		租錢		rent.
su ¹ -fang ² -chu ⁴		租房住		to live in a rented house.
su ¹ -fang ² -tzu ³		租房		to hire a house.
su ¹ -lin ⁴		租賃		to hire, to rent, as a house, etc.
su ¹ -ti ⁴ -chung ⁴		租地種		to cultivate rented ground.
su ¹ -ting ¹		租丁		a husbandman, a small farmer.
su ¹ -yin ²		租銀		rent (lin ⁴).

TSU ²	十卒	卒	1168b1013a	lictors, soldiers ; to stop, to die ; sudden.
su ² -jan ²		卒然		hastily, suddenly.
su ² -tzu ³		卒子		soldiers.
su ² -wu ³		卒伍		troops, a company.
su ²	足	足	1168c1014a	the foot ; enough, complete (kou ⁴).
su ² -chí ¹		足兒		a footstool (chiao ³ têng ⁴).
su ² -chih ³		足指		the toes.
su ² -hsia ⁴		足下		beneath the feet ; a master ; you, sir.
su ² -hsin ⁴ -ti ¹		足信的		credible.
su ² -kou ⁴		足殼		sufficient, ample.
su ² -sé'-yin ² -tzu ³		足色銀子		silver of full standard quality.
su ² -shih ² -tsu ⁴ -ping ¹		足食足兵		plenty of soldiers and stores.
su ²	方	族	1169b1015a	clan, tribe, family, kindred ; species, class
su ² -chang ³		族長		eldest man of a family or clan.

tsu²-chung¹
 tsu²-hsiung¹
 tsu²-jên²
 tsu²-lai¹
 tsu²-p'u³

族中
 族兄
 族人
 族類
 族譜

in or of the clan, etc.
 one of the eldest in a clan.
 one's kindred (ch'in¹ tsu²).
 a class, a clan, a sort.
 a genealogical table or register (chia¹ p'u³).

TSU³
 tsu³-ch'an³
 tsu³ ch'uan⁴
 tsu³-fu¹
 tsu³-hsien¹
 tsu³-hsien¹-t'ang²
 tsu³-miao¹
 tsu³-mu³
 tsu³-pi³
 tsu³-shang⁴
 tsu³-shih¹
 tsu³-tsung¹
 tsu³-ying²
 tsu³
 tsu³-ai⁴
 tsu³-chih³
 tsu³-chih¹
 tsu³-chui⁴
 tsu³-jên²-wei²-shan¹
 tsu³-ko²
 tsu³-nan⁴
 tsu³-tang³
 tsu³
 tsu³

示 祖 1167a1007a
 祖 產
 祖 傳
 祖 父
 祖 先
 祖 先 堂
 祖 廟
 祖 母
 祖 妣
 祖 上
 祖 師
 祖 宗
 祖 塋
 阜 阻 1108a88c
 阻 礙
 阻 止
 阻 滯
 阻 住
 阻 人 善
 阻 隔
 阻 難
 阻 擋
 糸 組 167c1007b
 言 組 268a88c

ancestors ; a grandfather ; to begin.
 ancestral property. [(i² liu² handed down in the family, e. g., prescriptive
 a grandfather (yeh² yeh²).
 ancestors.
 a hall of ancestors (ts'ü² t'ang²).
 a temple of ancestors.
 a grandmother (nai³ nai³).
 same (dead).
 ancestors (hsien¹ tsu³).
 the patriarch of a sect, patron saint.
 ancestors (iao³ pei⁴).
 ancestral cemetery.
 to hinder, to prevent, to stop ; to suspect.
 a barrier, an obstruction.
 to impede, to stop.
 obstruct.
 to interrupt, to hinder.
 to hinder a man from doing good.
 impassable.
 straits, difficulties.
 to impede ; an impediment.
 fringe, silken cords, tassels ; a stamp.
 imprecate (chou⁴ tsu³).

TS'U¹
 ts'u¹
 ts'u¹-ch'a²-tan⁴-fan⁴
 ts'u¹-chung¹-yu³-hsi¹
 ts'u¹ fêng¹-pao¹-yü³
 ts'u¹-hao²
 ts'u¹-hsi⁴
 ts'u¹-hsin¹
 ts'u¹-hua⁴
 ts'u¹-lu¹
 ts'u¹-lou⁴
 ts'u¹-lu³

瓮 甬
 米 桶
 粗 170c1008a
 粗 茶 淡
 粗 中 有 細
 粗 風 暴
 粗 豪
 粗 細
 粗 心
 粗 話
 粗 拉
 粗 晒
 粗 鹵

rough (pên⁴).
 large, open, coarse, boisterous, indecent.
 plain food, homely fare.
 clever though rough exterior.
 a sudden storm.
 rough and ready.
 coarse and fine ; the quality of anything.
 careless, coarse, rough, brutal.
 obscene language.
 coarse, rude.
 coarse, vulgar.
 coarse salt ; vulgar, stupid.

s'u ¹ -mai ¹	粗麥		oats.
s'u ¹ -mi ³	粗米		coarse rice.
s'u ¹ -pao ⁴	粗暴		coarse, rough, boisterous.
s'u ¹ -pi ³	粗鄙		rough, low.
s'u ¹ -pi ³ -yü ⁴	粗比喻		a vulgar comparison.
s'u ¹ -po ² -t-ü ³	粗脖子		goitre.
s'u ¹ -pu ¹	粗布		strong coarse native cloth.
s'u ¹ -shuai ¹	粗率		rough.
s'u ¹ -shou ³ -mang ³ -chiao ³	粗手莽脚		awkward, clumsy.
s'u ¹ -su ²	粗俗		vulgar, commonplace.
s'u ¹ -ta ⁴	粗大		large, coarse.
s'u ¹ -ts'ao ¹	粗糙		rough.
s'u ¹ -yeh ³	粗野		wild, rough.
TS'U ⁴	人	促 1171b1015a	quick, urgent ; near, close ; short.
s'u ⁴ -chih ¹	促織		a cricket.
s'u ⁴ -ping ⁴	促病		a sudden and violent disease.
s'u ⁴ -po ¹	促迫		to urge, to press ; be quick !
s'u ⁴	竹	簇 1169c1015b	small bamboos.
s'u ⁴ -hsin ¹	簇新		brand new (clan ⁴ hsin ¹).
s'u ⁴	大	猝 1171b1015b	abrupt, precipitate.
s'u ⁴ -chi ²	猝急		in a great hurry.
s'u ⁴ -jan ² -chien ¹	猝然間		suddenly (hu ¹ jan ²).
s'u ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chi ¹ -fang ²	猝不及防		put off one's guard.
s'u ⁴	酉	醋 1171c1008b	vinegar.
TSUAN ¹	金鑽	鑽 1172b1026a	to bore, to pierce ; a gimlet ; a drill.
suan ¹ -cho ² -hsin ¹	鑽着心		to devote heart and soul.
suan ¹ -hsüeh ⁴	鑽穴		to bore a hole.
suan ¹ -kan ⁴	鑽幹		to intrigue.
suan ¹ -k'u ¹ -lung ³	鑽窟窿		to bore a hole.
suan ¹ -jên ²	鑽人		to swindle a man.
suan ¹ -pu ¹ -tung ⁴	鑽不動		the auger cannot make any impression on.
suan ¹ -shih ²	鑽石頭		emery.
suan ¹ -t'ou ²	鑽頭		to worm one's self into.
suan ¹ -t'ou ² -mi ⁴ -feng ⁴	鑽頭覓縫		try every approach to a question.
suan ¹ -tso ²	鑽鑿		"gimlet and chisel," to waste effort, etc.
suan ¹ -tzu ⁴	鑽子		a gimlet, an auger, a corkscrew, an awl.
TSUAN ³	系	纂 1172c1026b	women's back hair ; to collect, to arrange,
suan ³ -chi ³	纂輯		to compile a book.
suan ³ -ch'u ¹	纂出		to invent.
suan ³ -hsiu ¹	纂修		to revise or recompile a book ; a compiler.

- tsuan¹-shu¹* 纂書 to compile a book.
tsuan³ 手攢 搯 搯 1172b1026c to grasp; to move, to stir.
tsuan³-chu⁴ 搯住 to grasp in the hand.
tsuan³ 肉膾 燻 1173a1026c a fish-chowder.
tsuan³-lo²-po¹⁴ 燻蘿蔔 turnip stew.
tsuan³-wan²-tzü³ 燻丸子 to stew meat-balls.
tsuan³-yang² jou⁴ 燻羊肉 a stew of mutton.
tsuan³-yü² 燻魚 a fish stew.
- TSUAN¹** 手 攢 1173b1027a to tempt, to persuade.
tsuan¹-to² 攢掇 same.
- TSUAN²** 手 { 攢 1173b1027a to pile up, to collect together; to cover over.
 攢 same. See *tsan³*.
tsuan²-ch'ien² 攢錢 to collect money.
tsuan²-ts'ou¹ 攢湊 to collect together, to make up.
- TSUAN⁴** 穴 竄 1173a1027c to burrow; to sneak off, to run away and hide.
tsuan⁴-t'ao² 竄逃 to sneak off (tun⁴ tson³).
tsuan⁴ 竹 篡 1173c120c rebel.
tsuan⁴-ni⁴ 篡逆 to rebel (p'an⁴ ni⁴).
tsuan⁴-wei⁴ 篡位 to usurp the throne.
tsuan⁴ 火 爨 1173b1027b a furnace; to light a fire to cook by; to cook.
tsuan⁴-fan⁴ 爨飯 to cook victuals.
- TSUI¹** 土 白 泊 堆 1200a924a a pile, a group; to pile up. See *tui¹*.
tsui¹-chi² 堆積 to accumulate, to pile up.
tsui¹-fang² 堆房 a godown.
- TSUI³** 口 嘴 1174a1016a the mouth, lips; a beak, a spout; a kiss.
tsui³-ch'an² 嘴饞 gluttonous.
tsui³-chiang⁴ 嘴犇 obstinate, contradictory.
tsui³-ch'iang² 嘴強 obstinate in argument.
tsui³-ch'iao²-shé²-nêng² 嘴巧舌能 a very clever speaker.
tsui³-ch'un² 嘴唇 the lips, the mouth.
tsui³-rh²-ch'iao³ 嘴兒巧 eloquent, plausible.
tsui³-k'uai⁴-hsin¹-chi² 嘴快心直 blunt and candid.
tsui³-li³ 嘴裡 in the mouth.
tsui³-pa¹-tzü³ 嘴把子 to smack the face; a cuff.
tsui³-pa¹-tzü³ 嘴子 lower jaws.
tsui³-pu⁴-hao³ 嘴不好 "lips not good," a foul-mouthed person.
tsui³-wên³ 嘴不穩 inclined to falsehood.
tsui³-sui⁴ 嘴碎 talkative.

<i>tsui³-sun³</i>	嘴損	to vilify, to slander, to malign,
<i>tsui³-t'ien²-hsin¹-k'u²</i>	嘴甜心苦	deceitful.
<i>tsui³-ying⁴</i>	嘴硬	firm language.
TSUI⁴	曰	
<i>tsui⁴-ch'u¹</i>	最	extremely, very; much. M. 37 (hèn ³ , chi ² , shên ⁴).
<i>tsui⁴-hao³</i>	最初	the very first.
<i>tsui⁴-hao⁴-ch'ih¹</i>	最好	extremely good.
<i>tsui⁴-hao³-pn⁴-kno⁴</i>	最好吃	a glutton.
<i>tsui⁴-hao³ ti -fang¹</i>	最好不過	the best, not to be surpassed.
<i>tsui⁴-hao³ ti -fang¹</i>	最好地方	most excellent place.
<i>tsui⁴-hsiung¹-hao³</i>	最相好	exceedingly friendly.
<i>tsui⁴-k'ê³-wu¹-ti¹</i>	最可惡的	most abominable.
<i>tsui⁴-lao³-shih²</i>	最老實的	very honest and reliable.
<i>tsui⁴-nan²-tê³-ti¹</i>	最難得的	most difficult to obtain.
<i>tsui⁴-p'a⁴</i>	最怕	very much frightened, extremely afraid.
<i>tsui⁴-pn⁴-shuo¹-li³</i>	最不說理	most irrational.
<i>tsui⁴-shan⁴</i>	最善	extremely gentle, quiet, etc.
<i>tsui⁴-ta⁴</i>	最大	very large.
<i>tsui⁴-tsun¹-ti¹</i>	最會	the most honourable or exalted.
<i>tsui⁴-yao⁴</i>	最要	most important.
<i>tsui⁴-yao⁴-chin³-ti¹</i>	最要緊的	same.
<i>tsui⁴</i>	網 罪	crimes, offences; punishment; to criminate.
<i>tsui⁴-chia¹-i¹-têng³</i>	罪加一等	a degree worse sin.
<i>tsui⁴-ch'ien¹</i>	罪愆	crime, guilt.
<i>tsui⁴-fau⁴</i>	罪犯	a culprit.
<i>tsui⁴-ch'ing¹</i>	罪輕	a light offence.
<i>tsui⁴-i¹</i>	罪衣	prison clothes (red).
<i>tsui⁴-jên²</i>	罪人	an offender, sinner, a culprit.
<i>tsui⁴-k'uei²</i>	罪魁	chief offender.
<i>tsui⁴-kuo⁴</i>	罪過	sin, crime, guilt.
<i>tsui⁴-lei⁴</i>	罪戾	crimes (to superiors).
<i>tsui⁴-ming²</i>	罪名	reputed guilt, misdeeds.
<i>tsui⁴-nieh⁴</i>	罪孽	sin; retribution.
<i>tsui⁴-nieh⁴-shên¹-chung⁴</i>	罪孽深重	very grave sins.
<i>tsui⁴-o⁴</i>	罪惡	wickedness, sin, evil deeds.
<i>tsui⁴-o¹-t'ao¹-t'ien¹</i>	罪惡滔天	crying evil.
<i>tsui⁴-ta⁴-o⁴-cho²</i>	罪大惡極	very wicked (man).
<i>tsui⁴-tsai⁴-i¹-jên²</i>	罪在一人	the fault lies with one man.
<i>tsui⁴</i>	西 醉	drunk, intoxicated.
<i>tsui⁴-chieh³-ch'ien¹-ch'ou²</i>	醉解千愁	all sorrow drowned in drink.
<i>tsui⁴-chiu²</i>	醉酒	drunk, intoxicated.
<i>tsui⁴-han⁴</i>	醉漢	a drunken man.
<i>tsui⁴-hsiang¹</i>	醉鄉	the land of drunkenness, constantly drunk.

tsui⁴ hsiung¹ 醉醒
 tsui⁴ hsiün¹-hsiün¹-ti¹ 醉醺醺的
 tsui⁴-hua⁴ 醉話
 tsui⁴-ju²-ni³ 醉如泥
 tsui⁴-kuei³ 醉鬼
 tsui⁴-liao³ 醉了
 tsui⁴-ssü³ 醉死
 tsui⁴-tao³ 醉倒
 tsui⁴-yen³-mêng²-lung² 醉眼朦朧
 tsui⁴-yen³-mi²-li² 醉眼迷離

sobered, recovered from debauch.
 dead drunk.
 drunk man's talk.
 "drunk as mud," dead-drunk.
 "a drunken devil," an habitual drunkard,
 drunk, intoxicated.
 dead drunk.
 to fall down drunk,
 a drunk man's eyes are bleary.
 a drunk's eyes are confused.

TS'UI¹

人

催 1176a1017a
 催賑 催徵錢糧
 催開 催科
 催歸 催糧
 催馬 催逼
 催迫 催稅
 催他 一適
 催他 快來
 催討 催租
 催促 催催他

to press, to urge, to impel (pi¹).
 press payment of an account.
 urge payment of taxes.
 to open out, to extend.
 to press for taxes.
 name for the goat-sucker.
 to press for payment of taxes.
 to urge on a horse.
 to press, to urge.
 same.
 to press, for taxes.
 urge him once
 urge him to come quickly.
 to require urgently.
 to press for rent.
 to dun, to press, to urge on.
 importune him.

TS'UI⁴

肉脛

脆 1177c1018b
 脆骨 脆快
 脆生 生的
 翠 1177b1018b
 翠雀兒
 翠花 翠館
 翠藍 翠毛
 翠玉
 艸 萃 1177a1018c
 萃聚
 口 啐 1176cS2Sa

gristle, cartilage; brittle.
 gristle, cartilage.
 brittle, quick.
 quite tender, crisp (ka¹ pêng¹ ts'ui⁴).
 blue; the kingfisher.
 the kingfisher; the common larkspur.
 flowers made of kingfisher's feathers.
 a brothel (yao² tzü³).
 kingfisher's blue.
 kingfisher's feathers.
 blue jade.
 a kind of reed; to collect together.
 collect together.
 to spit; to taste.

ts'ui⁴-ku³
 ts'ui⁴-ku'ai⁴
 ts'ui⁴-shêng¹-shêng¹-ti¹
 ts'ui⁴
 ts'ui⁴-ch'iao³-rh²
 ts'ui⁴ hua¹
 ts'ui⁴-kuan³
 ts'ui⁴-lan²
 ts'ui⁴-mao²
 ts'ui⁴-yü⁴
 ts'ui⁴
 ts'ui⁴-chü⁴
 ts'ui⁴

ts'ui⁴-t'u³.mo⁴

啐吐沫

to spit.

TSUN¹

尊 1178a1019a

honoured, eminent, noble (ling⁴, kuei⁴).

tsun¹-chang³

尊長

an aged person ; a senior, a superior.

tsun¹-ch'êng¹

尊稱

a title of respect.

tsun¹-chia⁴

尊駕

"honourable chariot," you, sir (ko² hsia⁴).

tsun¹-ch'ih³

尊齒

your age?

tsun¹-ch'in¹

尊親

to honour one's parents.

tsun¹-ching⁴

尊敬

to honour, to reverence

tsun¹-chün¹-ch'in¹-shang⁴ 尊君親上

to honor the king and love superiors.

tsun¹-chung⁴

尊重

to esteem, to respect, to ennoble.

tsun¹-fu³

尊府

where is your honorable abode?

tsun¹-hsing⁴

尊姓

what is your name? (kuei⁴ hsing⁴).

tsun¹-jung²

尊榮

of high standing.

tsun¹-kuei¹

尊貴

of honourable rank.

tsun¹-pei

尊卑

high and low.

tsun¹-t'ang²

尊堂

"honoured hall," your mother (ling⁴ t'ang²).

tsun¹-wêng¹

尊翁

your honoured father.

tsun¹-wu²-êrh⁴-shang⁴ 尊無二上

without a peer.

tsun¹-yang³

尊仰

to look up to with respect ; a senior, a superior.

tsun¹-yang⁴

尊恙

how is your complaint?

tsun¹-yü¹

尊寓

your lodgings.

tsun¹

遵 1178c1019b

[dience. to obey, to yield, to submit ; to follow ; obe-

tsun¹-fa³

遵法

to obey the law (shon³ fa³).

tsun¹-fêng⁴

遵奉

to venerate, to obey.

tsun¹-hsing²

遵行

to obey.

tsun¹-i¹

遵依

same.

tsun¹-ling⁴

遵令

to obey orders or commands.

tsun¹-ming⁴

遵命

same.

tsun¹-shou³

遵守

to observe, e. g., a law.

tsun¹-ts'ung²

遵從

to obey.

tsun¹

手 擱 1178c1019b

to practice ; to adjust ; to restrain, to manage.

tsun³-chieh²

擱節

to economise (chien³ shêng³).

tsun¹-ch'u¹-lai²-ti⁴

擱出來的

saved up by economy.

tsun¹-cho²-chi³-jêu²

擱着給人

give men sparingly.

tsun¹ 缶樽樽

樽 1178c1019b

a pan, a vat, a bottle.

TSUN⁴ (chün)

人 俊 329c1020a

fine, beautiful.

TS'UN¹ (t'ü)

邑 邨

a village or hamlet.

ts'un¹

木 村 1179c1020a

same (t'un², chuang¹).

ts'un¹-chuang¹

村莊

same.

ts'un¹-chung¹

村中

in a village.

<i>ts'un¹-fu¹</i>	村夫	a villager, a rustic (chuang ¹ hu ⁴).
<i>ts'un¹-hu⁴</i>	村戶	a villager; the families of a village.
<i>ts'un¹-hua⁴</i>	村話	rustic talk.
<i>ts'un¹-ju⁴</i>	村辱	to insult, to abuse.
<i>ts'un¹-p'u⁴</i>	村堡	a village, a town.
<i>ts'un¹-t'ung²</i>	村童	village boys.
<i>ts'un¹</i>	皮皸 ^{1179c1001a}	cracked, chapped.
<i>ts'un¹-p'i³</i>	皸皮	chapped skin.

TS'UN²	子存 ^{1180a1020b}	to preserve, to keep; to watch over, to take [care of].
<i>ts'un²-an⁴</i>	存案	preserved on the records.
<i>ts'un²-chan⁴</i>	存棧	to put in store; kept in store.
<i>ts'un²-ch'ien²</i>	存錢	to take care of one's money; savings.
<i>ts'un²-chü¹</i>	存據	to preserve a proof.
<i>ts'un²-chü⁴</i>	存貯	to store up
<i>ts'un²-hsiang⁴</i>	存項	money on hand, cash.
<i>ts'un²-hsin¹</i>	存心	to preserve the heart, to keep from vice
<i>ts'un²-hsin¹-pu⁴-liang³</i>	存心不良	a treacherous villain.
<i>ts'un²-huo⁴</i>	存貨	to store goods.
<i>ts'un²-k'o⁴</i>	存客	a traveller at an inn.
<i>ts'un²-liu²</i>	存留	to detain, to keep in charge.
<i>ts'un²-p'iao⁴</i>	存票	a "drawback."
<i>ts'un²-pu⁴-chu⁴</i>	存不佳	unable to keep a thing.
<i>ts'un²-shên¹</i>	存身	to survive, be alive.
<i>ts'un²-shou¹</i>	存收	to preserve, to take care of.
<i>ts'un²-shui³</i>	存水	water collects in a spot.
<i>ts'un²-to-shuo³</i>	存多少	how much is still to my credit?
<i>ts'un²-tsai⁴</i>	存在	to remain present; alive.
<i>ts'un²-ts'ai²</i>	存財	to save money; savings.
<i>ts'un²-wang²</i>	存亡	living or dead; preservation or ruin.
<i>ts'un²-yin²</i>	存銀	to take care of one's money; savings.

TS'UN³	心付 ^{1179c1021b}	to consider, to conjecture, to surmise.
<i>ts'un³-hsiang³</i>	付想	to consider (ssü ¹ liang ²).
<i>ts'un³-liang²</i>	付量	to think over, to reflect on.
<i>ts'un³-shuo¹</i>	付說	to say mentally, to reflect on.
<i>ts'un³-ssü¹</i>	付思	to think upon, to reflect.
<i>ts'un³-to⁴</i>	付度	to conjecture, to reflect.

TS'UN⁴	寸 ^{1179b1021b}	an inch (ch'ih ³ ts'un ⁴).
<i>ts'un⁴-hsin¹</i>	寸心	the heart
<i>ts'un⁴-k'ou³</i>	寸口	the part where the pulse is felt; the mouth.
<i>ts'un⁴-pu⁴</i>	寸步	a step.

ts un⁴-pu⁴-nan²-hsing² 寸步難行
 ts un⁴-shih²-ch'ung² 寸食虫
 ts un⁴-t'ao³-pu⁴-liu² 寸草不留
 ts un⁴-yin¹ 寸陰

it is difficult to move a step.
 tapeworm.
 to leave not an inch of grass.
 a moment.

TSUNG¹

tsung¹-chiu¹ 宗家
 tsung¹-ch'in¹ 宗親
 tsung¹-jên²-fú³ 宗人府
 tsung¹-miao⁴ 宗廟
 tsung¹-p'ai¹ 宗派
 tsung¹-po² 宗伯
 tsung¹-p'u³ 宗譜
 tsung¹-shih⁴ 宗室
 tsung¹-tsu² 宗族
 tsung¹-tsung¹-chien⁴ 宗宗件件
 tsung¹-tz'ü² 宗祠

kind, kindred, clan, family.
 kindred or family.
 same.
 Imperial Clan Court, Peking.
 temple dedicated to ancestors.
 a family and its branches, branches of a family.
 Court of Sacrificial Worship, Peking.
 a genealogical register (chia¹ p'u³).
 the imperial kindred or family. G. 29.
 "ancestors and kindred", kindred generally.
 all sorts.
 a temple dedicated to ancestors.

tsung¹ 木 棕 1182a1022a
 tsung¹ 椶 1182a
 tsung¹-hsiang¹ 棕箱
 tsung¹-hsich² 棕鞋
 tsung¹-sc⁴ 椶色
 tsung¹-shêng² 椶繩
 tsung¹-tan³ 棕毯
 tsung¹ 足 踪 1181a1023a
 tsung¹ 馬 蹤 1182b1022b

the coir palm ; coir.
 same.
 coir boxes.
 coir shoes.
 brown.
 coir rope.
 coir matting.
 a footstep, a trace ; to tread in the footsteps of.
 same.

tsung¹-chi¹ 蹤跡
 tsung¹-ying³ 蹤影
 tsung¹-ying³-mei³-yu³ 蹤影沒有
 tsung¹ 髻 鬢 1181b1022b
 tsung¹ 馬 駝 1182b1022b

a footprint, a trace.
 a sign, a trace.
 not a sign or trace of.
 a name, back part of a lady's hair,
 horse's mane.

TSUNG³

'sung³-chang⁴ 總 總 1182c1023b
 'sung³-chia³ 總 賬
 'sung³-chiao¹-chih¹- 總 甲 總 甲
 'sung³-chich² 總 角 之 交
 'sung³-êrh²-yên²-chih¹ 總 結 而 言 之
 'sung³-hui¹ 總 會
 'sung³-kuan³ 總 管
 'sung³-kuan³-shih⁴ 總 管 事
 'sung³-li³-ya²-men² 總 理 衙 門
 'sung³-ling³ 總 領

to collect, collectively, all, general. M. 285.
 totals of accounts only.
 a sort of constable.
 friends from earliest childhood.
 to combine ; all completed.
 in a word, to sum up. M. 569.
 a club, guild, etc.
 a general manager.
 a general manager of affairs.
 "Foreign Office," Peking. G. 152.
 to take the general superintendence of.

tsung³-ming² 總名
tsung³-mu²-tê²-k'ung⁴ 總沒得空
tsung³-nu⁴ 總目
tsung³-pan⁴ 總辦
tsung³-pieh²-tso⁴-o⁴ 總別作惡
tsung³-ping⁴ 總兵
tsung³-pu⁴ 總簿
tsung³-pu⁴ 總不
tsung³-pu⁴-t'ing¹ 總不聽
tsung³-shih⁴ 總是
tsung³-shu⁴ 總東
tsung³-shui⁴-wu⁴-ssü⁴ 總稅務司
tsung³-shuo¹-ch'ü²-lai² 總說起來
tsung³-tan¹ 總單
tsung³-tê² 總得
tsung³-tu³ 總督
tsung³-tu² 總讀
tsung³-t'ung³ 總統
tsung³-wu² 總無
tsung²-yo⁴ 總要
tsung³-yeh² 總爺

a general designation or term.
 I could not possibly get leisure.
 contents of a book.
 a general manager, a chief clerk.
 in any case do not do evil.
 a general. G. 441.
 a ledger.
 never.
 not to listen anyhow.
 it must be ; after all, finally it is ; generally is
 to tie together (in bundles, etc.).
 Inspector-General of Customs.
 to speak in a general way, or to sum up.
 a cargo certificate.
 must, should.
 a governor-general. G. 273.
 a miscellaneous collection of records.
 General Commandant of Manchoo soldiers; Pre
 never, never has been, etc. [sident of a Republic
 you must, must be.
 lieutenant. G. 447.

TSUNG⁴

糸 縱 1181b1022c
tsung⁴-chin¹ 縱金
tsung⁴-fang⁴ 縱放
tsung⁴-hêng² 縱橫
tsung³-hsing⁴ 縱性
tsung⁴-jan² 縱然
tsung⁴-tzü¹ 縱恣
 耳 聳 1035a832a
tsung⁴ 聳
tsung⁴-chien¹ 聳肩
tsung⁴-chü⁴ 聳懼
tsung⁴-kao¹ 聳高
tsung⁴-t'ing¹ 聳聽
tsung⁴-tung⁴ 聳動
 米糴 綜 1082a1023c
tsung⁴ (tzü) 綜
tsung⁴-yeh⁴ 綜葉

to loosen, to let go ; to allow ; although.
 to crumple up gilt letters on scrolls.
 to tolerate, to allow, to let go ; disorderly.
 to give way to bad passions.
 to follow one's inclinations.
 although.
 disorderly.
 quick ; to jump ; to excite ; to hear.
 high shoulders,
 alarmed, frightened.
 high, elevated.
 to excite, to listen, to cause one to hear.
 to alarm, to arouse.
 three-cornered millet (or rice) dumplings.*
 leaves in which the dumpling is wrapped up.

TS'UNG¹

艸 葱 1183c1024e
ts'ung¹-chin³ 葱
ts'ung¹-hsin¹-lu⁴ 葱心綠
ts'ung¹-hua¹ 蔥花
ts'ung¹-pai²-rh² 葱白兒

onions.
 onions and leeks.
 "onion heart green", pea-green.
 "onion blossom", minced onion.
 "onion-white", a sort of primrose colour.

ts'ung ¹ -t'ou ²	葱頭	onions.	[ing.
ts'ung ¹	耳聰	quickness of apprehension, perception or hear-	
ts'ung ¹ -hui ⁴	聰慧	cleverness, intelligence; wise, well-informed.	
ts'ung ¹ -min ³	聰敏	clearness of perception, clever, active, shrewd.	
ts'ung ¹ -ming ²	聰明	intelligent, clever, sharp (ehih ¹ hui ⁴).	
ts'ung ¹	心 忽 匆	hurried.	
ts'ung ¹ -mang ²	匆忙	same.	
ts'ung ¹ -ts'ung ¹ -êrh ² -pieh ²	匆匆而別	excitedly departed.	
ts'ung ¹ -ts'ung ¹ -mang ² - [mang ²	匆匆忙忙	in a great hurry.	
TS'UNG ²	彳 从 從	to yield, to follow; by, from, at, with (tzü ⁴).	
ts'ung ² -chia ¹	從家	a bridesmaid.	
ts'ung ² -ch'ien ²	從前	formerly (hsien ¹ ch'ien ²).	
ts'ung ² -cho ²	從着	to follow; to obey, obedient.	
ts'ung ² -chin ¹ -i ³ -hou ⁴	從今以後	from henceforth.	
ts'ung ² -ch'üan ²	從權	to act according to circumstances (sui ² shih ¹ sui ²	[ti ⁴).
ts'ung ² -chün ¹	從軍	to turn soldier.	
ts'ung ² -chung ¹	從中	between, within this.	
ts'ung ² -chung ⁴	從衆	to follow the multitude (sui ² chung ⁴).	
ts'ung ² -chung ⁴	從重	very severe.	
ts'ung ² -fan ⁴	從犯	an accessory criminal.	
ts'ung ² -fêng ¹	從豐	plenteous, liberal.	
ts'ung ² -jên ²	從人	to follow a person (kên ¹).	
ts'ung ² -hsiao ³ -chang ⁴	從小長大	grown up from childhood.	
ts'ung ² -hsien ¹	從先	formerly (hsiang ⁴ lai ²).	
ts'ung ² -hsin ¹ -tsai ¹ -pan ⁴	從新再辦	to begin afresh and do.	
ts'ung ² -jung ²	從容	graceful carriage, unconstrained, self-possessed.	
ts'ung ² -kūn ³ -chih ³ -chin ¹	從古至今	from antiquity to the present.	
ts'ung ² -k'uan ¹	從寬	to look over; to give way, to yield.	
ts'ung ² -kung ¹ -pan ⁴ -li ³	從公辦理	to act according to duty.	
ts'ung ² -lai ²	從來	never have, I have not hitherto.	
ts'ung ² -lai ² -mei ² -yu ³	從來沒有	hitherto, never (hsiang ⁴ lai ²).	
ts'ung ² -mu ² -chien ⁴ -kuo ⁴	從沒見過	never saw before.	
ts'ung ² -na ³ -r ² n ²	從那兒	where from? from whence?	
ts'ung ² -na ⁴ -r ² h ²	從那兒	from there.	
ts'ung ² -pien ⁴	從便	to follow one's convenience (sui ² pien ⁴).	
ts'ung ² -pu ⁴	從不	never (had, did, will, etc.).	
ts'ung ² -ssü ³ -fu ⁴ -huo ²	從死復活	a resurrection.	
ts'ung ² -su ² ¹	從俗	to follow custom.	
ts'ung ² -tao ⁴	從到	from and to.	
ts'ung ² -tien ¹ -êrh ² -chiang ⁴	從天而降	came down from heaven.	
ts'ung ² -t'ou ² -chih ⁴ -wei ³	從頭到尾	from beginning to end.	
ts'ung ² -ts'ung ² -jung ² - [jung ²	從從容容	easy carriage, self-possessed, unconstrained;	[leisure.

ts'ung²-tz'ü³ 從此
 ts'ung²-tz'ü³-i³-hou⁴ 從此以後
 ts'ung²-wu² 從無
 ts'ung²-wu²-shêng¹-yu³ 從無生有
 ts'ung²-wn²-so³-hao⁴ 從吾所好
 ts'ung²-yu¹ 從優
 ts'ung²-yu² 從由
 ts'ung² 又叢
 ts'ung²-shêng¹ 叢生

from this (time, place, etc.).
 from henceforth.
 never.
 a pure fabrication (chiang¹ wu² tso⁴ yu³).
 to follow what I like.
 liberal, considerate.
 from
 bushy, crowded.
 many growing together, rife.

TU¹ 邑 都 1187b916a
 tu¹-ch'ü⁴-a²-yüan⁴ 都察院
 tu¹-ch'ü⁴-ên² 都城
 tu¹-hsien⁴ 都憲
 tu¹-lai²-üan³ 都來了
 tu¹-lao³-yeh² 都老爺
 tu¹-ssü¹ 都司
 tu¹-tu¹ 都督
 tu¹-t'ung³ 都統
 tu¹-yü¹ 都尉
 tu¹-yüan⁴ 都院
 tu¹ 目 督 1188b921b
 tu¹-ch'ü⁴-üan⁴ 督勸
 tu¹-fu³ 督撫
 tu¹-fu³ ta⁴-yüan⁴ 督撫大院
 tu¹-kuan³ 督管
 tu¹-kung¹-jên² 督工人
 tu¹-kuo⁴ 督過
 tu¹-li³ 督理
 tu¹-liang²-tu⁴ 督糧道
 tu¹-pan⁴ 督辦
 tu¹-ping⁴ 督兵
 tu¹-shuai⁴ 督率
 tu¹-t'ang² 督堂
 tu¹-tsei² 督責
 tu¹-ts'ü¹-lian²-ts'ao³ 督催糧草
 tu¹-ts'ü¹-so³ 督催所
 tu¹ 口 嚙 ○ ○
 tu¹-lu¹-rle² 嚙嚙兒
 tu¹-lu¹-fan¹ 嚙嚙番
 tu¹-lu³-tsui³ 嚙嚙嘴
 tu¹-lu¹-tu¹-lu⁴ 嚙嚙農
 tu¹-nung¹ 嚙農

all, the whole number; the capital. M. 82
 the Censorate at Peking (yü¹ shih²). G. 184.
 the capital city (ching¹ tu¹).
 chief of the censors.
 all came, all have come.
 a censor (colloquial designation). G. 189.
 a lieutenant-colonel (or C 關 k'un). G. 445.
 a lieutenant-general in the army.
 a general. G. 380.
 a lieutenant-colonel.
 the Censorate at Peking. [all.
 to direct, to rule, to govern; to lead, to reprove, [274.
 to admonish. G.
 a governor-general and governor (hsün² fu³). G.
 high officials.
 to superintend.
 taskmaster.
 to reprove a fault.
 to govern, to rule.
 a grain commissioner. G. 278.
 to superintend.
 to lead troops.
 to conduct, to lead.
 a governor-general.
 to admonish.
 to urge on the payment of grain-taxes,
 office for same.
 to mutter.
 a bunch (as of grapes).
 to speak unreasonably.
 protuberant lips. [ble.
 to speak out of all reason; to mutter, to mum-
 to mutter, to mumble.

tu ¹ -tu ¹		嘟嘟		to mutter, to mumble.
tu ¹	糸	蠶	1188a922b	banner.
tu ¹	口	凸	1102a892a	protuberant, convex (also <i>ku</i> , <i>tieh</i>).
tu ¹ -yen ³		凸眼		protuberant eyes.
TU ²	母	毒	1188a922a	poison, noxious; to-hate.
tu ² -ché ¹ -ché ¹ -tí ¹		毒螫螫的		poisonous, relentless.
tu ² -ch ⁴ 'i ⁴		毒氣		foul air.
tu ² -ch ⁴ 'ung ²		毒虫		venomous insect, reptiles, etc.
tu ² .hai ¹		毒害		to poison; to injure mortally; dangerous.
tu ² .hén ⁴		毒恨		to abominate.
tu ² -hsin ¹		毒心		a malicious mind.
tu ² -jih ⁴		毒日		a fierce sun.
tu ² .k'ou ³		毒口		a foul mouth.
tu ² -shon ³		毒手		a malicious or inhuman person.
tu ² -ssü ³		毒死		to poison; to die of poison.
tu ² -wu ⁴		毒物		a poisonous thing; a malicious creature.
tu ² -yao ⁴		毒藥		poison.
tu ²	犬 獨	獨	1189c921c	singly, alone, one's-self. M. 441.
tu ² -chan ¹ -ao ² .t'on ²		獨占鰲頭		the highest literary prize (tan ¹).
tu ² -ch ⁴ 'u ¹ -hsin ¹ -ts'ui ²		獨出心裁		to act independently.
tu ² -ch ⁴ 'u ⁴		獨處		to live alone.
tu ² -fung ²		獨房		a room all to yourself.
tu ² -hai ⁴		獨害		selfish, egotistical.
tu ² -hang ²		獨行		a shop which has a monopoly.
tu ² .hsing ⁴		獨姓		the only family of the name in a place.
tu ² -huo ²		獨活		wild celery; a medicine.
tu ² .i ¹ -wu ² -êrh ⁴		獨一無二		absolute unity.
tu ² -jén ²		獨人		a single person; a selfish or disagreeable person.
tu ² .li ⁴		獨立		to stand alone; a bachelor.
tu ² -li ⁴ .nan ² -ch'êng ²		獨力難成		if you stand alone, you cannot do it.
tu ² .mên ² -tu ² .hu ⁴		獨門獨戶		to be the only family of that name.
tu ² -mên ² .tu ² -yü ¹ .u ⁴		獨門獨院		to live alone.
tu ² -mu ⁴ .nan ² -hsing ²		獨木難行		(fig.) a single plank cannot be crossed over.
tu ² -shih ⁴		獨是		only, barely.
tu ² -tso ⁴		獨坐		to sit alone.
tu ² .tzü ⁴		獨自		one's self.
tu ² -tzü ⁴ -ko ⁴		獨自個		by one's self, all alone.
tu ²	言	讀	1189b923b	to read, to study, to recite; a comma or colon.
tu ² .shu ¹		讀書		to study (mien ⁴ shu ¹).
tu ² .shu ¹ -nien ⁴ -chüan ¹		讀書念卷		same.
tu ² .shu ¹ -jén ²		讀書人		literati, students.
tu ² .shu ¹ .tí ¹		讀書的		same.

- tu*² 骨 髑 1190b922a a skull (or *k'u*¹).
*tu*²-*lou*²-*shan*¹ 髑 髑 山 Calvary.
*tu*² 牛 犢 1189a923a calf (*niu*² *tu*²).
- TU³ 土 堵 1186b916b to stop or close up ; to guard against ; settled.
*tu*³-*ch*⁴'*i*⁴ 堵 氣 to conceal anger.
*tu*³-*chiao*³ 堵 勦 to exterminate rebels, etc.
*tu*³-*chuen*¹-*fang*²-*wei*¹ 堵 漸 防 微 guard against evils early.
*tu*³-*k'u*²-*lung*² 堵 窟 窿 to stop up a hole.
*tu*³-*sai*⁴ 堵 塞 to stop up, to close against.
*tu*³-*san*^g⁴ 堵 喪 to snub, to bluff off.
*tu*³-*t'ou*² 堵 頭 end piece, e. g. , of coffin (*huai*² *t'ou*²).
*tu*³-*tsui*³ 堵 嘴 to stop the mouth, to gag.
*tu*³-*yii*⁴ 堵 禦 to ward off, to guard against.
*tu*³ 具 賭 1186c916c to play, to gamble, to bet, to risk.
*tu*³-*ch*⁴'*ang*² 賭 場 a gaming house.
*tu*³-*ch*⁴'*i*⁴ 賭 氣 to get angry and insist on doing.
*tu*³-*ch*⁴'*ien*² 賭 錢 to gamble.
*tu*³-*chou*⁴ 賭 咒 to vow, to imprecate, to swear (*ch*⁴'*i*³ *shih*⁴).
*tu*³-*chü*² 賭 局 a gaming table or house.
*tu*³-*ko*⁴-*shu*¹-*ying*² 賭 個 輸 贏 play to see who wins.
*tu*³-*ko*⁴-*tung*¹-*rh*² 賭 個 東 兒 to bet (as who shall pay for a dinner, etc.).
*tu*²-*po*² 賭 博 to gamble (*shua*² *ch*⁴'*ien*²).
*tu*³-*po*²-*ch*⁴'*ang*²-*rh*² 賭 博 廠 兒 a gambling-house.
*tu*³-*sai*⁴ 賭 賽 to compete with.
*tu*³-*shih*⁴ 賭 誓 to vow, to swear, to imprecate.
*tu*³ 竹 篤 1189c921c true, real, genuine, pure ; thick ; simple ; firm
*tu*³-*chih*⁴ 篤 志 determined, really bent on.
*tu*³-*hou*⁴ 篤 厚 honest, simple, sincere.
*tu*³-*hsin*⁴-*hao*⁴-*hsiao*² 篤 信 好 學 a genuine desire to learn.
*tu*³-*hsing*² 篤 行 to practise vigorously.
*tu*³-*shih*² 篤 實 true and sincere, really, truly.
*tu*³ 目 覩 1186c916b to look, to see, to observe.
*tu*³-*mu*⁴ 睹 目 to see for one's self ; seen (*mu*⁴ *tu*³ *yen*³ *chien*⁴).
*tu*³-*wén*² 睹 聞 to see and hear.
*tu*³-*wu*⁴-*shang*¹-*ch*⁴'*ing*² 睹 物 傷 情 when I see the thing my grief increases.
*tu*³ 片 牘 1189a923a tablets for writing on ; documents.
- TU⁴ 肉 肚 1186b917a the entrails, the stomach, the belly.
*tu*⁴-*chang*⁴ 肚 脹 a swelling of the belly.
*tu*⁴-*ch*⁴'*ang*²-*tzü*³ 肚 腸 子 the intestines.
*tu*⁴-*ch*⁴'*i*² 肚 臍 the navel.
*tu*⁴-*fu*² 肚 腹 the abdomen, the belly.

tu ⁴ -fu ³	肚	the intestines.
tu ⁴ -liang ²	肚量	strength of mind, capacity for food.
tu ⁴ -o ⁴	肚餓	hungry (chi ¹ o ⁴).
tu ⁴ -pao ³	肚飽	the stomach full.
tu ⁴ -p'i ²	肚皮	the skin of the belly.
tu ⁴ -tai ⁴	肚帶	girths.
tu ⁴ -t'ung ⁴	肚痛	the ache, belly.
tu ⁴ -t'zū ³	肚子	the stomach, the intestines; the mind.
tu ⁴ -t'zū ³ -t'êng ²	肚子疼	pain in the belly.
tu ⁴	廣度	to pass, to cross over; to think; a degree See [tu ² . 1191a917b
tu ⁴ -fa ²	度法	long or superficial measure.
tu ⁴ -jih ⁴	度日	to pass the day, to make a living (kuo ⁴ jih ⁴ t'zū ³).
tu ⁴ -liang ⁴	度量	capacity; to conjecture, to consider (k'uei ² tu ⁴).
tu ⁴ -shu ⁴	度數	number of degrees.
tu ⁴ -wai ⁴	度外	to put out of one's estimate, to lay aside.
tu ⁴	水渡	to cross over, to pass through, to ferry over.
tu ⁴ -chiang ¹	渡江	to cross a river.
tu ⁴ -ch'ien ³	渡淺	to ford or wade a shallow.
tu ⁴ -ch'uan ²	渡船	a ferry boat, a passage boat (pai ³ tu ⁴).
tu ⁴ -ho ²	渡河	to cross a river (kuo ⁴ chiang ¹).
tu ⁴ -hua ⁴ -shih ⁴ -jên ²	渡化世人	to cross over the river.
tu ⁴ -jên ²	渡人	a ferry crossing.
tu ⁴ -k'ou ³	渡口	a ferryman.
tu ⁴ -kuo ⁴	渡過	to cross over; crossed over.
tu ⁴ -kuo ⁴ -ho ² -ch'ü ⁴	渡過河去	to cross over the river.
tu ⁴ -shui ³	渡水	to cross water.
tu ⁴	女妬	envious, jealous, envy, jealousy, ill will.
tu ⁴	妬	same (chi ⁴ tu ⁴).
tu ⁴ -chi ⁴	妬忌	same.
tu ⁴ -fu ⁴	妬婦	a jealous woman.
tu ⁴	虫 蠹	worms in books.
tu ⁴ -ch'ung ²	蠹蟲	same.
tu ⁴ -kuo ²	蠹國	"state worms," rapacious officials,
tu ⁴ -i ⁴	蠹役	rapacious official underlings.
tu ⁴ -yü ²	蠹魚	book worm (shu ¹ tai ¹ t'zū ³).
tu ⁴	木杜	to stop or fill up; a kind of wood.
tu ⁴ -chüan ¹	杜鵑	the goat sucker, a kind of cuckoo.
tu ⁴ -chüan ¹ -hua ¹	杜鵑化	the azalea.
tu ⁴ -li ²	杜梨	a sort of small pear.
tu ⁴ -mên ²	杜門	to close a door.
tu ⁴ -pi ⁴	杜弊	to stop corrupt practices.
tu ⁴	金鍍	to gild, to wash with silver or gold.
tu ⁴ -chin ¹	鍍金	to wash with gold; gold gilt (pao ¹ chin ¹ ti ¹).

<i>t'u⁴-yin²</i>		鍍銀		plating ; to wash with silver.
<i>t'u⁴</i>	言	讟	1189b923c	sedition, slander (<i>ton</i>).
<i>tu⁴</i>	ㄚ	瀆	1188b922c	to trouble, to defile.
T'U [·]	禾	秃	1194b923a	blunt, bald, bare.
<i>t'u¹-hiⁿ1. 'rh²</i>		秃尖兒		a blunt point.
<i>t'u¹-fa³</i>		秃髮		baldness.
<i>t'u¹-j^én²</i>		秃人		a bald-headed person.
<i>t'u¹-pi³</i>		秃筆		a blunt pencil, a pointless brush.
<i>t'u¹-t'on²</i>		秃頭		bald-headed, bareheaded.
<i>t'u¹-t-ü³</i>		秃子		a bald-headed person.
<i>t'u¹-wei³.pa¹</i>		秃尾巴		a hairless tail.
<i>t'u¹</i>	穴	突	1194c921a	to beat ; to offend, to insult ; sudden, abrupt.
<i>t'u¹-jan²</i>		突然		suddenly, abruptly (<i>hu¹ jan²</i>).
<i>t'u¹ jan²-lai²-ti¹</i>		突然來的		came suddenly or abruptly.
<i>t'u¹-jan²-ti¹</i>		突然的		suddenly, abruptly.
<i>t'u¹-t'u¹-ti¹</i>		突突的		beating, palpitation (as of the heart).
<i>t'u¹</i>	疒	癢	1194b924a	itching of the head ; a sore head.
<i>t'u¹.ch'uang¹</i>		癢瘡		a sore head.
T'U ²	口	圖	1195c918a	a map, plan or drawing ; to plan ; to wish.
<i>t'u²-chang¹</i>		圖章		a seal.
<i>t'u²-ch'ü⁴</i>		圖記		same.
<i>t'u²-ch'ien²</i>		圖錢		to plot for money, to aim at gain.
<i>t'u²-hsi^{ang}⁴</i>		圖像		a likeness of a person or thing.
<i>t'u²-hsing²</i>		圖形		a cut (of a landscape, etc.).
<i>t'u²-hsü¹</i>		圖需		to desire, to aim.
<i>t'u²-hua⁴</i>		圖畫		to delineate, to draw ; a picture.
<i>t'u²-li⁴</i>		圖利		to scheme after gain.
<i>t'u²-ming²</i>		圖名		to work for fame
<i>t'u²-mou²</i>		圖謀		to plan, to plot, to scheme, to devise, to intrigue
<i>t'u²-pau⁴</i>		圖報		desirous of recompensing.
<i>t'u²-p'ien²-i²-liao³</i>		圖便宜了		bent on getting an advantage.
<i>t'u²-shih²-ma¹</i>		圖什麼		what are you planning ?
<i>t'u²-shu¹</i>		圖書		a private seal or official <i>yin</i> ⁴ .
<i>t'u²-ts'ui²-hai⁴-ming⁴</i>		圖財害命		to injure life through avarice.
<i>t'u²-tzu¹</i>		圖資		catamites.
<i>t'u²-yang⁴</i>		圖樣		a plan, a map, etc.
<i>t'u²-ying³</i>		圖影		a photograph (<i>chao⁴ hsiang⁴</i>).
<i>t'u²</i>	土	塗	1194a918c	[road mud ; to plaster, to daub, to defile, to blot ;
<i>t'u²-ch'iang²</i>		塗牆		to plaster a wall ; a plastered wall.
<i>t'u²-kai³</i>		塗改		to blot out and alter.
<i>t'u²-mo³</i>		塗抹		to erase, to blot out, to efface, to smear, to

t'u ² ni ²	塗泥		soft mud; to plaster with mud.
t'u ² -shih ¹	塗飾		to wash walls with any colour.
t'u ² -vu ¹	塗汚		to blot, to daub, to smear, to efface. [banish.
t'u ²	徒	彳 达 1195b919b	a pupil, a disciple; only; futile; on foot; to
t'u ² -fa ²	徒法		a futile plan.
t'u ² -hsin ²	徒行		to go on foot.
t'u ² jan ²	徒然		in vain, useless, of no avail (wang ² jan ²).
t'u ² -lao ²	徒勞		to labour in vain, lost labour.
t'u ² -lao ⁴ -vu ² -i ¹	徒勞無益		work in vain.
t'u ² -ti ⁴	徒弟		a pupil, an apprentice (hsiao ² t'u ² mên ² , shêng ¹).
t'u ² -tsui ⁴	徒罪		to banish, banishment.
t'u ²	途	辵 1193b918b	a road, way or path (physically and morally).
t'u ² -ch'êng ²	途程		a road, a route.
t'u ² -chung ¹	途中		in the middle of a road.
t'u ² -jên ²	途人		a traveller, a stranger.
t'u ²	屠	尸 1196a918b	to kill, to butcher.
t'u ² -fu ¹	屠夫		a butcher.
t'u ² -hu ⁴	屠戶		same.
t'u ² -jên ²	屠人		same.
t'u ² -lu ⁴	屠戮		to exterminate.
t'u ² -mieh ⁴	屠滅		same.
t'u ² -su ¹ -chiu ³	屠蘇酒		wine drunk on new year's day.
t'u ² tao ¹	屠刀		a butcher's knife.
t'u ² -tsai ³	屠宰		to kill (as sheep, etc.).
t'u ²	荼	艸 1194a919b	a bitter edible plant.
t'u ² -tu ²	荼毒		bitter and poisonous; to destroy wantonly.
t'u ² -tu ² -shêng ¹ -ling ²	荼毒生靈		to waste life in vain.
T'U ³	土	土 1192a920a	earth, ground, soil; opium; a district.
t'u ³ -ai ² -tzü ³	土埃子		a bank.
t'u ³ -ch'an ³	土產		productions of the soil.
t'u ³ -ch'êng ²	土城		an earthen city wall.
t'u ³ -chi ¹	土鷄		the partridge.
t'u ³ -ch'i ⁴	土氣		exhalations from the ground.
t'u ³ -chiao ⁴	土角		a cape, a promontory.
t'u ³ -chuang ²	土莊		opium dealer's shop.
t'u ³ -êrh ³ -chi ¹ -kuo ²	土耳其國		Turkey.
t'u ³ -fan ²	土礬		gypsum.
t'u ³ -fei ³	土匪		local robbers or banditti.
t'u ³ -fu ² -ling ²	土茯苓		China root.
t'u ³ -hang ²	土行		an opium shop.
t'u ³ -hua ⁴	土話		local dialect, <i>patois</i> .
t'u ³ -hung ²	土紅		dull red.

<i>t'u³-huo⁴</i>	土貨	local productions.
<i>t'u³-jén²</i>	土人	native of a place.
<i>t'u³-hsing¹</i>	土星	the planet Saturn.
<i>t'u³-kung⁵</i>	土岡	a rise in the level of the ground.
<i>t'u³-ku³</i>	土股	a peninsula.
<i>t'u³-lung⁵</i>	土籠	a basket for carrying earth.
<i>t'u³-ou²</i>	土偶	an earthen image.
<i>t'u³-pi⁴</i>	土壁	a mud wall.
<i>t'u³-p'i¹</i>	土坯	unburnt brick.
<i>t'u³-p'o¹</i>	土坡	a mound, a hillock.
<i>t'u³-pu⁴</i>	土布	native cotton cloth
<i>t'u³-sê⁴</i>	土色	earth colour; pale, pallid.
<i>t'u³-shan¹-tzu³</i>	土山子	a mound of earth,
<i>t'u³-shêng¹</i>	土生	earth-produced.
<i>t'u³-shêng⁴-jén²</i>	土聖人	a local sage.
<i>t'u³-t'ai²</i>	土臺	an earthen terrace.
<i>t'u³-ti⁴</i>	土地	the earth, a local god, guardians of the soul.
<i>t'u³-ti-kung¹</i>	土地公	one of the gods of wealth. Note 92.
<i>t'u³-tien⁴</i>	土靛	dry indigo.
<i>t'u³-ya¹</i>	土鴨	"earth duck," the frog (ha ² na ¹).
<i>t'u³-yao¹</i>	土腰	an isthmus.
<i>t'u³-yin¹</i>	土音	local sound, dialect or accent.
<i>t'u³</i>	吐	to spit out, to vomit; to reject; to bud, to blossom. [blossom.]
<i>t'u³-ch'u¹</i>	吐出	to spit out, to vomit; to disclose or bring up.
<i>t'u³-ch'u¹-lai²</i>	吐出來	same.
<i>t'u³-hsieh⁴</i>	吐瀉	vomiting and purging, the cholera.
<i>t'u³-hsüeh⁴</i>	吐血	to spit blood.
<i>t'u³-hua¹</i>	吐花	to blossom (k'ai hua ¹).
<i>t'u³-hua⁴</i>	吐話	to speak one's mind, to disclose.
<i>t'u³-ku¹-tu¹-rh²</i>	吐咕都兒	to bud (as flowers).
<i>t'u³-pu⁴-ch'u¹-lai²</i>	吐不出來	cannot spit it out.
<i>t'u³-shê²</i>	吐舌	to put out the tongue.
<i>t'u³-shih²-hua⁴</i>	吐實話	to divulge the truth.
<i>t'u³-t'an²</i>	吐痰	to expectorate phlegm.
<i>t'u³-tsui³-rh²</i>	吐嘴兒	to bud or open slightly (as flowers).
<i>t'u³-yao⁴</i>	吐藥	an emetic.

T'U⁴ (<i>tzu</i>)	兔	兔	1194c920c	rabbits or hares. R. 218.
<i>t'u⁴-êrh²-yeh²</i>	兔兒爺	兔兒爺		Mr. Hare, i. e., in the moon.
<i>t'u⁴-k'uei²</i>	兔葵	兔葵		the anemone.
<i>t'u⁴-ssü³-hu²-pei¹</i>	兔死狐悲	兔死狐悲		when the hare dies, the fox mourns.
<i>t'u⁴</i>	唾	唾	1126b913b	to spit. See <i>t'o⁴</i> (<i>t'an²</i>).
<i>t'u⁴-jén²</i>	唾人	唾人		to spit upon a person, to treat one with contempt. [contempt.]

t'u ⁴ -k'ou ³ -shui ³	唾口水	to spit.
t'u ⁴ -mien ⁴	唾面	to spit in one's face.
t'u -mo ⁴	唾沫	to spit ; spittle (hsien ² mo ⁴).
t'u ⁴ -mo ⁴ -ho ²	唾沫盒	a spittoon (t'an ² ho ²).
t'u ⁴	艸 莧 ^{1195c919c}	dodder.
t'u ⁴ -ssü ¹ -tzü ³	莧絲子	same.
TUAN¹	立 端 ^{1196c936a}	upright, correct ; to arrange.
tuan ¹ -ang ²	端昂	upright, correct, moral rectitude.
tuan ¹ -chêng ⁴	端正	same.
tuan ¹ -cho ² -chien ¹ -pang ³	端着肩膀	stiffening the shoulders.
tuan ¹ -chuang ¹	端莊	modest, coy, reserved, grave, serious.
tuan ¹ -jän ⁴	端飯	bring on the food.
tuan ¹ -fang ¹	端方	upright, regular, exact, correct.
tuan ¹ -hsiang ²	端詳	the full particulars, explicitly.
tuan ¹ -jän ²	端然	smoothly, evenly, regularly.
tuan ¹ -jän ² -chênj ⁴ -chih ¹	端人正士	a correct moral man.
tuan ¹ -jung ²	端容	a grave serious countenance.
tuan ¹ -kung ¹	端公	name for certain sorcerers (un ¹ p'o ²).
tuan ¹ -p'an ² -êrh ² -ti ¹	端盤兒的	waiter.
tuan ¹ -p'ên ²	端盆	to carry a dish between two hands (p'êng ³ wan ³).
tuan ¹ -pu ⁴ -p'ing ²	端不平	can't carry level with both hands.
tuan ¹ -shang ⁴	端上	to set on, e. g., food.
tuan ¹ -su ⁴	端肅	female compliments.
tuan ¹ -ti ³	端底	the full particulars.
tuan ¹ -ts'ai ⁴	端菜	to put food on the table. [W. I. 148, 169, 816.
tuan ¹ -wu ³	端午	the dragon boat festival (5th day of 5th moon).
tuan ¹ -yang ² -chieh ⁴	端陽節	same.
tuan ¹ -yen ⁴	端硯	a very fine quality of ink-stone.
tuan ¹ -yüeh ⁴	端月	the 5th moon. See Note 22.

TUAN³	矢 短 ^{1196b937a}	short, low ; to shorten ; in fault.
tuan ³ -ch'ang ²	短長	the short and long, the full particulars.
tuan ³ -ch'i ¹	短氣	short of breath.
tuan ³ -chien ⁴	短劍	a dagger.
tuan ³ -chien ⁴	短見	untimely death, to commit suicide.
tuan ³ -ch'u ⁴	短處	shortcomings, faults (huai ⁴ ch'u ⁴).
tuan ³ -chüeh ⁴	短短	short so as to be unseemly (dress).
tuan ³ -hsing ²	短行	improper actions, faults.
tuan ³ -jên ²	短人	a dwarf (ts'o ² tzü ³).
tuan ³ -kung ¹	短工	day work, by the day.
tuan ³ -li ³	短禮	impolite.
tuan ³ -ming ⁴	短命	a short life.

tuan³-o⁴
 tuan³-p'an²-tsou³
 tuan³-ping¹
 tuan³ pu⁴-liao³
 tuan³-shao³
 tuan³-shu¹
 tuan³-tao¹
 tuan³-ti¹
 tuan³-tien^{3,2}-rh²

短惡
 短盤走
 短兵
 短不了
 短少
 短數
 短刀
 短的
 短點兒

a shortcoming, a failing.
 to travel by stages.
 short weapons (as sword, etc.).
 frequently is.
 deficient (ch'üeh¹).
 short in count, e.g. cash (ch'üeh¹ o²).
 a dagger.
 short, concise.
 a little shorter.

TUAN⁴

斤斷

斷 1197c937a

tuan⁴-an⁴
 tuan⁴-ch'ang²
 tuan⁴-ch'any²-ts'ao³
 tuan⁴-ch'i⁴
 tuan⁴-chiao¹
 tuan⁴-chien⁴
 tuan⁴-chiu³
 tuan⁴-chuang¹
 tuan⁴-hsien²
 tuan⁴-hu¹
 tuan⁴-hu¹-pu⁴-k'o³
 tuan⁴-hun²-ch'iao²
 tuan⁴-jun²
 tuan⁴-ju³
 tuan⁴-lai²-wang⁴
 tuan⁴-lu⁴
 tuan⁴-mo⁴
 tuan⁴-pu⁴
 tuan⁴ pu⁴-k'ên³
 tuan⁴-pu⁴-nêng²
 tuan⁴-pu⁴-t'ou⁴
 tuan⁴-tsai³
 tuan⁴-ts'ai²
 tuan⁴-tsueh³
 tuan⁴ tuan⁴-ch'ê⁴-shih⁴
 tuan⁴-tzü³-chüeh²-sun¹
 tuan⁴-wang³
 tuan⁴-wü²-tz'ü³ li³
 tuan⁴-yin³
 tuan⁴-yü⁴
 tuan⁴ (tz'ü) 糸
 tuan⁴-hsüeh¹-tz'ü³

斷案
 斷陽
 斷陽草
 斷氣
 斷交
 斷間
 斷酒
 斷莊
 斷弦
 斷手
 斷手不可
 斷魂橋
 斷然
 斷乳
 斷來往
 斷路
 斷礮
 斷不
 斷不肯
 斷不能
 斷不透
 斷宰
 斷才
 斷絕
 斷斷這事
 斷子絕孫
 斷枉
 斷無此理
 斷癮
 斷獄
 殺 1197b937c
 殺靴子

to cut off, to break, to decide. M. 326.
 to decide a case in law (p'an⁴ tuan⁴),
 hard to bear, to be heart broken.
 sort of poison.
 to breathe one's last, to expire.
 to break off intimacy or friendship,
 inner room.
 to abstain from wine (chieh⁴ chiu³).
 goods all sold out.
 "to break the strings," the death of a wife.
 certainly.
 certainly may not.
 bridge for souls
 assuredly, undoubtedly.
 to take a child from the breast; short of milk
 to cut off intercourse.
 to commit highway robbery (chieh² lu⁴).
 to freshen a mill-stone,
 on no account,
 to absolutely refuse, on no account willing,
 on no account able to.
 can't decide for certain.
 to prohibit butchering (during drought).
 judicial ability.
 to cut off, to disconnect, to reject, to separate
 to decide this affair.
 without posterity.
 to decide unjustly.
 decidedly contrary to reason.
 to break off the opium habit (chieh⁴ yen¹).
 to decide criminal cases.
 satin, thick silk.
 satin boots.

[from

- tuan⁴-pu⁴ 緞布 cotton damasks.
 tuan⁴ 火 鍛 煨^{1197b937c} to forge.
 tuan⁴ lien⁴ 煨 煉 to work, as metal.
 tuan⁴ 爻 段^{1197a937b} a piece, a section, a paragraph.
- TUAN²**
 t'uan²-chi² 口 團^{1198c938a} a ball, a lump; round; collected together.
 t'uan²-chieh² 團 積 to accumulate, to hoard up; to forestall.
 t'uan²-lien⁴ 團 結 connected, all the parts blending, compact.
 t'uan²-t'uan² 團 練 to drill (as troops, etc.) (ts'ao¹ lien⁴).
 t'uan²-t'uan²-wei²-chu³ 團 團 圍 住 conglomerated.
 t'uan²-yüan² 團 圓 to surround in a body. [moon.
 t'uun² 手 擣^{1198b938b} to roll into a ball round, a circle; united; well done; the full
 t'uan²-ch'êng²-wan²-tzi³ 擣 成 丸 子 to roll into the shape of pills.
 t'uan²-ni¹-t'an²-êrh² 擣 泥 彈 兒 to make a ball of clay.
 t'uan²-t'u³-wei² jên² 擣 土 爲 人 to model men out of clay.
 t'uan² 米 糰 糰^{1198b938c} dumpling.
 t'uan²-fên³ 糰 粉 a paste for thickening gravies.
- TUAN³** 田 廬 唾 曠^{1199a938c} a village (ts'un¹, chuang¹).
- TUI¹**
 tui¹-chi² 土 自 泊 堆^{1200a924a} a heap; to pile up; to accumulate; a crowd. See [tsui¹.
 tui¹-ch'üang² 堆 積 築 to pile together, to accumulate, to heap up.
 tui¹-fang² 堆 牆 築 to build a mud-wall.
 tui¹-k'a³ 堆 房 a warehouse; a wholesale dealer's.
 tui¹-ping¹ 堆 卡 a kind of barrier.
 tui¹-sai¹ 堆 兵 watchmen.
 tui¹-shih² 堆 塞 to stop up.
 tui¹-to³ 堆 石 to pile up stones.
 tui¹-tzu³ 堆 垛 a heap, a pile; to pile up; mensuration.
 堆 子 a watch-house.
- TUI⁴**
 tui⁴-chên⁴ 寸 对 對^{1199b924b} opposite; to answer; to agree; a pair.
 tui⁴-chéng⁴ 對 陣 to fight; opposing armies.
 tui⁴-chiang³ 對 証 to prove, to verify.
 tui⁴-cho² 對 講 to expound by turns.
 tui⁴-chih² 對 着 facing, opposite. *afraid to do it*
 tui⁴-chín⁴-rh² 對 質 to confront (as two witnesses).
 tui⁴-ching²-shang¹-ch'ing² 對 勁 兒 to suit one's liking, to agree.
 tui⁴-chung¹-piao³ 對 景 傷 情 seeing the scene, my grief increases.
 tui⁴-jêng⁴-êrh² 對 鐘 表 to set clocks and watches right.
 tui⁴ fu⁴ 對 縫 兒 fitting closely at the edges.
 對 付 (服) to match, to agree, to buy.

tui ⁴ -ho ² -tzü ³ -li ⁴	對合子利	cent per cent.
tui ⁴ -hsi ¹	對席	vis-à-vis at table.
tui ⁴ -hsin ¹ -ssü ²	對心思	to one's minds.
tui ⁴ -i ⁴	對奕	to play at chess (hsia ⁴ ch'ü ³).
tui ⁴ -jên ² -shuo ¹	對人說	to speak to a person.
tui ⁴ -k'ai ¹	對開	“opposite open,” half-a-dollar,
tui ⁴ -kuang ¹	對光	right-power spectacles.
tui ⁴ -kuo ¹	對過	opposite to
tui ⁴ -lien ²	對聯	a pair of antithetical sentences.
tui ⁴ -lü ² -fu ³ -ch'in ²	對駢撫琴	(fig.) i. e., an unappreciative boor.
tui ⁴ -mên ²	對門	opposite doors.
tui ⁴ -mien ⁴	對面	opposite to, to confront.
tui ⁴ -ming ⁴	對命	to engage in mortal combat (p'in ¹ ming ⁴).
tui ⁴ -p'ing ²	對平	to counterbalance; a balance.
tui ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ch'ü ³	對不起	to offend a person (tê ² tsui ⁴).
tui ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chu ⁴	對不住	same
tui ⁴ -sai ⁴	對賽	to compete, competing.
tui ⁴ -shou ³	對手	two persons equal in ability, a match; an op-
tui ⁴ -shu ⁴	對數	ponent.
tui ⁴ -shuo ¹	對說	to check figures, etc.
tui ⁴ -ta ²	對答	to reply to.
tui ⁴ -ta ¹ -ju ² -liu ²	對答如流	to answer (hui ² ta ²).
tui ⁴ -t'ou ²	對頭	swift answers.
tui ⁴ -ti ³	對敵	an opponent, an antagonist; to contest.
tui ⁴ -tiao ⁴	對調	to join battle, to confront.
tui ⁴ -tui ⁴ -ch'ên ² -shuang	對對成雙	to allow officers to exchange posts.
tui ⁴ -tui ⁴ -tzü ³	對對子	by pairs.
tui ⁴ -tzü ³	對子	to match antithetical couplets.
tui ⁴ -tzü ³ -ma ³	對子馬	antithetical couplets on scrolls.
tui ⁴ -tz'ü ²	對詞	horseman in marriage procession.
tui ⁴	石 確	to respond to a charge.
tui ⁴ -chü ⁴	確白	a pestle.
tui ⁴ -tao ³	確搗	a mortar.
tui ⁴ -tao ³ -mo ¹ -yen ²	確搗磨研	to pound in a mortar.
tui ⁴ -t'ou ²	確頭	two punishments of Hades,
tui ⁴ -fang ²	確房	a pestle.
tui ⁴	兒 兌	a mill for separating rice from the husk.
tui ⁴ -chang ⁴	兌賬	to weigh silver; to compare; to exchange.
tui ⁴ -ch'ien ² -liang ²	兌錢糧	to pay an account.
tui ⁴ -huan ⁴	兌換	to pay in one's taxes.
tui ⁴ -huan ⁴ -yin ² -liang ³	兌換銀兩	exchange, to exchange.
tui ⁴ -p'iao ⁴	兌票	to exchange money.
tui ⁴ -shui ⁴	兌稅	to pay duty.

<i>tui⁴-yin²-tzū³</i>	兌銀子	to weigh silver.
<i>tui⁴</i>	阜 隊 ^{1200b925a}	an army ; a group, a company.
<i>tui⁴-chang³</i>	隊長	a commanding officer.
<i>tui⁴-wu³</i>	隊伍	rank and file, ranks (hang ² wu ³).
T·UI¹	手 推 ^{1201c926a}	to press, to urge, to push ; to refuse. Sec <i>chui¹</i> .
<i>t'ui¹-ch'ang²-hua⁴</i>	推場話	evasive words.
<i>t'ui¹-ch'ê¹</i>	推車	to push a wheelbarrow. [ch'u ³ ti ⁴].
<i>t'ui¹-chi²-chi²-jên²</i>	推己及人	to put yourself in another's place (shê ¹ shên ¹
<i>t'ui¹-ch'ien²-ts'a¹-hou⁴</i>	推前擦後	to shilly-shally, to vacillate.
<i>t'ui¹-chîn⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	推進去	to push in.
<i>t'ui¹-chün¹</i>	推究	to scrutinize, to examine.
<i>t'ui¹-chü⁴</i>	推拒	to dismiss, to decline, to refuse, to deny.
<i>t'ui¹-ch'u¹-mên²-ch'u⁴</i>	推出門去	to push out of doors.
<i>t'ui¹-ch'üeh⁴</i>	推卻	to decline, to refuse.
<i>t'ui¹-ên¹</i>	推恩	to extend favours to others ; gratitude.
<i>t'ui¹-k'ai¹</i>	推開	to push away ; to evade ; to push open.
<i>t'ui¹-kei⁴</i>	推給	to give away.
<i>t'ui¹-k'ü³</i>	推轂	"to push the wheel", to recommend or promote.
<i>t'ui¹-ku⁴</i>	推故	reason for refusal ; to make excuses
<i>t'ui¹-lun²</i>	推論	to proceed in the application of a principle.
<i>t'ui¹-lung²-chuang¹-ya³</i>	推聾粧啞	to pretend not to hear or understand.
<i>t'ui¹-mo⁴</i>	推磨	to turn the stone for grinding corn (yen ³ mo ⁴).
<i>t'ui¹-nang³</i>	推攘	to push from one with an exertion of strength.
<i>t'ui¹-nien²-tzü³</i>	推碾子	to turn the wheel for taking husk off rice.
<i>t'ui¹-suan⁴</i>	推算	to calculate, to cast up accounts.
<i>t'ui¹-tao³</i>	推倒	to overturn, to push over, to upset.
<i>t'ui¹-to⁴</i>	推舵	port the helm.
<i>t'ui¹-t'o¹</i>	推脫	to excuse one's self.
<i>t'ui¹-tung⁴</i>	推動	to turn, to budge.
<i>t'ui¹-tz'ü²</i>	推辭	to refuse.
<i>t'ui¹-wei²-wu²-kuo⁴</i>	推爲無過	to make excuses.
<i>t'ui¹-wei³</i>	推委	to make excuses, to back out (yüan ² liang ⁴).
<i>t'ui¹-yüan²</i>	推原	to analyze, to search for the original cause.

T'UI² 頁 額^{1202b925a} used up, dilapidated also *t'ei²*.

T·UI³ 肉 腿^{1201b926b} the legs, thighs.
t'ui³-k'ua¹ 腿胯 the inner part of the thighs.
t'ui³-k'uai⁴ 腿快 "legs fast", a good walker.
t'ui³-suan¹ 腿瘦 aching legs.
t'ui³-tai⁴-tzü³ 腿帶子 garters.
t'ui³-tu³ 腿肚 "leg's belly", the calf of the leg.

t'ui³-wan⁴-rh²

腿腕兒

the bend of the knee (underneath), ankle.

T'UI

退

退 1201a926c

to retire; to drive back; to refuse.
ebb-tide.t'ui⁴-ch'ao²

退潮

to break off a marriage engagement.

t'ui⁴-ch'in¹

退親

to retire, to go away.

t'ui⁴-ch'ü¹

退去

to retire, to withdraw.

t'ui⁴-hui²

退回

a "shut out" report.

t'ui⁴-hui²-tan¹

退回單

to break off a marriage engagement.

t'ui⁴-hun¹

退婚

a deed of dissolution of betrothal engagements.

t'ui⁴-hun¹ shu¹

退婚書

to retire a step, to make a concession.

t'ui⁴-i'-pu⁴

退一步

to yield, to give place, retiring.

t'ui⁴-jang⁴

退讓

to "shut out."

t'ui⁴-kuan¹

退關

a very bright varnish.

t'ui⁴-kuang¹-ch' i¹

退光漆

to cast the skin (as a snake, etc.).

t'ui⁴-p'i²

退皮

to retreat, satisfied with attainment.

t'ui⁴-pu⁴-ch'ih¹-tsu²

退步知足

a deed to break off an engagement or betrothal.

t'ui⁴-shu¹

退書

to recede, to retire.

t'ui⁴-so¹

退縮

to draw back

t'ui⁴-so¹-pu⁴-ch'ien²

退縮不前

to retire from court, to leave the bench.

t'ui⁴-t'ang²

退堂

to retire from office, to abdicate (jang⁴ wei⁴).t'ui⁴-wei⁴

退位

to scald off, as hair or feathers.

t'ui⁴

火

退位

to scald off feathers.

t'ui⁴

燧 1202b926c

t'ui⁴-mao²

燧毛

TUN¹

支 倬

敦 1203a927a

sound, staunch, generous; substantial.

tun¹-hou⁴

敦厚

honest, sincere, staunch.

tun¹-hsiao⁴-t'i⁴

敦孝悌

pay due regard to filial and fraternal obligation

tun¹ (tzu)

土 壘

墩 1203a927b

a hillock, a mound.

tun¹-p'u⁴

墩堡

a beacon mound, tower, etc.

tun¹-t'ai²

墩臺

same.

tun¹

足

蹲 1203c1021a

collected together; couchant, to squat.

tun¹-cho²

蹲着

squatting.

tun¹-tien¹

蹲店

to be detained in an inn.

tun¹

手 擻

擻 1203b927c

to strike, to attack; to throw.

tun¹-ti¹-huang¹

擻的慌

jolting unpleasantly.

TUN³

足

躉 1024c928a

a whole number, wholesale, by the lot.

tun³-ch'nan²

躉船

receiving-ships (opium).

tun³-huo⁴

躉貨

to buy up goods.

tun³

目

盹 1204a927c

to take a nap, to doze; dullness of sight.

tun³-mu⁴

盹目

to close the eyes, to pretend sleep; the eyes dull

tun³-shui⁴

盹睡

to nod, to doze (k'o² shui⁴).

TUN ⁴	火	燉 ^{1203c930a}	to stew, to boil.
tun ⁴ -i ¹ -lu ² -ch'a ²		燉一壺茶	to boil a pot of tea.
tun ⁴ -jou ⁴		燉肉	to stew meat (chu ³ jou ⁴).
tun ⁴ -shui ³		燉水	to boil water.
tun ⁴ -tiao ⁴ -tzü ³		燉吊子	stewed chitterlings.
tun ⁴	走	遁 ^{1204c928c}	to skulk off, to run away; concealed; to hide.
tun ⁴ -chi ¹		遁跡	to conceal the traces of.
tun ⁴ -hsing ²		遁行	to skulk off, to run away (ts'uan ⁴ t'ao ²).
tun ⁴ -ts'ang ²		遁藏	to conceal.
tun ⁴ -tsou ³		遁走	to skulk off, to run away.
tun ⁴	金	鈍 ^{1204b928a}	blunt; dull, stupid.
tun ⁴ -chiao ³		鈍角	an obtuse angle.
tun ⁴ -chien ¹		鈍尖	blunt and pointed, a blunt point.
tun ⁴ -tao ¹		鈍刀	a blunt knife
tun ⁴	頁	頓 ^{1204b928a}	a time, a turn, a meal; to bow; to part with.
tun ⁴ -chiao ³		頓脚	to stamp the foot.
tun ⁴ -huai ⁴		頓壞	to be suddenly injured or destroyed.
tun ⁴ -shé ³		頓捨	to reject, to part with.
tun ⁴ -shou ³		頓首	to bow the head.
tun ⁴ -shou ³ pai ⁴		頓首拜	to bow the head and worship.
tun ⁴ -tun ⁴ -fan ⁴		頓頓飯	every meal.
tun ⁴	手	扞 ^{1204a928a}	to move, to shake.
tun ⁴ -ch'é ⁴		扞掣	to shake, to bob up and down.
tun ⁴	日	盾 ^{1204c927c}	a buckler, a shield.
tun ⁴ -pai ²		盾牌	a shield.
tun ⁴	水	沌 ^{1204a928a}	confused, chaotic; a torrent (hun ⁴ tun ⁴).
tun ⁴ (t-ü)	口	筮 ^{1204a928a}	an osier bin.
T'UN ¹	口	吞 ^{1205a929a}	to swallow, to bolt down, to engross.
t'un ¹ -chan ⁴		吞佔	to usurp, to engross.
t'un ¹ -chin ¹		吞金	to swallow gold leaf (suicide).
t'un ¹ -hsia ⁴		吞下	to swallow or bolt down (uang ³ sang ³).
t'un ¹ -hsia ¹ -ch'ü ⁴		吞下去	same (yen ⁴ hsia ⁴ ch'ü ⁴).
t'un ¹ -p'ien ⁴		吞騙	to overreach, to cheat.
t'un ¹ -ping ⁴		吞并	to engross, to swallow all.
t'un ¹ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴		吞不下	unable to swallow.
t'un ¹ -shêng ¹		吞聲	to repress one's feelings in silence (jên ³ ch'i t'un ¹ [shêng ¹]).
t'un ¹ -tsai ⁴ -tu ⁴ -li ³		吞在肚裏	to swallow down.
t'un ¹ -t'u ³		吞吐	to swallow and to spit, hesitating, stuttering.
t'un ¹ -ya ¹ -p'ien ⁴ -yen ¹		吞鴉片烟	to swallow opium (suicide).
T'UN ²	卮	屯 ^{1205b929a}	the country, a village (chuang, ts'un ²).
t'un ² -chün ¹		屯軍	soldiers quartered out in villages.

t'un²-liang² 屯糧
 t'un²-mên² 屯門
 t'un²-ping¹ 屯兵
 t'un²-t'ien² 屯田
 t'un²-tsa¹ 屯紮
 t'un²-yang³-hsi²-fu⁴ 屯養媳婦

T'UN⁴ 衣 褌 1206a930b
 t'un⁴-chiu⁴-êrh²-ti¹ 褌舊兒的
 t'un⁴-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴ 褌下去
 t'un⁴-shou³ 褌手
 t'un⁴-i¹-shang¹ 褌衣裳
 t'un⁴-k'w'1-tzū³ 褌褲子
 t'un⁴-t'ou² 褌頭
 t'un⁴ 食 飽 1205c929b

TUNG¹ 木 東 1206c930a
 tung¹-ch'ê³-hsi¹-la¹ 東扯西拉
 tung¹-chia¹ 東家
 tung¹-ching¹ 東京
 tung¹-chu³ 東主
 tung¹-êrh² 東兒
 tung¹-fang¹ 東方
 tung¹-fang¹-liang⁴ 東方亮
 tung¹-fang¹-shan³-liang⁴ 東方閃亮
 tung¹-fêng¹-chieh³-tung⁴ 東風解凍
 tung¹-hsi¹ 東西
 tung¹-hsi¹-hsiang¹-chao³ 東西相照
 tung¹-hsi¹-nan²-pei³ 東南北
 tung¹-jên² 東人
 tung¹-k'uang²-hsi¹-chieh⁴ 東誑西借
 tung¹-ling² 東陵
 tung¹-nan² 東南
 tung¹-p'ao²-hsi¹-pên¹ 東跑西奔
 tung¹-pei³ 東北
 tung¹-pien¹ 東邊
 tung¹-shih²-hsi¹-su⁴ 東食西宿
 tung¹-tang⁴-hsi¹-ch'u² 東當西除
 tung¹-tao³-hsi¹-wai¹ 東倒西歪
 tung¹-tao⁴ 東道
 tung¹-t'u³ 東土
 tung¹-wêng¹ 東翁
 tung¹-yung² 東洋

to store grain.
 to bank up the gates, e. g., in flood time.
 troops in out-quarters or villages.
 land granted to soldiers, military colonies.
 to put troops in quarters. [hsi² fu⁴].
 girl brought up for one of the sons (t'an⁴ yung³)

to undress; the hands in the sleeves,
 neither new nor old (clothes).
 to let down (as the trowsers).
 to draw the hands into the sleeves (as Chinese do).
 put off the clothes (ch'uan²).
 to put off the trowsers (ch'uan² k'u⁴ tzū³).
 to draw in the head, as a tortoise.
 a kind of cake.

the east; the place of honor; spring; master,
 by hook or crook.
 a master, a host (hang² t'ou²).
 Tokio.
 the master.
 a spread, a meal (for guests).
 the eastern regions.
 dawn.
 just dawning.
 "the east wind breaks up the ice," the spring
 east and west; a thing, things.
 lies east and west.
 east, west, south and north (the fixed order).
 the master.
 reckless borrowing, etc.
 eastern imperial mausoleum,
 the south-east.
 to run hither and thither.
 the north-east.
 the east side, eastward.
 to eat one's cake and have it too.
 finding it hard to get along.
 reeling drunk; toppling over.
 a spread, a meal (for guests).
 the eastern regions.
 the master.
 the eastern sea; Japan (jih⁴ pên³).

<i>tung¹-yang²-ch'ê¹</i>	東洋車	a jinricksha.
<i>tung¹-yüeh⁴</i>	東嶽	the Eastern Sacred Hill.
<i>tung¹</i>	冬	winter.
<i>tung¹-chih⁴</i>	冬至	the winter solstice. See <i>Note 21</i> .
<i>tung¹-jih⁴</i>	冬日	a winter's day.
<i>tung¹-kua¹</i>	冬瓜	a kind of pumpkin.
<i>tung¹-nuan³-hsia⁴-liang²</i>	冬煖夏涼	(keep your parents) warm in winter and cool in [summer].
<i>tung¹-sun³</i>	冬筍	edible bamboo shoots.
<i>tung¹-t'ien¹</i>	冬月	winter, a winter's day.
<i>tung¹-yüeh⁴</i>	冬月	the 11th month. See <i>Note 32</i> .

TUNG³	心	懂	1208c931b	to understand, clear preception of.
<i>tung³-chü²</i>		懂局		an expert.
<i>tung³-jên²-ch'ing²</i>		懂人情		to understand men and manners.
<i>tung³-mên²-lu⁴</i>		懂門路		an expert.
<i>tung³-pu⁴-ch'ing¹</i>		懂不清		do not fully comprehend.
<i>tung³ pu⁴-tê²</i>		懂不得		cannot understand.
<i>tung³-pu⁴-tung³</i>		懂不懂		do you understand ?
<i>tung³-tê²</i>		懂得		to understand (ming ² pai ²).
<i>tung³-tê²-mo²</i>		懂得麼		do you understand ?
<i>tung³</i>	艸	董	1208b931b	to manage, to correct, to rule.
<i>tung³-chung⁴</i>		董重		to venerate, to respect. [shih ⁴ jên ²].
<i>tung³-shih⁴</i>		董事		to manage affairs ; a manager, a trustee (shou ³)

TUNG⁴	力	動	1207c932b	to move, to excite, to agitate. M. 244.
<i>tung⁴-ch'i⁴</i>		動氣		to be angry.
<i>tung⁴-ch'ing⁴</i>		動靜		motion and rest, behaviour (chü ³ chih ³).
<i>tung⁴-fang²-shih⁴</i>		動房事		to have sexual intercourse.
<i>tung⁴-hsin¹</i>		動心		to move or touch the heart.
<i>tung⁴-hsing²</i>		動刑		to put to the torture, to punish.
<i>tung⁴-hsing⁴</i>		動性		to display temper (nao ⁴ p'i ² ch'i ⁴).
<i>tung⁴-huo³</i>		動火		to get angry (shêng ¹ ch'i ⁴).
<i>tung⁴-kan¹-ko¹</i>		動干戈		to begin a battle.
<i>tung⁴-kung¹</i>		動工		to commence work (ch'i ³ kung ¹).
<i>tung⁴-nu⁴</i>		動怒		to be angry.
<i>tung⁴-ping¹</i>		動兵		to move troops, to go to war.
<i>tung⁴-pu⁴-tung⁴</i>		動不動		constantly. M. 298 (lai ² pu ⁴ ai ² ti ¹).
<i>tung⁴-hên¹</i>		動身		to get up, to make a move, to start.
<i>tung⁴-shou³</i>		動手		to put one's hand to anything, to move the hand.
<i>tung⁴-t'an²</i>		動揮		to move, to shake.
<i>tung⁴-tao¹</i>		動刀		"to move the sword," to go to war.
<i>tung⁴-tso⁴</i>		動作		behaviour, conduct.
<i>tung⁴-t'su¹</i>		動粗		to act roughly, to resort to violence ; coarse.

tung⁴-t'n³ 動土
 tung⁴-wên⁴ 動問
 tung⁴-wu²-ming²-huo³ 動無名火
 tung⁴ 凍 1207b932a
 tung⁴-cho² 凍著
 tung⁴-chieh³ 凍結
 tung⁴-ch'uang¹ 凍瘡
 tung⁴-ping¹ 凍冰
 tung⁴-p'o⁴ 凍破
 tung⁴-hou²-tung⁴-chiao³ 凍手凍腳
 tung⁴-ti²-shih²-tsai⁴ 凍的實在
 tung⁴-ti¹-ta³-chan⁴ 凍的打戰
 tung⁴-ssü³ 凍死
 tung⁴-ssü³-tung⁴-huo² 凍死凍活
 tung⁴ 水 洞 1209a931c
 tung⁴-fang² 洞房
 tung⁴-hsüeh⁴ 洞穴
 tung⁴-t'ing¹-hu² 洞庭湖
 tung⁴ 木 棟 1207c932a
 tung⁴-liang² 棟樑

to go to work (as in digging a foundation for
 to institute enquiries. [house
 to get enraged.
 to freeze; ice; cold as ice.
 caught a cold (chung⁴ 中 han¹, mao⁴ 寮³ fêng¹).
 to freeze, to coagulate.
 "frost sores," chilblains,
 to freeze.
 to chap
 cold hands and feet.
 frozen firm (ping¹ tung⁴).
 shivering with cold.
 to freeze to death.
 very cold.
 a cave; deep, profound; a bridal chamber.
 a bridal bed-chamber.
 a cavern (k'an³ k'êng¹).
 Tung T'ing lake, Hunan.
 pillars, posts, upright columns.
 "pillars and beams," Ministers of State.

T'UNG¹ 通 1211c932a
 t'ung¹-chên¹ 通真
 t'ung¹-chi¹ 通計
 t'ung¹-chien⁴ 通鑑
 t'ung¹-ch'iao⁴ 通竅
 t'ung¹-chih¹ 通知
 t'ung¹-ch'ing² 通情
 t'ung¹-chou¹ 通州
 t'ung¹-fei² 通肥
 t'ung¹-hsin⁴ 通信
 t'ung¹ hsing¹ 通興
 t'ung¹-hsing² 通行
 t'ung¹-ju² 通儒
 t'ung¹-kunj⁴ 通共
 t'ung¹-kuo²-chieh¹-chih¹ 通國皆知
 t'ung¹-li³ 通理
 t'ung¹-li-ho²-tso⁴ 通力合作
 t'ung¹-li⁴ lun² 通力輪
 t'ung¹-liu² 通流
 t'ung¹-ming² 通明
 t'ung¹-ming³ 通名
 t'ung¹-p'an⁴ 通判

to pass through; to succeed; all. M. 414.
 thoroughly pure, chaste, etc.
 a general estimate. [(kang¹ chien⁴
 Universal Mirror (a famous historical work
 to pass through a hole, to understand.
 to inform, to acquaint, to notify.
 to be sensible of.
 T'ungchou (near Peking).
 rolling fat.
 to send a letter to inform.
 everywhere current.
 able to go anywhere or do anything; current.
 a thorough scholar.
 the whole of, all.
 the whole nation knows it.
 to understand reason, etc.
 to act with united effort.
 a balance wheel.
 to flow through, to be current.
 clear and intelligible.
 to announce a visitor.
 a deputy-sub-prefect.

t'ung¹-pao³ 通寶
 t'ung¹-pao⁴ 通報
 t'ung¹-pi¹-t'ung¹ 通不通
 t'ung¹-shang¹ 通商
 t'ung¹-shang¹-ta⁴-ch'êng² 通商大臣
 t'ung¹-shên¹ 通身
 t'ung¹-shên² 通神
 t'ung¹-shih⁴ 通事
 t'ung¹-shu¹ 通書
 t'ung¹-ta² 通達
 t'ung¹-t'ao⁴ 通套
 t'ung¹-t'iao² 通條
 t'ung¹-ts'ai²-chih¹-i⁴ 通財之義
 t'ung¹-t'ung¹ t'í¹ 通通的
 t'ung¹-yung⁴ 通用

copper cash, currency.
 to announce ; general information.
 can one pass? will it do? do you understand?
 trade, commerce, commercial (especially foreign).
 Minister Superintendent of Trade. G. 152.
 the whole body (chou¹ shên¹, hun⁴ shên¹).
 moving the gods (all-powerful).
 [an interpreter, a linguist, a clerk (chu'en²
 { hua⁴, fan¹ i¹ kuan¹)].
 a calendar, an almanack (huang² li⁴).
 thorough perception ; to inform ; intelligence.
 of general application, what will fit anything.
 a poker
 mutual help.
 all, the whole.
 in common use.

T'UNG² 口全 同 1209b933b
 t'ung²-ch'êng²-tí¹ 同城的
 t'ung²-chien¹ 同姦
 t'ung²-chih¹ 同知
 t'ung²-chih⁴ 同治
 t'ung²-ch'ing²-tí¹ 同情的
 t'ung²-chü¹ 同居
 t'ung²-chü¹-ko⁴-ts'uan⁴ 同居各爨
 t'ung²-chü⁴-t'ung²-lai² 同去同來
 t'ung²-ch'ün² 同羣
 t'ung²-ch'uang¹ 同窗
 t'ung²-ch'uang²-kung⁴-[chên²] 同床共枕
 t'ung²-chung¹-jêu² 同中人
 t'ung²-fang² 同房
 t'ung²-fang²-chü¹-chü⁴ 同房居住
 t'ung²-fu¹-i¹-mu² 同父異母
 t'ung²-hang² 同行
 t'ung²-hang²-yüan¹-chia¹ 同行冤家
 t'ung²-hsi² 同席
 t'ung²-hsiang¹ 同鄉
 t'ung²-hsiao² 同學
 t'ung²-hsin¹ 同心
 t'ung²-hsin¹-ho²-i⁴ 同心合意
 t'ung²-hsin¹-hsieh²-li⁴ 同心協力
 t'ung²-hsing² 同行

the same as, some ; with, united. M. 305.
 a fellow-citizen.
 to hold illicit sexual intercourse. [M. 282.
 to be mutually acquainted with ; a sub-prefect.
 name of a recent Emperor's reign (1862-1875
 of the same disposition. [A. D.).
 fellow-lodgers, to dwell together.
 living together but messing apart.
 to go and come together.
 of the same class. [yu²].
 "the same window," a fellow-student (ch'uan¹
 { same bed and pillow ; man and wife ; sexual
 intercourse.
 with the middlemen. [course.
 in the same room ; man and wife ; sexual inter-
 to live in the same house.
 the same father, but a different mother.
 of the same class, trade or business.
 fellow-traders hate one another.
 a fellow-guest.
 of the same place, natives of the same province.
 a school-fellow, a fellow-student.
 of the same mind.
 unanimous.
 with united strength.
 to co-operate, to go together.

<i>t'ung²-hsing²-ti¹</i>	同行的	an abettor, a confederate.
<i>t'ung²-hsing¹</i>	同姓	of the same surname.
<i>t'ung²-hsing¹-ming²-ti¹</i>	同姓名的	a namesake.
<i>t'ung²-hsing¹-pu⁴-tsung¹</i>	同姓不宗	of same name, but different ancestors.
<i>t'ung²-huan¹-uan⁴</i>	同患難	sharing adversity together.
<i>t'ung²-i¹-pan¹</i>	同一般	the same manner or way.
<i>t'ung²-i¹-yang¹</i>	同一樣	the same fashion or sort.
<i>t'ung²-jên²</i>	同人	same class of people.
<i>t'ung²-kan¹-kung⁴-k'u³</i>	同甘共苦	sharing prosperity and adversity.
<i>t'ung² kuo²-ti¹-jên²</i>	同國的人	a fellow-countryman.
<i>t'ung²-lei⁴</i>	同類	of the same species.
<i>t'ung²-liao²</i>	同僚	a fellow-officer.
<i>t'ung²-mêng²</i>	同盟	a brotherhood, a confederacy.
<i>t'ung²-ming²</i> [<i>hsing⁴</i>]	同名	of the same name.
<i>t'ung²-ming²-t'ung²-</i>	同名同姓	same name and surname.
<i>t'ung²-mou²</i>	同謀	to plot together.
<i>t'ung²-niêr²</i>	同年	the same year; fellow-graduates.
<i>t'ung²-pan¹</i>	同伴	a companion, an associate (ch'ün ² p'êng ²).
<i>t'ung²-pang³</i>	同榜	fellow-graduates.
<i>t'ung²-pao¹</i>	同胞	born of the same mother.
<i>t'ung²-pao¹-ti¹-hsiung¹</i>	同胞弟兄	brothers by same mother.
<i>t'ung²-pei⁴</i> [<i>liên²</i>]	同輩	of the same class or sort.
<i>t'ung²-ping⁴-hsiang¹</i>	同病相憐	those who have the same disease mutually pity.
<i>t'ung²-shih²</i>	同時	at the same time, contemporary.
<i>t'ung²-shih⁴</i>	同事	the same affair.
<i>t'ung²-sui⁴</i>	同歲	of the same age.
<i>t'ung²-t'a¹</i>	同他	with him.
<i>t'ung²-tao¹</i>	同道	of the same principles.
<i>t'ung²-têng³</i>	同等	of the same kind.
<i>t'ung²-tsai⁴</i>	同在	at same place, in company with.
<i>t'ung²-tso⁴</i>	同坐	those sitting together; to sit together.
<i>t'ung²-tso⁴</i>	同做	to co-operate.
<i>t'ung²-t-u⁴</i>	同族	of the same clan.
<i>t'ung²-ts'uan⁴</i>	同爨	to mess together (ta ³ huo ³ shih ²).
<i>t'ung²-tsui³</i>	同罪	the same punishment.
<i>t'ung²-tsung¹</i>	同宗	of the same kindred.
<i>t'ung²-wên²-kuan³</i>	同文館	a college at Peking for study of languages.
<i>t'ung²-yen⁴</i>	同硯	"the same ink-slab," a fellow-student.
<i>t'ung²-yin¹</i>	同音	of the same sound, etc.
<i>t'ung²-yin²</i>	同寅	a fellow-officer.
<i>t'ung²</i>	同全	the same as previous character.
<i>t'ung²-k'o¹</i>	同全	fellow-graduates.
<i>t'ung²</i>	金銅	copper, brass.

t'ung ² -ch'i ⁴	銅器	copper or brass ware.
t'ung ² -chiang ⁴	銅丘	a brazier, a coppersmith.
t'ung ² -ch'iang ² -t'ieh ³	[pi ³] 銅牆鐵壁	exceedingly strong walls.
t'ung ² -ch'ien ²	銅錢	copper coin.
t'ung ² -ch'ing ¹	銅青	copperas,
t'ung ² -chuan ¹	銅磚	copper in slabs.
t'ung ² -kung ³	銅礦	copper mine.
t'ung ² -lu ⁴	銅綠	verdigris.
t'ung ² -pan ³	銅板	copper plate.
t'ung ² -pang ⁴ -t'ieh ³ t'i ¹	銅傍鐵底	very strong, firm.
t'ung ² -p'ao ⁴	銅炮	a brass cannon.
t'ung ² -p'ien ⁴	銅片	copper in sheets.
t'ung ² -po ²	銅薄	brass foil.
t'ung ² -ssü ¹	銅絲	copper or brass wire.
t'ung ² -ta ³ t'ieh ³ -chu ⁴	銅打鐵鑄	made of brass or iron.
t'ung ² -t'iao ²	銅條	copper in rods.
t'ung ² (tzü)	立童 ^{1213a934c}	a boy, a lad; a girl, a virgin.
t'ung ² -chên ¹	童真	a virgin.
t'ung ² -hsi ² -wei ⁴ -t'ui ⁴	童習未退	not yet rid of his boyish habits.
t'ung ² -hsin ¹ -wei ⁴ -hua ⁴	童心未化	his boyish disposition is not yet changed.
t'ung ² -mêng ²	童蒙	a youth; a dolt.
t'ung ² -nan ²	童男	a boy.
t'ung ² -nu ³	童奴	a slave boy.
t'ung ² -nü ³	童女	a girl, a maiden, a damsel.
t'ung ² -pien ¹	童便	boy's urine (a medicine).
t'ung ² -p'u ²	童僕	a servant boy.
t'ung ² -shêng ¹	童生	a candidate for the lowest literary rank.
t'ung ² -sou ² -pu ¹ -ch'i ¹	童叟不欺	no imposition on old or young (placarded shops).
t'ung ² -tzü-lao ²	童子癆	consumption, debility, etc.
t'ung ² -yang ³ -hsi ² -fu ⁴	童養媳婦	future bride supported at home (t'un ² yang ³ hsi ² [fu ⁴]).
t'ung ² -yao ²	童謠	ballads, etc., sung by boys in the streets.
t'ung ²	木桐 ^{1210b934a}	the name of a tree, dryandra.
t'ung ² -mu ⁴	桐木	the wutung tree.
t'ung ² -mu ⁴ -pao ⁴ -hua ¹	桐木鮑花	shavings of wutung wood.
t'ung ² -shu ⁴	桐樹	the t'ung tree. See 梧桐樹 (wu ² t'ung ²).
t'ung ² -yu ²	桐油	oil of the dryandra tree.
t'ung ² -tzü ³	桐子	seed of the dryandra tree.
t'ung ²	目瞳 ^{1213c935a}	the pupil of the eye; to stare, to gaze.
t'ung ² -jên ²	瞳仁	the pupil of the eye (yen ³ ching ¹ chua ¹).
t'ung ² -jên ² -fan ³ -pei ⁴	瞳人反背	i.e., cataract (fancy name).
T'UNG ³	糸統 ^{1214a936a}	a head, a leader; the origin; the whole.
t'ung ³ -hsia ¹	統轄	to govern the whole.

t'ung³-hsü⁴
 t'ung³-kung⁴
 t'ung³ ling³
 t'ung³-ling³-ping¹
 t'ung³-ping¹
 t'ung³-shuai⁴
 t'ung³ (tzü)
 t'ung³ (tzü)

竹筒 1210c934a
 木桶 1211b935c

a clue (t'ou² hsü⁴).
 altogether, total.
 to take entire charge of; Manchu Commandant.
 to lead an army.
 same (shuai⁴ ling³)
 a commander-in-chief (yüau² shuai⁴).
 a tube, a case, a hollow bamboo.
 a tub, cask, a barrel, a bucket . *

T'UNG⁴

t'ung⁴-hên⁴
 t'ung⁴-hui³
 t'ung⁴-k'u¹
 t'ung⁴-k'uai¹
 t'ung⁴-nan²-jén³
 t'ung⁴-tsai¹ [kuon¹
 t'ung⁴-yang³-hsiang⁴-
 t'ung⁴-yin³
 t'ung⁴
 t'ung⁴-ch'ieh³
 t'ung⁴-k'u¹
 t'ung⁴

𠵼痛 1211b936c
 痛恨
 痛悔
 痛哭
 痛快
 痛難忍
 痛哉 [kuon¹
 痛癢相關
 痛飲
 心慟 1203b932c
 慟切
 慟哭
 行衙 1029a932a

painful, pain, sore, acute feeling; very,
 extreme indignation, to hate extremely.
 bitter repentance.
 to cry bitterly.
 highly delighted, outspoken.
 very difficult to bear (physical or mental).
 alas! oh, wretched! (ai¹ tsai¹).
 mutual relationship.
 to drink to excess (ho¹ tsui⁴).
 the feelings moved to excess, extreme grief.
 same.
 to cry bitterly.
 a street, a lane (hu² t'ung⁴).

TZŪ¹

tzü¹-chüeh²
 tzü¹-fung³
 tzü¹-ming²
 tzü¹-mou²
 tzü¹ ping³
 tzü¹-pu⁴
 tzü¹-wên²
 tzü¹
 tzü¹-chih²-hên³-hao³
 tzü¹-chu⁴
 tzü¹-fu³-tzü¹-pei⁴
 tzü¹-huo¹
 tzü¹-ko²
 tzü¹-pên³
 tzü¹-ping¹
 tzü¹-ping³
 tzü¹-tsun³
 tzü¹
 tzü¹-chih³

口噬語 咨 1217c1028a
 咨嗟
 咨訪
 咨明
 咨謀
 咨稟部
 咨部文
 資 1217b1027a
 資質很好
 資助
 資斧自備
 資貨
 資格
 資本
 資兵
 資稟
 資攢
 資贊
 女姿 1217a1028b
 姿質

[plan.
 despatches; to write; to deliberate; to sigh; to
 to sigh, to lament (t'an⁴ hsi²),
 to write to enquire about.
 having been explained.
 to plan, to devise, to deliberate.
 to state to a superior (ping³ pao⁴).
 to state to one of the Boards.
 an official document between equals (cha² wên³).
 goods, commodities, necessary things; to help.
 excellent natural disposition.
 to help.
 paying one's own expenses,
 goods, commodities, property.
 talents, ability (natural or acquired),
 capital.
 to despatch troops.
 natural disposition (ping³ hsing⁴).
 saving, economical.
 mien, carriage; temperament.
 endowments, talents.

zũ ¹ -sé ¹	姿色	a beautiful colour; a beauty.
zũ ¹ jung ²	姿容	beauty.
zũ ¹ -t'ai ⁴	姿態	graceful carriage.
zũ ¹	心 恣 1217b1032	intrigue; levity; loose, profligate; to wish.
zũ ¹ -i ⁴	恣意	licentious feeling.
zũ ¹ -tsung ⁴	恣縱	loose, dissipated, unrestrained indulgence.
zũ ¹	水 滋 1218b1029a	pleasant flavour; thick, rich; to enrich, to in-
zũ ¹ -ch'u ¹ -ju ³ -érh ²	滋出蕊兒	the flower came out in bloom. [crease.]
zũ ¹ -fan ²	滋繁	to increase.
zũ ¹ -jun ⁴	滋潤	to nourish, to enrich, to moisten.
zũ ¹ -pu ³	滋補	to supply what is wanting.
zũ ¹ -shêng ¹	滋生	to produce, to increase.
zũ ¹ -shêng ¹ -li ⁴ -hsi ¹ 2	滋生利息	to produce interest (money).
zũ ¹ -shêng ¹ -shih ⁴ -tuan ¹	滋生事端	to produce trouble.
zũ ¹ -shêng ¹ -wan ⁴ -wu ⁴	滋生萬物	to cause all things to grow.
zũ ¹ -shih ⁴	滋事	to pick a quarrel, to create a disturbance.
zũ ¹ -wei ⁴	滋味	taste, flavour (wei ⁴ tao ⁴).
zũ ¹	齒 齣 1217a1028c	the teeth, irregular teeth.
zũ ¹ -mao ² -r'rh ²	齣毛兒	to snarl (as dogs).
zũ ¹ -ya ²	齣牙	the teeth, irregular teeth.
zũ ¹	子 孳 1218b1029b	to bear; affection for; indefatigable diligence.
zũ ¹ -t-zũ ¹	孳孳	indefatigable diligence.
zũ ¹	艸 茲 1218a1029a	now, because of; then; but; initial particle.
TZŪ ³	子 子 1214b1030b	a son, a child; progeny, seed; a viscount.
zũ ³ -chi ²	子集	miscellanies.
zũ ³ -chih ²	子姪	sons and nephews.
zũ ³ -chiéh ²	子爵	fourth degree of nobility, a viscount.
zũ ³ -érh ² -piao ³	子兒表	a small watch.
zũ ³ -hsi ⁴	子系	children, offspring.
zũ ² -kung ¹	子宮	the vagina (t'ai ¹ pao ¹).
zũ ³ -li ⁴	子粒	a grain, a seed.
zũ ³ -lin ⁴	子淋	difficulty in passing urine.
zũ ³ -min ²	子民	the people.
zũ ³ -mu ³ -ch'ien ²	子母錢	principal and interest (pén ³ li ⁴).
zũ ³ -nü ³	子女	sons and daughters, children generally.
zũ ³ -shih ²	子時	11 to 1 o'clock, midnight.
zũ ³ -shih ³	子史	the history of the philosophers.
zũ ³ -ssũ ⁴	子嗣	children, offspring.
zũ ³ -sun ¹	子孫	sons and grandsons, posterity, descendants.
zũ ³ -sun ¹ -po ¹ -po ¹	子孫饅饅	posterity, cakes. G. 1214b. [tears.]
zũ ³ -li ⁴	子弟	sons and younger brothers, young folks; ama-
zũ ³ -wu ² -hua ¹	子午花	a sort of flower opening at midday and midnight.

<i>tzŭ³-wu¹-sha¹</i>	子午痧	a disease worse at midnight and midday.
<i>tzŭ³-yüeh¹</i>	子曰	Confucius said
<i>tzŭ³-yüeh⁴</i>	子月	the 11th month. See <i>Note 32</i> .
<i>tzŭ³</i>	系紫 ^{1216b1031a}	purple; a dark brown; imperial.
<i>tzŭ³-ch'ên²</i>	紫宸	the palace, the court.
<i>tzŭ³-chin¹</i>	紫金	red gold (ch'ih ⁴ chin ¹).
<i>tzŭ³-chin⁴-ch'êng²</i>	紫禁城	"purple forbidden city," the imperial city. [458]
<i>tzŭ³-chu²-lin²</i>	紫竹林	the foreign settlement, Tientsin.
<i>tzŭ³-ho²-ch'ê¹</i>	紫河車	the afterbirth, the caul (used in consumptions)
<i>tzŭ³-hua¹-pu⁴</i>	紫花布	nankeen cloth.
<i>tzŭ³-kêng³</i>	紫梗	sticklac.
<i>tzŭ³-lien³</i>	紫臉	a swarthy complexion.
<i>tzŭ³-lo²-lan²</i>	紫羅蘭	the violet.
<i>tzŭ³-mo¹-li⁴</i>	紫茉莉	"the purple jessamine", jalap.
<i>tzŭ³-p'ao²</i>	紫袍	a purple robe.
<i>tzŭ³-sai⁴</i>	紫塞	"the purple limit", the great wall.
<i>tzŭ³-sê⁴</i>	紫色	brown.
<i>tzŭ³-su¹</i>	紫蘇	sweet basil.
<i>tzŭ³-t'an²</i>	紫檀	red sandal wood.
<i>tzŭ³-ts'ai⁴</i>	紫菜	agar-agar, seaweed.
<i>tzŭ³-ts'ao³</i>	紫草	plant yielding a red dye.
<i>tzŭ³-wei¹</i>	紫微	a star-god invoked in building.
<i>tzŭ³-wei¹-wei¹-ti¹</i>	紫微微的	slightly purple.
<i>tzŭ³</i>	木梓 ^{1218e1031a}	the cedar.
<i>tzŭ³ chiang⁴</i>	梓匠	a type-cutter (k'o ¹ tzŭ ⁴).
<i>tzŭ³-kung¹</i>	梓宮	imperial tomb or coffin; women's apartments.
<i>tzŭ³-li³</i>	梓里	one's native village or place.
<i>tzŭ³-t'ung²</i>	梓童	ladies of the palace.
<i>tzŭ³</i>	水滓 ^{1218c1031b}	grounds, dregs, sediment.
<i>tzŭ³-ni²</i>	滓泥	same (cha ¹ tzŭ ³).
<i>tzŭ³</i>	女姊 ^{1219a1031b}	an elder sister (chieh ³ mei ⁴).
<i>tzŭ³-mei⁴</i>	姊妹	sisters, a sister.
<i>tzŭ³</i>	人仔 ^{1215a1030c}	careful; to sustain.
<i>tzŭ³-hsi⁴</i>	仔細	careful, economical.
<i>tzŭ³</i>	米籽 ^{1215b1031b}	seeds of cereals.
<i>tzŭ³-li⁴</i>	籽粒	same.
TZŪ⁴	字 ^{1215b1032a}	characters, written words; name.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chi⁴</i>	字跡	hand writing (ku ³ li ⁴).
<i>tzŭ⁴-chü⁴</i>	字據	written proof, a license (p'ing ² chü ⁴).
<i>tzŭ⁴-r'ê²</i>	字兒	a note, a letter; obverse of a coin.
<i>tzŭ⁴-hao⁴</i>	字號	mark, style, sign, name or designation.
<i>tzŭ⁴-hua⁴</i>	字畫	characters and pictures, written scrolls.

<i>tzŭ⁴-hui⁴</i>	字彙	a dictionary (small) (tzŭ ⁴ tien ³).
<i>tzŭ⁴-i⁴</i>	字義	meaning of a character.
<i>tzŭ⁴-jên²</i>	字人	a female marrying a man (chia ⁴ jên ²).
<i>tzŭ⁴-m̄³</i>	字母	letters, the alphabet; initial character in spelling.
<i>tzŭ⁴-pu⁴</i>	字部	the radicals.
<i>tzŭ⁴-shih⁴</i>	字式	a copy-slip.
<i>tzŭ⁴-t'ieh¹</i>	字帖	copy-slip.
<i>tzŭ⁴-tien³</i>	字典	a dictionary (tzŭ ⁴ hui ⁴).
<i>tzŭ⁴-t'ou²</i>	字頭	the initial character, the radicals.
<i>tzŭ⁴-yen³</i>	字眼	"character's eyes," meaning, expression.
<i>tzŭ⁴-yen³-ch'ien³</i>	字眼淺	knowledge of characters limited.
<i>tzŭ⁴-yün¹</i>	字韻	final sound; last character in Chinese spelling.
<i>tzŭ⁴</i>	自	self, one's self; from.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chao¹-ch'ie²-huo⁴</i>	自招其禍	self-invited calamity.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chi³</i>	自己	one's self. M. 53.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chi³-jên²</i>	自己人	very intimate.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chi³-ko³-êrh²</i>	自己各兒	one's self.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chi³-t'í¹</i>	自己的	one's own.
<i>tzŭ⁴-ch'í¹</i>	自欺	self-deceived.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chia²</i>	自家	one's own family; one's self.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chieh²</i>	自節	self-control.
<i>tzŭ⁴-ch'ien¹</i>	自謙	humble.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chih¹</i>	自知	conscious of, to know one's self.
<i>tzŭ⁴-ch'ih²</i>	自持	self-control.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chin¹-i²-hou⁴</i>	自今以後	from this time forth.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chin¹</i>	自盡	to commit suicide (shang ³ tiao ⁴).
<i>tzŭ⁴-ch'ing¹-tzŭ⁴-chien⁴</i>	自輕自賤	without self-respect.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chu³</i>	自主	to assume consequences.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chu³-chih¹-ch'üan²</i>	自主之權	sovereign rights of a state; free-will.
<i>tzŭ⁴-ch'ü²-ch'í²-huo⁴</i>	自取其禍	calamity self-inflicted.
<i>tzŭ⁴-chuan¹</i>	自專	self-opinionated, inclined to "boss".
<i>tzŭ⁴-hai¹-tzŭ⁴-shên¹</i>	自害自身	self-inflicted injury.
<i>tzŭ⁴-hsi¹-tsu³-tung¹</i>	自西徂東	from east to west.
<i>tzŭ⁴-hsing²-ch'ê¹</i>	自行車	a toy; a bicycle.
<i>tzŭ⁴-i⁴</i>	自縊	to hang one's self.
<i>tzŭ⁴-jan²</i>	自然	case; certainly; spontaneous, naturally.
<i>tzŭ⁴-jan²-êrh²-jan²</i>	自然而然	of course.
<i>tzŭ⁴-jan²-t'í¹</i>	自然的	natural, of course, certainly.
<i>tzŭ⁴-jan²-t'í¹-l'í³</i>	自然的理	a necessary truth.
<i>tzŭ⁴-kao¹</i>	自高	proud (chiao ¹ ao ⁴).
<i>tzŭ⁴-kao¹-tzŭ⁴-ao⁴</i>	自高自傲	lofty and proud.
<i>tzŭ⁴-nan²-tzŭ⁴-pei³</i>	自南自北	from north to south (note order).
<i>tzŭ⁴-ku³</i>	自古	from ancient times (kêng ³ ku ³ i ³ lai ³).

tzü ⁴ -ku ³ .i ³ .lai ²	自古以來	from ancient times till now.
tzü ⁴ -k'ua ⁴	自誇	to boast
tzü ⁴ -lai ²	自來	of course, naturally.
tzü ⁴ -lui ² -huo ³	自來火	matches, gas (yang ² huo ³).
tzü ⁴ -li ² -tzü ⁴ -yang ³	自立自養	self-support (mission-work).
tzü ⁴ -mai ⁴ -pên ³ -shên ¹	自賣本身	to sell one's person.
tzü ⁴ -man ³	自滿	self-satisfied; to boast (ch'ui niu ² ti ¹).
tzü ⁴ -ming ² -chung ¹	自鳴鐘	clocks, self-striking clocks (nao ⁴ chung ¹).
tzü ⁴ -pien ⁴	自便	convenient to one's self.
tzü ⁴ -shang ⁴ -chih ⁴ -hsia	自上至下	from the highest to the lowest.
tzü ⁴ -shên ⁴	自勝	to conquer one's self.
tzü ⁴ -shin ⁴	自是	self-opinionated.
tzü ⁴ -ta ⁴	自大	self-important.
tzü ⁴ -ta ⁴ -liao ³	自大了	consequential.
tzü ⁴ -ta ⁴ -ti ¹	自大的	same.
tzü ⁴ -t'ou ² -lo ² -wang ³	自投羅網	fell into the net by his own fault.
tzü ⁴ -tsai ⁴	自在	to be one's self, composed, self-possession.
tzü ⁴ -tso ⁴ -ts'un ¹ -ming ²	自作聰明	pretending to be wise.
tzü ⁴ -tso ⁴ -tzü ⁴ -shou ⁴	自作自受	you must take the consequences of your own acts
tzü ⁴ -tsu ²	自足	satisfied with one's self.
tzü ⁴ -tsun ¹ -tzü ⁴ -chung ¹	自尊自重	self-respecting.
tzü ⁴ -ts'un ⁴	自從	since, from that time, etc.
tzü ⁴ -tz'ü ³	自此	from this time forth.
tzü ⁴ -t'z'ü ³ -i ³ -wang ³	自此以往	same.
tzü ⁴ -wên ³	自刎	to cut one's own throat (wên ³ kêng ³).
tzü ⁴ -wo ³	自我	from me.
tzü ⁴ -yen ² .tzü ⁴ -yü ³	自言自語	to talk to one's self, to soliloquize.
tzü ⁴ -yu ²	自由	to have one's own way.
tzü ⁴ -yu ² -tzü ⁴ -tsai ⁴	自由自在	at liberty, free.
tzü ⁴ -yu ² -i ¹ -ting ¹	自有一定	of course there is some certainty.
tzü ⁴ -yüen ⁴ -tzü ⁴ -hên ⁴	自怨自恨	blaming one's self.
tzü ⁴ -yun ⁴	自用	to use one's own discretion; to use one's self.

TZ'Ü ¹	ㄩ ¹	疵	1222a1033a
tz'ü ¹ -hsia ²		疵瑕	
tz'ü ¹ -ping ⁴		疵病	
ㄘ		詞	
TZ'Ü ²	辛	辭	1222c1033c
tz'ü ² -chang ⁴		辭暇	
tz'ü ² -ch'ao ²		辭朝	
tz'ü ² -ch'ên ² -shih ⁴		辭塵世	
tz'ü ² -ch'ien ² -ai ² -hou ⁴		辭前挨後	
tz'ü ² -ch'üeh ⁴		辭却	

fault of temper, failing, fault.
a flaw, a failing, a moral complaint.
fault, failing (mao ² ping ⁴).
<i>take, stop, speech. To accuse, a term.</i>
to decline, to refuse; to separate from; to speak.
to leave business, to give up business,
to resign office at court.
“leave dusty world”, to become a priest; to die
to evade, to wriggle out.
to discharge, to refuse.

tz'ü ² -hsieh ⁴	辭謝	1223b1033b	to decline to excuse one's self.
tz'ü ² -hsing ³	辭行		to take leave, to bid adieu.
tz'ü ² -kuan ¹	辭官		to decline or resign office.
tz'ü ² -kuan ³	辭館		to throw up position as teacher.
tz'ü ² -lu ⁴	辭路		to die; to leave the road; never pass that way?
tz'ü ² -pieh ²	辭別		to separate, to leave (as friends).
tz'ü ² -shih ⁴	辭世		to die (hsieh ⁴ shih ⁴).
tz'ü ² -shou ⁴	辭受		to refuse and accept.
tz'ü ² -t'oi ¹	辭脫		to decline, to refuse, to avoid.
tz'ü ² -tsao ⁴	辭竈		to dismiss the kitchen god.
tz'ü ² -t'ui ⁴	辭退		to refuse.
tz'ü ²	心慈		kind, tender; love; to love; mercy; benevolence.
tz'ü ² -ai ⁴	慈愛		affectionate regard, love, charity.
tz'ü ² -hang ²	慈航		Barge of Mercy (Buddhist).
tz'ü ² -hsin ¹	慈心		tender-hearted.
tz'ü ² -hui ⁴	慈惠		love.
tz'ü ² -mu ³	慈母		a tender mother.
tz'ü ² -pei ¹	慈悲		mercy, sympathy, compassion.
tz'ü ² -pu ⁴ -chang ³ -ping ¹	慈不掌兵		a compassionate man should not lead soldiers.
tz'ü ² -shan ⁴	慈善		sympathy, compassion.
tz'ü ² -yu ⁴	慈幼		to love children.
tz'ü ²	石瓷	1223c1033b	Chinaware, porcelain; loadstone.
tz'ü ² -ch'i ⁴	磁器		Chinaware.
tz'ü ² -hu ²	磁壺		a Chinaware pot.
tz'ü ² -kang ¹	磁缸		a porcelain jar.
tz'ü ² -p'an ²	磁盤		a porcelain vessel.
tz'ü ² -p'ing ²	磁瓶		a porcelain vase.
tz'ü ² -shih ²	磁石		loadstone, a magnet hsi ¹ t'ieh ³ shih ²).
tz'ü ²	示	1222c1034a	temple of ancestors; to sacrifice.
tz'ü ² -t'ang ³	祠堂		hall of ancestors (tsu ³ miao ⁴).
tz'ü ²	言	1222c1034a	tales, stories; speech, to speak, to accuse; a [term.
tz'ü ² -ch'ü ¹	詞曲		songs, ballads, etc.
tz'ü ²	佳	1222b1033a	female of birds.
tz'ü ² -hsiung ²	雌雄		female and male (birds).
tz'ü ²	工	15b5a	irregular. See ch'a ¹ and ch'ai ¹ .
tz'ü ²	止	1221c1034b	this, these; here; now.
tz'ü ² -ch'u ⁴	此處		this place, here.
tz'ü ² -hou ¹	此後		after this.
tz'ü ² -jên ²	此人		this person.
tz'ü ² -k'o ⁴	此刻		at present, at this moment (ju ³ chin ²)
tz'ü ² -shih ²	此時		at present, at this time.
tz'ü ² -shih ⁴	此世		this life or world.

x also
 tzu = firmly
 shih =

<i>tz'ü³-têng³</i>	此等	this class, kind, sort, etc.
<i>tz'ü³-ti⁴</i>	此地	this place, here.
<i>tz'ü³-wu⁴</i>	此物	this thing.
<i>tz'ü³ (ts'ai)</i>	足 (蹠)	to tread upon, to put the foot upon.
<i>tz'ü³</i>	(蹠) 1222b1034b	same.
<i>tz'ü³-pien³-liao³</i>	蹠扁了	trodden flat.
<i>tz'ü³-t'êng⁴</i>	蹠橈	a footstool (chiao ³ t'êng ⁴).
<i>tz'ü³-wên³-liao³</i>	蹠穩了	to plant the foot firmly.
TZ'Ü⁴		
<i>tz'ü⁴-chou³</i>	刀 刺 1223c1935a	to prick, to pierce, to stab; to embroider. [la ¹ . See
<i>tz'ü⁴-fêng³</i>	刺肘	to brand the elbow (a punishment).
<i>tz'ü⁴-hsiü⁴</i>	刺諷	to reprehend; pointed innuendo.
<i>tz'ü⁴-hsün⁴</i>	刺綉	to embroider.
<i>tz'ü⁴-k'o⁴</i>	刺訊	pointed enquiry.
<i>t'z'ü⁴-k'o⁴</i>	刺客	an assassin.
<i>tz'ü⁴-lien³</i>	刺客	assassin of Emperor or high official.
<i>tz'ü⁴-ma³-lun²</i>	刺臉	to brand the face (as a punishment).
<i>tz'ü⁴-mien⁴</i>	刺馬輪	a spur.
<i>tz'ü⁴-nao²</i>	刺面	brand face as punishment.
<i>tz'ü⁴-p'ei⁴</i>	刺撓	to itch, to tingle (k'uai ³ yang ³ yang ³).
<i>tz'ü⁴-sha¹</i>	刺配	to brand and banish.
<i>tz'ü⁴-tz'ü⁴</i>	刺殺	to assassinate.
<i>tz'ü⁴-wei⁴</i>	刺字	to brand (as criminals); to write with a style.
<i>tz'ü⁴-ya²</i>	刺蝟	the hedgehog.
<i>tz'ü⁴ (ssu)</i>	刺牙	to pick the teeth (t'i ¹ ya ²). [(chi ³ or kei ³).
<i>tz'ü⁴-chüeh²</i>	具 賜 1224bS3Sb	to confer, to bestow (applied to the Emperor)
<i>tz'ü⁴-ên¹</i>	賜爵	to confer rank or nobility.
<i>tz'ü⁴-fu²</i>	賜恩	to bestow favour.
<i>tz'ü⁴-hui⁴</i>	賜福	to bestow blessings on.
<i>tz'ü⁴-kei³</i>	賜惠	to confer a favour, to be kind.
<i>tz'ü⁴-kuang¹</i>	賜給	to bestow on.
<i>tz'ü⁴-pai²</i>	賜光	to honor with your presence. [self.
<i>tz'ü⁴-yen⁴</i>	賜帛	"bestow silk", i. e., permission to strangle one-
<i>tz'ü⁴-jü³</i>	賜宴	an imperial banquet.
<i>tz'ü⁴</i>	賜予	to confer, to bestow.
<i>tz'ü⁴-hsü⁴</i>	次 1221a1034e	second to, next in order; a time, a turn; a place.
<i>tz'ü⁴-i¹-têng³</i>	次序	regular order, in order, arrangement.
<i>tz'ü⁴-jih⁴</i>	次一等	the second quality or sort.
<i>tz'ü⁴-têng³</i>	次日	the next day.
<i>tz'ü⁴-ti⁴</i>	次等	second quality.
<i>tz'ü⁴-tsao³</i>	次第	arrangements, order.
<i>tz'ü⁴-tz'ü³</i>	次早	next morning early.
	次子	the second son.

- tz'ü⁴yü² 次於 next to, next in order.
 tz'ü⁴ 入 伺^{1222b837c} to wait upon or for; to observe, to spy out.
 tz'ü⁴-ch'a² 伺查 to examine (ch'a² k'ao³).
 tz'ü⁴-hou⁴ 伺候 to wait on (chih¹ ying⁴).
 tz'ü⁴-t'an¹ 伺探 to spy out, to find out.
 tz'ü⁴ 艸 東 薊^{1224a1035b} thorns, prickles (ching¹ chi⁴).
 tz'ü⁴-mei²-hua¹ 薊玫瑰花 the prickly rose.
- WA¹ 手 挖^{1225c1037a} to scoop, hollow out.
 wa¹-ching³ 挖井 to dig a well (t'ao¹ ching³, chüeh² ching³).
 wa¹-êh³ 挖耳 to pick the ears.
 wa¹-ko⁴-k'êng¹ 挖個坑 to scoop out a hole.
 wa¹-k'o¹ 挖刻 to scoop out; to nag at, niggardly, miserly.
 wa¹-k'u¹ 挖酷 to berate, to reprove.
 wa¹-k'u¹-lung² 挖窟窿 to dig or scoop a hole.
 wa¹-miao²-tuan⁴-kên¹ 挖苗斷根 to utterly eradicate.
 wa¹-pu¹ 挖補 to shape a hole, so as to patch it neatly, etc.
 wa¹-yen³-ching¹ 挖眼睛 { to gouge the eyes out (a common practice in
 { China).
- wa¹ 口 哇^{1225a1036} to retch, to vomit; a sound; lascivious songs.
 wa¹-i¹-shêng¹ 哇一聲 the sound of vomiting (yüeh¹).
 wa¹-la¹ 哇喇 a sound (crying of babies).
 wa¹-t'u³ 哇吐 to spit out, to vomit.
 wa¹-wa¹-ti¹-k'u¹ 哇哇的哭 crying of babies.
 wa¹-yao³ 哇咬 lewd songs.
- wa¹ 凹^{1225b623b} concave, hollow, indented; a pit.
 wa¹-kêng¹ 凹坑 a pit.
 wa¹-ti¹ 凹地 a hollow place (kêng¹ k'êng¹ wa¹ wa¹).
 wa¹-tu¹ 凹凸 concave and convex.
- wa¹ 穴 窪^{1225b1036a} low ground.
 wa¹-ti⁴ 窪地 same.
 wa¹-t'ien³ 窪田 same.
- WA² 女 娃^{1225a1036a} a baby, babies.
 wa²-tz'ü³ 娃子 same.
 wa²-wa² 娃娃 same.
- WA³ 瓦 瓦^{1224a1036b} tiles, bricks, flags.
 wa³-ch'a⁴ 瓦罇 fragment of pottery.
 wa³-ch'i⁴ 瓦器 earthenware.
 wa³-chiang⁴ 瓦匠 a brick layer, a brick or tile maker.
 wa³-chuan¹ 瓦甓 tiles and bricks.
 wa³-fang² 瓦房 a tiled house.

<i>wa³-hui¹</i>	瓦灰	tile-dust.
<i>wa³-kuan¹</i>	瓦罐	a common earthen jar.
<i>wa³-lung³</i>	瓦隴	the ridges of tiles.
<i>wa³-p'ên²</i>	瓦盆	an earthen bowl.
<i>wa³-p'ien⁴</i>	瓦片	a piece of tile.
<i>wa³-t'ai¹</i>	瓦苔	moss, etc., growing on tiles.

WA⁴ (<i>tzũ</i>)	衣襪	{ 襪 ^{1225c1037c}	stockings, socks.
<i>wa⁴</i>		{ 襪	same.
<i>wa⁴-tzũ³-ch'êng¹-p'ó⁴</i>	襪子撐破		stockings burst because too tight.
<i>wa⁴-tzũ³-fei²</i>	襪子肥		stockings too big or wide.
<i>wa⁴-tzũ³-shou⁴</i>	襪子瘦		stockings too tight.

WAI¹	止	歪 ^{1227a1037a}	crooked, distorted, twisted, irregular.
<i>wai¹-chéng⁴</i>		歪正	slanting and upright; crooked and straight.
<i>wai¹-hsin¹-ti¹</i>		歪心的	depraved.
<i>wai¹-ni^u³</i>		歪扭	awry, lounging.
<i>wai¹-pó⁴-héng⁴-liang²</i>		歪霸橫樑	domineering, overbearing.
<i>wai¹-pó²-tzũ³</i>		歪脖子	wry-necked.
<i>wai¹-tai⁴-mao⁴-tzũ³</i>		歪戴帽子	to wear one's hat awry.
<i>wai¹-tsui³</i>		歪嘴	a distorted mouth.

WAI³	日枕	管 ^{1276a1076c}	to bale (as water). See <i>yao²</i> .
<i>wai³-shui³</i>		管水	to bale out water.

WAI⁴	夕	外 ^{1226b1037b}	outside, without, beyond; to exclude; foreign.
<i>wai⁴-ch'í⁴</i>		外氣	unfriendly, unsocial.
<i>wai⁴-ch'iang²-chung¹-</i>	[j ^o ⁴	外強中弱	outwardly strong, but inwardly weak.
<i>wai⁴-chiao¹-ti¹-jên²</i>		外教的人	a non-convert.
<i>wai⁴-chuan⁴</i>		外篆	your name?
<i>wai⁴-hang²</i>		外行	not an expert, an amateur (<i>chü² wai⁴</i>).
<i>wai⁴-hao⁴</i>		外號	a nick-name (<i>ch'ó⁴ hao⁴, hun⁴ ming²</i>).
<i>wai⁴-hsiang¹-jên³</i>		外鄉人	belong to another region.
<i>wai⁴-hsin¹</i>		外心	disaffection, estrangement.
<i>wai⁴-hsing⁴</i>		外姓	of a different surname.
<i>wai⁴-hua⁴</i>		外話	slang.
<i>wai⁴-jên²</i>		外人	an outsider, one not belonging to the family, etc.
<i>wai⁴-kan³-fêng¹-han²</i>		外感風寒	to be exposed to cold and wind.
<i>wai⁴-k'ó¹</i>		外科	a surgeon (<i>nei⁴ k'ó¹</i>).
<i>wai⁴-kua⁴</i>		外褂	an outer coat.
<i>wai⁴-kuo²</i>		外國	a foreign country.
<i>wai⁴-kuo²-lai²-ti¹</i>		外國來的	come from abroad.
<i>wai⁴-kung¹</i>		外公	a maternal grandfather.

<i>vai⁴-lien²-kuan¹</i>	外 廳 官	the officials outside the examination hall.
<i>vai⁴-mao⁴</i>	外 貌	external appearance.
<i>vai⁴-mien¹</i>	外 面	the outside, the outer surface.
<i>vai⁴-pien¹</i>	外 邊	the outside.
<i>vai⁴-shên⁴</i>	外 腎	the testicles.
<i>vai⁴-shên⁴-chung³.ta¹</i>	外 腎 腫 大	swelled testicles (<i>orchitis</i> or <i>hernia humoralis</i>).
<i>vai⁴-shêng¹</i>	外 甥	a sister's son, a nephew.
<i>vai⁴-shêng¹-nü³</i>	外 甥 女	a sister's daughter, a niece.
<i>vai⁴-shêng³</i>	外 省	provinces other than that of the speaker.
<i>vai⁴-sun¹</i>	外 孫	a daughter's child.
<i>vai⁴-tao⁴</i>	外 道	an outsider, one belonging to another sect, etc.
<i>vai⁴-t'ao⁴</i>	外 套	an overcoat, an outer wrapper.
<i>vai⁴-to⁴</i>	外 舵	to starboard the helm (right) (<i>li³ to⁴</i>).
<i>vai⁴-tou²</i>	外 頭	outside; a husband.
<i>vai⁴-ts'ai²</i>	外 財	illegitimate gain.
<i>vai⁴-tsu³</i>	外 祖	a maternal grandfather.
<i>vai⁴-tsu³-mu³</i>	外 祖 母	a maternal grandmother.
<i>vai⁴-wei³</i>	外 委	a sergeant or corporal.
<i>vai⁴-wu⁴</i>	外 務	outside one's calling.
<i>vai⁴-wu⁴-pu⁴</i>	外 務 部	Foreign Office, in Peking.

WAN¹	刀 剗 ^{122Sc103Sa}	to cut, to pare, to carve, to engrave.
<i>wan¹-hsiao¹</i>	剗 削	to scrape.
<i>wan¹-pu³</i>	剗 補	to shape a hole, so as to patch it neatly, etc.
<i>wan¹-ti²</i>	剗 地	to dig or hoe the ground.
<i>wan¹-ts'ai⁴</i>	剗 菜	to cut up vegetables by the root.
<i>wan¹-t'u³</i>	剗 土	to dig up earth for other purposes than tillage.
<i>wan¹-yen³</i>	剗 眼	brutal, gouge eyes (<i>wa¹ yen³ ching¹</i>).
<i>wan¹ (tzü)</i>	水 灣 ^{1229b1038a}	a bay; to anchor (<i>po</i>).
<i>wan¹-ch'uan²</i>	灣 船	to lie at anchor.
<i>wan¹-chih²</i>	灣 直	crooked and straight.
<i>wan¹-ch'ih³</i>	灣 尺	a square (carpenter's, etc.).
<i>wan¹-cho²</i>	灣 着	to anchor, anchored.
<i>wan¹</i>	弓 彎 ^{1229b1038a}	curved, bending, winding; to bend.
<i>wan¹-ch'ü¹</i>	彎 曲	same.
<i>wan¹-ch'ü¹-ti¹-lu⁴</i>	彎 曲 的 路	a winding road (<i>chuan⁴ wan¹ mo⁴ chiao¹</i>).
<i>wan¹-kung²</i>	彎 弓	to bend a bow.
<i>wan¹-kuo⁴-lai²</i>	彎 過 來	to crook, to bend (<i>wo¹ kuo⁴ lai²</i>).
<i>wan¹-po²-la¹-pa¹</i>	彎 時 喇 叭	A ram's horn trumpet.
<i>wan¹-wan¹-ch'ü¹-ch'ü¹</i>	彎 彎 曲 曲	very winding or crooked.
<i>wan¹-yao⁴</i>	彎 腰	to stoop, to bend the waist, hunch-backed.
<i>wan¹</i>	豆 豌 ^{1229b1038b}	the garden pea.
<i>wan¹-tou⁴</i>	豌 豆	the pea.

<i>wan</i> ¹ (<i>tzũ</i>)	巾 幌	122Sc103Sb	remnants in tailoring.
WAN³	ㄉ	完	122Sa246b
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>chéng</i> ³	完	完整	to finish, to end, done. M. 275.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>ch'êng</i> ²	完	完成	complete.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>chieh</i> ³	完	完結	completed.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>ch'in</i> ¹	完	完結	to complete, settled, wound up.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>ch'üan</i> ²	完	完緦	to complete a marriage.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>hun</i> ¹	完	完全	complete, completed; preserved entire (<i>yüan</i> ²).
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>jén</i> ²	完	完人	to consummate a marriage.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>ku</i> ⁴	完	完固	a complete man.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>kung</i> ¹	完	完工	strong and well made.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>liang</i> ²	完	完糧	to finish a job.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>liang</i> ² - <i>wan</i> ² - <i>t'sao</i> ³	完	完糧完草	to pay taxes (<i>na</i> ⁴ <i>liang</i> ²).
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>pei</i> ⁴	完	完備	pay taxes in money and kind.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>pi</i> ⁴	完	完畢	fully prepared, finished, ready.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>shih</i> ⁴	完	完事	to bring an affair to an end (<i>liao</i> ³ <i>shih</i> ⁴).
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>shu</i> ⁴	完	完數	same.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>shui</i> ³	完	完稅	to settle an account (<i>suan</i> ⁴ <i>chang</i> ¹).
<i>wan</i> ² <i>yin</i> ² - <i>liang</i> ²	完	完銀糧	to pay duties (<i>ch'on</i> ¹ <i>shui</i> ⁴).
<i>wan</i> ²	玉 玩	1227c1039c	to pay taxes.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>ch'í</i> ⁴	玩	玩器	a precious stone; to play, trifle; childish.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>ch'iao</i> ³	玩	玩巧	playthings, toys, curios.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>ching</i> ³	玩	玩景	to perform clever tricks.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>êrh</i> ²	玩	玩兒	to enjoy the scenery (<i>ching</i> ³ <i>chin</i> ⁴).
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>hsi</i> ⁴	玩	玩戲	play.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>hsiao</i> ⁴	玩	玩笑	to play, to romp.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>hua</i> ⁴	玩	玩話	to quizz.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>i</i> ⁴ - <i>rh</i> ²	玩	玩意兒	jesting.
<i>wan</i> ⁴ - <i>jên</i> ² - <i>sang</i> ¹ - <i>té</i> ²	玩	玩人喪德	playthings, toys; amusement, play.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>nung</i> ⁴	玩	玩弄	by trifling with men he ruins their virtue.
<i>wan</i> ⁴ - <i>pa</i> ¹ - <i>hsi</i> ⁴	玩	玩把戲	to play or trifle with.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>p'iao</i> ⁴	玩	玩票	sleight of hand man.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>pu</i> ⁴ - <i>té</i> ²	玩	玩不得	amateurs.
<i>wan</i> ⁴ - <i>shang</i> ³	玩	玩賞	not to be fooled with.
<i>wan</i> ⁴ - <i>shé</i> ⁴ - <i>huo</i> ³	玩	玩社火	to amuse, to admire.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>shua</i> ³	玩	玩耍	calithumpians, etc.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>shua</i> ³ - <i>rh</i> ²	玩	玩耍兒	to play, to trifle, to pass the time in amusements.
<i>wan</i> ⁴ - <i>so</i> ³	玩	玩索	same (<i>hsi</i> ¹ <i>t'an</i> ²).
<i>wan</i> ⁴ - <i>t'ou</i> ²	玩	玩頭	to like practise, to study.
<i>wan</i> ² - <i>t'ung</i> ²	玩	玩童	amusement, entertainment.
<i>wan</i> ² <i>wu</i> ⁴	玩	玩物	a boy, a child (depreciatory of one's pupil).
<i>wan</i> ⁴ - <i>wu</i> ⁴ - <i>sang</i> ¹ - <i>chih</i> ⁴	玩	玩物喪志	playthings, toys.
			by playthings, he ruins his aims.

- wan² 丸^{1231a246c} a pill ; anything round.
 wan²-san¹-kao¹-tan¹ 丸散膏丹 pills, powders, plasters and boluses.
 wan²-tū³ 丸子 pills ; balls of meat, dough, etc.
 wan²-yao⁴ 丸藥 pills
 wan² 頁 頑^{1227c1038a} to play, to trifle ; thick-headed, silly.
 wan²-hu¹ 頑戶 an obstinate or slippery fellow.
 wan²-kêng³ 頑梗 obstinate (chan¹ chih²).
 wan²-ku⁴-tang³ 頑固黨 the conservative party.
 wan²-lich⁴ 頑劣 good for nothing.
 wan²-pi² 頑疲 mischievous ; obstinate (tiao¹ pi²).
 wan²-shih² 頑石 fancy stoneware.
- WAN³** 日 晚^{1230a1038c} evening, late ; too late.
 wan³-chien¹ 晚間 in the evening.
 wan³-chuan¹-chia¹ 晚莊稼 the second crop.
 wan³-fan⁴ 晚飯 supper.
 wan³-hsia² 晚霞 a bright evening sky, red sky at sunset.
 wan³-hsiang¹-yii⁴ 晚香玉 “evening fragrant jade”, the tuberose.
 wan³-hun¹ 晚婚 a widow marrying again.
 wan³-lai²-i¹-t'ien¹ 晚來一天 to come a day late.
 wan³-lai²-ti¹ 晚來的 late comer ; a widow marrying again.
 wan³-liao³ 晚了 late (ch'ih² liao³).
 wan³-nien² 晚年 old age (shou⁴).
 wan³-pei¹ 晚輩 juniors, inferiors.
 wan³-shang⁴ 晚上 in the evening, at night (yeh⁴ li³).
 wan³-shêng¹ 晚生 juniors, inferiors, I, my.
 wan³ 手 挽^{1229c1039a} to bend, to force round ; to pull, to lead, to draw.
 wan³-fu² 挽扶 to support.
 wan³-hsiu⁴ 挽袖 to roll up the sleeves.
 wan³-hui² 挽回 to draw back ; to alter, to restore,
 wan³-ko⁴-chi⁴-rh² 挽個髻兒 to make up the hair into knot.
 wan³-kung¹ 挽弓 to draw a bow (la¹ kung¹).
 wan³-lin² 挽留 to detain by gentle force.
 wan³-shui³-tsuan³ 挽水鑽 Taoist style of hairdressing. [yüan³.
 wan³ 宛^{1228b1136c} yielding, bending down, crooked ; as if. See
 wan³-chuan³ 宛轉 accommodating, yielding, complying ; to search.
 wan³-jan² 宛然 as if ; according to.
 wan³-jung² 宛容 a mild pleasing countenance.
 wan³ 女 婉^{1344a1136c} yielding, complaisant.
 wan³-chuan³ 婉轉 specious, roundabout.
 wan³-jung² 婉容 a mild pleasing countenance.
 wan³-mien³ 婉婉 yielding, flattering, complaisant.
 wan³-nü³ 婉女 a yielding complaisant woman.

wan³ 石碗盞 碗^{1229a1039b} a basin, bowl or cup (pei¹) [general.
 wan³-chan³-pei¹-p'an² 碗盞杯盤 bowls, cups, glasses and plates, crockery in
 wan³-chan³-t'ieh²-tzū³ 碗盞碟子 bowls, cups and plates.

WAN⁴ 萬 萬^{1230b1040a} ten thousand, an indefinitely large number.
 wan⁴-fa³-kuei¹-tung¹ 萬法歸宗 all law is resolved into one source.
 wan⁴-fu² 萬福 innumerable blessings; a woman's salutation.
 wan⁴-huo³ 萬好 very good,
 wan⁴-hsin¹ 萬幸 immense felicity.
 wan⁴-hua¹ t'ung³ 萬花筒 a kaleidoscope.
 wan⁴-i¹ 萬一 just a possibility.
 wan⁴-jén²-k'êng¹ 萬人坑 burial place of criminals.
 wan⁴-ku³ 萬古 from remotest antiquity.
 wan⁴-ku³-ch'ieu¹-ch'iu¹ 萬古千秋 all antiquity.
 wan⁴-ku³-liu²-fang¹ 萬古流芳 may his fame last a myriad ages
 wan⁴-kua¹-ling²-ch'ih² 萬剛凌遲 the slicing process (a punishment) (ling² ch'ih²).
 wan⁴-kuan⁴-chia¹-ch'an³ 萬貫家產 a very rich man.
 wan⁴-kuan⁴-chia¹-ts'ai² 萬貫家財 a very wealthy family.
 wan⁴-kuo²-ch'i³-chon¹ 萬國九州 the world.
 wan⁴-kuo²-lai²-ch'uo² 萬國來朝 all nations come to court.
 wan⁴-kuo²-t'u² 萬國圖 map of the world.
 wan⁴-li³-ch'an²-ch'êng² 萬里長城 the great wall of China.
 wan⁴-min² 萬民 the masses.
 wan⁴-min²-i¹-san³ 萬民衣傘 clothing and umbrellas given popular officials.
 wan⁴-nien²-ch'ing¹ 萬年青 evergreen.
 wan⁴-nien²-li⁴ 萬年曆 a perpetual calendar.
 wan⁴-nien²-pai³ 萬年柏 evergreen cypress.
 wan⁴-o³-t'ao -t'ien¹ 萬惡滔天 outrageously wicked.
 wan⁴-pan¹-yu³-li³ 萬般有理 everything has a principle.
 wan⁴-pao³-ch'üan² 萬寶俱全 all sorts of valuables complete.
 wan⁴-pei¹ 萬倍 ten thousand fold
 wan⁴-pu¹ 萬不 not on any account.
 wan⁴-pu¹-k'o³ 萬不可能 on no account.
 wan⁴-pu¹-néng² 萬不能 on no account able to.
 wan⁴-pu¹-tê²-i³ 萬不得已 to be obliged.
 wan⁴-shih⁴ 萬事 "the myriad affairs", everything.
 wan⁴-shou⁴ 萬壽 everlasting old age.
 wan⁴-shou⁴-kung¹ 萬壽宮 a hall dedicated to the Emperor.
 wan⁴-shou⁴-shan¹ 萬壽山 name of a mount and pleasure garden near Peking.
 wan⁴-sui¹ 萬歲 a myriad years; the Emperor.
 wan⁴-sui¹-yeh² 萬歲爺 "lord of ten thousand years"; the Emperor.
 wan⁴-wan⁴-pu¹-o³ 萬萬不可 { you must not on any account do it (tuan⁴ hu¹
 { pu¹ k'o³).

The Summer Palace

wan ⁴ -wu ² -i ¹ -shih ¹	萬無一失	not one failure in ten thousand, perfectly safe, etc.
wan ⁴ -wu ⁴	萬物	"the myriad things", all things in creation.
wan ⁴ -wu ⁴ -chih ¹ -ling ²	萬物之靈	the most intelligent of all things.
wan ⁴	手挽	to turn, to twist.
wan ⁴ -ko ⁴ -tsuan ³ -rh ²	挽個纂兒	to twist up the back hair (of a woman). [tzü ³].
wan ⁴ -pien ⁴ tzü ³	挽辮子	to twist the pigtail round the head (p'an ² pien ⁴)
wan ⁴ -shang ⁴	挽上	to twist up.
wan ⁴ (tzü) 肉胛	腕	the wrist; the ankle, a flexible joint.

WANG⁴	水汪	1032b1043a	wide and deep, vast; a lake, a pond.
wang ⁴ -shui ³	汪水		a vast expanse of water.
wang ⁴ -yang ²	汪洋		the open sea.

WANG²	王	1031b1043b	a prince, a king.
wang ² -chieh ²	王爵		rank of a prince, princely rank.
wang ² -fa ³	王法		laws, royal laws.
wang ² -fei ¹	王妃		a prince's concubine.
wang ² -fu ³	王府		a king's palace.
wang ² -hou ²	王侯		princes and earls, nobility.
wang ² -hua ⁴	王化		laws.
wang ² -ku ⁴	王瓜		the cucumber.
wang ² -kung ¹	王公		princes and dukes, nobility.
wang ² -ming ⁴	王命		royal authority, power of life and death.
wang ² -pa ¹	*王八		a bastard (term of abuse;) a tortoise (pieh ¹ , [kuei ¹]).
wang ² -pa ¹ -kao ¹ -tzü ³	王八羔子		a bastard (young)
wang ² -pa ¹ -tan ¹	王八蛋		same (reviling).
wang ² -pa ¹ -t'ou ²	王八頭		a cuckold.
wang ² -shé ²	王蛇		the boa constrictor (mang ³ shé ²).
wang ² -shih ⁴ -tzü ³	王世子		the son of a prince or king.
wang ² -sun ¹	王孫		the grandson of a prince; a sprig of nobility.
wang ² -tso ³	王佐		a minister of state.
wang ² -tzü ³	王子		a prince, a king.
wang ² -wei ⁴	王位		the rank of a king.
wang ² -ych ²	王爺		a prince, a king.
wang ²	亡	1233a1044a	[dead. to die, to perish; lost; forgotten; run away;
wang ² -jên ²	亡人		a runaway, fugitive, an exile.
wang ² -ku ⁴	亡故		dead (ssü ³).
wang ² -kuo ² -pai ⁴ -chia ¹	亡國敗家		the State is ruined.
wang ² -kuo ⁴	亡過		
wang ² -ming ⁴ -t'u ²	亡命徒		a ruffian ready for any crime.
wang ² -mu ³	亡沒		to die, to perish.
wang ² -yang ²	亡羊		a lost sheep.

WANG³	彳 往	往 ^{1232c1044b}	to go towards, towards, to ; past and gone.
<i>wang³-ch'ang²</i>		往常	hitherto, usual.
<i>wang³-ch'ien²</i>		往前	to go forward.
<i>wang³-che³-pn¹-chui¹</i>		往者不追	let bygones be bygones
<i>wang³-fan³</i>		往返	to go and come, going and coming.
<i>wang³-fu⁴</i>		往復	same.
<i>wang³-hao³-li³-hsiao²</i>		往好裏學	reform, study to do good.
<i>wang³-hou⁴</i>		往後	to go behind, hereafter.
<i>wang³-hou⁴-t'ou²-tson³</i>		往後頭走	same.
<i>wang³-hsi²</i>		往昔	formerly.
<i>wang³-hsia⁴</i>		往下	henceforth.
<i>wang³-hui²-li³-tson³</i>		往回裏走	to start on return journey.
<i>wang³-ku³</i>		往古	of old, in ancient times.
<i>wang³-lai²-han²-jé¹</i>		往來寒熱	to go and come, to and fro ; correspondence.
<i>wang³-li³-kuan⁴-shui³</i>		往來寒熱 往裏灌水	"going and coming of cold and heat", fever and water gets into it. [ague]
<i>wang³-na³-rh²-ch'ü¹</i>		往那兒去	where are you going ?
<i>wang³-na³-rh²-ch'ü¹</i>		往那兒去	I am going there.
<i>wang³-nien²</i>		往年	last year, in former years.
<i>wang³-shang⁴-chuang⁴</i>		往上撞	nausea, eructations.
<i>wang³-shih⁴</i>		往世	ages past and gone ; to go from the world, to die.
<i>wang³-wang³</i>		往往	repeatedly, frequently, always, constantly.
<i>wang³</i>	木 枉	枉 ^{1232b1044c}	crooked, perverted ; oppressed ; useless, in vain.
<i>wang³-fei⁴</i>		枉費	to expend in vain.
<i>wang³-fei⁴-hsin¹-ssü¹</i>		枉費心思	a waste of trouble or thought (or 心機 ¹).
<i>wang³-jan²</i>		枉然	useless, of no avail, in vain.
<i>wang³-shih⁴-yüan⁴</i>		枉誓願	to force to make a vow.
<i>wang³-tso⁴</i>		枉作	to do in vain (t'u ² jan ²)
<i>wang³</i>	网 罔	罔 ^{1234b1044c}	a net ; confounded ; stopped ; not, without.
<i>wang³-jan²</i>		罔然	undecided, useless, in vain (t'u ² jan ²).
<i>wang³-shé⁴</i>		罔赦	no forgiveness.
<i>wang³-t'an²</i>		罔談	don't speak of it ; in vain to speak of it.
<i>wang³-wên²</i>		罔聞	don't listen to it ; useless to listen.
<i>wang³ (tzü)</i>	系 網	網 ^{1234c1045a}	a net, a web.
<i>wang³-lo⁴</i>		網絡	a net, net work on the top of a sedan, etc.
<i>wang³</i>	車 輞	輞 ^{1234c1045a}	felloe of a wheel. See ch'e ¹ .
WANG⁴	女 妄	妄 ^{1233a1045b}	incoherent ; irregular ; false.
<i>wang⁴-chéng⁴</i>		妄証	false evidence.
<i>wang⁴-ch'ü³</i>		妄取	to steal ; to purloin, to "squeeze," to "cabbage."
<i>wang⁴-hsiang³</i>		妄想	disorderly thoughts, to indulge in vain hopes.
<i>wang⁴-jên²</i>		妄人	a brutish person.
<i>wang⁴-kao⁴</i>		妄告	to accuse falsely (wu ¹ kao ⁴).

wang ⁴ -mao ⁴	妄冒	deception ; to assume name falsely.
wang ⁴ -sha ¹	妄殺	to put to death unjustly.
wang ⁴ -tan ⁴	妄誕	unfounded stories, lies (yao ² yen ²).
wang ⁴ -tso ⁴	妄作	to act disorderly.
wang ⁴ -tzū ⁴ -kao ¹ -ta ⁴	妄自高大	wildly arrogant.
wang ⁴ -tzū ⁴ -tsun ¹ -ta ⁴	妄自尊大	to wildly boast of one's self.
wang ¹ -wei ²	妄爲	disorderly behaviour, improper conduct. [mind.
wang ⁴	心忘	1233b1044b to forget ; to be lost ; disregarded ; absence of
wang ⁴ -chi ⁴	忘記	to forget.
wang ⁴ -ên ⁴	忘恩	to forget kindness, ungrateful, ingratitude-
wang ⁴ -ên ⁴ -shih ¹ -i ¹	忘恩失義	ungrateful (for shih may use 負),
wang ⁴ -hsing ⁴ -êrh ² -ta ⁴	忘性兒大	"forgetter" great.
wang ⁴ -liao ³ -ch'ih ¹ -fun ¹	忘了吃飯	forgot to eat food.
wang ⁴ -pa ¹	忘八	a bastard. See Note 95.
wang ⁴ -pên ³	忘本	to forget the source ; ungrateful.
wang ⁴ -pu ¹ -hsia ⁴	忘不了	cannot forget.
wang ⁴ -pu ¹ -liao ³	忘不了	unable to forget, I will not forget.
wang ¹	月望	1233c1045c to look towards, to hope, to expect ; towards.
wang ⁴ -ch'ang ² -chiu ³	望長久遠	expecting permanent continuance.
wang ⁴ -ch'i ³	[üan ³ 望乞	I beg, I entreat, I trust, etc.
wang ⁴ -chien ⁴	望見	to look towards, to be visible.
wang ⁴ -hou ⁴ -wang ⁴ -hou ⁴	望候望候	to visit, to wait upon.
wang ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -t'ai ²	望鄉台	View-Home Tower in Hades.
wang ⁴ -jih ⁴	望日	the 15th of the moon.
wang ⁴ -jih ⁴ -lien ²	望日蓮	the sun-flower (hsiang ⁴ jih ⁴ k'nei ²).
wang ⁴ -kung ¹ -p'u ¹ -ying ³	望空撲影	vain effort.
wang ⁴ -lin ⁴	望六	nearly sixty years of age.
wang ⁴ -mei ² -chih ³ -k'o ³	望梅止渴	[month water. to quench thirst by looking at sour plum to make
wang ⁴ -pu ¹ -chien ⁴	望不見	unable to see, out of sight (chien ⁴ pu ⁴ cho ²),
wang ⁴ -pu ¹ -tao ⁴	望不到	cannot see that far.
wang ⁴ -yüan ³	望遠	to look to a distance.
wang ⁴ -yüeh ⁴	望月	the full moon.
wang ⁴	日旺	1232a1045b brilliancy, great success, prosperous.
wang ⁴ -hsiang ⁴	旺相	healthy (of a child).
wang ⁴ -ti ⁴	旺地	a prosperous place (hsing ¹ wang ⁴).
wang ⁴ -yün ⁴	旺運	good fortune, great luck.
WEI ¹	女威	1241a1046a majestic, dignified, stern, severe.
wei ¹ -ch'üan ²	威權	authority, power.
wei ¹ -feng ¹	威風	grandeur, majesty, majestic, stately, pompous.
wei ¹ -hsia ⁴	威唬	to browbeat (hsia ⁴ here pronounced ho ¹).
wei ¹ -i ²	威儀	a dignified manner.
wei ¹ -lieh ⁴	威烈	majestic, terrible.

<i>wei¹-mêng³</i>	威猛	fierce, ferocious.
<i>wei¹-pi¹</i>	威逼	to browbeat, to tyrannize.
<i>wei¹-shih⁴</i>	威勢	pomp, state, grandeur, splendour, majesty.
<i>wei¹-wu³</i>	威武	martial, military-looking.
<i>wei¹-yeu²</i>	威嚴	grave, gravity, stern, severe
<i>wei¹</i>	衛	1241b1050b [struse. trifling, minute; a little, rather, slightly; ab-
<i>wei¹-chien⁴</i>	微賤	au inferior position or condition.
<i>wei¹-ching⁴</i>	微敬	a trifling present.
<i>wei¹-fêng¹</i>	微風	a light breeze.
<i>wei¹-hsiao⁴</i>	微笑	a smile, to smile.
<i>wei¹-hu¹</i>	微乎	a little, rather.
<i>wei¹-jo⁴</i>	微弱	sickly, feeble.
<i>wei¹-li⁴</i>	微利	trifling or small profit.
<i>wei¹-miao⁴</i>	微妙	abstruse, minute.
<i>wei¹-ming³</i>	微名	of little repute.
<i>wei¹²-mo⁴</i>	微末	very small.
<i>wei¹-pien¹</i>	微辯	to insinuate; to criticise; to satirize.
<i>wei¹-wu⁴</i>	微物	an insignificant thing.
<i>wei¹</i>	人 偎	1238c1047b to hug.
<i>wei¹-chin⁴</i>	偎近	to hug closely.
<i>wei¹</i>	山 巍	1240a1050b high, lofty, eminent.

WEI²

<i>wei²-li³</i>	韋 違	1237b1049a to oppose; to delay; to relinquish; perverse.
<i>wei²-li⁴</i>	違理	to go against reason or right.
<i>wei²-ling⁴</i>	違例	to disobey the laws, contrary to law.
<i>wei²-man⁴</i>	違令	to disobey an order.
<i>wei²-ming⁴</i>	違慢	to disobey (wu ³ ni ⁴).
<i>wei²-nin⁴</i>	違命	to disobey an order.
<i>wei²-pei⁴</i>	違拗	perversely disobedient, to oppose.
<i>wei²-pei⁴</i>	違悖	same.
<i>wei²-pei⁴</i>	違背	to oppose, to disobey.
<i>wei²-pi⁴</i>	違避	to avoid, to abscond
<i>wei²</i>	口 圍	1236b1048b to surround, to besiege; to guard; to limit.
<i>wei²-ch'ung⁴</i>	圍場	Imperial Hunting Reserves. G. 436.
<i>wei²-ch'êng²</i>	圍城	a surrounding wall; to besiege a city.
<i>wei²-ch'i²</i>	圍棋	chess (played with 360 pieces).
<i>wei²-ch'iang²</i>	圍牆	a surrounding wall.
<i>wei²-cho¹</i>	圍桌	hangings round a table.
<i>wei²-cho²</i>	圍着	surrounded, beset.
<i>wei²-chu⁴</i>	圍住	to surround.
<i>wei²-jiao⁴</i>	圍繞	to warp round, to environ, to besiege.
<i>wei²-kua⁴</i>	圍掛	table hangings.
<i>wei²-k'ui⁴</i>	圍掛	to besiege, to invest a place, to hem in.

vei ² -kuo ³	圍裹	to wrap round, to invest.
vei ² -lieh ⁴	圍獵	to hunt (ta ³ lieh ⁴).
vei ² -p'ing ²	圍屏	folding screen.
vei ² -tzu ³	圍子	a wall, ramparts, hood of a cart.
vei ² -yao ¹ -rh ²	圍腰兒	cholera belt.
vei ²	危 1242a1050a	dangerous, imminent, danger, to endanger.
vei ² -chi ²	危急	hazardous, dangerous.
vei ² -ch'u ⁴	危處	a dangerous place.
vei ² -hsien ³	危險	danger, peril.
vei ² -pang ¹ -pu ⁴ -ju ¹	危邦不入	do not go into a disturbed country.
vei ² -ping ⁴	危病	a dangerous illness.
vei ² -tai ⁴	危殆	very hazardous or dangerous.
vei ² -tso ⁴	危坐	to sit indifferent to anything, uncomfortable.
vei ² -tu ³	危篤	imminently dangerous; dangerously ill.
vei ² -wang ²	危亡	dead.
vei ² -yen ²	危言	to point out danger; death-bed words, etc.
vei ²	瓜 為 1235a1047c	{ to do, to be (2 and 4); to make; for, because of. M. 198.
vei ² -chao ¹ -hui ¹ -shih ⁴	為照會事	because or in the matter of communication
vei ² -ché ¹ -ko ⁴	為這箇	on account of this, [(official).
vei ² -ch'én ² -chin ⁴ -chung ¹	為臣盡忠	as minister, be wholly loyal.
vei ² -ch'én ² -pu ⁴ -i ¹	為臣不易	to be a minister is not easy.
vei ² -cho ²	為着	same as 為 alone.
vei ² -chi ³	為己	for one's self.
vei ² -chün ¹ -nan ²	為君難	to be a king is difficult.
vei ² -fei ¹ -tso ³ -tai ³	為非作歹	to act wickedly.
vei ² -ho ²	為何	why? wherefore? for what reason?
vei ² -hsiao ²	為學	to study.
vei ² -jan ²	為然	because, on account of, etc.
vei ² -jên ²	為人	to act as a man; on account of others.
vei ² -kuan ¹ -ti ¹	為官的	officials.
vei ² -li ⁴	為利	for gain.
vei ² -liao ³	為了	same as 為 alone.
vei ² -o ⁴	為惡	to do evil.
vei ² -pu ⁴ -cho ²	為不着	can't do.
vei ² -shan ⁴	為善	to do good.
vei ² -chan ⁴ -tsui ¹ lé ⁴	為善最樂	to be virtuous is very pleasing.
vei ² -shên ³ -mo ¹	為甚麼	why? on what account?
vei ² -ti ¹ -shih ⁴	為的是	because, on account of (what follows).
vei ² -tsui ³ -shang ¹ -shên ¹	為嘴傷身	suffers for gluttony.
vei ² -tzu ³ -chin ⁴ -hsiao ⁴	為子盡孝	as a son, be wholly filial.
vei ² -wu ³	為伍	to form acquaintance.
vei ²	系 維 1242c1049c	to tie, to bind, to connect; to help; important.

<i>wei²-ch'ih²</i>	維	持	to help ; to consider important.
<i>wei²-hsi⁴</i>	維	繫	to tie, to fasten, to connect.
<i>wei²-hsin¹-tang³</i>	維	新黨	the " Reform " party.
<i>wei²-wang³</i>	維	網	a net.
<i>wei²</i>	心	惟 ^{1242c1049b}	to consider ; to have ; to be ; but. M. 441.
<i>wei²-k'ung³</i>		惟	I fear, lest perchance.
<i>wei²-shih⁴</i>		惟	then it is.
<i>wei²-t'ai¹-shih⁴-wén⁴</i>		惟	he alone is responsible.
<i>wei²-tu²</i>		惟	the exception, only.
<i>wei²-yu³</i>		惟	there is only, etc.
<i>wei²</i>	巾	帷 ^{1242b1049a}	a curtain, a tent (chang ⁴).
<i>wei²-chang⁴</i>		帷	curtains.
<i>wei²-mu⁴</i>		帷	a screen.
<i>wei²-p'ing³</i>		帷	same.
<i>wei²</i>	門	闈 ^{1237c1049a}	doors of the palace.
<i>wei²-hsin¹y⁴</i>		闈	lottery on names of successful candidates.
<i>wei²-mên²</i>		闈	door of harem, palace or temple.
<i>wei²</i>	木	桅 ^{1242a1050a}	a mast.
<i>wei²-kan¹</i>		桅	same.
<i>wei²</i>	巾	幃 ^{1236c1049a}	a perfume bag ; curtains.
<i>wei²-man⁴</i>		幃	curtains.
<i>wei²</i>	章	韋 ^{1236b1048b}	dressed leather.
<i>wei²-t'ò²</i>		陀	the Védas.

WEI³	女	委 ^{1239a1051b}	to bend down ; to depute, to send.
<i>wei³-ch'ü¹</i>		委	crooked ; oppression, grievance, hardship.
<i>wei³-ch'ü¹</i>		屈	injustice, wrong, grievance (ch'ü ¹ wang ³).
<i>wei³-ch'ü⁴</i>		去	to send away.
<i>wei³-ch'ü⁴-wan³-chuan³</i>		委	to devise some plan to accomplish it.
<i>wei³-jên²</i>		曲	to entrust to a person.
<i>wei³-lin²-fêng¹</i>		人	to send a neighboring official to,
<i>wei³-p'ai⁴-pieh²-jên²</i>		鄰	to send another man in your place.
<i>wei³-pan⁴</i>		封	to depute a person to manage,
<i>wei³-shu¹</i>		辦	to present ; to depute ; to send a present.
<i>wei³-tun⁴</i>		輸	to be ruined.
<i>wei³-wan³</i>		頤	soft, winning, insinuating.
<i>wei³-yüan²</i>		委	to depute an officer ; the officer deputed.
<i>wei³</i>	尸	員 ^{1243b1051a}	the tail, the end ; small, petty. See i ³ .
<i>wei³-chien¹</i>		尾	unnatural crime ; sodomy.
<i>wei³-hou⁴</i>		後	afterwards, behind.
<i>wei³-hsiu³</i>		宿	the constellation Scorpio.
<i>wei³-lai²</i>		來	to come last.
<i>wei³-mo⁴</i>		末	the fag end of anything.

<i>wei³-shu⁴</i>	尾數	outstanding accounts.
<i>wei³</i>	艸 萎 ^{1239c1047c}	plants drooping; diseased; contracted; rotten.
<i>wei³-chüeh²</i>	萎絕	decayed; exterminated.
<i>wei³-mu⁴</i>	萎木	decayed wood (hsiu ³ mu ⁴).
<i>wei³</i>	人 偉 ^{1236b1051c}	great, remarkable, extraordinary, surprising.
<i>wei³-jên²</i>	偉人	a remarkable person (k'uei ² wei ³).
<i>wei³-ta⁴</i>	偉大	great, remarkable.
<i>wei³</i>	艸 葦 ^{1237b1051c}	reeds (lu ²).
<i>wei³-hsu²</i>	葦蓆	mats made of reeds.
<i>wei³-li⁴</i>	葦笠	a coarse conical rain hat.
<i>wei³-lien²</i>	葦簾	a reed screen hanging down.
<i>wei³-lu²</i>	葦蘆	reeds (lu ² wei ³).
<i>wei³-po⁴</i>	葦箔	a reed mat for temporary walls, etc.
<i>wei³</i>	言 諉 ^{1239c302c}	retract, excuse (t'ui ¹ wei ³).
WEI⁴	木 未 ^{1243c1052c}	not, not yet, not now; 1 to 3 p.m.; the 6th moon.
<i>wei⁴-ch'ang²</i>	未嘗	not in any case, never.
<i>wei⁴-ch'ang²-pu¹-k'o³</i>	未嘗不可	it is allowable, no objection to.
<i>wei⁴-ch'êng²</i>	未成	not yet completed.
<i>wei⁴-chien⁴</i>	未見	not seen
<i>wei⁴-chih¹-ssü³-huo²</i>	未知死活	I don't know whether dead or alive.
<i>wei⁴-ch'ü³-ch'i¹-ti¹</i>	未娶妻的	not yet married, a bachelor (kuan ¹ kun ⁴).
<i>wei⁴-hsiang²</i>	未詳	not clearly explained.
<i>wei⁴-jan²</i>	未然	not so.
<i>wei⁴-ju²-lin²</i>	未入流	[note. "not entered the stream," unclassified, of little
<i>wei⁴-k'o³</i>	未可	not yet suitable.
<i>wei⁴-k'o³-chih¹</i>	未可知	not proper to know; cannot know.
<i>wei⁴-lai²</i>	未來	not yet come.
<i>wei⁴-mien³</i>	未免	could not avoid.
<i>wei⁴-pi¹</i>	未必	improbable, perhaps not.
<i>wei⁴-pi²-chien⁴-ch'i²</i>	未必見其	not very likely, dubious.
<i>wei⁴-pi²-jan²</i>	未必然	not certain, not necessarily.
<i>wei⁴-shih²</i>	未時	1 to 3 o'clock p.m.
<i>wei⁴-ting⁴</i>	未定	unresolved, uncertain.
<i>wei⁴-ts'êng²</i>	未會	not yet, not so; unable; have not.
<i>wei⁴-wên²</i>	未聞	not yet heard.
<i>wei⁴-yu³</i>	未有	not yet in existence, have not, is not.
<i>wei⁴-yüeh⁴</i>	未月	the sixth month. See Note 32.
<i>wei⁴</i>	人 僞 ^{1236a1055a}	false, counterfeit, hypocritical.
<i>wei⁴-cha⁴</i>	僞詐	to deceive, deceit.
<i>wei⁴-ch'ien²</i>	僞錢	counterfeit money.
<i>wei⁴-shên²</i>	僞神	a false god.
<i>wei⁴-tsao⁴-ti¹</i>	僞造的	counterfeit, false.

wei⁴-tso¹
 wei⁴ 田 偽做
 wei⁴-ch⁴'ieh⁴ 畏 1238b1054b
 wei⁴-chü³ 畏 怯
 wei¹-ching⁴ 畏 懼
 wei⁴-i² 畏 敬
 wei¹-nan²-kon⁴-an¹ 畏 疑
 wei⁴-p'a⁴ 畏 難 苟安
 wei⁴-shou³-wei⁴-wei³ 畏 怕 畏尾
 wei⁴-t'ien¹-ming¹ 畏 首 畏命
 wei⁴-tsui⁴-tzü⁴-chin¹ 畏 天 命
 wei⁴-wu⁴ 畏 罪 自盡
 wei⁴ 畏 惡
 wei⁴ 食 喂 { 餵 1239c1054b
 wei⁴ 喂
 wei⁴-hai²-tzü³ 喂 孩子
 wei¹-liao³-mei²-yu³ 喂 了 沒有
 wei⁴-ma³ 喂 馬
 wei¹-niu² 喂 牛
 wei⁴-pao³-liao³ 喂 飽 了
 wei¹-shêng¹-k'ou³ 喂 牲 口
 wei⁴-yang³ 喂 養
 wei⁴ 口 味 1244a1053a
 wei⁴-chi²-hao³ 味 極 好
 wei⁴-ch'i⁴ 味 氣
 wei⁴-tao⁴ 味 道
 wei⁴ 行 衛 衛 1238a1054c
 wei¹-hu¹ 衛 護
 wei⁴-ku¹ 衛 顧
 wei⁴-tsui³-tzü³ 衛 嘴 子
 wei⁴-ts'ung² 衛 從
 wei⁴ 糸 緯 1237a1056b
 wei⁴-hsien⁴ 緯 線
 wei⁴-mao⁴ 緯 帽
 wei³-tao⁴ 緯 道
 wei³-tu⁴ 緯 度
 wei⁴ 人 位 1244c1053b
 wei⁴-kao¹-chiao³-tsun¹ 位 高 爵 尊
 wei⁴-lieh⁴-san¹-t'ai² 位 列 三 台
 wei⁴-p'ei¹-yen²-kao¹ 位 卑 言 高
 wei⁴-tz'ü⁴ 位 次
 wei⁴ 肉 胃 1240b1053c
 wei⁴-ch'i⁴-t'êng² 胃 氣 痛
 wei⁴-han² 胃 寒

to counterfeit.
 to fear, to dread; awe; care.
 timorous, cowardly.
 fear, dread; to be alarmed (ch'ü⁴ p'a⁴).
 to venerate, to reverence.
 dread and suspicion.
 fearing difficulty, indulge in ease.
 fear, dread.
 excessively timid.
 fear Heaven's decree.
 commit suicide from fear of punishment.
 to dread and abominate.
 to feed animals.
 same.
 to feed a child.
 are they (the animals) fed? etc.
 to feed a horse.
 to feed a cow.
 feed full.
 to feed animals.
 to feed.
 taste, relish, any flavour; to relish.
 flavour extremely good.
 taste, flavour.
 same. [town.
 to escort, to protect, to guard; an unwallied
 to guard, to escort.
 to protect, to defend.
 a talkative Tientsinese.
 escort, guard.
 to weave, to bind, to fasten; the woof.
 silk tassel; the woof.
 "tassel hats," official hats.
 parallels of latitude.
 same.
 position, place, situation; a seat. M. 66.
 his rank high.
 of high rank.
 his rank is low, but his words lofty.
 in order, arranged; a position.
 the stomach.
 gripes, pain in stomach.
 "cold" in the stomach.

<i>wei⁴-hu³</i>	胃火	biliousness, indigestion.
<i>wei⁴-k'ou³</i>	胃口	the lower orifice of the stomach, appetite.
<i>wei⁴-k'ou³-pu⁴-ch'ing⁴</i>	胃口不清	to have no appetite or relish for anything. [trust.
<i>wei⁴</i>	言	to speak of, to style; to say, tell; to send; to
<i>wei⁴-ho²</i>	謂	how is it? how is it styled?
<i>wei⁴-shuo¹</i>	謂說	to speak of,
<i>wei⁴</i>	虫 猬	1240c1053c a porcupine, a hedgehog
<i>wei⁴-ch'ung²</i>	蝟虫	same (tz'ü ⁴ wei ⁴).
<i>wei⁴</i>	心 慰	1245a1055c to soothe, to console, to comfort.
<i>wei⁴</i>	鬼 魏	1240a1055a high, lofty, elevated.
<i>wei⁴-ch'üeh¹</i>	魏闕	great gate of the palace.

WĒN¹	水 温	1248a1040a warm, genial, mild, kind.
<i>wên¹-ch'üan²</i>	温泉	hot springs.
<i>wên¹-fêng¹</i>	温風	a gentle breeze (ch'ing ¹ fêng ²).
<i>wên¹ fu²</i>	温服	warm medicines; to take warm doses of medicine.
<i>wên¹-ho²</i>	温和	warm, genial, gentle, benign (man ³ ho ²).
<i>wên¹-hou⁴</i>	温厚	amiable, bland.
<i>wên¹-hou⁴-ho²-p'ing²</i>	温厚和平	very genial disposition.
<i>wên¹-hsi²</i>	温習	to practise.
<i>wên¹-jou²</i>	温柔	gentle, quiet, mild, soft, soothing.
<i>wên¹-ku⁴-chi⁴-hsin¹</i>	温故知新	to go over the old and add new.
<i>wên¹-liang²</i>	温良	mild yet virtuous.
<i>wên¹-nuan²</i>	温煖	warm.
<i>wên¹-pao³</i>	温飽	fed and clothed.
<i>wên¹-shui³</i>	温水	warm water (k'ai ¹ shui ³).
<i>wên¹-ts'un²</i>	温存	mild, gentle, winning.
<i>wên¹</i>	疔 瘟	1248b1040c an epidemic.
<i>wên¹-chên³</i>	瘟疹	epidemic, as scarlet fever or measles.
<i>wên¹-ch'ü⁴</i>	瘟氣	malaria.
<i>wên¹-i⁴</i>	瘟疫	contagion, pestilence, an infectious disorder,
<i>wên¹-i⁴-liu²-hsing²</i>	瘟疫流行	a widespread epidemic.
<i>wên¹-ping⁴</i>	瘟病	contagion, pestilence (ping ⁴ chêng ⁴).
<i>wên¹-sha¹</i>	瘟痧	pestilence, cholera.
<i>wên¹-shên²</i>	瘟神	god of the plague.
<i>wên¹-tsai¹</i>	瘟灾	contagion, pestilence.

WĒN²	文 文	1246a1041a [officers. ornament; literature; classical, veins; civil
<i>wên²-an⁴</i>	文案	the work of writers in a yamèn.
<i>wên²-chang¹</i>	文章	literary essays, belles-lettres.
<i>wên²-chi²</i>	文籍	books.
<i>wên²-ch'ü⁴</i>	文契	an indenture, a deed.
<i>wên²-chiao¹-ta⁴-hsing¹</i>	文教大興	literature very flourishing.

wên²-chou⁴-chou⁴-ti¹ 文縐縐的
wên²-chü³ 文舉
wên²-fuh³ 文法
wên²-fang¹-ssü⁴-pao³ 文房四寶
wên²-fêng¹-shên⁴-hao³ 文風甚好
wên²-hsiu¹-wu³-pei⁴ 文修武備
wên²-hua⁴ 文話
wên²-huo³ 文火
wên²-jên² 文人
wên²-kao³-tzü³ 文稿子
wên²-kuan¹ 文官
wên²-li³ 文理
wên²-li³-pu⁴.shun⁴ 文理不順
wên²-li³-pu⁴-t'ung¹ 文理不通
wên²-miao⁴ 文廟
wên²-ming² 文明
wên²-mo⁴ 文墨
wên²-pao⁴ 文報
wên²-pi³-t'a³ 文筆塔
wên²-shêng¹ 文生飾
wên²-shih¹ 文飾
wên²-shu¹ 文書
wên²-ts'ai³ 文才
wên²-ts'ai²-mao¹-fu⁴ 文才茂富
wên²-ts'ai² 文采
wên²-ts'ao³ 文草
wên²-tzü⁴ 文字
wên²-wang² 文王
wên²-wu³ 文武
wên²-wu³-ch'üan²-ts'ai² 文武全才
wên²-wu³-pai³-kuan¹ 文武百官
wên²-ya³ 文雅
wên²-yo¹ 文約
wên² 耳 聞 1249a1041c
wên²-chien⁴ 聞見
wên²-chih¹ 聞知
wên²-fêng¹-êrh²-lai² 聞風而來
wên²-hsin⁴ 聞訊
wên²-i¹-chih¹-erh⁴ 聞一知二
wên²-ming² 聞名
wên²-tao⁴ 聞道
wên²-t'ing¹ 聞聽
wên²-t'ing¹-shuo¹ 聞聽說

pedantic.
a literary M. A.
book style, style.
writing materials.
literary pursuits much in evidence.
schools and army well developed in a state.
classical language.
a gentle heat ; a wood fire (wu³ huo³).
a literary person.
draft of a document.
a civil officer (wu³ kuan¹).
book style.
style not smooth.
the style is unintelligible.
literary temple.
illustrious.
style, literature.
despatches.
Confucius towers to improve the luck.
a literary B. A. (hsiu¹ ts'ai², hsiang² shêng¹).
ornaments ; to ornament.
official letters (chi¹ mao² pao⁴, ting⁴ fêng¹).
literary acquisitions or talents.
high scholarship.
elegant style or thing ; adorned.
draft of a document.
classical characters, writing.
ancient king.
civil and military.
versed both in literary and military arts.
all the civil and military officials.
polite, well-bred, elegant, genteel. [ch'i⁴].
a contract, an agreement, a deed of sale (yo¹
to hear ; to smell ; to state to.
“ to hear and to see ”, to hear ; to smell.
to hear.
he comes at the first sign.
to hear and examine.
i. e., naturally apt.
famous, to hear of by reputation.
I hear it said ; to listen to reason.
to hear, heard.
I hear it said.

- wên²-wei⁴ 聞味 to smell a smell.
wên² 糸 紋^{1247b1041b} streaks ; fine silk.
wên²-êrh² 紋兒 streaks, lines.
wên²-li³ 紋理 lines in the palm of the hand, etc., streaks.
wên²-yin² 紋銀 fine sycee.
wên² 虫 蚊 蚊 蚊^{1247b1041c} the musquito, gnats.
wên²-chang¹ 蚊帳 mosquito curtains.
wên²-ch'ung² 蚊虫 mosquitoes.
wên²-fu² 蚊拂 mosquito whisk.
- WĒN³ 禾 穩 穩^{1249c1042c} firm, stable, safe ; rest, repose.
wên³-chu⁴ 穩住 firm, stable, steady ; to steady.
wên³-chung⁴ 穩重 firm, steady ; modest, reserved, coy.
wên³-p'o² 穩婆 a midwife ; a female coroner.
wên³-tang¹ 穩當 firm, safe, steady, stable (lao³ lao⁴ shih² shih²).
wên³-t'o³ 穩妥 same (lo¹ li⁴).
wên³ 刀 刎^{1249b1042a} to commit suicide by cutting the throat.
wên³-kêng³ 刎頸 same (mo³ po² tzŭ³).
wên³-ssŭ³ 刎死 same (tia³ ssŭ³).
wên³ 口 噉 吻^{1249b1042a} corners of the mouth, to kiss.
- WĒN⁴ 口 問 問^{1248b1042c} to ask, to examine, to condemn.
wên⁴-an⁴ 問案 to try cases.
wên⁴-chu¹-liao³ 問住了 can't answer the question.
wên⁴-hao³ 問好 compliments of the day, to enquire one's health.
wên⁴-hou⁴ 問候 to make civil enquiries, compliments ; to wait
wên⁴-hua⁴ 問話 an interrogation. [upon.
wên⁴-i¹-wên⁴ 問一問 to ask, to enquire.
wên⁴-kua³ 問剮 to punish by cutting the flesh off the bones.
wên⁴-liu² 問流 to banish to another part of the country.
wên⁴-ming²-po²-liao³ 問明白了 ask till clearly understood.
wên⁴-pu¹-ch'ui¹ 問不出 cannot find out by asking.
wên⁴-ssŭ²-tsui¹ 問死罪 to condemn to death (ting¹ tsui¹).
wên⁴-tah² 問答 question and answer, dialogue.
wên⁴-t'a¹-yao¹ 問他要 to ask him for.
wên⁴-tao³-liao³ 問倒了 the question upset him, he couldn't reply.
wên⁴-tao⁴ 問道 to enquire.
wên⁴-tsui⁴ 問罪 to condemn, to convict.
wên⁴ 玉 璽^{1249c1043b} a flaw, a crack.
- WĒNG¹ 羽 翁 翁^{1250a1046a} an old man ; a title of respect.
wêng¹-fu⁴ 翁父 an old man.
wêng¹-hsieh² 翁鞋 wadded shoes (mien² hsieh²).

wĕng¹-hsü⁴ 翁婿 father-in-law and son-in-law,
 wĕng¹-ku⁴ 翁姑 a husband's father and mother.
 wĕng¹-p'ō² 翁婆 same.
 wĕng¹ 口 吟^{1250a1046a} lowing, humming.
 wĕng¹-wĕng¹ chil²-hsiang² 吟翁直響 continual lowing or humming.

WĒNG⁴ 瓦瓮 甕 甕^{1250b1046c} a wine jar (chiu³ t'an⁴ tzū³). [a city.
 wĕng¹-ch'ĕng² 甕城 the space between the walls at the double gate of
 wĕng¹-ch'ian¹ 甕圈 semilune, enceinte.
 wĕng⁴-kang¹ 甕缸 a wine jar.
 wĕng⁴-tung¹-rh² 甕洞兒 archway at city gate.

WO¹ 穴 窩^{1251b1056a} a nest, a den, cave, hole or lair.
 wo¹-ch'ang¹ 窩娼 a brothel (yao² tzū³).
 wo¹-ch'ao³ 窩巢 a bird's nest; a home.
 wo¹-chiao³ 窩脚 to trip, to catch one's foot (pan⁴ chiao³).
 wo¹-chu³ 窩主 receiver of stolen goods.
 wo¹-hai²-tzū³ 窩孩子 to put a child to bed.
 wo¹-hsin¹-chiao³ 窩心脚 a kick in the stomach.
 wo¹-kno⁴-lai² 窩過來 to bend around inwards (wan¹ ku⁴ lai²).
 wo¹-liu² 窩留 to shelter, to conceal.
 wo¹-p'ĕng² 窩棚 a shanty, a shed (lu² shĕ³).
 wo¹-p'u⁴ 窩鋪 same.
 wo¹-t'iao¹ 窩挑 to sow discord, etc. (t'iao² so¹).
 wo¹-ts'ang² 窩藏 to shelter, to conceal.
 wo¹-tsei² 窩賊 to shelter, thieves.
 wo¹-tzū³ 窩子 a den, a nest (ch'ao² hsiĕh⁴).
 wo¹-wo¹-t'ou² 窩窩頭 cakes in shape of bird's nest.

wo¹ 人 倭^{1251a1057a} crumpled; yielding; Japanese.
 wo¹-chung⁴ 倭種 the Japanese race (contemptuous).
 wo¹-jĕn² 倭人 a Japanese (contemptuous).
 wo¹-kua¹ 倭瓜 a kind of pumpkin.
 wo¹-kuo² 倭國 Japan (insulting).
 wo¹-nang² 倭曠 weak, yielding, timid, dirty.
 wo¹ 足 踉^{1251a1057b} to sprain.
 wo¹-chiao³ 踉脚 to sprain the foot-
 wo¹-t'ui³ 踉腿 to sprain the leg.
 wo¹ 艸 蒿^{1251c1057a} lettuce.
 wo¹-chu⁴ 蒿苣 same.
 wo¹-sun³ 蒿筍 dried stems of a sort of lettuce.

WO³ 戈 我^{1250c627c} I, me, my, our (an¹).
 wo³-hsiung¹-ti⁴ 我兄弟 i. e., I (polite).

wo ³ -i ¹ -i ³ -chüeh ²	我意已決	my idea is already settled.
wo ³ -i ¹ -ko ⁴ -jên ²	我一個人	I, my own self.
wo ³ -kuo ²	我國	our country.
wo ³ -mên ¹	我們	we, us.
wo ³ -mên ¹ -ko ² -jên ²	我們各人	each of us.
wo ³ -mên ¹ -ti ¹	我們的	our, ours.
wo ³ -pei ⁴	我輩	we, us.
wo ³ -pu ¹ -kuan ³	我不管	I will have nothing to do with it.
wo ³ -têng ³	我等	we, us.
wo ³ -ti ¹	我的	my, mine.
wo ³ -ti ¹ -ni ¹	我的呢	and mine? where is mine?
wo ³ -ts'ao ²	我曹	we, us (wên-li).
wo ³ -tzü ⁴ -chi ³	我自己	I, myself.
wo ³ -yü ³ -ni ³	我與你	I and you, I with you.

WO ⁴	臣	臥 ^{1251e1057c}	to recline, to lie down, to sleep, to rest.
wo ⁴ -ch'uang ²		臥床	a bed; to lie on a bed.
wo ⁴ -ch'uang ² -pu ⁴ -ch'i ³		臥床不起	dangerously ill.
wo ⁴ -fang ²		臥房	a bed-chamber (ch'in ³ shih ⁴).
wo ⁴ -hsi ²		臥息	to stop, to cease, to rest.
wo ⁴ -hsiang ¹ -rh ²		臥箱兒	pad inside of cart.
wo ⁴ -kuei ⁴		臥櫃	chest for clothing, etc.
wo ⁴ -t'a ⁴		臥榻	a couch, a bed; to lie on a couch. [See wu ² .
wo ⁴	手	握 ^{1255c1064b}	to close, to cover; to grasp, to take a handful.
wo ⁴ -lou ³		握籃	to carry a basket over the shoulder.
wo ⁴ -ping ¹ -ch'üan ²		握兵權	to have military authority or power.
wo ⁴ -tsuan ⁴		握攬	to grasp and crumple.
wo ⁴ -shou ³		握手	to shake hands, to take hold of the hand.
wo ⁴ -shou ³ -jen ² -huan ¹		握手言歡	to grasp the hand with joyful words.

WU ¹	水	汚 ^{1253e1058b}	[low. foul, filth, filthy; to stain, to defile; degraded, same (ang ¹ tsang ²).
wu ¹		汚	foul, dirty, filthy.
wu ¹ -cho ³		汚濁	to disfigure one's essay.
wu ¹ -chüan ⁴		汚卷	nasty, filthy; to bedaub, to contaminate.
wu ¹ -hui ⁴		汚穢	to dirty or soil a thing.
wu ¹ -hui ⁴ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹		汚穢東西	to defile, to insult, to disgrace.
wu ¹ -ju ⁴		汚辱	an avaricious official (t'an ¹ tsang ¹).
wu ¹ -li ⁴		汚吏	to disgrace a high official.
wu ¹ -mieh ⁴ -ta ¹ -ch'ér ²		汚曠大臣	to disgrace one's name.
wu ¹ -ming ³		汚名	to defile.
wu ¹ -t'u ³		汚塗	to ravish; illicit sexual intercourse.
wu ¹ -yin ²		汚淫	
wu ¹	火	烏 ^{1254a1058a}	a crow; black.

wu ¹ -chi ¹	烏鷄	the silk fowl.
wu ¹ -ch'iao ¹	烏雀	the swallow.
wu ¹ -ch'ou ²	烏綢	black silk.
wu ¹ -fa ³	烏髮	black hair.
wu ¹ -hei ¹	烏黑	black, dark.
wu ¹ -hsü ¹ -yao ⁴	烏鬚藥	hair-dye.
wu ¹ -jên ²	烏人	a black man.
wu ¹ -kuei ¹	烏龜	"black tortoise", a cuckold.
wu ¹ -mao ⁴	烏帽	a black cap.
wu ¹ -mien ⁴	烏面	a black face.
wu ¹ -mo ⁴ -ch'i ¹ -hé ⁴	烏墨漆黑	very black.
wu ¹ -mu ⁴	烏木	ebony.
wu ¹ -sha ¹	烏紗	black crape.
wu ¹ -sha ¹ -mao ⁴	烏紗帽	the Ming crape cap.
wu ¹ -ya ¹	烏鴉	the crow (lao ³ kua ¹).
wu ¹ -yen ¹	烏煙	opium (ta ⁴ yen ¹).
wu ¹ -yu ³	烏有	there is not ; gone.
wu ¹	工巫	1255a1059c a sorceress, a witch, a magician ; magic.
wu ¹ -chou ⁴	巫咒	to recite spells, etc. (tu ³ chou ¹).
wu ¹ -i ⁴	巫醫	"witches and doctors", quacks ; magicians.
wu ¹ -p'o ²	巫婆	a witch, a sorceress (tuan ¹ kung ¹).
wu ¹ -shu ⁴	巫術	sorcery, magic arts (hsieh ² shu ¹).
wu ¹	言誣	1255b1059c to lie, to deceive, to accuse falsely, calumny.
wu ¹ -chéng ⁴	誣證	false evidence.
wu ¹ -kuo ⁴	誣告	to accuse falsely (nieh ¹ tz'ü ² kao ⁴ jên ²).
wu ¹ -lui ¹ -hao ³ -jên ²	誣賴好人	to falsely accuse good people.
wu ¹ -liang ² -wei ² -tao ⁴	誣良爲盜	falsely accuse of theft (wang ⁴ kao ⁴).
wu ¹ -nieh ¹	誣捏	to accuse falsely ; to fabricate, to forge.
wu ¹ (tz'ü)	戶屋	1255b1064a a room, a house, a dwelling (fang ² wu ²).
wu ¹ -chi ²	屋脊	the ridge of the roof.
wu ¹ -lü ²	屋廬	a house, a cottage.
wu ¹ -pi ⁴	屋壁	the wall of a house or room.
wu ¹ -shan ¹	屋山	the gable.
wu ¹ -shê ⁴	屋舍	a house, a cottage.
wu ¹ -tsu ¹	屋租	house rent.
wu ¹ -yen ²	屋簷	the eaves.
wu ¹	口嗚	1254c1058b to sigh, to lament, alas
wu ¹ -hu ¹	嗚呼	same.
wu ¹ -wu ¹	嗚嗚	crying, blubbering.
wu ¹	木槁	1254c1058c ebony.
wu ¹ -mu ⁴	槁木	same.
wu ¹ -mu ⁴ -kan ²	槁木桿	an ebony pipe stem.
wu ¹	木圹	1254a1058b a trowel.

wu ¹ -man ⁴		杓鏝	a trowel.
wu ¹ (wo)	齒踞	齧 ^{1252a1057c}	the teeth too close together.
wu ¹ -ts'u ⁴		齧足	worried, dirty.
WU ²	火无会	無 ^{1257a1059a}	not, not to be, not to have. M. 344.
wu ² -ai ⁴ -yü ² -shih ⁴		無礙於事	it does not interfere with us.
wu ² -ch'a ¹		無差	accurate, correct.
wu ² -ch'ai ¹		無差	without employment.
wu ² -ch'ang ²		無常	to die, death.
wu ² -chi ¹ -chih ¹ -t'an ²		無稽之談	baseless stories.
wu ² -chi ²		無極	boundless, unlimited.
wu ² -chia ⁴		無價	priceless, inestimable.
wu ² -chia ⁴ -pao ³		無價寶	a priceless treasure.
wu ² -chiang ¹		無疆	boundless.
wu ² -chih ¹		無知	ignorant, stupid.
wu ² -ch'ih ³		無恥	shameless.
wu ² -ching ¹ -ta ³ -ts'ai ³		無精打彩	dejected.
wu ² -ch'ing ² -wu ² -li ³		無情無理	contrary to reason and circumstances.
wu ² -ch'ing ² -chin ⁴		無窮盡	without limit or end.
wu ² -ch'u ³ -k'o ³ -ch'ü ⁴		無處可去	no place to go to.
wu ² -ch'ü ⁴		無趣	mortified.
wu ² -c'uang ¹ -shêng ¹ -yu ⁴		無中生有	fabrications out of nothing.
wu ² -érh ⁴ -kuei ³		無二鬼	vagabonds.
wu ² -fu ³ -k'o ³ -ch'u ³		無法可處	no way to arrange the affair.
wu ² -fu ³ -wu ² -t'ien ¹		無法無天	lawless, reckless, abandoned.
wu ² -fang ¹		無妨	of no consequence, etc.
wu ² -fei ¹		無非	really, truly ; is it not ? (mo ⁴ fei ¹).
wu ² -fêng ¹ -ch'i ³ -lang ⁴		無風起浪	baseless.
wu ² -hsi ⁴ -k'o ³ -ju ⁴		無隙可入	no crack to enter.
wu ² -hsia ² -pan ⁴ -li ³		無暇辦理	no leisure to do it.
wu ² -hsiao ² -wên ¹		無學問	no learning.
wu ² -hsien ⁴		無限	unlimited, boundless.
wu ² -hsien ⁴ -wu ² -liang ¹		無限無量	illimitable.
wu ² -hsing ²		無形	invisible.
wu ² -hsing ² -wu ² -hsiang ⁴		無形無像	incorporeal.
wu ² -hua ¹ -kuo ³		無花菓	"fruit without flowers", the fig.
wu ² -hui ³ -wu ² -yü ²		無毀無譽	without praise or blame.
wu ² -i ²		無益	useless, of no benefit.
wu ² -i ³		無疑	without doubt or suspicion.
wu ² -i ⁴ -chih ¹ -chien ⁴		無意之間	unintentionally.
wu ² -i ⁴ -chih ¹ -ts'ai ²		無義之財	unjust gain.
wu ² -kan ⁴		無干	no connexion, no part in.
wu ² -kên ¹ -ti ³		無根底	without root or foundation, unfounded.

<i>wu²-k' o³-ch' ü³</i>	無可取	nothing praiseworthy.
<i>wu²-k' o³-ju²-ho²</i>	無可如何	in straits.
<i>wu²-k' o³-k' ao³-ch' u²</i>	無可考查	without proof.
<i>wu²-k' o³-nai⁴-ho²</i>	無可奈何	irremediable, no help for it, can't help it.
<i>wu²-ku¹</i>	無辜	inoffensive.
<i>wu²-ku⁴</i>	無故	without reason, causeless.
<i>wu²-ku⁴ ch' a¹-sung⁴</i>	無故插訟	needlessly meddling with law.
<i>wu²-kua¹-ai⁴</i>	無礙	no consequence.
<i>wu²-kuan¹-chin³-yao⁴</i>	無關緊要	of no consequence (pu ⁴ yao ⁴ chin ³).
<i>wu²-kuan¹-hsi⁴</i>	無關係	no matter, without consequence.
<i>wu²-kung¹-shih²-lu⁴</i>	無功食祿	useless official.
<i>wu²-kuo⁴-pu⁴-chi⁴</i>	無過不及	the golden mean.
<i>wu²-lai⁴</i>	無賴	no dependence on, nothing to depend on.
<i>wu²-lai⁴-fei³-t' u²</i>	無賴匪徒	rowdies.
<i>wu²-lai²-tzū³</i>	無來子	scamps, vagabond.
<i>wu²-lai²-yu²</i>	無來由	same.
<i>wu²-li³</i>	無禮	unceremonious.
<i>wu²-liang²</i>	無量	immeasurable.
<i>wu²-liao²</i>	無聊	without resource, in despair.
<i>wu²-lu⁴</i>	無論	without discussing, no matter.
<i>wu²-mên²</i>	無門	without ability, or chance.
<i>wu²-ming²</i>	無名	nameless; anger.
<i>wu²-ming²-chih³</i>	無名指	"nameless finger," the fourth finger.
<i>wu²-ming²-shih⁴</i>	無名氏	anonymous.
<i>wu²-ming²-ti¹</i>	無名的	nameless
<i>wu²-ming²-wu²-li⁴</i>	無名無利	neither fame nor profit to be got out of it.
<i>wu²-nai⁴-ho²</i>	無奈何	irremediable.
<i>wu²-nêng²</i>	無能	incapable, inability.
<i>wu²-pi³</i>	無比	incomparable.
<i>wu²-pien¹</i>	無邊	boundless, e. g., a flood.
<i>wu²-pien¹-wu²-an⁴</i>	無邊無岸	same.
<i>wu²-pu⁴</i>	無不	invariably, always.
<i>wu²-sê¹-ti¹</i>	無色的	colourless.
<i>wu²-shan¹-k' o³-ch' ên²</i>	無善可陳	nothing good to relate.
<i>wu²-shih²-mang²</i>	無事忙	even without business he is busy (busy body).
<i>wu²-shih⁴</i>	無事	disengaged, absence of trouble.
<i>wu²-shih⁴-wu²-fei¹</i>	無事無非	without cause, unprovoked.
<i>wu²-shu⁴</i>	無數	innumerable.
<i>wu²-so³-i³</i>	無所倚	nothing to depend on.
<i>wu²-so³-pu⁴-chih¹</i>	無所不知	omniscient.
<i>wu²-so³-pu¹-chih⁴</i>	無所不至	going everywhere.
<i>wu²-so³-pu⁴-hao⁴</i>	無所不好	he likes everything.
<i>wu²-so³-pu¹-nêng²</i>	無所不能	omnipotent.

<i>wu²-so³-pu⁴-tsai⁴</i>	無所不在	omnipresent.
<i>wu²-so³-pu⁴-wei²</i>	無所不爲	able to do anything (kan ³ tso ¹ kan ³ wei ²).
<i>wu²-so³.ts'ou⁴-shou³</i>	無所措手	difficult.
<i>wu²-ssü¹-wu²-pi⁴</i>	無私無弊	wholly incorruptible.
<i>wu²-ssü¹-wu²-lü⁴</i>	無思無慮	free from anxious care.
<i>wu²-tan³</i>	無膽	cowardly.
<i>wu²-tao³</i>	無道	without correct principles.
<i>wu²-ti³</i>	無底	bottomless.
<i>wu²-ti³.k'êng¹</i>	無底坑	bottomless pit.
<i>wu²-t'ou²-an⁴</i>	無頭案	(fig.) without a clue.
<i>wu²-t'ou²-mêng³</i>	無頭蒙	(fig.) stupid blunderer
<i>wu²-tsu¹-wu²-ping⁴</i>	無災無病	free from trouble and sickness
<i>wu²-ts'ou⁴</i>	無錯	accurate, correct.
<i>wu²-tsun¹.wu²-ying³</i>	無踪無影	not a trace of.
<i>wu²-tuan¹</i>	無端	incorrect, improper ; irregular.
<i>wu²-tzü³</i>	無子	childless.
<i>wu²-wei²-chia⁴</i>	無爲教	quietism, a sect of the Buddhists.
<i>wu²-wei⁴</i>	無味	tasteless, insipid.
<i>wu²-wu¹-k'ou³-tsêng⁴</i>	無物可贈	nothing to give as a present.
<i>wu²-yu²</i>	無涯	boundless, unlimited.
<i>wu²-yen².k'ou³-tui⁴</i>	無言可對	nothing to say in reply.
<i>wu²-yin¹</i>	無因	without reason, causeless.
<i>wu²-ying²</i>	無影	shadowless, not a shadow of.
<i>wu²-yu³</i>	無有	without and with, have not, there is not, etc.
<i>wu²-yüan²</i>	無緣	without reason, causeless ; not one's lot or des-
<i>wu²-yüan²-wu².ku¹</i>	無緣無故	without reason, causeless (pu ¹ yu ² ti ¹). [tiny.]
<i>wu²-yüan¹-wu²-ch'ou²</i>	無冤無仇	without enmity, i. e., on good terms.
<i>wu² yung⁴</i>	無用	useless (pu ⁴ chang ¹ yung ⁴).
<i>wu²</i>	毋	do not ; a denial.
<i>wu²-pi⁴</i>	毋必	don't positively.
<i>wu²-wei³</i>	毋違	don't be obstinate, or perverse.
<i>wu²-wei³</i>	毋爲	don't do, don't act as.
<i>wu²</i>	无	not, no, wanting.
<i>wu²-chiang¹</i>	无疆	boundless, illimitable, infinite.
<i>wu²-chiu¹</i>	无咎	faultless.
<i>wu²</i>	口	I, me (wo ³).
<i>wu² hsiung¹</i>	吾兄	my brother (complimentary).
<i>wu²-pei⁴</i>	吾輩	we, us.
<i>wu² têng³</i>	吾等	same
<i>wu²</i>	虫	the centipede.
<i>wu²-kung¹</i>	蜈蚣	same.
<i>wu²-kung¹-t'i¹</i>	蜈蚣梯	a centipede ladder.
<i>wu²</i>	木	name of a tree, the dryandra.

- wu²-t'ung²-shu¹ 梧桐樹 name of a tree, the dryandra. See Note 96.
 wu²-t'ung²-tzu³ 梧桐子 dryandra seeds (used as a medicine).
 wu² 吳 口 1256b1060a to talk loud, to vociferate, to clamour.
- WU³** 二 伍 五 1252a1060c five.
 wu³-ch'ang² 五常 "the five constant [virtues]." R. 311. Note 97.
 wu³-chieh⁴ 五戒 "the five precepts." R. 315. Note 98.
 wu³-chin¹ 五金 the metals.
 wu³-ching¹ 五經 "the Five Classics" R. 315.
 wu³-ch'u¹ 五處 everywhere.
 wu³-chieh³ 五爵 "the five ranks of nobility"—公, 侯, 伯, 子, 男.
 wu³-chung⁴ 五中 the heart. [centre.
 wu³-fang¹ 五方 "five quarters"—east, south, west, north and
 wu³-fang¹-tsa²-ch'u³ 五方雜處 a place where all sorts meet.
 wu³-fang¹-yuan²-yin¹ 五方元音 a Chinese dictionary.
 wu³-fên¹-hsiang⁴ 五分像 "a $\frac{1}{10}$ likeness," a profile.
 wu³-fêng¹-shih²-yü³ 五風十雨 the ideal weather of antiquity.
 wu³-fu² 五福 "the five blessings." R. 312. Note 99.
 wu³-fu²-lin²-mên² 五福臨門 may the five blessings descend on this door.
 wu³-fu² 五服 the five grades of mourning.
 wu³-hang²-pa¹.tso¹ 五行八作 small tradesmen of various sorts.
 wu³-hsing² 五刑 "the five punishments." R. 313. Note 100. [earth.
 wu³-hsing² 五行 "five elements"—water, fire, wood, metal and
 wu³-hsing²-shêng¹-k'o¹ 五行生尅 action and interaction of the elements. R. 313.
 wu³-hsü¹ 五鬚 a full beard.
 wu³-hu³-ta⁴-chiang⁴ 五虎大將 five famous generals of antiquity,
 wu³-hu²-ssü¹-hai³ 五湖四海 the empire.
 wu³-ko⁴ 五個 five.
 wu³-ku³ 五鼓 the fifth drum or watch (about 3 or 4 a. m.).
 wu³-ku³ 五穀 "five grains"—millet, hempseed, rice, wheat and
 wu³-ku³-fêng¹-têng¹ 五穀豐登 a bountiful harvest of all grains. [pulse.
 wu³-kuan¹ 五官 "the five senses." R. 316. Note 101.
 wu³-kuan¹-pai³-hai² 五官百骸 the five senses and all the bones.
 wu³-kuo³ 五菓 "the five fruits," cultivated fruits. R. 316.
 wu³-liu⁴ 五六 five or six.
 wu³-liu²-ch'ang²-jan² 五柳長髯 full beard.
 wu³-lou⁴-ch'ao²-t'ien¹ 五露朝天 the five orifices pointing to Heaven (Confucius).
 wu³-lün² 五倫 the five relations. R. 316. Note 102.
 wu³-nei⁴ 五內 the heart.
 wu³-pa¹-ssü⁴-shih² 五八四十 five times eight are forty.
 wu³-pei⁴-tzü³ 五貝子 nutgalls (or 倍子). [black.
 wu³-sé⁴ 五色 "five colours"—blue, yellow, red, white and
 wu³-shih² 五十 fifty.

wu ³ -tai ⁴	五代	“the five generations”	Note 103.
wu ³ -t'ai ² -shan ¹	五台山	a famous mount in Shansi.	
wu ³ ts'ai ³	五彩	same as 五色 (sê ⁴).	
wu ³ -ts'ai ³ -hua ¹ -hung ²	五彩花紅	colored hangings.	[kidneys.
wu ³ -tsang ⁴	五臟	“five viscera”—heart, spleen, liver, lungs and	
wu ³ -tu ²	五毒	snakes, toads, lizards, scorpions and centipedes.	
wu ³ -wei ⁴	五味	“five tastes”—bitter, sweet, sour, acrid and salt.	
wu ³ -wei ⁴ -tzü ³	五味子	a medicine (used for pulmonary complaints, etc.).	
wu ³ -wu ³	五五	five times five, twenty-five.	
wu ³ -yin ¹	五音	the five tones.	
wu ³ -ying ² -kuan ¹ -ping ¹	五營官兵	five camps of Imperial soldiers.	
wu ³ -yüeh ⁴ -wa ³ -jih ⁴	五月五日	the Dragon-Boat Festival (tuan ¹ wu ³).	
wu ³	人伍	1252b1061a	five, five persons,
wu ³	止武	1256a1061b	military, warlike; strong; dignified.
wu ³ -ch'ei ⁴	武器		military weapons (ping ¹ ch'ei ⁴).
wu ³ -chiang ⁴	武將		a general (chiang ¹ chun ¹).
wu ³ -hsiao ²	武學		a military <i>hsiu-ts'ai</i> ; military studies. [huo ³].
wu ³ -huo ³	武火		“a martial fire”, a strong heat; a coal fire (wên ²
wu ³ -i ⁴	武藝		military arts or tactics.
wu ³ -i ² -ch'a ²	武夷茶		Bohea tea (Fukien).
wu ³ -kuan ¹	武官		military officers.
wu ³ -miao ⁴	武廟		military temple.
wu ³ -pei ⁴	武備		military force or strength.
wu ³ -shêng ⁴ -jên ²	武聖人		the god Kuan Ti.
wu ³ -shih ⁴	武仕		executioners (kuei ⁴ tzü ³ shou ³)
wu ³ -shih ⁴ wei ⁴	武侍衛		Emperor's gate keepers.
wu ³ -tan ⁴	武旦		tumblers, etc., boys personating women in plays.
wu ³	十午	1258c1061a	noon, 11 to 1 o'clock, horary character.
wu ³ -chêng ⁴	午正		noon.
wu ³ -fan ⁴	午飯		dinner.
wu ³ -k'o ⁴	午刻		midday.
wu ³ -mên ²	午門		the southern gate of the palace.
wu ³ -shang ⁴	午上		the forenoon.
wu ² -shih ²	午時		about noon, noontide, 11 to 1 o'clock.
wu ² -yüeh ¹	午月		the fifth moon. See Note 32.
wu ³	人侮	1258c1061c	to deceive, to insult, to despise, to ridicule.
wu ³ -ling ²	侮凌		to insult (ling ² ju ⁴).
wu ³ -man ⁴	侮慢		to despise, to treat with contempt.
wu ³ -nung ⁴	侮弄		to deceive, to despise.
wu ³	舞	1258a1062b	to gesticulate, to posture, to dance, to fence.
wu ³ -chien ⁴	舞劍		sword exercise, brandishing the sword.
wu ³ -nung ⁴	舞弄		to play tricks, to make a fool of.
wu ³ -tao ¹	舞刀		to fence.

wu ³	心 悻	忤	1259a1063a	undutiful, disobedient, stubborn, obstinate.
wu ³⁻ⁿⁱ ⁴		忤逆		perverse, disobedient.
wu ³⁻ⁿⁱ ⁴ -pu ⁴ -hsiao ⁴		忤逆不孝		disobedient and unfilial.
wu ³	人	忤	1258c1061a	to inspect ; an equal ; an opponent.
wu ^{3-tso} ⁴		忤作		a person who holds post-mortem examinations.
wu ³	女	媮	1257e1062a	flattering.
wu ^{3-mei} ⁴		媮媚		soothing, flattering, to cajole (ch'an ⁵ mei ⁴).
wu ³	手	搗	1254c1061b	to cover with the hand.
wu ^{3-érh} ^{3-to} ³		搗耳朵		to muffle the ears (yen ³ ér ^h ³).
wu ³	土 塢	塢	1254e1061b	a dry dock (ch'uan ² wu ³).
wu ³	火	塢	1255a1061b	to bank a fire.
wu ³	鳥	鷓	1256b1061c	kind of parrot.
wu ³	手	握	1255c1064b	to grasp. See wo ⁴ .
WU⁴				
	勺	勿	1259a1065b	not, do not.
wu ^{4-néng} ²		勿能		inability, unable.
wu ^{4-t'ing} ¹		勿聽		don't listen (pieh ²).
wu ^{4-shih} ⁴		勿視		don't look at (fei ¹ li ³).
wu ^{4-tung} ⁴		勿動		don't move.
wu ^{4-yao} ⁴		勿要		don't want, need not.
wu ^{4-yen} ²		勿言		don't speak of.
wu ^{4-yung} ⁴		勿用		don't use.
wu ⁴	牛	物	1259b1065c	things, any thing or creature ; business ; a class.
wu ^{4-ch'an} ³		物產		natural productions.
wu ^{4-chien} ⁴		物件		things.
wu ^{4-ko} ^{2-yu} ^{4-chu} ³		物各有主		everything has an owner.
wu ^{4-lei} ⁴		物類		classes of things.
wu ^{4-liao} ⁴		物料		articles, things.
wu ^{4-shang} ^{1-ch'i} ^{3-lei} ⁴		物傷其類		animals grieve for their likes.
wu ⁴	言	誤	1256c1063c	to delay, to neglect ; to deceive ; false ; erroneous.
wu ⁴	心	悞	1256c1064b	same (tan ¹ wu ⁴).
wu ^{4-ch'ê} ¹		悞車		cart stuck in mire.
wu ^{4-fan} ⁴		悞犯		unintentionally break the law.
wu ^{4-ju} ^{4-mi} ^{2-t'u} ²		悞入迷途		went astray unwittingly.
wu ^{4-kung} ¹		悞工		to neglect or delay work.
wu ^{4-liao} ³		悞了		neglected, delayed.
wu ^{4-liao} ^{3-ts'uo} ^{1-liao} ³		悞了操了		late for drill.
wu ^{4-mao} ³		悞卯		to be late or fail in answering one's name at roll- [call.
wu ^{4-sha} ¹		悞殺		to kill by accident.
wu ^{4-shang} ¹		悞傷		to unintentionally injure.
wu ^{4-shih} ¹		悞失		to miss, to err.
wu ^{4-shih} ⁴		悞事		to delay business.
wu ^{4-tso} ^{4-fei} ^{1-wei} ²		悞作非爲		unintentionally wicked.

- wu¹ 力 務 ^{1261a1062b} business ; the verb " must ; " important. M, 285.
 wu⁴-hsü¹ 務 須 must.
 wu⁴-nung² 務 農 agricultural affairs.
 wu⁴-pên³ 務 本 to attend to the main thing.
 wu⁴-pî⁴ 務 必 must assuredly, is sure to, indispensable.
 wu⁴-yao⁴ 務 要 must, indispensably necessary.
 wu⁴ 心 惡 ^{1259c1063b} to hate, to detest ; abominable, detestable. See o⁴.
 wu⁴-hên⁴ 惡 恨 to abhor, to hate.
 wu⁴-hên⁴-ti¹ 惡 恨 的 abhorred, detested.
 wu⁴-o⁴ 惡 惡 to abominate the bad.
 wu⁴ 雨 霧 ^{1261b1062c} mist, fog, vapour.
 wu⁴-ch'i⁴ 霧 氣 same (yün²).
 wu⁴-lû⁴ 霧 露 mist and dew.
 wu⁴-t'êng²-t'êng²-ti¹ 霧 騰 騰 的 ascending vapor, foggy (yüu³ chang¹ chang¹ ti¹).
 wu⁴ 心 悟 ^{1253a1063a} to notice, to feel, to understand.
 wu⁴-hsing⁴ 悟 性 natural quickness of perception (min³ chieh³).
 wu⁴-pu¹-t'ou⁴ 悟 不 透 cannot comprehend.
 wu⁴ (t'ü) 木 杌 ^{1260c1065a} stunted ; stump of a tree ; a stool.
 wu⁴-t'êng⁴-t'ü³ 杌 櫪 子 a stool (square) (pan³ t'êng⁴).
 wu⁴ 牛 牯 ^{1253b1063a} to butt, resist.
- YA¹ 手 押 ^{1264b1068a} to press ; to guard, to sign ; to pawn.
 ya¹-chieh⁴ 押 解 to escort prisoners.
 ya¹-chieh⁴-ch'ai¹ 押 解 差 escort of taxes or prisoners.
 ya¹-chu⁴ 押 住 to keep in custody.
 ya¹-ch'uan² 押 船 to impress boats for government (t'ieh¹ ch'uan²).
 ya¹-fang² 押 房 to mortgage a house (tien³ mai¹).
 ya¹-fêng¹ 押 封 to seal as houses, vessels, goods, etc.
 ya¹-hua¹-hao⁴ 押 畫 號 to affix one's signature or mark (hua⁴ ya³).
 ya¹-jîk⁴-t'ü³ 押 日 子 to date.
 ya¹-ming² 押 名 to affix one's name.
 ya¹-pan¹-fang² 押 班 房 to be kept in custody by officials.
 ya¹-p'u⁴ 押 舖 unlicensed pawu-shops (hsiao³ ya¹).
 ya¹-shou³ 押 守 to keep in custody, to guard.
 ya¹-sung⁴ 押 送 to convey under arrest (chieh⁴ sung⁴).
 ya¹-t'an⁴ 押 攤 to shake dice (chih⁴ shai³ tzü³).
 ya¹-tang⁴ 押 當 to pawn, to mortgage.
 ya¹-t'ing¹-li³ 押 廳 裏 more honorable detention than in jail.
 ya¹-t'ou² 押 頭 article pledged.
 ya¹-t'ü⁴ 押 字 to sign.
 ya¹-wên²-chu¹ 押 文 書 to fix bargain in case of deeds.
 ya¹-yün¹ 押 韻 to rhyme, rhymes. [ject.
 ya¹ 土 壓 ^{1265a1069a} to press, to crush, to suppress, to oppress, to sub-

ya ¹ -ch'êng ² -man ³	壓盛滿	to cram full.
ya ¹ -chih ³	壓紙	burn paper at temple on a death.
ya ¹ -chih ⁴	壓制	to repress, to keep in subjection.
ya ¹ -ching ¹	壓驚	to keep down alarm, to pacify.
ya ¹ -chui ⁴	壓住	to keep down, to suppress.
ya ¹ -chuang ¹ -man ³	壓裝滿	to cram full.
ya ¹ -fū ²	壓伏	to oppress, to subject, to suppress.
ya ¹ -fū ²	壓服	to subject, to suppress.
ya ¹ -hai ⁴	壓害	to oppress and injure.
ya ¹ -hsiang ¹	壓箱	guardian of theatrical clothes boxes.
ya ¹ -huai ⁴	壓壞	to crush.
ya ¹ -kang ⁴ -tzu ³	壓杠子	a mode of torture. M. 612 (or 杆).
ya ¹ -liang ²	壓量	to presume, to browbeat.
ya ¹ -man ³ -liao ³	壓滿了	to cram full.
ya ¹ -pao ³	壓寶	to play at thimble-rig (pao ³ ho ³).
ya ¹ -p'ing ²	壓平	to flatten; discount of weight in silver (tiao ⁴ [ch'êng ⁴]).
ya ¹ -pu ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	壓不下去	cannot crush down.
ya ¹ -pu ⁴ -ché ²	壓不折	can't break by pressing down.
ya ¹ -shui ⁴	壓睡	nightmare (mêng ⁴ ya ¹).
ya ¹ -ssü ³	壓死	to crush to death.
hi ¹ -t' a ¹ -liao ³	壓塌了	to break down by weight, e. g., a bridge. [dated.]
ya ¹ -tao ³	壓倒	to overthrow; to keep pressed down; intimidate.
ya ¹ tsai ⁴	壓載	ballast.
ya ¹ -tsai ⁴ -t'ieh ³	壓載鐵	kentledge, pigs of iron for ballast.
ya ¹ -tsai ⁴ -ti ³ -hsia ⁴	壓在底下	to press down.
ya ¹	鴨 1264c1068b	the duck.
ya ¹ -chuai ³	鴨蹠	a duck waddles; the waddle of a duck.
ya ¹ -luan ³	鴨卵	ducks' eggs.
ya ¹ -tan ⁴	鴨蛋	same.
ya ¹ -tan ⁴ -ch'ing ¹ -sé ⁴	鴨蛋青色	blue like duck's egg.
ya ¹	呀 1262b1066a	an ejaculation; gaping; a sound.
ya ¹ -lan ² -chih ⁴ -mu ⁴	呀蘭治木	kranjee wood.
ya ¹ -lan ² -mi ³	呀蘭米	cochineal
ya ¹ -ya ¹ -p'ei ¹	呀呀呸	pish! pooh! an insulting contemptuous sound.
ya ¹	鴉 1263a1066a	the crow with a white breast.
ya ¹ -ch'iao ¹	鴉鴉	same (wu ¹ ya ¹).
ya ¹ -ch'iao ³ wu ² -shêng ¹	鴉雀無聲	not a sound to be heard.
ya ¹ -mo ⁴ -ch'iao ³ -ching ⁴	鴉默雀靜	same.
ya ¹ -p'ien ⁴ -yen ¹	鴉片烟	opium (ying ¹ su ⁴ hua ¹ , ta ⁴ yen ¹).
ya ¹	丫 1265a1066a	forked; a female servant or slave.
ya ¹ -ch'a ¹	丫叉	forked, the spaces between the fingers.
ya ¹ -huan ²	丫鬟	a female servant or slave.
ya ¹ -t'ou ²	丫頭	same.

YA ²	牙	牙 ^{1261a1066b}	the teeth (hsiang ¹ ya ²).
ya ² -ch'ê ¹		牙車	the jaw-bone.
ya ² -ch'ên ³		牙礮	gritty.
ya ² -chiang ⁴		牙匠	a worker in ivory.
ya ² -ch'ien ¹		牙籤	a tooth-pick.
ya ² -ch'ih ³		牙齒	the teeth.
ya ² -ch'ing ¹ -k'ou ³ -pai ²		牙清口白	clear enunciation.
ya ² -ch'uang ² -tzü ³		牙床子	the gums.
ya ² -hang ²		牙行	kind of broker or middleman.
ya ² -huang ²		牙黃	buff colour.
ya ² -kan ¹		牙疳	a gum-boil.
ya ² -kou ³		牙狗	male dog.
ya ² -k'ou ³		牙口	the teeth.
ya ² -ku ³		牙骨	the jaw-bone.
ya ² -k'o ¹		牙科	dentistry.
ya ² -kuan ¹		牙關	the jaw-bone.
ya ² -kuan ¹ -chin ³ -pi ⁴		牙關緊閉	lockjaw.
ya ² -kung ¹		牙工	a worker in ivory.
ya ² -mao ¹		牙貓	tom-cat.
ya ² p'ai ²		牙牌	dominoes.
ya ² -sü ⁴		牙色	buff or straw colour.
ya ² -shan ⁴		牙扇	ivory fans.
ya ² -t'êng ²		牙疼	the tooth-ache.
ya ² -ti ¹		牙的	dental.
ya ² -yin ¹		牙音	dental sounds.
ya ²	行	衙 ^{1265b1067a}	a bureau, a public office, a civil or military court.
ya ² -mên ²		衙門	Mandarin's office.
ya ² -shu ⁴		衙署	same.
ya ² -yi ¹		衙役	constables, runners, etc. (tsao ⁴ li ⁴).
ya ²	艸	芽 ^{1262b1067a}	shoots, sprouts, germs, buds; to bud, to begin.
ya ² -ts'ai ¹		芽菜	bean sprouts.
ya ² -tzü ³		芽子	shoots, sprouts, buds.
ya ²	水	涯 ^{1266a1069}	the horizon, the edge; a bank, a shore.

YA ³	二阿	亞 ^{1263b1068a}	ugly; the second in order.
ya ³ -fei ¹ -li ⁴ -chia ¹		亞非利加	Africa.
ya ³ -fu ⁴		亞父	an imperial preceptor.
ya ³ -ju ³		亞如	like, similar, resembling.
ya ³ -sai ⁴		亞賽	same.
ya ³ -shêng ⁴		亞聖	sages of the second class.
ya ³ -ssü ⁴		亞似	like, similar, resembling.
ya ³ -yüan ²		亞元	the second in order of the <i>chin-shih</i> .
ya ³	口	啞 ^{1263b1066b}	dumb (from birth), dumbness, hoarseness.

<i>ya³-mi²</i>	啞謎	an enigma, a riddle.
<i>ya³-mi¹-mi⁴-ti¹</i>	啞密密的	quietly, silently.
<i>ya³-pa¹</i>	啞吧	dumb.
<i>ya³-tzi³</i>	啞子	dumb man.
<i>ya³</i>	𦉳 瘖 ^{1263c1067a}	dumb (from sickness, etc.) nape of the neck,
<i>ya³-chêng⁴</i>	瘖症	dumbness, unable to speak.
<i>ya³-k'ou³</i>	瘖口	same.
<i>ya³-mên²</i>	瘖門	the hollow in the back of the neck.
<i>ya³-sang³</i>	瘖嗓	hoarse.
<i>ya³ tzi³</i>	瘖子	a dumb person.
<i>ya³</i>	佳 雅 ^{1262c1067b}	elegant, refined, learned, pure, simple, correct.
<i>ya³-chih⁴</i>	雅致	genteel, stylish.
<i>ya³-ch'ü⁴</i>	雅趣	refined pleasure.
<i>ya³-su⁴-kung³-shang³</i>	雅俗共賞	both the refined and the vulgar enjoy it.
<i>ya³-tao⁴</i>	雅道	elegant (man), well done (act).
<i>ya³-tzi⁴ü²</i>	雅辭	elegant expressions.

YA ⁴	言 訝 ^{1262c1067c}	to wonder at, to be startled.
<i>ya⁴</i>	車 軋 ^{1264a1068c}	crunching of wheels, a kind of pillory.
<i>ya⁴-ch'ang²</i>	軋場	to crush grain on the threshing floor.
<i>ya⁴-nien³</i>	軋碾	to hull millet.

YANG ¹	禾 秧 ^{1269b1070b}	grain thick and close, first shoots of grain.
<i>yang¹-ko¹</i>	秧歌	songs sung by stilt walkers.
<i>yang¹-miao²</i>	秧苗	rice shoots.
<i>yang¹-tzi³</i>	秧子	first shoots of grain; a wealthy person's child.
<i>yang¹</i>	歹 殃 ^{1269a1070a}	fault, punishment; calamity; to injure.
<i>yang¹-hai⁴</i>	殃害	to injure.
<i>yang¹-huo⁴</i>	殃禍	calamity, judgment.
<i>yang¹</i>	大 央 ^{1269a1070a}	to invite, to entreat; in the middle; wide.
<i>yang¹-chi⁴</i>	央及	to entreat.
<i>yang¹-ch'ü²</i>	央求	to entreat, to beseech.
<i>yang¹</i>	鳥 鶯 ^{1269c1070b}	female of the mandarin duck.

YANG ²	羊 羊 ^{1266b1072a}	the sheep or goat.
<i>yang²-ch'ang²-hsien³</i>	羊腸絃	sheep-gut string.
<i>yang²-ch'êng²</i>	羊城	ancient name of Canton.
<i>yang²-chiao¹-têng¹</i>	羊角燈	horn lanterns.
<i>yang²-chiao³</i>	羊角	a ram's horn.
<i>yang²-chiao³-fêng¹</i>	羊角風	"ram's horn wind", a whirlwind (hsüan ⁴ fêng ¹).
<i>yang²-chiao³-fêng¹</i>	羊角瘋	epileptic fits (hsieh ³ ping ⁴).
<i>yang²-chüan⁴</i>	羊圈	a sheep-fold.
<i>yang²-chuang⁴-li²-pa¹</i>	羊撞籬笆	a sheep stuck in a hedge.

<i>yang²-ch'ün²</i>	羊羣	a flock of sheep.
<i>yang²-jou⁴</i>	[t-ũ ³] 羊肉	mutton.
<i>yang²-jou⁴-ch'uan²</i>	羊肉床子	a butcher's shop.
<i>yang²-jung²</i>	羊絨	fine wool.
<i>yang²-kao¹</i>	羊羔	sheep and lambs, lambs (kao ¹ yang ²).
<i>yang²-kao¹-kuei⁴-ju²</i>	羊羔跪乳	a lamb kneels to suck (filial posture).
<i>yang²-lan²</i>	羊欄	a sheep-pen.
<i>yang²-mao²</i>	羊毛	wool.
<i>yang²-p'ü²-ych⁴</i>	羊皮葉	the common duck weed.
<i>yang²-tsai³ t-ũ³</i>	羊崽子	lamb (kao ¹ yang ²).
<i>yang²</i>	水 洋	1266b1072b the ocean ; vast, extensive ; foreign.
<i>yang²-ch'ien²</i>	洋錢	foreign coin.
<i>yang²-ch'iang¹</i>	洋鎗	a foreign gun, a pistol.
<i>yang²-ch'iang¹-tui⁴</i>	洋鎗隊	the file with foreign arms.
<i>yang²-ch'on²</i>	洋綢	foreign silk.
<i>yang²-ch'uan²</i>	洋船	foreign vessels.
<i>yang²-hai³</i>	洋海	oceans and seas, the ocean, the sea.
<i>yang²-hang²</i>	洋行	a foreign firm.
<i>yang²-hang²-shang¹</i>	洋行商	a merchant engaged in European trade.
<i>yang²-hsin¹-ch'iu²</i>	洋繡球	the common scarlet geranium.
<i>yang²-huo³</i>	洋火	matches (tzü ⁴ lai ² huo ³).
<i>yang²-huo⁴</i>	洋貨	foreign goods.
<i>yang²-huo⁴-chuang¹</i>	洋貨莊	shop for sale of foreign goods.
<i>yang²-kuei³-t-ũ³</i>	洋鬼子	"foreign devil."
<i>yang²-mei²-kuei¹</i>	洋玫瑰	the lemon scented geranium.
<i>yang²-mien⁴</i>	洋面	seas, oceans.
<i>yang²-p'ien⁴</i>	洋片	peep shows.
<i>yang²-pu⁴</i>	洋布	foreign cloths.
<i>yang²-shang¹</i>	洋商	foreign merchants.
<i>yang²-yang²-té²-i¹</i>	洋洋得意	highly elated.
<i>yang²-yao⁴</i>	洋藥	foreign medicine ; opium.
<i>yang²-yu²</i>	洋油	coal oil (mei ² yu ²).
<i>yang²</i>	阜 隕 氤	1270e1071c the male principle, light and heat, [openly], the sun,
<i>yang²-ch'ü¹</i>	陽氣	spring air ; a sort of mist ; conceited.
<i>yang²-chien¹</i>	陽間	amongst the living, alive, in the world.
<i>yang²-ch'un¹</i>	陽春	the spring.
<i>yang²-ch'un¹-yüeh⁴</i>	陽春月	the 10th month. See Note 32.
<i>yang²-fêng⁴-yin¹-wei²</i>	陽奉陰違	hypocrisy.
<i>yang²-kou¹</i>	陽溝	open drain.
<i>yang²-kuan¹</i>	陽關	a public road.
<i>yang²-lä³-t-ũ³</i>	陽蠟子	a kind of hairy caterpillar.
<i>yang²-pao⁴</i>	陽報	an open or manifest recompense.
<i>yang²-shih⁴</i>	陽事	sexual intercourse.

<i>yang²-shih⁴</i>	陽世	in the world, alive.
<i>yang²-shih⁴-san¹-chien¹</i>	陽世三間	in the world.
<i>yang²-shou⁴</i>	陽壽	life, old age.
<i>yang²-t-zh⁴</i>	陽字	raised letters.
<i>yang²-wu⁴</i>	陽物	the male organ of generation.
<i>yang²</i>	手揚 ^{1269c1070c}	[make. to hold up ; to spread ; to excite ; to winnow ; to
<i>yang²-ch'ang²</i>	揚場	to winnow ; a winnowing ground.
<i>yang²-ch'ang²-ch'ü⁴</i>	揚場去	to go off abruptly.
<i>yang²-ch'i⁴</i>	揚氣	conceited, supercilious.
<i>yang²-fan¹</i>	揚帆	to spread sail, to sail, to depart.
<i>yang²-mei²</i>	揚眉	to expand the eyebrows.
<i>yang²-mei²-t'u³-ch'i⁴</i>	揚眉吐氣	very comfortable (shu ¹ fu ²).
<i>yang²-ming²</i>	揚名	to become famous.
<i>yang²-shên¹</i>	揚聲	to vociferate ; to spread a report.
<i>yang²-shou³</i>	揚手	to hold up the hand (chü ³ shou ³).
<i>yang²-t-zh³-chiang¹</i>	揚子江	the river Yang-tse.
<i>yang²-yang²-pu⁴-ts'a³</i>	揚揚不睬	supercilious,
<i>yang²-yang²-tê²-i⁴</i>	揚揚得意	elated.
<i>yang²</i>	木楊 ^{1270a1071a}	a kind of poplar.
<i>yang²-liu³</i>	楊柳	the poplar and willow.
<i>yang²-mei²</i>	楊梅	the arbutus ; a venereal ulcer.
<i>yang²-mei²-chieh²-tu²</i>	楊梅結毒	a buboe, a tumour.
<i>yang²-mei²-ch'uang¹</i>	楊梅瘡	a venereal ulcer.
<i>yang²-mei²-tou¹-t-zh³</i>	楊梅痘子	same.
<i>yang²-chu³-mang²-t-zh³</i>	楊樹芒子	the beard or awn of poplar tree.
<i>yang²</i>	人佯 ^{1267a1072b}	false, unreal ; to feign (chuang ¹ chia ³).
<i>yang²-hsiao⁴</i>	佯笑	to pretend laughter.
<i>yang²-k'uang²</i>	佯狂	to feign madness.
<i>yang²-pu⁴-chih¹</i>	佯不知	to pretend not to know.
<i>yang²-wei²</i>	佯爲	to pretend, fictitious.
<i>yang²</i>	風颺 ^{1271b1071a}	[now. to let off ; to escape ; to sail off ; to fly ; to wiu-
<i>yang²-yen²</i>	颺言	to spread a report.
<i>yang²-ch'ang²</i>	颺場	to winnow grain.

YANG³	食養 ^{1268a1072c}	to rear, to bring up, to support, to nourish.
<i>yang³-ch'in¹-chiu¹-k'ou³</i>	養瞻家口	to support one's family.
<i>yang³-chi⁴-yüan⁴</i>	養濟院	a charity hospital.
<i>yang³-ch'i⁴</i>	養氣	oxygen.
<i>yang³-êrh²-sun¹</i>	養兒孫	to bring up children.
<i>yang³-han⁴</i>	養漢	a woman to keep a paramour.
<i>yang³-hsin¹</i>	養心	to nourish the mind, to cultivate virtue.
<i>yang³-hsing⁴</i>	養性	to nourish one's nature.
<i>yang³-huo²</i>	養活	to support, to rear, to bring up, to nourish.

<i>yang³-lao³-kung¹</i>	養老宮	a home for aged people.
<i>yang³-lao³-yüan⁴</i>	養老院	same.
<i>yang³-lien³</i>	養廉	means of living, salary.
<i>yang³-mu³</i>	養母	a foster-mother.
<i>yang³-mu⁴-ching⁴</i>	養目鏡	glasses to strengthen the eyes.
<i>yang³-niang²</i>	養娘	a foster-mother ; a brothel-keeper.
<i>yang³-ping⁴-yüan⁴</i>	養病院	a hospital (i' ping ⁴ yüan ⁴).
<i>yang³-pu¹-chu⁴</i>	養不住	unable to support.
<i>yang²-shang¹</i>	養傷	under treatment for injuries ; to pay for such.
<i>yang³-shên¹</i>	養身	to take care of one's health.
<i>yang³-shêng¹</i>	養生	to support life.
<i>yang³-t'ou²</i>	養頭	worth supporting.
<i>yang³-yü⁴</i>	養育	to train or bring up.
<i>yang³-yung¹-ch'êng²-</i>	養癰成患	to care for a sore till it becomes a calamity. [upon.
<i>yang³</i>	人仰	to look up to, to trust to, to rely on ; to wait
<i>yang³-chàng⁴</i>	仰仗	to look up to, to rely on, to be dependent.
<i>yang³-kao⁴</i>	仰告	to pray.
<i>yang²-kuan¹-t'ien¹-wên²</i>	仰觀天文	to study astronomy.
<i>yang³-lai⁴</i>	仰賴	to depend on, to trust to.
<i>yang³-mien⁴</i>	仰面	an upturned face.
<i>yang³-mu⁴</i>	仰慕	to look up to or think of a person with regard.
<i>yang³-pa¹-chiao³-rh²</i>	仰八脚兒	to fall flat on the back.
<i>yang³-pan³</i>	仰板	a ceiling (ting ³ pan ³).
<i>yang³-p'êng²</i>	仰棚	same.
<i>yang³-t'ien¹</i>	仰天	to look up to heaven.
<i>yang³-wang⁴</i>	仰望	to look up with hope.
<i>yang³-wo⁴</i>	仰臥	to lie on the back.
<i>yang³</i>	癢	to itch (k'uai ³ , nao ² yang ³).
<i>yang³-su¹-su¹-ti⁴</i>	癢酥酥的	to itch terribly.
<i>yang³-yung²-p' a²-rh²</i>	癢癢爬兒	a sort of rake (to be used when itching).
<i>yang³</i>	癢	a sore, an ulcer ; to itch.

YANG⁴ (<i>tzü</i>)	木 樣	(267c1073c) kind, fashion, manner, way, sort ; a rule, a pat-
<i>yang⁴-ts'ê⁴-tzü³</i>	樣冊子	a pattern book used by tailors, etc. (冊 <i>ch'ai³</i>).
<i>yang⁴-fa³</i>	樣法	fashion, kind.
<i>yang⁴-shih⁴</i>	樣式	same (<i>chü² shih⁴</i>).
<i>yang⁴-shih⁴</i>	樣事	every form of business or affair.
<i>yang⁴-yung⁴-ch'i²-chüan²</i>	樣樣齊全	all complete.
<i>yang⁴</i>	心 恙	sorrow, grief, care, sickness.
<i>yang⁴-ping⁴</i>	恙病	sickness.

YAO¹	肉 腰	(272c1074a) the loins, the waist, the middle.
<i>yao¹ chun⁴</i>	腰站	intermediate stations.

[tern.

yao ¹ -chung ⁴	kua ⁴ -chien ⁴	腰中掛劍	to carry a sword at one's waist.
yao ¹ -fang ²		腰房	the best room in middle of yard.
yao ¹ -li ³ -wu ² -ch'ien ²		腰裏無錢	no money in pockets.
yao ¹ -p'ai ²		腰牌	a soldier's belt ticket.
yao ¹ -pei ⁴		腰背	lower part of back.
yao ¹ -tai ⁴ -cho ²		腰帶着	to gird round the waist.
yao ¹ -tai ⁴ -tzu ³		腰帶子	a sash, a girdle, a waistband.
yao ¹ -tao ¹		腰刀	a short sword, a dagger.
yao ¹ -tao ⁴		腰道	a cross road, a roundabout road.
yao ¹ -t'êng ²		腰疼	pain in the loins.
yao ¹ -t'ung ⁴		腰痛	same.
yao ¹ -tzu ³		腰子	the loins, the waist, the kidneys of animals.
yao ¹ -tzu ³ -jüan ³		腰子軟	e. g., with little money in purse (fig.).
yao ¹ -yen ³		腰眼	the small of the back.
yao ¹	口	吆 1276a1075a	to cry or hawk goods.
yao ¹ -ho ⁴		吆喝	to scold, to call out, to cry wares.
yao ¹ -ho ¹ -ku ³ -i ¹		吆喝故衣	to call out second hand clothing.
yao ¹ -ho ¹ -t'a ¹		吆喝他	scare one by loud talk.
yao ¹ -hu ¹		吆呼	to scold, cry out.
yao ¹ -huan ⁴		吆喚	same.
yao ¹ -huan ⁴ -shên ² -mo ²		吆喚甚麼	what is he crying? etc.
yao ¹	走	邀 1273a1075a	to invite, to request, to want.
yao ¹ -ch'ing ³		邀請	to invite, to request (ch'ing ³ k'o ⁴).
yao ¹ -hui ⁴		邀會	to invite to go with or to one.
yao ¹ -k'o ¹		邀客	to invite a guest.
yao ¹ -mai ³ -jên ² -hsin ¹		邀買人心	to court popularity.
yao ¹ -t'a ¹ -lai ²		邀他來	request him to come, etc.
yao ¹ -ting ⁴		邀定	to command.
yao ¹	大	夭 1273b1074b	untimely, premature; calamitous; delicate, ten-
yao ¹ -chê ²		夭折	cut off prematurely, untimely death.
yao ¹ -ming ⁴		夭命	an untimely fate.
yao ¹ -shou ⁴		夭壽	premature death and long life.
yao ¹ -wang ²		夭亡	premature or untimely death.
yao ¹	女	妖 1273b1074b	demons, imps, fiends, elves, fairies; superhuman.
yao ¹ -ching ¹		妖精	elves, spirits, demons; etc.
yao ¹ -fêng ⁴		妖風	a wind raised by fiends.
yao ¹ -i ⁴		妖異	an ominous portent.
yao ¹ -jên ²		妖人	wizards, sorcerers, cursers.
yao ¹ -kuai ¹		妖怪	strange, unnatural appearance; elfish, impish.
yao ¹ -mo ³		妖魔	a ghost, a fiend.
yao ¹ -mo ² -kuei ³ -kuai ⁴		妖魔鬼怪	evil spirits, hobgoblins.
yao ¹ -nich ⁴		妖孽	an elf, a sprite, a monster, a monstrosity.
yao ¹ -shu ⁴		妖術	magic spell or arts.

[der.

YAO ²	手	搖	1274a1075c	to shake, to move, to wave ; to imitate.
yao ² -ch'ê ¹		搖車		a hammock, swing or cradle.
yao ² -chung ¹		搖鐘		to ring a bell.
yao ² -han ¹ -pu ⁴ -tung ⁴		搖撼不動		cannot be shaken.
yao ² -huang ³		搖晃		to shake, to jolt.
yao ² -i ³		搖椅		a rocking chair.
yao ² -ku ³ -rh ²		搖鼓兒		"shake drum", a pedlar (seller of calico, etc.).
yao ² -ling ³ -rh ²		搖鈴兒		"shake bell", a pedlar (seller of thread, etc.).
yao ² -lu ³		搖櫓		to scull.
yao ² -pai ³		搖擺		to swagger, to strut.
yao ² -shou ³		搖手		to wave the hand
yao ² -t'an ¹		搖攤		a game with dice.
yao ² -t'ou ²		搖頭		to wag the head.
yao ² -t'ou ² -f'eng ¹		搖頭瘋		idiocy in form of shaking head.
yao ² -t'ou ² -huang ³ -nao ³		搖頭晃腦		nodding and wagging the head.
yao ² -t'ou ² -pai ³ -wei ³		搖頭擺尾		head and tail wagging, e. g., a dog.
yao ² -tung ⁴		搖動		to move, to shake, to agitate,
yao ² -yao ² -pei ³ -pei ³		搖搖擺擺		to strut, to swagger.
yao ²	穴	窯	1274c1075c	a kiln, a pottery.
yao ² -chiang ⁴		匠		a potter, a burner of bricks, etc.
yao ² -huo ⁴		貨		pottery, earthenware.
yao ² -kung ¹		工		potter's work, kiln-burning work.
yao ² -t'ung ³ -tzū ³		窯桶子		a coal mine.
yao ² -tzū ³		子		a brothel (ch'ing ¹ lon ²).
yao ²	遙	遙	1274c1076b	remote, distant, far.
yao ² -yüan ³		遠		same.
yao ²	言	謠	1274c1076a	lies, falsehood, slander, rumour ; to slander.
yao ² -ko ¹		謠歌		a ballad, a ditty.
yao ² -yen ²		謠言		rumours, idle unfounded stories (liu ² yen ²).
yao ² -shun ⁴ -chih ¹ -shih ⁴		堯舜之世		the golden age.
yao ²	士	堯	1273c1076b	{ high, eminent ; a celebrated Emperor. B. C. 2156. R. 272.
yao ² -shun ⁴		舜		Yao and Shun, two celebrated Emperors. R. 189.
yao ² -shun ¹ -yü ³ -t'ang ¹		堯舜禹湯		four famous Emperors of antiquity.
yao ² -t'ien ¹ -shun ⁴ -jih ⁴		堯天舜日		the golden age.
yao ²	食	餽	446a192c	prepared food, provisions, victuals.
yao ² -chuan ⁴		餽		same.
yao ²	水	淆	1275b193a	muddy water ; mixed up, confused.
yao ² -hun ⁴		混		same.
yao ²	風	颯	1275a1076b	whirling round with the wind.
yao ²	爻	爻	1275a192c	to imitate ; fortune-telling books.
yao ² -kua ⁴		爻卦		certain symbols, to divine (pa ¹ kua ⁴)
yao ² -tz'ü ²		爻辭		interpretation of signs, etc., in fortune-telling [books.

YAO³

yao³

齒 (齧)
口 (咬)^{1275c1077b}

to bite, to gnaw, to bark.

yao³.ch'ê³

咬 扯

same.

yao³.ch'ün²

咬 羣

to evade, to trump up a case.

yao³.i¹.k'on³

咬 一口

a biting animal, said of bad children.

yao³.jên²

咬 人

to give a bite to.

yao³.k'ing¹.chieh².t'ien³

咬 鋼 截 鐵

to bite a person.

yao³.p'o⁴

咬 破

very fierce.

yao³.pu⁴.tung⁴

咬 不 動

torn by a bite.

yao³.shang¹

咬 傷

can't bite into it.

yao³.shê².êrh²

咬 舌 兒

a wound from a bite.

yao³.wên².chüeh¹.tzü⁴

咬 文 嚼 字

to clip one's words in speaking.

yao³.ya¹

咬 牙

“gnaw letters lick characters”, to study; pedan- [tic.

yao³.ya².ch'ieh¹.ch'ih³

咬 牙 切 齒

to grind or gnash the teeth.

yao³

日 杓 筭^{1276a1076c}

to gnash the teeth.

yao³.shui³

筭 水

to bale out; a ladle. See wai³.

yao³.tzü³

筭 子

to bale or ladle water.

yao³

穴 窵^{1276b1077a}

a ladle (shao² shui³).

deep, profound; retired, still, tranquil.

YAO⁴

yao⁴.chang⁴

西 要^{1271a1077c}

to want, to desire; requisite; about to. M. 32.

yao⁴.chia⁴

要 賬

to collect debts or accounts.

yao⁴.chieh²

要 價

to ask a price, the price asked.

yao⁴.ch'ien²

要 劫

highway robbers (hsiang³ ma³).

yao⁴.chin³

要 錢

to want money.

yao⁴.chin³.ti¹

要 緊

important (chung⁴ ta⁴, tang¹ chin³).

yao⁴.ch'ing²

要 緊 的

same.

yao⁴.chu³

要 晴

it is going to be clear.

yao⁴.fan⁴.ti¹

要 主

a purchaser, a buyer.

yao⁴.kuei¹.chéng¹.tao⁴

要 飯 的

a beggar (ch'j³ kai³).

yao⁴.lu⁴

要 歸 正 道

must return to the true way.

yao⁴.ming⁴

要 路

an important road; fairway of river.

yao⁴.ming⁴.kuei³

要 命 鬼

to take life, deadly.

yao⁴.pu⁴.ch'i³

要 命 鬼

a fatal spirit.

yao⁴.pu⁴.tê²

要 不 起

can't afford to buy it.

yao⁴.shên².mo²

要 不 得

this thing ought not to be taken.

yao⁴.shih⁴

要 甚 麼

what do you want?

yao⁴.shih⁴.yao⁴

要 是

if it is, should it be, etc.

yao⁴.shih⁴

要 是 要

I do want it.

yao⁴.ssü³

要 事

an important matter.

yao⁴.tei³

要 死

at the point of death.

yao⁴.to¹.shao³

要 得

must, necessary to, etc.

yao⁴.tung¹.hsi¹

要 多 少

how much do you want?

要 東 西

to buy articles.

yao ⁴ -tso ⁴		要做	about to do.
yao ⁴ -#so ³		要走	about to go.
yao ⁴ -yao ⁴		要要	to be on the point of.
yao ⁴ -yen ²		要言	important words.
yao ⁴	艸	藥	medicine (also yüeh ⁴).
yao ⁴		藥	same.
yao ⁴ -chi ⁴		劑	a dose of medicine.
yao ⁴ -ching ⁴		敬	a physician's fee.
yao ⁴ -chü ²		局	a dispensary.
yao ⁴ -fang ¹		方	a medical prescription.
yao ⁴ -liao ⁴		料	medicines.
yao ⁴ -mo ⁴		末	medicinal powders.
yao ⁴ -p'u ⁴		舖	a chemist's shop.
yao ⁴ -san ³		散	medicinal powders.
yao ⁴ -shih ² -ch'êng ² -ch'ou ²		藥石成仇	good medicine is hated (if bitter).
yao ⁴ -shu ¹		藥書	medical books.
yao ⁴ -ssü ³		藥死	to poison (by accident or purposely).
yao ⁴ -tan ¹ -rh ²		藥單兒	a medical prescription.
yao ⁴ -tien ⁴		藥店	a dispensary, a chemist's shop.
yao ⁴ -ts'ai ²		藥材	medicines, drugs.
yao ⁴ -wan ²		藥丸	a pill.
yao ⁴ -yin ³ -tzü ³		藥引子	something to take along with the medicine.
yao ⁴	羽耀	耀	1276c1078b splendour, bright, glorious; to dazzle.
yao ⁴ -hui ¹		耀輝	glorious (also yüeh ⁴).
yao ⁴ -yen ³		耀眼	to dazzle the eyes (huang ³ yen ³).
yao ⁴ -yen ³ -chên ¹ -kuang ¹		耀眼爭光	dazzling.
yao ⁴ (tzü)	疔	瘡	1277b633c fever and ague (also yüeh).
yao ⁴ -chi ²		瘡疾	same (fa ¹ yao ⁴ tzü ³).
yao ⁴ -ping ⁴		瘡病	same.
yao ⁴	金	鑰	1277b1117b a key, a lock, a bolt (also yüeh).
yao ⁴ -shih ²		鑰匙	a key.
yao ⁴	糸	約	1310b1117a to weigh. See ch'êng ⁴ , yo ¹ .
yao ⁴ -i ⁴ -yao ⁴		約一約	to weigh; weigh it.
yao ⁴ -yao ⁴ -fen-ling ²		約約分量	to estimate the weight.

YEH ¹	口	噎	1279a1080b to choke, to suffocate; to hiccup.
yeh ¹ -chu ⁴		噎住	to stick fast or something stuck fast in the throat.
yeh ¹ -ko ³		噎隔	the hiccup, to hiccup; to vomit; colic, cholera.
yeh ¹ -shih ²		噎食	to choke.
yeh ¹ -ssü ³ -kuei ³		噎死鬼	spirit of man who died by choking.

YEH ²	父	爺	1278c1079a father, a term of respect.
yeh ² -érh ² -lia ³		爺兒倆	father and son or daughter.

<i>yeh²-mén¹</i>	爺們	a man, men, personal attendants of official.
<i>yeh²-niang²</i>	爺娘	father and mother.
<i>yeh²-t'ai²</i>	爺台	a term of respect.
<i>yeh²-yeh²</i>	爺爺	a grandfather.
<i>yeh²</i>	耳耶	father ; interrogative particle.
<i>yeh²-ho⁴-hua¹</i>	耶和華	Jehovah.
<i>yeh²-su¹</i>	耶蘇	Jesus.
<i>yeh²-su¹-chiao⁴</i>	耶蘇教	the religion of Jesus, Protestantism.
<i>yeh²-su¹-t'ang²</i>	耶蘇堂	a Christian church or chapel.
<i>yeh² (tzŭ)</i>	木椰	the cocoa-nut.
<i>yeh²-tzŭ³-shu¹</i>	椰子樹	cocoa-nut tree.

YEH³	乙	也	1279b1079b	and, also, even, besides, likewise, still ; final [particle.
<i>yeh³-hao³</i>		也好		also well, still it is good, etc.
<i>yeh³-hsing³</i>		也行		still it will do.
<i>yeh³-k'o³-i³</i>		也可以		also do ; still answer, etc.
<i>yeh³-ming³-pai²</i>		也明白		also clear.
<i>yeh³-nêng²-kou¹</i>		也能		also able to.
<i>yeh³-pa¹-liao³</i>		也罷了		still do, all right, never mind.
<i>yeh³-pu¹-hsing²</i>		也不行		besides it will not do, it will not do either.
<i>yeh³-ts'êng¹</i>		也曾		already.
<i>yeh³</i>	里	野	1279c1079c	country, moor, common, wilderness, rustic, wild.
<i>yeh³-chi¹</i>		野鷄		the pheasant (shan ¹ chi ¹).
<i>yeh³-chu¹</i>		野猪		a wild hog or boar.
<i>yeh³-chu¹-huan²-yüan⁴</i>		野猪還愿		(fig.) a substitute for real culprit.
<i>yeh³-chung³</i>		野種		a bastard.
<i>yeh³-hua¹</i>		野花		wild flowers ; prostitutes.
<i>yeh³-jên²</i>		野人		countrymen, rustics, barbarians.
<i>yeh³-mao¹</i>		野貓		the wild cat.
<i>yeh³-shih²</i>		野食		prey, pickings.
<i>yeh³-shou⁴</i>		野獸		wild animals.
<i>yeh²-ti⁴</i>		野地		uncultivated or uninhabited ground (k'uang ⁴ [yeh ³]).
<i>yeh³-tai¹-fŭ¹</i>		野大夫		wandering quack.
<i>yeh³-t'an¹-ti¹</i>		野攤的		wandering vendor of sundries.
<i>yeh³-t'on²-yeh³-nao³</i>		野頭野腦		wild, unruly.
<i>yeh³-ts'an²-ssü¹</i>		野蠶絲		wild raw silk.
<i>yeh³-ts'ai¹</i>		野菜		wild vegetables.

YEH⁴	夕	夜	1277c1080a	night.
<i>yeh⁴-ch'a²</i>		夜察		night watchmen, patrol, rounds.
<i>yeh⁴-ch'a¹-kwei³</i>		夜叉鬼		a night ogre.
<i>yeh⁴-chien¹</i>		夜間		in the night, during the night.
<i>yeh⁴-chin³</i>		夜緊		not safe at nights.
<i>yeh⁴-ching⁴</i>		夜靜		the stillness of night.

yeh ⁴ -chü ⁴ -ming ² -san ⁴	夜聚明散	the meeting of secret societies.
yeh ⁴ -hei ¹	夜黑	a dark night, the night is dark.
yeh ⁴ -hsing ²	夜行	to travel by night; thieves.
yeh ⁴ -hsün ²	夜巡	night patrol or rounds.
yeh ⁴ -hu ²	夜壺	a chamber utensil (picn ⁴ hu ²).
yeh ⁴ -ko ⁴	夜個	yesterday (tso ² t'ien ¹).
yeh ⁴ -kuang ¹	夜光	"bright at night", the carbuncle; a firefly.
yeh ⁴ -kuang ¹ -chu ¹	夜光珠	the pearl.
yeh ⁴ -kuang ¹ -shih ²	夜光石	the carbuncle.
yeh ⁴ -lai ²	夜來	yesterday.
yeh ⁴ -li ³	夜裏	at night.
yeh ⁴ -li ² -shih ² -hon ¹	夜裏時候	night time, in the night.
yeh ⁴ -lai ² -hsiang ¹	夜來香	the tuberose.
yeh ⁴ -mao ¹ -tzü ³	夜貓子	"night cat", the owl (ch'ih ¹ hsiao ¹).
yeh ⁴ -ming ² -chu ¹	夜明珠	the carbuncle.
yeh ⁴ -ming ² -sha ¹	夜明沙	ordure used as medicine.
yeh ⁴ -p'iao ⁴	夜票	a "night permit" to load a ship during the night.
yeh ⁴ -pu ⁴ -pi ⁴ -hu ¹	夜不閉戶	"night not close doors", peaceful, safe (golden during the night. [age].
yeh ⁴ -shang ¹	夜上	late at night.
yeh ⁴ -shên ¹	夜深	late at night, night.
yeh ⁴ -wan ³	夜晚	every night.
yeh ⁴ -yeh ⁴	夜夜	
yeh ⁴	木業	1280a1082a land, property, estates; an affair, occupation.
yeh ⁴ -ching ¹	業經	past and done, already done.
yeh ⁴ -chu ³	業主	a man of property (chu ³ hu ⁴).
yeh ⁴ -i ³	業已	past and done, already done.
yeh ⁴ -pu ⁴ -ti ³ -chai ⁴	業不抵債	assets not equal to debts.
yeh ⁴	手掖	1278a1095a to hold up, to assist; to lean against.
yeh ⁴ -ch'ü ³ -i ¹ -shang ¹	掖起衣裳	to tuck the clothes in, e g., the girdle.
yeh ⁴ -t'ing ²	掖庭	side apartments in the palace or yaméns.
yeh ⁴ -yüan ²	掖垣	wall round the palace.
yeh ⁴ (tzü)	艸葉	1280c1081a leaf of a tree, book, etc.
yeh ⁴ -tzü ³ yen ¹	葉子菸	tobacco in leaf.
yeh ⁴	肉腋	1278b1095a the armpit (ko ² chon ³ wo ¹).
yeh ⁴ -hsia ⁴	腋下	under the armpit; the side near to one. [visit.
yeh ⁴	言謁	1281b1080a to state, to declare, to request, to petition; to
yeh ⁴ -chien ⁴	謁見	to pay a visit to a superior (pai ⁴ yeh ⁴).
yeh ⁴	手曳拽	563b282c to pull, to drag, to lead, to draw. See chuai ⁴ .
yeh ⁴ -kên ⁴	拽根	a strap (for pulling on shoes) (t'i ² hsieh ²).
yeh ⁴ (tzü)	頁	1279a194c the head; the leaf of a book, etc.

YEN¹ 火菸煙 (烟) 1283a1082a smoke; tobacco; opium.
 yen¹ (煙) samec.

yen ¹ -ch'ên ²	煙塵	rebellion, anarchy, revolt.
yen ¹ -ch'iang ¹	煙鎗	an opium pipe.
yen ¹ -ch'i ¹ -t'ên ² -t'êng ²	煙氣騰騰	the smoke ascends in volumes.
yen ¹ -chiu ³ -hsieh ² -chuan ¹	煙酒邪莊	wine and opium are a bad trade.
yen ¹ -ch'ung ¹	煙衝	an outlet for the smoke.
yen ¹ -ho ² -pao ¹	煙荷包	a tobacco pouch.
yen ¹ -hsün ¹ -huo ³ -liao ²	煙熏火燎	opium den.
yen ¹ -hua ¹ -lang ¹ -tzü ³	煙花浪子	a rake, a debauchee.
yen ¹ -hua ¹ -liu ³ -hsiang ⁴	煙花柳巷	opium shops and brothels.
yen ¹ -hsia ²	煙霞	red sky or halo at the rising or setting of the sun.
yen ¹ -kuan ³	煙館	sooty and scorched.
yen ¹ -mei ²	煙煤	"smoke coal", the common coal.
yen ¹ -p'an ² -izü ³	煙盤子	tray for tobacco etc.
yen ¹ -pao ¹ -rh ²	煙包兒	a tobacco pouch
yen ¹ -ssü ¹	煙絲	tobacco (manufactured).
yen ¹ -tai ⁴	煙袋	a pipe.
yen ¹ -tai ⁴ -kan ¹ -rh ²	煙袋杆兒	the stem of a pipe.
yen ¹ -tai ⁴ -kuo ¹ -rh ²	煙袋鍋兒	the bowl of a pipe.
yen ¹ -tai ⁴ -tsui ³ -rh ²	煙袋嘴兒	the mouth-piece of a pipe.
yen ¹ -t'ai ²	煙台	Yen-t'ai, i. e., Chefoo.
yen ¹ -t'ou ²	煙頭	the amount of opium smoked, e g , daily.
yen ¹ -t'u ³	煙土	opium (ya ¹ p'ien ⁴).
yen ¹ -tun ¹	煙墩	smoke signals or beacons.
yen ¹ -t'ung ³	煙筒	a pipe, a chimney (tsao ² tu ²).
yen ¹ -wu ¹	煙霧	fog, mist, vapour (un ⁴ ch'i ⁴).
yen ¹ -yeh ⁴	煙葉	tobacco in leaf.
yen ¹ -giu ³	煙癮	the craving for opium.
yen ¹	水淹	to drown; to soak, to saturate; to spoil.
yen ¹ -mu ² -liao ³	淹沒了	drowned.
yen ¹ -ni ⁴	淹溺	to drown.
yen ¹ -pai ⁴	淹敗	to spoil by water (lao ⁴ huai ⁴).
yen ¹ -shih ¹	淹濕	soaking wet.
yen ¹ -ssü ³	淹死	to drown.
yen ¹ -ssü ³ -kuei ³	淹死鬼	spirit of a drowned man.
yen ¹	酉醃	pickles, brine; to preserve in brine (hsien ²).
yen ¹ -chi ¹ -ya ¹ -tan ⁴	醃鷄鴨蛋	to pickle hen's and duck's eggs.
yen ¹ -huo ³ -tui ³	醃火腿	to salt hams.
yen ¹ -jou ⁴	醃肉	to salt meat; salt meat, corned beef.
yen ¹ -ts'ai ⁴	醃菜	to preserve vegetables; salted vegetables.
yen ¹ -yü ⁴	醃魚	to salt fish; salt fish.
yen ¹	火焉	how? what? don't. M. 444 (ch'i ²).
yen ¹ -chih ¹	焉知	how do I know? I don't know?
yen ¹ -kan ³	焉敢	how dare I? I dare not.

yen ¹ -néng ²	焉能	how able to? I am not able to.
yen ¹ -yu ³ .tz'ü ³ -li ³	焉有此理	does such a principle exist?
yen	肉臊	the throat; rouge.
yen ¹ -chih ¹	胭脂	rouge, a cosmetic.
yen ¹ -fén ³	腮粉	rouge and powder.
yen ¹ -hou ²	咽喉	the throat (hou ² lung ³).
yen ¹	艸煙烟	菸
yen ¹ -chüan ³	菸捲	tobacco (see above). a cigar.
yen ¹ -ma ² .t'ien ⁴	菸蔴店	a tobacco and hemp shop.
yen ¹	門劊	閹
yen ¹ -chu ¹	閹猪	to castrate a pig.
yen ¹ -ko ¹	閹割	to castrate.
YEN²	水迢沿	沿
yen ² -ch'ên ²	沿城	1286c1085c a bank, a shore; to flow; to make a tour.
yen ² -hai ³	沿海	running along the city wall, e. g., a road.
yen ² -ho ²	沿河	places on the sea coast.
yen ² -lu ⁴	沿路	to skirt along the river.
yen ² -pien ¹ .r'h ²	沿邊兒	to make a tour, to go a route.
yen ² -tao .r'h ²	沿道兒	the side, edge, border, etc.
yen ² -t'ü ²	沿途	to make a tour, to follow a route.
yen ²	延	same.
yen ² -ch'an ²	延纏	1287a1084c a long time, protracted; slow, dilatory; remote.
yen ² -ch'ang ²	延長	a long time, protracted.
yen ² -ch'ih ²	延遲	extended.
yen ² -chiu ³	延久	to delay.
yen ² -huan ³	延緩	to stay long.
yen ² -ko ¹	延擱	to delay (ch'ih ² yen ²).
yen ² na ⁴	延納	slowly; to delay.
yen ² -nien ²	延年	to invite; to receive; to give.
yen ² -shou ⁴	延壽	advanced in years.
yen ² -yai ²	延捱	same.
yen ²	嚴	to put off, to delay.
yen ² -chéng ³	嚴整	1287c1084b [spect. stern, severe, grave, dignified, majestic; to re-
yen ² -chia ³ fung ² -fan ¹	嚴加防範	austere; imposing, close, compact.
yen ² -chia ¹ -kuan ³ -shu ⁴	嚴加管束	to strictly guard against.
yen ² -chin ³	嚴緊	to increase in strictness of restraint.
yen ² -chin ⁴	嚴禁	severe, strict.
yen ² -ching ⁴	嚴敬	to strictly prohibit.
yen ² -chün ¹	嚴君	respectful, reverential.
yen ² -chung ⁴	嚴重	your father.
yen ² -fa ²	嚴罰	grave.
yen ² -fu ¹	嚴父	severe punishments (ts'ung ² chung ⁴).
		your father (ling ⁴ tsun ¹).

<i>yen²-han²</i>	嚴寒	extremely cold.
<i>yen²-hsing²-shca³-hsin¹</i>	嚴刑審訊	to severely punish and examine.
<i>yen²-li⁴</i>	嚴厲	severe.
<i>yen²-ling⁴</i>	嚴令	strict orders.
<i>yen²-mi⁴</i>	嚴密	private, retired, e.g. a room (chin ³ mi ⁴).
<i>yen²-ming⁴</i>	嚴命	strict orders.
<i>yen²-shih²-shih²-ti¹</i>	嚴實實的	most strictly.
<i>yen²-su⁴</i>	嚴肅	solemn, grave.
<i>yen²-yen²-ti¹</i>	嚴嚴的	very stern.
<i>yen²</i>	言 <small>1282a 1083c</small>	words, talk, discourse; to speak.
<i>yen²-ch'a¹-yü³-ts'o⁴</i>	言差語錯	a misunderstanding.
<i>yen²-ch'i²</i>	言其	that is, as much as to say.
<i>yen²-chin⁴-chih³-yüan³</i>	言近指遠	to speak of the near, alluding to the distant.
<i>yen²-êrh²-yu³-hsin⁴</i>	言而有信	when he speaks, he is reliable.
<i>yen²-kuan¹</i>	言官	censors (yü ⁴ shih ²).
<i>yen²-ming²</i>	言明	to state distinctly, to stipulate or agree on.
<i>yen²-ming²-pai²</i>	言明白	same.
<i>yen²-pu¹-êrh²-chia⁴</i>	言不二價	only one price (store sign) (hua ⁴ i ¹ pu ⁴ êrh ⁴).
<i>yen²-pu⁴-hsü¹-fu¹</i>	言不虛發	his words are not false.
<i>yen²-pu⁴-ya⁴-chung¹</i>	言不壓衆	mere words cannot upset the general will.
<i>yen²-san⁴-yü³-ssü⁴</i>	言三語四	to say repeatedly, to reiterate.
<i>yen²-t'an²-hua⁴-yü³</i>	言談話語	speaking.
<i>yen²-tuo¹</i>	言道	to say; he said.
<i>yen²-ting⁴</i>	言定	positively, absolutely.
<i>yen²-to¹-yü³-shih¹</i>	言多語失	too many words, many mistakes.
<i>yen²-tzü²</i>	言詞	an expression.
<i>yen²-tz'ü²</i>	言辭	same.
<i>yen²-wu⁴</i>	言誤	to mistake in conversation.
<i>yen²-yü³</i>	言語	words, sayings, conversation, discourse; to speak.
<i>yen²-yü³-hsiang¹</i>	言語箱	a "talk-box" (hua ⁴ hsia tzü ²).
<i>yen²</i>	鹽 <small>1289b 1086a</small>	salt; salted; to salt (hsien ²).
<i>yen²-ch'ang³</i>	鹽廠	salt pans, manufactories or stores.
<i>yen²-chéng⁴</i>	鹽政	the administration of the salt.
<i>yen²-chuan¹</i>	鹽磚	salt bricks.
<i>yen²-ch'uan²</i>	鹽船	boat for conveyance of government salt.
<i>yen²-lu³</i>	鹽滷	lyc (in block). (lu ³ shui ³).
<i>yen²-lü²-tzü³</i>	鹽子	a dealer in smuggled salt.
<i>yen²-mei²</i>	鹽梅	salted prunes, olives.
<i>yen²-shang¹</i>	鹽商	a salt merchant.
<i>yen²-shuang¹</i>	鹽霜	hoar frost.
<i>yen²-t'an¹</i>	鹽灘	salt pans or manufactories.
<i>yen²-tao⁴</i>	鹽直	a Salt Taotai.
<i>yen²-ti²-chü³</i>	鹽提舉	a salt-official.

<i>yen²-lien⁴</i>	鹽店	government salt office.
<i>yen²-ts'ai⁴</i>	鹽菜	salted vegetables.
<i>yen²-tse⁴</i>	鹽賊	salt thieves.
<i>yen²-yüan⁴-ya²-mén²</i>	鹽院衙門	a Salt Yamên.
<i>yen²-yün⁴-sü¹</i>	鹽院司	a salt commissioner. G 277.
<i>yen²-yün⁴-shih³</i>	鹽運使	Salt Comptroller.
<i>yen²</i>	石 硯	to rub Chinese ink on the ink slab.
<i>yen²-chiu¹</i>	硯	to investigate minutely (shên ³ chin ¹).
<i>yen²-ch'uan²</i>	硯船	a boat-shaped mortar in drug stores.
<i>yen²-hsi⁴</i>	硯細	to rub Chinese ink well or fine.
<i>yen²-mo⁴</i>	硯磨	to turn a hand-mill (t'ui ¹ mo ⁴).
<i>yen²-mo⁴</i>	硯末	to grind to powder (as drugs, etc.).
<i>yen²-mo⁴</i>	硯墨	to rub Chinese ink.
<i>yen²</i>	火 炎	to blaze; flame; hot, burning; gloriou, bright.
<i>yen²-fêng¹</i>	炎風	a hot wind.
<i>yen²-shang⁴</i>	炎上	to flare up.
<i>yen²-t'ien¹</i>	炎天	the hot season, hot weather.
<i>yen²-yen²</i>	炎炎	blazing up.
<i>yen²</i>	頁 顏	the countenance; colour.
<i>yen²-liao⁴</i>	顏料	colours, paints.
<i>yen²-sé⁴</i>	顏色	the countenance; colour.
<i>yen²</i>	竹 筵	1287c1085a a mat; a feast, banquet or entertainment.
<i>yen²-hsi²</i>	筵席	same (fu ⁴ hsi ²).
<i>yen²-yen⁴</i>	筵宴	a banquet.
<i>yen² (tzi)</i>	竹 檐 簷	1088c1086a the eaves of a house.
<i>yen³-hsia⁴</i>	簷下	under the eaves.
<i>yen²</i>	門 閭	1294a1084a the gate to a village.
<i>yen²-wang³</i>	閭王	the Chinese Pluto.
<i>yen²</i>	艸 芫	1347a1135a coriander.
<i>yen²-sui¹</i>	芫荽	same.
YEN³	手 揜	1285c1088b to screen, to conceal, to shut, to stroke.
<i>yen³-ch'é¹</i>	揜車	to block the cart wheel.
<i>yen³-cho²-huai²</i>	揜着懷	covering the breast, i. e., keeping a secret.
<i>yen³-érh³</i>	揜耳	to shut one's ears (wu ³ erh ³ to ³).
<i>yen³-érh³-tao⁴-ling²</i>	揜耳盜鈴	to shut one's ears and steal a bell (figuratively).
<i>yen³-fu²</i>	揜敷	to apply (as ointment, etc.).
<i>yen³-kai⁴</i>	揜蓋	to cover over, to screen.
<i>yen³-k'ou³-érh²-hsiao⁴</i>	揜口而笑	covering the mouth and smiling.
<i>yen³-lei⁴</i>	揜淚	to conceal one's tears.
<i>yen³-mai²</i>	揜埋	to shut up, to close, to cover over, to bury.
<i>yen³-mén²</i>	揜門	to close a door (pi ⁴ mén ²).
<i>yen³-mien⁴</i>	揜面	to cover or shade the face.

yen ³ pi ⁴	掩蔽	to shelter, to cover over.
yen ³ -pi ⁴	掩閉	to exclude, to shut out.
yen ³ -pi ⁴	掩鼻	to stop the nose.
yen ³ -sha ¹	掩殺	to exterminate.
yen ³ -ts'ang ²	掩藏	to hide.
yen ³	目眼 ¹²⁹¹ a1086b	the eye, numeral of wells, etc.
yen ³ -ch'an ²	眼饒	as you look covetous of food.
yen ³ -chêng ¹ -chêng ¹ -ti ¹	眼睜睜的	in plain sight, before the eyes.
yen ³ -chieh ⁴	眼界	boundary of sight, mental horizon.
yen ³ -chien ⁴ -shou ³ -k'uai ⁴	眼尖手快	a sharp eye and a quick hand.
yen ³ -chieh ⁴ -nu ⁴ -tu ³	眼見目睹	to see with one's own eyes.
yen ⁴ -ch'ien ²	眼前	before one's eyes.
yen ³ -chieh ¹ -mao ²	眼睫毛	eye-lashes.
yen ³ -chin ⁴ -shih ⁴	眼近視	short-sighted.
yen ³ -ching ⁴	眼鏡	spectacles, eye-glasses.
yen ³ -ching ¹	眼睛	the eyes.
yen ³ -ching ¹ -chu ¹	眼睛珠	the ball of the eye.
yen ³ -h'iu ¹	眼球	same.
yen ⁴ -chung ¹ -ting ¹	眼中釘	fig. a person to whom you object.
yen ³ -chung ¹ -nu ² -jên ²	眼中無人	conceited, supercilious.
yen ³ -hsia ⁴	眼下	at the moment.
yen ³ -hsieh ²	眼斜	squint-eyed.
yen ³ -hsien ⁴	眼線	a detective; pus in the corners of the eyes.
yen ³ -hua ¹ -liao ³	眼花了	the eyes dim (with age, etc.)
yen ³ -hung ² -liao ³	眼紅了	to be covetous.
yen ³ -jê ⁴	眼熱	same.
yen ³ -k'an ⁴	眼看	evidently, on the point of. M. 33.
yen ³ -k'o ¹	眼科	an oculist
yen ³ -k'uang ⁴	眼眶	the socket of the eye.
yen ³ -lei ⁴	眼淚	tears.
yen ³ -li ⁴ -chien ⁴ -êrh ²	眼力見兒	judgment.
yen ³ -li ⁴ -kao ²	眼力高	acute, clever at seeing things.
yen ³ -li ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tao ⁴	眼力不到	sight not strong enough.
yen ³ -liang ⁴	眼亮	clear-sighted.
yen ³ -mao ²	眼毛	eyelashes (yen ³ chieh ¹ mao ²).
yen ³ -mei ²	眼眉	eyebrows.
yen ³ mien ⁴ -ch'ien ² -chien ⁴	眼面前見	things of constant occurrence.
yen ³ -mu ⁴	眼目	the eyes.
yen ³ -pa ¹ pa ¹ -ti ¹	眼巴巴的	looking eagerly.
yen ³ -p'i ²	眼皮	eyelids.
yen ³ -p'i ² -t'zŭ ³ -ch'ien ³	眼皮子淺	greedy.
yen ³ -pu ⁴ -kuen ¹ -hsieh ²	眼不觀邪	he does not look at obscene things.
yen ³ -sê ⁴	眼色	discernment; a wink.

yen ³ -se ⁴	yen ³ -wang ⁴	眼色眼望	discernment ; a wink.
yen ³ -shên ²		眼神	the eyes as indicating what is within.
yen ³ -shüh ² -chien ¹		眼時間	at present, just now.
yen ³ -t'iao ⁴ -hsin ¹ -chin ¹		眼跳心驚	nervously apprehensive.
yen ³ tu ²		眼毒	keen-eyed, sharp-sighted, etc.
yen ³ -t'ung ⁴		眼痛	sore eyes.
yen ³ -tzü ³		眼子	a person who is often cheated,
yen ³ -yao ⁴		眼藥	eye medicine.
yen ³ -yün ¹		眼暈	dizziness from (looking down).
yen ³	水	演 ^{1292b1087b}	[form. to exercise, to practise, to make trial of ; to per-
yen ³ -ch'iang ¹		演鎗	to practise with the gun or spear.
yen ³ -hsi ²		演習	to practise (hsieh ² hsi ²).
yen ³ -hsi ⁴		演戲	to play, to act, to rehearse ; theatricals.
yen ³ -hsing ² -chia ¹ -li ³		演行家禮	to practice home politeness.
yen ³ -i ⁴		演義	false, fabricated, romancing ; light reading.
yen ³ -li ³		演禮	to practice rites (preparatory to sacrifice).
yen ³ -ping ¹		演兵	to exercise troops.
yen ³ -tui ⁴		演隊	same.
yen ³ -wu ³		演武	to practise military exercises.
yen ³ -wu ³ -t'ing ¹		演武廳	a place for military exercises.
yen ³ -yo ⁴		演樂	to practice music (preparatory to sacrifice).

YEN ⁴	尸	厭 ^{123Sc1089a}	disgust, disdain, dislike ; to hate ; to reject ; filled.
yen ⁴ -ch'i ⁴		厭棄	to reject with dislike or disdain, to cast off.
yen ⁴ -ch'i ⁴		厭氣	disgust, aversion.
yen ⁴ -chien ⁴		厭見	to dislike seeing, to avert.
yen ⁴ -chüeh ²		厭絕	to exterminate, to destroy, to cut off.
yen ⁴ -fan ²		厭煩	to annoy, to bother.
yen ⁴ -hsien ²		厭嫌	same.
yen ⁴ -ku ⁴ -hsi ² -hsin ¹		厭故喜新	rejecting the old and glad of the new.
yen ⁴ -mên ⁴		厭悶	sad, sorrowful.
yen ⁴ -wu ⁴		厭惡	to annoy, to bother, to worry.
yen ⁴	火	燕 ^{1284c1090a}	rest, repose ; the swallow.
yen ⁴ -an ¹		燕安	at rest.
yen ⁴ -chung ¹		燕京	an ancient name of Peking.
yen ⁴ -i ³ -rh ²		燕尾兒	[hair. "swallow's tail", a mode of dressing women's cats.
yen ⁴ -mai ⁴		燕麥	swallows flying in pairs.
yen ⁴ -p'ai ² -ch'ih ⁴		燕排翅	swallows.
yen ⁴ tzü ³		燕子	bird's nests (edible), a swallow's nest.
yen ⁴ -wo ¹		燕窩	bird's nests (edible), a swallow's nest.
yen ⁴ -yü ³		燕語	"swallows twittering", the chatter of women.
yen ⁴	馬驗	驗 ^{1292c1091b}	to examine, to witness, to verify ; proof, testi-
yen ⁴ -ch'a ²		驗查	to examine. [mony.]

yen⁴-ch'i³ 驗訖
 yen³-ch'uan² 驗船
 yen⁴-fang¹-liang²-shian³ 驗放糧餉
 yen⁴-fêng¹-ssü¹ 驗封司
 yen⁴-huo⁴ 驗貨
 yen⁴-k'an⁴ 驗看
 yen⁴-shang¹ 驗傷
 yen⁴-shih¹ 驗尸
 yen⁴-shui⁴ 驗稅
 yen⁴-tan¹ 驗單
 yen⁴-wên⁴ 驗問
 yen⁴ 豆 豔 豔 { 豔 1293c1091a
 yen⁴ 豔 妻
 yen⁴-ch'i¹ 豔 粧
 yen⁴-chuan¹ 豔 粧
 yen⁴-fu² 豔 服
 yen⁴-yang² 豔 陽
 yen⁴ 口 咽 { 嚥 1283a1090b
 yen⁴ 咽 咽 1283a1090b
 yen⁴-ch'i⁴ 咽 氣
 yen⁴-hou² 咽 喉
 yen⁴-hou²-chih¹-ti⁴ 咽 喉 之地
 yen⁴-hsia⁴-ch'ü⁴ 咽 下 去
 yen⁴-tsao⁴ 咽 燥
 yen⁴ 石 硯 1293c1090c
 yen⁴-ch'ih² 硯 池
 yen⁴-shui³-ho² 硯 水 盒
 yen⁴-t'ai² 硯 台
 yen⁴-t'ai²-ho² 硯 台 盒
 yen⁴ 宴 宴 1290c1090b
 yen⁴-an¹ 宴 安
 yen⁴-chia⁴ 宴 駕
 yen⁴-hui⁴ 宴 會
 yen⁴-yo⁴ 宴 樂
 yen⁴ 佳 雁 1293b1090b
 yen⁴ 鳥 鴈
 yen⁴-kuo⁴-lui²-shêng¹ 雁 過 留 聲
 yen⁴-o² 鴈 鵝
 yen⁴-kuo⁴-pa¹-mao² 雁 過 拔 毛
 yen⁴ 言 諺 1289a1090c
 yen⁴-yü³ 諺 語
 yen⁴ 火 爍 爍 燄 1294a1091b
 yen⁴-huo³ 燄 火

an examination completed,
 to examine a vessel (as by Customs' officers).
 to inspect and pass rations.
 an official who inspects and seals at Customs.
 to examine goods.
 to examine.
 to examine a wound.
 a post-mortem examination
 examination dues, duties.
 a "permit".
 to enquire, to examine.
 fresh, bright, good, handsome, luxurious.
 same.
 a handsome wife.
 well-dressed, a toilette well got up.
 good or fine clothes.
 bright, fine, pleasant.
 to swallow, to gulp down.
 same.
 to breathe his last.
 the wind-pipe, the throat, the gullet.
 an important part of the country, a pass, a key.
 to swallow down (t'un¹ hsia¹ ch'ü⁴).
 a parched throat.
 a Chinese ink-slab; to rub.
 the hollow in an ink-slab for water.
 vessel for holding water used for mixing up ink.
 an ink-slab.
 an ink-slab case. [ment.
 repose, leisure; a feast, banquet or entertain-
 at rest, repose.
 death of an Emperor (pêng¹ chia⁴).
 an assemblage of guests at a banquet.
 merry-making, merry, festive (ch'ih¹ ho¹ yen⁴ lo⁴).
 the wild goose.
 same
 the wild geese cry as they pass.
 wild goose.
 fig. to get something out of everybody.
 a proverb, a common saying, tradition.
 same.
 glare, flame, light, bright. 火
 to light a fire, flame.

<i>yen⁴</i>	酉 醞	12S8b1091a	strong, as a decoction.
<i>yen¹-ch'a²</i>	醞 茶		strong tea (nung ² ch'a ²).
YIN¹	口 因	1297a1098a	because of, for sake of. M. 198, 201.
<i>yin¹-ch'i²-ché⁴-ko⁴</i>	因 其 這 個		because of this.
<i>yin¹-ch'in¹-êrh²-ch'in¹</i>	因 親 而 親		related through a relative.
<i>yin¹-êrh²</i>	因 而		and so, and hence (pedantic).
<i>yin¹-ho²-yüan²-ku⁴</i>	因 何 緣 故		for what reason?
<i>yin¹ hsiiao³-shih¹-ta⁴</i>	因 小 失 大		to lose the greater for the less.
<i>yin¹-hsün³</i>	因 循		remissness, negligence.
<i>yin¹-jêng²</i>	因 仍		to continue as of old.
<i>yin¹-kuo³</i>	因 果		cause and effect.
<i>yin¹-ping¹-hsia⁴-yao⁴</i>	因 病 下 藥		to suit the medicine to the complaint.
<i>yin¹-shih²-chih⁴.i²</i>	因 時 制 宜		to do what is suitable to the occasion.
<i>yin¹-t'a¹-êrh²-ch'i³</i>	因 他 而 起		it arose on his account.
<i>yin¹-ts'ai²-shih¹-chiao⁴</i>	因 才 施 教		{ to establish a religion by genius; teach a man according to his ability.
<i>yin¹-tsui⁴-êrh²-ssü³</i>	因 罪 而 死		died on account of sin.
<i>yin¹-t'ü³</i>	因 此		therefore.
<i>yin¹-t'ü³-ch'i³-pei³</i>	因 此 及 彼		from this to that.
<i>yin¹-wei²</i>	因 爲		because of, on account of.
<i>yin¹-wei²-ni³</i>	因 爲 你		on your account.
<i>yin¹-wei²-shên²-mo¹</i>	因 爲 甚 麼		for what reason? on what account? why?
<i>yin¹-yu²</i>	因 由		origin, cause.
<i>yin¹-yu³-êrh²-yu³</i>	因 友 而 友		friendly to a man, on account, of a friend.
<i>yin¹-yüan²</i>	因 緣		cause, reason.
<i>yin¹-yüan²</i>	因 原		occasion, origin, cause (yüan ² kn ¹).
<i>yin¹</i>	阜 鼠 阴 陰	129Sa1099	shady, obscure, sombre, dull; female.
<i>yin¹-chai²</i>	陰 宅		paper house to be burnt at the grave; graves.
<i>yin¹-chien¹</i>	陰 間		amongst the dead, Hades (huang ³ ch'üan ²).
<i>yin¹-chih¹</i>	陰 臨		concealed merit.
<i>yin¹-ch'ing²</i>	陰 晴		cloudy or fine, the weather.
<i>yin¹-hsien³</i>	陰 險		treacherous.
<i>yin¹-hu⁴</i>	陰 戶		the vagina.
<i>yin¹-hun²</i>	陰 魂		a ghost.
<i>yin¹-kou¹</i>	陰 溝		hidden drain.
<i>yin¹ kung¹</i>	陰 功		secret merits, available in the next life.
<i>yin¹-liung²-rh²</i>	陰 涼 兒		shady, in the shade.
<i>yin¹-pao⁴</i>	陰 報		a secret or hidden recompense.
<i>yin¹-shih⁴</i>	陰 世		Hades.
<i>yin¹-shih⁴</i>	陰 事		secret affairs.
<i>yin¹-ssü⁴</i>	陰 司		court of Judgment in Hades.
<i>yin¹-t'ien¹</i>	陰 天		a cloudy day, cloudy weather.

yin ¹ -ts'ao ²	陰曹	amongst the dead, Hades.
yin ¹ -ts'ao ² -ti ⁴ -fu ³	陰曹地府	Hades.
yin ¹ -tu ²	陰毒	to secretly injure, etc.
yin ¹ -té ²	陰德	secret virtue, available in the next life.
yin ¹ -wên ²	陰文	incised characters (yang wên).
yin ¹ .wu ⁴	陰物	female organ of generation.
yin ¹ -yang ²	陰陽	sun and moon ; heaven and earth ; male and fe- [male.
yin ¹ -yang ² -hsiao ²	陰陽學	the geomantic art.
yin ¹ -yang ² -hsien ¹ -shêng ¹	陰陽先生	a diviner.
yin ¹ -yang ² -kuan ¹	陰陽官	official geomancer.
yin ¹ -yang ² -shêng ¹	陰陽生	writer of death-certificates (Peking).
yin ¹ -yang ² -pu ⁴ -ho ²	陰陽不和	the male and female principles disagree.
yin ¹ -ying ³	陰影	shadow.
yin ¹ -yü ³	陰雨	rainy weather.
yin ¹ -yün ²	陰雲	cloudy, clouds.
yin ¹	女媧 姻 ^{297c1098b}	a bride ; marriage.
yin ¹ -ch'i ²	姻戚	relations by marriage (the wife's).
yin ¹ -chia ¹	姻家	same (either husband's or wife's).
yin ¹ -ch'in ¹	姻親	same (the husband's).
yin ¹ -hsiung ¹ -ti ⁴	姻兄弟	the bride's brothers.
yin ¹ wan ³	姻晚	junior relations of a couple.
yin ¹ -wêng ¹	姻翁	fathers of a couple.
yin ¹ -ya ³	姻亞	related by marriage ; fathers of a couple.
yin ¹ -yüan ²	姻緣	the cause of marriage ; marriage.
yin ¹ -yüan ² .yu ³ -fên ¹	姻緣有分	there is a destiny in marriage ; marriage.
yin ¹	音 ^{1296b1100a}	sound, tone, notes, news, intimation of.
yin ¹ -hsin ¹	音信	news, tidings (hsiao ¹ hsi ²).
yin ¹ -lü ⁴	音律	" laws of sound ", music.
yin ¹ -shêng ¹	音聲	sound, noise (shêng ¹ yin ¹).
yin ¹ -wên ²	音聞	report (fêng ¹ wên ²).
yin ¹ -yo ¹	音樂	musical instruments ; music.
yin ¹ -yo ⁴ -ti ¹	音樂的	musicians (tso ¹ yo ¹ ti ¹).
yin ¹	殷 ^{1299c1099c}	wealthy, flourishing, abundant ; respectable ; [correct.
yin ¹ -ch'in ²	殷勤	diligent and attentive (ch'in ²).
yin ¹ -hu ⁴	殷戶	a flourishing family.
yin ¹ -shih ²	殷實	affluent and substantial.
yin ¹	心 慇 ^{1299c1100a}	mournful ; sympathizing ; industrious.
yin ¹ -ch'in ³	慇懃	diligent and attentive.
yin ¹ -yin ¹	慇慇	same.
yin ¹ -yin ¹ -ch'in ² -ch'in ²	慇慇懃懃	same.
yin ¹	茵 ^{1298a1098c}	a mat or cushion.
yin ¹ -ch'ên ²	茵陳	a medicine for cure of jaundice.
yin ¹ -ch'ên ² -chiu ³	茵陳酒	a medicine for jaundice.

YIN ²	水	淫 ^{1300a1101a}	desire, lust, excess ; to debauch ; absence ; error.
<i>yin²-ch'uang¹</i>		淫瘡	venereal ulcers.
<i>yin²-fu¹</i>		淫婦	an adulteress, an immodest woman.
<i>yin²-feng¹</i>		淫風	fashion of dissipation (<i>ch'un¹ hsin¹</i>).
<i>yin²-feng¹-cheng⁴</i>		淫瘋症	sort of venereal disease.
<i>yin²-hsin¹</i>		淫心	lustful (<i>chien¹ yin²</i>).
<i>yin²-lang⁴</i>		淫浪	lust, profligacy (in women).
<i>yin²-luan⁴</i>		淫亂	lewdness and incest.
<i>yin²-luan⁴-feng¹-hsü⁴</i>		淫亂風俗	lewdness prevalent.
<i>yin²-shu¹</i>		淫書	obscene books.
<i>yin²-t'an⁴</i>		淫談	obscene talk.
<i>yin²-tang⁴</i>		淫蕩	licentious, dissolute.
<i>yin²-yen⁴</i>		淫豔	voluptuous, wanton, luxurious, dissipated.
<i>yin² (tzü)</i>	金	銀 ^{1300c1101b}	silver, money.
<i>yin²-chiao⁴</i>		銀鞘	wooden logs for conveying treasure.
<i>yin²-chiang⁴-ln²</i>		銀丘爐	a silversmith's furnace.
<i>yin²-ch'ien²</i>		銀錢	money.
<i>yin²-chu¹</i>		銀珠	vermillion,
<i>yin²-hang²</i>		銀行	a bank.
<i>yin²-hao⁴</i>		銀號	same.
<i>yin²-hsien⁴</i>		銀線	silver thread.
<i>yin²-hsüeh⁴</i>		銀穴	a silver mine.
<i>yin²-hui¹-sé⁴</i>		銀灰色	lavender colour.
<i>yin²-hung²-sé⁴</i>		銀紅色	rose colour, maiden's blush.
<i>yin²-k'o⁴</i>		銀鏤	small silver ingots (about five taels).
<i>yin²-k'u⁴</i>		銀庫	a silver treasury.
<i>yin²-kung³</i>		銀礦	a silver mine.
<i>yin²-liang²</i>		銀糧	taxes.
<i>yin²-liang³</i>		銀兩	cash, money.
<i>yin²-lou²</i>		銀樓	shop for the sale of head ornaments.
<i>yin²-p'ai²</i>		銀牌	a silver medal.
<i>yin²-p'an²</i>		銀盤	the value of silver, the rate of exchange.
<i>yin²-p'iao⁴</i>		銀票	a money bill.
<i>yin²-po²</i>		銀箔	copper foil.
<i>yin²-shu³</i>		銀鼠	the white squirrel skins or ermine.
<i>yin²-shu³-p'i²</i>		銀鼠皮	white squirrel skins, ermine.
<i>yin²-ssu¹</i>		銀絲	silver wire, etc.
<i>yin²-yü²</i>		銀魚	the silver fish decoration.
<i>yin²</i>	寅	寅 ^{1300b1100c}	horary character ; 3 to 5 A.M. ; bold ; respectful.
<i>yin²-ch'êng²</i>		寅承	to respectfully receive.
<i>yin²-i²</i>		寅誼	fellow-officials.
<i>yin²-shih²</i>		寅時	3 to 5 o'clock A.M.
<i>yin²-wei⁴</i>		寅畏	reverence and awe.

- yin²-yüeh⁴
 yin² 口 吟 1301b1100b
 yin²-fêng³
 yin²-shih¹
 yin² 水 漚 1299b1099a
 yin²-kno⁴-lai²
 yin²-shih¹ 漚過來
 漚濕
- the first month. See Note 32.
 to sigh, to moan; to chant, to recite; to hum.
 to chant, to recite.
 to recite verses.
 to sink in water; to soak (t'a¹ t'ou⁴).
 soaked through (paper, etc.).
 soaked through.
- YIN³ 弓 引 1302a1102a
 yin³-chiang³-ti¹
 yin³-chien⁴
 yin³-chien⁴
 yin³-chin⁴
 yin³-chin⁴
 yin³-chuang⁴
 yin³-hsing³
 yin³-huai⁴-liao³
 yin³-hun²-fan¹
 yin³-huo⁴
 yin³-jên²-wei²-shan⁴
 yin³-kung¹
 yin³-ling³
 yin³-lu¹
 yin³-pu⁴-cho²
 yin³-shu¹-tso⁴-shêng⁴
 yin³-shu³-jên²
 yin³-tao¹
 yin³-tao⁴
 yin³-tao⁴-ju⁴-shih⁴
 yin³-tien³-ku⁴
 yin³-ts'o⁴-liao³
 yin³-tzü³
 yin³-yu⁴
 yin³ 阜 隱 乙
 yin³-ché³
 yin³-chü¹-pu⁴-shih⁴
 yin³-ch'ü¹
 yin³-hui⁴
 yin³-i²
 yin³-man²
 yin³-ming²-mai²-hsing⁴
 yin³-ni⁴
 yin³-o⁴-yang²-shan⁴
- 引 港的
 引 荐
 引 見
 引 近
 引 進
 引 狀
 引 行
 引 壞了
 引 魂旛
 引 惑
 引 人爲善
 引 弓
 引 領路
 引 路
 引 不著
 引 書作証
 引 水人
 引 導道
 引 道
 引 盜入室
 引 典故
 引 錯了
 引 子
 引 誘
 引 隱 1303b1103a
 引 隱者
 引 隱居
 引 隱去
 引 隱諱
 引 隱逸
 引 隱瞞
 引 隱名
 引 隱匿
 引 隱惡揚善
- to lead, to guide; to inveigle; to introduce.
 a pilot (tui¹ shui³ jên²).
 to introduce (chien⁴ chü³).
 to present at court; to introduce (mien⁴ chün¹).
 to draw near to one.
 to lead in, introduce and recommend.
 funeral card (fu⁴ wên²).
 to lead the way (ling³ lu⁴).
 seduced.
 streamer borne by priest to lead soul.
 to tempt, to entice, to inveigle.
 to lead man to good.
 to draw a bow.
 to lend, to guide; to expect, to hope.
 to lead the way.
 (the fire) won't kindle.
 to quote a book as proof.
 a pilot.
 to lead, to guide, to induce.
 to lead the way, to guide.
 to lead thieves into a house.
 to make a historical or mythological allusion.
 to mislead (ni² hu⁴).
 the front or first one, the gist, the purport.
 to entice, to tempt, to seduce (ku¹ yin³).
 dull; hidden, secret; to avoid; to conceal; to pity.
 one who secludes himself from official employ.
 to live in retirement from official life.
 to retire.
 to avoid the mention of (pi⁴ hui⁴).
 to retire, to withdraw, to abscond.
 to deceive, to conceal.
 to conceal identity under false name.
 to conceal, to screen.
 to conceal the evil and make known the good.

yin ³ -pi ⁴	隱	to obscure, to cover over (one's faults).
yin ³ -pi ⁴	隱	to avoid, to abscond,
yin ³ -shih ⁴	隱士	a person of ability who declines office.
yin ³ -ts'ang ²	隱藏	to conceal.
yin ³ -tun ⁴	隱遁	to conceal oneself, to go into retirement (official).
yin ³ -wei ¹	隱微	abstruse, profound.
yin ³ -yen ²	隱言	secret innuendo.
yin ³ -yü ⁴	隱語	elliptical language.
yin ³	食飲	to drink ; to rinse the mouth (ho ¹).
yin ³ -ch'ü ⁴	飲器	drinking vessels.
yin ³ -chiu ³	飲酒	to drink wine (ho ¹ chiu ³).
yin ³ -hên ⁴	飲恨	to swallow one's resentment (t'un ¹ shêng ¹).
yin ³ -shêng ¹ -k'ou ³	飲牲口	to water animals.
yin ³ -shih ²	飲食	to eat and drink, eating and drinking.
yin ³ -shih ² -pu ⁴ -chin ⁴	飲食不進	food and drink refused, e. g., sick person.
yin ³ -shui ³	飲水	to drink water (ho ¹ shui ³).
yin ³ -shui ³ -ssü ¹ -yüan ²	飲水思源	when you drink think of the source.
yin ³ -t'ang ¹	飲湯	to drink soup or hot water.
yin ³ -yen ⁴	飲宴	to feast.
yin ³	疔癩	[drink. a rash, an eruption ; a craving for, e. g., opium or a rash, an eruption.
yin ³ -chên ³	虫蟻	the earth worm.
yin ³	虫	same.
yin ³ -ch'ung ²	尹	a magistrate ; to grasp ; to rule ; to introduce.
yin ³	尹	a magistrate ; to grasp ; to rule ; to introduce.
YIN ⁴	印	a seal, a stamp, a type ; to seal, to stamp, to print.
yin ⁴ -chi ⁴	印記	a seal-mark.
yin ⁴ -ho ²	印盒	box of an official seal.
yin ⁴ -hsin ⁴	印信	a seal ; a letter ; credentials ; to seal a letter, etc.
yin ⁴ -hua ¹ -pu ⁴	印花布	chintz, furnitures.
yin ⁴ -i ¹ -k'ou ³	印一口	a seal.
yin ⁴ -pa ⁴ -tzü ³	印把子	handle of a seal.
yin ⁴ -pan ³	印板	block type.
yin ⁴ -shu ¹	印書	to print books, printing.
yin ⁴ -t'ang ²	印堂	the space between the eyebrows.
yin ⁴ -tu ⁴	印度	India (t'ien ¹ chu ² kuo ²).
yin ⁴ -tu ⁴ -yang ²	印度洋	the Indian ocean.
yin ⁴ -tzü ³	印子	a seal-mark.
yin ⁴	蔭	shady, to shelter.
yin ⁴ -liang ² -rh ²	蔭涼兒	shade, in the shade.
yin ⁴ -pi ⁴	蔭庇	protect.
yin ⁴ -shêng ¹	蔭生	a holder of hereditary rank.
yin ⁴ -tzü ³	蔭子	to reward the son of a meritorious minister.

yīng ¹	心	應 ^{1305c1106a}	ought, should, right, proper ; to answer. See [ying .
yīng ¹ -ch'én ²		應承	to promise, to acquiesce in.
yīng ¹ -chih ²		應執	to respond to invitation, to assist at funerals or
yīng ¹ -ch'ou ²		應酬	to reciprocate kindness, reciprocity, [weddings.
yīng ¹ -fēn ¹		應分	right, proper.
yīng ¹ -hou ⁴		應候	to wait upon.
yīng ¹ -hsü ³		應許	to promise.
yīng ¹ -i ²		應宜	it ought to be so.
yīng ¹ -kai ¹		應該	ought to, should be.
yīng ¹ -kuan ¹ -i ¹ -shih ²		應官一時	official calls are brief.
yīng ¹ -no ⁴		應諾	to assent, to promise.
yīng ¹ -pan ⁴		應辦	ought to be done.
yīng ¹ -shih ²		應時	seasonable, according to appointment.
yīng -ta ¹		應答	to assent, to promise.
yīng ¹ -tang ¹		應當	ought, should, proper or right to.
yīng ¹ -tien ³		應典	to coincide, to answer.
yīng ¹ -tê ²		應得	to entitle one to, ought to succeed.
yīng ¹ -yen ⁴		應驗	to verify, verification.
yīng ¹ -yin ³		應允	to consent to.
yīng ¹ -yung ⁴		應用	in reserve, available for use. [foliage.
yīng ¹	艸	英 ^{1307c1104a}	brave, gallant, heroic ; talented ; flourishing ;
yīng ¹ -hsiung ²		英雄	a hero (hao ² chieh ²).
yīng ¹ -hsiung ² -tun ³		英雄膽	very brave.
yīng ¹ -hua ²		英華	flowery, blooming.
yīng ¹ -kuo ²		英國	England.
yīng ¹ -ming ² -wan ¹ -ku ³		英名萬古	a great reputation.
yīng ¹ -ts'ai ²		英才	splendid talents.
yīng ¹ -wei ¹		英威	majestic, heroic.
yīng ¹ -wei ³		英偉	extraordinary, great.
yīng ¹ -wu ³		英武	a great military leader.
yīng ¹	子	櫻 ^{1308c1105b}	an infant, a baby.
yīng ¹			女
yīng ¹ -hai ²		嬰孩	same.
yīng ¹ -nan ²		嬰男	a male baby.
yīng ¹ -nü ³		嬰女	a female baby.
yīng ¹ -pao ⁴		嬰抱	an infant in arms.
yīng ¹	木	櫻 ^{1308c1105c}	the cherry.
yīng ¹ -t'ao ²		櫻桃	same.
yīng ¹ -t'ao ² -k'ou ³		櫻桃口	cherry lips (of women).
yīng ¹ -t'ao ² -tsui ³		櫻桃嘴	cherry lips ; a kind of peach (oval shaped).
yīng ¹	鳥	鸚 ^{1309a1105c}	a parrot.
yīng ¹ -ko ¹		鸚哥	same.
yīng ¹ -ko ¹ -chia ⁴		鸚哥架	frame for squeezing fingers of criminals.

<i>yīng</i> ¹ -wu ³		鸚鵡	a parrot.
<i>yīng</i> ¹	肉	膺 1306b1106b	[tain. the breast; near; related to; to receive; to sus-
<i>yīng</i> ¹ -ch'ín ¹		膺親	to do anything personally.
<i>yīng</i> ¹ -hsiung ¹		膺臂	the bosom.
<i>yīng</i> ¹ -shou ⁴		膺受	to receive.
<i>yīng</i> ¹	鳥	鷹 1306c1106b	a falcon, hawk or eagle.
<i>yīng</i> ¹ -ch'üan ³		鷹犬	"hawks and dogs", ruffians.
<i>yīng</i> ¹ -pa ¹ -shih ¹		鷹把式	a falconer.
<i>yīng</i> ¹ -yang ²		鷹洋	the Mexican dollar (pên ³ yang ²).
<i>yīng</i> ¹	鳥	鶯 1307a1105c	kind of thrush.
<i>yīng</i> ¹ -shêng ¹		鶯聲	"thrush's sounds", the chatter of women.
<i>yīng</i> ¹	玉	瑛 1308a1105a	glitter of gems.
<i>yīng</i> ¹ -yü ⁴		瑛玉	same.
<i>yīng</i> ¹ (tzü)	虫	蠅 1308b1107c	the fly (ts'ang ¹ ying ¹).
<i>yīng</i> ¹ -shuai ³ -tzu ³		蠅甩子	a fly flapper.
<i>yīng</i> ¹	糸	纓 1309a1106c	a tassel; a fringe.
<i>yīng</i> ¹ -mao ⁴		纓帽	a red-tasseled official cap.
<i>yīng</i> ¹	缶	甕 1308b1105b	an earthenware jar, a vase.
<i>yīng</i> ¹ -su ⁴ -hua ⁴		罌粟花	the opium poppy (ya ¹ p'ien ⁴).

YING²	火	營 1307b1107a	a barrack, cantonment, etc., to do, to make.
<i>yīng</i> ² -chai ⁴		營寨	a camp.
<i>yīng</i> ² -chung ¹		營中	in barracks, etc.
<i>yīng</i> ² -fang ³		營房	cantonments, barracks.
<i>yīng</i> ² -hsün ⁴		營汛	a military post, a cantonment, a station.
<i>yīng</i> ² -k'ou ³		營口	the port of Newchwang.
<i>yīng</i> ² -k'ü ¹		營窟	to make a hole in the ground, artificial caves.
<i>yīng</i> ² -mou ² -shêng ¹ -i ⁴		營謀 生意	to scheme in business.
<i>yīng</i> ² -p'an ³		營盤	a cantonment, a barrack, a camp.
<i>yīng</i> ² -ping ¹		營兵	soldiers (not bannermen).
<i>yīng</i> ² -shêng ¹		營生	a profession; peddling, hawking; work (ching ¹ [ying ²]).
<i>yīng</i> ² -izü ³		營子	the port of Newchwang in Manchuria.
<i>yīng</i> ² -wei ⁴		營衛	a guard station, a place of defence.
<i>yīng</i> ² -wu ³		營伍	the army (tui ⁴ wu ³)
<i>yīng</i> ²	辵	迎 1305a1108a	to meet, to welcome, to receive, to occur.
<i>yīng</i> ² -chieh ¹		迎接	{ to meet, to welcome, to receive, (as a guest) (hsiang ¹ yü ⁴).
<i>yīng</i> ² -ch'ín ¹		迎親	[bride. to welcome one's parents; to go and meet the
<i>yīng</i> ² -ch'ü ³		迎娶	to go and meet the bride.
<i>yīng</i> ² -ch'un ¹	*	迎春	the ceremony of welcoming spring by officials.
<i>yīng</i> ² -fêng ¹ -liu ² -lei ¹		迎風流淚	the eyes water against a wind.
<i>yīng</i> ² -hsiang ²		迎祥	to meet luck; may you be fortunate.
<i>yīng</i> ² -p'io ⁴		迎報	to announce.

<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>sung</i> ¹	迎送	to welcome and to bid farewell.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>shén</i> ² - <i>sai</i> ¹ - <i>hui</i> ⁴	迎神賽會	to meet the god in processions.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>tí</i> ²	迎敵	to encounter in fight.
<i>yíng</i> ²	虫 螢	1307a1146b the firefly.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>ch'ü</i> ¹	螢蛆	the glowworm.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>ch'uang</i> ¹	螢窗	"a small window", to study at night.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>ch'ung</i> ²	螢虫	the firefly.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>huo</i> ³ - <i>ch'ung</i> ²	螢火虫	same.
<i>yíng</i> ²	皿 盈	1305b1106c full, overflowing, excess, overplus.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>fêng</i> ¹	盈豐	full, abundant.
<i>yíng</i> ² <i>hsü</i> ¹	盈虛	full and empty.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>tí</i> ⁴	盈益	full, abundant.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>k'uei</i> ¹	盈虧	abundant and deficient.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>man</i> ³	盈滿	full to the brim,
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>yü</i> ²	盈餘	a surplus.
<i>yíng</i> ²	土 塋	1306c1107b a grave, a tomb.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>tí</i> ⁴	塋地	a grave-yard or cemetery (<i>fên</i> ² <i>mu</i> ⁴).
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>yü</i> ⁴	塋域	a grave.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>yüan</i> ²	塋園	an enclosed cemetery.
<i>yíng</i> ²	貝 贏	1309b1107b to win, to conquer, to overcome, to succeed; full.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>ch'ien</i> ²	贏錢	to win money. [bling and war.
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>shu</i> ¹	贏輸	to win and to lose, victory and defeat, e.g., gam-
<i>yíng</i> ² - <i>yü</i> ²	贏餘	overplus (<i>shéng</i> ⁴ <i>hsia</i> ⁴).
<i>yíng</i> ²	玉 瑩	591a1146a glitter, bright, shining; clearness of perception.
YING³	彡 影	1309c1108a a shadow, the shadow of.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>ér</i> ²	影兒	a trace, a shadow. [terns.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>hsi</i> ¹	影戲	puppets reflected on a screen, etc., magic lan-
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>hsiang</i> ³	影響	tidings.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>hsiang</i> ¹	影像	a shadow form.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>ko</i> ²	影格	copy-slips (<i>fang</i> ³ <i>ko</i> ²).
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>mên</i> ²	影門	to block the light from a door.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>mên</i> ² - <i>k'an</i> ¹	影門龕	a shrine opposite the door.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>pi</i> ⁴	影壁	a wall or screen in front of a door (<i>chao</i> ⁴ <i>pi</i> ⁴).
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>shé</i> ⁴	影射	to cast blame on others.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>tai</i> ⁴	影袋	goitre.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>yen</i> ³ - <i>fa</i> ¹³	影眼法	legerdemain.
<i>yíng</i> ³	頁穎	穎 1309c1108b a pendent ear of grain, a sharp point.
<i>yíng</i> ³ - <i>wu</i> ⁴	穎悟	clever.
YING⁴	石 硬	硬 1310a1108c hard, stiff, unbending; powerful.
<i>yíng</i> ⁴ - <i>cha</i> ¹	硬扎	severe, fierce.
<i>yíng</i> ⁴ - <i>chéng</i> ¹	硬掙	firm, unbending.

<i>ying</i> -ch ⁴ iang ³	硬搶	to take by force.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -ch ⁴ uang ⁴	硬壯	strong, powerful,
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -hua ⁴	硬話	obstinate words.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -hsin ¹	硬心	a hard heart.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -juan ³	硬軟	hard and soft, powerful and feeble, etc.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -k ⁴ êng ³	硬頸	stiff-necked, arrogant.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -kung ¹	硬弓	a stiff bow to test military candidates.
<i>ying</i> -lang ²	硬郎	muscular, strong, hearty.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -liu ²	硬留	to detain by force
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -mei ²	硬煤	hard coal, anthracite.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -mu ⁴	硬木	hard wood.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -pang ³ -pang ³ -ti ¹	硬綁綁的	very firm or solid (chien ¹ ying ⁴).
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -pi ⁴	硬逼	to compel.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -tung ¹ -hsi ¹	硬東西	he is an obstinate fellow.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -tz ⁴ -ü ⁴ -tz ⁴ -ü ⁴ -ti ¹	硬刺刺的	as tough as leather.
<i>ying</i> ⁴	廣應	to answer, to respond to, echo. See <i>ying</i> ¹ .
<i>ying</i> -ch ⁴ ou ²	應酬	intercourse, return.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -k ⁴ ao ³ -t ⁴ ung ² -shêng ¹	應考童生	a student who has attended examinations.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -shêng ¹	應聲	echo, responding sound.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -shih ⁴	應試	to respond to the announcement of the exami- [nations.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -ta ¹	應答	to respond, to reply.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -tui ⁴	應對	to reply.
<i>ying</i> ⁴	日映	clear, bright, shining, dazzling. 1307c1108c
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -chao ⁴	映照	shining.
<i>ying</i> ⁴ -jih ⁴	映日	brightness of the sun.
YO ¹	糸 約	to bind, to restrain ; to contract ; a treaty. 1310b1117a
<i>yo</i> ¹ -ch ⁴ i ¹	約期	an appointment, an engagement.
<i>yo</i> ¹ -ch ⁴ i ⁴	約契	an agreement, a treaty.
<i>yo</i> ¹ -chia ¹	約價	to agree as to price.
<i>yo</i> ¹ -ho ²	約合	a treaty (ho ² yo ¹).
<i>yo</i> ¹ -hui ¹	約會	to make an appointment with
<i>yo</i> ¹ -hsin ⁴	約信	to promise and engage ; a written engagement.
<i>yo</i> ¹ -kuei ¹	約規	a treaty ; about (what time, etc.).
<i>yo</i> ¹ -mêng ³	約盟	a treaty, a sworn compact.
<i>yo</i> ¹ -mo ¹ -cho ²	約摸著	surmising (ta ¹ yo ¹).
<i>yo</i> ¹ -shih ⁴	約誓	a treaty, a sworn compact.
<i>yo</i> ¹ -shu ⁴	約束	to restrain, to check, constraint.
<i>yo</i> ¹ -tan ¹	約單	a written agreement, a bond.
<i>yo</i> ¹ -t ⁴ iao ²	約條	a contract, a treaty, an agreement.
<i>yo</i> ¹ -yen ²	約言	an epitome, an abstract.
<i>yo</i> ¹	喲	an interjection.
<i>yo</i> ¹ -ti ¹ -i ¹ -shêng ¹	喲的一聲	uttered an interjection.

YO ⁴	木	樂 ^{749a554a}	music, any musical instruments. See <i>lê</i> .
yo ⁴ -ch'i ⁴		樂器	musical instruments (<i>hsiang³ ch'i⁴</i>).
yo ⁴ -fä ³		樂法	a system of music.
yo ⁴ -jên ²		樂人	musicians.
yo ⁴ -kuan ¹		樂官	[cians. officials for superintending government musi-
yo ⁴ -pu ⁴		樂部	yamên for superintending government musicians.
yo ⁴	山	岳 ^{1311b1118a}	a lofty mountain.
yo ¹ -chang ⁴		岳父	a wife's father, a father-in-law.
yo ⁴ -fu ⁴		岳母	same.
yo ¹ -mu ³		岳母	a wife's mother, a mother-in-law.
YU ¹	心	憂 ^{1313a1109b}	sorrow, sadness, grief, melancholy, downcast.
yu ¹ -ch'ou ²		憂愁	sad, melancholy, downcast; to grieve.
yu ¹ -hsin ¹		憂心	a sorrowful heart (<i>shang¹ ts'an³</i>).
yu ¹ -hsü ¹		憂恤	to sympathize.
yu ¹ -huan ⁴		憂患	distressed.
yu ¹ -jung ²		憂容	a sad face.
yu ¹ -kuo ² .yu ¹ -min ²		憂國憂民	to mourn for your country and your people.
yu ¹ -lao ²		憂勞	anxiety, sorrow.
yu ¹ -lï ⁴		憂慮	anxiety, sorrow, to be anxious about (<i>ko¹ chi⁴</i>).
yu ¹ -mên ⁴		憂悶	to grieve, to be sorrowful, and melancholy.
yu ¹ -shang ¹		憂傷	grieved, wounded, distressed.
yu ¹ -ssü ⁴		憂思	to think over with concern.
yu ¹	人	優 ^{1313b1110a}	excellent, abundant; soft, luxurious; to play.
yu ¹ -jên ²		優人	theatrical performers.
yu ¹ -kung ⁴		優貢	a literary grade, just above a <i>hsiu-ts'ai</i> . G. 471.
yu ¹ -li ²		優禮	extremely polite.
yu ¹ -liê ⁴		優劣	abundance and scarcity; good and bad.
yu ¹ -p'o ²		優婆	an actress.
yu ¹ -tai ¹		優待	very complaisant.
yu ¹ -têng ³ -kao ² -shêng ¹		優等高陞	highest offices.
yu -yu ¹		優優	indulgent, liberal.
yu ¹ -yu ²		優游	luxurious ease and leisure; to saunter about.
yu ¹ -yü ⁴		優裕	wealthy, affluent, comfortable.
yu ²	么	幽 ^{1314b1109a}	[oned. quiet, secluded, lonely; dark, hidden; impris-
yu ¹ -an ¹		幽暗	dark, obscure.
yu ¹ -ching ⁴		幽靜	still, quiet, secluded.
yu ¹ -ch'iu ³		幽囚	confined, imprisoned.
yu ¹ -chou ¹		幽州	an ancient name of Peking.
yu ¹ -hun ²		幽魂	Hades; the spirit, the soul.
yu ¹ -jên ²		幽人	a recluse, a hermit.
yu ¹ -k'un ⁴		幽囚	to imprison.
yu ¹ -ming ²		幽冥	in darkness; hell, Hades.

yu ¹ -p'i ¹	幽僻	secluded, lonely.
yu ¹ -pi ¹	幽閉	imprisoned, confined, secluded.
yu ¹ -shên ¹	幽深	deep, profound.
yu ¹ -wei ¹	幽微	minute, abstruse.
yu ¹ -yo ³	幽雅	secluded, quiet.
yu ¹ -yin ³	幽隱	a recluse, a hermit.
yu ¹ -yu ¹	幽憂	hypochondria, grief, melancholy.
yu ¹	心悠 ^{1314a1110b}	[vast. mournful, sorry, thoughtful; distant, remote, glidingly.
yu ¹ -yu ¹	悠悠	<i>piano</i> and <i>forte</i> , soft or plaintive and loud.
yu ¹ -yu ¹ -yang ² -yang ²	悠悠揚揚	distant.
yu ¹ -yüan ³	悠遠	

YU ²	犬	猷 ^{1315a1112c}	irresolute, undecided; to plan; a path; still, as if.
yu ²	犬 犹	猶 ^{1315b1112b}	same.
yu ² -chi ³		猶己	still further.
yu ² -ch'ieh ³		猶且	as if, like, still more.
yu ² -hsün ⁴		猶訓	lessons, instructions.
yu ² -i ² -pn ⁴ -ting ¹		猶疑不定	doubtful, suspicious.
yu ² -jan ²		猶然	as if; just like.
yu ² -jo ⁴		猶若	same.
yu ² -ju ²		猶如	same.
yu ² -k'o ³		猶可	it may yet do.
yu ² -t'ai ⁴ -kuo ³		猶太國	Judea.
yu ² -tzü ³		猶子	like a son, i. e., a nephew.
yu ² -wei ¹ -ting ⁴ -chü ³		猶未定局	still undecided.
yu ² -yen ²		猶言	metaphor.
yu ² -yü ⁴		猶豫	irresolute, undecided; suspicious.
yu ² -yu ³		猶有	there is still; still more.
yu ²	田	由 ^{1316a1111a}	from, by, through, to let; to depend on.
yu ² -ko ² -êrh ² -ch'í ³		由何而起	whence did it arise?
yu ² -p'u ⁴ -tê ² -jên ²		由不得人	it does not depend on man.
yu ² -t'ai ¹		由他	rests with him.
yu ² -tê ² -wo ³		由得我	with me, depends on me.
yu ² -t'ien ¹		由天	from heaven.
yu ² -t'ou ²		由頭	the cause, origin, source, etc.
yu ² -tz'ü ³		由此	from this.
yu ² -wo ³		由我	with me, depends on me.
yu ²	水	油 ^{1316c1111b}	oil, oily, grease, greasy, fat, lard.
yu ² -cha ² -kuei ³		油渣鬼	name of a kind of twisted cake.
yu ² -ch'í ¹		油漆	oil colour; varnish, lacquer.
yu ² -ch'í ¹ -chiang ⁴		油漆匠	painters, varnishers.
yu ² -ch'í ¹ -hua ⁴		油漆畫	oil paintings.
yu ² -chiao ³		油脚	oil dregs.

yu ² -chik ³	油紙	oil paper.
yu ² -ch'ou ²	油綢	a very shiny silk.
yu ² -fang ²	油坊	an oil manufactory.
yu ² -hsiang ¹	油箱	oil boxes
yu ² -hua ⁴	油畫	oil paintings.
yu ² -jan ²	油然	appearance of rain ; suddenly.
yu ² -kuang ¹	油光	very smooth.
yu ² -kuo ¹	油鍋	the caldron of oil in Hades.
yu ² -lou ³	油簍	oil baskets.
yu ² -ma ² -tzū ³	油麻子	linseed.
yu ² -mien ⁴	油面	tragedians.
yu ² -ni ²	油泥	dirty.
yu ² -pao ¹	油包	[from]. an oil wrapper (for the seed that oil is pressed
yu ² -pu ¹	油布	oil cloth.
yu ² -sê ⁴ fang ² -wu ¹	油色房屋	a well oiled room.
yu ² -su ¹ ping ³	油酥餅	cakes fried in oil.
yu ² -t'ou ² -fen ³ -mien ⁴	油頭粉面	"greasy head and powdered face", a prostitute.
yu ² -ts'ao ³	油草	grass used when making oil.
yu ² -tsui ³ -hua ² -shê ²	油嘴滑舌	"greasy lips slippery tongue", eloquent, glib.
yu ² -tzū ³	油子	oily mouthed (Pekingese).
yu ² -wang ¹ -wang ¹ -ti ¹	油汪汪的	quite moist, soft and oily.
yu ²	水游	[swim]. to roam, to wander, to stroll ; to flow, to float, to
yu ²	是游	same.
yu ² -chi ¹	遊擊	a major. G. 444.
yu ² -fang ¹ -sêng ¹ -tao ⁴	遊方僧道	wandering priests.
yu ² -hsi ⁴	遊戲	recreation, amusement, fun.
yu ² -hsiao ²	遊學	to travel for information.
yu ² -kuang ⁴	遊逛	to stroll, to wander, to travel (as a tourist).
yu ² -li ⁴	遊歷	to travel.
yu ² -pi ² -yu ³ -fang ¹	遊必有方	when you travel, you must have a definite place.
yu ² -shan ¹ -kuang ⁴ -ching ³	遊山逛景	roaming the hills sight-seeing.
yu ³ shang ³	遊賞	to saunter about.
yu ² -shou ³	遊手	an idle sauntering fellow.
yu ² -shou ² -hao ⁴ -hsien ²	遊手好閒	a loafer fond of idling.
yu ² -tang ⁴	遊蕩	dissipated.
yu ⁴ -wan ⁴	遊玩	recreation, to stroll for recreation.
yu ²	尤	extraordinary, remarkable, odd ; excessive.
yu ² -ch'i ² -pu ⁴ -k'o ³	尤其不可	still less can this be so.
yu ² -ch'i ² -yao ⁴ -chin ³	尤其要緊	still more important.
yu ² -chia ¹	尤加	still more, excessive.
yu ² -chung ²	尤重	to set an extreme value on.
yu ² -i ⁴	尤異	passing strange.
yu ² -jên ²	尤人	to blame persons.

<i>yu²-shên²</i>	尤甚	much more, greater, etc.
<i>yu²-wei³-pu⁴-mei³</i>	尤爲不美	still worse.
<i>yu²</i>	虫 蠅	a kind of gnat, a grub.
<i>yu²</i>	口 圖 罔	to decoy.
<i>yu²-tzu³</i>	罔子	a decoy bird.
<i>yu²</i>	邑 郵	post-house, lodge.
<i>yu²-chéng⁴-chü²</i>	郵政局	the Imperial Post Office.
YU³	月 有	to be, to have, to attain.
<i>yu³-ch'in¹-ti¹</i>	有親的	consanguinity.
<i>yu³-ching¹-wu²-shang¹</i>	有驚無傷	a fright without harm.
<i>yu³-chiu⁴-shuo¹-yu³</i>	有就說有	if there is, just say so.
<i>yu³-ch'iu²-pi⁴-ying⁴</i>	有求必應	"ask and yeshall receive" (pasted up in temples).
<i>yu³-ch'ü⁴-ti¹</i>	有趣的	agreeable.
<i>yu³-hua⁴-ch'ing³-shuo¹</i>	有話請說	if you have anything to say, say it.
<i>yu³-hsien⁴</i>	有限	limited, not much, few.
<i>yu³-hsin¹</i>	有心	intentionally.
<i>yu³-hsing²</i>	有形	visible.
<i>yu³-i¹-t'ien¹</i>	有一天	on a certain day.
<i>yu³-i³</i>	有益	profitable, beneficial.
<i>yu³-i²-ti¹</i>	有益的	same.
<i>yu³-jên²-yüan²</i>	有人緣	popular, favourites, liked by others.
<i>yu³-kên¹-yu³-shao¹</i>	有根有梢	with all its parts, in detail.
<i>yu³-kuo⁴</i>	有過	had.
<i>yu³-li³</i>	有理	reasonable, sensible.
<i>yu³-li³</i>	有禮	polite.
<i>yu³-li⁴</i>	有力	strong.
<i>yu³-li⁴-ti¹</i>	有利的	profitable, beneficial.
<i>yu³-li⁴-pu⁴-ch'ü⁴</i>	有例不去	if the custom is so, it cannot be abrogated.
<i>yu³-liao³</i>	有了	there is, have, has.
<i>yu³-liao³-mo¹</i>	有了麼	has he got ?
<i>yu³-lien²-shou³</i>	有連手	has influence with officials.
<i>yu³-lien³</i>	有臉	respectable.
<i>yu³-mei²-yu³</i>	沒有	have you got ?
<i>yu³-ming²-wang⁴-ti¹</i>	有名望的	men of reputation.
<i>yu³-ming² wu²-shih²</i>	有名無實	name but not reality, merely nominal.
<i>yu³-nêng²</i>	有能	possessing ability.
<i>yu³-ni¹</i>	有呢	is, or, are there any ?
<i>yu³-ni³-shih⁴-wên⁴</i>	有你 是問	you are responsible.
<i>yu³-pien¹-rh²</i>	有邊兒	capital ! first rate ! it will do.
<i>yu³-ping¹-ch'üan²</i>	有兵權	to have military power.
<i>yu³-p'ing¹-yu³-chü⁴</i>	有憑有據	certain, incontestable.
<i>yu³-yu⁴-shih⁴-ti¹</i>	有不是的	culpable.

<i>yu³-shén²-mo¹-shih⁴</i>	有甚麼事	what is the matter? what business have you?
<i>yu³-shén¹-yün⁴</i>	有身孕	pregnant.
<i>yu³-shêng⁴</i>	有剩	something over.
<i>yu³-shih²</i>	有時	something, there are times.
<i>yu³-shih³-wu²-chung¹</i>	有始無終	unfinished, abortive.
<i>yu³-shih⁴</i>	有室	to be married.
<i>yu³-shou³</i>	有守	to possess self-control.
<i>yu³-shu⁴</i>	有數	not many, limited.
<i>yu³-ti¹</i>	有的	there is or are; have, has.
<i>yu³-ti¹-shih⁴</i>	有的是	plenty of, lots of.
<i>yu³-t'iao²-yu³-li³</i>	有條有理	in logical order, systematic.
<i>yu³-to¹-mo¹-chung⁴</i>	有多麼重	how heavy is it?
<i>yu³-to¹-shao³</i>	有多少	how much?
<i>yu³-ts'ai²</i>	有才	possessing talent or ability.
<i>yu³-tso⁴-wei²</i>	有作為	a man of energy.
<i>yu²-tsui⁴</i>	有罪	guilty, excuse me (shih ¹ ching ⁴).
<i>yu³-tsui⁴-ti¹</i>	有罪的	culpable.
<i>yu³-tsui⁴-yu³-tsui⁴</i>	有罪有罪	I beg your pardon.
<i>yu³-tu⁴-tzü³</i>	有肚子	is pregnant.
<i>yu³-t'u³-kao⁴-shih⁴</i>	有腿告示	a tell-tale.
<i>yu³-tzü¹-yu³-wei⁴</i>	有滋有味	interesting, fascinating.
<i>yu³-wei²-yu³-shou³</i>	有為有守	a man of ability and self-restraint.
<i>yu³-wei⁴-rh²</i>	有味兒	savoury, tasty.
<i>yu³-wo³-tsai⁴-tz'ü³</i>	有我在	I am here.
<i>yu³-wu³</i>	有無	possessing or not; existing or not; whether so or
<i>yu³-yü²</i>	有餘	a superabundance.
<i>yu³-yung¹-ti¹</i>	有用的	useful.
<i>yu³</i>	又友 ^{1319a1113c}	a friend, a companion; friendly, friendship.
<i>yu³-ai⁴</i>	友愛	fraternal love; the affection of friends.
<i>yu³-i³</i>	友誼	friends.
<i>yu³-jên²</i>	友人	a friend.
<i>yu³-pang¹</i>	友邦	a friendly state or country.
<i>yu³-shan⁴</i>	友善	intimate with a person, a good friend.
<i>yu³</i>	酉 ^{1315a1114a}	wine; 5 to 7 P.M., evening; finished, completed.
<i>yu³-shih²</i>	酉時	5 to 7 o'clock P.M.
<i>yu³-yüeh⁴</i>	酉月	the eighth month. See Note 32.
<i>yu³</i>	艸 ^{1319b1114b}	weeds, vicious.
<i>YU⁴</i>	又 ^{1318c1114c}	again, further, more, still more. M. 29, 509.
<i>yu⁴-chi¹-yu⁴-k'o³</i>	又飢又渴	both hungry and thirsty.
<i>yu⁴-chia¹-shang⁴</i>	又加上	and besides.
<i>yu⁴-hsieh³-ts'o⁴-liao³</i>	又寫錯了	written wrongly again.
<i>yu⁴-huan⁴-i¹-ko⁴</i>	又換一個	we have got another.

[not.

a superabundance.

yu ⁴ .i ¹ -t'ien ¹	又一天	another day.
yu ⁴ -k'uai ⁴ -yu ⁴ -hao ³	又快又好	both good and fast.
yu ⁴ -lai ²	又來	to come again.
yu ⁴ -lei ³ -ping ⁴ -la ¹	又累病喇	again made ill by weariness.
yu ⁴ -shih ⁴	又是	still it is.
yu ⁴ -shuo ¹ -yu ⁴ -hsiao ⁴	又說又笑	smiling and chatting.
yu ⁴ -ta ¹ -i ¹ -ko ⁴	又搭一個	add another.
yu ⁴ -ta ³ -yu ⁴ -ma ⁴	又打又罵	both cursing and beating.
yu ⁴ -tê ² -hua ¹ -ch'ien ²	又得花錢	we must again pay money.
yu ⁴ -tê ² -fei ⁴ -shih ⁴	又得費事	besides it will take trouble.
yu ⁴ -t'ien ¹ -liao ³	又添了	added still more.
yu ⁴ -yao ¹ -ch'u ¹ -mên ³	又要出門	must again go from home.
yu ⁴ -yao ⁴ -hsia ⁴ -yü ³	又要下雨	it will rain again.
yu ⁴ .yu ³	又有	still have, there is still more.
yu ⁴	口右	1319c1115a the right ; good, honorable ; to honor. M. 64.
yu ⁴ -i ⁴	右翼	the right wing (of an army, etc.).
yu ⁴ -pien ¹ -shou ³	右邊手	the right hand side.
yu ⁴ shih ⁴ .lang ²	右侍郎	vice-president of one of the " Boards ".
yu ⁴ -shou ³	右手	the right hand (tsou ³ shou ³).
yu ⁴ -t'ang ²	右堂	an assistant officer. G. 294.
yu ⁴	么幼	1314b1116a young, small, tender ; tender affection.
yu ⁴ -êrh ³ -shih ¹ -hsiao ²	幼而失學	not educated in youth.
yu ⁴ -hsiao ²	幼學	youth's lessons,
yu ⁴ -nien ²	幼年	young in years.
yu ⁴ -nü ³	幼女	a young girl.
yu ⁴ -shao ⁴	幼少	young, youthful (nien ³ ch'ing ¹).
yu ⁴ -t'ung ³	幼童	a young boy.
yu ⁴	言 誘	1319b1114c to induce, to seduce, to mislead, to entice.
yu ⁴ -huo ⁴	誘獲	to abduct, to inveigle.
yu ⁴ -huo ⁴	誘惑	to tempt, to beguile, to cheat (yin ³ yu ⁴).
yu ⁴ -jên ³	誘人	to advise a person ; to tempt a person.
yu ⁴	人 佑	1320a1115b to aid, to help, to protect.
yu ⁴ -min ³	佑民	to protect the people.
yu ⁴	宥	1312c1115c to excuse, to remit, to forgive, to relax ; to assist.
yu ⁴ -tsui ⁴	宥罪	to remit an offence, to relieve.
yu ⁴ (tzü)	木 柚	1316c1116b the pomelo.
yu ⁴ -p'i ³	柚皮	pomelo peel.

YUNG ¹	佳 邕	雍	1322c1145a to assist ; to collect together, to crowd ; harmony.
yung ¹ -chéng ¹		雍正	Emperor (A. D. 1723-1736).
yung ¹ -ho ² -kung ¹		雍和宮	the great Lama temple at Peking.
yung ¹ -hsi ¹		雍熙	tranquil, delighted, prosperous.
yung ¹ -mu ⁴		雍睦	friendly, cordial.

<i>yung</i> ¹	广	庸 ^{1322a1147c}	unintelligent, simple, rude; common, ordinary.
<i>yung</i> ¹ -ch'ang ²		庸常	common, ordinary.
<i>yung</i> ¹ -i ¹		庸醫	a stupid doctor, a quack.
<i>yung</i> ¹ -jên ²		庸人	a simple person, a common person.
<i>yung</i> ¹ -lu ⁴		庸碌	incapacity.
<i>yung</i> ¹ -ts'ai ²		庸才	inferior talent, without talent.
<i>yung</i> ¹	疒	癰 ^{1323b1145b}	a swelling, a sore, an ulcer, an abscess.
<i>yung</i> ¹ -chü ¹		癰疽	a running sore.
YUNG²	宀	容 ^{592a1146c}	the countenance; to countenance; easy. See
<i>yung</i> ² -chih ³		容止	a person's carriage, demeanour or address.
<i>yung</i> ² -i ⁴		容易	easy.
<i>yung</i> ² -mao ¹		容貌	the countenance.
<i>yung</i> ² -yen ²		容顏	same.
YUNG³	水	永 ^{1324a1149a}	eternal, everlasting, for ever, always.
<i>yung</i> ³ -ch'ang ²		永長	continually.
<i>yung</i> ³ -chün ³		永久	for a very long time.
<i>yung</i> ³ -ch'ü ² -pu ¹ -hsiü ³		永垂不朽	handed down for ever.
<i>yung</i> ³ -fü ²		永福	eternal happiness.
<i>yung</i> ³ -pu ⁴		永不	never.
<i>yung</i> ³ -pu ¹ -chih ³ -hsi ²		永不止息	never ceasing.
<i>yung</i> ³ -pu ⁴ -hsi ¹ -yung ¹		永不叙用	never to be reemployed (official).
<i>yung</i> ³ -pu ⁴ -hsi ³		永不許	never consent or allow it.
<i>yung</i> ³ -chün ¹ -pu ¹ -hü ²		永軍不回	perpetual banishment.
<i>yung</i> ³ -pu ⁴ -tsai ⁴ -fan ¹		永不再犯	never to repeat the offence.
<i>yung</i> ³ -shên ¹		永生	eternal life.
<i>yung</i> ³ -shih ¹		永世	for ever.
<i>yung</i> ³ -shih ⁴ -wu ² -ch'üung ²		永世無窮	everlasting.
<i>yung</i> ³ -wei ² -ting ⁴ -li ¹		永爲定例	a permanent rule.
<i>yung</i> ³ -yüan ³	[ts'un ²	永遠	eternal, everlasting, for ever.
<i>yung</i> ³ -yüan ³ -ch'ang ²		永遠常存	everlasting.
<i>yung</i> ³ -yüan ³ -pu ⁴ -ssü ³		永遠不死	immortal.
<i>yung</i> ³	手	擁 ^{1322a1149a}	a crowd; to crowd; to screen; to embrace; to
<i>yung</i> ³ -chi ³		擁擠	to a crowd; to crowd (ai ² chi ³).
<i>yung</i> ³ -chi ³ -pu ¹ -t'ou ⁴		擁擠不透	an impassable crowd.
<i>yung</i> ³ -hu ⁴		擁護	escort, followers; to escort, to protect.
<i>yung</i> ³ -pao ⁴		擁抱	to embrace (lou ³ pao ⁴).
<i>yung</i> ¹ -pei ¹ -êrh ² -wo ⁴		擁被而臥	to wrap in quilt and lie down.
<i>yung</i> ¹ -shang ³ -lai ²		擁上來	to press forward.
<i>yung</i> ³ -tao ³		擁倒	to be pushed down (in a crowd).
<i>yung</i> ³	力	勇 ^{1321c1148b}	brave, bold, etc.
<i>yung</i> ³ -chiang ⁴		勇將	a brave general.
<i>yung</i> ³ -cho ² -pu ¹ -chü ⁴		勇者不懼	the brave has no fear.

[jung².

<i>ying³-érh²-wu²-li³</i>	勇而無禮	brave, but rude.
<i>ying³-jén²</i>	勇人	a brave man (ta ⁴ tan ³).
<i>ying³-kan³-ti¹</i>	勇敢的	daring, bold, undaunted.
<i>ying³-kuan¹-san⁴-chiün¹</i>	勇冠三軍	bravest of all the army.
<i>ying³-li¹</i>	勇力	immense strength.
<i>ying³-mêng³</i>	勇猛	bold, intrepid, daring, fierce.
<i>ying³-shih⁴</i>	勇士	a brave person.
<i>ying³-pu⁴-k'o³-tang¹</i>	勇不可擋	the brave cannot be withstood.
<i>ying³-wang⁴-chih²-ch'ien²</i>	勇往直前	to resolutely advance.
<i>ying³</i>	心 慚 意 1321b1148c	brave, bold, dashing, courageous; to advise.
<i>ying³-ts'ung²</i>	意 從	to advise, to follow advice.
<i>ying³</i>	水 湧 1321c1148c	to bubble up, to rise or spring up.
<i>ying³-ch'üan²</i>	涌 泉	the bubbling up of a spring.
<i>ying³-liu²</i>	湧 流	"to spring and flow", rippling babbling streams.
<i>ying³-yüan²</i>	湧 源	the bubbling up of a fountain.
<i>ying¹</i>	用 甬 1321a1148a	passing through; a lane.
<i>ying³-lu⁴</i>	甬 路	a road.
<i>ying³-tao⁴</i>	甬 道	same.
<i>ying³</i>	行 衛 1321b1148b	a lane, a street (hu ² t'ung ⁴).
<i>ying³-lu¹</i>	衛 路	raised pathway.
<i>ying³-tao⁴</i>	衛 道	same.
<i>ying³</i>	土 壅 1322b1148c	to stop or close up, to obstruct.
<i>ying³-sai⁴</i>	壅 塞	to stop or close up.
<i>ying³-shang³-fên⁴</i>	壅 上 糞	to heap on manure.
YUNG⁴	用 用 1320b1149c	to use, to employ; necessary expense, by. M. 130.
<i>ying⁴-chi⁴</i>	用 計	to contrive.
<i>ying⁴-ch'ien²</i>	用 錢	to expend money, expenditure, commission.
<i>ying⁴-chih¹-pu⁴-chieh²</i>	用 之 不 竭	can't be used up.
<i>ying⁴-chih¹-tsei²-hsing⁴</i>	用 之 則 行	if he employs me I will go.
<i>ying¹-ch'u⁴</i>	用 處	use; service.
<i>ying¹-chuan⁴</i>	用 饌	have you eaten or not?
<i>ying⁴-fa¹</i>	用 法	use, service.
<i>ying⁴-fan⁴</i>	用 飯	to take a meal.
<i>ying⁴-hsia⁴-ching⁴-shang⁴</i>	用 下 敬 上	for inferiors to respect superiors.
<i>ying⁴-hsiang⁴</i>	用 項	expenditure, expenses.
<i>ying⁴-hsin¹</i>	用 心	to apply the mind, to be attentive.
<i>ying⁴-jên²</i>	用 人	to employ people; persons employed.
<i>ying⁴-kung¹</i>	用 工	to work hard.
<i>ying¹-kung¹</i>	用 功	to be diligent, to make effort.
<i>ying¹-kung¹-yu⁴-tao⁴</i>	用 功 不 到	not diligent.
<i>ying⁴ li¹</i>	用 力	to use strength, to exert one's self.
<i>ying⁴-pi⁴-chao⁴</i>	用 不 着	of no use, useless.

yung ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chin ⁴	用不盡	inexhaustible.
yung ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chung ¹	用不中	useless.
yung ⁴ pu ⁴ -kuan ¹	用不慣	unused to, unaccustomed to.
yung ⁴ -pu ⁴ -liao ³	用不了	unable to use (through being too much).
yung ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tê ²	用不得	unable to use, of no use.
yung ⁴ -pu ⁴ -wan ²	用不完	can't be used up.
yung ⁴ -tao ¹ sha ¹ -jên ²	用刀殺人	to kill a man with a knife.
yung ⁴ -wan ² -liao ³	用完了	finished using, used up, all used.
yung ⁴ -wu ³	用武	to use violence.
yung ⁴ -yin ⁴	用印	to use the seal, to seal officially, to affix a seal.
yung ⁴ -t'ou ²	用頭	of use.
yung ⁴ -tu ⁴	用度	expenses, living.

YÜ ¹	疒	瘵 ^{1326a1128c}	chronic disease; local accumulation of blood, etc.
yü ¹ -ch'í ⁴		瘵氣	a sort of melancholia.
yü ¹ -hsüeh ¹		瘵血	local accumulation of blood.
yü ¹ -jou ⁴		瘵肉	proud or gangrenous flesh.
yü ¹ -nung ³		瘵膿	pus.
yü ¹	水	淤 ^{1326a1119a}	mud, muddy water; matter, pus.
yü ¹ -ni ²		淤泥	mud, muddy water, silt.
yü ¹ -ni ² -k'êng ¹		淤泥坑	a very sticky mud hole,
yü ¹	疋	迂 ^{1328c1118c}	distant; excessive. <i>distorted</i>
yü ¹ chih ³		迂滯	stupid, obstinate (chan ¹ chih ²).

YÜ ³	心	愚 ^{1329c1120a}	simple, stupid, ignorant; I.
yü ² -ché ²		愚者	"the stupid one", I.
yü ² -chien ⁴		愚見	my stupid opinion.
yü ² -chih ³		愚姪	your stupid nephew.
yü ² -cho ¹		愚拙	rustic, simple (ch'un ³ pên ⁴ , lu ³ mang ³).
yü ² -cho ²		愚濁	muddled, stupid.
yü ² -ch'un ³		愚蠢	stupid, simple.
yü ² -fú ¹		愚夫	a rustic; a stupid person.
yü ² -fú ⁴		愚婦	a stupid woman.
yü ² -hsiú ⁴		愚下	I.
yü ² -hsiung ¹		愚兄	"stupid elder brother", I.
yü ² -jên ²		愚人	a stupid person.
yü ² -lu ³ -jên ²		愚人	a stupid ignorant person.
yü ² -lung ⁴		愚弄	to deceive, to befool.
yü ² -mei ⁴		愚昧	simple, stupid.
yü ² -mêng ³		愚蒙	stupid.
yü ² -mín ²		愚民	the simple people, the mob, the common people.
yü ² -tí ⁴		愚弟	"your stupid younger brother", I.
yü ¹ -tun ⁴		愚鈍	ignorant, blunt, stupid.

yü²	魚	魚 ^{1324c1119a}	fish of any kind. R. 281.
yü²-chiao¹		魚膠	isinglass.
yü²-ch'ih²		魚池	a fish pond.
yü²-ch'ih¹		魚翅	shark's fins; fins of a fish (a delicacy).
yü²-ch'ung²		魚虫	fish and reptiles.
yü²-hsia¹		魚蝦	"fish and shrimps", fish in general.
yü²-hsien⁴		魚線	fish-line.
yü²-i⁴		魚翼	fins of fish.
yü²-jou⁴		魚肉	fish as food.
yü²-kun¹		魚竿	a fishing-rod.
yü²-kan¹		魚缸	a fish-globe or jar.
yü²-kon¹		魚鈎	a fish-hook.
yü²-k'ou³		魚口	venereal ulcer.
yü²-kuan⁴-êrh²-ju⁴		魚貫而入	coming in like fish, one behind the other.
yü²-lan²		魚欄	a fish-trap (bamboo).
yü²-lei²		魚雷	torpedo.
yü²-lin²		魚鱗	scales of a fish.
yü²-lung²-hun⁴-tsa²		魚龍混雜	fishes and dragons confusedly mixing.
yü²-lung²-pien⁴-hua⁴		魚龍變化	a fish changed to a dragon.
yü²-mu⁴-hun⁴-chu⁴		魚目混珠	mixing gems with fish-eyes (fig.).
yü²-pang¹-shui³		魚帮水	(fig.) mutual help.
yü²-p'í²		魚皮	fish skins.
yü²-piao⁴		魚鱉	glue.
yü²-pieh¹-hsia¹-hsieh⁴		魚蟹蝦解	marine animals.
yü²-shih²		魚食	a fish-bait.
yü²-ssü¹		魚絲	silk fish-line.
yü²-t'ang²		魚塘	a fish-pond.
yü²-tu³		魚肚	fish-maws.
yü²-tz'ü³		魚子	the roe of fishes.
yü²-wang³		魚網	a fishing net.
yü²-yen³		魚眼	"fishes' eyes", warts, corns (chi¹ yen³).
yü²-ying¹		魚鷹	the fish-hawk.
yü² 方於於于		於 ^{1325b1118a}	in, or; through, to, at, from.
yü²-chin¹		於今	now, at the present time.
yü²-jên³-yu²-i⁴		於人有益	beneficial to men.
yü²-na³-shih²		於那時	at what time?
yü²-na⁴-shih²		於那時	at the time?
yü²-shih⁴		於是	thereupon, thus.
yü²-ss'ü¹		於斯	with this, at this, here.
yü²-tz'ü³		於此	here, at this.
yü²	食	餘 ^{1334a1121a}	surplus, overplus, remainder; to spare.
yü²-ch'ien²		餘錢	surplus money (shêng⁴ ch'ien³).
yü²-ch'ing⁴		餘慶	surplus good-luck.

yü ² -li ⁴		餘力	superabundant strength.
yü ² -li ⁴		餘瀝	the last drop.
yü ² -li ⁴		餘利	earnings, profit.
yü ² -pu ⁴		餘步	an allowance, a loophole.
yü ² -shéng ⁴		餘剩	surplus, overplus, remainder.
yü ²	水 戲	漁 ^{1325b1119b}	to fish; a fisherman; inordinate, immoderate.
yü ² -ch'iao ² -k'eng ¹ -tu ²		漁樵耕讀	fishermen, woodcutters, ploughmen and scholars.
yü ² -li ⁴		漁利	craving for gain.
yü ² -sé ⁴		漁色	inordinate lust.
yü ² -wéng ¹		漁翁	an old fisherman.
yü ²	木	榆 ^{1331b1123b}	a kind of elm.
yü ² -ch'ien ²		榆錢	"elm cash", seeds of the elm tree.
yü ² -mu ⁴ -cho ¹ -i ³		榆木桌椅	chairs and tables of yü wood.
yü ² -shu ⁴ -ch'ien ² -rh ²		榆樹棧兒	seeds of the elm tree.
yü ²	心 小	愉 ^{1331b1123a}	delicate, effeminate, luxuriant; pleased, joy, de- [light.
yü ² -sé ⁴		愉色	a happy pleasing countenance.
yü ² -yüeh ⁴		愉悅	same. [as to.
yü ²	二	于 ^{1328a1118a}	in, to, at, through, on (such a time) relating to;
yü ² -kuei ¹		于歸	the marriage of a girl.
yü ² -shih ⁴		于是	as to, as far as, etc.
yü ²	皿 盃	盃 ^{1328b1120c}	a cup, a basin. [moon.
yü ² -lan ² -hui ⁴		盃蘭會	Festival of Departed Spirits, 15th of the 7th
yü ² -po ¹		盃鉢	cups and basins.
yü ²	丿	予 ^{1339c1120b}	to give, to grant, to add to.
yü ²	日 言	與 ^{1332c1121b}	a moment, an instant.
yü ²		諛 ^{1333a1121c}	to flatter; flattery, adulation.
YÜ ³	羽	羽 ^{1334b1124c}	feathers, wings.
yü ³ -ch'ou ²		羽綢	imitation camlets, bombazettes.
yü ³ -hua ⁴		羽化	death of a Taoist priest.
yü ³ -hua ⁴ -t'eng ¹ -hsien ¹		羽化登仙	transformed into an immortal (Taoist).
yü ³ -i ⁴		羽翼	to assist; wings.
yü ³ -ling ²		羽綾	lastings.
yü ³ -mao ²		羽毛	camlets; feathers.
yü ³ -mao ² -luan ⁴		羽毛緞	English camlets.
yü ³ -pu ⁴		羽布	bunting, stuff.
yü ³ -sha ¹		羽紗	crapes.
yü ³ -shan ⁴		羽扇	feather fans.
yü ³ -shih ⁴		羽士	a Taoist priest (tao ⁴ shih ⁴).
yü ³ -luan ⁴		羽緞	Dutch camlets; lastings.
yü ³	雨	雨 ^{1334c1124b}	rain.
yü ³ -ché ¹		雨遮	kittysols, paper umbrellas.
yü ³ -chiao ³		雨脚	small clouds indicating rain.

yü ³ -ch'ien ²	雨前		very fine grade of tea.
yü ³ -ch'ien ² -chien ¹	雨前尖		kind of tea.
yü ³ -chü ⁴	雨具		waterproof articles.
yü ³ -érh ⁴ -chih ³	雨二指		[suring]. two fingers' depth of rain (common way of mea-
yü ³ -hsia ⁴ -ti ¹ -chi ²	雨下的急		the rain fell in torrents.
yü ³ -hsing ¹	雨星		a rain drop.
yü ³ -hsüeh ³	雨雪		rain and snow.
yü ³ -hsüeh ¹	雨靴		rain boots.
yü ³ -i ¹	雨衣		waterproof clothing.
yü ³ -kuo ⁴ -t'ien ¹ ch'ing ²	雨過天晴		when the rain passes, the skies clear.
yü ³ -lu ⁴ -chih ¹ -ên ¹	雨露之恩		bounty of rain and dew—of Imperial favors.
yü ³ -mao ⁴	雨帽		rain cap.
yü ³ -pu ⁴	雨布		waterproof cloth.
yü ³ -san ³	雨傘		an umbrella.
yü ³ -shui ³	雨水		rain water, rain; one of the terms See Note 21.
yü ³	與	1326b1125a	with, and; to use, to employ. M. 62, 305.
yü ³ -ch'í ²	與其		rather than. M. 594.
yü ³ -jên ² -wu ⁴	與人物		to give a person anything.
yü ³ -li ³ -pu ⁴ -ho ²	與理不合		inconsistent with reason.
yü ³ -shu ⁴	與數		to reckon.
yü ³ -t'a ¹ -ho ² -kan ¹	與他何干		what is it to do with him?
yü ³ -wo ³ -wu ² -kan ¹	與我無干		it is nothing to me, it does not concern me.
yü ³ -yung ⁴	與用		to use.
yü ³	言	1335b1126c	[state]. language, sayings, words, speech, phrases; to
yü ³ -jên ²	語人		to tell a person.
yü ³ -yen ²	語言		to say, to speak; speech.
yü ³ -yün ²	語言云		sayings, phrases, expressions.
yü ³	宇	1328a1126b	[heaven]. to cover; a room; wide, extensive; the sky,
yü ³ -chou ⁴	宇宙		heaven and earth, the universe.
yü ³ -nei ⁴	宇內		in the world or universe.
YÜ ⁴	玉	1336a1138a	jade, jewels; precious; beautiful. R. 233.
yü ⁴ -chên ¹	玉貞		"pure as jade", a kind of privet.
yü ⁴ -ch'êng ²	玉成		to bring to perfection.
yü ⁴ -ch'í ⁴	玉器		jade ware.
yü ⁴ -ching ⁴	玉鏡		a jade mirror.
yü ⁴ -hsi ³	玉璽		the imperial jade seal.
yü ⁴ -huang ²	玉皇		the chief Taoist divinity.
yü ⁴ -kung ¹	玉工		jade workmanship.
yü ⁴ -lan ² -hua ¹	玉蘭花		the common flag.
yü ⁴ -lou ²	玉樓		the shoulders.
yü ⁴ -mi ³	玉米		Indian corn. maize
yü ⁴ -mien ⁴	玉面		a beautiful face.

yü ⁴ -nü ³	玉女	a lovely girl.
yü ⁴ -pei ¹	玉杯	a jade cup.
yü ⁴ -p'an ²	玉盤	jade plates.
yü ⁴ -p'ei ⁴	玉珮	gems attached to the girdle, trinkets, charms.
yü ⁴ -shih ²	玉食	niceties, delicacies.
yü ⁴ -shih ²	玉石	jadestone.
yü ⁴ -shu ³ -shu ³	玉蜀黍	corn.
yü ⁴ -tai ⁴	玉帶	a jade girdle worn by officials.
yü ⁴ -t'ang ²	玉堂	the imperial college at Peking.
yü ⁴ -ti ⁴	玉帝	the Jade Emperor (Taoist).
yü ⁴ -tsan ¹ -hua ¹	玉簪花	a kind of lily,
yü ⁴	頁 忤 豫	預 ^{1340a1128c} beforehand, previously arranged, prepared [against.
yü ⁴ -chao ⁴	預兆	a presage (hsien ¹ chao ⁴).
yü ⁴ -chieh ⁴	預戒	to caution, to beware of.
yü ⁴ -chih ¹	預知	to be aware of, presentiment.
yü ⁴ -fang ²	預防	to prepare, to provide against, precaution.
yü ⁴ -hsien ¹	預先	beforehand, previously, to anticipate.
yü ⁴ -pei ⁴	預備	to prepare, to make ready, ready (chun ³ pei ⁴).
yü ⁴ -pei ⁴ -pu ¹ -chi ⁴	預備不及	can't get ready in time.
yü ⁴ -piao ³	預表	a presage.
yü ⁴ -ting ⁴	預定	to settle previously.
yü ⁴ -tsao ³	預早	beforehand, previously.
yü ⁴ -wei ²	預爲	done beforehand.
yü ⁴ -yen ²	預言	to predict; predictions.
yü ⁴	大 獄 ^{1336c1139c}	prison; hell; criminal cases.
yü ⁴ -chung ¹	獄中	in prison.
yü ⁴ -kuan ¹	獄官	prison officials.
yü ⁴ -lao ²	獄牢	a prison (nan ² lao ² , ti ⁴ yü ⁴).
yü ⁴ -li ⁴	獄吏	a jailor.
yü ⁴ -sung ⁴	獄訟	litigations.
yü ⁴	心 慾 ^{1337c1139b}	to desire, to wish for, to covet; lust, passion.
yü ⁴ -hsiang ³	慾想	wanton thoughts.
yü ⁴ -hsin ¹	慾心	lustful.
yü ⁴ -huo ³	慾火	the fire of lust.
yü ⁴ -nien ⁴	慾念	wanton thoughts.
yü ⁴ -shih ⁴	慾事	(ssü ¹ yü ¹).
yü ⁴	千 御 ^{1337c1127a}	imperial; to rule; to wait upon.
yü ⁴ -ch'a ² -shan ⁴ -fang ²	御茶膳房	Imperial Tea and Buttery.
yü ⁴ -ch'é ¹	御車	to drive a carriage; an imperial carriage.
yü ⁴ -chi ²	御極	accession to the throne.
yü ⁴ -ch'i ¹	御妻	the Empress.
yü ⁴ -ch'ien ²	御前	in the imperial presence, imperial attendants.
yü ⁴ -ch'ien ² -hsia ²	御前轄	before the imperial chariot (officials).

yü ⁴ -fu ²	御服	imperial robes.
yü ⁴ -ho ²	御河	the grand or imperial canal (yün ⁴ ho ²).
yü ⁴ -hou ⁴ -hsia ²	御後轎	officials behind the imperial chariot.
yü ⁴ -i ¹	御醫	an imperial medical practitioner.
yü ⁴ -i ¹	御衣	imperial robes.
yü ⁴ -lan ³	御覽	imperial inspection.
yü ⁴ -lu ¹	御路	imperial roads.
yü ⁴ -ma ³	御馬	to break in horses ; imperial horses.
yü ⁴ -mien ³	御免	imperial catamites (formerly).
yü ⁴ -p'ü ¹	御批	imperial reply.
yü ⁴ -shih ²	御使	censors. See Note 10. G. 189 (chien ⁴ ch'a ²).
yü ⁴ -shu ¹ -pien ² -o ²	御書匾額	a tablet written by the Emperor.
yü ⁴ -tsang ⁴	御葬	grave with stone figures, as in imperial burial.
yü ⁴	遇	to meet, to happen, to occur, to fall in with, to see.
yü ⁴ -chien ⁴	遇見	to meet, to occur.
yü ⁴ -cho ²	遇着	to meet, to befall.
yü ⁴ -chu ¹ -t'u ²	遇諸途	to meet on a road.
yü ⁴ -hsien ³	遇險	to meet with danger or accident.
yü ⁴ -jên ²	遇人	to meet a person.
yü ⁴ -nan ²	遇難	to fall into misfortune or difficulties.
yü ⁴ -pu ⁴ -chien ⁴	遇不見	cannot meet.
yü ⁴ -shih ²	遇時	to hit the right time (ch'ia ⁴ ch'iao ³).
yü ⁴	寓	a lodging ; to lodge, to dwell.
yü ⁴ -ch'u ⁴	寓處	a lodging.
yü ⁴ -i ⁴	寓意	meaning of a fable, the meaning of.
yü ⁴ -k'o ⁴ -shang ¹	寓客商	a lodging house for travellers and merchants.
yü ⁴ -so ³	寓所言	a lodging, one's lodgings (hsia ⁴ ch'u ⁴).
yü ⁴ -yen ²	寓言	a fable.
yü ⁴	喻	to manifest, to proclaim, to declare, to instruct.
yü ⁴ -chia ¹	喻加	more, additional.
yü ⁴ -yen ²	喻言	metaphor ; allegory (pi ³ yü ⁴).
yü ⁴ -yü ² -i ⁴	喻於義	conversant with righteousness.
yü ⁴ -yü ² -li ⁴	喻於利	conversant with self-aggrandisement.
yü ⁴	諭	edicts, orders ; to proclaim ; to interrogate.
yü ⁴ -chih ³	諭旨	an edict.
yü ⁴ -shih ⁴	諭示	to proclaim ; a proclamation (kao ⁴ shih ⁴).
yü ⁴ -tan ¹	諭單	a paper of instructions, a manifesto.
yü ⁴ -t'ieh ¹	諭帖	a government order.
yü ⁴	愈	[advance. to get the better of, to heal ; more, better ; to the longer the better.
yü ⁴ -chü ³ -yü ¹ -hao ³	愈久愈好	much more.
yü ⁴ -shên ²	愈甚	[tant. to exceed, to overpass, still more ; remote, dis-
yü ⁴	逾	to exceed, to overpass.
yü ⁴ -kuo ⁴	逾過	

yü ⁴ -mai ⁴		逾	to pass over or away.
yü ⁴	欠	欲 ^{1337b1139a}	to wish, to hope, to desire, to covet, to long for.
yü ⁴ -tai ⁴		欲待	doubtful, hesitating, vacillating.
yü ⁴ -yao ⁴		欲要	if I want, to wish to, etc.
yü ⁴	水	浴 ^{1331a1139a}	to bathe; to fly or skim like a swallow.
yü ⁴ -fo ² -chieh ²		浴佛節	festival of washing idols (8th of 4th).
yü ⁴ -p'ên ²		浴盆	a bathing-tub (hsi ³ tso ³).
yü ⁴ -shih ⁴		浴室	a bath-house.
yü ⁴	火尉	熨 ^{1245a1055b}	a smoothing iron; to smooth See yün ⁴
yü ⁴ -t'ieh ¹		熨帖	very satisfactory.
yü ⁴ -tou ³		熨斗	a smoothing iron.
yü ⁴	鬱鬱	鬱 ^{1327c1139c}	melancholy, vexation, anxiety.
yü ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴		鬱氣	vexation, anxiety.
yü ⁴ -chieh ²		鬱結	melancholy (yu ¹ ch'ou ²).
yü ⁴ -mên ⁴		鬱悶	melancholy, sad.
yü ³	肉	禹 ^{1334b1125a}	loose, full, name.
yü ³ -t'ang ¹ -wên ² -wu ³		禹湯文武	four famous emperors of antiquity.
yü ³ -wang ²		禹王	The Great King Yü B. C. 2205.
yü ⁴	示	禦 ^{1338b1127c}	to oppose, to stop, to hinder.
yü ⁴ -chih ³		禦止	to stop.
yü ⁴ -k'ou ⁴		禦寇	to oppose banditti.
yü ⁴	肉	育 ^{1339a1149c}	to bear, to rear, to bring up, to nourish.
yü ⁴ -ying ¹ -t'ang ²		育嬰堂	a foundling hospital.
yü ⁴ -yu ⁴		育幼	to nourish the young.
yü ⁴	土	域 ^{1339a1141a}	a limit, a boundary; a state, a nation; the world.
yü ⁴ -chung ¹		域中	in the world or universe.
yü ⁴	艸	芋 ^{1328c1128c}	a species of potato, taro.
yü ⁴ -t'ou ²		芋頭	same (shan ¹ yü ¹ t'ou ²).
yü ⁴	豕	豫 ^{1340a1128c}	undecided, irresolute. Used as 預.
yü ⁴ -fang ²		豫防	guarded against.
yü ⁴	言	譽 ^{1327b1122b}	to praise, to speak highly of, to flatter; reputa-
yü ⁴ -jên ²		譽人	to flatter a person (ch'an ³ mei ⁴).
yü ⁴	衣	裕 ^{1337b1128b}	liberal, generous, indulgent; affluent, plenty.
yü ⁴ hou ⁴		裕後	to leave abundant wealth to one's successors.
yü ⁴ -kuo ² pien ² -min ²		裕國便民	to enrich the state and benefit the people.
yü ⁴	寸	尉 ^{1245a1055c}	to settle, to tranquillize; a title.
yü ⁴	女	嫗 ^{1329a1227c}	an old woman; a mother; to nourish.
yü ⁴	疒	癒 ^{1331c1126b}	cured (ch'üan ² yü ⁴).

YÜAN ¹	宥	冤 ^{1344b1132a}	to oppress, to injure, to accuse falsely; aggrieved.
yüan ¹ -chia ¹		冤家	a resentful person; an avenger; one oppressed.
yüan ¹ -chia ¹ -lu ⁴ -chai ³		冤家路窄	a difficulty, a dilemma.
yüan ¹ -ch'ien ²		冤錢	"squeeze" money.

yüan ¹ -ch'ing ²	冤情	aggrieved, injured.
yüan ¹ -ch'ou ²	冤讎	enmity (ch'ou ² ti ²).
yüan ¹ -ch'ü ¹	冤屈	wronged, oppressed; wrong, injustice.
yüan ¹ -k'u ³	冤苦	grievance, wrong, injustice.
yüan ¹ -kuei ³ -ch'an ² -t'u ³	冤鬼纏腿	a wronged soul entangles his legs.
yüan ¹ -nich ⁴ -tui ⁴ -t'ou ²	冤孽對頭	a vengeance enemy.
yüan ¹ -ta ⁴ -t'ou ²	冤大頭	a spendthrift.
yüan ¹ -wang ³	冤枉	to accuse falsely, to punish the innocent, to ill-use.
yüan ¹	水淵	1343a1131a an abyss, an eddy, a whirlpool; deep.
yüan ¹ -po ²	淵博	deep and wide, profound.
yüan ¹ -shên ¹	淵深	deep, profound.
yüan ¹	鳥鴛鴦	1343c1132b the male mandarin duck.
yüan ¹ -yang ¹	鴛鴦	mandarin ducks (emblems of conjugal fidelity).
yüan ¹ -yang ¹ -chên ³	鴛鴦枕	"mandarin duck's pillows", conjugal fidelity.

YÜAN ²	厂	原	1341c1133a	origin; really, in fact; natural. M. 360.
yüan ² -chi ²		原籍		one's birth place.
yüan ² -ch'ü ³ -kên ¹		原起根		originally, at first.
yüan ² -chia ⁴		原價		prime or original cost.
yüan ² -ch'ing ²		原情		original idea or motive.
yüan ² -chü ³		原主		"original lord", a proprietor.
yüan ² -fêng ¹ -shao ¹ -chiu ³		原封燒酒		original sealed whisky.
yüan ² -hsi ⁴		原係		as before, in fact, indeed it is.
yüan ² -hsieh ² -wên ² -pu ⁴		原斜紋布		twills.
yüan ² -hsien ¹		原先		at first, primarily.
yüan ² -i ⁴		原意		original intention, first motive.
yüan ² -i ⁴ -ssü ¹		原意思		same.
yüan ² -jên ²		原任		the late (deceased) incumbent.
yüan ² -kai ¹ -ju ² -tz'ü ³		原該如此		strictly speaking it should be thus.
yüan ² -kao ³		原稿		an original copy.
yüan ² -kao ⁴		原告		a plaintiff (pei ⁴ kao ⁴).
yüan ² -k'ou ⁴ -pu ⁴		原扣布		T.-cloths, narrow kind of cotton.
yüan ² -lai ²		原來		in the first instance, in fact, really (pên ³ lai ²).
yüan ² -lai ² -ju ² -tz'ü ³		原來如此		it was so at first.
yüan ² -liang ⁴		原諒		to excuse, to look over, to pardon (t'ui ¹ wei ²).
yüan ² -p'ei ⁴		原配		the first wife.
yüan ² -pên ³		原本		the origin, source or root, originally.
yüan ² -pu ⁴ -hsiang ³		原不想		I really did not think, really did not mean.
yüan ² -pu ⁴ -kai ¹		原不該		strictly or by rights, ought not.
yüan ² -sê ⁴ -pu ⁴		原色布		plain cotton piece goods, grey shirtings.
yüan ² -shih ³		原始		in the beginning (ch'ü ³ ch'ü ¹).
yüan ² -shih ⁴		原是		as before, in fact, indeed it is.
yüan ² -ti ³ -tz'ü ³		原底子		original text.

yüan ² -yüan ²	圓	圓	lung-ngans.
yüan ² -yüeh ⁴	圓	月	the full moon (man ³ yüeh ⁴).
yüan ²	系	緣 ^{1345b1136a}	origin, clue, cause; a border, selvage or hem, portion allotted by Providence.
yüan ² -fën ⁴		緣	why; wherefore?
yüan ² -ho ³		緣	a cause, a reason (yin ¹ yu ²).
yüan ² -ku ⁴		緣	to climb trees for fish, fig. impossible (Mencius).
yüan ² -mu ⁴ -ch'iu ² -yü ²		緣	a subscription list or register.
yüan ² -pu ⁴		緣	on account of this, etc.
yüan ² -tz'ü ³		緣	a cause or origin (so ³ i ³ jan ²).
yüan ² -yu ²		緣	to assist, to rescue, to save; to raise up; to lead.
yüan ²	手	援 ^{1347c1135b}	to help him according to reason.
yüan ² -chih ¹ -i ³ -tao ⁴		援	to rescue (chiu ⁴ yüan ⁴ , chiu ⁴ hu ⁴).
yüan ² -chiu ⁴		援	to pull out from.
yüan ² -pa ²		援	a reinforcement of troops.
yüan ² -ping ¹		援	to lead; to quote.
yüan ² -yin ³		援	civil or military officers; round; to circulate.
yüan ²	口	員 ^{1344c1132c}	civil and military officers and soldiers,
yüan ² -pien ⁴		員	same.
yüan ² -wai ⁴		員	low rank officials in any of the "Six Boards".
yüan ² -wai ⁴ -lang ²		員	a spring, fountain.
yüan ²	水	源 ^{1342b1133b}	same.
yüan ² -ch'üan ²		源	when the source is distant, the stream is long.
yüan ² -yüan ¹ -lin ² -ch'ian ^g		源	a garden, a courtyard, an enclosure.
yüan ² (tz'ü)	口	園 ^{1345c1133c}	a gardener.
yüan ² -fu ¹		園	same.
yüan ² -ting ¹		園	coriander. Also yen ² .
yüan ²	艸	芫 ^{1347a1135a}	same.
yüan ² -ts'ai ⁴		芫	same.
yüan ² -sui ¹		芫	same.
yüan ²	犬	猿 ^{1345c1135c}	the monkey or ape (hou ² êrh ²).
yüan ² -hou ²		猿	same.
yüan ²	車	轅 ^{1346a1134a}	thills, side-gates.
yüan ² -mên ²		轅	the gates of a yamên.
yüan ²	士	垣 ^{1348b1135c}	a low wall.
yüan ² -ch'iang ²		垣	same.

YÜAN³

yüan ³ -chin ⁴	迤	遠 ^{1346a1137b}	remote, distant (in time or place).
yüan ³ -ch'in ¹		遠	far and near, distance.
yüan ³ -hsiao ³ -jên ²		遠	distantly related, distant relations.
yüan ³ -lai ² -ti ¹		遠	to keep aloof from mean men.
yüan ³ -li ²		遠	come from a distance.
yüan ³ -liao ³		遠	to keep aloof from, to avoid.
		遠	distant in time or place.

yüan ³ -lu ⁴	遠路	a long road.
yüan ³ -lu'-lai ² -ti ¹	遠路來的	come a long way.
yüan ³ -yien ⁴ -chih ¹	遠便知	spies, informers.
yüan ³ -tsou ³	遠走	to go to a distance.
yüan ³ -tsou ³ -kao ¹ -fei ¹	遠走高飛	an extravagant.
yüan ³ -tsu ²	遠族	distant relations.
yüan ³ -yao ²	遠遙	far away, distant.
yüan ³ -yu ²	遠遊	to stroll to a distance.
yüan ³ -yüan ³ -ti ¹	遠遠的	far away, distant.
yüan ³	女 婉 1344a1136c	yielding, complaisant. See wan ³ .
yüan ³ -ch'üan ⁴	婉勸	to persuade or advise kindly.
yüan ³ -mien ³	婉婉	yielding, submissive, flattering, complaisant.
yüan ³ -nü ³	婉女	a yielding complaisant woman. [uan ³ .
yüan ³	ㄨ 宛 1228b1136c	yielding; crooked; to hang down; as if. See
yüan ³ -chuan ³	宛轉	accommodating one's self to circumstances.
yüan ³ -jan ²	宛然	as if, according to.
yüan ³ -jo ⁴	宛若	same.

YÜAN ⁴	頁 願 1342c1137c	to wish, to desire, to be willing. M. 145, 387.
yüan ⁴ -an ¹ -ch'ên ² -chia ¹	願安承教	I wish you compliments and receive your instruc-
yüan ⁴ -chê ³ -shang ⁴ -kou ¹	願者上鈎	the willing take the hook. [tions.
yüan ⁴ -i ⁴	願意	to wish, to desire (ai ⁴ i ⁴).
yüan ⁴ -ts'ung ²	願從	to be willing.
yüan ⁴ -wang ⁴	願望	to hope, to desire.
yüan ⁴ -yü ⁴	願欲	to desire, to wish. [vexed.
yüan ⁴	心 怨 1343b1138a	ill-will, dissatisfaction, resentment, hatred;
yüan ⁴ -ch'ü ⁴	怨氣	hatred, detestation.
yüan ⁴ -ch'ing ²	怨情	resentment.
yüan ⁴ -hên ⁴	怨恨	to abhor, to detest; malice (man ² yüan ²).
yüan ⁴ -mu ⁴	怨慕	hatred and friendship, dislike and liking for.
yüan ⁴ -p'in ³	怨貧	to repine at poverty.
yüan ⁴ -pu ⁴ -tê ²	怨不得	unable to feel resentment; can't blame.
yüan ⁴ -shui ²	怨誰	whose fault is it?
yüan ⁴ -t'ien ¹	怨天	to murmur against Heaven.
yüan ⁴ -wang ⁴	怨望	to look complainingly or dissatisfied.
yüan ⁴ -yen ²	怨言	words of dissatisfaction, etc.
yüan ⁴	阜 院 1347b1137b	a court, palace, college, temple or hospital.
yüan ⁴ -k'ao ³	院考	examination held by hsiao yüan.
yüan ⁴ -kung ¹	院公	watchmen, followers, attendants.
yüan ⁴ -lao ⁴	院落	a courtyard.
yüan ⁴ -nei ⁴	院內	in the courtyard.
yüan ⁴ -shih ⁴	院試	the last examination for the 1st degree.
yüan ⁴ -t'zÿ ³	院子	a courtyard; attendants.

- yüan⁴ 艸 苑^{1343c1137a} grass, pasture; delicate, soft, luxuriant.
 yüan⁴ 心 愿^{1342b1137c} sincere, virtuous; reverent.
- YÜEH¹ 曰 曰^{1349b1130b} to say, to speak; to call, to denominate; to vomit.
- YÜEH⁴ 月 月^{1349b1129a} the moon; a month. R. 288.
- yüeh⁴-ch³ hua¹ 月季花 the monthly rose; menses (mei² kuei⁴).
 yüeh⁴-ch³'in² 月琴 a kind of guitar.
 yüeh⁴-ch³ing¹ 月經 the menses (t'ien¹ kuei³).
 yüeh⁴-ch³ing¹-pu⁴-t'iao² 月經不調 irregular menstruation.
 yüeh⁴-ch³ü²-hua¹ 月菊花 the China aster.
 yüeh⁴-ch³'üan¹ 月圈 ring round the moon.
 yüeh⁴ fa¹-yen³ 月發眼 eye disease bad at beginning of month.
 yüeh⁴-f³en¹-p⁴'ai³ 月分牌 almanac.
 yüeh⁴-h³e¹-t'ien¹ 月黑天 moonless nights.
 yüeh⁴-hsia⁴ 月下 "beneath the moon", at night.
 yüeh⁴-hsien² 月弦 the moon's quarters.
 yüeh⁴-k⁴'o⁴ 月課 monthly examination of students.
 yüeh⁴-kuang¹ 月光 moonlight; the bull's-eye of a target.
 yüeh⁴-liang⁴ 月亮 the moon (t'ai⁴ yiu¹).
 yüeh⁴-ling⁴ 月令 the seasons (chi³).
 yüeh⁴-lun² 月輪 the orb of the moon, the full moon.
 yüeh⁴-man³ 月滿 the full moon; the moon is full.
 yüeh⁴-m³ing²-ti⁴ 月明地 bright moonlight. [moon.
 yüeh⁴-ping³ 月餅 "moon cake", a cake eaten on the 15th of 8th
 yüeh⁴-s⁴c⁴ 月色 moonlight.
 yüeh⁴-shih² 月食 "a moon eating", an eclipse of the moon.
 yüeh⁴-shih² 月蝕 same.
 yüeh⁴-shih⁴ 月事 the menses.
 yüeh⁴-shu⁴-jih⁴-tzü³ 月數日子 more than a month.
 yüeh⁴-shui³ 月水 the menses.
 yüeh⁴-t'ai² 月臺 a verandah.
 yüeh⁴-ti³ 月底 the end of the month.
 yüeh⁴-tzü³-ti¹-pung⁴ 月子的病 sickness of women within a month after child- [birth.
 yüeh⁴-wang⁴ 月望 the full moon.
 yüeh⁴-ya² 月牙 moon's quarter.
 yüeh⁴-ya²-cho¹-tzü³ 月牙棹子 a ½ moon side table.
 yüeh⁴-ya²-ch'an³ 月牙鏟 a ½ moon spade (Buddhist).
 yüeh⁴-ying² 月盈 the full moon.
 yüeh⁴-yüan² 月圓 same.
 yüeh⁴-yüeh⁴ 月月 every month, monthly.
 yüeh⁴-yüeh⁴-hung² 月月紅 a monthly blooming flower.
 yüeh⁴-yün¹ 月暈 halo or mist round the moon.
 yüeh⁴ 心 悅^{1349c1131b} to rejoice; pleased, grateful, glad, delighted.

yüeh ⁴ -fu ²	悅服	to submit to with pleasure.
yüeh ⁴ -hsin ¹ -ti ¹	悅心的	pleasing, acceptable.
yüeh ⁴ -k'ou ³	悅口	to please the taste.
yüeh ⁴ -mu ⁴	悅目	to gratify the eye.
yüeh ⁴ -ts'ung ²	悅從	to cheerfully acquiesce in.
yüeh ⁴	門 閱 1349c1131b	to look at, to survey, to review, to inspect, to [examine].
yüeh ⁴ -ch'êng ²	閱城	to inspect the city-wall.
yüeh ⁴ -chien ³	閱簡	to superintend.
yüeh ⁴ -chün ¹ -chien ¹ -hsin ¹	閱盡艱辛	suffer extreme pains.
yüeh ⁴ -chüan ⁴	閱卷	to inspect the essays at examinations.
yüeh ⁴ -li ⁴	閱歷	to review in succession or progressively.
yüeh ⁴ -pien ¹	閱邊	to inspect the frontiers.
yüeh ⁴ -pien ⁴	閱遍	to make a provincial tour—as a viceroy.
yüeh ⁴ -ping ¹	閱兵	to review troops.
yüeh ⁴ -shê ⁴	閱射	to review archers.
yüeh ⁴ -yen ³ p'ao ⁴ -tai ²	閱演砲臺	to inspect forts or batteries.
yüeh ⁴	走 越 1350a1130c	to exceed, to overstep, more; to scatter. M. 350.
yüeh ⁴ -chi ²	越級	to pass over, to overstep (yü ⁴).
yüeh ⁴ -chi ² shêng ¹ -kuan ¹	越級陞官	to skip grades and be promoted.
yüeh ⁴ -ch'iang ²	越牆	to get over a wall.
yüeh ⁴ -fa ¹	越發	more and more, still more.
yüeh ⁴ -fên ⁴ -êrh ² -hsing ²	越分而行	to transgress the bounds of duty.
yüeh ⁴ -k an ¹ -yüeh ⁴ -yüan ⁴	越看越遠	the more you look the farther the distance.
yüeh ⁴ -kung ⁴ -yüeh ⁴ -hou ⁴	越共越厚	increasing intimacy in business.
yüeh ⁴ -li ³	越禮	to overstep the bounds of propriety (shih ¹ li ³).
yüeh ⁴ -nan ² -kuo ²	越南國	Annam (fan ⁴ kuei ¹).
yüeh ⁴ -pao ² yüeh ⁴ -shên	越創越深	the more you dig, the deeper the hole.
yüeh ⁴ -pu ¹ -kuo ⁴ -ch'ü ¹	越不過去	cannot pass over.
yüeh ⁴ -san ⁴	越散	to scatter.
yüeh ⁴ -to ¹ -yüeh ⁴ -hao ³	越多越好	the more the better.
yüeh ⁴ -wei ¹ -luan ⁴ -chü ¹	越位亂居	disorderly.
yüeh ⁴ -yang ²	越揚	to spread abroad intelligence.
yüeh ⁴ -yü ⁴	越獄	to break out of prison.
yüeh ⁴	米 粵 1350c1130c	initial particle; in; to say; a name of Canton.
yüeh ⁴ -shêng ³	粵省	Canton province (kuang ³ tung ¹).
yüeh ⁴ -ti ⁴	粵地	same.
yüeh ⁴	金 戔 1350a1131a	a hatchet, an axe.
yüeh ⁴ -fu ³	戔斧	same.
yüeh ⁴ -kung ¹	樂工	musicians.
yüeh ⁴	山 嶽 1311c1117c	mountain.
yüeh ⁴	足 躍 1311c1118b	to jump.
YÜN ²	雨 雲 1351c1142b	clouds, vapor, fog.

yün²-chang¹-chang¹-ti¹	雲張張的	cloudy, at random (wu⁴ t'êng² t'êng² ti¹).
yün²-ch' ai¹	雲氣	vapour, fog, mist.
yün²-chien¹	雲肩	a kind of scarf worn by women.
yün²-han³	雲漢	the Milky-Way (t'ien¹ hun¹).
yün²-hsia²	雲霞	clouds and mist.
yün²-hsiao¹	雲霄	fleecy clouds, empyrean.
yün²-hsiao¹-wu⁴-san³	雲霧散	fig. difficulties disappear.
yün²-hsing²-yü¹-shih¹	雲行雨施	when the clouds come, the rain falls.
yün²-k' ai¹	雲開	the clouds opening or dispersing.
yün²-lai²-wu⁴-ch'ü¹	雲來霧去	floating, e. g., sprites.
yün²-mu³-k'o²	雲母殼	mother-of-pearl shell ; tortoise shell.
yün²-mu³-shih²	雲母石	talc.
yün²-nan²	雲南	province of Yunnan. W. I. 181.
yün²-p' ai²	雲牌	a sort of gong.
yün²-p' ien⁴-kao³	雲片糕	a sort of cake.
yün²-san¹-liao³	雲散了	the clouds dispersed.
yün²-shan¹-wu⁴-chao⁴	雲山霧罩	like mountains seen through mist (exaggerated).
yün²-shih²	雲石	marble from Yunnan.
yün²-shou¹	雲收	the clouds withdrawn.
yün²-sun¹	雲係	distant descendants.
yün²-t' i¹	雲梯	"cloud ladder", a scaling ladder.
yün²-ts' ai³	雲彩	clouds.
yün²-wu¹	雲霧	clouds and mist.
yün²-yen¹	雲煙	mist.
yün²-yen³	雲眼	"cloud eyes", high, lofty, above and clouds.
yün²-yü³	雲雨	"clouds and rain", sexual intercourse.
yün²-yu²	雲遊	to wander, a wanderer.
yün²	云 1351b1142a	to say, to speak.
yün²-érh³	云爾	this way, thus.
yün²-yün²	云云	etc., etc., thus and thus, and so on. [herbs.
yün¹	艸 1351b1142c	a kind of bean ; budding of plants ; fragrant
yün²-tou⁴	芸荳	French beans. [gled.
yün²	糸 1351b1142c	numbers thrown into confusion, ravelled, tan-
yün²-yün²	紕紕	same.
yün²	耒 耘 1351b1142c	to hoe, to remove.
yün²	勺 1353a1142c	equal, even, in even parts ; to divide equally.
yün²-ching⁴	勻淨	uniform, even.

YÜN³

yün³-chun³	允 允 允 允 允 允	to promise, to sanction ; sincerely, honestly.
yün³-hsü³	允准	to consent, to sanction ; to grant, to accede.
yün³-k' ên³	允許	to accede, to promise.
yün³-liao³	允肯	to accede.
	允了	promised, sanctioned.

yün ³ -no ⁴	允諾	to promise, to assent, to grant.
yün ³ -ts'ung ²	允從	to agree, to consent, to accede.
yün ³	歹殞 ^{1354a1143b}	to fade, to fall, to perish, to die.
yün ³ -mieh ⁴	殞滅	to perish, to die.
yün ³ -ming ⁴	殞命	to lose life (sang ⁴ ming ⁴).
yün ³	卓隕 ^{1354a1143b}	fall with a crash.
yün ³ -shih ²	隕石	an aerolite.
YÜN ⁴	運	to transport, to convey; to move, to agitate.
yün ⁴ -ch'i ⁴	運氣	fortune, luck (ts'ai ³ t'ou ² , chiao ³ hsing ⁴).
yün ⁴ -ch'i ⁴ -hao ³	運氣好	good fortune (mei ⁴ ch'i ⁴).
yün ⁴ -chou ¹	運舟	a transport boat.
yün ⁴ -ch'ou ²	運籌	to lay plans.
yün ⁴ -chuan ³	運轉	to revolve, to circulate.
yün ⁴ -fu ⁴ -ch'u ¹ -k'on ³	運復出口	re-exports.
yün ⁴ -ho ²	運河	the Grand Canal. W. I. 31 (yü ⁴ ho ²).
yün ⁴ -hsing ²	運行	to come and go.
yün ⁴ -huang ² -liang ²	運皇糧	to convey government grain.
yün ⁴ -lai ² -liao ³	運來了	an accession of good fortune; imported.
yün ⁴ -lai ² -ti ¹	運來的	imported.
yün ⁴ -liang ²	運糧	to transport grain.
yün ⁴ -liang ² -ch'uan ²	運糧船	grain junks.
yün ⁴ -liang ² -ho ²	運糧河	"conveying grain river", the Grand Canal.
yün ⁴ -mi ³ -liang ²	運米糧	to transport grain.
yün ⁴ -ssü ¹	運司	a salt commissioner. G. 277.
yün ⁴ -t'ai ²	運臺	same.
yün ⁴ -tung ⁴	運動	to circulate, to revolve.
yün ⁴ -yung ⁴	運用	to make use of, to apply.
yün ⁴	音韻 ^{1354b1143c}	air, tune; to rhyme; last syllable of a line; final [sound.
yün ⁴ -chiao ³	韻脚	rhyme.
yün ⁴ -shih ⁴	韻士	rhymesters.
yün ⁴ -tiao ⁴	韻調	to tune; rhyme and tune, tune.
yün ⁴ (yin ⁴)	子孕 ^{1354c1104a}	to be pregnant, to conceive (huai ² yün ⁴).
yün ⁴ -fu ¹	孕婦	a pregnant woman.
yün ⁴ -t'ai ¹	孕胎	to be pregnant, pregnancy.
yün ⁴ -yü ¹	孕育	to conceive and to bring forth.
yün ⁴	日暈 ^{1352b1145a}	dizzy, giddy; vapour, halo, fog and clouds.
yün ⁴ -ch'e ¹	暈車	to feel the motion of a cart.
yün ⁴ -ch'uan ²	暈船	to be sea-sick.
yün ⁴ -kuo ¹ -ch'ü ¹	暈過去	to faint.
yün ⁴	火熨 ^{1245a1055b}	to smooth, to iron (as clothes). See yü ⁴ .
yün ⁴ -tou ³	熨斗	a smoothing iron (lao ⁴ t'ieh ³).
yün ⁴	火熨 ^{1353b1144b}	smooth out, iron.
yün ⁴ -p'ing ² -liao ³	熨平了	ironed smooth.

RADICALS.

I STROKE.

1. <i>yi</i>	一	one ; unity (一橫).
2. <i>kun</i>	丨	a stroke connecting the top with the bottom [(一豎).
3. <i>chu</i>	丶	a point ; a period (一點).
4. <i>p'ieh</i>	丿	a line running obliquely to the left (一撇).
5. <i>i</i>	乙	a character in the time cycle of China.
6. <i>chüeh</i>	乚	a hooked end.

2 STROKES.

7. <i>êrh</i>	二	two (兩橫).
8. <i>t'ou</i>	亠	above.
9. <i>jên</i>	人 <small>イ</small>	man (單立人).
10. <i>jên</i>	儿	man.
11. <i>ju</i>	入	in, into ; to enter.
12. <i>pa</i>	八	eight.
13. <i>chiung</i>	冂	border waste-land (三道框).
14. <i>mi</i>	冃	to cover over (秃寶蓋).
15. <i>ping</i>	冫	an icicle (兩點水).
16. <i>chi</i>	几	a stool.
17. <i>k'an</i>	凵	able to contain.
18. <i>tao</i>	刀 <small>リ</small>	a knife ; a sword (立刀).
19. <i>li</i>	力	strength.
20. <i>pao</i>	勹	to wrap round.
21. <i>pi</i>	匕	a spoon or scoop ; a weapon.
22. <i>fang</i>	匚	a chest (三道框).
23. <i>hsi</i>	匚	able to contain or conceal (三道框).
24. <i>shih</i>	十	ten.
25. <i>pu</i>	卜	to divine.
26. <i>chieh</i>	卩 <small>巳</small>	a joint (硬耳刀).

- | | | |
|---------------------|---|------------------------------|
| 27. <i>han</i> | 厂 | a ledge that shelters (秃偏上). |
| 28. <i>ssǔ; mou</i> | | private; selfish. |
| 29. <i>yu</i> | | again. |

3 STROKES.

- | | | |
|-------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| 30. <i>k'ou</i> | 口 | the mouth. |
| 31. <i>wei</i> | | able to enclose (四道框). |
| 32. <i>t'u</i> | 土 | earth (土堆). |
| 33. <i>shih</i> | | a scholar (提土). |
| 34. <i>chih</i> | 夕 | to step onwards. |
| 35. <i>ts'ui</i> | 夕 | to step slowly. |
| 36. <i>hsi</i> | 夕 | evening. |
| 37. <i>ta</i> | 大 | great. |
| 38. <i>nü</i> | 女 | a female. |
| 39. <i>tzü</i> | 子 | a son. |
| 40. <i>mien</i> | 宀 | roof of a cave (寶蓋). |
| 41. <i>ts'un</i> | 寸 | an inch. |
| 42. <i>hsiao</i> | 小 | little. |
| 43. <i>uang</i> | 尢 | bent as an ailing leg. |
| 44. <i>shih</i> | 尸 | a corpse. |
| 45. <i>ch'é</i> | 艸 | sprouting; vegetation (半草). |
| 46. <i>shan</i> | 山 | a hill. |
| 47. <i>ch'uan</i> | 川 | streams (三個人) (兩個人). |
| 48. <i>kung</i> | 工 | labour. |
| 49. <i>chi</i> | 己 | self. |
| 50. <i>chin</i> | 巾 | a napkin; head-gear (大巾旁). |
| 51. <i>kan</i> | 干 | a shield; to concern. |
| 52. <i>yao</i> | 么 | small. |
| 53. <i>yen</i> | 广 | roof of a house (偏上). |
| 54. <i>yin</i> | 彳 | continued motion. |
| 55. <i>kung</i> | 廾 | the hands folded as in salutation. |
| 56. <i>i</i> | 弓 | to shoot with the bow. |
| 57. <i>kung</i> | 弓 | a bow. |

- | | | |
|------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| 58. <i>ch'i</i> | 彡 | pointed like a pig's head (橫山). |
| 59. <i>shan</i> | 彡 | streaky, like hair (三撇). |
| 60. <i>ch'ih</i> | 彳 | to step short (雙立人). |

4 STROKES.

- | | | |
|---------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| 61. <i>hsin</i> | 心 | heart, mind (豎心), |
| 62. <i>ko</i> | 戈 | a lance, spear. |
| 63. <i>hu</i> | 戶 | a house door. |
| 64. <i>shou</i> | 手 | the hand (提手). |
| 65. <i>chih</i> | 支 | a prop; to issue money. |
| 66. <i>p'u</i> | 攴 | to tap lightly (反攴). |
| 67. <i>wên</i> | 文 | stripes; ornament; literature. |
| 68. <i>tou</i> | 斗 | Chinese bushel. |
| 69. <i>chin</i> | 斤 | Chinese pound; an axe. |
| 70. <i>fang</i> | 方 | square. |
| 71. <i>wu</i> | 无 | not. |
| 72. <i>jih</i> | 日 | the sun; the day. |
| 73. <i>yüeh</i> | 日 | to speak. |
| 74. <i>yüeh</i> | 月 | the moon. |
| 75. <i>mu</i> | 木 | wood; trees. |
| 76. <i>ch'ien</i> | 欠 | to owe; to be wanting in. |
| 77. <i>chih</i> | 止 | to stop (<i>neuter</i>). |
| 78. <i>tai</i> | 歹 | bad. |
| 79. <i>shu</i> | 攴 | a quarter-staff. |
| 80. <i>wu; kuan</i> | 毋 | do not! |
| 81. <i>pi</i> | 比 | to compare; lay side by side. |
| 82. <i>mao</i> | 毛 | hair, fur. |
| 83. <i>ch'i</i> | 气 | vapour. |
| 84. <i>shih</i> | 氏 | family from past time till now. |
| 85. <i>shui</i> | 水 | water (三點水). |
| 86. <i>huo</i> | 火 | fire (四點火). |
| 87. <i>chao</i> | 爪 | claws. |
| 88. <i>fu</i> | 父 | father. |

89. *yao*
 90. *ch'iang*
 91. *p'ien*
 92. *ya*
 93. *niu*
 94. *ch'üan*

爻
 片
 牙
 牛
 犬

- cross-wise.
 the radical 91 reversed.
 a slab of wood ; a slice or piece,
 the back teeth.
 oxen ; kine (提牛旁).
 the dog (反犬或犬猶).

5 STROKES.

95. *yüan*
 96. *yü*
 97. *kua*
 98. *wa*
 99. *kan*
 100. *shêng*
 101. *ying*
 102. *t'ien*
 103. *p'i*
 104. *ni*
 105. *po*
 106. *pai; po*
 107. *p'i*
 108. *min*
 109. *mu*
 110. *mou*
 111. *shih*
 112. *shih*
 113. *ch'i; shih*
 114. *jou*
 115. *ho*
 116. *hsüeh*
 117. *li*

玄
 玉
 瓜
 瓦
 甘
 生
 用
 田
 疋
 疒
 𠂇
 白
 皮
 皿
 目
 矛
 矢
 石
 示
 肉
 禾
 穴
 立

- black.
 precious stones (斜玉).
 the gourd.
 tiles.
 sweet.
 to live ; to produce.
 to use.
 fields ; arable land.
 the bale or piece of cloth, silk, etc.
 disease (病字旁).
 back to back.
 white.
 skin ; bark.
 covered dishes (皿堆).
 the eye.
 a long lance.
 arrows.
 stone.
 spiritual power ; revelation.
 the print of a fox's foot.
 any kind of grain (禾木).
 a cave (穴字頭).
 to stand up or still.

6 STROKES.

118. *chu*

竹

- the bamboo (竹字頭).

119.	<i>mi</i>	米	rice uncooked.
120.	<i>mi; ssü</i>	糸	raw silk, as spun by the worm (絞絲).
121.	<i>fou</i>	缶	earthenware.
122.	<i>wang</i>	网	fishing-net (屬四).
123.	<i>yang</i>	羊	sheep.
124.	<i>yü</i>	羽	feathers.
125.	<i>lao</i>	老	old.
126.	<i>érh</i>	而	and ; but yet.
127.	<i>lei</i>	耒	the plough.
128.	<i>érh</i>	耳	the ear.
129.	<i>yü</i>	聿	a pencil.
130.	<i>jou</i>	肉	flesh ; meat (肉字旁).
131.	<i>ch'én</i>	臣	servant of the sovereign.
132.	<i>tzü</i>	自	self ; from.
133.	<i>chih</i>	至	to come or go to ; arrive at.
134.	<i>chiu</i>	臼	a stone mortar.
135.	<i>shé</i>	舌	the tongue.
136.	<i>ch'uan</i>	舛	at issue ; in error.
137.	<i>chou</i>	舟	ships ; boats.
138.	<i>kén</i>	艮	limitation ; character in the time cycle.
139.	<i>sê; shai</i>	色	colour.
140.	<i>ts'ao</i>	艸	plants ; herbs (草字頭).
141.	<i>hu</i>	彪	the tiger's streaks.
142.	<i>ch'ung; hui</i>	虫	reptiles having feet.
143.	<i>hsieh; hsüeh</i>	血	blood (血堆).
144.	<i>hang; hsing</i>	行	'hang, a row as of building ; hsing, to go, to do.
145.	<i>i</i>	衣	clothes.
146.	<i>sha; hsi</i>	西	to cover ; the west (西字部).

7 STROKES.

147.	<i>chien</i>	見	to perceive, with the eye, nose, ear or mind.
148.	<i>chiau</i>	角	horns ; a corner.
149.	<i>yen</i>	言	words.

150.	<i>ku</i>	谷	a valley.
151.	<i>tou</i>	豆	beans.
152.	<i>shih</i>	豕	the pig.
153.	<i>chai; ti</i>	豸	reptiles without feet.
154.	<i>pei</i>	貝	the tortoise; his shell; hence, precious (貝貝邊).
155.	<i>ch'ih</i>	赤	flesh colour.
156.	<i>tsou</i>	走	to walk or run.
157.	<i>tsu</i>	足	the foot; enough (足路).
158.	<i>shên</i>	身	the body.
159.	<i>ch'é; chü</i>	車	vehicles; sedans.
160.	<i>hsin</i>	辛	bitter.
161.	<i>ch'ên</i>	辰	horary period, from 7 to 9 A.M.; a cycle character.
162.	<i>ch'ô</i>	辵	moving and pausing (走之).
163.	<i>i</i>	邑	any centre of population (輓耳刀 or 右耳刀).
164.	<i>yu</i>	酉	horary period, 5 to 7 P.M.; a cycle character.
165.	<i>ts'ai; pien</i>	釐	to part and distinguish.
166.	<i>li</i>	里	a hamlet; the Chinese mile.

8 STROKES.

167.	<i>chin</i>	金	the metals; gold.
168.	<i>chang; ch'ang</i>	長	to grow; length.
169.	<i>mên</i>	門	a gate, a door.
170.	<i>fu</i>	阜	a mound of earth (左耳刀).
171.	<i>li; tai</i>	隹	to reach to, to arrive at.
172.	<i>chui</i>	隹	short-tailed birds.
173.	<i>yu</i>	雨	rain (雨字頭).
174.	<i>ch'ing</i>	青	sky-blue.
175.	<i>fei</i>	非	negative; wrong.
176.	<i>mien</i>	面	the face; the outside.

9 STROKES.

177.	<i>kê; ko</i>	革	a hide stripped of hair; to strip the hide, to flay.
178.	<i>wei</i>	韋	tanned hide.

179.	<i>chiu</i>	韭 音 頁 風 飛 食 首 香	leeks.
180.	<i>yin</i>		sound.
181.	<i>yeh</i>		the head ; page of a book.
182.	<i>fèng</i>		wind.
183.	<i>fei</i>		to fly as birds.
184.	<i>shih</i>		to eat.
185.	<i>shou</i>		the head.
186.	<i>hsiang</i>	fragrance.	

10 STROKES.

187.	<i>ma</i>	馬 骨 高 髟 鬥 鬯 鬲 鬼	the horse.
188.	<i>ku</i>		bones.
189.	<i>kao</i>		high.
190.	<i>piao</i>		shaggy.
191.	<i>tou</i>		to fight ; to emulate.
192.	<i>ch'ang</i>		a sacrificial bowl ; luxurious vegetation ; content- [ment.]
193.	<i>ko ; li</i>		a sacrificial vase on crooked feet.
194.	<i>kuei</i>		spirits of the dead.

11 STROKES.

195.	<i>yü</i>	魚 鳥 鹵 鹿 麥 麻	fish.
196.	<i>niao</i>		birds.
197.	<i>lu</i>		natural salts.
198.	<i>lu</i>		the deer species.
199.	<i>mai</i>		wheat.
200.	<i>ma</i>		hemp.

12 STROKES.

201.	<i>huang</i>	黃 黍 黑 蒿	yellow ; clay colour.
202.	<i>shu</i>		millet.
203.	<i>hei ; hê</i>		black.
204.	<i>ch'ih</i>		embroidery.

13 STROKES.

- | | | | |
|------|------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| 205. | <i>mêng; min</i> | 龜 | of the frog or toad kind. |
| 206. | <i>ting</i> | 鼎 | a two-eared tripod used in sacrifice. |
| 207. | <i>ku</i> | 鼓 | the drum, etc. |
| 208. | <i>shu</i> | 鼠 | the rat kind. |

14 STROKES.

- | | | | |
|------|-------------|---|---------------------|
| 209. | <i>pi</i> | 鼻 | the nose. |
| 210. | <i>ch'i</i> | 齊 | arranged, in order. |

15 STROKES.

- | | | | |
|------|--------------|---|--------------|
| 211. | <i>ch'ih</i> | 齒 | front teeth. |
|------|--------------|---|--------------|

16 STROKES.

- | | | | |
|------|-------------|---|----------------------------|
| 212. | <i>lung</i> | 龍 | the dragon tribe. |
| 213. | <i>kuei</i> | 龜 | the tortoise, turtle, etc. |

17 STROKES.

- | | | | |
|------|-----------|---|---------------------|
| 214. | <i>yo</i> | 龠 | flutes, pipes, etc. |
|------|-----------|---|---------------------|



INDEX OF CHARACTERS

Arranged According to Radicals and Number of Strokes.

<p>1 一 {ⁱ¹ _{y1}</p> <p>丁 ting¹ 七 ch'í¹ 丈 chang⁴</p> <p>三 {sa¹ san¹</p> <p>上 shang⁴ 下 hsia⁴ 不 pu⁴ 丐 kai⁴ 丑 ch'ou³ 且 ch'ieh³ 世 shih⁴</p> <p>丘 {ch'iu¹ (mou³)</p> <p>丙 ping³ 丕 p'ei¹ 丞 ch'êng² 丟 tiu¹ 並 ping⁴</p> <p>2 丨 kun</p> <p>丫 ya¹ 中 chung¹ 丰 fêng¹ 串 ch'uan⁴</p> <p>3 丿 chu</p> <p>丸 wan¹ 丹 tan¹ 主 chu³</p>	<p>4 丩 p'ich</p> <p>乃 nai³ 久 chiu³ 之 chih¹ 乍 cha⁴ 乎 hu² 乏 fa² 乘 kuai¹ 乘¹⁰ ch'êng⁴</p> <p>乙 i</p> <p>乚 mieh¹ 乚 chiu³ 乚 ch'í³ 乚 yeh³ 乚 chi¹ 乚 ju³</p> <p>乚¹⁰ {ch'ien² kan¹</p> <p>乚¹² {lan⁴ luan⁴</p> <p>6 丩 chüch</p> <p>了 lia³ 子 yü² 事 shih⁴</p> <p>7 二 êrh⁴</p> <p>于 yü² 云 yün²</p>	<p>互 hu⁴ 五 wu³ 井 ching³ 些 hsieh¹ 丩 keng³ 丩 ya³ 丩 chi²</p> <p>8 丩 t'ou</p> <p>亡 wang⁴ 交 chiao¹ 亥 hai¹ 亦 i⁴ 亨 hêng² 亨⁵ hsiang³ 亨⁶ ching¹ 亨⁷ t'ing² 亮 liang⁴</p> <p>9 人 jên²</p> <p>仄 {tsé⁴ (chái³)</p> <p>什 shih³ 仁 jên² 仃 ting¹ 仇 ch'ou² 介 chin¹ 仍 chieh⁴ 介 jêng² 介 fu¹ (p'u¹) 介 tzü³ 介 shih⁴ 介 t'a¹ 介 chang⁴</p>	<p>付 fu⁴ 仙 hsiên¹ 全 t'ung² 令 tai¹ 以 ling⁴ 仰 i³ 仲 yang³ 仲 chung⁴ 仲 wu³ 仲 chien⁴ 仲 jên⁴ 仲 ch'í⁴ 仲 i¹ 仲 wu³ 仲 jên¹ 仲 fu² 仲 shên³ 仲 fa¹ 仲 hsiu¹ 仲 huo³ 仲 po² (pai²) 仲 ku¹ 仲 i² 仲 ni³ 仲 pan⁴ 仲 ling² 仲 shên¹ 仲 tz'ü⁴ 仲 ssü⁴ 仲 tien⁴ 仲 tan⁴ 仲 pu⁴ 仲 wei⁴ 仲 ti¹ 仲 chu⁴ 仲 tso³ 仲 yü⁴ 仲 chan⁴ 仲 ho² 仲 fo²</p> <p>作 tso⁴ 佞 ning⁴ 佩 p'ei⁴ 伴 yang² 侔 mou² 佳 chia¹ 使 shih³ 僭 i¹ 佩 p'ei⁴ 侃 k'an³ 來 lai² 侈 chih³ 例 li¹ 侍 shih⁴ 供 kung¹ 依 i¹ 侮 wu³ 悻 lung³ 俊 tsun⁴ 侯 hou² 侵 ch'in¹ 侶 lü³ 便 pien⁴ 係 hsi⁴ 促 ts'u⁴ 俄 o² 俊 chün⁴ 俏 ch'iao⁴ 俐 li⁴ 俗 su³ 俘 fu¹ 保 pao³ 俟 ssü⁴ 俠 {hsia² {chia¹</p> <p>信 hsin³ 修 hsiu¹ 倅 Chiang⁴ 俯 fu³ 俱 chü¹</p>
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捧 fêng⁴
 俾 pei⁴
 倆 pi⁴
 倉 lia³
 個 ts'ang¹
 倍 ko⁴
 們 pei⁴
 倒 mên¹
 偏 tao³
 倖 chüeh²
 倘 hsing¹
 倚 t'ang³
 借 hou⁴
 俺 i³
 倡 chieh⁴
 做 an¹ (2, 3)
 值 ch'ang⁴
 值 fang³
 值 chih²
 倫 chüan⁴
 倫 lün²
 假 wo¹
 假 chia³
 傢 chia¹
 偉 wei³
 偏 p'ien¹
 做 tso⁴
 停 t'ing²
 健 chien⁴
 借 { tsa²
 { tsan¹
 側 { chai¹
 { ts'é¹
 偶 ou³
 偷 t'ou¹
 借 ch'iao⁴
 借 hsieh²
 借 wei¹
 愧 k'uei³
 傳 fu⁴
 傍 { p'ang²
 { pang⁴
 傑 chieh²
 傘 san³

備 pei⁴
 催¹¹ ts'ui¹
 備 { jung² (or
 { yung)
 傲 ao⁴
 傳 ch'uan²
 債 chai⁴
 傷 shang³
 慢 sha³
 傾 ch'ing²
 僅 chin³
 像 hsiang⁴
 僕 p'u²
 僚 liao²
 僞 wei⁴
 僧 séng¹
 僭 chieh⁴
 僥 chiao³
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 價 chia⁴
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 儉 chien³
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 { ch'ai²

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 冒⁵ mao⁴
 冕 mien³
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 冗² jung³
 冠⁷ kuan¹
 冕⁸ yüan¹
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 冰 ping¹
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 况 k'uang⁴
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 准 chun³
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t'w³
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吠¹ tai¹

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 培^s p'ei²
 基^s chi¹
 堂^s t'ang²
 壘^s chien¹
 堆 {tui¹
 {tsui¹
 坳^s kang³
 堤^s ti¹
 堡^s p'u⁴
 塔^s chieh¹
 堪^s k'an¹
 堯^s yao²
 報^s pao⁴
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 塋^s ying²
 塌^s t'a¹
 壘^s su⁴
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 塗^s t'a²
 塘^s t'ang²
 塚^s chung³
 塞^s sai⁴
 填^s t'ien²
 塢^s wu³
 塌^s p'eng⁴
 塲^s ch'ang²
 塵^s ch'ên³
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 慕^s mu⁴
 墁^s man⁴
 墁^s chui⁴
 墁^s tsêng¹
 墁^s mo⁴
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 墁^s fên²
 墁^s ch'iang²
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 壓¹⁴ ya¹
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 妙⁴ chon²
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 妙⁴ chieh³
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 妙⁴ kou⁴
 妙⁴ nu³
 妙⁴ chien¹
 妙⁴ chiang¹
 妙⁴ i²
 妙⁴ chih²
 妙⁴ yin¹
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 妙⁴ o²
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 宋⁴ sung¹
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 展⁷ chan³
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序⁴ hsü⁴
底⁵ ti³
店⁴ tien⁴
庚¹ keng¹
府³ fu³
庠⁶ hsiang²

度 {to⁴
tu⁴
座⁷ tso⁴
庫 k'u¹
庭 t'ing²
廡 an¹
庶 shu⁴
康 k'ang¹
庸 yung¹
廂⁹ hsiang¹
廉¹⁰ lien²
廡 yin⁴
廚 lang²
廚¹² ao²
廟 miao⁴
廢 ch'uang³
廡¹³ fei⁴
廡¹³ kuang³
廡¹⁶ lin³
廡¹⁶ lu²
廳²¹ t'ing¹

54
爻 yin

延⁴ yen²
廷² t'ing²
建⁶ chien⁴

55
井 kung³

弁² pien⁴
弄⁴ nung⁴
弊¹² pi⁴

56
弋 i¹

式³ shih⁴
祇⁹ shih⁴

57
弓 kung¹

弔 tiao⁴
引 yin³
弗 fu²
弔 pa⁴
弟 ti⁴
弔⁵ hsien²
弔⁷ nu³
弔⁷ jo⁴
弔⁸ chang¹
弔⁸ peng¹
弔⁸ peng¹
弔⁸ ch'iang²
弔⁹ pi⁴
弔¹² t'an²
弔¹⁴ mi¹
弔¹⁹ wan¹

58
彡 ch'i

彙¹⁰ hui⁴
彙¹⁰ hui⁴

59
彡 shan

形⁴ hsing²
彩⁸ ts'ai³
彪⁹ piao¹
彭⁹ p'eng²
影³ ying³
彰¹ chung¹

60
彳 ch'ih

衍⁴ fang³
役⁴ {i⁴
{yi⁴

彼⁵ pi³
佛 fu²
往 wang³
征 cheng¹
待 tai⁴
律⁶ hên³
律 yang²
律⁷ li⁴
徐⁷ hou⁴
徐⁷ hsü²
徑⁷ ching⁴
徑⁷ t'u²

得⁸ {tê²
{tei³

徒⁸ hsi³
徒⁸ ts'ung²
御⁹ yü⁴
徠⁹ lai²
徠⁹ pien⁴
徠⁹ fu⁴
徠⁹ hsün²
徠¹⁰ wei¹
徠¹⁰ cheng¹
徠¹¹ tê²
徠¹⁴ hu¹

61
心 hsin¹

必³ pi⁴
忌³ chi⁴
忍³ jên³
志³ t'an³
志³ t'ê⁴
志³ t'ê⁴
志³ ts'un³
志³ chih⁴
志³ wang⁴
志³ mang²
志³ chung¹
志³ ch'ung³
志³ wu³

快⁴ k'uai⁴
念⁴ nien⁴
忽⁴ hu¹
忽⁴ jên⁴
忽⁵ tsên³
怒⁴ nu⁴
怕⁴ p'a⁴
思⁴ ssü⁴
意⁴ tai⁴
怡⁴ i³
怵⁴ ch'u⁴
怵⁴ ts'ung¹
急⁴ chi³
性⁴ hsing⁴
怨⁴ yüan⁴
怪⁴ kuai⁴
怪⁴ ch'ieh⁴

恃⁶ {shih⁴
{ssü⁴

恆⁶ hêng³
恍⁶ huang³
恐⁶ k'ung³
怒⁶ shu⁴
恚⁶ yang⁴
恚⁶ tzü¹
恚⁶ hsü¹
恥⁶ ch'ih³
恨⁶ hên⁴
恨⁶ ên²
恨⁶ kung¹
恨⁶ hsi²
恨⁶ ch'ia⁴
恨⁶ han⁴
恨⁶ yung³
恨⁶ nin²
恨⁶ ch'iao⁴
恨⁶ yüeh⁴
恨⁶ hsi³
恨⁶ t'ê⁴
恨⁶ hui³
恨⁶ pei⁴
恨⁶ wu⁴
恨⁶ wu⁴
恨⁶ yu³

捆 *k'un³*
 捉 *cho¹*
 捋 *lo³*
 剔 *pa¹*
 捐 *chüan¹*
 捕 *pu³*
 挾 *hsieh²*
 捎 *shao¹*
 挽 *wan¹*
 捧 *p'eng³*
 捨 *shé³*
 捫 *mén¹*
 捲 *chüan²*
 撻 *chieh²*
 捺 *na⁴*
 捻 *{nieh¹*
{nien³
 掀 *hsien¹*
 掏 *t'ao¹*
 捎 *k'én³*
 捺 *t'ien⁴*
 揸 *pai¹*
 括 *tien¹*
 掃 *suo³*
 掄 *{lün¹*
{lun²
 掇 *{to²*
{ts'o⁴
 授 *shou⁴*
 掉 *{chao⁴*
{tiao⁴
 掌 *chang³*
 招 *ch'ia²*
 排 *p'ai²*
 掖 *yeh¹*
 掘 *chüeh²*
 掙 *chéng⁴*
 掛 *kuo⁴*
 掠 *{liung⁴*
{liao⁴
 採 *ts'ai³*
 探 *t'an¹*
 掣 *ch'é⁴*
 接 *chieh¹*
 控 *k'ung¹*

推 *{chui¹*
{t'ui¹
 掩 *yen³*
 措 *ts'o⁴*
 揀 *chien³*
 揆 *k'uei²*
 揆 *jou²*
 揉 *sai²*
 搥 *miao²*
 描 *t'ie²*
 提 *nich¹*
 捏 *i¹*
 搥 *yang²*
 揚 *huan⁴*
 換 *tsuan¹*
 揩 *{wo⁴*
{wu³
 握 *ch'uai³*
 揣 *chin¹*
 掀 *k'o²*
 揸 *ch'ung⁴*
 撞 *ku¹*
 搥 *ch'ui²*
 搥 *chich¹*
 搥 *hui²*
 搥 *yün²*
 搥 *kou¹*
 搥 *sang³*
 搥 *chan³*
 搥 *nung⁴*
 搥 *chih¹*
 搥 *k'o¹*
 搥 *ts'a¹*
 搥 *sun³*
 搥 *so¹*
 搥 *ts'o¹*
 搥 *yao²*
 搥 *ch'ou¹*
 搥 *tuo³*
 搥 *sou¹*
 搥 *ch'ui²*
 搥 *sao¹*
 搥 *shan¹*
 搥 *t'ang²*

搬 *pan¹*
 搭 *ta¹*
 搥 *én¹*
 搥 *ch'iang³*
 搥 *tien¹*
 搥 *ch'a²*
 搥 *ch'uai¹*
 搥 *t'a¹*
 搥 *wu³*
 搥 *shuai³*
 搥 *chai¹*
 搥 *lou³*
 搥 *liao⁴*
 搥 *liao⁴*
 搥 *chien³*
 搥 *mo²*
 搥 *k'ou¹*
 搥 *mo¹*
 搥 *mo¹*
 搥 *ché²*
 搥 *piao¹*
 搥 *lu³*
 搥 *ch'ien¹*
 搥 *ko⁴*
 搥 *lo⁴*
 搥 *tu'an²*
 搥 *chüeh¹*
 搥 *p'ieh¹*
 搥 *{t'an²*
{tan³
 搥 *lao²*
 搥 *p'ieh¹*
 搥 *nien³*
 搥 *ch'ing¹*
 搥 *chien³*
 搥 *ko¹*
 搥 *sa¹*
 搥 *nao²*
 搥 *ssü¹*
 搥 *tsun³*
 搥 *chuang⁴*
 搥 *ch'é⁴*
 搥 *po¹*
 搥 *shai¹*

搥 *tun¹*
 搥 *tieh²*
 搥 *ch'ien⁴*
 搥 *liao¹*
 搥 *fu³*
 搥 *ch'iao⁴*
 搥 *po³*
 搥 *ts'o¹*
 搥 *chuan⁴*
 搥 *p'u⁴*
 搥 *t'a⁴*
 搥 *han⁴*
 搥 *chui¹*
 搥 *yung³*
 搥 *lei²*
 搥 *lo¹*
 搥 *shan¹*
 搥 *{tsé²*
{chai²
 搥 *ch'o¹*
 搥 *chi¹*
 搥 *tung³*
 搥 *ts'ao¹*
 搥 *ch'ing²*
 搥 *ch'm²*
 搥 *tan¹*
 搥 *hsieh²*
 搥 *p'i³*
 搥 *chi⁴*
 搥 *{po¹*
{pai¹
 搥 *kan³*
 搥 *chi³*
 搥 *tu²*
 搥 *tao²*
 搥 *huo²*
 搥 *lien³*
 搥 *ts'a¹*
 搥 *tsan³*
 搥 *{i³*
{ni³
 搥 *ning³*
 搥 *hsing³*
 搥 *k'uai³*

攢 *ts'uan²*
 攢 *nien³*
 攢 *lei⁴*
 攢 *{chih⁴*
{jeng¹
 攢 *k'uo⁴*
 攢 *pai³*
 攢 *sou³*
 攢 *jao³*
 攢 *p'an¹*
 攢 *huo⁴*
 攢 *la¹*
 攢 *lung³*
 攢 *lan²*
 攢 *jang³*
 攢 *ch'an¹*
 攢 *ts'uan¹*
 攢 *{tsun³*
{ts'uan¹
 攢 *lian²*
 攢 *t'an¹*
 攢 *la¹*
 攢 *lo³*
 攢 *tang³*
 攢 *chiao³*
 攢 *ch'üeh⁴*
 攢 *lei⁴*
 攢 *lan³*
 攢 *nang³*
 65
 支 *chih¹*
 None.
 66
 支 *p'u¹*
 收 *shou¹*
 攸 *yu¹*
 攸 *kai³*

攻⁴ kung¹
放⁴ fang⁴
政⁴ chéng⁴
故⁵ ku⁴
可⁵ k'o¹
效⁶ hsiao⁴
教⁷ chiao⁴
敏⁷ min³
救⁷ chiu⁴
赦⁷ ao⁴
敗⁸ pai⁴
敝⁸ pi⁴
敢⁸ kan³
散⁸ san³
敦⁹ tun¹
敬⁹ ching⁴
敲¹⁰ chiao¹
敵¹¹ ti²
敷¹¹ fu²
數¹¹ shu⁴
斂¹³ lien⁴
斃¹⁴ pi⁴
聚¹⁴ ch'ung⁴

67

文^{win²}

斑⁸ pan¹

68

斗^{tou³}

料⁶ liao⁴

斛⁷ hu²

斜⁷ hsieh²

樹⁹ chên¹

69

斤^{chin¹}

斥^{ch'ih⁴}

斧⁴ fu³
斬⁷ chan³
斯⁸ ssü¹
新⁹ hsün¹
斷¹⁴ tuan⁴

70

方^{fang¹}

於⁴ yü²
施⁵ shih¹
旁⁵ p'ang³
旅⁶ lü³
旄⁶ mau²
旆⁶ pei⁴
旛⁷ hsün²
旒⁷ liu²
旌⁷ ching¹
族¹⁰ tsu²
旗¹⁰ ch'ü²

71

无^{wu²}

无^{wu²}
旣⁷ chi⁴

72

日^{jih⁴}

且^{tan⁴}
旨² chih³
早² tsao³
旬² hsün²
旱³ han⁴
旺⁴ wang⁴
昂⁴ ang²
昆⁴ k'un¹
昇⁴ shêng¹
昊⁴ hao⁴

昌^{ch'ang¹}
明^{ming²}
昏^{hun¹}

易^{{i⁴}
{yi⁴

昔^{hsi²}
星⁵ hsing¹
昴⁵ mau³
映⁵ ying⁴
春⁵ ch'un¹
味⁵ mei⁴
昨⁵ tso²
昭⁵ chao¹
是⁵ shih⁴
時⁶ shih²
晌⁶ shang³
晒⁶ shai⁴
晚⁷ wan³
晝⁷ chou¹
晡⁷ pu¹
晨⁷ ch'ên²
普³ p'u³
景³ ching³
晰³ hsi¹
晴³ ch'ing²
晶³ ching¹
晷³ pieh³
晷³ kuei¹
智³ chih⁴
瞭³ liang⁴
暎³ hsiu²
暎³ yün¹
暗³ nuan³
暗³ an⁴
暑³ shu³
暢¹⁰ ch'ang⁴
暫¹¹ chan⁴
暮¹¹ mu⁴
暴¹² pao⁴
暹¹² hsiên¹
曆¹² li⁴
曉¹² hsiào³
曉¹⁴ mêng¹
曠¹⁵ k'uang⁴

曝^{pao⁴}
曬¹⁹ shai⁴

73

日^{yüeh¹}

曲² ch'ü¹
更³ {ching¹
{kêng¹
曷⁵ ho²
書⁶ shu¹
曹⁷ ts'ao²
曾⁸ tsêng¹
替⁸ t'ü⁴
最⁹ tsui¹
會⁹ hu⁴

74

月^{yüeh⁴}

有² yü³
朋⁴ p'êng²
服⁵ fu²
朔⁶ {so⁴
{shuo⁴
朕⁶ chên⁴
朗⁷ lang³
望⁷ wang⁴
朝⁸ {chao¹
{ch'ao²
期⁸ ch'ü¹
臘¹⁵ lu⁴

75

木^{mu⁴}

未^{wei⁴}
未⁴ mo⁴
本⁴ pên³
朱² chu¹

桑^{to³}
朽^{hsiu³}
杆^{kan¹}
枵^{wu¹}
杈^{ch'ü⁴}
机^{sha¹}
杉^{wu⁴}
机^{hsien¹}
杵^{li³}
杏^{hsing⁴}
材^{ts'ai²}
材^{ts'un¹}
村^{shao²}
杓^{chang⁴}
杖^{tu¹}
杜^{{su²}
{shu¹

東^{kang¹}
杠^{miao³}
杪^{hang²}
杭^{shih⁴}
柿^{tun¹}
東^{lai²}
來^{pu¹}
杷^{sung¹}
松^{pan³}
板^{ch'ü¹}
柒^{pei¹}
杯^{wang³}
枉^{chên³}
枕^{lin²}
林^{mei²}
枚^{kuo³}
果^{chih¹}
枝^{ch'ü³}
杵^{k'u¹}
枯^{kuai³}
枵^{chia⁴}
架^{chia¹}
枷^{kou³}
栲^{t'o²}
柁^{ti³}
柄^{ping⁴}
柏^{pai²}

毀殼¹¹

hui³
kou⁴
ou¹

80

毋^{wu²}

母每³
毒⁴

mu³
wei³
tu²

81

比^{pi³}

None

82

毛^{mao²}

毡⁵
毯⁷
毫⁷
笔⁷
毡⁸
氈¹²
氈¹³
氈¹³

chan¹
jung²
hao²
sha¹
ch'in²
t'an³
jung³
chan¹
lu⁴

83

氏^{shih⁴}

民

min³

84

气^{ch'i}

氛⁴
氣⁶

fên¹
ch'i⁴

85

水^{shui³}

永²
汁²
求³
汗³
汎³
汗³
汝³
汞³
汕³
江³
池⁴
湖⁴
汪⁴
汰⁴
汲⁴
決⁴
沉⁴
沌⁴
沐⁴
沒⁴
沖⁴
沙⁴
沔⁴
沛⁴
河⁵
沸⁵
泔⁵
油⁵
沫⁵
泯⁵
治⁵
沽⁵
泊⁵
沽⁵
沿⁵
泄⁵
泉⁵
法⁵

ying³
chih¹
ch'in²
wu¹
hsün⁴
han⁴
ju³
lung³
shau⁴
chiang¹
ch'ih²
ch'i¹
wang¹
t'ai¹
chi¹
chüeh²
ch'en²
tun⁴
mu⁴
{mei²
no⁴
mu²
ch'ung¹
sha¹
wu¹
p'ei⁴
ho²
fu⁴
kan¹
yu²
mo⁴
min³
chih⁴
ku¹
po²
chan¹
yeu²
hsieh⁴
ch'üan²
fu²

泛⁴
汎⁴
泡⁴
波⁴
泣⁴
泥⁴
注⁴
泰⁴
泮⁴
洋⁶
洒⁶
洗⁶
洞⁶
津⁶
洽⁶
洩⁶
洪⁶
洲⁶
活⁶
派⁶
流⁶
洸⁶
浦⁷
浩⁷
浪⁷
浮⁷
浴⁷
海⁷
浸⁷
消⁷
涉⁷
酒⁷
涎⁷
涎⁷
涓⁷
涕⁷
浙⁸
涯⁸
淪⁸
瀾⁸
涵⁸
澗⁸
涼⁸

fan⁴
fu⁴
p'ao⁴
po¹
ch'i⁴
ni²
chu⁴
t'ai⁴
p'an⁴
yang²
sa³
hsi²
tung⁴
{chin¹
ching¹
hsia⁴
hsieh⁴
hwing²
chou¹
huo²
p'ai⁴
liu²
kuang¹
p'u³
hao⁴
lang⁴
fou²
yü⁴
hai³
chin¹
hsiao¹
shê⁴
chin³
nien²
hsien²
chüan¹
t'i⁴
chê⁴
ya²
lu²
shua⁴
han²
ho⁴
liang²

涿⁴
淮⁴
潯⁴
淋⁴
淑⁴
洵⁴
淚⁴
滄⁴
淡⁴
溇⁴
淤⁴
淨⁴
淫⁴
深⁴
淵⁴
混⁴
清⁴
淹⁴
淺⁴
添⁴
渠⁹
渭⁹
渡⁹
渣⁹
測⁹
温⁹
湘⁹
港⁹
渴⁹
游⁹
渺⁹
渾⁹
湊⁹
湟⁹
潭⁹
湖⁹
湛⁹
湧⁹
湯⁹
源¹⁰
窪¹⁰
漉¹⁰
準¹⁰
溜¹⁰

cho¹
huai²
yao²
lin³
shu²
t'ao²
lei⁴
t'ang³
tan⁴
p'eng¹
yü¹
ching⁴
yin²
shên¹
yüan¹
hu⁴
ch'ing¹
yeu¹
ch'ien³
t'ien¹
ch'ü²
mao¹
tu⁴
cha¹
ts'é⁴
wên¹
hsiang¹
chiang³
k'o³
yu²
miao³
hun⁴
ts'ou⁴
nieh¹
yin¹
hu²
chan⁴
yung³
t'ang¹
yüan²
wu¹
ti²
chun³
liu¹

溝⁴
溥⁴
溪⁴
湯⁴
測⁴
溺⁴
溼⁴
溺⁴
溼⁴
滅⁴
滋⁴
滑⁴
滓⁴
滔⁴
滯¹¹
滴¹¹
滴¹¹
滾¹¹
滿¹¹
漁¹¹
漂¹¹
漆¹¹
漏¹¹
演¹¹
漕¹¹
漚¹¹
漠¹¹
漫¹¹
漲¹¹
漸¹¹
漿¹²
潔¹²
潔¹²
潘¹²
澗¹²
澗¹²
澗¹²
漆¹²
潭¹²
潮¹²
澁¹²
澁¹²

kou¹
p'u³
hsi¹
t'a¹
so⁴
ui⁴
shih¹
niao⁴
mieh⁴
t'ü¹
hua²
t'ü³
t'ao¹
chih⁴
ti¹
lu³
kun³
wan³
yü²
p'iao³
ch'i¹
lou⁴
yen³
ts'ao²
ou⁴
mo⁴
han⁴
man⁴
chang⁴
chien⁴
chiang¹
p'o¹
chieh²
p'ieh¹
p'au¹
chien⁴
jun⁴
shao⁴
lao⁴
t'an²
ch'ao²
sé⁴
têng⁴
chiao¹

溲¹³ lau³
 燥¹³ tsao³
 澤¹³ tsé²
 滲¹³ t'a⁴
 澳¹³ ao⁴
 澹¹³ tan⁴
 激¹³ chi¹
 濁¹³ cho²
 濃¹³ { neng²
 { nung²
 濟¹⁴ sé¹
 濕¹⁴ shih¹
 濛¹⁴ meng¹
 濟¹⁴ chi¹
 瀝¹⁴ li¹
 潛¹⁴ ch'ien²
 濫¹⁴ lan¹
 濯¹⁴ cho²
 濱¹⁴ pin¹
 滲¹⁴ shén¹
 濺¹⁵ chien⁴
 瀑¹⁵ pao⁴
 瀉¹⁵ hsieh⁴
 瀆¹⁵ lü¹
 澗¹⁷ lan²
 灌¹⁸ kuan⁴
 灑¹⁹ sa³
 灘¹⁹ t'an¹
 灣²¹ wan¹

86

火¹ huo³

灰² hui¹
 灾³ tsai¹
 灶⁴ tsao⁴
 災⁴ tsai¹
 炊⁴ ch'ui¹
 炎⁴ yen²
 炒⁴ ch'ao³
 炕⁴ k'ang⁴
 炙⁴ chih⁴
 点⁵ tien³

炸¹ cha²
 炭¹ t'an⁴
 炮¹ p'ao⁴
 炳¹ pin³
 炸¹ chu⁴
 炸¹ cha³
 烈⁶ lich⁴
 烏¹ wn¹
 烘¹ hung¹
 烟¹ yen¹
 烙¹ lao⁴
 烹⁷ p'eng¹
 烤⁷ k'ao³
 烽⁷ feng¹
 焉⁸ yen¹
 培⁸ pei¹
 焚⁸ fèn²
 無⁸ wu²
 焦⁸ chiao¹
 然⁸ jan²
 爛⁹ kang⁴
 煉⁹ lien⁴
 烟⁹ hu¹
 煙⁹ yen¹
 焠⁹ tuan¹
 焠⁹ huang²
 焠⁹ ch'ien¹
 焠⁹ chu³
 焠⁹ chu³
 焠⁹ hsi¹
 焠⁹ mei²
 焠⁹ huan¹
 焠⁹ chuo⁴
 焠⁹ fan³
 焠⁹ t'ui⁴
 焠⁹ ch'iu³
 焠¹⁰ shan¹
 焠¹⁰ huang³
 焠¹⁰ hsi²
 焠¹⁰ yün⁴
 焠¹⁰ jé⁴
 焠¹⁰ yen⁴

熊¹ hsiung²
 熏¹ hsiün¹
 燥¹ cha²
 燭¹ wu³
 熟¹¹ { shou²
 { shu²
 熨¹¹ { yü⁴
 { yün⁴
 煇¹¹ ou⁴
 熬¹¹ ao²
 熱¹¹ jé⁴
 烹¹² hsi¹
 燃¹² jan²
 燈¹² têng¹
 燉¹² tun⁴
 燎¹² liao³
 燒¹² shao¹
 燕¹² yen⁴
 燙¹² t'ang⁴
 營¹³ ying²
 燥¹³ tsao¹
 燥¹³ ts'an⁴
 燥¹³ chao²
 燥¹³ lien⁴
 燥¹³ tsuan³
 燥¹³ hui³
 燥¹³ chu²
 燥¹³ chu²
 燥¹⁴ chü⁴
 燥¹⁵ pao⁴
 燥¹⁶ lu²
 燥¹⁷ lung²
 燥¹⁷ lun⁴
 燥²⁶ ts'uan⁴
 爬⁴ p'a²
 爭⁵ chêng¹
 爲⁵ wei²
 爵¹⁴ chüeh²

87

爪¹ chuo³

88

父¹ fu⁴

爹⁴ pa⁴
 爸⁶ tieh¹
 爺⁹ yeh²

89

交¹ yao¹

爽⁷ shuang³
 爾¹⁰ erh³

90

冫¹ ch'iang

牀¹⁴ ch'ang²
 牆¹³ ch'iang²

91

片¹ p'ien⁴

版⁴ pan³
 牋⁸ cha²
 牌⁸ chien¹
 牋⁹ p'ai²
 牋⁹ tieh²
 牋¹¹ ch'uang¹
 牋¹⁵ tu³

92

牙¹ ya²

None

93

牛¹ niu²

牝² p'in³

牟¹ mou²
 牡³ mu³
 牢³ lao²
 牧⁴ mu⁴
 物⁴ wu¹
 牲⁵ shêng¹
 牝⁵ ti³
 特⁶ t'ê⁴
 特⁶ tzu¹
 牽⁷ ch'ien¹
 犀⁷ hsi¹
 悟⁷ wu⁴
 犁⁸ li²
 牯⁸ mang²
 犏⁸ k'ao¹
 犏⁸ chien¹
 犏⁸ tu²
 犏⁸ hsi¹

94

犬¹ ch'üan³

犯³ fan⁴
 狀⁴ chuang³
 狄⁴ k'uang²
 狄⁴ ti²
 狄⁴ hu²
 狄⁴ hsi²
 狄⁴ kou³
 狄⁴ hên³
 狄⁴ ch'ou⁴
 狄⁴ chiao³
 狄⁴ hsiün²
 狄⁴ li²
 狄⁴ hsi²
 狄⁴ lang²
 狄⁴ pei⁴
 狄⁴ ch'ang¹
 狄⁴ ts'ui⁴
 狄⁴ mêng³
 狄⁴ ts'ai³
 狄⁴ lu²
 狄⁴ hsing¹

猪 *chu¹*
 猴 *hou²*
 猯 *yu²*
 猯 *yu²*
 猯 *hua²*
 猯 *yüan²*
 猯 *yü⁴*
 猯 *tai¹*
 猯 *shih¹*
 猯 *pi¹*
 猯 *tu²*
 猯 *huo⁴*
 猯 *lich⁴*
 猯 *shou⁴*
 猯 *t'a³*
 猯 *hsien⁴*
 猯 *huan²*

95

立 *hsüan²*

茲 *tz¹*
率 *shuai⁴*

96

玉 *yü⁴*

王 *wang²*
 打 *ting¹*
 玖 *chiu³*
 玩 *won²*
 玫 *mei²*
 玷 *tien⁴*
 玳 *tai⁴*
 玻 *po¹*
 珀 *p'o⁴*
 珊 *shan¹*
 珍 *chên⁴*
 珠 *chu¹*
 班 *pan¹*
 珮 *p'ei⁴*

珮 *êrh³*
 現 *hsien⁴*
 球 *ch'iu²*
 理 *li³*
 琉 *liu²*
 琢 *{ cho²*
{ ts'o²
 琥 *hu³*
 琴 *ch'in²*
 琶 *{ p'a¹*
{ (pu¹)
 瓊 *p'i²*
 瑁 *hsia²*
 瑤 *mao⁴*
 瑠 *nao³*
 瑞 *hu²*
 瑛 *ju¹*
 瑛 *ying¹*
 瑛 *sê⁴*
 瑛 *so³*
 瑛 *lang²*
 瑛 *ying³*
 瑛 *ma³*
 瑛 *kuei⁴*
 瑛 *li²*
 瑛 *pi¹*
 瑛 *huan²*
 瑛 *tang¹*
 瑛 *ch'iu²*
 瑛 *hsi³*
 瑛 *wên⁴*

97

瓜 *kua¹*

瓢 *pi¹*
 瓣 *pan⁴*
 瓢 *jung²*

98

瓦 *wa³*

瓶 *p'ing²*

甄 *chuan¹*
 甄 *tsêng¹*
 甄 *wéng⁴*

99

甘 *kan¹*

甚 *shên²*
 甜 *t'ien²*
 話 *t'ien²*

100

生 *shêng¹*

產 *ch'an³*
 甥 *shên¹*
 姓 *su¹*

101

用 *yung⁴*

用 *shuai³*
 甫 *fu¹*
 甫 *yung³*

102

田 *t'ien²*

由 *yu²*
 申 *chia³*
 申 *shên¹*
 男 *nun²*
 界 *chiek⁴*
 良 *wei⁴*
 留 *liu²*
 畜 *{ ch'u⁴*
{ hsi⁴
 畝 *mu³*

畢 *pi⁴*
 略 *liao⁴*
 畧 *liao⁴*
 畦 *ch'i²*
 番 *fan¹*
 異 *i⁴*
 當 *tang¹*
 瞳 *tu'an³*
 疆 *chiang¹*
 疊 *tieh²*

103

疋 *p'i³*

疎 *su¹*
 疑 *su¹*
 疑 *i²*

104

疋 *ni⁴*

疔 *ting¹*
 疔 *lo¹*
 疔 *shan⁴*
 疔 *chiao³*
 疔 *pa¹*
 疔 *chieh⁴*

疲 *{ i⁴*
{ yi⁴
 疲 *p'i²*
 疔 *kan¹*
 疔 *tan⁴*
 疔 *tz'ü¹*
 疔 *chêng⁴*
 疔 *chên³*
 疔 *t'êng²*
 疔 *chi¹*
 疔 *chi²*
 疔 *ping⁴*
 疔 *ch'üan²*
 疔 *la¹*

痒 *yang³*
 疥 *fei⁴*
 痔 *chih⁴*
 痘 *tou⁴*
 痕 *hên²*
 痲 *t'u¹*
 痛 *t'ung⁴*
 痞 *p'i³*
 疔 *li⁴*
 疔 *chih⁴*
 疔 *mei⁴*
 疔 *yü¹*
 疔 *t'an²*
 疔 *ma³*
 疔 *ch'ih²*
 疔 *lin²*
 疔 *ya³*
 疔 *hon²*
 疔 *fêng¹*
 疔 *huan⁴*
 疔 *ta²*
 疔 *wên¹*
 疔 *chi²*
 疔 *ch'uang¹*
 疔 *pan¹*
 疔 *tai⁴*
 疔 *liu²*
 疔 *shou⁴*
 疔 *yo⁴*
 疔 *ch'üeh²*
 疔 *lo³*
 疔 *ch'ou¹*
 疔 *pieh¹*
 疔 *low⁴*
 疔 *huang²*
 疔 *liao⁴*
 疔 *lao²*
 疔 *fei⁴*
 疔 *p'i³*
 疔 *pieh³*
 疔 *chieh¹*
 疔 *yang³*
 疔 *ch'ih²*
 疔 *huo⁴*

癩¹⁶ lai⁴
癩癧¹⁷ hsüan³
癧¹⁸ yin³
癧癧¹³ yung¹
癧癧¹⁹ t'an⁴
癧癧 tien¹

105

癩 po

癩⁷ kuei⁵
癩⁷ têng¹
癩⁷ fu¹

106

白 {pai²
po²

百 {pai²
po²
皂² tsao⁴
皂² tsuo⁴
皂³ ti¹
皂⁴ chieh¹
皂⁴ huang²
皂⁴ hao⁴
皂⁴ chiao³

107

皮 p'i²

皴¹⁰ chou⁴
皴¹⁰ ts'an¹

108

皿 min³

盂³ yü²
盂⁴ chung¹
盂⁴ pei¹

盈 p'ên²
盈 ying³
盈⁵ i²
盈⁶ ho²
盈 k'nei¹
盈 {ch'êng²
shêng⁴

盜⁷ tao⁴
盜³ chan³
盜³ mêng²
盜³ chin⁴
盜³ chien¹
盜¹⁰ p'an²
盜¹² t'ang⁴

109

目 mu⁴

真³ chén¹
真³ chih²
真⁴ cha³
真⁴ p'an⁴
真⁴ hsiang¹
真⁴ t'un³
真⁴ tun⁴

省 {hsing³
shêng³

眉² mei²
眉⁴ k'an⁴
眉² hu²
眉⁴ mei⁴
眉¹ chén¹
眉² mien²
眉² hsüan²
眉³ m³
眉⁴ k'nan⁴
眉⁴ chüan⁴
眉¹ ch'ih¹
眉³ yen³
眉⁴ k'un⁴
眉¹ ching¹
眉¹ chêng¹
眉¹ hun¹

睡 shui⁴
睡 tu¹
睡 lêng⁴
睡 mu⁴
睡 ts'ai³
睡 tu³
睡 jui⁴
睡 ch'ên¹
睡 hsia¹
睡 k'o²
睡 man²
睡 ma²
睡 têng⁴
睡 sa²
睡 ch'iao²
睡 shun⁴
睡 liao³
睡 t'ung²
睡 pi'eh¹
睡 ku³
睡 ch'ou³
睡 chan¹
睡 mêng¹
睡 ch'u⁴

110

矛 mon²

矜⁴ ching¹
矜⁵ wu⁴
矜¹² yü⁴

111

矢 shih²

矣² i³
矣³ chih¹
矣⁵ chü⁴
矣⁷ ts'o³
矣⁷ tuan³
矣⁸ ai³

矧 chüeh⁴
矧 chiao³

112

石 shih²

石 tan¹
石 han⁴
石 sha¹
石 ch'ü⁴
石 k'an³
石 p'i⁴
石 t'o⁴

{p'ing¹
{p'êng¹

破 p'o⁴
破 chén¹
破 cin¹
破 yen²
破 tsa⁴
破 hao²
破 hsiuo¹
破 hang¹
破 to⁴
破 lin²
破 ying⁴
破 yen⁴
破 mung²
破 wan³
破 lu⁴
破 ai²
破 sui⁴
破 pei¹
破 tui¹
破 p'êng²
破 tieh²
破 chieh²
破 pi¹
破 p'êng⁴
破 ch'üeh⁴
破 ma³
破 ts'o¹
破 nien³

磁 tz'ü²
磅 p'ang¹
磊 lei³
磊 k'o¹
磊¹¹ chnan¹
磨 mo²
礮 lu³
礮 ch'ên³
礮 ch'ing⁴
礮¹² chi¹
礮 têng⁴
礮 huang²
礮 p'an²
礮 chiao¹
礮 ai⁴
礮 kung³
礮 fan²
礮 p'ao⁴
礮 shuang¹

113

示 shih⁴

社³ shé⁴
社⁴ ssü⁴
社⁵ ch'ü²
社⁵ p'ü⁴
社⁵ tsu³
社⁵ ch'ü²
社⁵ hu⁴
社⁵ chu⁴
社⁵ shên²
社⁵ sui⁴
社⁵ tz'ü²
社⁶ hsiang³
社⁶ p'iao⁴
社⁶ chi⁴
社⁶ ping³
社⁶ chin⁴
社⁶ lu⁴
社⁶ huo⁴
社⁶ chên¹
社⁶ fu²

馮¹¹ ma⁴
禦¹¹ yü⁴
禱¹² hsi³
禪¹² ch'an²
禮¹³ li³
禱¹⁴ tuo³

114

內¹ jou²

禹⁴ yü⁴
禽⁸ ch'in²

115

禾¹ ho²

禿² t'u¹
秀² hsiu⁴
私³ ssü¹
秬³ hsiên¹
秉³ ping³
秋⁴ ch'iu¹
科⁴ k'o¹
秠⁴ kêng¹
租⁵ tsu¹
秣⁴ pei⁴
秧⁴ yang¹

秣 (ch'êng¹)
(yuo⁴)

秣² shu²
秦³ ch'in³
秣⁶ chieh¹
秣² i²
秣⁷ hsi¹
秣⁴ shui⁴
秣¹ kêng¹
秣² ch'êng²
秣¹ shao¹
秣⁴ to⁴
秣³ pai⁴
秣⁴ jên⁴
秣¹ k'o¹

稜² lêng²
稠² ch'ou³
種⁹ chung⁴
稱⁹ ch'êng¹
稻¹⁰ tao⁴
稼¹ chia¹
稽¹ chi¹
稿³ kao³
穀³ ku³
稷² chi²
穆¹¹ mu⁴
穌¹ su¹
積¹² chi¹
穗¹² sui⁴
穢¹³ hui⁴
穡¹³ sé¹
穡³ uên³
穡¹⁴ huo¹

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穴¹ hsüeh¹

究² chiu¹
空³ k'ung¹
穿⁴ ch'uan¹
突¹ t'u¹
穹² ch'ung²
窄⁵ chai³
窈³ yao³
窈⁴ chih⁴
窈⁶ ch'uang¹
窈⁷ chiao⁴
窈³ chiung³
窈⁸ k'u¹
窈⁹ wo¹
窈¹⁰ ch'ung²
窈¹¹ yao²
窈¹¹ tiao⁴
窈¹² k'uei²
窈¹² lung²
窈¹³ ts'uan⁴
窈¹³ ch'iao⁴
窈¹⁵ tsao⁴

竊¹⁷ ch'ieh⁴

117

立¹ li⁴

站⁵ chan⁴
竟⁶ ching⁴
章⁶ chang¹
竣⁷ chün⁴
童² t'ung²
竦³ sung³
靖³ ching⁴
竦³ shu⁴
竦⁹ chieh²
端⁹ tuan⁴
竦¹⁶ ching⁴

118

竹² chu²

竿³ kan¹
篋⁴ pa¹
篋⁴ sun³
篋⁴ hsiao⁴
篋⁴ chao⁴
篋⁴ hu⁴
篋⁴ ti⁴
篋⁵ shêng¹
篋⁵ ch'ih²
篋² t'iao²
篋² ti²
篋² fu²
篋⁴ pén⁴
篋² pi²
篋³ têng³
篋¹ chin¹
篋³ sun³
篋² fa²
篋¹ k'uang¹
篋³ t'ung³
篋¹ ta¹
篋⁴ ts'ê⁴

筐³ po³
筯⁷ chu⁴
筯¹ shao¹
筯² yen²
筯³ chien¹
筯¹ chêng¹
筯³ chou³
筯¹ chi¹
筯⁴ suan⁴
筯¹ ko¹
筯⁴ k'uai⁴
筯³ kuan³
筯⁴ po⁴
筯⁹ chien⁴
筯¹ hsiang¹
筯¹ chên¹
筯² chu⁴
筯² chieh²
筯¹ fun¹
筯⁴ chuun⁴
筯¹ p'ien¹
筯² chu²
筯² pi²
筯¹ ku¹
筯³ ts'uan⁴
筯³ tu³
筯¹ shai¹
筯¹ kao¹
筯² p'êng²
筯⁴ mieh⁴
筯³ lou³
筯⁴ ts'u⁴
筯¹ ton¹
筯³ chien³
筯² po⁴
筯² huang²
筯¹ hsiao¹
筯² yen²
筯¹ ch'ien¹
筯² lien²
筯⁴ pu⁴
筯² lan²
筯² ch'ou²
筯² chi²

簞¹⁵ tsan¹
籐¹⁶ t'êng²
籠¹⁶ lung²
籊¹⁷ ch'ien¹
籊¹⁹ li⁴
籊² lo²

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米³ mi³

籽³ tzü³
粉⁴ fên³
紗¹ shu¹
粒³ pi³
粒⁴ li⁴
粒¹ ts'u¹

粘 {chan¹
nien²}

粟⁶ su⁴
粥¹ chou¹
粧¹ chuung¹
粱⁷ liang²
糧² liang²
粵⁴ yüeh⁴
粳¹ ching¹
綜⁸ tsung⁴
粹¹ sui⁴
精¹ ching¹
糊⁹ hu²
糕¹⁰ kao¹
糖² t'ang²
糗³ ch'iu³
糙⁴ ts'ao⁴
糗¹¹ mo¹
鏡¹ chiang⁴
糞¹ fên⁴
糟¹ tsao¹
糠¹ k'ang¹
糧¹² liang²
糲¹ no⁴
糲¹⁴ t'uan²
糲¹⁵ la¹
糲¹ li⁴

羅¹⁶ li²
羅¹⁹ t'iao⁴

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糸 ssü

系² hsi⁴
紀² chi⁴
約³ yo¹
紅² hung²
紂⁴ chou⁴
糾¹ chiu¹
紂⁴ jên⁴
紋⁴ wên²
紂⁴ na⁴
純 { ch'un²
 shun²
紗 sha¹
紙 chih³
紂² chi²
紂¹ fên¹
紂² yün²
紂⁴ su⁴
紂³ fung³
紂³ so³
紂⁵ { cha¹
 (tsa¹)
紂⁴ ch'ou³
紂¹ tsa¹
紂⁴ lei⁴
紂¹ hsi¹
紂¹ shên¹
紂⁴ shuo⁴
紂¹ chung¹
紂² hsiên²
紂³ tsu³
紂⁴ pan⁴
紂² chieh²
紂² chüeh²
紂³ chiao³
紂 { lao⁴
 lo⁴

紂⁴ hsieh⁴
紂³ kei³
紂² jung²
紂⁴ hsü⁴
紂³ t'ung³
紂¹ ssü¹
紂⁴ chiang⁴
紂¹ pêng¹
紂⁴ chüan⁴
紂³ wang³
紂³ pang³
紂¹ sui¹
紂³ k'un³
紂¹ ching¹
紂³ kêng³
紂⁸ { lü¹
 lu⁴
紂² ch'on²
紂² wei²
紂¹ kang¹
紂¹ pêng¹
紂⁴ hsiu⁴
紂⁴ hsien⁴
紂³ ts'ai³
紂² { lün²
 lun⁴
紂¹ fei¹
紂³ lün³
紂⁴ chan⁴
紂⁴ ch'o⁴
紂² ling²
紂² mien²
紂⁴ tuan⁴
紂⁴ hsu⁴
紂² hsien²
紂¹ hsien¹
紂⁴ chi⁴
紂³ chin³
紂² yüan²
紂¹ pien¹
紂³ huan³
紂⁴ wei⁴
紂⁴ lien⁴
紂⁴ chih⁴

穀⁴ hu⁴
緬³ mien³
緜¹⁰ chin⁴
緜³ i³
緜⁴ chui⁴
緜³ pang³
緜⁴ chou⁴
緜² fu²
緜³ kao³
緜⁴ hsien⁴
緜¹¹ fêng²
緜¹ so¹
緜⁴ tsung⁴
緜⁴ ch'ien⁴
緜¹ pêng¹
緜³ li³
緜³ tsung³
緜¹ chi¹
緜² fan²
緜³ lei³
緜¹² chih¹
緜¹ fan¹
緜⁴ shan⁴
緜¹ jao¹
緜⁴ hsin⁴
緜⁴ sui⁴
緜¹³ shêng²
緜¹ hui¹
緜 { chi⁴
 hsi⁴
緜³ chien³
緜¹ chiang¹
緜³ chiao³
緜 { i⁴
 yi⁴
緜¹⁴ chi⁴
緜¹⁵ tsuan³
緜¹⁵ hsi⁴
緜¹⁶ ch'un²
緜¹⁸ ts'ai²
緜¹⁹ tu¹
緜²¹ lan⁴
緜¹ ying¹

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缶 fou³

缸³ kang¹
缺⁴ ch'ueh¹
罍⁴ chu²
罍¹¹ ch'ing⁴
罍¹² ts'un¹
罍¹ ying¹
罍² t'an²
罍¹⁸ kuun⁴

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网 wang

罔³ wang³
罔³ han³
罽⁶ kua⁴
罽⁸ chao¹
罽⁴ tsui⁴
罽⁹ chih⁴
罽⁴ fu²
罽⁴ shu⁴
罽¹⁰ ma⁴
罽⁴ pa⁴
罽¹⁴ lo²
罽³ chi³

123

羊 yang²

美² mei³
美⁴ kao¹
美⁵ hsiu¹
美⁶ hsien⁴
美⁷ ch'ün²
美⁴ ch'un²
美⁴ i⁴
美¹ ch'iang¹
美¹ kêng¹

羯² chieh²
羴¹¹ hsi¹
羴¹³ shan¹

124

羽 yü³

翮⁴ wêng¹
翮⁵ ch'ih⁴
翮⁵ ling²
翮⁸ hsi²
翮⁸ ts'ui⁴
翮¹⁰ fei³
翮¹⁰ han¹
翮¹¹ i¹
翮¹² fan¹
翼 { i⁴
 yi⁴
耀¹⁴ yao⁴

125

老 lao³

考 k'ao³
者 { ché²
 cho²

126

而 ér^{h2}

耍³ shua²
耐⁴ nai⁴
耐⁴ chuan¹

127

耒 lei³

耒² p'a²
耒⁴ kêng¹

耗 hao⁴
 耙 (p'ä⁴)
 耘 yün²
 耨 ch'u²
 耨 lou²
 耨 nou⁴
 耨 chiang³

128

耳 êrh³

耶 yeh²
 奪 ta¹
 耻 ch'ih³
 耽 tun¹
 耽 kêng³
 聊 liao²
 聆 ling²
 聒 {kua¹
 {kua¹
 聖 shêng⁴
 聘 p'in⁴
 聚 chü¹
 聯 lien²
 聰 ts'ung¹
 聲 shêng¹
 聳 tsung⁴
 職 chih²
 聽 t'ing¹
 聳 lung²

129

聿 yü

書 hua⁴
 肄 i⁴
 肅 su⁴

130

肉 jou⁴

肋 lei⁴

肌 chi¹
 肱 ko¹
 肱 mang²
 肱 hshiao⁴
 肱 chou³
 肱 tu⁴
 肱 kang¹
 肱 kan¹
 肱 yü⁴
 肱 ku³
 肱 chih¹
 肱 fei²
 肱 p'ang¹
 肱 chien¹
 肱 k'ên³
 肱 fu²
 肱 fei⁴
 肱 wei⁴
 肱 chou⁴
 肱 tan³
 肱 pei⁴
 肱 t'ai¹
 肱 p'ang⁴
 肱 {p'ei¹
 肱 {p'i¹
 肱 {pao¹
 肱 {(p'ao¹)
 肱 'hu²
 肱 hsi¹
 肱 yen¹
 肱 i²
 肱 k'ua⁴
 肱 kuang¹
 肱 hsiung¹
 肱 nêng²
 肱 chih¹
 肱 hsiung¹
 肱 ko³
 肱 ts'ui⁴
 肱 lei⁴
 肱 mo⁴
 肱 chi³
 肱 chiao³
 肱 po²
 肱 min³

脣 ch'un²
 脣 hsin¹
 脣 p'ao¹
 脣 t'o¹
 脣 fu³
 脣 chang⁴
 脣 kuan³
 脣 p'i²
 脣 t'ien³
 脣 yeh⁴
 脣 shên⁴
 脣 fu³
 脣 fu³
 脣 ch'iang¹
 脣 wan⁴
 脣 hsing¹
 脣 nao³
 脣 chung³
 脣 sui¹
 脣 yao¹
 脣 chiao³
 脣 ch'ang²
 脣 fu⁴
 脣 t'ai³
 脣 p'ang²
 脣 lü³
 脣 ko²
 脣 po⁴
 脣 kao¹
 脣 fu⁴
 脣 t'ang²
 脣 mo⁴
 脣 chiao¹
 脣 hsi²
 脣 p'êng²
 脣 ni⁴
 脣 shan⁴
 脣 chiang³
 脣 ying¹
 脣 tan³
 脣 nêng²
 脣 lien²
 脣 pei⁴
 脣 lien³

燥 sao⁴
 臍 ku³
 臍 ch'i²
 臍 piao¹
 臍 lu²
 臍 lung²
 臍 tsang⁴
 臍 tsang¹

131

臣 ch'en²

臥 wo⁴
 滅 tsang¹
 臨 lin²

132

自 tsü⁴

臬 nieh⁴

133

至 chih⁴

致⁴ chih⁴
 臺⁸ t'ai²

134

白 chiu⁴

與² yü²
 昏⁴ wai³
 昏⁴ yao³
 昏⁷ chiu⁴
 與⁸ yü³
 與⁸ hsing¹
 舉⁸ chü³
 舊¹² chiu⁴

135

舌 shé²

舍² shé⁴
 舒⁵ shu¹
 舖⁷ p'u⁴
 舔⁸ t'ien³
 館⁸ kuan³
 譚¹⁴ t'ien³

136

舛 ch'uan³

舜⁶ shun⁴
 舞⁸ wu³

137

舟 chou¹

般⁴ pan¹
 舵⁵ to⁴
 船⁵ ch'uan²
 艇⁷ t'ing³
 舫⁷ shao¹
 舫¹⁰ pang³
 舫¹⁰ ts'ang¹

138

良 kên⁴

良 liang²
 艱¹¹ chien¹

139

色 {sê⁴
 {shai³

None

140

艸 *ts'ao³*

艾 *ai²*
 芋 *yü⁴*
 芎 *shao²*
 芎 *mang²*
 芎 *fu²*
 芎 *chih¹*
 芎 *yen²*
 芎 *chieh⁴*
 芎 *fên¹*
 芎 *pa¹*
 芎 *hua¹*
 芎 *fung¹*
 芎 *yün²*
 芎 *ch'in²*
 芎 *ch'u²*
 芎 *yu²*
 芎 *yün⁴*
 芎 *jo¹*
 芎 *ling²*
 芎 *t'ai¹*
 芎 *k'o³*
 芎 *miao²*
 芎 *mu⁴*
 芎 *shan¹*
 芎 *kou³*
 芎 *k'u³*
 芎 *ying¹*
 芎 *mao⁴*
 芎 *fan⁴*
 芎 *mao²*
 芎 *ch'ieh²*
 芎 *mo¹*
 芎 *ming²*
 芎 *li⁴*
 芎 *yin¹*
 芎 *ch'ien⁴*
 芎 *huang¹*
 芎 *tz'ü²*
 芎 *mang²*
 芎 *fu²*

茶 *ch'a²*
 茸 *jun²*
 荊 *ching¹*
 草 *ts'ao³*
 荐 *chien⁴*
 茵 *hui²*
 菱 *chiao¹*
 荷 *hou⁴*
 菱 *ho²*
 荳 *sui¹*
 莖 *tü²*
 莖 *hua²*
 莖 *li¹*
 莖 *chuang¹*
 莖 *yn³*
 莖 *kên³*
 莖 *hsien⁴*
 莖 *mo⁴*
 莖 *pi²*
 莖 *chia⁴*
 莖 *t'u²*
 莖 *mang³*
 莖 *fei³*
 莖 *chü²*
 莖 *t'u¹*
 莖 *kuo³*
 莖 *ts'ui⁴*
 莖 *ch'ang¹*
 莖 *yen¹*
 莖 *tz'ü⁴*
 莖 *ku¹*
 莖 *ts'ai⁴*
 莖 *po¹*
 莖 *ling²*
 莖 *p'u²*
 莖 *ching⁴*
 莖 *pao⁴*
 莖 *shu³*
 莖 *t'ao²*
 莖 *lai²*
 莖 *mên²*
 莖 *p'ing²*
 莖 *wei³*
 莖 *can⁴*

落 *{ la¹*
{ lao¹
 落 *je³*
 落 *p'u²*
 落 *kai¹*
 落 *chiang¹*
 落 *ych¹*
 落 *{ chao²*
{ cho²
 落 *wo¹*
 落 *ko²*
 落 *tung³*
 落 *wei³*
 落 *hu²*
 落 *tsang¹*
 落 *yao¹*
 落 *ts'ung¹*
 落 *k'uei²*
 落 *hun²*
 落 *ti¹*
 落 *ch'i¹*
 落 *mên²*
 落 *suan⁴*
 落 *p'u²*
 落 *hsü⁴*
 落 *chêng¹*
 落 *ts'ang¹*
 落 *hao¹*
 落 *hsi²*
 落 *jung²*
 落 *kai¹*
 落 *so¹*
 落 *chi²*
 落 *p'êng²*
 落 *lien²*
 落 *k'ou¹*
 落 *ma¹*
 落 *po¹*
 落 *su¹*
 落 *man²*
 落 *hsü⁴*
 落 *yün⁴*
 落 *chiao¹*
 落 *pi⁴*

落 *ju¹*
 落 *ju¹*
 落 *ch'iao²*
 落 *hui⁴*
 落 *tang⁴*
 落 *hsiao¹*
 落 *fan¹*
 落 *{ pao²*
{ po²
 落 *chiang¹*
 落 *t'i¹*
 落 *chien⁴*
 落 *sa⁴*
 落 *hsin¹*
 落 *chi'ang²*
 落 *shu¹*
 落 *hsün¹*
 落 *lan²*
 落 *ts'ang²*
 落 *chich¹*
 落 *pien³*
 落 *ou³*
 落 *fun²*
 落 *li²*
 落 *i¹*
 落 *yao⁴*
 落 *t'êng²*
 落 *miao³*
 落 *mo²*
 落 *ju¹*
 落 *lu²*
 落 *su¹*
 落 *p'ing²*
 落 *lan²*
 落 *lo²*
 落 *chan⁴*
 落 *hu³*
 落 *hu³*
 落 *nio⁴*
 落 *ch'ien²*

處 *ch'u⁴*
 虛 *hsu¹*
 號 *hao⁴*
 麴 *k'uei¹*

142

虫 *chung²*

虱 *shih¹*
 虹 *kang⁴*
 虻 *ko⁴*
 虻 *hui²*
 蚌 *{ pang⁴*
{ peng³
 蛟 *chiao¹*
 蚊 *wen²*
 蚓 *yün³*
 蚣 *kung¹*
 蚤 *tsao³*
 蛛 *fu²*
 蚌 *cha³*
 蝓 *ku¹*
 蛙 *chu⁴*
 蚯 *ch'iu¹*
 蛆 *ch'ü¹*
 蛉 *ling²*
 蛇 *shé²*
 蛋 *tan⁴*
 蛛 *chu¹*
 蛤 *ko²*
 蚰 *ch'ü¹*
 蛾 *o²*
 蜂 *fêng¹*
 蜓 *t'ing²*
 蜈 *wu²*
 蜀 *shu³*
 蜘蛛 *chih¹*
 蜜 *mi¹*
 蛻 *ch'iang¹*
 蝨 *shih²*
 蝨 *pang⁴*
 蝨 *kua¹*
 蝨 *ching¹*

141

虎 *hu³*

虎 *hu³*
 虐 *nio⁴*
 虐 *ch'ien²*

昆 *k'un¹*
 蝗 *huang²*
 蝠 *pieu¹*
 蝠 *wei⁴*
 游 *fu²*
 游 *yu²*
 蝦 *{ ha²*
 { *hsia¹*
 螂 *lang²*
 蝸 *hsieh¹*
 胡 *hu²*
 蝶 *tieh²*
 螃 *p'ang²*
 蛤 *ts'ang¹*
 蝲 *{ shih¹*
 { *ssü¹*
 融 *{ jung²*
 { *(yung)*
 螞 *ma³*
 蟻 *ying²*
 蝱 *knng³*
 蝻 *kuo¹*
 螯 *ché¹*
 螻 *lou²*
 螻 *t'ang¹*
 螺 *lo²*
 蝨 *chung¹*
 蟀 *shuai⁴*
 螞 *ma¹*
 蟻 *hsi⁴*
 蟻 *mang²*
 蟻 *hai⁴*
 蟻 *shan⁴*
 蟻 *ch'nyg²*
 蟻 *chi³*
 蟻 *p'an²*
 蟻 *hsieh⁴*
 蟻 *ch'an²*
 蟻 *i³*
 蟻 *ying¹*
 蟻 *ch'an²*
 蟻 *mêng³*
 蟻 *ta⁴*
 蟻 *ch'un²*

蠹 *tu⁴*
 蠹 *chuan¹*
 蠹 *ts'au²*
 蠹 *man³*

143

血 { *hsieh³*
 { *hsüch⁴*

衄 *niu⁴*
 衆 *chung⁴*
 衄 *mo⁴*

144

行 *hsing²*

行 *hang²*
 術 *shu⁴*
 術 *t'ung⁴*
 街 *hsuan¹*
 街 *chich¹*
 術 *yung³*
 術 *ya²*
 術 *hu²*
 術 *wei⁴*
 術 *ch'nyg¹*
 術 *hêng²*

145

衣 *i¹*

表 *piao³*
 衫 *shan¹*
 袂 *ch'a⁴*
 袂 *shuai¹*
 衲 *na⁴*
 衷 *chung¹*
 衾 *ch'in²*
 袋 *tai⁴*
 袍 *p'ao²*

袒 *t'an³*
 袖 *hsiu⁴*
 袂 *pei⁴*
 袂 *chia¹*
 袂 *fu²*
 袂 *k'u⁴*
 袂 *ts'ai²*
 袂 *lieh⁴*
 袂 *chia³*
 袂 *chwng¹*
 袂 *i¹*
 袂 *li³*
 袂 *li³*
 袂 *ch'ün²*
 袂 *yü⁴*
 袂 *ch'iu²*
 袂 *pn³*
 袂 *shang¹*
 袂 *chih⁴*
 袂 *kno³*
 袂 *k'en⁴*
 袂 *kuo⁴*
 袂 *piao³*
 袂 *lo³*
 袂 *pei⁴*
 袂 *fu⁴*
 袂 *pei⁴*
 袂 *ho²*
 袂 *pao¹*
 袂 *k'u⁴*
 袂 *ju⁴*
 袂 *sha⁴*
 袂 *t'un⁴*
 袂 *chieh⁴*
 袂 *lü⁴*
 袂 *hsieh⁴*
 袂 *ta¹*
 袂 *chin¹*
 袂 *lan²*
 袂 *ao³*
 袂 *tang¹*
 袂 *wa⁴*
 袂 *ch'ên¹*
 袂 *hsi²*

襪 *p'an⁴*
 146

西 *hsi²*

要 *yao⁴*
 覆 *fu²*
 數 *ho²*

147

見 *chien⁴*

規 *kuai¹*
 覓 *mi¹*
 視 *shih⁴*
 親 *tu²*
 親 *ch'in¹*
 覩 *ch'ü⁴*
 覺 *{ chiao⁴*
 { *chüeh²*
 覩 *ti²*
 覽 *lan³*
 覩 *kuan¹*

148

角 { *chiao¹*
 { *chüeh³*

觔 *chin¹*
 解 *chieh³*
 觔 *su⁴*
 觔 *chi¹*
 觔 *pieh³*
 觔 *ch'o⁴*

149

言 *yen²*

訂 *ting⁴*

計 *fu⁴*
 討 *chi⁴*
 討 *t'ao³*
 討 *chieh²*
 訓 *hsün⁴*
 訓 *hsün⁴*
 誦 *shan⁴*
 訕 *ch'i³*
 訕 *t'o¹*
 訕 *chi¹*
 訕 *o²*
 訕 *ya⁴*
 訕 *sung⁴*
 訕 *fang³*
 訕 *shê⁴*
 訕 *hsü³*
 訕 *cha⁴*
 訕 *su⁴*
 訕 *tsu³*
 訕 *chên¹*
 訕 *chü⁴*
 訕 *chéng⁴*
 訕 *chao⁴*
 訕 *p'ing²*
 訕 *tz'ü²*
 訕 *hsün⁴*
 訕 *i²*
 訕 *shih⁴*
 訕 *kon⁴*
 訕 *shih¹*
 訕 *kuai³*
 訕 *hua⁴*
 訕 *kua¹*
 訕 *ch'a⁴*
 訕 *kai¹*
 訕 *hsiang²*
 訕 *hung¹*
 訕 *chu¹*
 訕 *k'uang¹*
 訕 *k'ua¹*
 訕 *chih⁴*
 訕 *jên⁴*
 訕 *k'uang²*
 訕 *ch'iao⁴*

誓 *shih⁴*
 誕 *tan⁴*
 誘 *yu⁴*
 語 *yu³*
 誠 *chieh⁴*
 誣 *wn¹*
 誤 *wn¹*
 誥 *kao⁴*
 誦 *sung⁴*
 誨 *hui⁴*
 說 *shuo¹*
 誰 *shui²*
 謀 *k'o⁴*
 諂 *ch'an³*
 談 *t'an²*
 諛 *wei³*
 誼 *fei³*
 誼 *i²*
 諄 *t'iao²*
 諄 *chun¹*
 諄 *heng⁴*
 諄 *liang⁴*
 論 *{shiu⁴*
 論 *{lun⁴*
 請 *ch'ing³*
 諛 *yu²*
 諛 *ch'a¹*
 諛 *hsieh²*
 諛 *chu¹*
 諛 *an⁴*
 諛 *ch'eng²*
 諛 *feng³*
 諛 *hsieh²*
 諛 *hsian¹*
 諛 *chien⁴*
 諛 *p'ien³*
 諛 *mou²*
 諛 *no⁴*
 諛 *shih⁴*
 諛 *wei⁴*
 諛 *{yeh⁴*
 諛 *{(ai⁴)*
 諛 *yen⁴*

諭 *yu⁴*
 謔 *t'eng²*
 謝 *hsieh⁴*
 謔 *huang³*
 諱 *hui⁴*
 諱 *nüeh⁴*
 講 *chiang³*
 謙 *ch'ien¹*
 謔 *mi²*
 謔 *pang⁴*
 謔 *shan⁴*
 謔 *yao²*
 謔 *{tsou¹*
 謔 *{(chou¹)*
 謔 *ts'an⁴*
 謔 *chin³*
 謔 *{nin⁴*
 謔 *{(mü⁴)*
 謔 *{mo²*
 謔 *{(mu²)*
 諄 *hsia⁴*
 證 *cheng⁴*
 譏 *chi¹*
 諛 *p'u³*
 諛 *shih²*
 諛 *ch'iao⁴*
 諛 *ou¹*
 諛 *ching³*
 諛 *i¹*
 諛 *yu⁴*
 諛 *hui³*
 諛 *p'i⁴*
 諛 *{i⁴*
 諛 *{yi⁴*
 護 *hu⁴*
 變 *pien⁴*
 讚 *tu²*
 譽 *ch'ou²*
 讓 *jang⁴*
 讓 *{ts'an³*
 讓 *{(ch'an²)*
 讓 *tu⁴*

150
 谷 *ku³*
 豁 *huo¹*
 151
 豆 *tou⁴*
 豈 *chiang¹*
 豈 *ch'i³*
 豈 *shu⁴*
 豈 *wan¹*
 豈 *feng¹*
 豈 *yen⁴*
 豈 *yen⁴*
 152
 豕 *shih³*
 象 *hsiang⁴*
 象 *hao²*
 153
 豸 *chai⁴*
 豸 *ch'ai²*
 豸 *pao⁴*
 豸 *tiao¹*
 豸 *mao⁴*
 豸 *mao¹*
 豸 *huan¹*
 154
 貝 *pei⁴*
 貞 *chen¹*
 負 *fu⁴*
 財 *ts'ai²*

員 *yu^{an²}*
 賈 *kung⁴*
 賤 *i²*
 賤 *p'in²*
 賤 *fan⁴*
 賤 *huo⁴*
 賤 *t'un¹*
 賤 *kuan⁴*
 賤 *tsé²*
 賤 *chu¹*
 賤 *erh⁴*
 賤 *kuei⁴*
 賤 *pien³*
 賤 *mai³*
 賤 *tai¹*
 賤 *fei⁴*
 賤 *t'ieh¹*
 賤 *i²*
 賤 *mao⁴*
 賤 *ho⁴*
 賤 *pên¹*
 賤 *lu⁴*
 賤 *lin⁴*
 賤 *hui⁴*
 賤 *tzü¹*
 賤 *ku³*
 賤 *tsai²*
 賤 *chen⁴*
 賤 *shé²*
 賤 *shé¹*
 賤 *pin¹*
 賤 *chung⁴*
 賤 *lai⁴*
 賤 *tz'ü⁴*
 賤 *shang³*
 賤 *p'ei²*
 賤 *chien⁴*
 賤 *hsien²*
 賤 *mai⁴*
 賤 *tsan⁴*
 賤 *fu⁴*
 賤 *chih²*
 賤 *ch'ing²*
 賤 *tu³*

賴 *lai⁴*
 購 *kou⁴*
 賺 *chuan⁴*
 賤 *sheng⁴*
 賤 *sai⁴*
 賤 *chui⁴*
 賤 *chih⁴*
 賤 *tseng⁴*
 賤 *tsan⁴*
 賤 *ying²*
 賤 *shan⁴*
 賤 *shu²*
 賤 *tsang¹*
 155
 赤 *ch'ih⁴*
 赦 *shé⁴*
 赫 *ho⁴*
 156
 走 *tsou³*
 赴 *fu⁴*
 起 *ch'i³*
 赴 *ch'en⁴*
 赴 *ch'én⁴*
 赴 *ch'ieh⁴*
 赴 *ch'ao¹*
 赴 *yuéh⁴*
 赴 *lich⁴*
 赴 *kan³*
 赴 *ch'ü⁴*
 赴 *ch'ü¹*
 赴 *tsan³*
 赴 *tien¹*
 157
 足 *tsu²*
 足 *p'a²*

跣³ ko¹
 跣⁴ sa¹
 跣⁵ p'a²
 跣⁶ {tich¹
 {tsai¹
 跣 {t'ü³
 {(ch'ai³)
 跑 p'ao³
 跣 tien³
 跣 kên¹
 跣 chi⁴
 跣 chiao¹
 跣 to⁴
 跣 k'ua⁴
 跣 chuai³
 跣 kuci⁴
 跣 lu⁴
 跣 t'iao⁴
 跣 chien⁴
 跣 t'a¹
 跣 tsung¹
 跣 wo¹
 跣 hua²
 跣 t'i⁴
 跣 chuan²
 跣 {ch'uai¹
 {ts'ai³
 跣 jon²
 跣 t'i³
 跣 cha¹
 跣 p'an²
 跣 ts'o¹
 跣 ch'iang¹
 跣 chi⁴
 跣 tsung¹
 跣 ts'êng⁴
 跣 ch'u²
 跣 tun¹
 跣 ch'ueh²
 跣 ch'iao¹
 跣 ch'iao¹
 跣 tsao⁴
 跣 t'a¹
 跣 tun³

踏 ch'u²
 踏¹⁴ ch'ou²
 踏 yüeh⁴
 踏 chi¹
 踏¹³ nieh⁴

158

身 shên¹

躬³ kung¹
 躬⁴ tan¹
 躬⁶ to³
 躬 t'iao³
 躬 t'ang³
 躬¹¹ ch'ü

159

車 ch'é¹

軋³ ya⁴
 軋³ hsüan¹
 軋³ chün¹
 軋⁴ juan³
 軋⁵ o⁴
 軋⁵ chou²
 軋⁶ ku¹
 軋⁶ ch'ing¹
 軋⁶ chiao⁴
 軋⁶ chuai³
 軋⁷ tsai³
 軋⁷ fu³
 軋⁸ t'ang³
 軋⁸ liang⁴
 軋⁹ {lin²
 {lun²
 軋 nien³
 軋 hui¹
 軋 kun³
 軋 wang³
 軋 pei⁴
 軋⁹ shu¹

輓 juan³
 輓 chi¹
 輓 fu²
 輓¹⁰ ku³
 輓¹⁰ yüan²
 輓¹⁰ hsia²
 輓¹¹ chan³
 輓¹¹ chuan³
 輓¹² lu⁴
 輓¹² ché³
 輓¹³ chiao⁴
 輓¹³ tang¹
 輓¹⁴ hung¹
 輓¹⁶ lu²
 輓¹⁷ p'ei⁴

160

辛 hsin¹

辛⁵ ku¹
 辛⁷ lu⁴
 辛⁹ pan⁴
 辛¹⁰ pien⁴
 辛¹³ tz'ü²
 辛¹³ pien⁴
 辛 {pan⁴
 {pien⁴

161

辰 ch'én²

辱³ ju⁴
 農⁶ nung²

162

辵 ch'o¹

巡³ hsün²
 迂¹ yü¹

迄 {ch'i³
 {hsi³
 迅⁴ hsün⁴
 迎⁴ ying²
 近⁴ chin⁴
 返⁵ fan³
 迤⁵ i²
 迫⁵ ti³
 迫⁵ po⁴
 迫⁵ chiung³
 迫⁵ tieh²
 述 {su⁴
 {shu⁴
 迴⁶ hui²
 迷⁶ mi²
 迹⁶ p'êng⁴
 迹⁶ cai¹
 迹⁶ chu¹
 迹⁶ nai³
 迹⁶ t'ui⁴
 迹⁶ sun⁴
 迹⁶ t'ao²
 迹⁶ ni⁴
 迹⁶ hsiao¹
 迹⁶ t'ou⁴
 迹⁶ chü²
 迹⁶ ch'iu¹
 迹⁶ t'u²
 迹⁶ kuang⁴
 迹⁶ ching⁴
 迹⁶ t'ung¹
 迹⁶ tou⁴
 迹⁶ shih⁴
 迹⁶ ch'êng³
 迹⁶ su²
 迹⁶ tsao⁴
 迹⁶ fêng³
 這 {ch'ê⁴
 {chei¹
 連⁸ lien²
 週⁸ chou¹
 週⁸ chin⁴
 週⁸ i²
 週⁸ nien³

趨⁹ t'ang¹
 趨⁹ pi¹
 趨⁹ yü⁴
 趨⁹ hsia²
 趨⁹ tun⁴
 趨⁹ sui²
 趨⁹ yü⁴
 趨⁹ yu²
 趨⁹ yün⁴
 趨⁹ pien⁴
 趨⁹ kuo⁴
 趨⁹ huang¹
 趨⁹ tao⁴
 趨⁹ ta²
 趨⁹ wei²
 趨⁹ yao²
 趨⁹ lin²
 趨⁹ hsün⁴
 趨⁹ ti⁴
 趨⁹ yüan³
 趨⁹ t'a⁴
 趨⁹ ch'ien³
 趨⁹ ao²
 趨⁹ shih⁴
 趨⁹ tsao¹
 趨⁹ ch'ê¹
 趨⁹ ch'ih²
 趨⁹ lin²
 趨⁹ tsun¹
 趨⁹ jao⁴
 趨⁹ ch'ien¹
 趨⁹ hsüan³
 趨⁹ i²
 趨⁹ liao²
 趨⁹ pi⁴
 趨⁹ yao¹
 趨⁹ chü⁴
 趨⁹ mai⁴
 還 {hai²
 {huan³
 還¹⁴ ér^h³
 還¹⁵ pien¹
 還¹⁵ la²
 還¹⁹ lo³

163

邑 *i⁴*

那 *{ na³
na⁴*
邦 *pung¹*
邪 *hsieh²*
郊 *chiao¹*
郎 *lung²*
郡 *chün⁴*
部 *pu⁴*
郵 *yu²*
郭 *kuo¹*
都 *tu¹*
鄂 *ao⁴*
鄉 *hsiang¹*
鄙 *pi⁴*
鄰 *lin²*
豐 *fêng¹*

164

酉 *yu³*

酌 *ting¹*
酌 *cho²*
配 *p'ei³*
酒 *chiu³*
酥 *su¹*
酏 *han¹*
酪 *lao⁴*
酬 *ch'ou³*
酌 *lei⁴*
酸 *suau¹*
酵 *chiao⁴*
酷 *k'u⁴*
醞 *yen¹*
醇 *{ ch'un²
shun²*
醉 *tsui⁴*
醋 *ts'u⁴*
醒 *hsing³*
醜 *ch'ou³*

醫 *i¹*
醬 *chiang⁴*
醞 *chiao⁴*
醞 *pu²*
醞 *hsün¹*
釀 *niang⁴*
釀 *shai¹*
釀 *yen⁴*

165

采 *ts'ai³*

釋 *shih⁴*

166

里 *li³*

重 *chung⁴*
野 *yeh³*
量 *liang²*
釐 *li²*

167

金 *chin¹*

釘 *ting¹*
針 *chên¹*
鈞 *tiao⁴*
鈞 *k'ou⁴*
釵 *ch'ai¹*
釵 *ch'uan⁴*
針 *han⁴*
鈍 *tun⁴*
鈎 *kou¹*
鈔 *ch'ao⁴*
鈕 *niu³*
鈞 *chün⁴*
鈞 *fu³*
釜 *po⁴*
釜 *ling²*
鈔 *po⁴*

鈿 *tien⁴*
鈿 *yüeh⁴*
鈿 *ch'ien³*
鈿 *ch'ien²*
鈿 *po¹*
鈿 *po⁴*
鈿 *pao⁴*
鈿 *chien³*
鈿 *chiao³*
鈿 *yin²*
鈿 *ch'ung⁴*
鈿 *t'ung³*
鈿 *hsien¹*
鈿 *ming²*
鈿 *hsien²*
鈿 *k'uo⁴*
鈿 *ju⁴*
鈿 *hsiao¹*
鈿 *hsiu⁴*
鈿 *fêng¹*
鈿 *ch'u²*
鈿 *p'u⁴*
鈿 *ts'o⁴*
鈿 *mang²*
鈿 *chü¹*
鈿 *kang¹*
鈿 *lu⁴*
鈿 *ku¹*
鈿 *chui¹*
鈿 *ch'ui²*
鈿 *ting¹*
鈿 *ch'ien²*
鈿 *chin³*
鈿 *k'o⁴*
鈿 *pên¹*
鈿 *mao²*
鈿 *hsi²*
鈿 *ts'o⁴*
鈿 *lien⁴*
鈿 *kuo¹*
鈿 *chên¹*
鈿 *tu⁴*
鈿 *ch'iao¹*
鈿 *chien⁴*

鐘 *chung¹*
鎖 *so³*
鑄 *hsia⁴*
鑄 *ch'iang¹*
鎗 *ch'ui²*
鎗 *chên⁴*
鎗 *jung²*
鎗 *p'ang²*
鎗 *k'ai³*
鎗 *lien²*
鎗 *p'iao⁴*
鎗 *chien⁴*
鎗 *man⁴*
鎗 *ti¹*
鎗 *ching⁴*
鎗 *tsan⁴*
鎗 *hsian⁴*
鎗 *ch'an³*
鎗 *chüeh²*
鎗 *nao²*
鎗 *liao³*
鎗 *chung¹*
鎗 *t'ing⁴*
鎗 *hua²*
鎗 *t'ang¹*
鎗 *chien¹*
鎗 *cho³*
鎗 *luan²*
鎗 *lien²*
鎗 *t'ieh³*
鎗 *lu⁴*
鎗 *tang¹*
鎗 *chiao³*
鎗 *to²*
鎗 *chu⁴*
鎗 *pin¹*
鎗 *chien¹*
鎗 *la⁴*
鎗 *chien⁴*
鎗 *cha²*
鎗 *lu²*
鎗 *yao⁴*
鎗 *hsiang¹*
鎗 *nieh⁴*

鑼 *lo²*
鑼 *tsuan¹*
鑼 *luan²*
鑼 *tso²*

168

長 *{ chang³
ch'ang⁴*

肆 *ssü⁴*

169

門 *mên²*

門 *shuan¹*
閤 *shan³*
閉 *pi¹*
開 *k'ai¹*
閤 *jun⁴*
閤 *hsien²*
閤 *hsien²*
閤 *chien¹*
閤 *cha³*
閤 *ko²*
閤 *wên²*
閤 *hung⁴*
閤 *kuei¹*
閤 *min²*
閤 *k'un³*
閤 *yüeh⁴*
閤 *yen¹*
閤 *k'uo⁴*
閤 *wei³*
閤 *ho²*
閤 *yen²*
閤 *ch'ieh⁴*
閤 *ch'uang³*
關 *kuan¹*

170

阜 *fu⁴*

防 *fang²*

阻⁵ tsu³
 阿 { a¹
 a³
 o¹
 陀 t'o²
 陂 pei¹
 附 fu⁴
 陞 lou⁴
 限 hsien⁴
 降 { fehian⁴
 { hsiung²
 陞 pi⁴
 陝 shan³
 陞 shêng¹
 陞 tou³
 院 yüan⁴
 陣 chen⁴
 除 ch'u²
 陪 p'ei²
 陰 yin¹
 陳 ch'ên²
 陸 { lin⁴
 { lu⁴
 陵 ling²
 陶 t'ao²
 陷 { hsien⁴
 { hsüan⁴
 墮 to⁴
 陽 yang²
 隄 ti¹
 隆 lung²
 隊 tui⁴
 階 chieh¹
 陷 { chieh⁴
 { ko³
 隘 yün³
 際 ai⁴
 隨 sui²
 驚 chih¹
 險 hsien³
 隱 yin¹
 隴 lung

171

隸 tai⁴

隸⁹ li⁴

172

隸 chui¹

隸² chih¹
 雀⁴ ch'iao³
 雁 yen⁴
 雄² hsin²
 雅 ya³
 雇 ku¹
 雌⁵ tz'ü²
 雍 yung¹
 雕⁸ tiao¹
 雖⁹ sui¹
 雙¹⁰ shuang¹
 雜¹¹ ch'u²
 雜 tsa²
 雜 chi¹
 離 li²
 難¹¹ nan²

173

雨 yü²

雪² hsüch³
 雲⁴ yün²
 零⁵ ling²
 雷 lei²
 霄 pao²
 電 tien⁴
 霄⁶ mei²
 雷⁷ hsü¹
 霄⁷ hsiao¹
 雷⁷ ting²
 震⁸ chên⁴
 雲⁸ sha⁴

霖 lin²
 霜⁹ shuang¹
 霞¹⁰ hsia²
 霧¹⁰ wu¹
 露¹² { lou⁴
 { lu³
 霹¹³ p'i¹
 霸 pa⁴
 霹¹⁶ li¹
 靈 ling²

174

靑 ch'ing¹

靑⁸ tien⁴
 靜 ching¹

175

面 mien⁴

None

176

非 fei¹

靠⁷ k'ao⁴
 靡⁸ mi³

177

革 ko²

靴⁴ hsüch¹
 靴⁴ pa⁴
 鞋⁶ hsieh²
 鞍 an¹
 鞣³ chang³
 鞣⁴ ch'iao³
 鞣⁴ chou⁴

鞣⁹ ch'in¹
 鞭¹³ pien¹
 鞣¹⁵ ch'an⁴
 鞣¹⁵ ch'ien¹
 鞣¹⁶ wa⁴
 鞣¹⁶ lung²

178

韋 wei²

韋¹⁰ t'ao¹

179

韭 chiu³

韭⁴ chiu³

180

音 yin¹

韻⁹ yün⁴
 響¹² hsiang³

181

頁 yeh⁴

頂² ting³
 頃³ ch'ing³
 頃³ hsiang⁴
 順¹ shun¹
 頃¹ han¹
 頃¹ hsü¹
 頃⁴ sung⁴
 頃⁴ yü⁴
 頃⁴ wan²
 頃⁵ pan¹
 頃⁵ tun¹

頰 p'o¹
 頰⁴ ling⁴
 頰⁵ k'o¹
 頰⁷ t'on²
 頰⁷ t'ei²
 頰⁷ chia²
 頰⁷ kêng³
 頰⁸ k'o¹
 頰⁸ ying³
 頰⁸ sai¹
 頰⁸ t'i²
 頰⁸ o²
 頰⁸ yen²
 頰¹⁰ yüan⁴
 頰¹⁰ sang³
 頰¹⁰ tien¹
 頰¹¹ lei³
 頰¹¹ hsing⁴
 頰¹² man¹
 頰¹² ku¹
 頰¹³ ch'an⁴
 頰¹⁴ kai¹
 頰¹⁵ hsien³
 頰¹⁵ lu²
 頰¹⁷ ch'ian²

182

風 fêng¹

颶⁶ kua¹
 颶⁷ hsüan⁴
 颶⁹ yang²
 颶¹⁰ yao³
 颶¹⁰ sou¹
 颶¹¹ p'iao¹
 颶¹² lin²

183

飛 fei¹

None

184

食 *shih²*

飽 *t'un⁴*
 飭 *ch'ih⁴*
 飲 *yin³*
 飯 *fu⁴*
 餉 *ssü¹*
 餉 *pao³*
 餉 *shih¹*
 餉 *t'ien³*
 餉 *chiao³*
 餉 *ping³*
 餉 *hsiung³*
 餉 *yang³*
 餉 *êrh³*
 餉 *ts'an¹*
 餉 *o¹*
 餉 *po¹*
 餉 *yi²*
 餉 *hun²*
 餉 *yo²*
 餉 *chien⁴*
 餉 *chüan³*
 餉 *wei¹*
 餉 *kuan³*
 餉 *hu¹*
 餉 *k'uei⁴*
 餉 *sou¹*
 餉 *kao¹*
 餉 *hsien⁴*
 餉 *hsiu¹*
 餉 *liu⁴*
 餉 *chin³*
 餉 *man²*
 餉 *san³*
 餉 *k'uei⁴*
 餉 *chuan⁴*
 餉 *chi¹*
 餉 *jao²*
 餉 *nang³*
 餉 *hsiang³*
 餉 *ch'êng¹*

饒 *mo²*
 饒 *ch'an²*

185

首 *shou³*

None

186

香 *hsiung¹*

馥 *fu⁴*
 馨 *hsing¹*

187

馬 *ma³*

馳 *ch'ih²*
 駛 *to²*
 駁 *po²*
 駁 *chü¹*
 駁 *chia⁴*
 駁 *ssü⁴*
 駁 *shih³*
 駁 *fu⁴*
 駁 *t'o²*
 駁 *ts'ang³*
 駁 *chu¹*
 駁 *hsieh²*
 駁 *lo⁴*
 駁 *chün⁴*
 駁 *tsung¹*
 駁 *ch'i²*
 駁 *k'o⁴*
 駁 *p'ien⁴*
 駁 *ts'ao³*
 駁 *t'êng²*
 駁 *sao¹*
 駁 *shan⁴*
 駁 *lo²*
 駁 *ch'ü¹*

驍 *hsiao¹*
 驍 *chiao¹*
 驍 *yen⁴*
 驍 *ching¹*
 驍 *tsou¹*

驍 *(i)*
 驍 *(yi¹)*
 驍 *lü²*
 驍 *huan¹*

188

骨 *ku³*

骷 *ang¹*
 骷 *shan³*
 骷 *k'u¹*
 骷 *pang³*
 骷 *lou²*
 骷 *tsang¹*
 骷 *t'i³*
 骷 *sui³*
 骷 *(lu²)*
 骷 *(k'u¹)*

189

高 *kao¹*

髀 *sao⁴*

190

髟 *piao¹*

髟 *k'un¹*
 髟 *chua¹*
 髟 *fu³*
 髟 *fang³*
 髟 *ju²*
 髟 *jun²*
 髟 *chi¹*
 髟 *sung¹*
 髟 *kuan¹*

鬃 *tsung¹*
 鬃 *hu²*
 鬃 *hsü¹*
 鬃 *huan²*
 鬃 *lan¹*
 鬃 *pin⁴*

191

鬥 *tou⁴*

鬪 *nao⁴*
 鬪 *hung⁴*
 鬪 *chin¹*
 鬪 *tou⁴*
 鬪 *chiu¹*

192

鬯 *ch'ang⁴*

鬱 *yii⁴*

193

鬲 *ko⁴*

None

194

鬼 *kuei³*

魁 *k'uei²*
 魂 *hun²*
 魄 *p'o⁴*
 魏 *wei⁴*
 魔 *mo²*

195

魚 *yii²*

魯 *lu³*

鮑 *pao¹*
 鮑 *nien²*
 鮑 *chiao¹*
 鮑 *hsien¹*
 鮑 *li³*
 鮑 *chi³*
 鮑 *ch'ing²*
 鮑 *shu²*
 鮑 *ch'in¹*
 鮑 *huang²*
 鮑 *hsia¹*
 鮑 *kuan¹*
 鮑 *ao²*
 鮑 *piao⁴*
 鮑 *shan⁴*
 鮑 *lin²*
 鮑 *o⁴*

196

鳥 *niao³*

鳧 *fu²*
 鳧 *chiu¹*
 鳧 *feng⁴*
 鳧 *yen¹*
 鳧 *pan¹*
 鳧 *ya¹*
 鳧 *ya¹*
 鳧 *yiian¹*
 鳧 *yang¹*
 鳧 *chi'h¹*
 鳧 *t'o³*
 鳧 *ko¹*
 鳧 *kua¹*
 鳧 *hung²*
 鳧 *o³*
 鳧 *chüan¹*
 鳧 *wu³*
 鳧 *p'êng³*
 鳧 *tiao¹*
 鳧 *ch'iao³*
 鳧 *an¹*
 鳧 *ch'un¹*

鶯¹⁰ ying¹
 鶴¹⁰ hao²
 鷄¹¹ chi¹
 鶯¹² ssü¹
 鷹¹² ying¹
 鷺¹² lu⁴
 鸚¹⁷ ying¹
 鸚¹⁸ kuan⁴
 鸚¹⁹ li²
 鸚¹⁹ luan²

197

鹵 lu³

鹵⁸ tan⁴
 鹵⁹ hsién²
 鹵¹⁰ chien³
 鹵¹⁴ yen²

198

鹿 lu⁴

麋⁵ p'ao³
 鹿⁸ li⁴

麒 ch'i²
 騏¹⁰ shé⁴
 麋¹¹ chang¹
 麟¹² lin²
 麋²² ts'u¹

199

麥 mai⁴

麥³ fu¹
 麥⁶ ch'ü²
 麥⁶ mien⁴
 麵⁹ mien⁴

200

麻 ma²

麼³ { ma¹
 { mo¹
 麼⁴ hu¹

201

黃 huang²

黃⁴ hung²

黃¹⁰ huang²

202

黍 shu³

黎³ li²

黏⁴ nien²
 黏⁴ ni⁴

203

黑 hei¹

默⁴ mo⁴
 黛⁵ tai⁴
 點⁵ tien³
 黨⁸ tang³
 黨⁸ li²
 黨⁸ ts'an³

204

菡³ chih³

菡⁷ fu³

205

龜 min²

龜¹¹ pieh¹
 龜¹² t'o²

206

鼎 ting³

None

207

鼓 ku³

None

208

鼠 shu³

None

209

鼻 pi²

鼻³ han¹
 鼻⁵ hou¹
 囊²² nang⁴

210

齊 ch'i²

齋³ chai¹

211

齒 ch'ih³

齒⁴ tzi¹
 齒⁵ ling³
 齒⁵ ch'u³
 齒⁶ yao³
 齒⁶ wu⁴
 齒⁶ ts'u⁴

212

龍 lung²

龕⁶ k'an¹

213

龜 pieh¹

214

龕 yo⁴

None

NOTES.

(These are substantially as Mr. Stent wrote them.)

1. *chao²-ch'in¹* 招親. This more particularly applies to the imperial family; the people generally use 招婿, 招女婿. A person having no male children, and not wishing his family name to become extinct, can, if he choose, invite a person to marry his daughter, which he does through the medium of the go-between. On marriage the bridegroom becomes a member of his father-in-law's family, the first son assumes his mother's maiden name, and inherits the family property, his descendants doing the same in perpetuity; the remainder of the bridegroom's children retain his name. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. I, p. 99 (招駙馬 of Imperial family).
2. *chao¹-hun²* 招魂. In China when a relative dies at a distance from home, the night the report of his death arrives, the family of the deceased hang up his portrait, and place before it a table with two lighted candles, and four or eight dishes of eatables on it; incense is burnt; the name of the deceased, with the dates of his birth and death, is written on a piece of silk or paper and pasted on a board; two, sometimes four, Buddhist or Taoist priests then invoke *Tsao¹-chün¹* 灶君, the god of the cooking-stoves, and call on the spirit of the deceased to return home. A day is appointed for the assembly of relatives, who live at a distance, to perform the ceremony of mourning; after this the females of his family mourn daily before the portrait; three meals are also spread daily as if he were still living, and paper money burnt nightly; this is continued according to the circumstances of the family, sometimes for a period of three years, if the deceased was wealthy and had children.
3. *chi¹-yüan¹* 擊冤 also 喊冤 *han² yüan¹*. In ancient times every magistrate's *yamên* had a drum attached to it, placed at the entrance to the justice hall; a person suffering injustice from the hands of those more powerful than himself, could beat this drum to call attention to his grievance, and the magistrate was bound to listen to his complaint; at present, although the drums remain, they are seldom used.
4. *chi¹* 乩. This mode of divination is very common; a tray is covered with fine sand and placed upon a table, a wooden pointed pen is suspended above it; the gods are invoked, and the pen influenced by them, and guided by the hands of two ignorant persons, is supposed to write obscure words on the sand, which the diviners translate to the best of their ability. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 112. (Also 扶鸞 *fu²-luan²*.)
5. *ch'i¹-chêng⁴* 七政. The five planets are 金, 木, 水, 火 and 土; Venus, Jupiter, Saturn, Mars, and Mercury. These, with 日 月 sun and moon, are so called: the seven regulators. The same characters also represent the five elements, metal, wood, water, fire, and earth.
6. *ch'i¹-yüeh⁴-ch'i¹* 七月七. "The two stars: Capricorn (*Nin²-Lang²* 牛郎) and Lyra (*Chih¹-Nu²* 織女), are the patrons (*lit.* progenitors) of agriculture and weaving. The ancients say they were once man and wife, but in process of time they were separated by the River of Heaven (the Milky Way). On one night in the year only, the 7th of the 7th moon, the magpies make a bridge of their bodies, over which they bring them together. Hence the saying that on the 7th of the 7th moon *Nin Lang* has an interview with *Chih Nü*."
7. *chiao²-t'u¹-san¹-hsüeh⁴* 狡兔三穴. *Lit.* the artful hare with three holes, *i. e.*, means of escape.

8. *chiao⁴-hun²* 叫魂. The spirit of a child, or full grown person, when insensible from syncope or any other cause, is supposed to be lost. In a case or "calling for the spirit," magicians are sent for, sacrifices are offered, and paper money is burnt; the god of the kitchen, 灶君, and the spirits of the patient's ancestors are invoked to bring it back; a passport, and forty-nine printed horses have been previously procured "to assist the spirit on its journey back." One man calls out in a loud voice, "———, come home!" Another replies, "yes;" this is repeated forty-nine times, incense is then burnt, and by this means the spirit is supposed to be safely returned to the body.
9. *chieh⁴-tao¹-shu¹-jên²* 借刀殺人. *Lit.* to borrow a knife to kill a person. To make a tool of one.
10. *chien¹-chên²* 諫臣. or *chien⁴-kuan¹* 諫官. These titles, although often met with in novels, etc., are now obsolete, and the more modern title of *yü⁴-shih⁴* 御史, or *tu¹-tao³-yeh¹* 都老爺, censor, is now used.
11. *chien¹-yü³* 籤語. A person having a doubtful case which he cannot settle satisfactorily, goes to the temple of some favourite god to *ch'iu²-chien¹* 求籤, divine, by drawing slips of wood; some twenty or thirty of these slips are held in a case, numbered, candles are lighted, and incense burnt before the god; after prostrating himself he draws a slip out of the case, or as is often done, shakes the case till one falls out, and the priest gives the "answer," generally in verse, on a slip of paper, numbered to tally with the slip just drawn. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 109.
12. *chih¹-tao¹-tiao³* 知道了. Written by the Emperor at the end of any document he has read.
13. *chih³-chia³-ts'ao³* 指甲草. *Lit.* finger-nail grass. The red balsam is used greatly for dyeing the nails of fingers or toes, hence the name. The mode is this: pluck the flowers, put them in a cup, beat them to a pulp, and put a little alum to it; then scrape the backs of the nails and place a portion of the pulp on each; in a short time the colour will have penetrated, and the dye will last two or three months.
14. *ch'iu¹-ts'ü³* 欽此. Written by the Emperor, with the vermilion pencil, at the end of decrees, etc.
15. *chin³-hsing²* 九刑. These are—cutting to pieces, beheading, strangling, banishment for ever, banishment for a limited period, torturing, slapping the mouth, and bamboosing. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. I., p. 335.
16. *chin²-p'iu³* 九品. Each grade consists of two classes. The 1st grade wear the red button; 2nd, the flowered red; 3rd, the bright blue; 4th, clouded blue; 5th, the crystal; 6th, the clouded white; 7th, 8th, and 9th, gold or brass buttons.
17. *chin³-tai⁴* 九代. These consist of great-great-grandfather, great-grandfather, grandfather, father, self, son, grandson, great-grandson, and great-great-grandson.
18. *ch'iu²-sü⁴* 求嗣. If an elderly man has no sons, he goes to a temple which contains the goddess 送子觀音 (who is represented with a baby at the breast.) and the eighteen 羅漢; after praying, he takes the cap called 羅漢帽 home, and unknown to any one but his wife, places it under her pillow; by this means he is supposed to attain his wish. Some even make pilgrimages with their wives to the island of *P'ü³-t'o²* 普陀, near Chusan.
19. *chü¹-shou¹-hsün⁴-wên⁴* 聚首詢問. This also applies to an assemblage of more than two, as at a guild or tea-shop, to enquire the particulars of anything and discuss matters.

20. *ch'ü³-ch'in¹-kuo⁴-mên²* 娶親過門. On the morning of the wedding a procession consisting of musicians, etc., proceed to the girl's house to receive her; on their return, as soon as they reach the bridegroom's house, the girl's face is covered with a piece of silk; she is conducted into the house, and, in company with her husband, worships heaven, earth, the gods, and their ancestors, and pay their respects to their relatives. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. I., p. 79.

21. *ch'un¹-fên¹* 春分. For the sake of convenience and reference I have arranged a small table with the twenty-four terms and their approximate dates in English and Chinese.

	English about the	Chinese about the
1	立春 Beginning of spring.....	6th February. 十二月二十六
2	雨水 Rain water.....	20th ,, 正月初一
3	驚蟄 Waking of insects.....	5th March. 正月十六
4	春分 Spring equinox.....	20th ,, 二月初一
5	清明 Pure brightness.....	5th April. 二月十六
6	穀雨 Corn rain.....	20th ,, 三月初一
7	立夏 Beginning of summer.....	5th May. 三月十七
8	小滿 Grain full.....	21st ,, 四月初三
9	芒種 Grain in the ear.....	6th June. 四月十九
10	夏至 Summer solstice.....	21st ,, 五月初五
11	小暑 Slight heat.....	7th July. 五月二十六
12	大暑 Great heat.....	23rd ,, 六月初六
13	立秋 Beginning of autumn.....	7th August. 六月二十八
14	處暑 Stopping of heat.....	23rd ,, 七月初八
15	白露 White dew.....	8th September. 七月二十四
16	秋分 Autumnal equinox.....	23rd ,, 八月初九
17	寒露 Cold dew.....	8th October. 八月二十五
18	霜降 Frost's descent.....	23rd ,, 九月十一
19	立冬 Beginning of winter.....	7th November. 九月二十六
20	小雪 Slight snow.....	22nd ,, 十月十一
21	大雪 Great snow.....	7th December. 十月二十五
22	冬至 Winter solstice.....	22nd ,, 十一月十一
23	小寒 Slight cold.....	6th January. 十一月二十六
24	大寒 Great cold.....	22nd ,, 十二月十二

22. *êrh³ pao¹-rh³* 耳包兒. These are made of card-board, etc., lined with fur, and are universally worn in the north.

23. *fang¹-shêng¹* 放生. A Chinaman will buy any kind of living creature, such as birds, etc., and let them go; this is considered a meritorious action, and will not fail to be rewarded by heaven.

24. *fang¹-shui³-têng¹* 放水燈. This ceremony consists in Buddhist priests floating lighted lanterns on rivers or lakes, to enlighten the darkness of the water world; it is a sacrifice to the spirits of those whose deaths have been occasioned by water, and occurs on the 15th day of the 7th month; it is called the *kuei³-chieh³* 鬼節, "Spirit's Festival." See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II, p. 104.

25. *fêng¹-shên²* 封神. There are numerous gods in China who have been made so by Imperial letters patent, as the Fire-god, Water-god, etc., much in the same way as nobility is conferred on persons in our own countries.
26. *fú¹-ch'ang⁴-fú⁴-suí²* 夫唱婦隨. *Lü* the husband sings and the wife accompanies. Conjugal happiness. (Also 琴瑟, *ch'in²-sé⁴*).
27. *fú¹-chung¹-shêng¹-tzü³* 服中生子. If the wife of a mandarin has children while her husband is in mourning for a parent, that is, from ten months after a parent's death to the expiration of the third year's mourning, he is liable to be severely punished by Chinese law. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p 210.
28. *fú²-nei¹-na⁴-ch'ueh⁴* 服內納妾. A person of rank for three years after the death of a parent or the Emperor, is not supposed to have sexual intercourse with any woman, not even his wife, or he is liable to punishment by fine, etc.
29. *fú¹* 訃. A death-letter. This in ancient times was despatched thirty-five days after death to all friends who should pay a visit for mourning. At present, intimation of death is given as soon as convenient.
30. *fú⁴-hsin¹ tsei²* 負心賊. This expression is used by girls to those who have jilted them, or been guilty of "breach of promise," etc.
31. *hai³-shih⁴* 海市. A mirage at sea is supposed to be caused by a frog a thousand years old, who descends to the bottom of the sea, and blowing upwards erects houses, cities, etc., which is a sign of the next "sea market," but when one approaches it disappears.
32. *hai³-yüeh⁴* 亥月. This note would more properly have been placed under *t'í⁴-chih¹* 地支, "earth's branches:" these are twelve in number, and are horary and astronomical characters; each one representing a period of the day, or Chinese hour, and one of the months. Below is a short table showing them in the hours and months, with the synonymous terms in common use, etc.; for their cyclical use in conjunction with *t'ien³-kan¹* 天干, "heaven's stems," see Note 81.

Time in English.	Sound of characters representing the Chinese hours.	Chinese Hours.	Chinese Months.	Name of month in common use.	Names used in books, correspondence, &c.
3 & 4 A. M.	<i>yín²-shih²</i>	寅時	1st	正月	寅月
5 ,, 6 ,,	<i>mao³ ,,</i>	卯 ,,	2nd	二 ,,	卯 ,,
7 ,, 8 ,,	<i>ch'ên² ,,</i>	辰 ,,	3rd	三 ,,	辰 ,,
9 ,, 10 ,,	<i>ssü⁴ ,,</i>	巳 ,,	4th	四 ,,	巳 ,,
11 ,, 12 ,,	<i>wu³ ,,</i>	午 ,,	5th	五 ,,	午 ,,
1 ,, 2 P. M.	<i>wei⁴ ,,</i>	未 ,,	6th	六 ,,	未 ,,
3 ,, 4 ,,	<i>shên¹ ,,</i>	申 ,,	7th	七 ,,	申 ,,
5 ,, 6 ,,	<i>yu³ ,,</i>	酉 ,,	8th	八 ,,	酉 ,,
7 ,, 8 ,,	<i>hsü¹ ,,</i>	戌 ,,	9th	九 ,,	戌 ,,
9 ,, 10 ,,	<i>hai⁴ ,,</i>	亥 ,,	10th	十 ,,	亥 ,,
11 ,, 12 ,,	<i>tzü³ ,,</i>	子 ,,	11th	十一 ,,	子 ,,
1 ,, 2 A. M.	<i>ch'ou³ ,,</i>	丑 ,,	12th	十二 ,,	丑 ,,

三陽 元月 和巳秋月
 月中上麥蒲 桐中秋
 端月 桐中菊
 寅月 春杏桃 清榴荷 巧桂 菊陽冬臘
 卯月 春杏桃 清榴荷 巧桂 菊陽冬臘
 辰月 春杏桃 清榴荷 巧桂 菊陽冬臘
 巳月 春杏桃 清榴荷 巧桂 菊陽冬臘
 午月 春杏桃 清榴荷 巧桂 菊陽冬臘
 未月 春杏桃 清榴荷 巧桂 菊陽冬臘
 申月 春杏桃 清榴荷 巧桂 菊陽冬臘
 酉月 春杏桃 清榴荷 巧桂 菊陽冬臘
 戌月 春杏桃 清榴荷 巧桂 菊陽冬臘
 亥月 春杏桃 清榴荷 巧桂 菊陽冬臘
 子月 春杏桃 清榴荷 巧桂 菊陽冬臘
 丑月 春杏桃 清榴荷 巧桂 菊陽冬臘

33. *ho² hui⁴* 合會. To form a society. There are numerous kinds of societies in China; some of them similar to our benefit societies, and conducted on very philanthropic principles, others again more of a gambling nature. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 147, 177, 213.
34. *ho².k'u³.lai²* 何苦來. How came it so? etc. A person from a distance, tired and thirsty, asked the owner of a well for a drink of water; the owner about to comply with his request discovered the well dried up and exclaimed 何苦來.
35. *hu³.chung³* 虎撐. This is a hollow iron ring filled with small pieces of metal which make a jingling noise when shaken.
36. *hu³.shên¹.ching⁴* 護身鏡. *Lit.* "protecting body mirror." This is worn by a bridegroom at the marriage ceremony. Also a kind of breast-plate.
37. *hu¹.shên¹.fu²* 護身符. *Lit.* "protecting body charm." This is a charm generally written by a Taoist priest; when worn on the body no evil spirit is supposed to be able to harm the wearer. In the common language the term is used for a passport.
38. *hwei²* 槐. This is a very beautiful overspreading tree, the yellow blossoms of which are used as a dye, and the seed, which remains on the tree till the next year's blossoms appear, is used largely by the Chinese in the north for the cure of the piles; a decoction is made similar to tea, and the patient takes three or four drinks daily; this remedy is said to be very efficacious.
39. *huan¹* 獾 or 獾. This character in all the Chinese, or Anglo-Chinese Dictionaries I have met has been represented as either being, or resembling the bear, the wild boar, the dog, wolf, etc. While in Peking a few years ago I made enquiries about it and could get no clearer definition; it was well known, however, and to be procured, so, feeling curious to see this strange animal, I engaged the services of a hunter with instructions to procure one; he returned in a few days with four young ones, which were pronounced at once by competent judges to be veritable badgers. The late Dr. Powles, of the British Legation, purchased them, but the whole of them died within a month: I have, instead of copying vague meanings from other Dictionaries, presumed to give my own.
40. *hui-ming²* 諱名. The posthumous name of an Emperor, and those of Confucius and Mencius were forbidden to appear in official documents or in the compositions of candidates at the literary examinations.
41. *huan¹ p'ei¹* 婚配. Persons owning domestic or other slaves generally mate the female slaves when over sixteen years of age to one of the males; their offspring also becoming slaves. Marriage of free persons also.
42. *huo³ tsung⁴* 火葬. This custom still exists in China, though not to a very great extent, and generally among the poorer classes, as it is not considered respectable to burn one's deceased relatives; there seems no other reason for doing so than poverty, and the saving of trouble and expense. I heard, however, of a case last year in Shanghai where the dying person himself expressed a wish to be burnt after death, which was accordingly done. Lepers and Buddhist priests are generally burnt. The '*huo³.chia¹*', 火家, "corpse burners," are looked upon as one of the lowest classes. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 244, and Vol. II., p. 257.
43. *hsi¹* 羲. This monarch reigned from B. C. 2,903 to B. C. 2,789, a period of one hundred and fifteen years.
44. *hsi².ch'ü³* 襲取. This applies more particularly to an invasion without a declaration of war; troops sent secretly to attack an enemy, to obtain their situation, etc.

45. *hsi³.tzü³* 喜子. This kind of spider has a flat black body; when seen in the morning it is considered to be a lucky omen.
46. *hsia¹.k'u¹.ts'ao³* 夏枯草 *Lit.* "summer wither grass" This grass is green in winter, but dies in summer, hence the name; it is used as a medicine, and is said to contain cooling properties; the Chinese make an infusion of it to serve as a drink in hot weather.
47. *hsiang¹.an⁴* 香案. Nearly every Chinese house contains an incense table with two candlesticks and censer on it; this is in the middle of a hall on common occasions. On birthdays, wedding days, the receipt of an imperial edict, and on the 1st and 15th of every month the candles are lighted and incense burnt previous to going through the ceremony.
48. *hsiang¹.yo¹* 鄉約. On the 1st and 15th of each month, or on specified days, the inhabitants of a village assemble to listen to the headborough's orders, and to discuss affairs, sometimes to worship in the temple. After their other business is concluded, the "Sacred Edict," is produced, and the headborough reads a few pages, commenting on it as he proceeds. See *Note 74*.
49. *hsiao¹.niao³* 梟鳥. This is a fabulous bird, supposed to be beautiful when young, but becoming ugly when it attains full growth; it conveys the idea of ingratitude and ungratefulness from being said to eat its own parents.
50. *hsiao³.tan⁴* 小旦. These boys are often used for unnatural purposes, so that any boy used for that purpose is called a *hsiao³.tan⁴*.
51. *hsieh².ch'i⁴* 邪氣. One very absurd, yet prevalent notion among the Chinese is, that women are often possessed of the 黃鼠狼, a sort of fox or ferret, who causes them to commit all sorts of vagaries, and involves some strange ceremonies to get them "cast out." There is scarcely a Chinese that does not fully believe in this, and foreigners even have been known to do so.
52. *hsieh².p'ên²* 血盆. When a woman feels the pains of labour coming on, the midwife is sent for, and the patient is placed in a sitting posture on a wooden frame over a vessel, and in this unpleasant position gives birth to her child.
53. *hsü¹.shu¹* 鬚梳. or more commonly called 'hu².shu¹ 鬚梳, whisker comb. A person having passed twenty-five years of age, or from twenty-five to forty, calls in the aid of a physiologist, who decides at what age he is to grow moustache; accordingly, a birthday, or lucky day is chosen on which to be shaved for the last time; from this day the moustache is allowed to grow, never more to be shaved. Almost every Chinese who sports a moustache carries the comb suspended from a button or button hole, and will be seen constantly running the comb through it, no matter whether in the streets or elsewhere; an elderly Chinese taking more pride in the few straggling hairs on his upper lip than one of our own young coxcombs would in cultivating the first buddings of an incipient moustache.
54. *hsün⁴.tsang⁴* 殉葬. The barbarous customs of a wife being buried alive with her deceased husband has long been discontinued. Sutteeism, however, is still carried on to a great extent: wives on the death of their husbands putting an end to themselves by poison, drowning, hanging, etc., often in public; various reasons are assigned for it: love of husband, dread of poverty, neglect or ill-treatment by the husband's family, etc. Articles prized by the deceased when living, are, at his death, often buried with him. See also "Social Life of the Chinese." Vol. II., p 108
55. *i².ch'ieh²* 儀節, or *li².shêng¹* 禮生. Generally a *hsün⁴.ts'ai²* 秀才 appointed by government to give the time for prostrating, etc., when officials worship in Confucian or other temples. With a loud voice he gives the word, kneel, knock head, rise, as the case may be, when the whole as one obey his word of command much in the same way as a squad of recruits would obey the orders of a

drill sergeant. Those employed by the people at weddings or funerals are called *li³-jên²* 禮人; the one to give the word when the Emperor prostrates in the Temple of Heaven, etc., is called a *tsau⁴-li³-lang²* 贊禮郎.

56. *jih⁴-shih²* 日食. The popular notion of an eclipse is, that a wild sun (some say dog) tries to eat the sun; hence the name "sun eating." When an eclipse takes place the mandarins all assemble at the local temples, burn incense and worship, the people beating gongs and firing crackers, etc., to rescue the sun from its danger. See also Wade's "T'ien lei," ss. 90 and 91.
57. *kun¹-lu⁴* 甘露. This is supposed to confer immortality to the drinker. "Wu-ti of the Han dynasty, made a bronze statue of a man at Ch'ang-an, two hundred cubits in height, and holding in its hands a golden bowl, in which it was his profane intention to catch the dew of heaven, in order that he might prolong his life by drinking it. The bowl was called *chêng-lu-chiu-pan*, the dew containing bowl of gold."
58. *kêng¹-t'ieh¹* 庚帖. If a man wishes to marry a girl, he sends a go-between to request her *kêng-t'ieh*, or "birthday card;" this contains eight characters, being two characters each, for the year, month, day, and hour of her birth; these are compared with his own by a fortune-teller; if they agree, negotiations can go on, but if not, all operations are broken off. I am acquainted with a Chinese who tried no less than thirteen before he succeeded in obtaining a *kêng-t'ieh* that tallied with his own. See Note 72; also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. I., p. 65; Vol. II., p. 345.
59. *k'ou³-chan¹-ti¹* 口占的. Kang-hsi, the second Emperor of the present dynasty, ordered his minister 張南華, who was skilled in versification, to improvise on *t'ang¹-t'uan²* 湯團, a pudding in soup; he 口占云, improvised or repeated impromptu:—

甘 白 俱 能 受
升 沉 總 不 驚

"Both the sweet and the white it is able to take,
Whether floating or sinking it never will shake."

These two lines shew that whatever his skill as a verse maker may have been, he was a clever courtier.

60. *k'ou³-ch'ei⁴* 口氣. A girl wrote a poem; among the verses were the two lines:—

枝 迎 南 北 鳥
葉 送 往 來 風

"The branch welcomes the birds of north and south,
The leaves accompany the coming and going wind."

Her father seeing these was very angry because 口氣不好, the sentiments were not good. This girl afterwards became 名妓, a celebrated courtesan.

61. *kuan¹-kao⁴* 官誥. This is a sort of patent bestowed by the Emperor on deserving mandarins, containing words of praise to their ancestors, or wives; a 1st grade has four; 2nd and 3rd, three; 4th and 5th, two, and the 6th and 7th, likewise two. These patents are also called *kao⁴-ming⁴* 誥命, and for the 6th and 7th grades *ch'ih⁴-ming⁴* 勅命.

62. *kuan² mo¹* 關脈. A Chinese doctor feels the pulse on either wrist, according to circumstances, with three fingers; the first, 寸脈, he puts on the patient's left wrist near the thumb, in cases of heart disease; the second, 關脈, just above, for liver complaints; the third, 尺脈, just above that, for any affection of the kidneys. On the right wrist, in a similar manner, the first finger for spleen, the second for disorders of the stomach, and the third for pulmonic complaints, heat of body, etc.
63. *kuei¹-t'uo²* 規條. Commercial companies, or guilds, every season despatch one of these regulations containing prices of goods, rates of wages, termination of apprentice's time, etc., to each of the members.
64. *li²-yüan²-t'ü³-li* 梨園子弟. The Emperor 明皇, of the T'ang dynasty, who thoroughly understood music, established a school for the instruction of singers and players, and selected several hundred girls, whom he himself taught to sing in a pear garden; these girls were called 皇帝梨園子弟, the Emperor's pear garden pupils, and to this day actors, etc., are called the "pear garden pupils."
65. *lin²-chüeh²* 留訣. Parting words, last dying injunctions, last words on proceeding on a journey, etc., whether written or oral, in prose or rhyme. A celebrated poet named *Tu⁴ Mu⁴* 杜牧 fell in love with a fair girl in Hu-chou, but he was compelled by duty to go to a distant province. On parting from her he said 吾不十年必守此郡 十年不來乃從爾所適也. "Within ten years I shall govern this province; if I do not come within the ten years, then you can marry whom you please." For some cause he did not return till the expiration of fourteen years, and found the lady had been married three years, and was blessed with three children. *Tu Mu* was much grieved at this and wrote the following:—

自	是	尋	春	去	較	遲
不	須	惆	悵	怨	芳	時
狂	風	落	盡	深	紅	色
綠	葉	成	陰	子	滿	枝

"From this being the case, I sought the spring too late;
Yet should I not grieve for the past fragrant hours,
The fierce wind has blown down all the deep red blossoms.
The green leaves form a shade, and the branches are full of fruit."

66. *lo²-han¹* 羅漢. These deities, eighteen in number, are the attendants of *Kuan¹-yin¹* 觀音, the goddess of mercy. Some temples even contain as many as five hundred.
67. *lo²-wên²* 羅紋. The impress of the finger used as a signature for deeds of divorce, etc.; this is done by dipping the tip of the finger in ink and stamping it on the paper, leaving the impression of the *grain* of the finger; a signature of great importance in China, forgery of it being impossible. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 209.
68. *lu²-shih¹* 戮尸. Should a prisoner under sentence of death die in prison, his *corpse* is supposed to be beheaded; occasionally, however, that is omitted, and the lid of his coffin is slashed with a knife instead.
69. *mi²-yüeh⁴* 彌月. When an infant has lived a full month, his head is shaved for the first time; presents are made to it, friends are invited to witness the

ceremony, and regaled according to the means of the host, and the day is kept as a feast. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. I, p. 122.

70. *ming²-ching¹* 銘旌. This flag has the possessor's name on it. It may be bestowed on a minister for loyalty, on children for obedience and respect to their parents, on a woman for fidelity, chastity, etc.
71. *pa¹-hsien¹* 八仙. These are named 呂洞賓, 漢鍾離, 何仙姑, 鐵拐李, 曹國舅, 藍彩和, 張果老, and 韓湘子. They are represented in numerous ways, in pictures, porcelain, wood, bronze, etc., and are held in great esteem by the Chinese.
72. *pa¹-ko¹-tzu⁴.rh²* 八個字兒. These are characters taken from the "ten stems" and "twelve branches" of the horary system, to represent (two for each) the year, month, day and hour of a person's birth. In matrimonial cases the use of them is indispensable in the interchange of *keng¹-t'ieh¹* (see Note 58). Queer mistakes sometimes occur through changing the characters inadvertently or otherwise. In the 好逑傳, *Shui-ping-hsin* a beautiful yet clever girl, to avoid the persecutions of *Kao-kung-tzu*, when her *keng¹-t'ieh¹* is sent for, dexterously transfers the eight characters representing her cousin's birthday in place of her own, and by this means not only saves herself from being married to a man she dislikes, but causes her cousin to be married to him instead. See 好逑傳 Chap. 3. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. I, p. 65; Vol. II, p. 345.
73. *pa¹-pao³.rh²* 八寶兒. The leaves of this plant possess great cooling qualities; persons affected with headache, etc., put a leaf on each temple; this is considered an efficacious remedy, and in the north is commonly used.
74. *pai¹-miao⁴* 拜廟. On a magistrate first taking charge of his office he should go to the local temple and worship; on the anniversary of any god's birthday that has received his title from government, and on the 1st and 15th of every month all the officers of the district should assemble at the temple to burn incense and worship. After the ceremony some portion of the "Sacred Edict" is read by an officer and commented on. See Note 48.
75. *pi¹an²-ku³* 盤古. The first Emperor of China. He was supposed to be created in darkness, and to understand how high is the heaven, and how deep is the earth. See also Wade's "T'ien lei," s. 10.
76. *pi¹-ming⁴* 逼命. This formerly was of very common occurrence, and is sometimes done now. A Chinese of my acquaintance tells me he knows of a case where the father made his son starve himself to death. Daughters are made to hang or drown themselves for frailty, sons for undutifulness, wives for unfaithfulness, etc.
77. *san¹-pu¹-ch'iu²* 三不求. Three things not to be obtained, however much one may entreat or wish for them, i.e., whiskers, a son, and wealth; the most remarkable is, that in speaking of them, whiskers or beard takes the precedence. Chinese if speaking of foreigners, outwardly ridicule their beards, but inwardly they have the greatest veneration for hirsute honours. See pictures of celebrated men, all, or nearly all have beards; go to a theatre, all the noted characters wear false beards, and a great part of their "bye play" is with the beard, stroking, or running their fingers through them, etc.; if an old man has the slightest pretension to one, he is perpetually combing, or otherwise fondling it. 出門不惹三子。老子, 小子, 瞎子。世上不求三難, 好兒子一難, 高壽二難, 長鬚三難。 When travelling do not provoke the "three tzu," old men, boys, and the blind; in the world do not seek for the "three difficulties," first, a good son; second, longevity; third, a

long beard See 鋼經, Chap. 9. The proverb also says 三子不全, you cannot have *all* the three: *tzū* i. e., wealth, sons, and whiskers

78. *song⁴-yu⁴* 宋玉. 宋玉般貌, 子建般才. As handsome as *Sung-yu*, as clever as *Ts'ao Tzū-chien* 曹子建 (a very clever character of the 1st Han dynasty) is a common saying when speaking of the appearance, beauty, or abilities of a person. As we say "A perfect Adonis." Also 小生無宋玉般情. 潘安般貌, 子建般才. I had not the feeling of *Sung-yu*, the handsome face of *P'an-an*, or the cleverness of *Tzū-chien*. See 醉簡, Chap. 24. There seems some doubt as to which is the Adonis, *Sung-yu* or *P'an-an*
79. *song⁴-kuei²-ti¹* 送鬼的. There are numerous ways of exorcising devils or spirits from a haunted house, etc. Supposing a child falls sick, this probably is attributed to the malevolence of a spirit; an exorcist is sent for to ascertain if any of the spirits have been disturbed; he chooses a day, takes 25 pieces of pork, 25 duck's eggs, 25 small fish, some wine, and offers them up; these with 25 strings of paper money and a straw boat are then forwarded to a place appointed by the exorcist; by these means the spirits are supposed to be pacified.
80. *shu²-o¹-pu⁴-shé⁴* 十惡不赦. These are.—1. *mou²-fan³* 謀反. 2. *mou²-ta⁴-ni⁴* 謀大逆. 3. *mou²-p'au* 謀叛. 4. *o¹-ni⁴* 惡逆. 5. *pu⁴-tao* 不道. 6. *ta⁴-pu⁴-ch'ing⁴* 大不敬. 7. *pu⁴-hsiao* 不孝. 8. *pu⁴-mu⁴* 不睦. 9. *pu⁴-i⁴* 不義. 10. *nei⁴-luan⁴* 內亂. See 大清律例.
81. *shu³-shên²-mo¹-ti¹* 屬甚麼的. This in the north is equivalent to enquiring a person's age, and is very commonly used, for every Chinese knows what animal he was born under, and if a person replies "I belong to the Rat, Snake," etc., as the case may be, the enquirer can tell in a moment his age, or *vice versa*. Below I have arranged a table which shows how the "ten stems" and "twelve branches" work in the cycle; it also shows the names of the animals and the particular one a person belongs to, the age of, and the year he was born in, etc. This table is made for 1877, but it will require a little alteration every year in the figures representing a person's age only (the cycle characters, years, etc., never requiring altering), always commencing 1 from whatever year it may happen to be; the present year 1877 commencing 1, 1878 will have to commence with 1, 1879 same, and so on. The reader if he mixes much with Chinese will find this a great source of instruction and amusement.
82. *shun¹-fêng¹-hsiang¹-song⁴* 順風相送. Parting compliments to one who travels by water, equivalent to our "I wish you a pleasant journey." The four characters are generally placed at the stern of a vessel.
83. *ssü¹-tê²* 四德. These are 德, 言, 工, and 容, the virtues, speech, duties, and behaviour of a wife. She should be faithful to her husband, affable in speech, industrious in her household duties, and well behaved to all.
84. *ta²-t'ou²-tzü¹* 擡頭字. In letter writing it is customary when addressing equals or inferiors, to write the first or top character of each column level with that of the preceding one; this is called 平頭, "even top;" when writing the names, etc., of superiors, even though a column should not be completed, a fresh one is commenced, with one, two, or three characters raised above the level of the other columns, according to the rank or position of the person addressed; one character above is called 單擡頭; two, 雙擡頭, and three, 三擡頭; three is never exceeded.

上元甲子 (See Note 32, 90) 下元甲子

<i>shu</i> ² 鼠	Rat,.....	丙子 1876 2	甲子 1864 14	壬子 1852 26	庚子 1840 38	戊子 1828 50	丙子 1816 62	甲子 1804 74
<i>niu</i> ² 牛	Ox,.....	丁丑 1877 1	乙丑 1865 13	癸丑 1853 25	辛丑 1841 37	己丑 1829 49	丁丑 1817 61	乙丑 1805 73
<i>'hu</i> ³ 虎	Tiger,...	戊寅 1878	丙寅 1866 12	甲寅 1854 24	壬寅 1842 36	庚寅 1830 48	戊寅 1818 60	丙寅 1806 72
<i>t'u</i> ¹ 兔	Hare,...	己卯 1879	丁卯 1867 11	乙卯 1855 23	癸卯 1843 35	辛卯 1831 47	己卯 1819 59	丁卯 1807 71
<i>lung</i> ² 龍	Dragon,	庚辰 1880	戊辰 1868 10	丙辰 1856 22	甲辰 1844 34	壬辰 1832 46	庚辰 1820 58	戊辰 1808 70
<i>shê</i> ² 蛇	Snake, .	辛巳 1881	己巳 1869 9	丁巳 1857 21	乙巳 1845 33	癸巳 1833 45	辛巳 1821 57	己巳 1809 69
<i>ma</i> ³ 馬	Horse, .	壬午 1882	庚午 1870 8	戊午 1858 20	丙午 1846 32	甲午 1834 44	壬午 1822 56	庚午 1810 68
<i>yang</i> ² 羊	Sheep, .	癸未 1883	辛未 1871 7	己未 1859 19	丁未 1847 31	乙未 1835 43	癸未 1823 55	辛未 1811 67
<i>'hou</i> ² 猴	Monkey,	甲申 1884	壬申 1872 6	庚申 1860 18	戊申 1848 30	丙申 1836 42	甲申 1824 54	壬申 1812 66
<i>chi</i> ¹ 雞	Fowl,...	乙酉 1885	癸酉 1873 5	辛酉 1861 17	己酉 1849 29	丁酉 1837 41	乙酉 1825 53	癸酉 1813 65
<i>ch'üan</i> ³ 犬	Dog,	丙戌 1886	甲戌 1874 4	壬戌 1862 16	庚戌 1850 28	戊戌 1838 40	丙戌 1826 52	甲戌 1814 64
<i>chu</i> ¹ 猪	Pig,.....	丁亥 1887	乙亥 1875 3	癸亥 1863 15	辛亥 1851 27	己亥 1839 39	丁亥 1827 51	乙亥 1815 63

85. *t'ang³-érh²-ti¹-ma³* 鞦兒的馬. A *t'ang* is a raised ridge of earth, varying from 100 to 300 yards in length; on the top is a sort of gutter or track, along which horses are trained to gallop without being guided by reins while the riders discharge arrows at targets placed on either side. These horses command high prices amongst the native military, by whom they are much sought after.
86. *t'ao²-hua¹-yün¹* 桃花運. In casting the horoscopes of children, should one meet with this "peach blossom destiny" the general belief is, that, if a male child, he will become a profligate; if a female, she will be a prostitute.
- tiao⁴* 吊. There seems to be no positive certainty as to the value of *tiao*; each place having their own particular one: for instance, in Peking and its neighbourhood a *tiao* is 50 large cash (當十的), or 500 small ones; in Niuchuang 160 cash, and at Shanghai 1,000. 一吊錢, a string of cash 1,000, 500, 50, as the case may be. Also used as 吊, to hang; to mourn, to condole, etc.
88. *t'iao¹-p'an¹-hsien¹* 挑攀線, or *fan¹-hua¹-hsien⁴* 翻花線. This game is played in China exactly the same as it is played by children in England.
89. *t'ien¹-ch'iao²* 天橋. "The Milky Way is a body of mist (or vapour) that has ascended from the earth to the skies. Its light shines brightly on the earth, and it looks like a river in the heavens."
90. *t'ien¹-kan¹* 天干. These are ten in number — *ch'ia³, yi¹, ping³, ting¹, wu⁴, chi¹, kêng¹, hsin¹, jên², kuei³* 甲乙丙丁戊己庚辛壬癸. For their uses in conjunction with "earth's branches" and the cycle see *Notes* 72 and 81. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., pp. 340-343.
91. *ting⁴-ching¹* 定更. The Chinese night is divided into five watches:—

The 1st begins about	9 P.M.	called	定更 or 更初
„ 2nd „ „	11 „ „		二更
„ 3rd „ „	1 A.M. „		三更
„ 4th „ „	3 „ „		四更
„ 5th „ „	5 „ „		五更

The watches are arranged according to the length of the night, commencing earlier or later as the case may be.

92. *t'u³-ti¹-kung¹* 土地公, or 土地公公. The altar of this god differs from that of *Ts'ai²-shên²* 財神 (see *Note* 93), which is a permanency and generally fitted up in the interior of shops, while the one dedicated to 土地公 is only temporary, and is mostly placed by the side of the doors of private houses; it is simply a slip of red paper pasted on the wall with the above characters written on it, and a few incense sticks burning before it.
93. *ts'ai²-shên²* 財神. This god is greatly venerated in China, more so even than the great philosopher Confucius, "because he possesses the power of enriching those whom he likes." "He loves playthings." On the 5th day of the new year, before the recommencement of business, he is sacrificed to; this is called 接財神, "welcoming the wealth god." Other gods are sacrificed to with male fowls, but this one with hens, eggs, game, fireworks, etc.; the fish offered are a pair of 鯉魚, carps, but the name on this occasion is changed to 元寶魚 "silver ingot fish;" after sacrifice, some of these fish are released and put into a pond, or river, "that the business may be as profitable as the spawn of the carp is plentiful." In a merchant's house if persons employed by him are invited to the sacrificial ceremony, they will still be employed for

the ensuing year ; if not invited, they will be dismissed. Scarcely a shop that has not a small altar dedicated to this god. See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 155

94. *tsao⁴-chün¹* 竈君. This is purely a household god ; almost every family having an altar on the stove dedicated to him. He cares for all the members of a family, and will report what they have done to 玉皇, the great Emperor in the day of the cycle 庚申. He is supposed annually to ascend to heaven on the 24th day of the 12th month ; offerings are made on that day of rice, flour, puddings, fruits, and sugar, for "sugar will cause his mouth to stick so that he will not be able to report any bad actions of the family to 玉皇." Paper chairs are sold in quantities at this time "to assist him in ascending to heaven." "He returns to his duty on the 15th of the 1st month." See also "Social Life of the Chinese," Vol. II., p. 82.
95. *wang²-pa¹* 王八. A sodomite ; one guilty of unnatural crime. This is the commonest name for a tortoise, and the popular opinion of the Chinese is that they *unnaturally* propagate their species, consequently there could be scarcely a more insulting epithet than the above ; tortoise roughly sketched on a wall or fence, with or without the characters, answers the purpose of our "commit no nuisance," but much more effectually ; others write it *wang¹-pa²* 忘八, "forget eight," i. e., 孝, 悌, 忠, 信, 禮, 義, 廉, 恥, filial piety, brotherly love, loyalty, truth, propriety, justice, generosity, and shame or "devoid of every good feeling" as we should say. A mandarin of high rank in the Ming dynasty, towards its close, when the country was overrun with rebels, surrendered to them ; afterwards when the Ch'ing superseded the Ming dynasty, he served under them. A boy on one occasion presented him with a pair of couplet boards containing :—

一	二	三	四	五	六	七
孝	悌	忠	信	禮	義	廉

leaving out the last character for shame (forgotten everything but shame).

96. *wu²-tung²-shu¹* 梧桐樹. The wood of this tree, of which there are several varieties, is used greatly for making musical instruments ; in intercalary years it is said to bear a leaf more than usual, and the fall of its leaf is the first harbinger of autumn. This tree is much admired by the Chinese ; the popular idea being that its branches are the favourite resort of the phoenix. The proverb says :—

沒 有 梧 桐 樹
叫 不 着 鳳 凰 來

If you have not the *Wu tung* tree,
You cannot call the phoenix to come.

Another proverb says :—

梧 桐 一 葉 落
天 下 盡 知 秋

桐油 is the well known wood oil of commerce, and 桐油灰 is the common name for putty.

97. *wu³-ch'ang²* 五常. These are, *jên²* 仁, *i¹* 義, *li³* 禮, *chih¹* 智 and *hsin⁴* 信, benevolence, righteousness, propriety, knowledge, and truth.

98. *wu²-chieh⁴* 五戒. The five cautions of Buddha, “殺生. 偷盜. 邪淫. 妄言; 飲酒”, do not kill, steal, lust, lie, or drink wine.
99. *wu³-fu²* 五福. All blessings, every blessing. The five blessings in the 書經 are 壽, 富, 康寧, 攸好德, and 考終命. Long life, wealth, tranquillity, desirous of virtue, and a natural death. See 書經洪範. Others say longevity, riches, honour, posterity, and a natural death. In fact if one asks half-a-dozen Chinese what the “five blessings” are, each one will probably give a different list, perhaps the particular blessings he himself wishes for.
100. *wu³-hsing²* 五刑. The “古五刑” ancient five punishments were, to brand the face, cut off the nose, cut off the feet, castration, and death. The 今五刑 modern five punishments are 斬, 絞, 流, 徒 and 笞, beheading, strangling, transportation, banishment, and bambooing.
101. *wu³-kuan¹* 五官. These are 耳, 目, 口, 鼻 and 眉, ears, eyes, mouth, nose, and eyebrows. Some Chinese, however, assert that the heart is the fifth sense. Also a title of the official who superintends the imperial almanack.
102. *wu³-lün²* 五倫. These are 君臣, 父子, 夫婦, 昆弟 and 朋友, prince and minister, father and son, husband and wife, elder and younger brothers, and friends.
103. *wu³-tai⁴* 五代. Grandfather, father, one's self, son, and grandson.
104. *yü²-ch'ün¹* 迎春. At the “welcoming spring” all the local magistrates with their escorts go in procession carrying a gaudily painted image of a cow—each color is symbolical; it yellow predominates, the crops will be plentiful; red, conflagrations will take place; white, floods; black, sickness; and blue, war. This is followed by the god 太歲, who, if bare headed, is symbolical of heat; with the cap on, cold; if he wear shoes, much rain; barefooted, dry weather. The procession marches to the eastward to receive the Spring and returns to the local god's temple to worship, each official afterwards going to his own office. At the magistrate's office a dinner has been prepared called 春宴, “the spring banquet;” this, after the magistrate has dined, is taken by the people. Theatricals and merrymaking also take place.

TABLES.

The Chinese Dynasties.

The Five Rulers.	五帝	B. C.	2852.
Hsia.	夏		2205.
Shang or Yin.	商 or 殷		1766.
Chou.	周		1122.
Ts'in.	秦		255.
Han.	漢		206.
Later Han.	後漢	A. D.	25.
The Three Kingdoms.	三國		
Minor Han.	蜀漢		221.
Wei.	魏		220.
Wu.	吳		229.
Western Tsin.	西晉		265.
Eastern Tsin.	東晉		317.
Division between North and South.			
Liu Sung.	劉宋		420.
Ch'i.	齊		479.
Liang.	梁		502.
Ch'ên.	陳		557.
Northern Wei.	北魏		386.
Western Wei.	西魏		535.
Eastern Wei.	東魏		534.
Northern Ch'i.	北齊		550.
Northern Chu.	北周		557.
Sui.	隋		589.
T'ang.	唐		618.
The Five Dynasties.	五代		
Posterior Liang.	後梁		907.
Posterior T'ang.	後唐		923.
Posterior Tsin.	後晉		936.
Posterior Han.	後漢		947.
Posterior Chu.	後周		951.
Sung.	宋		960.
Southern Sung.	南宋		1127.
Yüan or Mongol.	元		1280.
Ming.	明		1368.
Ts'ing or Manchu.	清		1644.

The Eighteen Provinces.

PROVINCE.	CAPITAL.	TAO.	FU.	T'ING.	CHOU.	HSIEN.
直隸 Chihli.	Paoting.	7	11	4	23	122
山東 Shantung.	Chinan.	5	10		11	96
山西 Shansi.	T'aiyüan.	4	9	10	16	86
河南 Honan.	K'ai-fêng.	4	9	3	9	97
江蘇 Kiangsu. } 兩江	Chiangning.	5	8	4	6	62
安徽 Anhui. }	Anch'ing.	3	8	1	8	52
江西 Kiangsi. }	Nanch'ang.	4	13	3	2	75
浙江 Chêkiang. } 閩浙	Hangchow.	4	11	3	1	75
福建 Fukien. }	Foochow.	4	9	3	2	58
湖北 Hupeh. } 兩湖 or 湖廣	Wuch'ang.	4	10	3	8	60
湖南 Hunan. }	Ch'angsha.	4	9	8	7	64
廣東 Kuangtung. } 兩廣	Canton.	5	9	11	11	77
廣西 Kuangsi. }	Kueilin.	4	11	6	49	54
雲南 Yünnan. } 雲貴	Yünnan.	5	14	17	35	39
貴州 Kueichou. }	Kueiyang.	3	12	14	14	33
四川 Szech'nan.	Ch'êngtu.	5	12	13	19	113
陝西 Shensi. } 陝甘	Hsian.	5	7	8	10	73
甘肅 Kansu. }	Lanchu.	11	10	21	16	59
		84	182	132	247	1,295

ARCHAIC OR LITERARY DESIGNATION.	PRESENT NAME.	TITLE OF GOVERNOR-GENERALSHIP.
燕 雲 or 京 畿	1. Chih-li	直隸 Chih-li (separate).
吳 皖	2. Kiang-su	兩江 Liang-kiang, or
豫 章	3. Ngan-hwei	江南 Kiang-nan.
山 左	4. Kiang-si	None.
山 右	5. Shan-tung	do.
or 晉	6. Shan-si	do.
豫 中	7. Ho-nan	do.
關 秦	8. Shen-si	陝甘 Shen-kan.
閩 浙	9. Kan-suh	閩浙 Min-chêh.
越 鄂	10. Fuh-kien	湖廣 Hu Kwang, or
or 湘	11. Chêh-kiang	兩湖 Liang Hu.
楚 南	12. Hu-pêh	四川 Sze-ch'wan (sep.).
or 蜀	13. Hu-nan	
or 滇	14. Sze-ch'wan	
粵 東	15. Kwang-tung	兩廣 Liang-Kwang.
西 黔	16. Kwang-si	雲貴 Yün-kwei.
	17. Yün-nan	
	18. Kwei-chow	

Insignia of Civil and Military Officers.

The distinguishing badges of civilians are all birds; they are worn on the breast and back of their official robes in a square patch of embroidery, as follows:—

1. 仙鶴 Manchurian crane.
2. 錦鷄 Golden pheasant.
3. 孔雀 Peacock.
4. 雲鴈 Wild goose.
5. 白鷗 Silver pheasant.
6. 鷺鷥 Lesser egret.
7. 鸚鵡 Mandarin duck.
8. 鸕鶿 Quail.
9. 練雀 Long-tailed jay.
10. 黃鸝 Oriole.

The insignia of military officials are all animals, but they are not so strictly distinguished as the civilians; they are worn in the following order.

1. 麒麟 The unicorn of Chinese fable.
2. 獅子 The lion of India.
3. 豹 The leopard.
4. 虎 The tiger.
5. 熊 Black bear.
6. } 彪 { Tiger cat.
7. } 熊 { Wear the mottled bear 熊.
8. 海馬 The seal.
9. 犀牛 The rhinoceros.

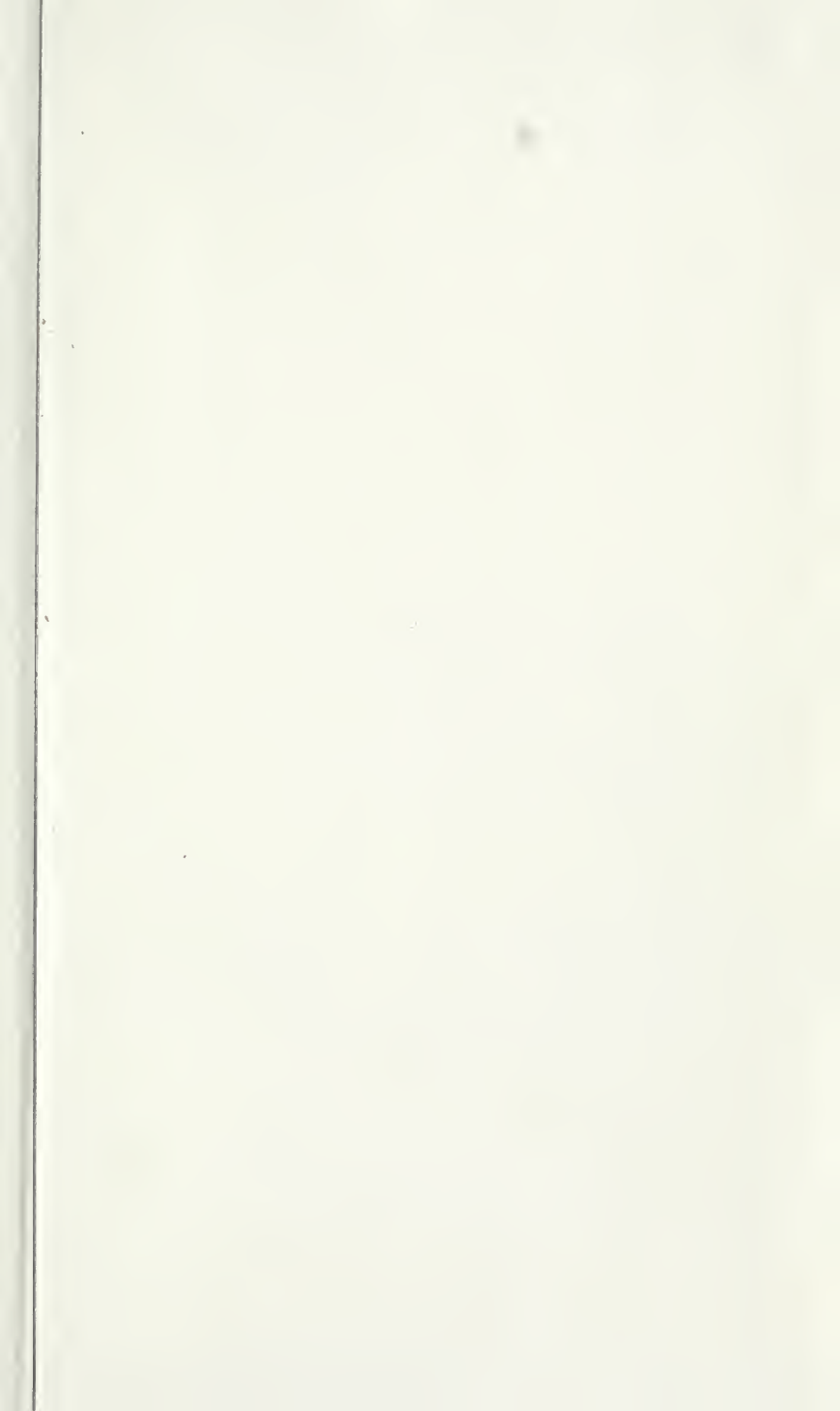
The oriole is worn by the lowest grade of underlings. The Chuang-yuan, or senior Hanlin, wears the egret. The wives of officials wear the same embroidery as their husbands, but no knobs.

The ranks in both services have been further distinguished in the present dynasty by different colored knobs on their caps. The first two wear red coral; the third, clear blue; the fourth, lapis lazuli; the fifth, quartz crystal; the sixth, opaque white stone or adularia; and the last three, gilded yellow.

For Table of the 24 terms of the year, see Note 21.

For Tables of 地支 and 天干, see Note 32 and Note 81.

FINIS.





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